LIFETIME BRANDS, INC Form 10-Q August 08, 2008 **UNITED STATES**

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2008

OR

0 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM______TO_____

Commission file number 0-19254

LIFETIME BRANDS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

1000 Stewart Avenue, Garden City, New York, 11530

(Address of principal executive offices, including Zip Code)

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code) (516) 683-6000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes x No O

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large O	Accelerated filer	
accelerated		х
filer		
Non-accelerated on the one of the	Small reporting company	0
filer		0

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes o No X

The number of shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding as of August 7, 2008 was 11,966,888.

FORM 10-Q

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

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PART 1. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LIFETIME BRANDS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share data)

	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
	(unaudited)	
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,150	\$4,172
Accounts receivable, less allowances of \$12,529 at 2008 and \$16,400 at 2007	52,242	65,030
Inventory	160,858	143,684
Deferred income taxes	7,983	7,925
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	6,455	7,267
Prepaid income taxes	9,010	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	237,698	228,078
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net	54,351	54,332
GOODWILL	27,432	27,432
OTHER INTANGIBLES, net	34,887	35,383
INVESTMENT IN GRUPO VASCONIA, S.A.B.	24,141	22,950
OTHER ASSETS	3,020	3,240
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 381,529	\$371,415
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Short-term borrowings	\$ 40,600	\$13,500
Accounts payable	20,761	21,759
Accrued expenses	28,042	31,504
Income taxes payable		4,520
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	89,403	71,283
DEFERRED RENT & OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	15,732	14,481
DEFERRED INCOME TAX	8,437	8,211
LONG-TERM DEBT	55,200	55,200

CONVERTIBLE NOTES	75,000	75,000	
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Common stock, \$.01 par value, shares authorized: 25,000,000; shares issued and			
outstanding: 11,966,888 in 2008 and 11,964,388 in 2007	120	120	
Paid-in capital	115,269	113,995	
Retained earnings	22,571	33,250	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(203)	(125)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	137,757	147,240	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 381,529	\$371,415	

See accompanying independent registered public accounting firm review report and notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except per share data)

(unaudited)

	Three Mont	hs Ended	Six Months Er	nded
	June 30, 2008	2007	June 30, 2008	2007
Net sales	\$92,399	\$91,371	\$190,593	\$195,158
Cost of sales Distribution expenses	55,288 12,766	51,906 11,721	114,893 26,156	113,003 25,032
Selling, general and administrative expenses Restructuring expenses	31,183 107	29,494	62,286 2,987	59,425
Loss from operations	(6,945)	(1,750)	(15,729)	(2,302)
Interest expense	(2,053)	(1,546)	(4,146)	(3,081)
Loss before income taxes and equity in earnings of Grupo Vasconia, S.A.B.	(8,998)	(3,296)	(19,875)	(5,383)
Income tax benefit Equity in earnings of Grupo Vasconia, S.A.B.,	5,108	1,270	9,731	2,074
net of taxes	707		964	
NET LOSS	\$(3,183)	\$(2,026)	\$(9,180)	\$(3,309)
BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER COMMON SHARE	\$(0.27)	\$(0.15)	\$(0.77)	\$(0.25)

See accompanying independent registered public accounting firm review report and notes to unaudited condensed

consolidated financial statements.

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

(unaudited)

	Six Months End June 30,	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2008	2007
	¢ (0.100)	¢ (2,200
Net loss	\$ (9,180)	\$(3,309)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash		
used in operating activities:	5 207	4 201
Depreciation and amortization	5,396	4,301
Deferred rent	1,467	200
Deferred income taxes		1,085
Stock compensation expense	1,264	966
Equity in earnings of Grupo Vasconia, S.A.B., net of taxes	(964)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities (excluding the effect of business		
acquisitions):		
Accounts receivable, net	12,788	14,556
Inventory	(4,857)	(9,875)
Prepaid expenses, other current assets and other assets	1,032	(1,131)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	(4,620)	(15,178)
Prepaid income taxes	(9,010)	(3,710)
Income tax payable	(4,520)	(6,878)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(11,204)	(18,973)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property and equipment	(4,924)	(11,803)
Business acquisitions	(12,317)	(2,119)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(17,241)	(13,922)
	(17,211)	(13,722)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds of short-term borrowings, net	27,100	35,600
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	8	137
Excess tax benefits from stock compensation		69
Payment of capital lease obligations	(188)	(225)
Cash dividends paid	(1,497)	(1,686)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	25,423	33,895
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(3,022)	1,000
		1,000
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	4,172	
UNDER THE CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF FEMOD	\$ 1,150	\$1,150

