

SYNEX CORP
Form 10-Q
July 05, 2016
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended May 31, 2016

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 001-31892

SYNEX CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	94-2703333
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(IRS Employer Identification No.)

44201 Nobel Drive	94538
Fremont, California	
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)
(510) 656-3333	
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)	

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one).

Large accelerated filer ☒ Accelerated filer ☐ Non-accelerated filer ☐ Smaller reporting company ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

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Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class	Outstanding as of June 29, 2016
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value	39,763,867

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SYNNEX CORPORATION

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Financial Statements

SYNNEX CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(currency and share amounts in thousands, except for par value)

(unaudited)

	May 31, 2016	November 30, 2015
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$589,006	\$ 336,072
Restricted cash	2,007	88,558
Short-term investments	7,370	5,546
Accounts receivable, net	1,512,671	1,759,491
Receivable from related parties	89	114
Inventories	1,378,055	1,328,967
Current deferred tax assets	38,358	40,510
Other current assets	109,583	90,523
Total current assets	3,637,139	3,649,781
Property and equipment, net	277,739	248,627
Goodwill	298,854	298,785
Intangible assets, net	142,368	166,567
Deferred tax assets	27,366	19,849
Other assets	59,355	60,538
Total assets	\$4,442,821	\$4,444,147
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Borrowings, current	\$91,433	\$ 92,093
Accounts payable	1,378,358	1,445,194
Payable to related parties	11,242	7,661
Accrued compensation and benefits	119,582	135,453
Other accrued liabilities	225,534	218,687
Income taxes payable	15,973	19,069
Total current liabilities	1,842,122	1,918,157
Long-term borrowings	624,538	638,798
Other long-term liabilities	91,990	76,582
Deferred tax liabilities	9,170	10,713
Total liabilities	2,567,820	2,644,250
Commitments and contingencies (Note 15)		
SYNNEX Corporation stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 5,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding—		—
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 100,000 shares authorized, 40,581 and 40,350 shares issued as of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, respectively	41	40
Additional paid-in capital	427,222	411,687
Treasury stock, 1,283 and 1,161 shares as of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, respectively	(61,047)	(51,287)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(61,037)	(55,237)

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Retained earnings	1,569,215	1,494,178
Total SYNEX Corporation stockholders' equity	1,874,394	1,799,381
Noncontrolling interest	607	516
Total equity	1,875,001	1,799,897
Total liabilities and equity	\$4,442,821	\$ 4,444,147

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited).

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SYNNEX CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(currency and share amounts in thousands, except for per share amounts)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015
Revenue:				
Products	\$3,047,638	\$2,915,500	\$5,832,475	\$5,779,631
Services	331,861	338,285	672,646	676,612
Total revenue	3,379,499	3,253,785	6,505,121	6,456,243
Cost of revenue:				
Products	(2,880,859)	(2,743,872)	(5,511,989)	(5,448,011)
Services	(204,610)	(209,854)	(414,910)	(419,955)
Gross profit	294,030	300,059	578,222	588,277
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(218,724)	(210,698)	(427,290)	(419,969)
Operating income	75,306	89,361	150,932	168,308
Interest expense and finance charges, net	(6,512)	(5,815)	(12,728)	(12,256)
Other income (expense), net	949	(1,584)	4,983	(1,517)
Income before income taxes	69,743	81,962	143,187	154,535
Provision for income taxes	(25,386)	(30,052)	(52,193)	(56,323)
Net income	44,357	51,910	90,994	98,212
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest	5	(36)	(70)	(15)
Net income attributable to SYNEX Corporation	\$44,362	\$51,874	\$90,924	\$98,197
Earnings attributable to SYNEX Corporation per common share:				
Basic	\$1.12	\$1.31	\$2.29	\$2.49
Diluted	\$1.11	\$1.30	\$2.28	\$2.47
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	39,283	39,054	39,254	39,011
Diluted	39,477	39,343	39,470	39,323
Cash dividends declared per share	\$0.20	\$0.13	\$0.40	\$0.25

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited).

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SYNEX CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(currency in thousands)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015
Net income	\$44,357	\$51,910	\$90,994	\$98,212
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, net of taxes of \$0 for both the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, and \$(79) and \$(202) for the three and six months ended May 31, 2015, respectively	159	141	(219)	364
Change in unrealized gains (losses) of defined benefit plans, net of tax of \$0 for the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015	211	—	(455)	—
Unrealized gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of taxes of \$(788) and \$2,437 for the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, respectively, and \$733 for both the three and six months ended May 31, 2015	1,239	(1,154)	(3,826)	(1,154)
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of taxes of \$(1,637) and \$(1,399) for the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, respectively, and \$38 and \$1,132 for the three and six months ended May 31, 2015, respectively	10,039	(6,592)	(1,279)	(22,731)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	11,648	(7,605)	(5,779)	(23,521)
Comprehensive income:	56,005	44,305	85,215	74,691
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest	—	(30)	(91)	(10)
Comprehensive income attributable to SYNEX Corporation	\$56,005	\$44,275	\$85,124	\$74,681

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited).

