RIO TINTO PLC Form 425 September 02, 2008

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The following are slides comprising an investor presentation that was first given on September 1, 2008.

September 2008 Investor Presentation

Investor Presentation

Slide 2

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Investor Presentation Slide 3

Disclaimer continued

No statement concerning expected cost savings, revenue benefits (and resulting incremental EBITDA) and EPS accretion in th future earnings per share of the enlarged BHP Billiton group for current and future financial years will necessarily match or ex BHP Billiton, and the actual estimated cost savings and revenue benefits (and resulting EBITDA enhancement) may be material Information Relating to the US Offer for Rio Tinto plc

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BHP Billiton results are reported under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). References to Underlying EBIT are reconciliation to profit from operations is contained within the profit announcement

References in this presentation to \$ are to United States dollars unless otherwise specified.

Investor Presentation
Slide 4
The largest mining company by market capitalisation
Market Capitalisation as at 11 August 2008
(US\$bn)
BHP Billiton
0

30

60

90

120

150

180

*Rio

Tinto

Market

Cap

=

Market

Cap

of

Rio

Tinto

Plc

+

62.6%

of

Market

Cap

of

Rio

Tinto

Ltd

(due

to

Rio Tinto

Plc s

ric s

**Market

value

may

be

unreliable

due

to

a

high

percentage

of

non

free-float

shares.

Sources: Datastream, Bloomberg

approximate

37.4%

holding

of

Rio
Tinto
Ltd,
as
per
www.riotinto.com/investors/590_data_book.asp)

Investor Presentation
Slide 5
With a diversified global portfolio
Note:
Location
of
dots

indicative only Stainless Steel Materials #3 global nickel producer Iron Ore #3 global supplier of seaborne iron ore Manganese #1 global supplier of seaborne manganese ore Metallurgical Coal #1 global supplier of seaborne traded metallurgical coal Base Metals #3 global producer of copper, silver and lead Aluminium #4 global producer of bauxite and #4 aluminium company based on net third party sales **Energy Coal** #4 global supplier of seaborne export thermal coal Petroleum A significant oil and gas exploration and production business Diamonds & Specialty Products EKATI Diamond Mine is one of the world s largest gem quality diamond producers Aluminium Base Metals Diamonds & Specialty Products **Energy Coal** Iron Ore Manganese Metallurgical Coal Petroleum Stainless Steel Materials

Offices

Investor Presentation
Slide 6
Our strategy
Focus on value creation

People

Run current assets at full potential

Accelerate development projects

Create future options
Growth options
Project pipeline
Financial strength
and discipline
World-class
assets
Licence to
operate
People

Investor Presentation Slide 7 Overview Year ended June 2008

Outstanding operating and financial results

Annual production records set in 7 commodities

Underlying EBITDA up 22% to US\$28.0 billion

Underlying EBIT up 21% to US\$24.3 billion

Attributable profit of US\$15.4 billion, up 12%

Earnings per share of 275 US cents, up 18%

Underlying EBIT margin and ROCE of 48% and 38% respectively

Growth projects proceeding well with significant volume growth achieved in FY2008 and expected in FY2009

Final dividend rebased to 41 US cents per share, an increase of 52%, consistent with outlook and higher earnings and cash flow

Investor Presentation

Slide 8

Outstanding results driven by strategy and execution

- 3.1
- 3.5
- 5.5
- 9.9

- 15.3
- 20.1
- 24.3
- 0
- 5
- 10
- 15
- 20
- 25
- FY2002
- FY2003
- FY2004
- FY2005
- FY2006
- FY2007
- FY2008
- Notes:
- a)
- FY2002
- to
- FY2005
- calculated
- on
- the
- basis
- of
- UKGAAP.
- Subsequent
- periods
- calculated
- under
- IFRS.
- **Underlying EBIT**
- (a)
- (US\$bn)
- H2
- H1
- 9.6
- 14.7

Investor Presentation

Slide 9

A track record of project delivery Copper equivalent production growth (a) (Indexed, 100=FY2001)

Projects successfully delivered:

44 since the DLC merger

10 completed in FY2008

10% growth estimated in FY2009

Completed projects ramping up in FY2009

Atlantis South, Genghis Khan, Samarco, Ravensthorpe/Yabulu Exp., Cliffs, Koala Underground, Spence, Escondida Sulphide Leach and Pinto Valley

First production expected in FY2009

GEMCO, Neptune, Shenzi, NWS Train 5, NWS Angel and Alumar Notes:

a)

Production from continuing operations converted to copper equivalent units using FY2008 average realised prices.

Investor Presentation
Slide 10
Diversity = Stability and Strength
%
EBIT Margin
(1)
FY2002

FY2003 FY2004 FY2005 FY2006 FY2007 FY2008 0

10

20

30

40

50

60

70

80

H1

H2

H1

H2

H1 H2

H1

H2

H1

H2

H1

H2

H1 H2

Petroleum

Aluminium

Base Metals

D&SP

SSM

Iron Ore

Manganese

Met Coal

Energy Coal

BHP Billiton

(1)

FY2002

to

FY2005

are

calculated

under

UKGAAP.

Subsequent

periods

are

calculated

under

IFRS.

All

periods

exclude

third

party trading activities.

Investor Presentation Slide 11 Short-term global challenges exist

Global economic activity is moderating

Financial market instability, housing

market decline and inflationary pressures

Emerging economies not immune

Inflationary pressures

Some decline in fixed asset investment growth (isolated to a small number of industries)

Exchange rate appreciation reducing export competitiveness

0%

2%

4%

6%

Jun-06

Sep-06

Dec-06

Mar-07

Jun-07

Sep-07

Dec-07

Mar-08

Jun-08

United

States

annual

GDP

growth

(a)

(Annual growth, %)

China

annual

GDP

growth

(b)

(Annual growth, %)

8%

10%

12%

14%

Jun-06

Sep-06

Dec-06

Mar-07

Jun-07

Sep-07

Dec-07

Mar-08

Jun-08

Notes:

a)

Source: US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

b)

Source: CEIC

Investor Presentation Slide 12 However, long-term fundamentals of emerging/developing economies remain intact 2.8%

2.3%

1.3%

- 2.9%
- 3.5%
- 6.4%
- 6.7%
- 7.0%
- 9.8%
- 10.1%
- 9.4%
- 10.1%
- 0%
- 2%
- 4%
- 6%
- 8%
- 10%
- 12%
- Average historical growth
- CY1990-CY2000
- Average historical growth
- CY2001-CY2007
- Average forecast growth
- CY2008-CY2009
- Average forecast growth
- CY2010-CY2013
- **Developed Economies**
- Emerging & Developing Economies
- China
- Source: World economic outlook database, April 2008.
- IMF world GDP growth
- (%)