See accompanying independent registered public accounting firm review report and notes to unaudited condensed consolidated

financial statements.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

(unaudited)

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and business

Lifetime Brands, Inc. (the "Company") designs, markets and distributes a broad range of consumer products used in the home, including food preparation, tabletop and home décor products and markets its products under a number of brand names and trademarks, which are either owned or licensed. The Company sells its products wholesale to retailers throughout North America and directly to the consumer through Company-operated factory and outlet stores, mail order catalogs, and the Internet.

Basis of presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007. Operating results for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2008.

Seasonality

The Company's business and working capital needs are highly seasonal, with a majority of sales occurring in the third and fourth quarters. In 2007, 2006 and 2005, net sales for the third and fourth quarters accounted for 61%, 65% and 71% of total annual net sales, respectively. Operating profits earned in the third and fourth quarters of 2007, 2006 and 2005 accounted for 111%, 99% and 83% of total annual operating profits, respectively. In anticipation of the pre-holiday shipping season, inventory levels increase primarily in the June through October time period.

Revenue recognition

Wholesale sales are recognized when title of merchandise passes and the risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the customer. Factory and outlet store sales are recognized at the time of sale. Catalog and Internet sales are recognized upon receipt by the customer. Shipping and handling fees that are billed to customers in sales transactions are included in net sales and amounted to \$970,000 and \$824,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, and \$2.1 million and \$1.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Net sales exclude taxes that are collected from customers and remitted to the taxing authorities.

Distribution expenses

Distribution expenses consist primarily of warehousing expenses, handling costs of products sold and freight-out expenses. Freight-out expenses amounted to \$1.8 million and \$1.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, and \$3.4 million and \$3.9 million, for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

(unaudited)

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Inventory

Inventory consists principally of finished goods sourced from third party suppliers. Inventory also includes finished goods, work in process and raw materials related to the Company's manufacture of sterling silver products. Inventory is priced by the lower of cost (first-in, first-out basis) or market method. Consistent with the seasonality of the Company's business, inventory generally increases, beginning late in the second quarter of the year, and reaches a peak at the end of the third quarter or early in the fourth quarter, and declines thereafter. The Company periodically reviews and analyzes inventory based on a number of factors including, but not limited to, future product demand for items and estimated profitability of merchandise. When appropriate, the Company writes down inventory to net realizable value.

The components of inventory are as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2008	2007
	(in t	housands)
Finished goods	\$155,426	\$139,042
Work in process	2,453	2,412
Raw materials	2,979	2,230
Total	\$160,858	\$143,684

Derivatives

The Company accounts for derivative instruments in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, and subsequent amendments ("SFAS 133"). SFAS 133 requires that all derivative instruments be recognized on the balance sheet at fair value as either an asset or a liability. Accounting for changes in the fair value of a derivative depends on whether it qualifies and has been designated as part of a hedging relationship. For derivatives that qualify and have been designated as hedges for accounting purposes, changes in fair value have no net impact on earnings to the extent the derivative is considered perfectly effective in achieving offsetting changes in fair value or cash flows attributable to the risk being hedged until the hedged item is recognized in earnings. For derivatives that do not qualify or are not designated as hedging instruments for accounting purposes, changes in fair value are recorded in current

period earnings.