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SYNNEX CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(currency in thousands)
(unaudited)

	Six Months Ended	
	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$90,994	\$98,212
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	31,174	22,280
Amortization of intangible assets	23,498	28,055
Share-based compensation	7,210	7,377
Provision for doubtful accounts	946	2,550
Tax benefits from employee stock plans	4,143	3,588
Excess tax benefit from share-based compensation	(4,251)	(3,618)
Deferred income taxes	(6,000)	(1,110)
Gains on investments	—	(50)
Unrealized foreign exchange gains	(4,150)	—
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of acquisition of businesses:		
Accounts receivable	263,937	369,475
Receivable from related parties	25	223
Inventories	(39,027)	133,400
Other assets	(17,197)	(29,588)
Accounts payable	(64,629)	(256,095)
Payable to related parties	3,584	(981)
Other liabilities	(5,321)	(38,145)
Net cash provided by operating activities	284,936	335,573
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of trading and available-for-sale investments	(16)	(83)
Proceeds from sale of trading investments	—	2,105
Purchases of term deposits	(33,042)	(5,689)
Proceeds from maturity of term deposits	31,277	5,079
Refund of excess purchase consideration received ⁽¹⁾	561	65,297
Purchases of property and equipment	(67,535)	(45,331)
Repayments by third parties of loans and deposits	456	546
Changes in restricted cash	86,538	6,736
Net cash provided by investing activities	18,239	28,660
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from securitization and revolving lines of credit	865,536	1,924,139
Payments of securitization and revolving lines of credit	(885,824)	(2,567,069)
Proceeds from term loans, net of issuance cost	—	408,299
Payments of term loans, capital leases and other borrowings	(15,955)	(6,009)
Dividends paid	(15,887)	(9,833)
Excess tax benefit from share-based compensation	4,251	3,618
(Increase) decrease in book overdrafts	5,863	(78,263)
Payments of acquisition-related contingent consideration	(137)	(170)
Repurchases of common stock	(6,917)	—
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	4,183	2,787

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Repurchases of common stock for tax withholdings on equity awards	(2,843)	(4,181)
Net cash used in financing activities	(47,730)	(326,682)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(2,511)	(2,189)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	252,934	35,362
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	336,072	180,143
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$589,006	\$215,505

Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities

Accrued costs for property and equipment purchases	\$2,773	\$4,786
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(1) Represents working capital and other post-closing adjustments related to the acquisition of the customer relationship management business of International Business Machines Corporation in fiscal year 2014.

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited).

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SYNNEX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015

(currency and share amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

NOTE 1—ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

SYNNEX Corporation (together with its subsidiaries, herein referred to as “SYNNEX” or the “Company”) is a business process services company headquartered in Fremont, California and has operations in North and South America, Asia-Pacific and Europe.

The Company operates in two segments: Technology Solutions and Concentrix. The Technology Solutions segment distributes a broad range of information technology (“IT”) systems and products and also provides systems design and integration solutions. The Concentrix segment offers a portfolio of strategic solutions and end-to-end global business outsourcing services focused on customer engagement strategy, process optimization, technology innovation, front and back-office automation and business transformation to clients in ten identified industry verticals.

The accompanying interim unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements as of May 31, 2016 and for the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015 have been prepared by the Company in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). The amounts as of November 30, 2015 have been derived from the Company’s annual audited financial statements. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) in the United States have been condensed or omitted in accordance with such rules and regulations. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to state fairly the financial position of the Company and its results of operations and cash flows as of and for the periods presented. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual audited financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2015.

The results of operations for the three months ended May 31, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending November 30, 2016, or any future period and the Company makes no representations related thereto.

NOTE 2—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The Company’s significant accounting policies are disclosed in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2015. There have been no material changes to these accounting policies. For a discussion of the significant accounting policies, please see the discussion in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2015.

Concentration of credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentration of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and derivative instruments.

The Company’s cash and cash equivalents and derivative instruments are transacted and maintained with financial institutions with high credit standing and the compositions and maturities of which are regularly monitored by management. Through May 31, 2016, the Company had not experienced any credit losses on such deposits and derivative instruments.

Accounts receivable include amounts due from customers and original equipment manufacturer (“OEM”) vendors primarily in the technology industry. The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers’ financial condition and limits the amount of credit extended when deemed necessary, but generally requires no collateral. The Company also maintains allowances for potential credit losses. In estimating the required allowances, the Company takes into consideration the overall quality and aging of the receivable portfolio, the existence of a limited amount of credit insurance and specifically identified customer and vendor risks. Through May 31, 2016, such losses have been

within management's expectations.

During the three months ended May 31, 2016, one customer accounted for 11% of the Company's total revenue. No customer accounted for 10% or more of the Company's total revenue during the six months ended May 31, 2016.

During both the three and six months ended May 31, 2015, no customer accounted for 10% or more of the Company's total revenue. Products purchased from the Company's largest OEM supplier, HP Inc. (formerly Hewlett-Packard Company) ("HP"), accounted for approximately 17% and 18% of total revenue for the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, respectively, and

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SYNNEX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS---(continued)

For the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015

(currency and share amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

approximately 24% of total revenue for both the three and six months ended May 31, 2015. During the three and six months ended May 31, 2015, HP included both HP Inc. and Hewlett-Packard Enterprise.

