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People's Utah Bancorp
Form 10-Q/A
May 11, 2018

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A

(Amendment No. 1)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2018

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 001-37416

PEOPLE'S UTAH BANCORP

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

| | |
|---|--|
| UTAH (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) | 87-0622021 (IRS Employer Identification No.) |
|---|--|

| | |
|---|---------------------|
| 1 East Main Street, American Fork, Utah (Address of principal executive offices) | 84003 (Zip Code) |
|---|---------------------|

(801) 642-3998

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Registrant's telephone number, including area code

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company", and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

The number of shares of Registrant's common stock outstanding on April 30, 2018 was 18,679,512. No preferred shares are issued or outstanding.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

On May 9, 2018, People's Utah Bancorp (the "Company") filed a Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the "Report") with the Securities and Exchange Commission to report the Company's financial results for the third quarter ended on March 31, 2018. This Amendment No. 1 is solely being filed to include the omitted XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language) files and includes Exhibit 101, which consists of the following materials from the Form 10-Q formatted in XBRL:

101.INS XBRL Instance Document.

101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.

101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Calculation Linkbase Document.

101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document.

101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.

101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

Except as described above, no changes have been made to the Report. Except as otherwise indicated herein, this Amendment No. 1 continues to speak as of the date of the Report, and the Company has not updated the disclosures contained therein to reflect any events that occurred subsequent to the date of the Report. Accordingly, this Amendment No. 1 should be read in conjunction with the Report, and any filings made with the SEC subsequent to the filing of the Report.

PEOPLE'S UTAH BANCORP

Form 10-Q

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PEOPLE'S UTAH BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

| (Dollars in thousands, except share data) | March 31, 2018 | December 31, 2017 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents: | | |
| Cash and due from banks | \$32,267 | \$36,235 |
| Interest bearing deposits | 9,268 | 13,158 |
| Federal funds sold | 338 | 1,634 |
| Total cash and cash equivalents | 41,873 | 51,027 |
| Investment securities: | | |
| Available-for-sale, at fair value | 249,534 | 263,056 |
| Held-to-maturity, at historical cost | 73,888 | 74,654 |
| Total investment securities | 323,422 | 337,710 |
| Non-marketable equity securities | 5,711 | 3,706 |
| Loans held for sale | 10,618 | 10,871 |
| Loans: | | |
| Loans held for investment | 1,687,530 | 1,627,444 |
| Allowance for loan losses | (20,731) | (18,303) |
| Total loans held for investment, net | 1,666,799 | 1,609,141 |
| Premises and equipment, net | 29,734 | 30,399 |
| Goodwill | 25,344 | 26,008 |
| Bank-owned life insurance | 25,964 | 23,566 |
| Deferred income tax assets | 10,005 | 8,827 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 7,616 | 7,594 |
| Other intangibles | 3,744 | 3,854 |
| Other real estate owned | - | 994 |
| Other assets | 12,608 | 9,832 |
| Total assets | \$2,163,438 | \$2,123,529 |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Deposits: | | |
| Non-interest bearing deposits | \$664,438 | \$641,124 |
| Interest bearing deposits | 1,141,887 | 1,173,508 |
| Total deposits | 1,806,325 | 1,814,632 |
| Short-term borrowings | 79,000 | 40,000 |
| Accrued interest payable | 354 | 353 |
| Other liabilities | 13,960 | 11,126 |
| Total liabilities | 1,899,639 | 1,866,111 |
| Commitments and contingencies | | |
| Shareholders' equity: | | |
| Preferred shares, \$0.01 par value: 3,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued | - | - |
| Common shares, \$0.01 par value: 30,000,000 shares authorized; 18,674,232 and 18,511,797 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively | 187 | 185 |

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| | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Additional paid-in capital | 85,430 | 84,532 |
| Retained earnings | 182,136 | 174,804 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (3,954) | (2,103) |
| Total shareholders' equity | 263,799 | 257,418 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$2,163,438 | \$2,123,529 |

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

PEOPLE'S UTAH BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

| (Dollars in thousands, except share and per share data) | Three Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------|------------|
| | March 31, | |
| | 2018 | 2017 |
| Interest income | | |
| Interest and fees on loans | \$25,810 | \$16,853 |
| Interest and dividends on investments | 1,656 | 1,705 |
| Total interest income | 27,466 | 18,558 |
| Interest expense | 1,495 | 766 |
| Net interest income | 25,971 | 17,792 |
| Provision for loan losses | 2,050 | 200 |
| Net interest income after provision for loan losses | 23,921 | 17,592 |
| Non-interest income | | |
| Mortgage banking | 1,638 | 1,979 |
| Card processing | 1,326 | 1,124 |
| Service charges on deposit accounts | 673 | 536 |
| Net loss on sale of investment securities | - | (13) |
| Other operating | 657 | 486 |
| Total non-interest income | 4,294 | 4,112 |
| Non-interest expense | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 10,423 | 7,967 |
| Occupancy, equipment and depreciation | 1,543 | 1,117 |
| Data processing | 870 | 675 |
| Card processing | 603 | 529 |
| Marketing and advertising | 446 | 262 |
| FDIC premiums | 329 | 126 |
| Acquisition-related costs | 349 | - |
| Other | 2,088 | 1,767 |
| Total non-interest expense | 16,651 | 12,443 |
| Income before income tax expense | 11,564 | 9,261 |
| Income tax expense | 2,560 | 2,740 |
| Net income | \$9,004 | \$6,521 |
| Earnings per common share: | | |
| Basic | \$0.48 | \$0.36 |
| Diluted | \$0.48 | \$0.36 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding: | | |
| Basic | 18,598,436 | 17,884,026 |
| Diluted | 18,937,637 | 18,316,331 |

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

PEOPLE'S UTAH BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--|------------------------------------|---------|
| | 2018 | 2017 |
| Net income | \$9,004 | \$6,521 |
| Other comprehensive income | | |
| Unrealized holding (losses)/gains on securities available-for-sale | (2,468) | 63 |
| Income tax benefit/(expense) | 617 | (25) |
| Unrealized holding (losses)/gains on securities available-for-sale, net of tax | (1,851) | 38 |
| Total comprehensive income | \$7,153 | \$6,559 |

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

PEOPLE'S UTAH BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

| | Common | | Additional | Retained | Accumulated | |
|---|------------|--------|------------|------------|---------------|--------------|
| (Dollars in thousands, except share data) | Shares | Amount | Paid-in | Earnings | Other | Total |
| | | | Capital | | Comprehensive | |
| | | | | | Income (Loss) | |
| Balance as of January 1, 2017 | 17,819,538 | \$ 178 | \$ 68,657 | \$ 160,692 | \$ (1,010 |) \$ 228,517 |
| Comprehensive income | - | - | - | 6,521 | 38 | 6,559 |
| Cash dividends (\$0.08 per share) | - | - | - | (1,431 |) | (1,431 |
| Share-based compensation | - | - | 109 | - | - | 109 |
| Exercise of stock options | 105,746 | 1 | 490 | - | - | 491 |
| Balance as of March 31, 2017 | 17,925,284 | \$ 179 | \$ 69,256 | \$ 165,782 | \$ (972 |) \$ 234,245 |
| Balance as of January 1, 2018 | 18,511,797 | \$ 185 | \$ 84,532 | \$ 174,804 | \$ (2,103 |) \$ 257,418 |
| Comprehensive income | - | - | - | 9,004 | (1,851 |) 7,153 |
| Cash dividends (\$0.09 per share) | - | - | - | (1,672 |) | (1,672 |
| Share-based compensation | - | - | 216 | - | - | 216 |
| Exercise of stock options | 162,435 | 2 | 682 | - | - | 684 |
| Balance as of March 31, 2018 | 18,674,232 | \$ 187 | \$ 85,430 | \$ 182,136 | \$ (3,954 |) \$ 263,799 |