Investor Presentation
Slide 13
Urbanisation and industrialisation has resulted in a huge call on steelmaking raw materials
0
100
200

300 400 500 600 700 800 900 CY1970 CY1980 CY1990 CY2000 CY2007 CY2015E **United States** China Source: International Iron & Steel Institute (World Steel in Figures, 2008), US Geological Survey (Iron and Steel Statistics, 3 January 2008) and BHP Billiton estimates. Annual steel consumption (mtpa) Cumulative steel consumption since 1900 (mt) 0 1,000 2,000 3,000 4,000 5,000 6,000 7,000 8,000 9,000 10,000 CY1970 CY1980 CY1990 CY2000 CY2007 CY2015E **United States**

China

Investor Presentation
Slide 14
Supply-side constraints are limiting the industry s response

Equipment stress

Industrial action and wage disputes

Labour shortages

fuel

Rising tariffs

tending to be:

Lower grade

Smaller

Equipment shortages

Significant cost pressures, including

Energy and power constraints

Declines in ore-grade levels

Infrastructure bottlenecks

Developments are increasingly

Higher risk geographies
Equipment shortages
longer lead times and project delivery dates
Rising capital costs
Resources nationalism Existing Supply Future Supply Grow th

Investor Presentation

Slide 15

0

2,000

4,000

6,000

8,000

10,000 12,000 14,000 CY2007 CY2008 CY2009F CY2010F CY2011F CY2012F Accelerating growth from a diversified portfolio of projects % of growth CY2007-2012 (Estimated & unrisked) Production in copper equivalent tonnes (Copper equivalent tonnes '000s) 45% 37% 18% Steelmaking Materials

Energy Non-Ferrous

Note: Growth in production volumes on a copper equivalent units basis between CY2007 and CY2012 calculated using BHP F for BHP Billiton production. Production volumes exclude BHP Billiton s Specialty Products operation and all bauxite product businesses are included. Alumina volumes reflect only tonnes available for external sale. Conversion of production forecasts to equivalent units completed using long term consensus price forecasts, plus BHP Billiton assumptions for diamonds, domestic of manganese. Prices as at July 2008.

Investor Presentation
Slide 16
Focused on low risk volume growth from existing assets, high margin CSGs
and known regions
By project type
(b)

87% 13%

Brownfield Greenfield By region (c) Existing New

By country risk (d) 88% 12% Lower Higher 3% 97% By high margin vs lower margin CSGs (e) 63% 37% > 50% < 50% Projected growth in production in copper equivalent tonnes (a) (CY2007-CY2012) Notes: a) Growth in production volumes on a copper equivalent units basis between CY2007 and CY2012 calculated using BHP Billitor exclude BHP Billiton s Specialty Products operation and all bauxite production. All energy coal businesses are included. Alur Conversion of production forecasts to copper equivalent units completed using long term consensus price forecasts, plus BHP manganese. Prices as at July 2008. Brownfield includes growth from existing operations as at 31-Dec-2007, as well as expansions and additional developments of Existing regions represents those countries in which BHP Billiton already has asset operating as at 31-Dec-2007.

Country risk methodology based on March 2008 Euromoney Magazine poll. Lower risk countries defined as countries with ris

High margin CSGs represents those with an average EBIT margin (excluding third party trading activities) of greater than 50%

Investor Presentation
Slide 17
Strong cash flow delivering value to shareholders
0
2,000
4,000

6,000 8,000 10,000 12,000 14,000 16,000 18,000 20,000 FY2002 FY2003 FY2004 FY2005 FY2006 FY2007 FY2008 H1 H2 0 1500 3000 4500 6000 7500 9000 FY2002 FY2003 FY2004 FY2005 FY2006 FY2007 FY2008 Organic Growth 1 Return Shareholders 2 (1) Includes capital and exploration expenditures (exclude acquisitions). Includes dividends paid and share buy-backs. (3) FY2005 to FY2008 have been calculated

on

the basis of the IFRS. Prior periods have been calculated on the basis of UKGAAP. (4) FY2007 and FY2008 cashflow reflects proportional consolidation of joint ventures. 1500 3000 4500 6000 7500 9000 FY2002 FY2003 FY2004 FY2005 FY2006 FY2007 FY2008 US\$m US\$m

US\$m

Available Cash Flow

Investor Presentation Slide 18 Summary

Excellent operating and financial results

Long-term demand outlook remains strong despite some short-term economic uncertainty

Supply-side constraints are limiting the ability for the industry to respond to demand growth

BHP Billiton s portfolio of assets focused in stable geographies provides a competitive advantage

Future growth being delivered from lower risk projects Liverpool Bay

BHP Billiton s of fer to acquire Rio Tinto



Subject to pre-conditions relating to certain anti-trust clearances in the EU, the US, Australia, Canada and South Africa and

FIRB approval in Australia

Rio Tinto shareholders

are

being

offered

3.4

BHP

Billiton

shares

for

every

Rio

Tinto

share

held

The

offer

represents

45%

premium

to

the

undisturbed

combined

volume

weighted

average

market

capitalisation

And an 8% premium, based on BHP Billiton s current combined market capitalisation as at 15-Aug-08 and the Rio Tinto combined

market

capitalisation

immediately

prior

to the

announcement

confirming

BHP

Billiton s

approach

The offer is conditional on more than 50% acceptances of the publicly held shares in each of Rio Tinto plc and

Rio Tinto Ltd

BHP Billiton s progressive dividend policy is expected to be maintained

Proposed share buyback of up to US\$30bn following completion if the

offer is

successful

Buyback and any refinancing of Rio Tinto s borrowings to be funded through a combination of a US\$55bn committed bank financing facility, cash flow from operations, asset disposal proceeds and, if required, debt financing

Target single A credit rating

DLC structure maintained

Overview of BHP Billiton Offer for Rio Tinto

Notes:

a)

Premium

based

on

the

combined

volume-weighted

market

capitalisation

of

Rio

Tinto

based

on the

volume-weighted

average

closing

share

prices

over

the

month

ended

31-Oct-2007

of

£43.09

and

A\$109.20

for

Rio

Tinto

plc

and

Rio

Tinto

Ltd

respectively

and

volume-weighted

average

closing

share

prices

over

the

month

ended

31-Oct-2007

of

BHP

Billiton

Plc

and

BHP

Billiton

Ltd

of

£17.99

and

A\$45.77

respectively.

