ACCENTURE LTD Form 10-Q June 29, 2007

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-O

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE OUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MAY 31, 2007

OR

O TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM TO

Commission File Number: 001-16565

ACCENTURE LTD

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Bermuda

98-0341111

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Canon s Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda

(Address of principal executive offices)

(441) 296-8262

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No o Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer b Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No b

The number of shares of the registrant s Class A common shares, par value \$0.0000225 per share, outstanding as of June 22, 2007 was 591,268,773 (which number does not include 38,567,209 issued shares held by subsidiaries of the registrant). The number of shares of the registrant s Class X common shares, par value \$0.0000225 per share, outstanding as of June 22, 2007 was 171,571,798.

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:

ACCENTURE LTD CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

May 31, 2007 and August 31, 2006

(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

	May 31, 2007 (Unaudited)	August 31, 2006
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,093,634	\$ 3,066,988
Short-term investments	284,410	352,951
Receivables from clients, net of allowances of \$46,837 and \$48,069,	0.270.124	1.016.450
respectively	2,378,134	1,916,450
Unbilled services	1,579,636	1,350,211
Deferred income taxes, net	269,079	187,720
Other current assets	434,796	479,501
Total current assets	8,039,689	7,353,821
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:		
Unbilled services	62,309	105,081
Investments	82,519	125,119
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,559,948 and	- ,	-, -
\$1,359,978, respectively	748,185	727,692
Goodwill	528,389	527,648
Deferred income taxes, net	408,396	392,211
Other non-current assets	179,529	186,508
Total non-current assets	2,009,327	2,064,259
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 10,049,016	\$ 9,418,080
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Short-term bank borrowings	\$ 1,566	\$ 2,218
Current portion of long-term debt	23,440	22,574
Accounts payable	863,646	856,087
Deferred revenues	1,769,310	1,511,259
Accrued payroll and related benefits	2,104,543	1,693,796
Income taxes payable	985,886	722,096
Deferred income taxes, net	30,603	49,870
Other accrued liabilities	888,492	958,582
Total current liabilities	6,667,486	5,816,482

Long-term debt	3,226	27,065
Retirement obligation	532,301	492,555
Deferred income taxes, net	15,313	16,880
Other non-current liabilities	237,123	302,965
Total non-current liabilities	787,963	839,465
COMMUNICATIVE AND COMPINICATIVE COMPINICATIV		
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		0.5-0-0
MINORITY INTEREST	715,505	867,878
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY:		
Preferred shares, 2,000,000,000 shares authorized, zero shares issued and		
outstanding		
Class A common shares, par value \$0.0000225 per share, 20,000,000,000 shares		
authorized, 629,562,340 and 617,565,722 shares issued as of May 31, 2007 and		
August 31, 2006, respectively	14	14
Class X common shares, par value \$0.0000225 per share, 1,000,000,000 shares		
authorized, 171,571,798 and 245,006,562 shares issued and outstanding as of		
May 31, 2007 and August 31, 2006, respectively	4	6
Restricted share units	626,198	482,289
Additional paid-in capital		701,006
Treasury shares, at cost, 38,799,489 and 36,990,533 shares as of May 31, 2007		
and August 31, 2006, respectively	(983,020)	(869,957)
Retained earnings	2,192,252	1,607,391
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	42,614	(26,494)
Total shareholders equity	1,878,062	1,894,255
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY	\$ 10,049,016	\$ 9,418,080

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

ACCENTURE LTD CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS For the Three and Nine Months Ended May 31, 2007 and 2006 (In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	T	hree Months 1 2007	Ende	ed May 31, 2006	Nine Months En 2007			nded May 31, 2006	
REVENUES:									
Revenues before reimbursements	\$	5,081,804	\$	4,408,069	\$	14,585,730	\$	12,680,339	
Reimbursements		461,880		397,258		1,293,666		1,159,116	
Revenues		5,543,684		4,805,327		15,879,396		13,839,455	
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
Cost of services:									
Cost of services before reimbursable		2 471 062		0.054.104		10 120 570		0.027.254	
expenses		3,471,962		2,954,184		10,138,578		9,037,354	
Reimbursable expenses		461,880		397,258		1,293,666		1,159,116	
Cost of services		3,933,842		3,351,442		11,432,244		10,196,470	
Sales and marketing		499,529		453,709		1,370,752		1,255,859	
General and administrative costs		421,946		362,051		1,206,654		1,101,164	
Reorganization costs (benefits), net		6,838		(51,999)		19,233		(54,030)	
Total operating expenses		4,862,155		4,115,203		14,028,883		12,499,463	
OPERATING INCOME		681,529		690,124		1,850,513		1,339,992	
Gain on investments, net		10,146		15		13,033		3,245	
Interest income		40,641		31,571		111,896		86,505	
Interest expense		(6,841)		(4,852)		(18,825)		(14,095)	
Other expense		(16,090)		(4,971)		(21,989)		(18,113)	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES		709,385		711,887		1,934,628		1,397,534	
Provision for income taxes		235,968		213,088		642,818		466,777	
INCOME BEFORE MINORITY									
INTEREST		473,417		498,799		1,291,810		930,757	
Minority interest in Accenture SCA and		(121.025)		(153,843)		(349,049)		(296,633)	
Accenture Canada Holdings Inc.		(121,925)							
Minority interest other		(6,092)		(2,692)		(16,407)		(7,240)	
NET INCOME	\$	345,400	\$	342,264	\$	926,354	\$	626,884	
Weighted average Class A common shares:									
Basic	í	507,421,151	4	589,933,994	6	03,403,840	4	587,424,108	
Diluted		359,179,215		387,347,119		66,835,185		898,546,621	
Earnings per Class A common share:	C	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	C	001,071,117	G	00,033,103	(370,370,021	
Earnings per Class A common share.									

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Basic	\$ 0.57	\$ 0.58	\$ 1.54	\$ 1.07
Diluted	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.56	\$ 1.47	\$ 1.03
Cash dividends per share	\$	\$	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.30

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

ACCENTURE LTD CONSOLIDATED SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME STATEMENTS

For the Nine Months Ended May 31, 2007

(In thousands of U.S. dollars and in thousands of share amounts) (Unaudited)

Class A

Class X

			Co	mmon	Co	mmon						Δ	Accumulated	
]	Shares Preferred No.			Shares No.		Restricted Share		Additional Paid-in	Treasury Shares No.		RetainedCo			
	Sł	arc	es\$	Shares	\$	Shares	Units		Capital	\$	Shares	Earnings	(Loss) Income	To
e as of 31, 2006 ehensive		\$	\$ 14	617,566	\$ 6	245,007	\$ 482,289	\$	701,006	\$ (869,957)	(36,991)	\$1,607,391	\$ (26,494) \$	\$ 1,89
: ome omprehensiv	e											926,354		92
: zed gains on able securitie eclassificatio	s,													
nents n currency ion													1,574	
nents													67,534	ϵ
omprehensiv	e												69,108	
ehensive													,	99
tax benefit o	n													
sation plans ses of Class A	A								16,171					1
n shares based				(472))				(15,819)	(321,128)	(10,229)			(33
nsation expenses/redempticenture SCA common Accenture I Holdings Incgeable shares	ons c.						179,602		47,363					22
iss X commo	n				(2)	(73,435))		(1,547,896)			(22,084))	(1,56

ns	12,468	(51,526)	283,728	208,065	8,421	(10,517)	42
nds		15,833				(308,892)	(29
ty interest			515,447				5

e as of May 31,

\$ \$14 629,562 \$ 4 171,572 \$626,198 \$ \$(983,020) (38,799) \$2,192,252 \$ 42,614 \$ 1,83

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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ACCENTURE LTD CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOWS STATEMENTS For the Nine Months Ended May 31, 2007 and 2006 (In thousands of U.S. dollars) (Unaudited)

		2007		2006
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net income	\$	926,354	\$	626,884
Adjustments to reconcile Net income to Net cash provided by operating				
activities		220.020		220.022
Depreciation, amortization and asset impairments		328,928		229,033
Reorganization costs (benefits), net		19,233		(54,030)
Share-based compensation expense		228,858		200,530
Deferred income taxes, net		(91,873)		(98,641)
Minority interest		365,456		303,873
Other, net		(7,931)		(963)
Change in assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions (1)				
Receivables from clients, net		(386,732)		(166,397)
Other current assets		55,122		18,619
Unbilled services, current and non-current		(217,862)		426,729
Other non-current assets		(22,600)		(12,993)
Accounts payable		(28,499)		(18,175)
Deferred revenues		219,038		228,037
Accrued payroll and related benefits		371,879		87,519
Income taxes payable		233,814		94,221
Other accrued liabilities		(157,595)		28,235
Other non-current liabilities		17,934		(34,856)
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,853,524		1,857,625
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from maturities and sales of available-for-sale investments		668,865		580,746
Purchases of available-for-sale investments		(538,744)		(190,049)
Proceeds from sales of property and equipment		12,577		13,172
Purchases of property and equipment		(225,051)		(209,166)
Purchases of businesses and investments, net of cash acquired		(33,616)		(114,874)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		(115,969)		79,829
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from issuance of common shares		429,750		385,144
Purchases of common shares	((1,906,929)	(1,826,941)
Proceeds from long-term debt		2,367		6,213
Repayments of long-term debt		(25,134)		(22,706)
Proceeds from short-term borrowings		26,129		38,860
Repayments of short-term borrowings		(26,931)		(49,626)
Cash dividends paid		(293,059)		(267,973)
Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements		31,903		30,625
		=		•

Other, net	(17,353)	(12,886)
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,779,257)	(1,719,290)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	68,348	91,562
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	26,646	309,726
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	3,066,988	2,483,990
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$ 3,093,634	\$ 2,793,716

(1) The change in

assets and

liabilities, net of

acquisitions, for

the nine months

ended May 31,

2006 includes

the impact of a

\$450,000 loss

provision, net of

usage of

\$20,176,

recorded by the

Company

during the nine

months ended

May 31, 2006.

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed) (Unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited interim Consolidated Financial Statements of Accenture Ltd, a Bermuda company, and its controlled subsidiary companies (collectively, the Company) have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) for quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and do not include all of the information and note disclosures required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. These Consolidated Financial Statements should therefore be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2006 included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on October 18, 2006. The accompanying unaudited interim Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and reflect all adjustments of a normal, recurring nature that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of results for these interim periods. The results of operations for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2007. Certain prior-period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current-period presentation.

2. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic and diluted earnings per share were calculated as follows: *Basic earnings per share*

		Three Mon	nths E y 31,	nded	Nine Months Ended May 31,			
		2007		2006		2007		2006
Net income available for Class A common shareholders Basic weighted average Class A common	\$	345,400	\$	342,264	\$	926,354	\$	626,884
shares	60	07,421,151	58	39,933,994	60)3,403,840	58	37,424,108
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.57	\$	0.58	\$	1.54	\$	1.07
		7						

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed) (Unaudited)

Diluted earnings per share

							Months Ended May 31,	
		2007		2006		2007		2006
Net income available for Class A common shareholders Minority interest in Accenture SCA and	\$	345,400	\$	342,264	\$	926,354	\$	626,884
Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. (1)		121,925		153,843		349,049		296,633
Net income per share calculation	\$	467,325	\$	496,107	\$	1,275,403	\$	923,517
Basic weighted average Class A common shares Class A common shares issuable upon redemption/exchange of minority interest	60)7,421,151	58	39,933,994	ć	503,403,840	58	37,424,108
(1) Diluted effect of employee compensation	2	14,377,862	20	65,196,103	2	228,280,494	28	80,011,917
related to Class A common shares Diluted effect of employee share purchase	3	37,351,280	3	32,129,359		35,143,724	3	31,036,370
plan related to Class A common shares		28,922		87,663		7,127		74,226
Diluted weighted average Class A common shares	83	59,179,215	88	37,347,119	8	366,835,185	89	98,546,621
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.54	\$	0.56	\$	1.47	\$	1.03

(1) Diluted earnings per share assumes the redemption and exchange of all Accenture SCA Class I common shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares, respectively, for Accenture Ltd

Class A common shares, on a one-for-one basis. The income effect does not take into account Minority interest other, since those shares are not redeemable or exchangeable for Accenture Ltd Class A common shares.