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

PEOPLE'S UTAH BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| | 2018 | 2017 |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net income | \$9,004 | \$6,521 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Provision for loan losses | 2,050 | 200 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 738 | 629 |
| Deferred income taxes | (561) | 43 |
| Net amortization of securities discounts and premiums | 682 | 772 |
| Increase in cash surrender value of bank owned life insurance | (148) | (128) |
| Share based compensation | 216 | 109 |
| Gain on sale of loans held for sale | (1,150) | (1,403) |
| Originations of loans held for sale | (56,474) | (59,690) |
| Proceeds from sale of loans held for sale | 57,877 | 68,866 |
| Net changes in: | | |
| Accrued interest receivable | (22) | (222) |
| Other assets | (2,217) | 32 |
| Accrued interest payable | 1 | (26) |
| Other liabilities | 2,834 | 2,201 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 12,830 | 17,904 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Net change in loans held for investment | (58,963) | (32,424) |
| Purchase of available-for-sale securities | - | (16,680) |
| Purchase of held-to-maturity securities | - | (6,195) |
| Proceeds from maturities/sales of available-for-sale securities | 10,566 | 17,508 |
| Proceeds from maturities of held-to-maturity securities | 572 | 1,489 |
| Purchase of bank-owned life insurance | (2,250) | - |
| Purchase of premises and equipment | (47) | (1,404) |
| Proceeds from sale of other real estate owned, net of improvements | 438 | - |
| Net change of non-marketable equity securities | (2,005) | (132) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (51,689) | (37,838) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Net (decrease) increase in deposits | (8,307) | 43,591 |
| Proceeds related to exercise of stock options | 684 | 491 |
| Net change in short-term borrowings | 39,000 | 173 |
| Cash dividends paid | (1,672) | (1,431) |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 29,705 | 42,824 |
| Net change in cash and cash equivalents | (9,154) | 22,890 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period | 51,027 | 67,938 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period | \$41,873 | \$90,828 |
| Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: | | |

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| | | |
|--|------------|-------|
| Cash paid for interest | \$1,494 | \$792 |
| Income taxes paid | \$- | \$- |
| Supplemental disclosures of non-cash investing transactions: | | |
| Reclassifications from loans to other real estate owned | \$(745) | \$- |
| Unrealized gains on securities available-for-sale | \$(2,468) | \$63 |
| Measurement period adjustment to goodwill | \$(664) | \$- |

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

PEOPLE'S UTAH BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 — Basis of Presentation

Nature of Operations and basis of consolidation — People's Utah Bancorp, Inc. ("PUB" or the "Company") is a Utah corporation headquartered in American Fork, Utah. The Company operates all business activities through its wholly-owned banking subsidiary, People's Intermountain Bank ("PIB" or the "Bank"), which was organized in 1913. The Bank is a Utah State chartered bank. The Bank operates under the jurisdiction of the Utah Department of Financial Institutions, and its deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). The Bank is not a member of the Federal Reserve System; however, PUB is operated as a bank holding company under the Federal Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 and is the sole shareholder of the Bank. Both PUB and the Bank are subject to periodic examination by applicable federal and state regulatory agencies and file periodic reports and other information with the agencies.

PIB is a community bank that provides highly personalized retail and commercial banking products and services to small and medium sized businesses and individuals. Products and services are offered primarily through 26 retail branches located throughout Utah and southern Idaho. PIB has three banking divisions, Bank of American Fork, Lewiston State Bank, and People's Town & Country Bank; a leasing division, GrowthFunding Equipment Finance; and a mortgage division, People's Intermountain Bank Mortgage. The Bank offers a full range of short-term to long-term commercial, personal and mortgage loans. Commercial loans include both secured and unsecured loans for working capital (including inventory and accounts receivable), business expansion (including acquisition of real estate and improvements), and purchase of equipment and machinery. Consumer loans include secured and unsecured loans to finance automobiles, home improvements, education, and personal investments. The Bank also offers mortgage loans secured by personal residences. The Bank offers a full range of deposit services typically available in most financial institutions, including checking accounts, savings accounts, and time deposits. The Bank solicits these accounts from individuals, businesses, associations and organizations, and governmental entities.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company together with its subsidiary Bank. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial information. In the opinion of management, the interim statements reflect all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Company on a consolidated basis and all such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. These financial statements and the accompanying notes should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017, which are included in the Company's 2017 Form 10-K. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2018, or any other period.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term relate to the determination of the allowance for loan losses, the valuation of real estate

acquired through foreclosure, deferred tax assets, and share-based compensation.

Earnings per share — Basic earnings per common share represents income available to common shareholders divided by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share reflect additional common shares that would have been outstanding if dilutive potential common shares had been issued. Potential common shares include shares that may be issued by the Company for outstanding stock options determined using the treasury stock method and for all outstanding restricted stock units (“RSU”).

Earnings per common share have been computed based on the following:

| (Dollars in thousands, except share and per share data) | Three Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------|------------|
| | March 31, | |
| | 2018 | 2017 |
| Numerator | | |
| Net income | \$9,004 | \$6,521 |
| Denominator | | |
| Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding | 18,598,436 | 17,884,026 |
| Incremental shares assumed for stock options and RSUs | 339,201 | 432,305 |
| Weighted-average number of dilutive shares outstanding | 18,937,637 | 18,316,331 |
| Basic earnings per common share | \$0.48 | \$0.36 |
| Diluted earnings per common share | \$0.48 | \$0.36 |

Note 1 — Basis of Presentation – Continued

Reclassifications — Certain amounts in the prior period's financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

Impact of Recent Authoritative Accounting Guidance —The Accounting Standards Codification™ (“ASC”) is the Financial Accounting Standards Board’s (“FASB”) officially recognized source of authoritative GAAP applicable to all public and non-public non-governmental entities. Periodically, the FASB will issue Accounting Standard updates (“ASU”) to its ASC. Rules and interpretive releases of the SEC under the authority of the federal securities laws are also sources of authoritative GAAP for us as an SEC registrant. All other accounting literature is non-authoritative.

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-02, Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income. This ASU gives businesses the option of reclassifying to retained earnings the so-called “stranded tax effects” left in accumulated other comprehensive income (“AOCI”) because of the reduction to the corporate income tax rate. The amendments are effective for all organizations for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018 and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted. The FASB said that businesses and organizations should apply the amendments either in the period of adoption or retrospectively to each period in which the effect of the change in the tax rate is recognized. The Company early adopted this ASU on December 31, 2017.

3In March 2017, FASB issued ASU 2017-08, "Receivables-Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs (Subtopic 310-20): Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities." The ASU requires entities to amortize the premium on certain purchased callable debt securities to the earliest call date, which more closely aligns the amortization period of premiums and discounts to expectations incorporated in the market prices. Entities will no longer recognize a loss in earnings upon the debtor's exercise of a call on a purchased debt security held at a premium. The ASU does not require any accounting change for debt securities held at a discount; therefore the discount will continue to be amortized as an adjustment of yield over the contractual life of the investment. This ASU is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted for all entities. The adoption of ASU No. 2017-08 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

In January 2017, FASB issued ASU 2017-04, "Intangibles-Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment." The ASU removes the requirement to compare the implied fair value of goodwill with its carrying value as required in Step 2 of the goodwill impairment test. Under the ASU, registrants would perform their goodwill impairment test and recognize an impairment charge for any amount the carrying value exceeds the reporting unit's fair value, but limited by the amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. This ASU is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for all entities after January 1, 2017. The Company early adopted this ASU on December 31, 2017 and adoption did not have a material effect on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

In January 2017, FASB issued ASU 2017-03, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections (Topic 250) and Investments-Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323)." The ASU amends the Codification for SEC staff announcements made at recent Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) meetings. The SEC guidance that specifically relates to our Consolidated Financial Statements was from the September 2016 meeting, where the SEC staff expressed their expectations about the extent of disclosures registrants should make about the effects of the new FASB guidance as well as any amendments issued prior to adoption, on revenue (ASU 2014-09), leases (ASU 2016-02) and credit losses on financial instruments (ASU 2016-13) in accordance with SAB Topic 11.M. Registrants are required to disclose the effect that recently issued accounting standards will have on their financial statements when adopted in a future period. In cases where a registrant cannot reasonably estimate the impact of the adoption, then additional qualitative disclosures should be considered. The ASU incorporates these SEC staff views into ASC 250 and adds references to that guidance in the transition paragraphs of each of the three new standards. The Company has adopted the amendments in this ASU and appropriate disclosures have been included in this Note for each recently issued accounting standard.