Based

on

BHP

Billiton

and

Rio

Tinto

issued

ordinary

shares

outstanding

(excluding Treasury shares and cross shareholdings eg. Rio Tinto shareholding in Rio Tinto Ltd) as at 9-Nov-2007 and exchange rates of 2.077 US\$/£ and 0.927 US\$/A\$ as at 31-Oct-2007. b) Consistent with the UK City Code on Takeovers and Mergers, this premium has been calculated based on the combined based on the combined

market capitalisation

of

Rio

Tinto

based

on

the

closing

share

prices

of

Rio

Tinto

plc

of

£43.50

on

7-Nov-2007

and

Rio

Tinto

Ltd

of

A\$113.40

on

8-Nov-2007

 $\quad \text{and} \quad$

closing

share

prices

of

BHP

Billiton

Plc

and

BHP

Billiton

Ltd

of

£15.29

and

A\$37.98

respectively

on

15-Aug-2008.

Based

on

BHP

Billiton

and

Rio

Tinto
issued
ordinary
shares
outstanding
(excluding
Treasury
shares
and
cross
shareholdings eg.
Rio Tinto
plc s
shareholding in Rio Tinto
Ltd)
as
at
15-Aug-2008
and
exchange
rates
of
1.863
US\$/£
and
0.865
US\$/A\$
as
at
15-Aug-2008.
Based on BHP Billiton s share prices and exchange rates as at 15-Aug-2008 and assuming 100% BHP Billiton Ltd shares for
Billiton shares for each Rio Tinto plc share consisting of 80% BHP Billiton Plc shares and 20% BHP Billiton Ltd shares, the v
£53.58 and the value of the Rio Tinto Ltd offer was A\$129.13 as at 15-Aug-2008. The closing share prices of Rio Tinto plc an
were £46.05 and A\$115.15 respectively.
c)
i.e. if BHP Billiton acquires 100% of the shares in Rio Tinto Limited and Rio Tinto plc on the 3.4:1 announced offer terms.
(a)
(b)
(c)

Investor Presentation Slide 21 Detail on BHP Billiton offer for Rio Tinto Rio Tinto plc Offer:

Rio Tinto plc shareholders will receive 3.4 BHP Billiton shares for every Rio Tinto plc share held

80% in BHP Billiton Plc shares

20% in BHP Billiton Ltd shares

Separate US offer (which forms part of the Rio Tinto plc Offer) to:

US resident shareholders of Rio Tinto plc shares

All holders of Rio Tinto plc ADRs

Rio Tinto Ltd Offer:

Rio Tinto Ltd shareholders will receive 3.4 BHP Billiton Ltd shares for every Rio Tinto Ltd share held Unique synergy potential:

Expected material quantifiable synergies and financial benefits unique to this combination

US\$1.7bn nominal per annum from cost savings

US\$2.0bn additional nominal per annum primarily from volume acceleration

Other combination benefits

With a mix and match

facility

a)

Estimated incremental EBITDA based on publicly available information. To be read in conjunction with the notes in Appendix

BHP

Billiton s

announcement

dated

6-Feb-2008.

Full

run

rate

synergies

expected

by

year

7.

Assumes BHP Billiton gains 100% of the shares of Rio Tinto Limited and Rio Tinto plc on the 3.4:1 announced offer terms.

Investor Presentation Slide 22 Unlocking further value through a combination with Rio Tinto

Optimising mineral basin positions and infrastructure

Lower cost, more efficient production

Unlocking volume through matching reserves with infrastructure

Enhanced platform for future growth

Deployment of scarce resources to highest value opportunities

Greater ability to develop the next generation of large scale projects in new geographies

Better positioned as partner of choice with governments and stakeholders

Efficient exploration and infrastructure development

Unique synergies and combination benefits

Economies

of

scale

especially procurement

Avoid duplication, reduce corporate and divisional non-operating costs

Accelerate tonnage delivered to market

Investor Presentation

Slide 23

Indicative Timetable for the Offer

Feb

Mar

Nov

Dec

Jan
Oct
Sep
Aug
Jul
Jun
May
Apr
Mar
Feb
Jan
2009
2008
6-Feb-2008

BHP Billiton
announced preconditional offers for
all of the outstanding
shares of Rio Tinto
Offer Announcement
Satisfaction of Regulatory Approval Pre-conditions

30-May-2008:

Form CO filed with the European

Commission

3-Jul-2008:

US merger review completed

4-Jul-2008:

Entered into Phase 2 investigation with the

European Commission

European Commission decision due by

December 2008

All regulatory pre-conditions expected to be completed or waived by the Offer Period Early 2009

UK Offer Timetable

50% minimum acceptance condition must be satisfied in both the Rio Tinto plc and Rio Tinto Ltd offers by

end of 2008 Day 60

Appendix

Investor Presentation Slide 25 2007 2008 Financial highlights % Change Year ended June (US\$m)

Revenue 59,473 47,473 25.3 Underlying EBITDA 28,031 22,950 22.1 **Underlying EBIT** 24,282 20,067 21.0 Attributable profit (excluding exceptionals) 15,368 13,675 12.4 Attributable profit 15,390 13,416 14.7 Net operating cash flow 18,159 15,957 13.8 EPS (excluding exceptionals) (US cents) 274.9 233.9 17.5 Dividend per share (US cents) 70.0

47.0 48.9

Investor Presentation
Slide 26
Return on capital and margins
(1)
FY2005 to FY2008
are shown on the basis of IFRS.
Prior periods are calculated under UKGAAP. All periods exclude third party trading.

35% 38% 38% 44% 48% 48% 29% 21% 13% 11% 40% 30% 24%20% 0%10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% FY2002 FY2003 FY2004 FY2005 FY2006

EBIT Margin

FY2007 FY2008

(1)

Investor Presentation

Slide 27

10 12 FY2002 FY2003 FY2004 FY2005 FY2006 FY2007 FY2008 0% 5% 10% 15% 20% 25% 30% 35% 40% Capex (LHS) Capitalised Exploration (LHS) Acquisitions (LHS) ROCE (RHS) Strong Return On Capital Employed despite record capital investments Capital and exploration expenditure (US\$bn) Notes: FY2002 to FY2005 are shown on the basis of UKGAAP. Subsequent periods are calculated under

IFRS. ROCE

Investor Presentation
Slide 28
Our portfolio is diversified and balanced across high margin commodities
Underlying
EBIT
Margin

(a)

(FY2008)

Notes:

a)

EBIT

Margin

excludes

third

party

trading

activities.