3. REORGANIZATION COSTS (BENEFITS)

In fiscal 2001, the Company accrued reorganization liabilities in connection with its transition to a corporate structure. These liabilities included certain non-income tax liabilities, such as stamp taxes, as well as liabilities for certain individual income tax exposures related to the transfer of interests in certain entities to the Company as part of the reorganization. These primarily represent unusual and disproportionate individual income tax exposures assumed by certain, but not all, of the Company s shareholders and partners in certain tax jurisdictions specifically related to the transfer of their partnership interests in certain entities to the Company as part of the reorganization. The Company has identified certain shareholders and partners who may incur such unusual and disproportionate financial damage in certain jurisdictions. These include shareholders and partners who were subject to tax in their jurisdiction on items of income arising from the reorganization transaction that were not taxable for most other shareholders and partners. In addition, certain other shareholders and partners were subject to different rates or amounts of tax than other shareholders or partners in the same jurisdiction. If additional taxes are assessed on these shareholders or partners in connection with these transfers, the Company intends to make payments to reimburse certain of the costs associated with the assessment either to the shareholder or partner, or to the taxing authority. The Company has recorded reorganization expense and a related liability for the amount it estimates it will reimburse in situations where assessments occur. Interest accruals are made to cover interest on this liability.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed) (Unaudited)

The Company s reorganization activity was as follows:

	Three Months Ended May 31,		Nine Mon	ths Ended
			Ma	y 31 ,
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Reorganization liability, beginning of period	\$ 374,182	\$ 374,524	\$ 350,864	\$ 381,440
Final determinations (1)		(57,683)		(72,321)
Changes in estimates				
Benefit recorded		(57,683)		(72,321)
Interest expense accrued	6,838	5,684	19,233	18,291
Payments				
Costs	6,838	(51,999)	19,233	(54,030)
Foreign currency translation	8,879	21,884	19,802	16,999
Reorganization liability, end of period	\$ 389,899	\$ 344,409	\$ 389,899	\$ 344,409

(1) Includes final agreements with tax authorities and expirations of statutes of limitations.

As of May 31, 2007, reorganization liabilities of \$361,071 were included in Other accrued liabilities because expirations of statutes of limitations or other final determinations could occur within 12 months, and reorganization liabilities of \$28,828 were included in Other non-current liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. The Company anticipates that reorganization liabilities will be substantially diminished by the end of fiscal 2008 because the Company expects final determinations will have occurred. However, resolution of current tax audits, initiation of additional audits or litigation may delay final settlements. Final settlement will result in a payment on a final settlement and/or recording a reorganization benefit or cost in the Company s Consolidated Income Statement.

4. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The components of Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) were as follows:

	May 31, 2007	August 31, 2006
Unrealized losses on marketable securities, net of reclassification adjustments	\$ (1,905)	\$ (3,479)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	76,921	9,387
Minimum pension liability adjustments, net of tax of \$22,863 and \$22,863, respectively	(32,402)	(32,402)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 42,614	\$ (26,494)

Comprehensive income was as follows:

		May	31,
		2007	2006
Three months ended		\$ 398,557	\$ 393,074
Nine months ended		\$ 995,462	\$671,412
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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed) (Unaudited)

5. GOODWILL

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by reportable operating segment were as follows:

	Balance as of August 31, 2006		Additions/ Adjustments		Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments			of May 31, 2007
Communications & High Tech	\$	82,739	\$	17,308	\$	3,288	\$	103,335
Financial Services		123,592		(10,240)		1,367		114,719
Government		33,253		(4,434)		904		29,723
Products		258,390		(8,369)		3,259		253,280
Resources		29,674		(3,318)		976		27,332
Total	\$	527,648	\$	(9,053)	\$	9,794	\$	528,389

During the nine months ended May 31, 2007, the Company recorded net reductions to goodwill, primarily resulting from reversals of valuation allowances related to pre-acquisition tax attributes recorded under purchase accounting for previous acquisitions and other adjustments related to purchase accounting for previous acquisitions, partially offset by a fiscal 2007 acquisition.

6. RETIREMENT PLANS

In the United States and certain other countries, the Company maintains and administers retirement plans and postretirement medical plans for certain current, retired and resigned employees. The components of net periodic pension and postretirement expense were as follows:

Pension Benefits
Three Months Ended May 31,
2007 2006

_	1007	2000			
U.S.	N	on-U.S.	U.S.	N	on-U.S.
Plans		Plans	Plans		Plans
\$ 12,706	\$	13,629	\$ 16,103	\$	12,172
13,510		7,138	12,481		5,284
(14,946)		(6,637)	(13,080)		(4,949)
325		354	7,785		462
182		151	287		380
\$ 11,777	\$	14,635	\$ 23,576	\$	13,349
	U.S. Plans \$ 12,706 13,510 (14,946) 325 182	Plans \$ 12,706	U.S. Non-U.S. Plans \$ 12,706 \$ 13,629 13,510 7,138 (14,946) (6,637) 325 354 182 151	U.S. Non-U.S. U.S. Plans Plans Plans \$ 12,706 \$ 13,629 \$ 16,103 13,510 7,138 12,481 (14,946) (6,637) (13,080) 325 354 7,785 182 151 287	U.S. Non-U.S. U.S. N Plans Plans Plans \$ 12,706 \$ 13,629 \$ 16,103 \$ 13,510 7,138 12,481 (14,946) (6,637) (13,080) 325 354 7,785 182 151 287

Pension Benefits Nine Months Ended May 31,

	2007					
	U.S.	N	on-U.S.	U.S.	Non-U.S.	
Components of pension benefits expense	Plans	Plans		Plans		Plans
Service cost	\$ 38,118	\$	40,465	\$ 48,308	\$	37,176

Interest cost Expected return on plan assets	40,530 (44,838)	21,135 (19,718)	37,442 (39,239)	15,796 (14,636)
Amortization of transitional obligation Amortization of loss	975	(20) 1,048	23,355	1,381
Amortization of prior service cost Special termination benefits charge	546	461	861	1,144 501
Total	\$ 35,331	\$ 43,371	\$ 70,727	\$ 41,362
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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed) (Unaudited)

Postretirement Benefits Three Months Ended May 31,

			2006			
	U.S.	No	n-U.S.	U.S.	No	n-U.S.
Components of postretirement benefits expense	Plans	F	Plans	Plans	F	Plans
Service cost	\$ 1,666	\$	295	\$ 2,526	\$	532
Interest cost	1,520		371	1,538		446
Expected return on plan assets	(375)			(355)		
Amortization of transitional obligation	20			20		
Amortization of loss			16	630		317
Amortization of prior service cost	(200)		(185)	(200)		(335)
Total	\$ 2,631	\$	497	\$ 4,159	\$	960

Postretirement Benefits Nine Months Ended May 31,

	,		2006			
	U.S.	No	on-U.S.	U.S.	No	on-U.S.
Components of postretirement benefits expense	Plans]	Plans	Plans]	Plans
Service cost	\$ 5,000	\$	918	\$ 7,577	\$	1,576
Interest cost	4,560		1,154	4,613		1,323
Expected return on plan assets	(1,125)			(1,064)		
Amortization of transitional obligation	60			59		
Amortization of loss			49	1,889		171
Amortization of prior service cost	(600)		(574)	(601)		(223)
Total	\$ 7.895	\$	1.547	\$ 12.473	\$	2.847

7. MATERIAL TRANSACTIONS AFFECTING SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY Share Purchase Activity

The Board of Directors of Accenture Ltd has authorized funding for the Company s publicly announced open-market share purchase program for acquiring Accenture Ltd Class A common shares and for redemptions and repurchases of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares, Accenture SCA Class I common shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares held by the Company s current and former senior executives and their permitted transferees. In addition, during the nine months ended May 31, 2007, the Board of Directors of Accenture Ltd separately authorized funding for two discounted tender offers for Accenture SCA Class I common shares.

The Company s share purchase activity during the nine months ended May 31, 2007 was as follows:

Accenture SCA Class I Common Shares and Accenture Canada Holdings

Accenture Ltd Class A

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			Inc. Exchang	eable Shares		
	Common	Shares	(5	tal		
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount
Open-Market Share Purchases (1)		\$				\$
Discounted Tender Offers (2)			16,538,239	\$ 485,245	16,538,239	485,245
Other Share Purchase Programs	9,858,011	308,762(3)	30,609,298	1,084,737	40,467,309	1,393,499
Other purchases (4)	842,524	28,185			842,524	28,185
Total	10,700,535	\$ 336,947	47,147,537	\$ 1,569,982	57,848,072	\$ 1,906,929
(1) During the nine months ended May 31, 2007, the Company did not purchase any Accenture Ltd Class A common shares under this program.			11			

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed) (Unaudited)

(2) On

September 11,

2006, Accenture

SCA and one of

its subsidiaries

made a tender

offer to

Accenture SCA

Class I common

shareholders

that resulted in

share

redemptions and

purchases,

effective

October 11,

2006, of

7,538,172

shares at a price

of \$24.75 per

share, resulting

in a cash outlay

of

approximately

\$187,195. On

March 8, 2007,

Accenture SCA

and one of its

subsidiaries

made a tender

offer to

Accenture SCA

Class I common

shareholders

that resulted in

share

redemptions and

purchases,

effective

April 9, 2007, of

9,000,067

shares at a price

of \$33.00 per

share, resulting in a cash outlay of approximately \$298,050.

(3) On

November 13, 2006, Accenture Finance (Gibraltar) Ltd, an indirect subsidiary of Accenture SCA, purchased 1,979,450 Accenture Ltd Class A common shares at a price of \$24.75 per share, resulting in a cash outlay of approximately \$48,991. On May 15, 2007, Accenture **Equity Finance** B.V., an indirect subsidiary of Accenture SCA, purchased 7,878,561 Accenture Ltd Class A common shares at a per share price of \$33.00 or its local currency equivalent based on exchange rates applicable on April 4, 2007, resulting in a cash outlay of approximately \$259,771.

Shares in both

transactions
were purchased
from certain
former senior
executives
residing outside
the United
States.

- (4) During the nine months ended May 31, 2007, as authorized under its various employee equity share plans, the Company acquired Accenture Ltd Class A common shares primarily via share withholding for payroll tax obligations due from employees and former employees in connection with the delivery of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares under those plans.
- (5) Historically, the Company has recorded redemptions and purchases of Accenture SCA Class I common shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares (collectively,

Subsidiary

Shares) as a

reduction to

Additional

paid-in-capital.