As of May 31, 2016, one customer comprised 13% of the total consolidated accounts receivable balance. As of November 30, 2015, no customer comprised 10% of the consolidated accounts receivable balance.

Book overdrafts

Book overdrafts, representing checks issued in excess of balances on deposit in the applicable bank accounts and which have not been paid by the applicable bank at the balance sheet date are classified as "Borrowings, current" in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. Under the terms of the Company's banking arrangements, the respective financial institutions are not legally obligated to honor the book overdraft balances. The Company's policy is to report the change in book overdrafts as a financing activity in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is computed based on the weighted-average method.

Inventories are comprised of finished goods and work-in-process. Finished goods include products purchased for resale, system components purchased for both resale and for use in the Company's systems design and integration business, and completed systems. Work-in-process inventories are not material to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period amounts in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows to conform to current period presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the previously reported cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements

In June 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued a new credit loss standard that replaces the incurred loss impairment methodology in current GAAP. The new impairment model requires immediate recognition of estimated credit losses expected to occur for most financial assets and certain other instruments. For available-for-sale debt securities with unrealized losses, the losses will be recognized as allowances rather than reductions in the amortized cost of the securities. It is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019 and interim periods within those annual periods. Early adoption for fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2018 is permitted. Entities will apply the standard's provisions as a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings as of the beginning of the first effective reporting period. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the new guidance.

In March 2016, the FASB issued guidance which changes the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. The guidance is effective January 1, 2017 and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the new guidance.

In February 2016, the FASB issued a new standard which revises various aspects of accounting for leases. The most significant impact to the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements relates to the recognition by a lessee of a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for virtually all of its leases other than short-term leases. The liability will be equal to the present value of lease payments. The asset will be based on the liability, subject to adjustment, such as for initial direct costs. Consistent with current guidance, the recognition, measurement, and presentation of expenses and cash flows arising from a lease by a lessee primarily will depend on its classification. For income statement purposes, operating leases will result in a straight line expense while finance leases will result in a front-loaded expense pattern. This accounting standard will be applicable to the Company at the beginning of its first quarter of fiscal year 2020 using a modified retrospective approach and early adoption is permitted. The Company expects that most of its operating lease commitments will be subject to the new standard and recognized as operating lease liabilities and

right-of-use assets upon adoption and is currently evaluating the impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements upon the adoption of this new standard.

In January 2016, the FASB issued new guidance which amends various aspects of the recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of financial instruments. With respect to the Company's consolidated financial statements, the most significant impact relates to the accounting for equity investments (other than those that are consolidated or accounted under the

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SYNNEX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS---(continued)

For the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015

(currency and share amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

equity method) which will be measured at fair value through earnings. The new guidance is effective for annual reporting periods, and interim periods within those years beginning after December 15, 2017, with early adoption permitted only for certain provisions. The amendments should be applied by means of a cumulative-effect adjustment to the balance sheet as of the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption, with other amendments related specifically to equity securities without readily determinable fair values applied prospectively. The Company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In November 2015, the FASB issued a new accounting standard that requires deferred tax liabilities and assets be classified as noncurrent on a company's balance sheet. The new standard should be applied either prospectively or retrospectively to all periods presented. It is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and interim periods within those annual periods, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In September 2015, the FASB issued a new accounting standard that eliminates the requirement to restate prior period financial statements for measurement period adjustments. The new guidance requires that the cumulative impact of a measurement period adjustment (including the impact on prior periods) be recognized in the reporting period in which the adjustment is identified. Consistent with existing guidance, the new guidance requires an acquirer to disclose the nature and amount of measurement period adjustments. In addition, companies are required to present separately on the face of the income statement or disclose in the notes the portion of the adjustment recorded in current-period earnings by line item that would have been recorded in previous reporting periods if the adjustment to the provisional amounts had been recognized as of the acquisition date. The new standard should be applied prospectively to measurement period adjustments that occur after the effective date. For public business entities, the new standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In July 2015, the FASB issued a new accounting standard that simplifies the subsequent measurement of inventory. It replaces the current lower of cost or market test with the lower of cost or net realizable value test. Net realizable value is defined as the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal, and transportation. The new standard should be applied prospectively and is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and interim periods within those annual periods, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued new guidance to customers about whether a cloud computing arrangement includes a software license. If the cloud computing arrangement includes a software license, the customer should account for the software license element of the arrangement consistent with the acquisition of other software licenses. If the cloud computing arrangement does not include a software license, the customer should account for the arrangement as a service contract. The new standard may be applied prospectively or retrospectively and is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015 and interim periods within those annual periods, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued a new accounting standard that requires that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of the corresponding debt liability. In August 2015, the FASB clarified that for a line-of-credit arrangement, a company can continue to defer and present the debt issuance costs as an asset and subsequent amortization of debt issuance costs over the term of the line-of-credit arrangement, whether or not there are any outstanding borrowings on the line-of-credit arrangement. The new standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15,