67%

30%

31%

62%

20%

25%

24%

48%

51%

58%

Underlying EBIT

(FY2008, US\$bn)

0

5

10

15

20

25 Energy

(27%)

Non Ferrous

(44%)

Steelmaking

Materials

(29%)

Iron Ore

Manganese

Energy Coal

Metallurgical Coal

D & SP

Base Metals

Petroleum

Stainless Steel

Materials

Aluminium

Iron Ore

Manganese

Energy Coal

Metallurgical Coal

Diamonds and Specialty Products Base Metals Petroleum Stainless Steel Materials Aluminium Group

Investor Presentation
Slide 29
Underlying EBIT by Customer Sector Group
Petroleum
5,489
3,014
+82.1

Record EBIT and production

Operating cash costs held under US\$5 per BOE

3 new major projects commissioned and volume growth expected to continue

Strong operational performance -Stybarrow continued to produce at full capacity and excellent facility uptime in all operations

Continued replenishment of project and exploration pipeline

Greater than 100% reserve replacement for the second consecutive year 2007 2008
% Change
Year ended June (US\$m)
Neptune

Investor Presentation
Slide 30
Underlying EBIT by Customer Sector Group
Aluminium
1,465
1,856
-21.1

Base Metals 7,989 6,875 +16.2

2007

2008

% Change

Year ended June (US\$m)

Record alumina production

South African power situation will continue to impact metal production

Worsley E&G approved

Record copper production despite supply disruptions in South America

Pampa Escondida discovery Worsley Escondida

Investor Presentation Slide 31 Underlying EBIT by Customer Sector Group Ekati Diamonds & Specialty Products 189 197

-4.1 2007 2008 % Change Year ended June (US\$m)

Koala Underground ramping up strongly

Anglo Potash acquisition adding flexibility for future growth Stainless Steel Materials 1,275 3,675 -65.3

EBIT impacted by lower prices and volume, and higher costs

Ravensthorpe, Yabulu Expansion Project and Cliffs commissioned Ravensthorpe

Investor Presentation
Slide 32
Underlying EBIT by Customer Sector Group
Manganese
1,644
253
+549.8

2007 2008 % Change Year ended June (US\$m)

Record production due to successful project execution

Exceptional local currency cost control at Western Australia Iron Ore

Strong volume growth expected in FY2009

Growth plan underpinned by extensive exploration and development program

Record production, results and margin

Low cost volume expansions underway Mount Newman GEMCO Iron Ore 4,631 2,728 +69.8

Investor Presentation Slide 33 Underlying EBIT by Customer Sector Group Metallurgical Coal 937 1,247 -24.9

2007 2008 % Change Year ended June (US\$m)

Strong recovery from flood impacts in Queensland

Costs impacted by recovery activities

Great outlook for margins

Market remains tight

Growth pipeline being accelerated Energy Coal 1,057 481 +119.8

Record EBIT

Higher export prices driven by strong demand

Record production at Hunter Valley and Cerrejon

3 projects sanctioned during the year Illawarra Coal Hunter Valley Coal

Investor Presentation Slide 34 Underlying EBIT analysis Year ended June 08 vs June 07 0 5,000 10,000 15,000

20,000

25,000

30,000

Jun-07

Net Price

Volume

Exchange

Inflation

Cash Costs

Non Cash

Costs

Exploration

& Bus Dev

Other

Jun-08

US\$m

20,067

6,559

1,828

(1,133)

(532)

(967)

(216)

(404)

(920)

24,282

(1)

Including

\$134m

of

price-linked

costs

impact.

(2)

Including

\$1,619m

due

to

increase

in

volume

from

new

operations.

(1)

(2)

Investor Presentation Slide 35 High capture of price benefit to EBIT 20,067 US\$m 6,559 4,215

64% (1) Net price variance includes the impact of price-linked costs. Price-linked costs is defined as any costs which fluctuate in line with movements in price such as royalties, TC/RC and LME linked costs. 24,282 0 2,000 4,000 6,000 8,000 10,000 12,000 14,000 16,000 18,000 20,000 22,000 24,000 26,000 28,000 FY2007 EBIT Net Price Variance (1)

Price to EBIT FY2008 EBIT

Investor Presentation Slide 36 Impact of major commodity price Year ended June 08 vs June 07

- -1500
- -1000
- -500

0

500

1000

1500

2000

2500

Total

price

variance

US\$6,559

million

(1)

US\$m

Petroleum

1,684

Copper

946

Manganese

1,465

Iron Ore

2,134

Energy

Coal

1,062

Nickel

(1,066)

Diamonds

80

Aluminium

(51)

Met Coal

151

(1) Net of \$134m of price-linked costs impact.

Other

154

Investor Presentation

Slide 37

-400

-200

0

200

400

600 800 1000 1200 1400 Impact of major volume changes Year ended June 08 vs June 07 US\$m Total volume (1) variance US\$1,828 million Petroleum 894 Met Coal (47) Iron Ore 424 Aluminium/ Alumina 20 D&SP 19 Energy Coal 38 Copper 727 Nickel (313)Other 47 (1) Volume variances calculated using previous year margin and includes new operations Manganese 20

Investor Presentation
Slide 38
Rate of cost increase
FY2005 is shown on the basis of UKGAAP. Other
periods are calculated under IFRS.
All periods exclude third party trading and non cash costs.
0%

1% 2% 3% 4% 5% 6% 7% FY2005 FY2006 FY2007 FY2008 Other Costs Raw Materials Fuel & Energy Operating cost increase relative to preceding year 4.9% 6.8% 3.6%

4.3%

Investor Presentation

Slide 39

- -250
- -150
- -50
- 50
- 150

250 350 450 550 650 Cash cost increase mostly recouped in revenue Maintenance US\$m People Fuel & Energy Shipping & Freight Raw Materials **QCoal Rain** Impact CMSA Strike 244 13 204 70 371 50 120 100 (225)(1) Excluding non-cash costs of US\$216m (mostly depreciation on growth capital). **KNS Furnace** Rebuild 20 Recouped in Revenue \$645m Investment \$257m One Offs \$190m Other \$100m **Business** Excellence \$225m \$967m

(1)

Slide 40 Cash flow Operating cash flow and dividends 25,541 22,012 Net interest paid (630)(494)Tax paid (1) (6,752)(5,561)Net operating cash flow 18,159 15,957 Capital expenditure (7,558)(7,129)Exploration expenditure (1,350)(805)Purchases of investments (336)(757)Proceeds from sale of fixed assets & investments 180 378 Net cash flow before dividends and funding 9,095 7,644 Dividends paid

Investor Presentation

(2)

(3,250)
(2,339)
Net cash flow before funding & buy-backs
5,845
5,305
2008
2007
Year ended June (US\$m)
(1)
Includes royalty related taxes paid
(2)

Includes dividends paid to minority interests

Investor Presentation Slide 41 Ordinary dividends per share (US cents per share) 0 10 20

30

40

50

60

70

FY2005

FY2006

FY2007

FY2008

H1

H2

0

50

100

150

200

250

300

FY2005

FY2006

FY2007

FY2008

Earnings per share

(US cents per share)

Note:

BHP Billiton s EPS represents reported underlying EPS for the financial year ending 30 June.