During the three

months ended

May 31, 2007,

funds used to

acquire

Subsidiary

Shares more

than offset the

available

balance in

Additional

paid-in-capital.

As a result, the

Company began

deducting

incremental

purchases of

Subsidiary

Shares from

Retained

earnings. Future

redemptions and

purchases of

Subsidiary

Shares will be

recorded against

Additional

paid-in-capital,

to the extent it is

available, and

any incremental

purchases will

be recorded

against Retained

earnings.

On March 2, 2007, an additional \$1,500,000 was authorized by the Board of Directors of Accenture Ltd for purchases under the Company s other share purchase programs.

As of May 31, 2007, the Company s available authorization was \$2,026,736, which included \$978,339 and \$1,048,397 for the open-market share purchase program and other share purchase programs, respectively.

Dividend

On November 15, 2006, a cash dividend of \$0.35 per share was paid on Accenture Ltd s Class A common shares to shareholders of record at the close of business on October 13, 2006, resulting in a cash outlay of \$204,452. On November 15, 2006, a cash dividend of \$0.35 per share was also paid on Accenture SCA s Class I common shares to shareholders of record at the close of business on October 5, 2006 and on Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares to shareholders of record at the close of business on October 13, 2006, resulting in cash outlays of \$87,232 and \$1,375, respectively. The payment of the cash dividends also resulted in the issuance of an immaterial

number of additional restricted share units to holders of restricted share units. Diluted weighted average Accenture Ltd Class A common share amounts have been restated for all periods presented to reflect this issuance.

Modifications to Restrictions on the Transfer of Certain Accenture Shares

On June 21, 2007, the Board of Directors of Accenture Ltd approved a modification to the transfer restrictions that apply to certain of the Company's current and former senior executives (covered persons) who hold Accenture Ltd Class A common shares and/or Accenture SCA Class I common shares they received in connection with the initial public offering of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares in July 2001 (covered shares). The modification grants covered persons who are active employees of the Company a waiver (the waiver) that eliminates the requirement that these covered persons continue to maintain beneficial ownership of at least 25 percent of their covered shares as long as they remain employed by the Company. The waiver, which will be effective on July 3, 2007, accelerates the release of the transfer restrictions on covered shares that would otherwise not become available for transfer until the later of July 24, 2009 or the termination of the employee's employment with the Company. The transfer restrictions will be released in quarterly installments over the next nine quarters, beginning in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2007.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed) (Unaudited)

8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments and Guarantees

As a result of its increase in ownership percentage of Accenture HR Services from 50 percent to 100 percent in February 2002, the Company may be required to make up to \$177,500 of additional purchase price payments through September 30, 2008, conditional on Accenture HR Services achieving certain levels of qualifying revenues. The remaining potential liability as of May 31, 2007 was \$157,818.

In February 2005, the Company signed an amendment to the stockholders agreement of Avanade Inc. (a consolidated subsidiary of Accenture Ltd). As a result of the amendment, there is no longer a fixed purchase price minimum or maximum payable by the Company for the Avanade Inc. shares not already owned by the Company. The Company now has the right to purchase substantially all of the remaining outstanding shares of Avanade Inc. not owned by the Company at fair value if certain events occur. The Company may also be required to purchase substantially all of the remaining outstanding shares of Avanade Inc. at fair value if certain events occur.

The Company has various agreements in which it may be obligated to indemnify other parties with respect to certain matters. Generally, these indemnification provisions are included in contracts arising in the normal course of business under which the Company customarily agrees to hold the indemnified party harmless against losses arising from a breach of representations related to such matters as title to assets sold, licensed or certain intellectual property rights and other matters. Payments by the Company under such indemnification clauses are generally conditioned on the other party making a claim. Such claims are typically subject to challenge by the Company and to dispute resolution procedures specified in the particular contract. Further, the Company s obligations under these agreements may be limited in terms of time and/or amount and, in some instances, the Company may have recourse against third parties for certain payments made by the Company. It is not possible to predict the maximum potential amount of future payments under these indemnification agreements due to the conditional nature of the Company s obligations and the unique facts of each particular agreement. Historically, the Company has not made any payments under these agreements that have been material individually or in the aggregate. As of May 31, 2007, management was not aware of any obligations arising under indemnification contracts that would require material payments.

From time to time, the Company enters into contracts with clients whereby it has joint and several liability with other participants and/or third parties providing related services and products to clients. Under these arrangements, the Company and other parties may assume some responsibility to the client or a third party for the performance of others under the terms and conditions of the contract with or for the benefit of the client or in relation to the performance of certain contractual obligations. In some arrangements, the extent of the Company s obligations for the performance of others is not expressly specified. The Company estimates that, as of May 31, 2007, it had assumed an aggregate potential liability of approximately \$886,638 to its clients for the performance of others under arrangements described in this paragraph. These contracts typically provide recourse provisions that would allow the Company to recover from the other parties all but approximately \$138,412 if the Company is obligated to make payments to the clients that are the consequence of a performance default by the other parties. To date, the Company has not been required to make any payments under any of the contracts described in this paragraph.

Legal Contingencies

As of May 31, 2007, the Company or its present personnel had been named as a defendant in various litigation matters. Based on the present status of these litigation matters, the management of the Company believes these matters will not ultimately have a material effect on the results of operations, financial position or cash flows of the Company.

9. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company s reportable operating segments are the five operating groups, which are Communications & High Tech, Financial Services, Government, Products and Resources. Information regarding the Company s reportable operating segments was as follows:

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed) (Unaudited)

Three Months Ended May 31, 2007 2006 Revenues Revenues **Before Operating Before Operating** Reimbursements Income Reimbursements Income \$1,079,220 \$ 173,516 Communications & High Tech \$1,200,761 \$ 168,021 **Financial Services** 1,107,506 106,144 921,676 125,542 Government 638,058 74,408 598,842 66,136 **Products** 1,279,838 192,813 1,116,766 229,951 140,143 94,979 Resources 849,673 687,412 Other 5,968 4,153 Total \$5,081,804 \$ 681,529 \$4,408,069 \$ 690,124

Nine Months Ended May 31, 2007 2006 Revenues Revenues **Before Operating Before Operating** Income Reimbursements Reimbursements Income (Loss) \$ Communications & High Tech \$ 3,383,315 416,022 \$ 3,152,853 523,310 343,845 309,477 **Financial Services** 3,225,420 2,609,910 Government 1,920,950 195,399 1,794,648 (8,826)**Products** 3,639,600 540,223 3,138,006 265,006 Resources 2,400,083 355,024 1,976,764 251,025 Other 16,362 8,158 Total \$ 14,585,730 \$1,850,513 \$12,680,339 1,339,992

10. NEWLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Financial Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes-an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* (FIN 48), which is a change in accounting for income taxes. FIN 48 specifies how tax benefits for uncertain tax positions are to be recognized, measured and derecognized in financial statements; requires certain disclosures of uncertain tax matters; specifies how reserves for uncertain tax positions should be classified in the balance sheet; and provides transition and interim-period guidance, among other provisions. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006 and, as a result, will be effective for the Company beginning September 1, 2007. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of FIN 48 on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 158, *Employers Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans, an amendment of FASB Statements No.* 87, 88, 106, and 132(R) (SFAS No. 158). SFAS No. 158 requires companies to recognize a net liability or asset and an offsetting adjustment to accumulated other comprehensive income to report the funded status of defined benefit pension and other postretirement benefit plans. SFAS No. 158 requires prospective application, recognition and

disclosure requirements effective for the Company s fiscal year ending August 31, 2007. Additionally, SFAS No. 158 requires companies to measure plan assets and obligations at their year-end balance sheet date. This requirement is effective for the Company s fiscal year ending August 31, 2009. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of SFAS No. 158 on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In September 2006, the SEC issued Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 108, Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements (SAB No. 108). SAB No. 108 provides guidance on the consideration of the effects of prior year misstatements in quantifying current year misstatements for the purpose of a materiality assessment. SAB No. 108 is effective for fiscal years ending after November 15, 2006 and, as a result, is effective for the Company s fiscal year ending August 31, 2007. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of SAB No. 108 on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2006, and with the information under the heading Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2006.

We use the terms Accenture, we, our Company, our and us in this report to refer to Accenture Ltd and its subsidiaries. All references to years, unless otherwise noted, refer to our fiscal year, which ends on August 31. For example, a reference to fiscal 2006 means the 12-month period that ended on August 31, 2006. All references to quarters, unless otherwise noted, refer to the quarters of our fiscal year.

Disclosure Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act) relating to our operations, results of operations and other matters that are based on our current expectations, estimates, assumptions and projections. Words such as may, will, should, likely, anticipates, expects, intends, plans, projects, estimates and similar expressions are used to identify these forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Forward-looking statements are based upon assumptions as to future events that may not prove to be accurate. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecast in these forward-looking statements. Risks, uncertainties and other factors that might cause such differences, some of which could be material, include, but are not limited to:

Our results of operations could be negatively affected if we cannot expand and develop our services and solutions in response to changes in technology and client demand.

The management consulting, systems integration and technology, and outsourcing markets are highly competitive, and we might not be able to compete effectively.

Our results of operations could be affected by economic and political conditions and the effects of these conditions on our clients businesses and levels of business activity.

Our work with government clients exposes us to additional risks inherent in the government contracting process.

Our business could be adversely affected if our clients are not satisfied with our services.

Our business could be negatively affected if we incur legal liability in connection with providing our solutions and services.

Our results of operations could be adversely affected if our clients terminate their contracts with us on short notice.

Outsourcing services are a significant part of our business and subject us to operational and financial risk.

We could be subject to liabilities if our subcontractors or the third parties with whom we partner cannot deliver their project contributions on time or at all.

Our results of operations may be affected by the rate of growth in the use of technology in business and the type and level of technology spending by our clients.

Our profitability could suffer if we are not able to maintain favorable pricing rates.

Our profitability could suffer if we are not able to maintain favorable utilization rates.

If our pricing structures do not accurately anticipate the cost and complexity of performing our work, then our contracts could be unprofitable.

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Many of our contracts utilize performance pricing that links some of our fees to the attainment of various performance or business targets. This could increase the variability of our revenues and margins.

Our alliance relationships may not be successful.

Our global operations are subject to complex risks, some of which might be beyond our control.

Our profitability could suffer if we are not able to control our costs.

If we are unable to attract, retain and motivate employees or efficiently utilize their skills, we might not be able to compete effectively and will not be able to grow our business.

If we are unable to collect our receivables or amounts extended to our clients as financing, our results of operations could be adversely affected.

Tax legislation and negative publicity related to Bermuda companies could lead to an increase in our tax burden or affect our relationships with our clients.

Our services or solutions could infringe upon the intellectual property rights of others or we might lose our ability to utilize the intellectual property of others.

We have only a limited ability to protect our intellectual property rights, which are important to our success.

If we are unable to manage the organizational challenges associated with the size and expansion of our company, we might be unable to achieve our business objectives.

We might acquire other businesses or technologies, and there is a risk that we might not successfully integrate them with our business or might otherwise fail to achieve our strategic objectives.

The share price of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares could be adversely affected from time to time by sales, or the anticipation of future sales, of Class A common shares held by our employees and former employees.

Our share price has fluctuated in the past and could continue to fluctuate, including in response to variability in revenues, operating results and profitability, and as a result our share price could be difficult to predict.