In December 2016, FASB issued ASU No. 2016-19, "Technical Corrections and Improvements" and ASU 2016-20, "Technical Corrections and Improvements to Topic 606: Revenue from Contracts with Customers." On November 10, 2010, FASB added a standing project that will facilitate the FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification") updates for technical corrections, clarifications, and improvements. These amendments are referred to as Technical Corrections and Improvements. Maintenance updates include non-substantive corrections to the Codification, such as editorial corrections, various link-related changes, and changes to source fragment information. These updates contain amendments that will affect a wide variety of Topics in the Codification. The amendments in these ASUs will apply to all reporting entities within the scope of the affected accounting guidance and generally fall into one of four categories: amendments related to differences between original guidance and the Codification, guidance clarification and reference corrections, simplification, and minor improvements. In summary, the amendments represent changes to clarify the Codification, correct unintended application of guidance, or make minor improvements to the Codification that

Note 1 — Basis of Presentation – Continued

are not expected to have a significant effect on current accounting practice. Transition guidance varies based on the amendments in the ASUs. The amendments that require transition guidance are effective for fiscal years and interim reporting periods after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is permitted including adoption in an interim period. All other amendments are effective upon the issuance of these ASUs. Neither ASU 2016-19 nor ASU 2016-20 had a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, "Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments." The ASU amends the guidance on the classification of certain cash receipts and payments in the statement of cash flows and is intended to reduce the diversity in practice. This ASU is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted for all entities beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The adoption of ASU 2016-15 on January 1, 2018 did not have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments." The ASU significantly changes the impairment model for most financial assets that are measured at amortized cost and certain other instruments from an incurred loss model to an expected loss model. This ASU is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for all entities beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is in the process of identifying required changes to the loan loss estimation models and processes and evaluating the impact of this new guidance. Once adopted, we expect our allowance for loan losses to increase, however, until our evaluation is complete the magnitude of the increase will be unknown.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases (ASC 842)." The guidance in this ASU requires most leases to be recognized on the balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. It will be critical to identify leases embedded in a contract to avoid misstating the lessee's balance sheet. For income statement purposes, the FASB retained a dual model, requiring leases to be classified as either operating or finance. Classification will be based on criteria that are largely similar to those applied in current lease accounting, but without explicit bright lines. This ASU is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. We are currently evaluating the impact of this guidance on our Consolidated Financial Statements and the timing of adoption. The Company will compile an inventory of all leased assets to determine the impact of ASU 2016-02 on its financial condition and results of operations. Once adopted, we expect to report higher assets and liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets as a result of including right-of-use assets and lease liabilities related to certain banking offices and certain equipment under noncancelable operating lease agreements, which currently are not reflected in our Consolidated Balance Sheets. We do not expect the guidance to have a material impact on the Consolidated Statements of Income or the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, "Financial Instruments-Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities." The ASU amends the guidance in GAAP on the classification and measurement of financial instruments. The ASU includes the following changes: i) equity

investments (except those accounted for under the equity method of accounting, or those that result in consolidation of the investee) to be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income; (ii) requires the use of exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes; (iii) requires separate presentation of financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of financial asset (i.e. securities or loans and receivables) on the balance sheet or the accompanying notes to the financial statements; (iv) allows an equity investment that does not have readily determinable fair values, to be measured at cost minus impairment (if any), plus or minus changes resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for the identical or a similar investment of the same issuer; (v) eliminates the requirement to disclose the method(s) and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value that is required to be disclosed for financial instruments measured at amortized cost on the balance sheet, and requires a reporting organization to present separately in other comprehensive income the portion of the total change in the fair value of a liability resulting from a change in the instrument-specific credit risk (also referred to as “own credit”) when the organization has elected to measure the liability at fair value in accordance with the fair value option for financial instruments; (vi) requires separate presentation of financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of financial asset (i.e. securities or loans and receivables) on the balance sheet or in the accompanying notes to the financial statements; and (vii) clarifies that a valuation allowance on a deferred tax asset related to available-for-sale securities should be evaluated in combination with the organization’s other deferred tax assets. This ASU is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company adopted ASU No. 2016-01 effective January 1, 2018, and the adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

Note 1 — Basis of Presentation – Continued

In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-14, “Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)”, which defers the effective date of Accounting Standard Update ASU No. 2014-09 one year. ASU No. 2014-09 created Topic 606 and supersedes Topic 605, Revenue Recognition. The core principle of Topic 606 is that an entity recognizes revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In general, the new guidance requires companies to use more judgment and make more estimates than under current guidance, including identifying performance obligations in the contract, estimating the amount of variable consideration to include in the transaction price and allocating the transaction price to each separate performance obligation. In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-12, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients, which provides clarifying guidance in certain narrow areas and adds some practical expedients, but does not change the core revenue recognition principle in Topic 606. ASU No. 2015-14 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. For financial reporting purposes, the standard allows for either full retrospective adoption, meaning the standard is applied to all of the periods presented, or modified retrospective adoption, meaning the standard is applied only to the most current period presented in the financial statements with the cumulative effect of initially applying the standard recognized at the date of initial application. A significant amount of the Company’s revenues are derived from net interest income on financial assets and liabilities, which are excluded from the scope of the amended guidance. The Company completed its assessment of revenue streams and associated incremental costs of contracts affected by the standard. The Company’s adoption of this standard did not change the method in which we recognized revenue. The Company adopted this standard on January 1, 2018.

Note 2 — Investment Securities

Amortized cost and estimated fair value of investment securities available-for-sale are summarized as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Amortized Cost | Gross Unrealized Gains | Gross Unrealized Losses | | Fair Value |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------|
| | | | Less Than 12 Months | 12 Months or Longer | |
| As of March 31, 2018 | | | | | |
| U.S. Government-sponsored securities | \$48,952 | \$ - | \$(253) | \$(569) | \$48,130 |
| Municipal securities | 12,638 | 122 | (57) | (27) | 12,676 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 187,716 | 34 | (2,538) | (2,315) | 182,897 |
| Corporate securities | 5,500 | 601 | - | (270) | 5,831 |
| | \$254,806 | \$ 757 | \$(2,848) | \$(3,181) | \$249,534 |
| As of December 31, 2017 | | | | | |
| U.S. Government-sponsored securities | \$48,950 | \$ 13 | \$(6) | \$(453) | \$48,504 |
| Municipal securities | 13,310 | 184 | (22) | (18) | 13,454 |

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| | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------|--------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| Mortgage-backed securities | 198,100 | 71 | (1,145) | (1,764) | 195,262 |
| Corporate securities | 5,500 | 573 | - | (237) | 5,836 |
| | \$ 265,860 | \$ 841 | \$(1,173) | \$(2,472) | \$ 263,056 |

Note 2 — Investment Securities – continued

Amortized cost and estimated fair value of investment securities held-to-maturity are as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Amortized Cost | Gross Unrealized Gains | Gross Unrealized Losses Less 12 Months Than 12 Months Longer | Fair Value |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|--|---------------|
| As of March 31, 2018 | | | | |
| Municipal securities | \$ 73,888 | \$ 22 | \$(575) \$(322) | \$73,013 |
| As of December 31, 2017 | | | | |
| Municipal securities | \$ 74,654 | \$ 167 | \$(293) \$(227) | \$74,301 |

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of investment securities that are available-for-sale and held-to-maturity at March 31, 2018, by contractual maturity, are as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Available-For-Sale Amortized Cost | Fair Value | Held-To-Maturity Amortized Cost | Fair Value |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|---------------|
| Securities maturing in: | | | | |
| One year or less | \$2,869 | \$2,891 | \$8,367 | \$8,354 |
| After one year through five years | 64,487 | 63,550 | 42,976 | 42,626 |
| After five years through ten years | 66,485 | 64,761 | 16,882 | 16,456 |
| After ten years | 120,965 | 118,332 | 5,663 | 5,577 |
| | \$254,806 | \$249,534 | \$73,888 | \$73,013 |

Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because issuers may have the right to call obligations with or without penalties and other securities may experience pre-payments.

As of March 31, 2018, the Company held 329 investment securities with fair value less than amortized cost. Management evaluated these investment securities and determined that the decline in value is temporary and related to the change in market interest rates since purchase. The decline in value is not related to any company or industry specific event. The Company anticipates full recovery of the amortized cost with respect to these securities at maturity, or sooner in the event of a more favorable market interest rate environment.