Delivering superior returns to shareholders

CAGR 36%

CAGR 37%

Investor Presentation

Slide 42

Portfolio management

US\$6.3bn of disposals

0

1,000

2,000

3,000

4,000

5,000

6,000

7,000

Sale Proceeds

Base Metals

D&SP

Energy Coal

SSM

Petroleum

Steel

Other

Column 9

180

FY 2008

378

FY 2007

6,287

Total proceeds

845

FY 2002

2,472

FY 2003

(1)

277

FY 2004

1,035

FY 2005 1,100 FY 2006

US\$m

Proceeds from sale of assets

(1)

Includes

BHP

Steel

demerger

and

BHP

Steel

loans

(net

of

cash

disposed

and

costs)

US\$m

Investor Presentation Slide 43 Resourcing the Future BHP Billiton s response

BHP Billiton has not been immune from supply constraint issues

But our scale, global presence and diversification provides significant competitive advantages

We are focused on the disciplined execution of the core strategy

And on pursuing a renewed organisational focus on **simplicity**, accountability and **effectiveness**Port Hedland

Investor Presentation

Slide 44

3,000

Europe

Japan

Other Asia

Nth

America

China

ROW

Australia Diversification remains for sales into China 20% of total company revenues in FY2008 US\$m 431 785 1,075 1,357 371 1,588 2,407 2,946 3,611 3,999 5,293 5,013 6,657 FY2008 revenue by location of customer 1,000 2,000 4,000 5,000 6,000 7,000 FY02 H1 03 H2 03 H1 04 H2 04 H1 05 H2 05 H1 06 H2 06 H1 07 H2 07 H1 08 H2 08 Petroleum Aluminium Base Metals Iron Ore Met Coal Manganese

Energy Coal

SSM Other

Investor Presentation

Slide 45

China and India account for a major share of world commodity

demand

Notes: Iron ore represents imports. Coal includes all coal types. Europe excludes former Soviet Union.

Source: CRU International Ltd, Quarterly Reports (April-June 2008); Brook Hunt Aluminium Metal Service (July 2008); BP

Review of World Energy, June 2008; IISI

Steel Statistical Yearbook (December 2007) and World Steel in Figures (2008) 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 Coal Fe Ore Steel Al Cu Ni Energy Oil Other Europe Japan USA India China Share of World Commodity Demand 2007

(%)

Investor Presentation
Slide 46
China s commodity demand and its percentage share of world demand
000 tonnes
Data: CRU Copper Quarterly, April 2008
000 tonnes

Data: CRU Nickel Quarterly, June 2008 Data: Brook Hunt Aluminium Metal Service, July 2008 000 tonnes million tonnes Data: IISI Steel Statistical Yearbook (Dec. 2007); China Customs data (www.customs.gov.cn); CRU "The Iron Ore Market Service" Interim Report, December 2007; The Tex Report (February 2008); Iron ore data are seaborne traded, based on import statistics Copper Nickel Aluminium Iron Ore 0 500 1,000

1,500

```
2,000
2,500
3,000
3,500
4,000
4,500
5,000
95
96
97
98
99
00
01
02
03
04
05
06
07
0%
5%
10%
15%
20%
25%
30%
Chinese refined copper
consumption
% share of world refined copper
consumption (right hand scale)
0
50
100
150
200
250
300
350
400
95
96
97
98
99
00
01
02
03
```

```
05
06
07
0%
5%
10%
15%
20%
25%
30%
Chinese primary nickel
consumption
% share of world primary nickel
consumption (right hand scale)
0
50
100
150
200
250
300
350
400
450
95
96
97
98
99
00
01
02
03
04
05
06
07
0%
5%
10%
15%
20%
25%
30%
35%
40%
45%
50%
Chinese iron ore imports
% share of global seaborne iron ore
```

(right hand scale) 0 2,000 4,000 6,000 8,000 10,000 12,000 14,000 95 96 97 98 99 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 0% 5% 10% 15% 20% 25% 30% 35% Chinese aluminium consumption % share of global aluminium consumption (right hand scale)

Investor Presentation
Slide 47
Copper
GDP per capita vs consumption per capita
Copper consumption
(kg/capita)
0

5 10 15 20 0 5,000 10,000 15,000 20,000 25,000 30,000 35,000 40,000 45,000 50,000 GDP/Capita (Jan 2008 Constant US Dollars) China Germany India Japan Korea, Rep. **United States** Taiwan *Note: Based on a projection of similar growth patterns to the other nations shown Source: World Bank (World Development Indicators Online Database, February 2008); Government

Statistics for

Taiwan (www.stat.gov.tw); CRU Copper Quarterly (January 2008)

Investor Presentation Slide 48 1975-2008 Emerging Market growth Maturing of Japan 1990: Collapse of USSR Productivity & IT revolution

Commodification Cost benefits from technology and economies of scale Emerging Markets and China s long boom Renewed call on copper resources Global Copper Prices in 1880-2008 10-Year Moving Average Real Annual Cu Price 1880-1914 Second Industrial Revolution & US economic expansion Electrification Colonial/imperial raw materials networks Rising real prices Expansion of US copper mining Expansion in African Copperbelt Expansion in Chile/Peru Escondida & Freeport Flotation, open-pit mining and mechanisation Flash smelting Birth of Sx/Ew WWI WWII Twin Oil Shocks Collapse of USSR Wall Street Crash 1920-2007 Sources of data: **CRU** Quarterly