Our share price could be adversely affected if we are unable to maintain effective internal controls.

We are registered in Bermuda and a significant portion of our assets are located outside the United States. As a result, it might not be possible for shareholders to enforce civil liability provisions of the Federal or state securities laws of the United States.

Bermuda law differs from the laws in effect in the United States and might afford less protection to shareholders.

We might be unable to access additional capital on favorable terms or at all. If we raise equity capital, it may dilute our shareholders ownership interest in us.

For a more detailed discussion of these factors, see the information under the heading Risk Factors beginning on page 33 herein and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2006. We undertake no

obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements.

Overview

Revenues are driven by the ability of our executives to secure new contracts and to deliver solutions and services that add value to our clients. Our ability to add value to clients and therefore drive revenues depends in part on our ability to deliver market-leading service offerings and to deploy skilled teams of professionals quickly and on a global basis.

Our results of operations are also affected by the economic conditions, levels of business activity and rates of change in the industries we serve, as well as by the pace of technological change and the type and level of technology spending by our clients. The ability to identify and capitalize on these market and technological changes early in their cycles is a key driver of our performance.

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The current economic environment continues to stimulate the technology spending of many companies. We are also continuing to see strong demand for our services. We continue to expect that revenue growth rates across our segments for the fourth quarter of fiscal 2007 may vary from prior quarters as economic conditions vary in different industries and geographic markets.

Revenues before reimbursements for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2007 were \$5.08 billion and \$14.59 billion, respectively, compared with \$4.41 billion and \$12.68 billion for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2006, respectively, increases of 15% for both periods in U.S. dollars and 9% and 10%, respectively, in local currency terms.

Consulting revenues before reimbursements for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2007 were \$3.08 billion and \$8.82 billion, respectively, compared with \$2.66 billion and \$7.70 billion for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2006, respectively, increases of 16% and 15%, respectively, in U.S. dollars and 9% and 10%, respectively, in local currency terms.

Outsourcing revenues before reimbursements for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2007 were \$2.00 billion and \$5.77 billion, respectively, compared with \$1.75 billion and \$4.98 billion for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2006, respectively, increases of 15% and 16%, respectively, in U.S. dollars and 9% and 11%, respectively, in local currency terms. Outsourcing contracts typically have longer terms than consulting contracts and generally have lower gross margins than consulting contracts, particularly in the first year. Long-term relationships with many of our clients continue to contribute to our success in growing our outsourcing business. Consistent with broader market trends, our recently signed outsourcing contracts are of shorter duration and therefore of smaller value than they have been in the past. Despite this, our average annualized revenue per contract is steady. Long-term, complex outsourcing contracts, including their consulting components, require ongoing review of their terms and scope of work in light of our clients—evolving business needs and our performance expectations. Should the size or number of modifications to these arrangements increase, as our business continues to grow and these contracts evolve, we may experience increased variability in expected cash flows, revenues and profitability.

As we are a global company, our revenues are denominated in multiple currencies and may be significantly affected by currency exchange-rate fluctuations. During the majority of fiscal 2006, the weakening of various currencies versus the U.S. dollar resulted in an unfavorable currency translation and decreased our reported revenues, operating expenses and operating income. In the first three quarters of fiscal 2007, the U.S. dollar weakened against many currencies, resulting in favorable currency translation and greater reported U.S. dollar revenues, operating expenses and operating income compared to the same period in the prior year. If this trend continues in the remainder of fiscal 2007, our U.S. dollar revenue growth will be higher than our growth in local currency terms. In the future, if the U.S. dollar strengthens against other currencies, our U.S. dollar revenue growth may be lower than our growth in local currency terms.

The primary categories of operating expenses are cost of services, sales and marketing and general and administrative costs. Cost of services is primarily driven by the cost of client-service personnel, which consists mainly of compensation, sub-contractor and other personnel costs, and non-payroll outsourcing costs. Cost of services as a percentage of revenues is driven by the prices we obtain for our solutions and services, the utilization of our client-service personnel and the level of non-payroll costs associated with the growth of new outsourcing contracts. Utilization represents the percentage of our professionals time spent on billable work. Sales and marketing expense is driven primarily by business-development activities, the development of new service offerings and client-targeting, image-development and brand-recognition activities. General and administrative costs primarily include costs for non-client-facing personnel, information systems and office space, which we seek to manage, as a percentage of revenues, at levels consistent with or lower than levels in prior-year periods. Operating expenses also include reorganization costs and benefits, which may vary substantially from year to year.

Gross margin (revenues before reimbursements less cost of services before reimbursements as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements) for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2007 was 31.7% and 30.5%, respectively, compared with 33.0% and 28.7% for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2006, respectively. The decrease in gross margin for the three months ended May 31, 2007 was principally due to the impact of revenues recognized in connection with a contract termination in our Retail industry group within our Products operating group

during fiscal 2006 and higher annual bonus accruals during fiscal 2007. In the second quarter of fiscal 2006, we recorded a \$450 million loss provision as a result of adverse developments associated with the NHS Contracts (as defined below). The increase in gross margin for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 was principally due to this loss provision, partially offset by higher annual bonus accruals during fiscal 2007.

Our cost-management strategy is to anticipate changes in demand for our services and to identify cost-management initiatives. A primary element of this strategy is to aggressively plan and manage our payroll costs to meet the anticipated demand for our services, given that payroll costs are the most significant portion of our operating expenses.

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Annualized attrition in the third quarter of fiscal 2007 was 18%, excluding involuntary terminations, up from the second quarter of fiscal 2007, but consistent with quarterly trends we historically experience in the third quarter. We continue to add substantial numbers of new employees and will continue to actively recruit new employees to balance our mix of skills and resources to meet current and projected future demands, replace departing employees and expand our global sourcing approach, which includes our Global Delivery Network and other capabilities around the world. We have adjusted compensation in fiscal 2007 in certain skill sets and geographies in order to attract and retain appropriate numbers of qualified employees and we may need to continue to adjust compensation in the future. As in previous fiscal years, we have adjusted and expect to continue to adjust pricing with the objective of recovering these increases. Our margins and ability to grow our business could be adversely affected if we do not continue to manage attrition, recover increases in compensation and effectively assimilate and utilize large numbers of new employees.

Sales and marketing and general and administrative costs as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements were 18.1% and 17.7% for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2007, respectively, compared with 18.5% and 18.6% for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2006, respectively. The decrease in these costs as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 was primarily due to higher utilization of our client-service personnel on contracts and lower spending on facilities and technology costs as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements.

Operating income as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements decreased to 13.4% for the three months ended May 31, 2007, from 15.7% for the three months ended May 31, 2006. Excluding the effects of reorganization benefits, operating income as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements for the three months ended May 31, 2007 decreased 0.9 percentage points compared with the three months ended May 31, 2006. This decrease was principally due to the impact of revenues recognized in connection with a contract termination in our Retail industry group within our Products operating group during fiscal 2006 and higher annual bonus accruals during fiscal 2007. Operating income as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements increased to 12.7% for the nine months ended May 31, 2007, from 10.6% for the nine months ended May 31, 2006. Excluding the effects of reorganization benefits, operating income as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 increased 2.7 percentage points compared with the nine months ended May 31, 2006. This increase was principally due to a \$450 million loss provision associated with the NHS Contracts recorded during the second quarter of fiscal 2006, partially offset by higher annual bonus accruals during fiscal 2007.

The NHS Contracts

We previously entered into certain large, long-term contracts (the NHS Contracts) to provide systems and services to the National Health Service in England (the NHS). On September 28, 2006, we entered into an agreement (the NHS Transfer Agreement) to transfer to a third party all of our rights and obligations under the NHS Contracts, except those relating to the Picture Archiving Communication System. The transfer and substantially all related activities were completed in the second quarter of fiscal 2007 for less than the maximum \$125 million loss we previously estimated we would incur this fiscal year, and no material obligations remain.

Bookings and Backlog

New contract bookings for the three months ended May 31, 2007 were \$6,221 million, with consulting bookings of \$3,495 million and outsourcing bookings of \$2,726 million. New contract bookings for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 were \$17,028 million, with consulting bookings of \$9,525 million and outsourcing bookings of \$7,503 million.

We provide information regarding our new contract bookings because we believe doing so provides useful trend information regarding changes in the volume of our new business over time. However, new bookings can vary significantly quarter to quarter depending on the timing of the signing of a small number of large contracts. Information regarding our new bookings is not comparable to, nor should it be substituted for, an analysis of our revenues over time. There are no third-party standards or requirements governing the calculation of bookings. New contract bookings involve estimates and judgments regarding new contracts as well as renewals, extensions and additions to existing contracts. Subsequent cancellations, extensions and other matters may affect the amount of bookings previously reported. New contract bookings are recorded using then existing currency exchange rates and are not subsequently adjusted for currency fluctuations.

The majority of our contracts are terminable by the client on short notice or without notice. Accordingly, we do not believe it is appropriate to characterize bookings attributable to these contracts as backlog. Normally, if a client terminates a project, the client

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remains obligated to pay for commitments we have made to third parties in connection with the project, services performed and reimbursable expenses incurred by us through the date of termination.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

For a description of our critical accounting policies and estimates, see our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2006.

Revenues by Segment/Operating Group

Our five reportable operating segments are our operating groups, which are Communications & High Tech, Financial Services, Government, Products and Resources. Operating groups are managed on the basis of revenues before reimbursements because our management believes revenues before reimbursements are a better indicator of operating group performance than revenues. From time to time, our operating groups work together to sell and implement certain contracts. The resulting revenues and costs from these contracts may be apportioned among the participating operating groups. Generally, operating expenses for each operating group have similar characteristics and are subject to the same factors, pressures and challenges. However, the economic environment and its effects on the industries served by our operating groups affect revenues and operating expenses within our operating groups to differing degrees. The mix between consulting and outsourcing is not uniform among our operating groups. Local-currency fluctuations also tend to affect our operating groups differently, depending on the geographic concentrations and locations of their businesses.

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Revenues for each of our operating groups, geographic regions and types of work were as follows:

	En	Months ded y 31,	Percent Increase	Percent Increase Local	the Three		
	2007	2006	US\$	Currency	2007	2006	
	(in mi	llions)					
OPERATING GROUPS							
Communications & High Tech	\$ 1,201	\$ 1,079	11%	5%	24%	24%	
Financial Services	1,107	922	20	12	22	21	
Government	638	599	7	2	12	14	
Products	1,280	1,117	15	9	25	25	
Resources	850	687	24	18	17	16	
Other	6	4	n/m	n/m			
TOTAL Revenues Before Reimbursements	5,082	4,408	15%	9%	100%	100%	
Reimbursements	462	397	16				
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 5,544	\$ 4,805	15%				
GEOGRAPHY							
Americas	\$ 2,157	\$ 2,018	7%	6%	42%	46%	
EMEA (1)	2,468	2,073	19	8	49	47	
Asia Pacific	457	317	44	37	9	7	
TOTAL Revenues Before Reimbursements	\$ 5,082	\$ 4,408	15%	9%	100%	100%	
TYPE OF WORK							
Consulting	\$ 3,076	\$ 2,657	16%	9%	61%	60%	
Outsourcing	2,006	1,751	15	9	39	40	
TOTAL Revenues Before Reimbursements	\$ 5,082	\$ 4,408	15%	9%	100%	100%	

n/m = not meaningful

Three Months Ended May 31, 2007 Compared to Three Months Ended May 31, 2006 *Revenues*

Our Communications & High Tech operating group achieved revenues before reimbursements of \$1,201 million for the three months ended May 31, 2007, compared with \$1,079 million for the three months ended May 31, 2006, an

⁽¹⁾ EMEA includes Europe, the Middle East and Africa.

increase of 11% in U.S. dollars and 5% in local currency terms, primarily driven by consulting growth in our Asia Pacific and EMEA regions and outsourcing growth across all geographic regions. Strong growth in our Communications industry group in our Asia Pacific and EMEA regions was partially offset by a consulting revenue decline in our Communications industry group in our Americas region.