Note 3 — Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

Loans are summarized as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2018 | December 31, 2017 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Loans held for investment: | | |
| Commercial real estate loans: | | |
| Real estate term | \$817,143 | \$784,148 |
| Construction and land development | 387,301 | 369,590 |
| Total commercial real estate loans | 1,204,444 | 1,153,738 |
| Commercial and industrial loans | 313,511 | 294,085 |
| Consumer loans: | | |
| Residential and home equity | 150,638 | 158,591 |
| Consumer and other | 23,409 | 25,591 |
| Total consumer loans | 174,047 | 184,182 |
| Total gross loans | 1,692,002 | 1,632,005 |
| Net deferred loan fees | (4,472) | (4,561) |
| Total loans held for investment | 1,687,530 | 1,627,444 |
| Allowance for loan losses | (20,731) | (18,303) |
| Total loans held for investment, net | \$1,666,799 | \$1,609,141 |

Changes in the allowance for loan losses (“ALLL”) are as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|----------|
| | Real Estate Term | Construction and Land Development | Commercial and Industrial | Residential and Home Equity | Consumer and Other | Total |
| Balance at beginning of period | \$6,706 | \$ 6,309 | \$ 4,314 | \$ 815 | \$ 159 | \$18,303 |
| Additions: Provisions for loan losses | 531 | 474 | 1,325 | (200) | (80) | 2,050 |
| Deductions: | | | | | | |
| Gross loan charge-offs | - | - | (193) | - | (65) | (258) |
| Recoveries | 12 | 25 | 516 | 27 | 56 | 636 |
| Net loan charge-offs | 12 | 25 | 323 | 27 | (9) | 378 |
| Balance at end of period | \$7,249 | \$ 6,808 | \$ 5,962 | \$ 642 | \$ 70 | \$20,731 |

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------|
| | Real Estate Term | Construction and Land Development | Commercial and Industrial | Residential and Home Equity | Consumer and Other | Total |

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| | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------|----------|----------|--------|--------|----------|
| Balance at beginning of period | \$6,770 | \$ 5,449 | \$ 3,718 | \$ 617 | \$ 161 | \$16,715 |
| Additions: Provisions for loan losses | 375 | (845) | 624 | 112 | (66) | 200 |
| Deductions: | | | | | | |
| Gross loan charge-offs | - | - | (158) | (338) | (65) | (561) |
| Recoveries | 4 | 79 | 38 | 138 | 31 | 290 |
| Net loan charge-offs | 4 | 79 | (120) | (200) | (34) | (271) |
| Balance at end of period | \$7,149 | \$ 4,683 | \$ 4,222 | \$ 529 | \$ 61 | \$16,644 |

Note 3 — Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses – Continued

Non-accrual loans are summarized as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2018 | December 31, 2017 |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Non-accrual loans, not troubled debt restructured: | | |
| Real estate term | \$ 1,287 | \$ 644 |
| Construction and land development | 535 | 355 |
| Commercial and industrial | 3,723 | 1,578 |
| Residential and home equity | - | - |
| Consumer and other | 34 | - |
| Total non-accrual loans, not troubled debt restructured | 5,579 | 2,577 |
| Troubled debt restructured loans, non-accrual: | | |
| Real estate term | 1,582 | - |
| Construction and land development | - | 296 |
| Commercial and industrial | 209 | - |
| Residential and home equity | - | - |
| Consumer and other | - | - |
| Total troubled debt restructured loans, non-accrual | 1,791 | 296 |
| Total non-accrual loans | \$ 7,370 | \$ 2,873 |

Troubled debt restructured loans are summarized as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2018 | December 31, 2017 |
|--|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Accruing troubled debt restructured loans | \$ 2,860 | \$ 3,307 |
| Non-accrual troubled debt restructured loans | 1,791 | 296 |
| Total troubled debt restructured loans | \$ 4,651 | \$ 3,603 |

A restructured loan is considered a troubled debt restructured loan (“TDR”), if the Company, for economic or legal reasons related to the debtor’s financial difficulties, grants a concession in terms or a below-market interest rate to the debtor that it would not otherwise consider. Each TDR loan is separately negotiated with the borrower and includes terms and conditions that reflect the borrower’s prospective ability to service the debt as modified.

Current and past due loans held for investment (accruing and non-accruing) are summarized as follows:

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| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2018 | | | | Total | Total |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| | Current | 30-89 Days Past Due | 90+ Days Past Due | Non-accrual | Past Due | Loans |
| Commercial real estate: | | | | | | |
| Real estate term | \$811,747 | \$2,527 | \$ - | \$ 2,869 | \$5,396 | \$817,143 |
| Construction and land development | 384,707 | 2,059 | - | 535 | 2,594 | 387,301 |
| Total commercial real estate | 1,196,454 | 4,586 | - | 3,404 | 7,990 | 1,204,444 |
| Commercial and industrial | 306,329 | 3,250 | - | 3,932 | 7,182 | 313,511 |
| Consumer: | | | | | | |
| Residential and home equity | 149,500 | 1,138 | - | - | 1,138 | 150,638 |
| Consumer and other | 23,060 | 287 | 28 | 34 | 349 | 23,409 |
| Total consumer | 172,560 | 1,425 | 28 | 34 | 1,487 | 174,047 |
| Total gross loans | \$1,675,343 | \$9,261 | \$ 28 | \$ 7,370 | \$16,659 | \$1,692,002 |

Note 3 — Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses – Continued

| (Dollars in thousands) | December 31, 2017 | | | | Total Past Due | Total Loans |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|----------------------|----------------|
| | Current | 30-89 Days Past Due | 90+ Days Past Due | Non-accrual | | |
| Commercial real estate: | | | | | | |
| Real estate term | \$781,261 | \$2,243 | \$ - | \$ 644 | \$2,887 | \$784,148 |
| Construction and land development | 361,844 | 7,095 | - | 651 | 7,746 | 369,590 |
| Total commercial real estate | 1,143,105 | 9,338 | - | 1,295 | 10,633 | 1,153,738 |
| Commercial and industrial | 288,297 | 4,210 | - | 1,578 | 5,788 | 294,085 |
| Consumer: | | | | | | |
| Residential and home equity | 156,379 | 2,212 | - | - | 2,212 | 158,591 |
| Consumer and other | 25,307 | 283 | 1 | - | 284 | 25,591 |
| Total consumer | 181,686 | 2,495 | 1 | - | 2,496 | 184,182 |
| Total gross loans | \$1,613,088 | \$16,043 | \$ 1 | \$ 2,873 | \$18,917 | \$1,632,005 |

Credit Quality Indicators:

In addition to past due and non-accrual criteria, the Company also analyzes loans using a loan grading system. Performance-based grading follows the Company's definitions of Pass, Special Mention, Substandard and Doubtful, which are consistent with published definitions of regulatory risk classifications.

Note 3 — Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses – Continued

Definitions of Pass, Special Mention, Substandard, and Doubtful are summarized as follows:

Pass: A Pass asset is higher quality and does not fit any of the other categories described below. The likelihood of loss is considered remote.

Special Mention: A Special Mention asset has potential weaknesses that may be temporary or, if left uncorrected, may result in a loss. While concerns exist, the Company is currently protected and loss is considered unlikely and not imminent.

Substandard: A Substandard asset is inadequately protected by the current sound net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Assets so classified have well defined weaknesses and are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Company may sustain some loss if deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful: A Doubtful asset has all the weaknesses inherent in a Substandard asset with the added characteristics that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full highly questionable.

For Consumer loans, the Company generally assigns internal risk grades similar to those described above based on payment performance.

Outstanding loan balances (accruing and non-accruing) categorized by these credit quality indicators are summarized as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2018 | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| | Pass | Special Mention | Substandard and Doubtful | Total Loans | Total Allowance |
| Commercial real estate: | | | | | |
| Real estate term | \$787,596 | \$12,944 | \$ 16,603 | \$817,143 | \$ 7,249 |
| Construction and land development | 375,096 | 10,070 | 2,135 | 387,301 | 6,808 |
| Total commercial real estate | 1,162,692 | 23,014 | 18,738 | 1,204,444 | 14,057 |
| Commercial and industrial | 288,812 | 6,452 | 18,247 | 313,511 | 5,962 |
| Consumer loans: | | | | | |
| Residential and home equity | 145,357 | 2,699 | 2,582 | 150,638 | 642 |
| Consumer and other | 23,283 | 44 | 82 | 23,409 | 70 |
| Total consumer | 168,640 | 2,743 | 2,664 | 174,047 | 712 |
| Total | \$1,620,144 | \$32,209 | \$ 39,649 | \$1,692,002 | \$ 20,731 |

| (Dollars in thousands) | December 31, 2017 | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| | Pass | Special Mention | Substandard and Doubtful | Total Loans | Total Allowance |
| Commercial real estate: | | | | | |
| Real estate term | \$758,575 | \$13,055 | \$ 12,518 | \$784,148 | \$ 6,706 |
| Construction and land development | 358,766 | 7,227 | 3,597 | 369,590 | 6,309 |