Reports

(April 2008, and archives); US Geological Survey Metal Prices in the US Through 1998, (http://minerals.usgs.gov/minerals); US Bureau of **Economic** Analysis (US **CPI** Database); London Metals Exchange, (http://www.lme.co.uk) China s Boom 1970s Oil Shocks Inflation/recession Demand slumps Substitution LME pricing Costs and prices fall from peaks Vietnam War 1950-1973 Post-war boom Japan s economic miracle High demand growth Nationalisation in Chile, Peru, Mexico

and Africa

Costs and prices rise Producer pricing

Korean

War

0.00

0.50

1.00

1.50

2.00

2.50

3.00

5.00

3.50

4.00

1880

1890

1900

1910

1920

1930

1940

1950

1960

1970

1980 1990

2000

1920-1945

Great Depression

World War II

High military demand

Investment dries up

Prices collapse

and stagnate

Investor Presentation
Slide 49
Energy
GDP per capita vs energy use per capita
Primary energy use
(toe/capita)
0

2 4 6 8 10 0 5,000 10,000 15,000 20,000 25,000 30,000 35,000 40,000 45,000 50,000 GDP/Capita (Jan 2008 Constant US Dollars) China Germany India Japan Korea, Rep. **United States** Taiwan *Note: Based on projection of similar growth patterns to the other nations shown. toe stands for tonnes of oil equivalent Source: World

World

Bank

Development Indicators Online Database (February 2008), Government Statistics for Taiwan (www.stat.gov.tw); BP Statistical Review of World Energy

June 2007

Investor Presentation

Slide 50

Emerging markets are driving energy consumption growth

36%

9%

5%

50%

Lugar Filling. The First Co. F. of the 423
China
Other
Europe
North America
Source: BP Statistical Review of World Energy 2008.
Notes: Primary energy comprises commercially traded fuels only. Oil consumption measured in million tonnes, other fuels
converted
to
million
tonnes
of
oil
equivalent
as
detailed
in
the
Appendices
of
the
Review.
Share of world primary energy consumption
(mmtoe)
Growth in energy consumption CY2000-2007
(mmtoe)
10%
17%
30%
26%
30%
27%
30%
31%
0%
100%
CY2000
CY2007
Other
Europe
North
America
China

Investor Presentation

Slide 51

0

2,000

4,000

6,000

8,000

10,000 12,000 14,000 16,000 2000 2010 2020 2030 Strong long-term global growth in energy demand Energy demand growth (CAGR) (mmtoe) +1.6% +2.4% +1.4% Oil Gas Coal Nuclear Hydro Renewables

Source: IEA World Energy Outlook

Investor Presentation
Slide 52
Steel
GDP per capita vs consumption per capita
Finished steel consumption
(kg/capita)
0

200 400 600 800 1,000 1,200 0 5,000 10,000 15,000 20,000 25,000 30,000 35,000 40,000 45,000 50,000 GDP/Capita (Jan 2008 Constant US Dollars) China Germany India Japan Korea, Rep. **United States** Taiwan *Note: Based on a projection of similar growth patterns to the other nations shown Source: World Bank (World Development Indicators Online Database, February 2008); Government Statistics for Taiwan (www.stat.gov.tw); IISI Steel Statistical Yearbook (Dec. 2007)

Investor Presentation

Slide 53

China is the world s largest steel producer

Source: IISI and BHP Billiton estimates.

Note crude steel production growth calculated based on the change in annual production between years ended 1996 and 2007.

0 250

500 750 1,000 1,250 1,500 1996 2007 Crude steel production (mt) China USA Japan Europe Other India 66% 20% 5% 4% 5% 0% Crude steel production growth (1996-2007) (mt) China USA Japan Europe Other 100% = 590

India

Investor Presentation

Slide 54

Source: GTIS and CRU

South America

Domestic supply / demand

4.27x

0.00x

Iron Ore

Met Coal

India

Domestic supply / demand

2.36x

Investor Presentation Slide 55 But so is Metallurgical coal

Leading position in the seaborne market

100% BMA owned Hay Point limits impact of

infrastructure constraints

Met Coal Iron Ore

Significant growth options

Iron Ore is an important part of the mix

Geographic proximity to the growing Asian market

Record annual production and shipments

Plans underway to expand WAIO system capacity (100%) to 300mtpa by 2015 And Manganese is a significant contributor

Largest supplier of seaborne manganese ore from high quality resource base

Manganese ore and alloy assets operating at record production levels in a strong demand environment BHP Billiton has a leading position in the steelmaking commodities 23% 64% 13% Total Carbon Steel Sector FY2008 EBIT (Total = US\$7.2bn) Manganese

Investor Presentation
Slide 56
Existing supply:
Equipment shortages are continuing
CY2004
CY2005
CY2006

CY2007 CY2008 CY2009 Tyres and Trucks Tyres (2004)

OEM underinvestment

Radial tyre market undersupply >30% Trucks (2007)

Access to castings, forgings

Effect of non-mining competitors

Oil sands Draglines & Shovels

Historical cyclicality has contributed to underinvestment

Market limited Supply Base

Availability of raw materials/steel Ammonium Nitrate

Production capacity constraints

Shortage of raw materials

High capital costs

Stringent import regulations
Grinding Mills

Access to castings, forgings

Production capacity constraints

Increased steel prices

Skilled labour shortages

Timing of initial supply constraint manifestation

Investor Presentation
Slide 57
Future industry supply growth:
New projects are encountering delays
Source: Brook Hunt.

Note: Forecast

production as at 2008 Q2 represents the expected future production at 2008 Q2 from those copper developments classified as highly probable and probable as at 2006 Q1. It excludes new developments classified as highly probable or probable since 2006 Q1. Expected future production from highly probable and probable copper developments Forecast production as at 2006 Q1 Forecast production as at 2008 Q2 2-3 year delays

1,000

2,000

3,000

4,000

5,000

6,000

7,000

8,000

CY2006

CY2007

CY2008

CY2009

CY2010

CY2011

CY2012

CY2013

CY2014

CY2015

CY2016

CY2017

Investor Presentation

Slide 58

Boffa/Santou

Refinery

As at 14 August 2008

Proposed capital expenditure

\$500m

\$501m-\$2bn

\$2bn+

SSM

Energy Coal

D&SP

Iron Ore

Base Metals

Petroleum

Met Coal

CSG

Manganese

Aluminium

2009

Execution

Atlantis

North

2013

Feasibility

Worsley

E&G

Future Options

Newcastle

Third Port WA Iron Ore Quantum 2 Potash -Jansen WA Iron Ore Quantum 1 Angola & DRC WA Iron Ore RGP 5 Turrum DRC Smelter Maintenance of a deep diversified inventory of growth options NWS Nth Rankin B Browse LNG Shenzi Nth Klipspruit Thebe Wards Well Scarborough Caroona WA Iron Ore RGP 6 MKO Talc Corridor Sands Kennedy Saraji Exp Red Hill UG Resolution Neptune Nth **GEMCO** Exp Ekati Guinea Alumina Angostura Gas HPX3