Our Financial Services operating group achieved revenues before reimbursements of \$1,107 million for the three months ended May 31, 2007, compared with \$922 million for the three months ended May 31, 2006, an increase of 20% in U.S. dollars and 12% in local currency terms, with both consulting and outsourcing contributing to the growth. The increase was primarily driven by growth in our Capital Markets industry group across all geographic regions and our Banking and Insurance industry groups in our EMEA region.

Our Government operating group achieved revenues before reimbursements of \$638 million for the three months ended May 31, 2007, compared with \$599 million for the three months ended May 31, 2006, an increase of 7% in U.S. dollars and 2% in local currency terms. The increase was primarily driven by consulting growth across all geographic regions.

Our Products operating group achieved revenues before reimbursements of \$1,280 million for the three months ended May 31, 2007, compared with \$1,117 million for the three months ended May 31, 2006, an increase of 15% in U.S. dollars and 9% in local

currency terms. The increase was primarily driven by strong growth in our Americas region, principally in our Retail and Health & Life Sciences industry groups, and in our EMEA region in our Consumer Goods & Services and Industrial Equipment industry groups. These increases more than offset an expected revenue decline in our Retail industry group in our EMEA region related to revenue recognized in connection with a contract termination during fiscal 2006.

Our Resources operating group achieved revenues before reimbursements of \$850 million for the three months ended May 31, 2007, compared with \$687 million for the three months ended May 31, 2006, an increase of 24% in U.S. dollars and 18% in local currency terms, primarily driven by strong consulting growth across all geographic regions and strong outsourcing growth in our EMEA region. We experienced strong growth in our Energy, Utilities and Chemicals industry groups.

In our Americas region, we achieved revenues before reimbursements of \$2,157 million for the three months ended May 31, 2007, compared with \$2,018 million for the three months ended May 31, 2006, an increase of 7% in U.S. dollars and 6% in local currency terms. Growth was principally driven by our business in the United States and Brazil.

In our EMEA region, we achieved revenues before reimbursements of \$2,468 million for the three months ended May 31, 2007, compared with \$2,073 million for the three months ended May 31, 2006, an increase of 19% in U.S. dollars and 8% in local currency terms. Growth was principally driven by our business in Spain, the Netherlands, Italy and Germany.

In our Asia Pacific region, we achieved revenues before reimbursements of \$457 million for the three months ended May 31, 2007, compared with \$317 million for the three months ended May 31, 2006, an increase of 44% in U.S. dollars and 37% in local currency terms. Growth was principally driven by our business in Australia and Japan.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for the three months ended May 31, 2007 were \$4,862 million, an increase of \$747 million, or 18%, over the three months ended May 31, 2006, and increased as a percentage of revenues to 87.7% from 85.6% during this period. Operating expenses before reimbursable expenses for the three months ended May 31, 2007 were \$4,400 million, an increase of \$682 million, or 18%, over the three months ended May 31, 2006, and increased as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements to 86.6% from 84.3% over this period. Excluding the effects of reorganization benefits recorded in fiscal 2006, operating expenses as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements for the three months ended May 31, 2007 increased 0.9 percentage points compared with the three months ended May 31, 2006.

Cost of Services

Cost of services for the three months ended May 31, 2007 was \$3,934 million, an increase of \$582 million, or 17%, over the three months ended May 31, 2006, and increased as a percentage of revenues to 71.0% from 69.7% over this period. Cost of services before reimbursable expenses for the three months ended May 31, 2007 was \$3,472 million, an increase of \$518 million, or 18%, over the three months ended May 31, 2006, and increased as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements to 68.3% from 67.0% over this period. Gross margin (revenues before reimbursements) decreased to 31.7% from 33.0% during this period. The increase in Cost of services as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements and decrease in gross margin were principally due to the impact of revenues recognized in connection with a contract termination in our Retail industry group within our Products operating group during fiscal 2006 and higher annual bonus accruals during fiscal 2007.

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expense for the three months ended May 31, 2007 was \$499 million, an increase of \$45 million, or 10%, over the three months ended May 31, 2006, and decreased as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements to 9.8% from 10.3% over this period. This decrease as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements was primarily due to lower market- and business- development costs as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements.

General and Administrative Costs

General and administrative costs for the three months ended May 31, 2007 were \$422 million, an increase of \$60 million, or 17%, over the three months ended May 31, 2006, and increased as a percentage of revenues before

reimbursements to 8.3% from 8.2% over this period.

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Reorganization Costs (Benefits)

We recorded net reorganization costs of \$7 million for the three months ended May 31, 2007 related to interest expense associated with our reorganization liabilities. As of May 31, 2007, the remaining liability for reorganization costs was \$390 million, of which \$361 million was classified as current liabilities because expirations of statutes of limitations could occur within 12 months. During the three months ended May 31, 2006, we recorded net reorganization benefits of \$52 million, which included a \$58 million reduction in reorganization liabilities offset by \$6 million of interest expense associated with carrying these liabilities. In fiscal 2006, the reduction in the liabilities was primarily due to final determinations of certain reorganization liabilities established in connection with our transition to a corporate structure in 2001. For additional information, refer to Footnote 3 (Reorganization Costs (Benefits)) to our Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1, Financial Statements. We anticipate that reorganization liabilities will be substantially diminished by the end of fiscal 2008 because we expect final determinations will have occurred. However, resolution of current tax audits, initiation of additional audits or litigation may delay final settlements. Final settlement will result in a payment on a final settlement and/or recording a reorganization benefit or cost in our Consolidated Income Statement.

Operating Income

Operating income for the three months ended May 31, 2007 was \$682 million, a decrease of \$8 million, or 1%, from the three months ended May 31, 2006, and decreased as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements to 13.4% from 15.7% over this period. Excluding the effects of reorganization benefits recorded in fiscal 2006, operating income as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements for the three months ended May 31, 2007 decreased 0.9 percentage points compared with the three months ended May 31, 2006. Operating income for each of the operating groups was as follows:

							Effe	ect of	N	Net
		ree I ded I			Inc	rease	Reorga	nization	_	rease rease)
	200	7	2	006	(Dec	crease)	Bene	fits (1)	((2)
						(in mill	ions)			
Communications & High Tech	\$ 10	68	\$	173	\$	(5)	\$	14	\$	8
Financial Services	10	06		126		(20)		12		(8)
Government	,	75		66		9		9		17
Products	19	93		230		(37)		14		(23)
Resources	14	40		95		45		9		54
Total	\$ 6	82	\$	690	\$	(8)	\$	58	\$	50

- (1) Represents the effect of reorganization benefits recorded during the three months ended May 31, 2006.
- (2) May not total due to rounding.

The following Operating income commentary by operating group excludes the effect of reorganization benefits recorded in fiscal 2006:

Communications & High Tech operating income increased due to revenue growth, offset by higher annual bonus accruals and a decline in contract margins due to a lower proportion of high-margin consulting contracts.

Financial Services operating income decreased due to delivery inefficiencies on several contracts and higher annual bonus accruals, partially offset by revenue growth and lower sales and marketing costs as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements.

Government operating income increased due to revenue growth and improved consulting contract margins, partially offset by higher annual bonus accruals.

Products operating income decreased due to the impact of revenue recognized in connection with a contract termination in our Retail industry group in our EMEA region during the three months ended May 31, 2006 and to higher annual bonus accruals during the three months ended May 31, 2007, partially offset by strong revenue growth and improved consulting contract margins.

Resources operating income increased due to strong revenue growth and improved contract margins, partially offset by higher annual bonus accruals.

Gain on Investments, net

Gain on investments, net for the three months ended May 31, 2007 was \$10 million, an increase of \$10 million over the three months ended May 31, 2006. The increase resulted primarily from a gain on the sale of a remaining investment from our portfolio of investments that was written down in fiscal 2002.

Interest Income

Interest income for the three months ended May 31, 2007 was \$41 million, an increase of \$9 million, or 29%, over the three months ended May 31, 2006. The increase resulted primarily from an increase in interest rates and higher average cash balances.

Other Expense

Other expense for the three months ended May 31, 2007 was \$16 million, an increase of \$11 million over the three months ended May 31, 2006. The increase resulted primarily from an increase in net foreign currency exchange losses.

Provision for Income Taxes

The effective tax rates for the three months ended May 31, 2007 and 2006 were 33.3% and 29.9%, respectively. Our forecasted fiscal 2007 recurring effective tax rate, excluding the impact of a discrete item recorded in the second quarter of fiscal 2007, is 34.3%.

The fiscal 2006 annual effective tax rate was 25.5%. The forecasted fiscal 2007 recurring effective tax rate is higher than the fiscal 2006 annual effective tax rate primarily due to benefits recorded in fiscal 2006 related to final determinations of prior-year tax liabilities, which reduced the fiscal 2006 annual effective tax rate by 10.8 percentage points.

Minority Interest

Minority interest for the three months ended May 31, 2007 was \$128 million, a decrease of \$29 million, or 18%, from the three months ended May 31, 2006. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in income before minority interest of \$25 million and a reduction in the Accenture SCA Class I common shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares average minority ownership interest to 26% for the three months ended May 31, 2007 from 31% for the three months ended May 31, 2006.

Earnings Per Share

Diluted earnings per share were \$0.54 for the three months ended May 31, 2007, compared with \$0.56 for the three months ended May 31, 2006. For information regarding our earnings per share calculations, see Footnote 2 (Earnings Per Share) to our Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1, Financial Statements.

Nine Months Ended May 31, 2007 Compared to Nine Months Ended May 31, 2006

Revenues for each of our operating groups, geographic regions and types of work were as follows:

	En	Months ded y 31,	Percent	Percent Increase Local	Percent of Rever Befor Reimburs for t Nine M End May	nues ore sements he onths ed
			Increase			
	2007	2006	US\$	Currency	2007	2006
ODED A TIME OF OUR	(in mi	llions)				
OPERATING GROUPS	Ф 2.202	ф. 2.152	7.07	201	0201	2501
Communications & High Tech	\$ 3,383	\$ 3,153	7%	3%	23%	25%
Financial Services	3,226	2,610	24 7	17	22	20
Government	1,921	1,795		4	13	14
Products	3,640	3,138	16	11	25	25
Resources	2,400	1,976	21	17	17	16
Other	16	8	n/m	n/m		
TOTAL Revenues Before Reimbursements	14,586	12,680	15%	10%	100%	100%
Reimbursements	1,293	1,159	12			
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 15,879	\$ 13,839	15%			
GEOGRAPHY						
Americas	\$ 6,290	\$ 5,772	9%	8%	43%	46%
EMEA	7,104	5,998	18	10	49	47
Asia Pacific	1,192	910	31	27	8	7
TOTAL Revenues Before Reimbursements	\$ 14,586	\$12,680	15%	10%	100%	100%
TYPE OF WORK						
Consulting	\$ 8,819	\$ 7,699	15%	10%	60%	61%
Outsourcing	5,767	4,981	16	11	40	39
TOTAL Revenues Before Reimbursements	\$ 14,586	\$ 12,680	15%	10%	100%	100%

Revenues

Our Communications & High Tech operating group achieved revenues before reimbursements of \$3,383 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2007, compared with \$3,153 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2006, an increase of 7% in U.S. dollars and 3% in local currency terms, primarily driven by outsourcing growth across all industry groups and geographic regions. Strong growth in our Communications industry group in our Asia Pacific and EMEA regions was partially offset by a consulting revenue decline in our Communications industry group in our Americas region.