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| | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------|----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| Total commercial real estate | 1,117,341 | 20,282 | 16,115 | 1,153,738 | 13,015 |
| Commercial and industrial | 274,535 | 13,464 | 6,086 | 294,085 | 4,314 |
| Consumer loans: | | | | | |
| Residential and home equity | 152,753 | 3,913 | 1,925 | 158,591 | 815 |
| Consumer and other | 25,461 | 45 | 85 | 25,591 | 159 |
| Total consumer | 178,214 | 3,958 | 2,010 | 184,182 | 974 |
| Total | \$1,570,090 | \$37,704 | \$ 24,211 | \$1,632,005 | \$ 18,303 |

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Note 3 — Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses – Continued

The ALLL and outstanding loan balances reviewed according to the Company's impairment method are summarized as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2018 | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | Real Estate Term | Construction and Land Development | Commercial and Industrial | Residential and Home Equity | Consumer and Other | Total |
| Allowance for loan losses: | | | | | | |
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$- | \$ - | \$ 1,203 | \$ 5 | \$ - | \$ 1,208 |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 7,249 | 6,808 | 4,759 | 637 | 70 | 19,523 |
| Total | \$7,249 | \$ 6,808 | \$ 5,962 | \$ 642 | \$ 70 | \$20,731 |
| Outstanding loan balances: | | | | | | |
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$11,463 | \$ 2,135 | \$ 12,744 | \$ 2,249 | \$ - | \$28,591 |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 805,680 | 385,166 | 300,767 | 148,389 | 23,409 | 1,663,411 |
| Total gross loans | \$817,143 | \$ 387,301 | \$ 313,511 | \$ 150,638 | \$ 23,409 | \$ 1,692,002 |

| (Dollars in thousands) | December 31, 2017 | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | Real Estate Term | Construction and Land Development | Commercial and Industrial | Residential and Home Equity | Consumer and Other | Total |
| Allowance for loan losses: | | | | | | |
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$- | \$ 3 | \$ 41 | \$ 101 | \$ - | \$ 145 |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 6,706 | 6,306 | 4,273 | 714 | 159 | 18,158 |
| Total | \$6,706 | \$ 6,309 | \$ 4,314 | \$ 815 | \$ 159 | \$ 18,303 |
| Outstanding loan balances: | | | | | | |
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$7,201 | \$ 3,218 | \$ 9,058 | \$ 1,150 | \$ - | \$20,627 |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 776,947 | 366,372 | 285,027 | 157,441 | 25,591 | 1,611,378 |
| Total gross loans | \$784,148 | \$ 369,590 | \$ 294,085 | \$ 158,591 | \$ 25,591 | \$ 1,632,005 |

Information on impaired loans is summarized as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2018 | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| | Unpaid Principal Balance | Recorded Investment With No Allowance | Recorded Investment With Allowance | Total Recorded Investment | Related Allowance |
| Commercial real estate: | | | | | |
| Real estate term | \$11,541 | \$11,463 | \$ - | \$ 11,463 | \$ - |

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| | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Construction and land development | 3,146 | 2,135 | - | 2,135 | - |
| Total commercial real estate | 14,687 | 13,598 | - | 13,598 | - |
| Commercial and industrial | 17,171 | 1,711 | 11,033 | 12,744 | 1,203 |
| Consumer loans: | | | | | |
| Residential and home equity | 2,249 | 1,983 | 266 | 2,249 | 5 |
| Consumer and other | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total consumer | 2,249 | 1,983 | 266 | 2,249 | 5 |
| Total | \$34,107 | \$17,292 | \$ 11,299 | \$ 28,591 | \$ 1,208 |

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Note 3 — Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses – Continued

| | December 31, 2017 | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|----------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| | Unpaid Principal Balance | Recorded Investment | | Total Recorded Investment | Related Allowance |
| With No Allowance | | With Allowance | | | |
| (Dollars in thousands) | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate: | | | | | |
| Real estate term | \$8,681 | \$7,201 | \$ - | \$ 7,201 | \$ - |
| Construction and land development | 4,397 | 3,022 | 196 | 3,218 | 3 |
| Total commercial real estate | 13,078 | 10,223 | 196 | 10,419 | 3 |
| Commercial and industrial | 16,102 | 8,290 | 768 | 9,058 | 41 |
| Consumer loans: | | | | | |
| Residential and home equity | 1,150 | 229 | 921 | 1,150 | 101 |
| Consumer and other | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total consumer | 1,150 | 229 | 921 | 1,150 | 101 |
| Total | \$30,330 | \$18,742 | \$ 1,885 | \$ 20,627 | \$ 145 |

The interest income recognized on impaired loans was as follows:

| | Three Months Ended | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|
| | March 31, 2018 | | March 31, 2017 | |
| (Dollars in thousands) | Average | Interest | Average | Interest |
| | Recorded | Recognition | Recorded | Recognition |
| Commercial real estate: | | | | |
| Real estate term | \$9,332 | \$ 108 | \$5,904 | \$ 30 |
| Construction and land development | 2,676 | 39 | 2,446 | 31 |
| Total commercial real estate | 12,008 | 147 | 8,350 | 61 |
| Commercial and industrial | 10,901 | 132 | 4,451 | 54 |
| Consumer loans: | | | | |
| Residential and home equity | 1,700 | 21 | 1,262 | 13 |
| Consumer and other | - | - | - | - |
| Total consumer | 1,700 | 21 | 1,262 | 13 |
| Total | \$24,609 | \$ 300 | \$14,063 | \$ 128 |

Note 3 — Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses – Concluded

Loans and Deposits to affiliates — The Company has entered into loan transactions with certain directors, affiliated companies and executive committee members (“affiliates”). Such transactions were made in the ordinary course of business on substantially the same terms and conditions, including interest rates and collateral, as those prevailing at the same time for comparable transactions with other customers, and did not, in the opinion of management, involve more than normal credit risk or present other unfavorable features. Total outstanding loans with affiliates were approximately \$3.3 million and \$3.4 million as of March 31, 2018, and December 31, 2017, respectively. Available lines of credit for loans and credit cards to affiliates were approximately \$459,000 and \$330,000 as of March 31, 2018, and December 31, 2017, respectively. Deposits from affiliates were \$7.1 million and \$7.1 million as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

Note 4 — Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation contingencies — The Company is involved in various claims, legal actions and complaints which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the Company’s opinion, all such matters are adequately covered by insurance, are without merit or are of such kind, or involve such amounts, that unfavorable disposition would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Company.

Commitments to extend credit — In the normal course of business, the Company has outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities, such as commitments to extend credit and unused credit card lines, which are not included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. The Company’s exposure to credit loss in the event of non-performance by other parties to the financial instruments for commitments to extend credit and unused credit card lines is represented by the contractual or notional amount of those instruments. The Company uses the same credit policies in making such commitments as it does for instruments that are included in the consolidated balance sheets.

Contractual amounts of off-balance sheet financial instruments were as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2018 | December 31, 2017 |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Commitments to extend credit, including unsecured commitments of \$14,953 and \$13,625 as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively | \$597,414 | \$637,029 |
| Stand-by letters of credit and bond commitments, including unsecured commitments of \$509 and \$440 as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, | 29,778 | 27,943 |

| | | |
|---|--------|--------|
| 2017, respectively | | |
| Unused credit card lines, all unsecured | 25,830 | 24,949 |

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. The commitments to extend credit may expire without being drawn upon. Therefore, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The amount of collateral obtained, if it is deemed necessary by the Company, is based on management's credit evaluation of the customer.

Unused credit card lines are commitments for possible future extensions of credit to existing customers. These lines of credit are uncollateralized and usually do not contain a specified maturity date and may not be drawn upon to the total extent to which the Company is committed.

Note 5 — Fair Value

Fair value measurements — Fair value represents the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. To measure fair value, GAAP has established a hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. This hierarchy uses three levels of inputs to measure the fair value of assets and liabilities as follows:

Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

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Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in less active markets, or other observable inputs that can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity for financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation methodology:

Investment securities, available-for-sale — Where quoted prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the hierarchy. Level 1 includes securities that have quoted prices in an active market for identical assets. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or discounted cash flows, and accordingly, are classified as Level 2 or 3. The Company has categorized its available-for-sale investment securities as Level 1 or 2.

Impaired loans and other real estate owned — Fair value applies to loans and other real estate owned measured for impairment. Impaired loans are measured at the fair value of the loan's collateral (if collateral dependent) or net present value of future cash flows (if not collateral dependent). Fair value of the loan's collateral is determined by appraisals or independent valuation which is then adjusted for the cost related to liquidation of the collateral. The Company has categorized its impaired loans and other real estate owned as Level 2.