2015, with early adoption permitted, and is to be applied on a retrospective basis. The Company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued a comprehensive new revenue recognition standard for contracts with customers that will supersede most current revenue recognition guidance, including industry-specific guidance. The core principle of this standard is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. To achieve this core principle, the standard provides a five-step analysis of transactions to determine when and how revenue is recognized. Other major provisions include the capitalization and amortization of certain contract costs, ensuring the time value of money is considered in the transaction price, and allowing estimates of variable consideration to be recognized before contingencies are

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SYNNEX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS---(continued)

For the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015

(currency and share amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

resolved in certain circumstances. This guidance also requires enhanced disclosures regarding the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from an entity's contracts with customers. In August 2015, the FASB amended this accounting standard and postponed the implementation date to fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2017. Early application for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2016 is permitted. The standard permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. This accounting standard will be applicable to the Company at the beginning of its first quarter of fiscal year 2019. The Company is currently evaluating the impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements upon the adoption of this new standard.

NOTE 3—SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION:

The Company recognizes share-based compensation expense for all share-based awards made to employees and directors, including employee stock options, restricted stock awards, restricted stock units and employee stock purchases, based on estimated fair values.

The following table summarizes the number of share-based awards granted under the Company's 2013 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended, during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and the grant-date fair value of the awards:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015
	Fair Share awarded	Fair Share awarded	Fair Share awarded	Fair Share awarded
	grants	grants	grants	grants
Restricted stock awards	11 \$1,004	14 \$1,059	14 \$1,235	17 \$1,274
Restricted stock units	— ⁽¹⁾ 9	— —	34 2,763	49 3,799
	11 \$1,013	14 \$1,059	48 \$3,998	66 \$5,073

(1) Number of units is less than one thousand.

The Company recorded share-based compensation expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015 as follows:

	Three Months		Six Months	
	Ended May 31, 2016	Ended May 31, 2015	Ended May 31, 2016	Ended May 31, 2015
Cost of revenue	\$132	\$217	\$246	\$421
Selling, general and administrative expenses	3,635	3,504	6,984	6,956
Total share-based compensation	3,767	3,721	7,230	7,377
Tax effect on share-based compensation	(1,371)	(1,366)	(2,635)	(2,689)
Net effect on net income	\$2,396	\$2,355	\$4,595	\$4,688

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SYNNEX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS---(continued)

For the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015

(currency and share amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

NOTE 4—BALANCE SHEET COMPONENTS:

	As of	
	May 31, 2016	November 30, 2015
Accounts receivable, net:		
Accounts receivable	\$1,566,607	\$1,818,123
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(15,258)	(14,417)
Less: Allowance for sales returns	(38,678)	(44,215)
	\$1,512,671	\$1,759,491

	As of	
	May 31, 2016	November 30, 2015
Property and equipment, net:		
Land	\$21,712	\$21,581
Equipment, computers and software	222,699	202,310
Furniture and fixtures	51,159	45,470
Buildings and leasehold improvements	198,874	167,893
Construction-in-progress	8,533	11,799
Total property and equipment, gross	502,977	449,053
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(225,238)	(200,426)
	\$277,739	\$248,627

Goodwill:

	Technology Solutions	Concentrix	Total
Balance as of November 30, 2015	\$95,947	\$202,838	\$298,785
Foreign exchange translation	1,996	(1,927)	69
Balance as of May 31, 2016	\$97,943	\$200,911	\$298,854

	As of May 31, 2016			As of November 30, 2015		
	Gross Amounts	Accumulated Amortization	Net Amounts	Gross Amounts	Accumulated Amortization	Net Amounts
Intangible assets, net:						
Customer relationships and lists	\$268,927	\$(134,939)	\$133,988	\$277,122	\$(120,478)	\$156,644
Vendor lists	36,815	(34,024)	2,791	36,815	(33,255)	3,560
Technology	7,500	(2,500)	5,000	7,500	(2,000)	5,500
Other intangible assets	5,901	(5,312)	589	6,598	(5,735)	863
	\$319,143	\$(176,775)	\$142,368	\$328,035	\$(161,468)	\$166,567

Amortization expense was \$11,794 and \$23,498 for the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, respectively, and \$13,462 and \$28,055 for the three and six months ended May 31, 2015, respectively.

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Estimated future amortization expense of the Company's intangible assets is as follows:

Fiscal Years Ending November 30,

2016 (remaining six months)	\$23,126
2017	35,948
2018	27,020
2019	17,789
2020	13,743
thereafter	24,742
Total	\$142,368

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):

The components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes, excluding noncontrolling interests were as follows:

	Unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of taxes	Unrecognized defined benefit plans costs, net of taxes	Unrealized losses on cash flow hedges, net of taxes	Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of taxes	Total
Balance as of November 30, 2015	\$ 946	\$ 217	\$ (3,539)	\$ (52,861)	\$ (55,237)
Other comprehensive loss	(218)	(455)	(3,826)	(1,301)	(5,800)
Balance as of May 31, 2016	\$ 728	\$ (238)	\$ (7,365)	\$ (54,162)	\$ (61,037)

NOTE 5—INVESTMENTS:

The carrying amount of the Company's investments is shown in the table below:

	As of May 31, 2016			November 30, 2015		
	Cost Basis	Unrealized Gains	Carrying Value	Cost Basis	Unrealized Gains	Carrying Value
Short-term investments:						
Held-to-maturity investments	\$7,370	\$ —	\$ 7,370	\$5,546	\$ —	\$ 5,546
Long-term investments in other assets:						
Available-for-sale securities	\$947	\$ 967	\$ 1,914	\$837	\$ 1,073	\$ 1,910
Cost-method investments	\$4,531	\$ —	\$ 4,531	\$4,555	\$ —	\$ 4,555

Short-term held-to-maturity investments primarily consist of term deposits with maturities from the date of purchase greater than three months and less than one year. These term deposits are held until the maturity date and are not traded. Long-term available-for-sale securities primarily consist of investments in other companies' equity securities. Long-term cost-method investments consist of investments in equity securities of private entities.

Available-for-sale securities are recorded at fair value in each reporting period and therefore the carrying value of these securities equals their fair value. For cost-method securities, the Company records an impairment charge when the decline in fair value is determined to be other-than-temporary. The fair value of cost-method investments is based on an internal valuation of the investees.

The Company recorded a loss of \$9 and gain of \$50 in “Other income (expense), net” in the Consolidated Statements of Operations during the three and six months ended May 31, 2015, respectively, for changes in the fair value of the Com

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pany's trading investments. There were no trading investments during the six months ended May 31, 2016.

NOTE 6—DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS:

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is exposed to foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, equity risk and credit risk. The Company's transactions in most of its foreign operations are primarily denominated in local currency. The Company enters into transactions, and owns monetary assets and liabilities, that are denominated in currencies other than the legal entity's functional currency. The Company may enter into forward contracts, option contracts, swaps, or other derivative instruments to offset a portion of the risk on expected future cash flows, on net investments in certain foreign subsidiaries and on certain existing assets and liabilities. However, the Company may choose not to hedge certain exposures for a variety of reasons including, but not limited to, accounting considerations and the prohibitive economic cost of hedging particular exposures. There can be no assurance the hedges will offset more than a portion of the financial impact resulting from movements in foreign currency exchange or interest rates.

All derivatives are recognized on the balance sheet at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of a derivative are recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Operations as "Other income (expense), net" or as a component of "Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)" in the Consolidated Balance Sheets, as discussed below.

As part of its risk management strategy, the Company uses short-term forward contracts to minimize its balance sheet exposure to foreign currency risk. These forward-exchange contracts are not designated as hedging instruments. The forward exchange contracts are recorded at fair value in each reporting period and any gains or losses, resulting from the changes in fair value, are recorded in earnings in the period of change.

In May 2015, the Company entered into interest rate swaps with an aggregate notional amount of \$400,000 to economically convert a portion of its variable-rate debt to fixed-rate debt. The effective portions of cash flow hedges are recorded in "Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)" until the hedged item is recognized in earnings. Deferred gains and losses associated with cash flow hedges of interest expense are recognized in "Other income (expense), net" in the same period as the related expense is recognized. The ineffective portions and amounts excluded from the effectiveness testing of cash flow hedges are recognized in "Other income (expense), net."

Derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges must be de-designated as hedges when it is probable the forecasted hedged transaction will not occur in the initially identified time period or within a subsequent two-month time period. Deferred gains and losses in "Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)" associated with such derivative instruments are reclassified immediately into "Other income (expense), net." Any subsequent changes in fair value of such derivative instruments are reflected in "Other income (expense), net" unless they are re-designated as hedges of other transactions.

Generally, the Company does not use derivative instruments to cover equity risk and credit risk. The Company's policy is not to allow the use of derivatives for trading or speculative purposes. The fair values of the Company's derivative instruments are also disclosed in Note 7.

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The following table summarizes the fair values of the Company's outstanding derivative instruments as of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015:

Balance Sheet Line Item	Fair Value as of	
	May 31, 2016	November 30, 2015
Derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments		
Foreign exchange forward contracts		
Other current assets	\$1,550	\$ 1,753
Other accrued liabilities	\$965	\$ 466
Derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges		
Interest rate swaps		
Other current assets	\$—	\$ 19
Other accrued liabilities	\$1,695	\$ —
Other long-term liabilities	\$10,357	\$ 5,808

The notional amounts of the foreign exchange forward contracts that were outstanding as of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015 were \$198,278 and \$251,677, respectively. The notional amounts represent the gross amounts of foreign currency, including the Canadian Dollar, Indian Rupee, British Pound, Euro, Brazilian Real, Australian Dollar, Mexican Peso, and Japan Yen, that will be bought or sold at maturity. The contracts mature in six months or less. In relation to its forward contracts not designated as hedging instruments, the Company recorded losses of \$6,292 and \$4,458 during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, respectively, and gains of \$154 and \$11,734 during the three and six months ended on May 31, 2015, respectively, in "Other income (expense), net". The losses on the Company's foreign currency forward contracts are largely offset by changes in the fair value of the underlying hedged assets or liabilities.