Maruwai

Stage 1

Knotty

Head

Samarco 4

Peak Downs

Exp (Caval

Ridge)

Macedon

CMSA Heap

Leach 1

Antamina

Exp

Newcastle

Third Port Exp

Mad Dog

West

Mt Arthur

Coal UG

Cerrejon

Opt Exp

Maruwai

Stage 2

Navajo Sth

Perseverance

Deeps

Mt Arthur Coal

OC

(MAC20)

Goonyella

Expansions

Escondida

Moly

New Saraji

Eastern

Indonesian

Facility

Douglas-

Middelburg

WA Iron Ore

RGP 4

Kipper

GEMCO

Shenzi

Alumar

Pyrenees

Olympic Dam

Expansion 1

CMSA Heap

Leach 2

CW Africa

Exploration Escondida 3rd Conc **CMSA** Pyro Expansion Puma Blackwater UG NWS WFGH Nimba Olympic Dam Expansion 3 RBM Cannington Life Ext Potash Gabon Mt Arthur Coal (MACX) Olympic Dam Expansion 2 NWS **CWLH** Bakhuis Daunia NWS

Angel NWS T5

Investor Presentation

Slide 59

0.0

3.0

6.0

9.0

12.0

15.0 FY2002 FY2003 FY2004 FY2005 FY2006 FY2007 FY2008 FY2009F Exploration **Sustaining Capex** Growth Expenditure Capital & exploration expenditure US\$bn (1) FY2009 includes US\$700m for Petroleum FY2002 to FY2005 are shown on the basis of UKGAAP. Subsequent periods are calculated under IFRS. US\$ billion FY2002 FY2003 FY2004 FY2005 FY2006 FY2007 FY2008 FY2009F Growth 1.9 2.0 1.7

2.6 4.0

- 5.5
- 6.1 9.9

Sustaining & Other

- 0.8
- 0.7
- 0.9
- 1.3
- 2.1
- 1.6
- 1.8
- 2.1

Exploration

- (1)
- 0.4
- 0.3
- 0.5
- 0.5
- 0.8
- 0.8 1.4
- 1.5
- Total
- 3.1
- 3.0
- 3.1
- 4.4
- 6.9
- 7.9 9.3
- 13.5

Investor Presentation
Slide 60
Sanctioned development projects (US\$12.4bn)
On schedule and
budget
1-2 million tpa
Mid CY09

100

Met Coal

Maruwai Stage 1/Haju (Indonesia)

100%

On schedule and

budget

Third coal berth capable of

handling an estimated

30 million tpa

End CY10

390

Energy Coal

Newcastle Third Port (Australia)

35.5%

On schedule and

budget

10 million tpa export thermal

coal and 8.5 million tpa

domestic thermal coal

(sustains current output)

Mid CY10

975

Energy Coal

Douglas

Middelburg Optimisation

(South Africa)

100%

On schedule and

budget

1.1 million tpa

H1 CY11

1,900

Alumina

Worsley Efficiency and Growth

(Australia)

86%

On schedule and

budget

Incremental 1.8 million tpa

export coal

Incremental 2.1 million tpa

domestic

H2 CY09

450

Energy Coal

Klipspruit (South Africa)

100%

On schedule and

budget

Additional 1 million tpa

manganese concentrate H1 CY09 110 Mn Ore GEMCO (Australia) 60 % On schedule and budget Increase system capacity to 155 million tpa H1 CY10 1,850 Iron Ore Western Australia Iron Ore RGP 4 (Australia) 86.2% Schedule and budget under review 2 million tpa Q2 CY09 725 Alumina Alumar Refinery Expansion (Brazil) Production Capacity (100%) **Progress** Initial Production Target Date Share of

Approved
Capex
US\$m
Commodity
Minerals Projects

Investor Presentation
Slide 61
Sanctioned development projects (US\$12.4bn) cont.
On schedule and
budget
2,500 million cubic feet gas per
day

CY12 850 **LNG** NWS North Rankin B (Australia) 16.67% On schedule and budget 11,000 bpd condensate and processing capacity of 200 million cubic feet gas per day CY11 625 Oil/Gas Turrrum (Australia) 50% On schedule and budget 96,000 barrels of oil and 60 million cubic feet gas per day H1 CY10 1,200 Oil/Gas Pyrenees (Australia) 71.43% On schedule and budget Tie-back to Atlantis South H2 CY09 185 Oil/Gas Atlantis North (US) 44% On schedule and budget 100,000 barrels and 50 million cubic feet gas per day Mid CY09 1,940 Oil/gas Shenzi (US) 44% On schedule and budget 800 million cubic feet gas per day and 50,000 bpd condensate End CY08 200 Oil/Gas

North West Shelf Angel (Australia) 16.67% On schedule and budget 10,000 bpd condensate and processing capacity of 80 million cubic feet gas per day CY11 500 Oil/Gas Kipper (Australia) 32.5%-50% On schedule and budget LNG processing capacity 4.2 million tpa Late CY08 350 LNG North West Shelf 5th Train (Australia) 16.67% Production Capacity (100%) **Progress** Initial Production Target Date Share of Approved

Capex US\$m Commodity

Petroleum Projects

Investor Presentation Slide 62 Development projects in feasibility (US\$12.4bn) Maintain Nickel West system capacity H2 CY13 500

Nickel Perseverance Deeps (Australia) 100% 5.7 million tpa saleable coal CY 2013 850 **Energy Coal** Navajo South Mine Extension (USA) 100% (1) 5 million tpa saleable coal CY 2011 700 **Energy Coal** Mt Arthur Coal UG (Australia) 100% (2) 8 million tpa H2 CY11 300 **Energy Coal** Cerrejon (Colombia) 33.3% Increase system capacity to 200 million tpa H2 CY11 6,110 Iron Ore Western Australia Iron Ore RGP 5 (Australia) 86.2% (1) 3.7 million tpa export coal H2 CY10 300 **Energy Coal** Mt Arthur Coal OC MAC20 (Australia) 100% 3-5 million tpa clean coal CY 2012 500 Met Coal Maruwai Stage 2/Lampunut (Indonesia) 100% (1) 3 million tpa CY 2010 250