Assets measured at fair value are summarized as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| As of March 31, 2018 | | | | |
| Fair valued on a recurring basis: | | | | |
| Investment securities available-for-sale | \$ - | \$ 249,534 | \$ - | \$ 249,534 |
| Fair valued on a non-recurring basis: | | | | |
| Impaired loans | - | 10,091 | - | 10,091 |
| As of December 31, 2017 | | | | |
| Fair valued on a recurring basis: | | | | |

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| | | | | | | |
|--|----|---|-----------|----|---|-----------|
| Investment securities available-for-sale | \$ | - | \$263,056 | \$ | - | \$263,056 |
| Fair valued on a non-recurring basis: | | | | | | |
| Impaired loans | | - | 1,740 | | - | 1,740 |

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Note 5 — Fair Value - Continued

Fair value of financial instruments — The following table summarizes carrying amounts, estimated fair values and assumptions used to estimate fair values of financial instruments:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Carrying Value | Estimated Fair Value |
|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| As of March 31, 2018 | | |
| Financial Assets: | | |
| Net loans held for investment | \$1,666,799 | \$1,665,211 |
| Financial Liabilities: | | |
| Interest bearing deposits | 1,141,887 | 1,141,294 |
| As of December 31, 2017 | | |
| Financial Assets: | | |
| Net loans held for investment | \$1,609,141 | \$1,607,388 |
| Financial Liabilities: | | |
| Interest bearing deposits | 1,173,508 | 1,172,979 |

The above summary excludes financial assets and liabilities for which carrying value approximates fair value. For financial assets, these include cash and cash equivalents, held-to-maturity securities (see Note 2), loans held for sale, bank-owned life insurance, accrued interest receivable, and Federal Home Loan Bank (“FHLB”) stock classified as non-marketable equity securities in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets. For financial liabilities, these include non-interest bearing deposits, short-term borrowings, and accrued interest payable. Also excluded from the summary are financial instruments recorded at fair value on a recurring basis, as previously described.

Fair values of off-balance sheet commitments such as lending commitments, standby letters of credit and guarantees are based on fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreements and the counterparties’ credit standing. The fair value of the fees as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were insignificant.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments:

Net loans held for investment — The fair value is estimated by discounting the future cash flows and estimated prepayments using the current rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings and for the same remaining term. Some loan types were valued at carrying value because of their floating rate or expected maturity characteristics.

Interest bearing deposits — The fair value of interest bearing deposits is estimated by discounting the estimated future cash flows using the rates currently offered for deposits with similar remaining maturities.

Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant market information and information about the financial instrument. Fair value estimates are based on judgments regarding future expected loss experience, current economic conditions, risk characteristics of various financial instruments, and other factors. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and, therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Changes in the above methodologies and assumptions could significantly affect the estimates. Further, certain financial instruments and all non-financial instruments are excluded from the applicable

disclosure requirements. Therefore, the fair value amounts shown in the table do not, by themselves, represent the underlying value of the Company as a whole.

Note 6 — Income Taxes

Income tax expense was \$2.6 million and \$2.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The Company's effective tax rate for the first quarter of 2018 was 22.1% compared with 29.6% in the first quarter of 2017. The tax rate in the first quarter of 2018 is lower than the same quarter in 2017 due primarily to the reduction in the federal corporate tax rate to a flat rate of 21%, the reduction of the Utah state corporate tax rate to 4.95% as well as tax benefits related to tax-deductible stock compensation expense.

Note 7 — Regulatory Capital Matters

The consolidated Tier 1 Leverage ratio decreased from 11.46% at December 31, 2017 to 11.26% as of March 31, 2018. Federal Reserve Board Regulations require maintenance of certain minimum reserve balances based on certain average deposits which as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were \$16.6 million and \$19.0 million, respectively. The Company's Board of Directors may declare a cash or stock dividend out of retained earnings provided the regulatory minimum capital ratios are met. The Company plans to maintain capital ratios that meet the well-capitalized standards per the regulations and, therefore, plans to limit dividends to amounts that are appropriate to maintain those well-capitalized regulatory capital ratios.

Note 8 — Incentive Share-Based Plan and Other Employee Benefits

In June 2014, the Board of Directors ("Board") and shareholders of the Company approved a share-based incentive plan ("the Plan"). The Plan provides for various share-based incentive awards including incentive share-based options, non-qualified share-based options, restricted shares, and stock appreciation rights to be granted to officers, directors and other key employees. The maximum aggregate number of shares that may be issued under the Plan is 800,000 common shares. The share-based awards are granted to participants under the Plan at a price not less than the fair value on the date of grant and for terms of up to ten years. The Plan also allows for granting of share-based awards to directors and consultants who are not employees of the Company.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company granted 27,788 restricted stock units ("RSU") at a weighted-average fair value of \$30.30 per unit. The RSU's generally vest over periods from one to three years. The Company recorded share-based compensation expense of \$216,000 and \$109,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Note 9 — Acquisition Related Measurement Period Adjustments

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company made acquisition related measurement period adjustments of \$664,000. Changes to estimated fair values from a business combination are recognized as an adjustment to goodwill over the measurement period, which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date. The adjustments to goodwill related to changes in the preliminary goodwill recorded for the acquisition of Town &

Country Bank and was related to loan valuations.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion is intended to provide a more comprehensive review of People's Utah Bancorp's operating results and financial condition than can be obtained from reading the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements alone. The discussion should be read in conjunction with the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto included in "Part I. Item 1. Financial Statements."

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may contain certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements reflect our current views and are not historical facts. These statements can generally be identified by use of phrases such as "believe," "expect," "will," "seek," "should," "anticipate," "estimate," "intend," "plan," "target," "project," "commit" or other words of similar import. Similarly, statements that describe our future financial condition, results of operations, objectives, strategies, plans, goals or future performance and business are also forward-looking statements. Statements that project future financial conditions, results of operations and shareholder value are not guarantees of performance and many of the factors that will determine these results and values are beyond our ability to control or predict. For those statements, we claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These are forward-looking statements and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, including, but not limited to, those described in the "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" sections in this report and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 ("Form 10-K"), and other parts of this report that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements. The following is a non-exclusive list of factors which could cause our actual results to differ materially from our forward-looking statements in this prospectus:

- changes in general economic conditions, either nationally or in our local market;
- inflation, interest rates, securities market volatility and monetary fluctuations;
- increases in competitive pressures among financial institutions and businesses offering similar products and services;
- higher defaults on our loan portfolio than we expect;
 - changes in management's estimate of the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses;
- risks associated with our growth and expansion strategy and related costs;
- ability to raise liquidity, either with deposits or other funding sources, to support our growth in assets;
- increased lending risks associated with our high concentration of real estate loans;
- ability to successfully grow our business in Utah and neighboring states;
- legislative or regulatory changes or changes in accounting principles, policies or guidelines;
- technological changes;
- regulatory or judicial proceedings; and
- other factors and risks including those described under "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in this report and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated, expected, projected, intended, committed or believed.

Please take into account that forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Form 10-Q. We do not undertake any obligation to release publicly our revisions to such forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Form 10-Q.

Overview

People's Utah Bancorp ("PUB") is the holding company for People's Intermountain Bank. People's Intermountain Bank ("Bank", "PIB") is a full-service community bank providing loans, deposit and cash management services to individuals and businesses. Our primary customers are small to medium sized businesses that require highly personalized commercial banking products and services. People's Intermountain Bank has 26 branch locations in three banking divisions, Bank of American Fork, Lewiston State Bank, and People's Town & Country Bank; a leasing division, GrowthFunding Equipment Finance; and a mortgage division, People's Intermountain Bank Mortgage. The Bank has been serving communities in Utah and southern Idaho for more than 100 years.

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Our recent loan growth is the result of mergers and acquisitions as well as organic growth that we believe was generated by our seasoned relationship managers and supporting associates who provide outstanding service and quick responsiveness to our customers. The primary source of funding for our asset growth has been the generation of core deposits, which we raised through acquisitions as well as from our existing branch system.

Our results of operations are largely dependent on net interest income. Net interest income is the difference between interest income we earn on interest earning assets, which are comprised of loans, investment securities and short-term investments and the interest we pay on our interest bearing liabilities, which are primarily deposits, and, to a lesser extent, other borrowings. Management strives to match the re-pricing characteristics of the interest earning assets and interest bearing liabilities to protect net interest income from changes in market interest rates and changes in the shape of the yield curve.