During the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, the Company recorded a gain before tax of \$2,027 and a loss before tax of \$6,263, respectively, and a loss before tax of \$1,887 for both the three and six months ended May 31, 2015, in "Other comprehensive income (loss)" related to changes in the fair value of its derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedging instruments. For the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015, there was no hedge ineffectiveness related to these derivative instruments. For the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015, there were no gains or losses recognized in earnings associated with an underlying exposure that did not, or was not expected to, occur; nor are there any anticipated in the normal course of business within the next twelve months. In the Consolidated Balance Sheets, the Company does not offset derivative assets against liabilities in master netting arrangements. If derivative exposures covered by a qualifying master netting agreement had been netted in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, the total derivative asset and liability positions would have been reduced by \$1,302 each as of May 31, 2016 and \$1,168 each as of November 30, 2015.

Credit exposure for derivative financial instruments is limited to the amounts, if any, by which the counterparties' obligations under the contracts exceed our obligations to the counterparties. We manage the potential risk of credit losses through careful evaluation of counterparty credit standing and selection of counterparties from a limited group of financial institutions.

NOTE 7—FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS:

The Company's fair value measurements are classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Quoted prices in markets that are not active, or inputs which are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability;

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Level 3: Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (i.e., supported by little or no market activity).

The following table summarizes the valuation of the Company's investments and financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	As of May 31, 2016				As of November 30, 2015			
	Total	Fair value measurement category			Total	Fair value measurement category		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets:								
Cash equivalents	\$389,936	\$389,936	\$ —	\$ —	\$208,597	\$208,597	\$ —	\$ —
Restricted cash	2,007	2,007	—	—	88,558	88,558	—	—
Available-for-sale securities	1,914	1,914	—	—	1,910	1,910	—	—
Forward foreign currency exchange contracts	1,550	—	1,550	—	1,753	—	1,753	—
Interest rate swaps	—	—	—	—	19	—	19	—
Liabilities:								
Forward foreign currency exchange contracts	\$965	\$—	\$ 965	\$ —	\$466	\$—	\$ 466	\$ —
Interest rate swaps	12,052	—	12,052	—	5,808	—	5,808	—
Acquisition-related contingent consideration	—	—	—	—	433	—	—	433

The Company's cash equivalents consist primarily of highly liquid investments in money market funds and term deposits with maturity periods of three months or less. Restricted cash relates primarily to restrictions under bank guarantees or borrowing arrangements. The carrying values of the cash equivalents approximate fair value since they are near their maturity. Investments in available-for-sale securities consist of equity securities and are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices. The fair values of forward exchange contracts are measured based on the foreign currency spot and forward rates quoted by the banks or foreign currency dealers. Fair values of interest rate swaps are measured using standard valuation models using inputs that are readily available in public markets, or can be derived from observable market transactions, including LIBOR spot and forward rates. The effect of nonperformance risk on the fair value of derivative instruments was not material as of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015.

The acquisition-related contingent consideration liability represented the future potential earn-out payments relating to an acquisition. The fair value of the contingent consideration liability was based on the Company's probability assessment of the established profitability measures during the earn-out period ranging from one to three years from the date of the acquisition. The liability was settled during the six months ended May 31, 2016.

The carrying values of held-to-maturity securities, accounts receivable, accounts payable and short-term debt approximate fair value due to their short maturities and interest rates which are variable in nature. The carrying value of the Company's term loans approximate their fair value since they bear interest rates that are similar to existing market rates.

During the six months ended May 31, 2016, there were no transfers between the fair value measurement category levels.

NOTE 8—ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE ARRANGEMENTS:

The Company has an accounts receivable securitization program to provide additional capital for its operations in the United States (the "U.S. Arrangement"). The U.S. Arrangement has a maturity date of November 4, 2016. One of the Company's subsidiaries, which is the borrower under the U.S. Arrangement, can borrow up to a maximum of \$600,000

based upon eligible trade accounts receivable generated by the parent company and one of its United States subsidiaries. The U.S. Arrangement includes an accordion feature to allow requests for an increase in the lenders' commitment by an additional \$100,000. The effective borrowing cost under the U.S. Arrangement is a blended rate that includes prevailing dealer commercial paper rates and the daily London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"), plus a program fee of 0.375% per annum

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based on the used portion of the commitment, and a facility fee of 0.40% per annum payable on the aggregate commitment of the lenders. As of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, there were no borrowings outstanding under the U.S. Arrangement.