Fair value measurements

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*, which provides enhanced guidance for using fair value to measure assets and liabilities. SFAS No. 157 establishes a common definition of fair value, provides a framework for measuring fair value under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and expands disclosure requirements about fair value measurements. In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position ("FSP") 157-1, *Application of FASB Statement No. 157 to FASB Statement No. 13 and Other Accounting Pronouncements That Address Fair Value Measurements for Purposes of Lease Classification or Measurement under Statement 13* and FSP 157-2, *Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157* to FASB No. 157 to remove certain leasing transactions from its scope. FSP 157-2, *Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157* delays the effective date of SFAS No. 157 for all nonfinancial assets and liabilities except those that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on at least an annual basis until January 1, 2009. The Company adopted SFAS No. 157, except as it applies to nonfinancial assets and liabilities as noted in FSP 157-2, on January 1, 2008. Fair value measurements included in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements relate solely to the Company's derivatives described in Note G.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

(unaudited)

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

New accounting pronouncements

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), *Business Combinations* ("SFAS 141(R)"). Under SFAS 141(R), an acquiring entity will be required to recognize all the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a transaction at the acquisition date fair value with limited exceptions. SFAS 141(R) will change the accounting treatment for certain specific acquisition-related items, including expensing acquisition-related costs as incurred and expensing restructuring costs associated with an acquired business. SFAS 141(R) applies prospectively, with limited exceptions, to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the first fiscal period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Early adoption is not permitted. Generally, the effect of SFAS 141(R) will depend on future acquisitions and, as such, the Company does not currently expect the adoption of SFAS 141(R) to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, *Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities –an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133*, which enhances the disclosure requirements for derivatives and hedging activities. SFAS No. 161 is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008. SFAS No. 161 will only affect the Company's derivatives disclosures beginning January 1, 2009 and will not have any impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In May 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position Accounting Principles Board No. 14-1, *Accounting for Convertible Debt Instruments That May Be Settled in Cash upon Conversion (Including Partial Cash Settlement)* ("FSP APB 14-1"). FSP APB 14-1 requires the issuer of certain convertible debt instruments that may be settled in cash, or other assets, on conversion (including partial cash settlement), to separately account for the liability (debt) and equity (conversion option) components in a manner that reflects the issuer's non-convertible debt borrowing rate. The resulting debt discount (equity portion) is amortized over the period the convertible debt is expected to be outstanding as additional non-cash interest expense. FSP APB 14-1 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008 on a retrospective basis and will be adopted by the Company on January 1, 2009. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that FSP APB 14-1 will have on its consolidated financial statements.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the 2007 period condensed consolidated statement of cash flows were reclassified to conform to the presentation in 2008. These reclassifications had no effect on the Company's previously reported consolidated financial position or results of operations.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

(unaudited)

NOTE B - MIKASA ACQUISITION

On June 6, 2008, the Company acquired the business and certain assets of Mikasa, Inc. ("Mikasa") from Arc International SA ("ARC"). Mikasa is a leading provider of dinnerware, crystal stemware, barware, flatware and decorative accessories. Mikasa's products are distributed through department stores, specialty stores and big box chains, as well as through its own Internet website. The preliminary purchase price was \$20.1 million, consisting of (i) \$12.3 million of cash paid at closing, (ii) \$2.7 million of certain liabilities assumed at closing, (iii) \$5.0 million of cash to be paid on December 15, 2008, and (iv) acquisition related costs of \$100,000. The agreement also requires the Company to pay ARC an amount by which the sum of 5% of the annual net sales of Mikasa for 2009, 2010 and 2011, exceeds \$5.0 million. On a preliminary basis the purchase price has been allocated to inventory acquired.

NOTE C - INVESTMENT IN GRUPO VASCONIA, S.A.B.

In December 2007, the Company acquired approximately 30% of the capital stock of Grupo Vasconia, S.A.B. ("Vasconia"), (formerly known as, Ekco, S.A.B.), a manufacturer and distributor of aluminum disks, cookware and related items. Shares of Vasconia's capital stock are traded on the Bolsa Mexicana de Valores, S.A. de C.V., the Mexico Stock Exchange, under the symbol BMV: EKCO.