We measure our performance by calculating our net interest margin, return on average assets, and return on average equity. Net interest margin is calculated by dividing net interest income, which is the difference between interest income on interest earning assets and interest expense on interest bearing liabilities, by average interest earning assets. Net interest income is our largest source of revenue. Interest rate fluctuations, as well as changes in the amount and type of earning assets and liabilities, combine to affect net interest income. We also measure our performance by our efficiency ratio, which is calculated by dividing non-interest expense by the sum of net interest income and non-interest income.

Mergers & Acquisitions

Utah Branches from Banner Bank — On October 6, 2017, we completed our acquisition of \$257 million in loans and seven Utah branch locations with \$160 million in low-cost core deposits from Banner Corporation's subsidiary Banner Bank. The Bank paid a deposit premium of \$13.8 million based on average deposits at closing. The seven branch locations in Utah include Salt Lake City, Provo, South Jordan, Woods Cross, Orem, Salem, and Springville. The Woods Cross and Orem branches were consolidated into our existing Bank of American Fork Bountiful and Orem branches, respectively. We're operating these acquired branches under the name of Bank of American Fork, a division of PIB.

Town & Country Bank — On November 13, 2017, we completed the merger of Town & Country Bank located in St. George, Utah, including the acquisition of \$117 million in loans and the assumption of \$124 million in deposits. We consolidated our existing St. George branch and Town & Country's branch into one branch. Under the terms of the merger, each outstanding Town & Country common share converted into the right to receive 0.2917 PUB common shares and \$4.23 per common share in cash, including \$2.0 million of cash held in escrow that is subject to future indemnification claims. Town & Country shareholders also received an additional cash distribution of \$1.68 per common share in cash. A total of 466,546 PUB common shares were issued in this transaction. We operate this branch under the name of People's Town & Country Bank, a division of PIB.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to financial results presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), this Management's Discussion & Analysis contains certain non-GAAP financial measures. We have presented these non-GAAP financial measures because we believe that they provide useful and comparative information to assess trends in our core operations and facilitates the comparison of our financial performance with the performance of our peers and the comparative years presented. We have excluded acquisition related costs, net losses on the sale of securities to increase our liquidity position for the acquisition of the Utah branches of Banner Bank, and the

write-down of our deferred income tax assets due to the reduction in the Federal corporate income tax rate to derive non-GAAP financial information related to the company's core operations. The Company believes this non-GAAP financial information is useful in understanding the Company's core financial performance.

However, these non-GAAP financial measures are supplemental and are not a substitute for any analysis based on GAAP. Where applicable, we have also presented comparable earnings information using GAAP financial measures. For a reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures, see the tables below. Because not all companies use the same calculations, our presentation may not be comparable to other similarly titled non-GAAP measures as calculated by other companies.

(NG) Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to financial results presented in accordance with GAAP, this schedule contains certain non-GAAP financial measures. Management has presented these non-GAAP financial measures because it believes that they provide useful and comparative information to assess trends in core operations and facilitate the comparison of our financial performance with the performance of our peers.

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended | | |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| | March 31, 2018 | December 31, 2017 | March 31, 2017 |
| Revenue from Core Operations | | | |
| Net interest income (GAAP) | \$25,971 | \$ 23,947 | \$17,792 |
| Total non-interest income | 4,294 | 4,526 | 4,112 |
| Total GAAP revenues | 30,265 | 28,473 | 21,904 |
| Exclude net loss on sale of investment securities | - | - | - |
| Revenue from core operations (non-GAAP) | \$30,265 | \$ 28,473 | \$21,904 |

| | Three Months Ended | | |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| | March 31, 2018 | December 31, 2017 | March 31, 2017 |
| Non-interest Income from Core Operations | | | |
| Total non-interest income (GAAP) | \$4,294 | \$ 4,526 | \$4,112 |
| Exclude net loss on sale of investment securities | - | - | - |
| Non-interest income from core operations (non-GAAP) | \$4,294 | \$ 4,526 | \$4,112 |

| | Three Months Ended | | |
|--|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| | March 31, 2018 | December 31, 2017 | March 31, 2017 |
| Non-interest Expense from Core Operations | | | |
| Total non-interest expense (GAAP) | \$16,651 | \$ 19,674 | \$12,443 |
| Exclude acquisition-related costs | (349) | (4,124) | - |
| Non-interest expense from core operations (non-GAAP) | \$16,302 | \$ 15,550 | \$12,443 |

| | Three Months Ended | | |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| | March 31, 2018 | December 31, 2017 | March 31, 2017 |
| Net Income from Core Operations | | | |
| Net income (GAAP) | \$9,004 | \$ 593 | \$6,521 |
| Exclude net loss on sale of investment securities | - | - | - |
| Exclude acquisition-related costs | 349 | 4,124 | - |
| Exclude tax related benefit | (84) | (1,334) | - |
| Write down of deferred income tax assets (DTA) | - | 4,729 | - |
| Net income (non-GAAP) | \$9,269 | \$ 8,112 | \$6,521 |

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(NG) Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to financial results presented in accordance with GAAP, this schedule contains certain non-GAAP financial measures. Management has presented these non-GAAP financial measures because it believes that they provide useful and comparative information to assess trends in core operations and facilitate the comparison of our financial performance with the performance of our peers.

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended | | |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| | March 31, 2018 | December 31, 2017 | March 31, 2017 |
| Acquisition Accounting Impact on Net Interest Margin | | | |
| Net interest income (GAAP) | \$25,971 | \$23,947 | \$17,792 |
| Exclude discount accretion (premium amortization) on | | | |
| purchased loans | (1,167) | 43 | (10) |
| Exclude premium amortization on acquired certificates | | | |
| of deposit ("CD") | (35) | (23) | (69) |
| Net interest income before acquisition accounting impact | | | |
| (Non-GAAP) | \$24,769 | \$23,967 | \$17,713 |
| Average earning assets (GAAP) | \$2,017,090 | \$1,920,062 | \$1,585,312 |
| Exclude average net loan discount on acquired loans | 11,924 | 3,501 | 866 |
| Average earning assets before acquired loan discount | | | |
| (Non-GAAP) | \$2,029,014 | \$1,923,563 | \$1,586,178 |
| Net interest margin ("NIM") (GAAP) | 5.22 % | 4.95 % | 4.55 % |
| Exclude impact on NIM from discount accretion | -0.23 % | 0.01 % | -0.02 % |
| Exclude impact on NIM from CD premium amortization | -0.01 % | -0.01 % | 0.00 % |
| Net interest margin before acquisition accounting | | | |
| adjustments (Non-GAAP) | 4.98 % | 4.95 % | 4.53 % |

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended | | |
|--|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| | March 31, 2018 | December 31, 2017 | March 31, 2017 |
| Additional Non-GAAP Financial Information | | | |
| Diluted earnings per share (GAAP) | \$0.48 | \$ 0.03 | \$0.36 |
| Diluted earnings per share (non-GAAP) | \$0.49 | \$ 0.43 | \$0.36 |
| Efficiency ratio (GAAP) | 55.02% | 69.10 % | 56.81% |
| Efficiency ratio (non-GAAP) | 53.86% | 54.61 % | 56.81% |
| Non-interest income to average assets (GAAP) | 0.81 % | 0.88 % | 1.00 % |

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| | | | |
|---|---------|---------|---------|
| Non-interest income to average assets (non-GAAP) | 0.81 % | 0.88 % | 1.00 % |
| Non-interest expense to average assets (GAAP) | 3.15 % | 3.83 % | 3.03 % |
| Non-interest expense to average assets (non-GAAP) | 3.08 % | 3.03 % | 3.03 % |
| Return on average assets (GAAP) | 1.70 % | 0.12 % | 1.59 % |
| Return on average assets (non-GAAP) | 1.75 % | 1.58 % | 1.59 % |
| Return on average equity (GAAP) | 13.96 % | 0.92 % | 11.39 % |
| Return on average equity (non-GAAP) | 14.37 % | 12.59 % | 11.39 % |

Selected Financial Information

You should read the selected financial information data set forth below in conjunction with our historical consolidated financial statements and related notes.