Under the terms of the U.S. Arrangement, the Company and one of the Company's United States subsidiaries sell, on a revolving basis, their receivables (other than certain specifically excluded receivables) to a wholly-owned, bankruptcy-remote subsidiary. The borrowings are funded by pledging all of the rights, title and interest in and to the receivables acquired by the Company's bankruptcy-remote subsidiary as security. Any borrowings under the U.S. Arrangement are recorded as debt on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. As is customary in trade accounts receivable securitization arrangements like the U.S. Arrangement, where some of the loans are funded through one or more lender's affiliated asset-backed commercial paper programs, a credit rating agency's downgrade of the third party issuer of commercial paper or of a back-up liquidity provider (which provides a source of funding if the commercial paper market cannot be accessed) could result in an increase in the Company's cost of borrowing or loss of the Company's financing capacity under these programs if the commercial paper issuer or liquidity back-up provider is not replaced, or if the lender whose commercial paper issuer or liquidity back-up provider is not replaced does not elect to offer the Company an alternative rate. Loss of such financing capacity could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

In January 2016, the Company entered into an uncommitted supply-chain financing program with a United States financial institution under which trade accounts receivable of a certain customer may be acquired, without recourse, by the financial institution. Available capacity under this program is dependent on the level of our trade accounts receivable with this customer and the financial institution's willingness to purchase such receivables. At May 31, 2016, accounts receivable sold to and held by the financial institution under this program were \$39,149. During the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, discount fees of \$262 and \$378 related to the sale of trade accounts receivable under this facility, respectively, were included in "Interest expense and finance charges, net" in the consolidated statement of operations.

The Company also has other financing agreements in North America with various financial institutions ("Flooring Companies") to allow certain customers of the Company to finance their purchases directly with the Flooring Companies. Under these agreements, the Flooring Companies pay to the Company the selling price of products sold to various customers, less a discount, within approximately 15 to 30 days from the date of sale. The Company is contingently liable to repurchase inventory sold under flooring agreements in the event of any default by its customers under the agreement and such inventory being repossessed by the Flooring Companies. Please see Note 15—Commitments and Contingencies for further information.

The following table summarizes the net sales financed through the flooring agreements and the flooring fees incurred:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015
Net sales financed	\$301,246	\$299,473	\$559,957	\$615,258
Flooring fees ⁽¹⁾	2,062	2,081	3,709	4,157

(1) Flooring fees are included within "Interest expense and finance charges, net."

As of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, accounts receivable subject to flooring agreements were \$76,440 and \$55,333, respectively.

SYNNEX Infotec, the Company's Japan Technology Solutions subsidiary, has arrangements with various banks and financial institutions for the sale and financing of approved accounts receivable and notes receivable. The amounts

outstanding under these arrangements that were sold, but not collected, as of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015 were \$4,925 and \$3,074, respectively.

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NOTE 9—BORROWINGS:

Borrowings consist of the following:

	As of	
	May 31,	November 30,
	2016	2015
SYNEX U.S. credit agreement	\$601,563	\$ 617,188
SYNEX Canada term loan and revolver	4,498	14,449
SYNEX Infotec credit facility	89,415	96,662
Other borrowings and capital leases	20,495	2,592
Total borrowings	715,971	730,891
Less: Current portion	(91,433)	(92,093)
Non-current portion	\$624,538	\$ 638,798

SYNEX U.S. credit agreement

In November 2013, the Company entered into a senior secured credit agreement (the “U.S. Credit Agreement”) which was comprised of a \$275,000 revolving credit facility and a \$225,000 term loan. In May 2015, the U.S. Credit Agreement was amended to increase the term loan to \$625,000. The Company may request incremental commitments to increase the principal amount of revolving loans or term loans available under the U.S. Credit Agreement up to \$350,000. The U.S. Credit Agreement matures in May 2020.

Interest on borrowings under the U.S. Credit Agreement can be based on LIBOR or a base rate at the Company's option. Loans borrowed under the U.S. Credit Agreement bear interest, in the case of LIBOR loans, at a per annum rate equal to the applicable LIBOR, plus a margin which may range from 1.50% to 2.25%, based on the Company's consolidated leverage ratios, as determined in accordance with the U.S. Credit Agreement. Loans borrowed under the U.S. Credit Agreement that are not LIBOR loans, and are instead base rate loans, bear interest at a per annum rate equal to (i) the greatest of (A) the Federal Funds Rate plus a margin of 1/2 of 1.0%, (B) LIBOR plus 1.0% per annum, and (C) the rate of interest announced, from time to time, by the agent, Bank of America, N.A, as its “prime rate,” plus (ii) a margin which may range from 0.50% to 1.25%, based on the Company's consolidated leverage ratios as determined in accordance with the U.S. Credit Agreement. The unused revolving credit facility is subject to a commitment fee ranging from 0.20% to 0.35% per annum, based on the Company's consolidated leverage ratios. The outstanding principal amount of the term loan is repayable in quarterly installments, in an amount equal to (a) for each of the first eight full calendar quarters ending after the U.S. Credit Agreement amendment entered in May 2015, 1.25% of the amended principal amount of the term loan, (b) for each of the next four calendar quarters ending thereafter, 1.875% of the amended principal amount of the term loan, (c) for each calendar quarter ending thereafter, 2.50% of the amended principal amount of the term loan and (d) on the May 2020 maturity date of the term loan, the outstanding principal amount of the term loan. The Company's obligations under the U.S. Credit Agreement are secured by substantially all of the parent company's and its United States domestic subsidiaries' assets and are guaranteed by certain of its United States domestic subsidiaries.

As of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, balances outstanding under the term loan component of the U.S. Credit Agreement were \$601,563 and \$617,188, respectively. There were no borrowings outstanding under the revolving credit facility as of either May 31, 2016 or November 30, 2015. There was \$1,500 outstanding as of both May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, in standby letters of credit under the U.S. Credit Agreement.