Met Coal

Daunia
(Australia)
50%
3.3 million tpa
H2 CY11
1,700
Alumina
Guinea Alumina Project (Guinea)
33.3%
6.9 million tpa bauxite
H1 CY10
727
Bauxite
Bakhuis
100% (Suriname/ Paranam
45%)
Project Capacity
(100%)*
Forecast Initial
Production*
Estimated Share of
Capex*
US\$m
Commodity
Minerals Projects
(US\$4.7bn)
Note:
All
projects
in .
feasibility
remain
under
review
until
they
are
approved
to
move
to
execution.
During
the
feasibility
phase
project
schedules
and capex are indicative only. However, from time to time estimates may be periodically reviewed as project milestones are ac

(1)

Project parameters are currently under review

(2)

Project now sequenced to follow Mount Arthur Coal OC (MAC20)

Investor Presentation
Slide 63
Development projects in feasibility (US\$12.4bn)
*
Indicative only
280 million cubic feet gas per day
H1 CY11

220

Gas

Angostura Gas (Trinidad & Tobago)

45%

60,000 barrels of oil and 90 million

cubic feet gas per day

H2 CY10

250

Oil/Gas

NWS CWLH (Australia)

16.67%

Project Capacity

(100%)*

Forecast Initial

Production*

Estimated Share of

Capex*

US\$m

Commodity

Petroleum Projects

(US\$600m)

Investor Presentation
Slide 64
Development projects commissioned since July 2001
Q2 CY04
Q2 CY04
80
83

Expansion (Australia) 85% Mid CY04 Mid CY04 294 294 NWS Train 4 (Australia) 16.7% Q1 CY04 Q2 CY04 266 299 **Products** & Capacity Expansion (Australia) 85% Q1 CY04 Q1 CY04 33 50 Cerrejon Zona Norte (Colombia) 33.3%Q4 CY03 Q4 CY03 464 515 Ohanet (Algeria) 45% Q4 CY03 Q2 CY04 411 449 Hillside 3 (South Africa) 100% Q4 CY03 Q4 CY03 380

WA Iron Ore

Accelerated

MtArthur North (Australia) 100% Q3 CY03 Q4 CY03 171 181 Area C (Australia) 85% Q2 CY03 Q3 CY03 40 40 Zamzama (Pakistan) 38.5%Q2 CY01 Q2 CY01 752 775 Antamina (Peru) 33.75% Q4 CY02 Q2 CY03 34 50 Bream Gas Pipeline (Australia) 50% Q3 CY02 Q3 CY02 543 600 Escondida Phase IV (Chile) 57.5% Q3 CY02 Q3 CY02 143 146

411

San Juan Underground (US) 100% Q2 CY02 Q2 CY02 120 138 Tintaya Oxide (Peru) 99.9% Q3 CY01 Q3 CY01 114 128 Typhoon (US) 50% Mozal 2 (Mozambique) 47.1% Project Q2 CY03 Q4 CY03 311 405 Initial Production Date Our Share of Capex Actual Budget

Actual US\$m Budget US\$m

Investor Presentation
Slide 65
Development projects commissioned since July 2001
Q2 CY06
H2 CY06
566
500

Escondida Sulphide Leach (Chile) 57.5% Q2 CY06 H2 CY06 501 489 Western Australia Iron Ore RGP2 (Australia) 85% Q4 CY06 Q4 CY06 1,100 990 Spence (Chile) 100% Q4 CY06 H2 CY06 88 (1) 88 BMA Phase 2 (Australia) 50% Q2 CY06 Q1 CY06 188 165 Worsley Development Capital **Project** (Australia) 86% Q4 CY05 Q3 CY05 33 29 Paranam Refinery Expansion (Suriname) 45% Oct 2005 Q4 CY05 251 230 Escondida

Norte (Chile)

57.5% Mid CY05 Mid CY05 100 90. **BMA** Phase 1 (Including Broadmeadow) (Australia) 50% April 2005 Mid CY05 200 200. Dendrobium (Australia) 100% April 2005 Early CY05 139 146 Panda Underground (Canada) 80% Jan 2005 End CY04 337 327 Angostura (Trinidad) 45% Jan 2005 End CY04 263 218. Mad Dog (US) 23.9% Q4 CY04 Q4 CY04 154 132 GoM Pipelines Infrastructure (US) 22/25% Q4 CY04 Q4 CY04 101 95 Western Australia Iron Ore RGP (Australia) 85%

Q4 CY04 Q3 CY04 204 192 ROD (Algeria) 38% Minerva (Australia) 90% Project Jan 2005 Q4 CY04 174 163. **Initial Production Date** Our Share of Capex Actual Budget Actual US\$m

Budget US\$m

Investor Presentation
Slide 66
Development projects commissioned since July 2001
H1 CY08
H1 CY08
139
(1)

139 Cliffs (Australia) 100% Q1 CY08 Q1 CY08 580 556 Yabulu Extension (Australia) 100% H1 CY08 H1 CY08 740 (1) 590 Samarco (Brazil) 50% Q3 CY08 Q1 CY08 418 405 Neptune (US) 35% Q4 CY07 Q4 CY07 144 (1) 140 Pinto Valley (USA) 100% Q4 CY07 Q4 CY07 1,300 (1) 1,300 Western Australia Iron Ore RGP3 (Australia) 86.2% Q4 CY07 Q1 CY08 2,086 2,200 Ravensthorpe (Australia) 100% End CY07 End CY07 176 200 Koala Underground (Canada) 80%

Q2 CY08

Q2 CY08 389 380 Stybarrow (Australia) 50% H2 CY07 H2 CY07 1,630 (1)(2)1,630 Atlantis South (US) 44% H2 CY07 H2 CY07 365 365 Genghis Khan (US) 44% H1 CY07 Mid CY07 140 (1) 100 Blackwater Coal Preparation (Australia) 50% Project **Initial Production Date** Our Share of Capex Actual Budget Actual US\$m Budget US\$m

Actual cost subject to finalisation. (2) Actual cost subject to budgeted drilling of wells post-commissioning.

(1)

Slide 67 Key net profit sensitivities US\$1/t on iron ore price 80 US\$1/bbl on oil price US\$1/t on metallurgical coal price 25 USc1/lb on aluminium price 25 USc1/lb on copper price 20 US\$1/t on energy coal price USc1/lb on nickel price AUD (USc1/A\$) Operations (2) 80 RAND (0.2 Rand/US\$) Operations (2) 20 (US\$m)

Investor Presentation

Approximate impact

- (1) on FY 2009 net profit after tax of changes of:
- Assumes total volumes exposed to price
 Impact based on average exchange rate for the period