The Company accounts for its investment in Vasconia using the equity method of accounting. Accordingly, the Company has recorded its proportionate share of Vasconia's net income (reduced for amortization expense related to the customer relationships acquired), net of taxes of \$142,000 and \$226,000 for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2008, respectively, in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations. The Company has allocated the purchase price of Vasconia as follows (in thousands):

Investment	\$16,036
Goodwill	5,166
Customer relationships (estimated life of	
16 years)	1,748
Total	\$22,950

Summarized income statement information for Vasconia is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2008	Six Months Ended June 30, 2008
Net sales	\$28,680	\$50,812
Gross profit	8,161	14,242
Income from operations	3,539	5,995
Net income	2,663	4,152

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

(unaudited)

NOTE D - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets

Intangible assets, all of which relate to the Company's wholesale segment, consist of the following (in thousands):

	June 30 , 20	008 Accumulate	d		December	31, 2007 Accumulat	ed	
	Gross	Amortizatio		Net	Gross	Amortizati		Net
Indefinite-lived intangible assets:								
Trade names	\$21,443	\$		\$21,443	\$21,443	\$		\$21,443
Finite-lived intangible assets:								
Licenses	15,847	(4,807)	11,040	15,847	(4,490)	11,357
Trade names	2,477	(1,061)	1,416	2,477	(1,020)	1,457
Customer relationships	886	(538)	348	886	(451)	435
Designs	460	(364)	96	460	(330)	130
Patents	584	(40)	544	584	(23)	561
Total	\$41,697	\$ (6,810)	\$34,887	\$41,697	\$ (6,314)	\$35,383

NOTE E - BANK CREDIT FACILITY

The Company has a \$150 million secured credit facility, with an accordion feature for an additional \$50 million, that expires in April 2011 (the "Credit Facility"). Borrowings under the Credit Facility are secured by all assets of the Company. Under the terms of the Credit Facility, the Company is required to satisfy certain financial covenants, including covenants providing limitations on indebtedness, sale of assets and capital expenditures, a maximum leverage ratio and a minimum interest coverage ratio. At June 30, 2008, the Company was in compliance with these covenants. Borrowings under the Credit Facility have different interest rate options that are based on either, (i) an alternate base rate, (ii) the LIBOR rate, or (iii) the lender's cost of funds rate, plus in each case a margin based on a leverage ratio. In April 2008, the Credit Facility was amended to revise certain financial covenants, increase the applicable margin rates and establish a borrowing base calculation.

At June 30, 2008, the Company had \$2.8 million of open letters of credit and \$95.8 million of borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility. Interest rates on outstanding borrowings at June 30, 2008 ranged from 3.64% to 5.00%. The availability under the Credit Facility at June 30, 2008 was \$19.8 million. The Company has interest rate swap and collar agreements (see Note G) with an aggregate notional amount of \$55.2 million at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007. The Company entered into these agreements to effectively fix the interest rate on a portion of its borrowings under the Credit Facility. The agreements have maturity dates that exceed one year as the Company does not intend to repay an equivalent amount of debt within one year. Accordingly, \$55.2 million of debt outstanding under the Credit Facility at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, has been classified as long-term debt.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

(unaudited)

NOTE F - CONVERTIBLE NOTES

The Company has outstanding \$75 million aggregate principal amount of 4.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2011 (the "Notes"). The Notes are convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$28.00 per share, subject to adjustment in certain events. The Notes bear interest at 4.75% *per annum*, payable semiannually in arrears on January 15 and July 15 of each year and are unsubordinated except with respect to the Company's debt to the extent secured by the Company's assets. The Notes mature on July 15, 2011. The Company may not redeem the Notes at any time prior to maturity.