Our Financial Services operating group achieved revenues before reimbursements of \$3,226 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2007, compared with \$2,610 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2006, an increase of 24% in U.S. dollars and 17% in local currency terms, with both consulting and outsourcing contributing to the growth. The increase was primarily driven by growth in our Banking industry group in our EMEA region and our Capital Markets and Insurance industry groups in our EMEA and Americas regions.

Our Government operating group achieved revenues before reimbursements of \$1,921 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2007, compared with \$1,795 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2006, an increase of 7% in U.S. dollars and 4% in local currency terms. The increase was primarily driven by consulting growth in our Americas and EMEA regions and outsourcing growth in our Asia Pacific and EMEA regions.

Our Products operating group achieved revenues before reimbursements of \$3,640 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2007, compared with \$3,138 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2006, an increase of 16% in U.S. dollars and 11% in local currency terms, with both consulting and outsourcing contributing to the growth. The increase was primarily driven by strong growth in our Americas region, principally in our Retail, Health & Life Sciences and Transportation & Travel Services industry groups, and in our EMEA region, principally in our Consumer Goods & Services, Health & Life Sciences and Industrial Equipment industry

groups. These increases more than offset an expected revenue decline in our Retail industry group in our EMEA region during the nine months ended May 31, 2007.

Our Resources operating group achieved revenues before reimbursements of \$2,400 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2007, compared with \$1,976 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2006, an increase of 21% in U.S. dollars and 17% in local currency terms, primarily driven by strong consulting growth across all geographic regions and strong outsourcing growth in our EMEA region. We experienced strong growth across all four industry groups: Energy, Utilities, Chemicals and Natural Resources.

In our Americas region, we achieved revenues before reimbursements of \$6,290 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2007, compared with \$5,772 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2006, an increase of 9% in U.S. dollars and 8% in local currency terms. Growth was principally driven by our business in the United States, Brazil and Canada.

In our EMEA region, we achieved revenues before reimbursements of \$7,104 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2007, compared with \$5,998 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2006, an increase of 18% in U.S. dollars and 10% in local currency terms. Growth was principally driven by our business in Spain, the Netherlands, Italy and Germany.

In our Asia Pacific region, we achieved revenues before reimbursements of \$1,192 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2007, compared with \$910 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2006, an increase of 31% in U.S. dollars and 27% in local currency terms. Growth was principally driven by our business in Australia, Japan and Singapore.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 were \$14,029 million, an increase of \$1,529 million, or 12%, over the nine months ended May 31, 2006, and decreased as a percentage of revenues to 88.3% from 90.3% during this period. Operating expenses before reimbursable expenses for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 were \$12,735 million, an increase of \$1,395 million, or 12%, over the nine months ended May 31, 2006, and decreased as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements to 87.3% from 89.4% over this period. Excluding the effects of reorganization benefits recorded in fiscal 2006, operating expenses as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 decreased 2.7 percentage points compared with the nine months ended May 31, 2006.

Cost of Services

Cost of services for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 was \$11,432 million, an increase of \$1,236 million, or 12%, over the nine months ended May 31, 2006, and decreased as a percentage of revenues to 72.0% from 73.7% over this period. Cost of services before reimbursable expenses for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 was \$10,139 million, an increase of \$1,101 million, or 12%, over the nine months ended May 31, 2006, and decreased as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements to 69.5% from 71.3% over this period. Gross margin (revenues before reimbursements less cost of services before reimbursements as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements) increased to 30.5% from 28.7% during this period. In the second quarter of fiscal 2006, we recorded a \$450 million loss provision reflected in Cost of services of our Government and Products operating groups as a result of adverse developments associated with the NHS Contracts. The decrease in Cost of services as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements and increase in gross margin were principally due to this loss provision, partially offset by higher annual bonus accruals during fiscal 2007.

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expense for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 was \$1,371 million, an increase of \$115 million, or 9%, over the nine months ended May 31, 2006, and decreased as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements to 9.4% from 9.9% over this period. This decrease as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements was primarily due to lower costs resulting from higher utilization of our client-service personnel on contracts.

General and Administrative Costs

General and administrative costs for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 were \$1,206 million, an increase of \$105 million, or 10%, over the nine months ended May 31, 2006, and decreased as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements to 8.3% from 8.7% during this period.

Reorganization Costs (Benefits)

We recorded net reorganization costs of \$19 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 related to interest expense associated with our reorganization liabilities. As of May 31, 2007, the remaining liability for reorganization costs was \$390 million, of which \$361 million was classified as current liabilities because expirations of statutes of limitations could occur within 12 months. During the nine months ended May 31, 2006, we recorded net reorganization benefits of \$54 million, which included a \$72 million reduction in reorganization liabilities offset by \$18 million of interest expense associated with carrying these liabilities. In fiscal 2006, the reduction in the liabilities was primarily due to final determinations of certain reorganization liabilities established in connection with our transition to a corporate structure in 2001. For additional information, refer to Footnote 3 (Reorganization Costs (Benefits)) to our Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1, Financial Statements. We anticipate that reorganization liabilities will be substantially diminished by the end of fiscal 2008 because we expect final determinations will have occurred. However, resolution of current tax audits, initiation of additional audits or litigation may delay final settlements. Final settlement will result in a payment on a final settlement and/or recording a reorganization benefit or cost in our Consolidated Income Statement.

Operating Income

Operating income for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 was \$1,851 million, an increase of \$511 million, or 38%, over the nine months ended May 31, 2006, and increased as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements to 12.7% from 10.6% over this period. Excluding the effects of reorganization benefits recorded in fiscal 2006, operating income as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 increased 2.7 percentage points compared with the nine months ended May 31, 2006. Operating income (loss) for each of the operating groups was as follows:

					Effect of	ľ	Net
		Months May 31,	Increa	ase R	eorganization		erease erease)
	2007	2006	(Decre	ase)	Benefits (1)	•	(2)
			(in	millions	s)		
Communications & High Tech	\$ 416	\$ 523	\$ (107)	\$ 17	\$	(90)
Financial Services	344	310		34	15		50
Government	196	(9)	4	205	11		216
Products	540	265		275	18		293
Resources	355	251		104	11		116
Total	\$ 1,851	\$ 1,340	\$ 5	511	\$ 72	\$	585

- (1) Represents the effect of reorganization benefits recorded during the nine months ended May 31, 2006.
- (2) May not total due to rounding.

The following Operating income commentary by operating group excludes the effect of reorganization benefits recorded in fiscal 2006:

Communications & High Tech operating income decreased due to higher compensation costs and a decline in contract margins due to a lower proportion of high-margin consulting contracts.

Financial Services operating income increased due to revenue growth, higher utilization and lower sales and marketing costs as a percentage of revenues before reimbursements, partially offset by higher compensation costs and delivery inefficiencies on several contracts.

Government recorded operating income for the nine months ended May 31, 2007, compared to an operating loss for the nine months ended May 31, 2006 due to the impact of a \$225 million loss provision associated with the NHS Contracts recorded during the second quarter of fiscal 2006. The fiscal 2007 operating income also reflects revenue growth and improved consulting contract margins, offset by higher compensation costs and asset impairments associated with an outsourcing contract recorded during the first quarter of fiscal 2007.

Products operating income increased due to strong revenue growth and improved consulting contract margins, partially offset by higher compensation costs. The fiscal 2007 operating income also increased due to the impact of a \$225 million loss provision associated with the NHS Contracts recorded during the second quarter of fiscal 2006, partially offset by the impact of revenue recognized in connection with a contract termination in our Retail industry group in our EMEA region during the third quarter of fiscal 2006.

Resources operating income increased due to strong revenue growth and improved contract margins, partially offset by higher compensation costs.

Higher compensation costs for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 resulted from higher annual bonus accruals and market compensation adjustments in certain skill sets and geographies.

Gain on Investments, net

Gain on investments, net for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 was \$13 million, an increase of \$10 million over the nine months ended May 31, 2006. The increase resulted primarily from a gain on the sale of a remaining investment from our portfolio of investments that was written down in fiscal 2002.

Interest Income

Interest income for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 was \$112 million, an increase of \$25 million, or 29%, over the nine months ended May 31, 2006. The increase resulted primarily from an increase in interest rates and higher average cash balances.

Other Expense

Other expense for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 was \$22 million, an increase of \$4 million over the nine months ended May 31, 2006. The increase resulted primarily from an increase in net foreign currency exchange losses.

Provision for Income Taxes

The effective tax rates for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 and 2006 were 33.2% and 33.4%, respectively. Our forecasted fiscal 2007 recurring effective tax rate, excluding the impact of the discrete item recorded in the second quarter of fiscal 2007, is 34.3%. Our effective tax rate for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 includes the benefit of a reduction in the valuation allowance on our deferred tax assets, which was reported as a discrete item in the second quarter of fiscal 2007. This discrete item reduced the effective tax rate for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 by 1.1 percentage points.

The fiscal 2006 annual effective tax rate was 25.5%. The forecasted fiscal 2007 recurring effective tax rate is higher than the fiscal 2006 annual effective tax rate primarily due to benefits recorded in fiscal 2006 related to final determinations of prior-year tax liabilities, which reduced the fiscal 2006 annual effective tax rate by 10.8 percentage points.

Minority Interest

Minority interest for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 was \$365 million, an increase of \$62 million, or 20%, over the nine months ended May 31, 2006. The increase was primarily due to an increase in income before minority interest of \$361 million, partially offset by a reduction in the Accenture SCA Class I common shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares average minority ownership interest to 27% for the nine months ended May 31, 2007 from 32% for the nine months ended May 31, 2006.

Earnings Per Share

Diluted earnings per share were \$1.47 for the nine months ended May 31, 2007, compared with \$1.03 for the nine months ended May 31, 2006. The loss provision associated with the NHS Contracts had the effect, after the impact on bonus compensation and income taxes, of reducing our diluted earnings per share for the nine months ended May 31, 2006 by \$0.26. For information regarding our earnings per share calculations, see Footnote 2 (Earnings Per Share) to our Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1, Financial Statements.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our primary sources of liquidity are cash flows from operations, debt capacity available under various credit facilities and available cash reserves. We may also be able to raise additional funds through public or private debt or equity financings in order to:

take advantage of opportunities, including more rapid expansion;

acquire complementary businesses or technologies;

develop new services and solutions;

respond to competitive pressures; or

facilitate purchases, redemptions and exchanges of Accenture shares.

As of May 31, 2007, cash and cash equivalents of \$3,094 million combined with \$352 million of liquid fixed-income securities that are classified as investments on our Consolidated Balance Sheet totaled \$3,446 million, compared with \$3,530 million as of August 31, 2006, a decrease of \$84 million.

Cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities, as reflected in the Consolidated Cash Flows Statements, are summarized in the following table:

	Nine Months Ended May 31,			
	2007	2006 (in millions)	Change	
Net cash provided by (used in):				
Operating activities	\$ 1,854	\$ 1,858	\$ (4)	
Investing activities	(116)	80	(196)	
Financing activities	(1,779)	(1,719)	(60)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	68	91	(23)	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 27	\$ 310	\$ (283)	

Operating Activities. The \$4 million change in cash provided was primarily due to higher Net income and changes in operating assets and liabilities, including payments of approximately \$176 million to the NHS in connection with the NHS Transfer Agreement.

Investing Activities. The \$196 million decrease in cash provided was primarily due to an increase in purchases of marketable securities, partially offset by an increase in proceeds from marketable securities and lower spending on business acquisitions in the first nine months of fiscal 2007 compared to the first nine months of fiscal 2006.

Financing Activities. The \$60 million increase in cash used was primarily driven by an increase in purchases of common shares in the first nine months of fiscal 2007 compared to the first nine months of fiscal 2006, and an increase in cash dividends paid, partially offset by an increase in cash received for Accenture Ltd Class A common shares issued under Accenture s employee share programs. For additional information, see Footnote 7 (Material Transactions Affecting Shareholders Equity) to our Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1, Financial Statements.

We believe that our available cash balances and the cash flows expected to be generated from operations will be sufficient to satisfy our current and planned working capital and investment needs for the next twelve months. We also believe that our longer-term working capital and other general corporate funding requirements will be satisfied through cash flows from operations and, to the extent necessary, from our borrowing facilities and future financial market activities.

Borrowing Facilities

As of May 31, 2007, we had the following borrowing facilities and related borrowings, including the issuance of letters of credit, for general working capital purposes:

		Borro Un	wings der
	Facility Amount		lities
	(in	millions)	
Syndicated loan facility	\$ 1,200	\$	
Separate bilateral, uncommitted, unsecured multicurrency revolving credit facilities	350		2
Local guaranteed and non-guaranteed lines of credit	139		
Total	\$ 1,689	\$	2

Under the borrowing facilities described above, we had an aggregate of \$159 million of letters of credit outstanding as of May 31, 2007. In addition, as of May 31, 2007, we had no other short-term borrowings and total outstanding debt of \$27 million, which was primarily incurred in conjunction with the purchase of Accenture HR Services.

Client Financing

In limited circumstances, we agree to extend financing to clients. The terms vary by contract, but generally we contractually link payment for services to the achievement of specified performance milestones. We finance these client obligations primarily with existing working capital and bank financing in the country of origin. Imputed interest is recorded at market rates in Interest income in the Consolidated Income Statement. Information pertaining to client financing was as follows:

	May 31, 2007 (in millions, except 1		2	August 31, 2006 t number of	
	`	clie	-		
Number of clients		21		25	
Client financing included in Current unbilled services	\$	98	\$	158	
Client financing included in Non-current unbilled services		62		105	
Total client financing, current and non-current	\$	160	\$	263	

The decrease in client financing from August 31, 2006 was primarily due to reductions in client financing balances related to the impact of the NHS Transfer Agreement.

Share Purchases and Redemptions

The Board of Directors of Accenture Ltd has authorized funding for our publicly announced open-market share purchase program for acquiring Accenture Ltd Class A common shares and for redemptions and repurchases of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares, Accenture SCA Class I common shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares held by our current and former senior executives and their permitted transferees. In addition, during the nine months ended May 31, 2007, the Board of Directors of Accenture Ltd separately authorized funding for two discounted tender offers for Accenture SCA Class I common shares.

Accenture SCA Class I

Our share purchase activity during the nine months ended May 31, 2007 was as follows:

	Accenture Lt			Common Sha Accenture (Holdin Inc. Exchar Shares	Cana igs igeal	da	Tota	1
	Shares	An	nount	Shares	\mathbf{A}	mount	Shares	Amount
			(in n	nillions, except s	hare	amounts	s)	
Open-Market Share Purchases (1)		\$						\$
Discounted Tender Offers (2)				16,538,239	\$	485	16,538,239	485
Other Share Purchase Programs	9,858,011		309(3)	30,609,298		1,085	40,467,309	1,394
Other purchases (4)	842,524		28				842,524	28
Total	10,700,535	\$	337	47,147,537	\$	1,570	57,848,072	\$ 1,907

- (1) During the nine months ended May 31, 2007, we did not purchase any Accenture Ltd Class A common shares under this program.
- (2) On
 September 11,
 2006, Accenture
 SCA and one of
 its subsidiaries
 made a tender
 offer to
 Accenture SCA
 Class I common
 shareholders
 that resulted in
 share
 redemptions and
 purchases,

effective October 11, 2006, of 7,538,172 shares at a price of \$24.75 per share, resulting in a cash outlay of approximately \$187 million. On March 8, 2007, Accenture SCA and one of its subsidiaries made a tender offer to Accenture SCA Class I common shareholders that resulted in share redemptions and purchases, effective April 9, 2007, of 9,000,067 shares at a price of \$33.00 per share, resulting in a cash outlay of approximately \$298 million.

(3) On

November 13, 2006, Accenture Finance (Gibraltar) Ltd, an indirect subsidiary of Accenture SCA, purchased 1,979,450 Accenture Ltd Class A common shares at a price of \$24.75 per share, resulting

in a cash outlay of approximately \$49 million. On May 15, 2007, Accenture **Equity Finance** B.V., an indirect subsidiary of Accenture SCA, purchased 7,878,561 Accenture Ltd Class A common shares at a per share price of \$33.00 or its local currency equivalent based on exchange rates applicable on April 4, 2007, resulting in a cash outlay of approximately \$260 million. Shares in both transactions were purchased from certain former senior executives residing outside the United

(4) During the nine months ended May 31, 2007, as authorized under our various employee equity share plans, we acquired Accenture Ltd Class A common shares primarily via

States.

share
withholding for
payroll tax
obligations due
from employees
and former
employees in
connection with
the delivery of
Accenture Ltd
Class A
common shares
under those
plans.

(5) Historically, we have recorded redemptions and purchases of Accenture SCA Class I common shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares (collectively, Subsidiary Shares) as a reduction to Additional paid-in-capital. During the three months ended May 31, 2007, funds used to acquire **Subsidiary** Shares more than offset the available balance in Additional paid-in-capital. As a result, we

> began deducting incremental purchases of Subsidiary Shares from

Retained earnings. Future redemptions and purchases of **Subsidiary** Shares will be recorded against Additional paid-in-capital, to the extent it is available, and any incremental purchases will be recorded against Retained earnings.

On March 2, 2007, an additional \$1,500 million was authorized by the Board of Directors of Accenture Ltd for purchases under our other share purchase programs.

As of May 31, 2007, our available authorization was \$2,027 million, which included \$978 million and \$1,049 million for the open-market share purchase program and other share purchase programs, respectively.

For a complete description of all share purchase and redemption activity for the third quarter of fiscal 2007, see Part II, Item 2, Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds; Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have various agreements by which we may be obligated to indemnify the other party with respect to certain matters. Generally, these indemnification provisions are included in contracts arising in the normal course of business under which we customarily agree to hold the indemnified party harmless against losses arising from a breach of representations related to such matters as title to assets sold, licensed or certain intellectual property rights and other matters. Payments by us under such indemnification clauses are generally conditioned on the other party making a claim. Such claims are generally subject to challenge by us and dispute resolution

procedures specified in the particular contract. Furthermore, our obligations under these arrangements may be limited in terms of time and/or amount and, in some instances, we may have recourse against third parties for certain payments made by us. It is not possible to predict the maximum potential amount of future payments under these indemnification agreements due to the conditional nature of our obligations and the unique facts of each particular agreement. Historically, we have not made any payments under these agreements that have been material individually or in the aggregate. As of May 31, 2007, we were not aware of any obligations under such indemnification agreements that would require material payments.

From time to time, we enter into contracts with clients whereby we have joint and several liability with other participants and/or third parties providing related services and products to clients. Under these arrangements, we and other parties may assume some responsibility to the client or a third party for the performance of others under the terms and conditions of the contract with or for the benefit of the client or in relation to the performance of certain contractual obligations. To date, we have not been required to make any payments under any of the contracts described in this paragraph. For further discussion of these transactions, see Footnote 8 (Commitments and Contingencies) to our Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1, Financial Statements.

Newly Issued Accounting Standards

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Financial Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes-an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* (FIN 48), which is a change in accounting for income taxes. FIN 48 specifies how tax benefits for uncertain tax positions are to be recognized, measured and derecognized in financial statements; requires certain disclosures of uncertain tax matters; specifies how reserves for uncertain tax positions should be classified in the balance sheet; and provides transition and interim-period guidance, among other provisions. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006 and, as a result, is effective for us beginning September 1, 2007. We are currently evaluating the impact of FIN 48 on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 158, *Employers Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans, an amendment of FASB Statements No.* 87, 106, and 132(R) (SFAS No. 158). SFAS No. 158 requires companies to recognize a net liability or asset and an offsetting adjustment to accumulated other comprehensive income to report the funded status of defined benefit pension and other postretirement benefit plans. SFAS No. 158 requires prospective application, recognition and disclosure requirements effective for our fiscal year ending August 31, 2007. Additionally, SFAS No. 158 requires companies to measure plan assets and obligations at their year-end balance sheet date. This requirement is effective for our fiscal year ending August 31, 2009. We are currently evaluating the impact of SFAS No. 158 on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

In September 2006, the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108, Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements (SAB No. 108). SAB No. 108 provides guidance on the consideration of the effects of prior year misstatements in quantifying current year misstatements for the purpose of a materiality assessment. SAB No. 108 is effective for fiscal years ending after November 15, 2006 and, as a result, is effective for our fiscal year ending August 31, 2007. We are currently evaluating the impact of SAB No. 108 on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

During the nine months ended May 31, 2007, there were no material changes in our market risk exposure. For a discussion of our market risk associated with foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and equity price risk as of August 31, 2006, see Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk in Part II, Item 7A, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2006.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Based on their evaluation for the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of Accenture Ltd have concluded that, as of the end of such period, our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act

is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC s rules and forms.

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Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the third quarter of fiscal 2007 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are involved in a number of judicial and arbitration proceedings concerning matters arising in the ordinary course of our business. We do not expect that any of these matters, individually or in the aggregate, will have a material impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

On April 12, 2007, the U.S. Department of Justice (the DOJ) intervened in a civil qui tam action previously filed under seal by two private individuals in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Arkansas against Accenture and several of its indirect subsidiaries. The complaint alleges that, in connection with work we undertook for the U.S. federal government, we received payments, resale revenue, or other benefits as a result of alliance agreements we maintain with technology vendors and others in violation of our contracts with the U.S. government and/or applicable law or regulations. Similar suits were brought against other companies in our industry. The total amount of the payments, resale revenue and other benefits alleged in the complaint is \$32 million. The suit alleges that these amounts were not disclosed to the government in violation of the Federal False Claims Act and the Anti-Kickback Act, among other statutes. The DOJ complaint seeks various remedies including treble damages, statutory penalties and disgorgement of profits. The suit could lead to other related proceedings by various agencies of the U.S. government, including potential suspension or debarment proceedings. We intend to defend this matter vigorously and do not believe this matter will have a material impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

As previously reported in July 2003, we became aware of an incident of possible noncompliance with the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and/or with Accenture s internal controls in connection with certain of our operations in the Middle East. In 2003, we voluntarily reported the incident to the appropriate authorities in the United States promptly after its discovery. Shortly thereafter, the SEC advised us it would be undertaking an informal investigation of this incident, and the DOJ indicated it would also conduct a review. Since that time, there have been no further developments. We do not believe that this incident will have any material impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

We currently maintain the types and amounts of insurance customary in the industries and countries in which we operate, including coverage for professional liability, general liability and management liability. We consider our insurance coverage to be adequate both as to the risks and amounts for the businesses we conduct.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

For a discussion of our potential risks and uncertainties, see the information under the heading Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2006. Other than as noted below, there have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2006.