| | March 31, 2018 | December 31, 2017 | March 31, 2017 | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|---|---|
| (Dollars in thousands, except share data) | | | | | |
| Selected Balance Sheet Information: | | | | | |
| Book value per share | \$14.13 | \$13.91 | \$13.07 | | |
| Tangible book value per share | \$12.57 | \$12.29 | \$13.04 | | |
| Non-performing assets to total assets | 0.34 | % 0.18 | % 0.35 | % | % |
| Allowance for loan losses to loans held for investment | 1.23 | % 1.12 | % 1.44 | % | % |
| Loans to Deposits | 92.86 | % 89.27 | % 78.20 | % | % |
| Asset Quality Data: | | | | | |
| Non-performing loans | \$7,398 | \$2,899 | \$5,703 | | |
| Non-performing assets | 7,398 | 3,893 | 5,948 | | |
| Capital Ratios: | | | | | |
| Tier 1 leverage capital ⁽¹⁾ | 11.26 | % 11.46 | % 14.10 | % | % |
| Total risk-based capital ⁽¹⁾ | 14.71 | % 14.67 | % 20.11 | % | % |
| Average equity to average assets | 12.20 | % 12.56 | % 13.93 | % | % |
| Tangible common equity to tangible assets ⁽³⁾ | 11.00 | % 10.87 | % 13.61 | % | % |

| | March 31, 2018 | December 31, 2017 | March 31, 2017 | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|---|---|
| Selected Financial Information: | | | | | |
| Basic earnings per share | \$0.48 | \$0.03 | \$0.36 | | |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$0.48 | \$0.03 | \$0.36 | | |
| Net interest margin ⁽²⁾ | 5.22 | % 4.95 | % 4.55 | % | % |
| Efficiency ratio | 55.02 | % 69.10 | % 56.81 | % | % |
| Non-interest income to average assets | 0.81 | % 0.88 | % 1.00 | % | % |
| Non-interest expense to average assets | 3.15 | % 3.83 | % 3.03 | % | % |
| Return on average assets | 1.70 | % 0.12 | % 1.59 | % | % |
| Return on average equity | 13.96 | % 0.92 | % 11.39 | % | % |
| Net charge-offs / (recoveries) | (378 |) 56 | 271 | | |
| Annualized net charge-offs / (recoveries) to average loans | -0.09 | % 0.01 | % 0.10 | % | % |
| Average Balances: | | | | | |
| Average loans | \$1,662,515 | \$1,543,261 | \$1,135,689 | | |
| Average earning assets | 2,017,090 | 1,920,063 | 1,585,312 | | |
| Average total assets | 2,143,556 | 2,035,854 | 1,667,071 | | |
| Average shareholders' equity | 261,608 | 255,679 | 232,269 | | |

- (1) Tier 1 leverage capital and Total risk-based capital as of March 31, 2018 are estimates.
- (2) Net interest margin is defined as net interest income divided by average earning assets.
- (3) Represents the sum of total shareholders' equity less intangible assets all divided by the sum of total assets less intangible assets. Intangible assets were \$29,088,000, \$29,862,000 and \$557,000 at March 31, 2018, December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2017, respectively.

Results of Operations

Factors that determine the level of net income include the volume of earning assets and interest bearing liabilities, yields earned and rates paid, fee income, non-interest expense, the level of non-performing loans and other non-earning assets, and the amount of non-interest bearing liabilities supporting earning assets. Non-interest income primarily includes service charges and other fees on deposits, and mortgage banking income. Non-interest expense consists primarily of employee compensation and benefits, occupancy, equipment and depreciation expense, and other operating expenses.

Average Balance and Yields. The following tables set forth a summary of average balances with corresponding interest income and interest expense as well as average yield, cost and net interest margin information for the periods presented. Average balances are derived from daily balances. Average non-accrual loans are derived from quarterly balances and are included as non-interest earning assets for purposes of these tables.

| (Dollars in thousands, except footnotes) | Three Months Ended | | | | March 31, 2017 | | | |
|---|--------------------|----------|---------|--|----------------|----------|---------|--|
| | March 31, 2018 | | Average | | Average | | Average | |
| | Average | Interest | Yield/ | | Average | Interest | Yield/ | |
| | Balance | Income/ | Rate | | Balance | Income/ | Rate | |
| | | Expense | | | | Expense | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| Interest earning deposits in other banks and federal funds sold | \$13,458 | \$45 | 1.36 % | | \$40,849 | \$79 | 0.79 % | |
| Securities: ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | |
| Taxable securities | 252,491 | 1,214 | 1.95 % | | 314,779 | 1,201 | 1.55 % | |
| Non-taxable securities ⁽²⁾ | 82,518 | 382 | 1.88 % | | 92,164 | 422 | 1.86 % | |
| Total securities | 335,009 | 1,596 | 1.93 % | | 406,943 | 1,623 | 1.62 % | |
| Loans ⁽³⁾ | | | | | | | | |
| Real estate term | 854,982 | 12,164 | 5.77 % | | 587,854 | 8,009 | 5.52 % | |
| Construction and land development | 366,739 | 6,875 | 7.60 % | | 236,238 | 4,400 | 7.55 % | |
| Commercial and industrial | 314,027 | 5,090 | 6.57 % | | 210,563 | 3,216 | 6.19 % | |
| Residential and home equity | 106,910 | 1,336 | 5.07 % | | 83,206 | 974 | 4.75 % | |
| Consumer and other | 19,857 | 345 | 7.05 % | | 17,828 | 254 | 5.77 % | |
| Total loans | 1,662,515 | 25,810 | 6.30 % | | 1,135,689 | 16,853 | 6.02 % | |
| Non-marketable equity securities | 6,108 | 15 | 1.01 % | | 1,831 | 3 | 0.76 % | |
| Total interest earning assets | 2,017,090 | \$27,466 | 5.52 % | | 1,585,312 | \$18,558 | 4.75 % | |
| Allowance for loan losses | (18,715) | | | | (16,769) | | | |
| Non-interest earning assets | 145,181 | | | | 98,528 | | | |
| Total average assets | \$2,143,556 | | | | \$1,667,071 | | | |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | | | | | | | |
| Interest bearing deposits: | | | | | | | | |
| Demand and savings accounts | \$718,242 | \$451 | 0.25 % | | \$659,484 | \$438 | 0.27 % | |
| Money market accounts | 224,322 | 157 | 0.28 % | | 174,456 | 105 | 0.24 % | |
| Certificates of deposit | 199,549 | 459 | 0.93 % | | 156,310 | 222 | 0.58 % | |
| Total interest bearing deposits | 1,142,113 | 1,067 | 0.38 % | | 990,250 | 765 | 0.31 % | |

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| | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|----------|------|---|-------------|----------|------|---|
| Short-term borrowings | 100,555 | 428 | 1.73 | % | 3,233 | 1 | 0.18 | % |
| Total interest bearing liabilities | 1,242,668 | \$1,495 | 0.49 | % | 993,483 | \$766 | 0.31 | % |
| Non-interest bearing deposits | 628,869 | | | | 431,360 | | | |
| Total funding | 1,871,537 | \$1,495 | 0.32 | % | 1,424,843 | \$766 | 0.22 | % |
| Other non-interest bearing liabilities | 10,411 | | | | 9,959 | | | |
| Shareholders' equity | 261,608 | | | | 232,269 | | | |
| Total average liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$2,143,556 | | | | \$1,667,071 | | | |
| Net interest income | | \$25,971 | | | | \$17,792 | | |
| Interest rate spread | | | 5.03 | % | | | 4.43 | % |
| Net interest margin | | | 5.22 | % | | | 4.55 | % |

(1) Excludes average unrealized losses of \$(4.2) million and \$(1.7) million for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

(2) Does not include tax effect on tax-exempt investment security income of \$205,000 and \$227,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

(3) Loan interest income includes loan fees of \$1.6 million and \$1.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017.

Rate/Volume Analysis. The following table shows the change in interest income and interest expense and the amount of change attributable to variances in volume, rates and the combination of volume and rates based on the relative changes of volume and rates. For purposes of this table, the change in interest due to both volume and rate has been allocated to change due to volume and rate in proportion to the relationship of absolute dollar amounts of change in each.

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 vs. 2017 | | |
|---|--|------|---------|
| | Increase (Decrease) Due to: | | |
| | Volume | Rate | Net |
| Interest income: | | | |
| Interest earning deposits in other banks and federal funds sold | \$(72) | \$38 | \$(34) |
| Taxable securities | (264) | 277 | 13 |
| Non-taxable securities | (44) | 4 | (40) |
| Total securities | (308) | 281 | (27) |
| Loans | | | |
| Real estate term | 3,786 | 369 | 4,155 |
| Construction and land development | 2,446 | 28 | 2,474 |
| Commercial and industrial | 1,666 | 208 | 1,874 |
| Residential and home equity | 293 | 70 | 363 |
| Consumer and other | 31 | 60 | 91 |
| Total Loans | 8,222 | 735 | 8,957 |
| Non-marketable equity securities | 10 | 1 | 11 |
| Total interest income | 7,852 | | |