The Notes are convertible at the option of the holder anytime prior to the close of business on the business day prior to the maturity date. Upon conversion, the Company may elect to deliver either shares of the Company's common stock, cash or a combination of cash and shares of the Company's common stock in satisfaction of the Company's obligations upon conversion of the Notes. At any time prior to the 26 trading day preceding the maturity date, the Company may irrevocably elect to satisfy in cash the Company's conversion obligation with respect to the principal amount of the Notes to be converted after the date of such election, with any remaining amount to be satisfied in shares of the Company's common stock. The election would be in the Company's sole discretion without the consent of the holders of the Notes. The conversion rate of the Notes may be adjusted upon the occurrence of certain events that would dilute the Company's outstanding common stock. In addition, holders that convert their Notes in connection with certain fundamental changes, such as a change in control, may be entitled to a make whole premium in the form of an increase in the conversion rate. If the Notes are not converted prior to the maturity date the Company is required to pay the holders of the Notes the principal amount of the Notes in cash upon maturity.

The Company has reserved 2,678,571 shares of common stock for issuance upon conversion of the Notes. Such shares have been registered and the Notes include a registration rights agreement that would require the Company to pay liquidated damages to the holders of the Notes if the Company fails to keep the registration statement effective.

NOTE G - DERIVATIVES

The Company has interest rate swap agreements with an aggregate notional amount of \$50 million and interest rate collar agreements with an aggregate notional amount of \$40.2 million to manage interest rate exposure in connection with its variable interest rate borrowings, and a credit default swap with a notional amount of \$1 million to manage credit exposure related to certain accounts receivable. The interest rate swap and collar agreements expire in 2010 and the credit default swap expires in 2009. Certain interest rate swap agreements with an aggregate notional amount of \$35 million and the credit default swap expires in 2009. Certain interest rate swap agreements with an aggregate notional amount of \$35 million and the credit default swap were not designated as hedges under SFAS 133 and the fair value gains or losses from these swap agreements are recognized in earnings. The effect of recording these interest rate swap agreements at fair value resulted in unrealized gains of \$59,000 and \$10,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively, which is included in interest expense. An interest rate swap agreement with a notional amount of \$15 million and the interest rate collar agreements were designated as cash flow hedges under SFAS 133. The effective portion of the fair value gains or losses on these agreements is recorded in other comprehensive loss. The effect of recording these agreements at fair value resulted in an unrealized gain of \$712,000 (net of taxes of \$526,000) for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and an unrealized loss of \$77,000 (net of taxes of \$58,000) for the six months ended June 30, 2008. No amounts recorded in other comprehensive loss are expected to be reclassified to interest expense in the next twelve months. The fair value of the above derivatives have been obtained

from the counterparties to the agreements and are based on Level 2 observable inputs using proprietary models and reasonable estimates about relevant future market conditions. The aggregate fair value of the Company's derivative instruments at June 30, 2008 was a liability of \$857,000, which is included in deferred rent and other long-term liabilities.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

(unaudited)

NOTE H - STOCK OPTIONS

A summary of the Company's stock option activity and related information for the six months ended June 30, 2008 is as follows:

	Options	Weighted average exercise price	Weighted average remaining contractual life (years)	
Options outstanding, January 1, 2008	1,808,900	\$22.69		The following table contains the calculation of net debt:

March 31 2013	December 31,
Water 51, 2015	2012
\$780	\$586
55,014	83,276
278,622	235,877
334,416	319,739
199,833	190,718
\$134,583	\$129,021
	55,014 278,622 334,416 199,833

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

For discussion of our exposure to market risk, refer to "Quantitative and Qualitat Market Risk", which is included as an exhibit to this Form 10-Q.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

a)Disclosure controls and procedures.

The principal executive officers and principal financial officer, based on their eva controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15 period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, have concluded that the C controls and procedures are effective for ensuring that information required to be that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, proreported within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms. I procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensurrequired to be disclosed in filed or submitted reports is accumulated and communmanagement, including its principal executive officer and principal financial offictimely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting.