The following updates the information contained in the risk factor entitled Risks That Relate to Ownership of Our Class A Common Shares The share price of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares could be adversely affected from time to time by sales, or the anticipation of future sales, of Class A common shares held by our employees and former employees:

On June 21, 2007, the Board of Directors of Accenture Ltd took action to modify the transfer restrictions applicable to our current senior executives who hold Accenture Ltd Class A common shares they received in connection with the initial public offering (IPO) of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares in July 2001. A description of this action is set forth below:

Accenture Ltd s Bye-laws contain transfer restrictions that apply to certain Accenture Ltd Class A common shares held by current and former senior executives. These shares generally include any Accenture Ltd Class A common shares that were beneficially owned by individuals who were senior executives at the time of the IPO (such shares the covered shares and such holders the covered persons). The transfer restrictions applicable to covered shares lapse with the passage of time on an annual basis until July 24, 2009, but have been subject to a requirement that covered persons continue to maintain beneficial ownership of at least 25% of their covered shares as long as they remain employed by Accenture, even after July 24, 2009. We refer to this as the 25% minimum holding requirement.

Accenture Ltd s Bye-laws provide that the transfer restrictions, including the 25% minimum holding requirement, may be waived by the Board of Directors of Accenture Ltd, on a specific or general basis. On June 21, 2007, a duly authorized committee of the Board of Directors of Accenture Ltd granted a waiver (the waiver) applicable to covered persons who are active Accenture employees that will eliminate the 25% minimum holding requirement and permit covered shares that would otherwise not become available for transfer until July 24, 2009 or the termination of the employee s employment with Accenture, whichever comes later, to become transferable on a phased-in schedule as described below. The waiver will be effective on July 3, 2007.

The waiver accelerates the timeframe related to the previous transfer restrictions. The transfer restrictions are being released in equal quarterly installments, with restrictions on one-ninth of the covered shares subject to the 25% minimum holding requirement being released each quarter over the next nine quarters, beginning in the fourth quarter of our 2007 fiscal year. The rationale for the waiver is to remove an incentive for senior executives to resign or retire from Accenture after July 24, 2009 in order to access shares that would have been covered by the 25% minimum holding requirement absent this waiver. By lifting this restriction in stages, on an accelerated basis, we have designed the waiver to limit the potential market impact of having a large number of shares whose transfer restrictions lapse on a single date in July 2009.

The corresponding 25% minimum holding requirement applicable to Accenture SCA Class I common shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares that were beneficially owned by individuals who were senior executives at the time of the IPO in July 2001 have likewise been waived by those companies on the same terms as applicable to the covered shares.

To ensure that senior executives continue to maintain equity ownership levels that we consider meaningful, we will continue the Accenture Senior Executive Equity Ownership Policy. This policy requires senior executives to own Accenture equity valued at a multiple (ranging from 1 to 6) of their base compensation determined by their position level.

The following table shows (i) the number of covered shares expected to be released from transfer restrictions prior to the waiver provided under the Accenture Ltd Bye-laws and Accenture SCA Articles of Association; (ii) the number of additional covered shares expected to be released from transfer restrictions as a result of the waiver for each of Accenture Ltd, Accenture SCA and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc.; and (iii) the total number of covered shares to be released from transfer restrictions each quarter pursuant to the existing transfer restrictions as modified by the waiver. Information presented regarding the effects of the waiver assumes that all covered persons who are active employees as of June 1, 2007 will remain actively employed by Accenture through June 1, 2009. The actual number of additional covered shares that become available for transfer as a result of the waiver will be reduced depending upon the number of covered persons who cease to be employed prior to June 1, 2009.

	Number of Accenture			Total number of
	Ltd Class A			Accenture Ltd
	common	Effect	of waiver	Class
	shares, SCA	Number of ac	lditional covered	A common
	Class I		res that	shares,
	common		led to become	SCA Class I
	shares and	avail	able for	common
	Accenture		_	shares and
	Canada	transfer d	lue to waiver	Accenture
			Accenture	Canada
	Holdings Inc.		SCA	Holdings Inc.
	exchangeable		Class I	exchangeable
	shares		common	shares
	that are		shares and	that are
	scheduled to		Accenture	scheduled to
	become		Canada	become
	available for	A	Holdings	available for
		Accenture	T	
	transfer - prior	Ltd Class A	Inc.	transfer
	to	common	exchangeable	including
	waiver	shares	shares	waiver
		(million	s of shares)	
4th Quarter Fiscal 2007	17.3	3.3	11.1	31.8
1st Quarter Fiscal 2008		2.0	5.7	7.7
2 nd Quarter Fiscal 2008		2.0	5.7	7.7
3 rd Quarter Fiscal 2008		2.0	5.7	7.7
4th Quarter Fiscal 2008	37.7	2.0	5.7	45.4
1st Quarter Fiscal 2009		2.0	5.7	7.7
2 nd Quarter Fiscal 2009		2.0	5.7	7.7
3 rd Quarter Fiscal 2009		2.0	5.7	7.7
4th Quarter Fiscal 2009	100.3	2.0	5.7	108.0
Later of 4th Quarter Fiscal 2009 or end of				
employment with Accenture	76.0			
	34			

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS Purchases and redemptions of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares and Class X common shares

The following table provides information relating to our purchases of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares and redemptions of Accenture Ltd Class X common shares for the third quarter of fiscal 2007.

				Approximate Dollar	
			Total	Value of	
			Number of	Shares that	
			Shares	May Yet Be	
			Purchased	Purchased	
			as Part of	Under	
	Total Number of		Publicly	Publicly Announced	
	Shares	Average Price	Announced	Plans	
	2	g	Plans or		
		Paid per	Programs		
Period	Purchased	Share	(1)	or Programs (in millions)	
March 1, 2007 March 31, 2007				(III IIIIIIIIIIII)	
Class A common shares	9,247	\$ 35.37		\$ 978	
Class X common shares	87,230	\$0.0000225			
April 1, 2007 April 30, 2007					
Class A common shares	4,901	\$ 38.24		\$ 978	
Class X common shares	11,160,544	\$0.0000225			
May 1, 2007 May 31, 2007					
Class A common shares	8,003,116	\$ 33.10		\$ 978	
		A A A A A A A A A A			
Class X common shares	2,168,699	\$0.0000225			
Class X common shares Total	2,168,699	\$0.0000225			
	2,168,699 8,017,264	\$0.0000225 \$ 33.11		\$ 978	

(1) Since

August 2001, the Board of Directors of Accenture Ltd has authorized and periodically confirmed a publicly announced open-market share purchase program for acquiring Accenture Ltd Class A common shares. During the third quarter of fiscal 2007, we did not purchase any Accenture Ltd Class A common shares under this program. To date, the Board of Directors of Accenture Ltd has authorized an aggregate of \$2.4 billion for use in these open-market share purchases. As of May 31, 2007, an aggregate of \$978 million remained available for these open-market share purchases. The open-market purchase program does not have an

(2) During the third quarter of fiscal 2007, Accenture purchased 138,703 Accenture Ltd Class A common shares in transactions unrelated to publicly announced share plans or programs. These transactions consisted of

expiration date.

acquisitions of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares via share withholding for payroll tax obligations due from employees and former employees in connection with the delivery of Accenture Ltd Class A common shares under our various employee equity share plans.

- (3) During the third quarter of fiscal 2007, Accenture **Equity Finance** B.V., an indirect subsidiary of Accenture SCA, purchased 7,878,561 Accenture Ltd Class A common shares at a per share price of \$33.00 or its local currency equivalent based on exchange rates applicable on April 4, 2007.
- (4) During the third quarter of fiscal 2007, we redeemed 13,416,473 Accenture Ltd Class X common shares

pursuant to our Bye-laws.
Accenture Ltd Class X common shares are redeemable at their par value of \$0.0000225 per share.

Purchases and redemptions of Accenture SCA Class I common shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares

The following table provides additional information relating to our purchases and redemptions of Accenture SCA Class I common shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares during the third quarter of fiscal 2007. Our management believes the following table and footnotes provide useful information regarding the share purchase and redemption activity of Accenture. Generally, purchases and redemptions of Accenture SCA Class I common shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares reduce shares outstanding for purposes of computing diluted earnings per share.

			Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under Publicly
	Total Number of Shares	Average Price Paid per	Publicly Announced Plans or	Announced Plans
Period	Purchased (1)	Share	Programs	or Programs
Accenture SCA				
March 1, 2007 March 31, 2007 Class I common shares		\$		
April 1, 2007 April 30, 2007		Ф		
Class I common shares	12,856,099	\$ 34.78		
May 1, 2007 May 31, 2007	, ,			
Class I common shares	2,955,360	\$ 38.53		
Total	15 011 450	Ф 25 40		
Class I common shares (2)	15,811,459	\$ 35.48		
Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. March 1, 2007 March 31, 2007				
Exchangeable shares		\$		
April 1, 2007 April 30, 2007				
Exchangeable shares	117,120	\$ 38.64		
May 1, 2007 May 31, 2007	444.050			
Exchangeable shares	111,859	\$ 38.34		
Total Exchangeable shares (2)	228,979	\$ 38.50		
Exchangeable shares (2)	220,717	φ 36.30		
(1) As of May 31, 2007, the Board of Directors of Accenture Ltd had authorized an aggregate of \$5.7 billion for purchases and redemptions of shares from our current and former senior executives and their permitted transferees under our				

Senior

Executive

Trading Policy

and our prior

Share

Management

Plan. As of

May 31, 2007,

an aggregate of

\$1,048 million

remained

available for

these purchases

and

redemptions.

(2) During the third

quarter of fiscal

2007, Accenture

redeemed and

purchased a

total of

15,811,459

Accenture SCA

Class I common

shares and

228,979

Accenture

Canada

Holdings Inc.

exchangeable

shares from

current and

former senior

executives and

their permitted

transferees.

Purchases and redemptions of Accenture SCA Class II and Class III common shares

Transactions involving Accenture SCA Class II and Class III common shares consist exclusively of inter-company transactions undertaken to facilitate other corporate purposes. These inter-company transactions do not affect shares outstanding for purposes of computing earnings per share reflected in our Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1. Financial Statements.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

- (a) None.
- (b) None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit Index:

Exhibit Number	Exhibit
3.1	Form of Bye-laws of the Registrant, effective as of February 2, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the February 28, 2005 10-Q)
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 37

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: June 29, 2007

ACCENTURE LTD

By: /s/ Pamela J. Craig

Name: Pamela J. Craig

Title: Chief Financial Officer

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