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to material internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Asbestos Litigation

Albany International Corp. is a defendant in suits brought in various courts in the who allege that they have suffered personal injury as a result of exposure to asbest that we previously manufactured. We produced asbestos-containing paper maching fabrics marketed during the period from 1967 to 1976 and used in certain paper regenerally had a useful life of three to twelve months.

We were defending 4,296 claims as of April 19, 2013.

The following table sets forth the number of claims filed, the number of claims set otherwise resolved, and the aggregate settlement amount during the periods prese

Opening Number of Claims

Year ended December 31,		Claims Dismissed, Settled, or Resolved	New Claims	Closing Number of Claims
2005	29,411	6,257	1,297	24,451
2006	24,451	6,841	1,806	19,416
2007	19,416	808	190	18,798
2008	18,798	523	110	18,385
2009	18,385	9,482	42	8,945
2010	8,945	3,963	188	5,170
2011	5,170	789	65	4,446
2012	4,446	90	107	4,463
2013	4,463	197	30	4,296

We anticipate that additional claims will be filed against the Company and relate but are unable to predict the number and timing of such future claims.

Exposure and disease information sufficient to meaningfully estimate a range of particular claim is typically not available until late in the discovery process, and o is imminent and a settlement demand has been received. For these reasons, we do estimate can be made regarding the range of possible loss with respect to pending

While we believe we have meritorious defenses to these claims, we have settled of we consider reasonable given the facts and circumstances of each case. Our insurdefended each case and funded settlements under a standard reservation of rights had resolved, by means of settlement or dismissal, 36,567 claims. The total cost of \$8.6 million. Of this

amount, almost 100% was paid by our insurance carrier. The Company has over a insurance coverage that should be available with respect to current and future asb additional insurance coverage that we should be able to access.

Brandon Drying Fabrics, Inc. ("Brandon"), a subsidiary of Geschmay Corp., whi Company, is also a separate defendant in many of the asbestos cases in which Al defendant. Brandon was defending against 7,866 claims as of April 19, 2013.

The following table sets forth the number of claims filed, the number of claims set otherwise resolved, and the aggregate settlement amount during the periods prese

Year ended December 31,	<i>Opening Number</i> of Claims	Claims Dismissed, Settled, or Resolved	New Claims	Closing Number o
2005	9,985	642	223	9,566
2006	9,566	1,182	730	9,114
2007	9,114	462	88	8,740
2008	8,740	86	10	8,664
2009	8,664	760	3	7,907
2010	7,907	47	9	7,869
2011	7,869	3	11	7,877
2012	7,877	12	2	7,867
2013	7,867	2	1	7,866

We acquired Geschmay Corp., formerly known as Wangner Systems Corporation wholly owned subsidiary of Geschmay Corp. In 1978, Brandon acquired certain a ("Abney"), a South Carolina textile manufacturer. Among the assets acquired by assets of Abney's wholly owned subsidiary, Brandon Sales, Inc. which had sold, fabrics containing asbestos made by its parent, Abney. Although Brandon manufafabrics under its own name subsequent to the asset purchase, none of such fabrics Because Brandon did not manufacture asbestos-containing products, and because was the legal successor to, or otherwise responsible for obligations of Abney with manufactured by Abney, it believes it has strong defenses to the claims that have As of January 30, 2013, Brandon has resolved, by means of settlement or dismiss of \$0.2 million. Brandon's insurance carriers initially agreed to pay 88.2% of the defense costs related to these proceedings, subject to the standard reservation of r 11.8% of the costs had been borne directly by Brandon. During 2004, Brandon's cover 100% of indemnification and defense costs, subject to policy limits and the rights, and to reimburse Brandon for all indemnity and defense costs paid directly

these proceedings.

For the same reasons set forth above with respect to Albany's claims, as well as the have been paid to resolve any Brandon claims since 2001, we do not believe a mean made regarding the range of possible loss with respect to these remaining claims.

In some of these asbestos cases, the Company is named both as a direct defendan interest" to Mount Vernon Mills ("Mount Vernon"). We acquired certain assets f Certain plaintiffs allege injury caused by asbestos-containing products alleged to Vernon many years prior to this acquisition. Mount Vernon is contractually oblig Company against any liability arising out of such products. We deny any liability Mount Vernon prior to the acquisition of the Mount Vernon assets. Pursuant to it indemnification obligations, Mount Vernon has assumed the defense of these class successfully moved for dismissal in a number of actions.

Although we do not believe, based on currently available information and for the a meaningful estimate of a range of possible loss can be made with respect to suc understanding of the insurance policies available, how settlement amounts have be policies, our settlement experience, the absence of any judgments against the Corratio of paper mill claims to total claims filed, and the defenses available, we currentate insurance limits. Consequently, we currently do not anticipate, based on currently that the ultimate resolution of the aforementioned proceedings will have a material position, results of operations, or cash flows of the Company. Although number and timing of future claims, based on the foregoing factors and the trends date, we do not anticipate that additional claims likely to be filed against us in the material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operation, results of operations, or cash flows of the company. Although number and timing of future claims, based on the foregoing factors and the trends date, we do not anticipate that additional claims likely to be filed against us in the material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations, or cash flow for the foregoing factors and the trends date, and the rends of the additional claims likely to be filed against us in the material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations, or cash flow for the foregoing factors and the trends date.

NAFTA Audits

The Company's affiliate in Mexico was notified in November 2010 that Mexican expected to issue demands for duties on certain imports of PMC from the Compa affiliate in Canada for which the Company has claimed duty-free treatment under Trade Agreement ("NAFTA").

The notices result from a decision by the Mexican Servicio de Administración Tr invalidate NAFTA certificates provided by the Company on products shipped to during the years 2006 through 2008. The Demand Notices arose from an SAT at conclusion of which the SAT determined that the Company had failed to provide to show that the certificates were validly issued, and declared the certificates issu invalid. The Company believes that the certificates of origin were valid and prop commenced administrative appeals with SAT disputing its resolutions.

As a result of the aforementioned appeals, SAT ultimately revoked its earlier dec with respect to the certificates of origin at issue in all 36 open audit files, and ord such certificates. The Company has been informed that review of 28 of the 36 au completed, and that a small number of shipments have been determined to be ine NAFTA treatment, primarily due to some alternative raw material that was sourc brief period when sufficient U.S.-sourced material was temporarily unavailable. S review of the certificates of origin in the remaining 8 open audits, for which the C evidence that it believes will be sufficient to establish NAFTA qualification.

Based on discussions with SAT, the Company currently expects to incur an imma charges and penalties with respect to the shipments determined to be ineligible. T believe that it faces any material risk of certificates being invalidated with respect the 2006 through 2008 audit period. For this reason, the Company does not feel t have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of ope

Item 1A. Risk Factors .

There have been no material changes in risks since December 31, 2012. For discuto Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31,

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

We made no share purchases during the first quarter of 2013. We remain authoriz Directors to purchase up to 2 million shares of our Class A Common Stock.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not Applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

	Exhibit Io.	Description		
3	1.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) Exchange Act.		
3	1.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/ Act.		
3	2.1	Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 200 of Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code).		
9	9.1	Quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risks as reported a		
1	01	The following financial information from the Registrant's Quarterly Requarter ended March 31, 2013, formatted in eXtensible Business Report filed herewith:		
(i	i)Conso	lidated Statements of Income for the three months ended March 31, 201		
(i)Consolidated Statements of Income for the three months ended March 31, 201 (ii) 2012 .				
(iii)Consolidated Balance Sheets at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 20				
(iv)Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31				
(v)Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.				
As provided in Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, this information shall not be dee				
Sections 11 and 12 of the Securities Act and Section 18 of the Securities Excha				
to liability under those sections.				

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrar report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ALBANY INTERNATIONAL CORP .

(Registrant)

Date: May 3, 2013

By<u>/s/ John B. Cozzolino</u> John B. Cozzolino Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)