SYNEX Canada revolving line of credit

SYNEX Canada Limited ("SYNEX Canada") has a revolving line of credit arrangement with a group of financial institutions (the “Canadian Revolving Arrangement”) which has a maximum commitment of CAD100,000, or \$76,365, and includes an accordion feature to increase the maximum commitment by an additional CAD25,000, or \$19,091, to

CAD125,000, or \$95,456, at SYNEX Canada's request.

SYNEX Canada has granted a security interest in substantially all of its assets in favor of the lender under the Canadian Revolving Arrangement. In addition, the Company pledged a portion of its stock in SYNEX Canada as collateral for the

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Canadian Revolving Arrangement. The interest rate applicable under the Canadian Revolving Arrangement is equal to (i) the Canadian base rate plus a margin of 0.75% for a Base Rate Loan in Canadian Dollars, (ii) the US base rate plus a margin of 0.75% for a Base Rate Loan in U.S. Dollars, and (iii) the Bankers' Acceptance rate ("BA") plus a margin of 2.00% for a BA Rate Loan. The Canadian base rate means the greater of (a) the prime rate determined by a major Canadian financial institution and (b) the one month Canadian Dealer Offered Rate (the average rate applicable to Canadian Dollar bankers' acceptances for the applicable period) plus 1.50%. The US base rate means the greater of (a) a reference rate determined by a major Canadian financial institution for US dollar loans made to Canadian borrowers and (b) the US federal funds rate plus 0.50%. A fee of 0.25% per annum is payable with respect to the unused portion of the commitment. The credit arrangement expires in May 2017. As of May 31, 2016, there were no borrowings outstanding under the Canadian Revolving Arrangement, and there was \$9,728 outstanding as of November 30, 2015. The Canadian Revolving Arrangement also provides a sublimit of \$5,000 for the issuance of standby letters of credit. As of both May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, there were no letters of credit outstanding.

SYNEX Canada term loan

SYNEX Canada has a term loan associated with the purchase of its logistics facility in Guelph, Canada. The interest rate for the unpaid principal amount is a fixed rate of 5.374% per annum. The final maturity date for repayment of the unpaid principal is April 1, 2017. As of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, the balances outstanding on the term loan were \$4,498 and \$4,721, respectively.

SYNEX Infotec credit facility

SYNEX Infotec has a credit agreement with a group of financial institutions for a maximum commitment of JPY14,000,000, or \$126,445. The credit facility is comprised of a JPY6,000,000, or \$54,191, term loan and a JPY8,000,000, or \$72,254, short-term revolving credit facility. The interest rate for the term loan and revolving credit facility is based on the Tokyo Interbank Offered Rate ("TIBOR") plus a margin of 0.70% per annum. The unused line fee on the revolving credit facility is 0.10% per annum. This credit facility expires in November 2018. As of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, the balances outstanding under the term loan component of the facility were \$54,191 and \$48,737, respectively. Balances outstanding under the revolving credit facility were \$35,224 and \$47,925 as of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, respectively. The term loan can be repaid at any time prior to expiration date without penalty. The Company has guaranteed the obligations of SYNEX Infotec under this facility.

India credit facilities

The Company's Indian subsidiaries have credit facilities with a financial institution to borrow up to an aggregate amount of \$14,000 for working capital purposes. The interest rate under the credit facilities is based on LIBOR plus a margin of 0.90% per annum. The credit facilities can be terminated at any time by the Company's Indian subsidiaries or the financial institution. As of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, there were no outstanding borrowings under these credit facilities.

Other borrowings and capital leases

SYNEX Infotec has additional short-term revolving credit facilities aggregating JPY3,000,000, or \$27,095, with financial institutions. The interest rates for these credit facilities are based on TIBOR plus margins ranging from 0.50% to 1.20% per annum. In addition, there is a facility fee of 0.425% per annum, applicable to one credit facility. These credit facilities can be renewed annually. As of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, there were no outstanding balances under this credit facility.

As of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, the Company recorded \$8,743 and \$2,592, respectively, on its Consolidated Balance Sheets in obligations attributable to SYNEX Infotec for the sale and financing of this subsidiary's approved accounts receivable and notes receivable with recourse provisions and outstanding capital lease obligations. As of May 31, 2016, the Company had book overdrafts of \$11,752. As of November 30, 2015, book overdrafts of \$5,840 were included in Accounts Payable.

The maximum commitment amounts for local currency credit facilities in Canada and Japan have been translated into United States Dollars at May 31, 2016 exchange rates.

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Future principal payments

Future principal payments under the above loans and capital leases as of May 31, 2016 are as follows:

Fiscal Years Ending November 30,

2016 (remaining six months)	\$71,637
2017	39,339
2018	104,985
2019	62,510
2020	437,500
	\$715,971

Interest expense and finance charges

The total interest expense and finance charges for the Company's borrowings were \$7,211 and \$13,844 for the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, respectively, and \$6,203 and \$13,150 for the three and six months ended May 31, 2015, respectively. The variable interest rates ranged between 0.73% and 3.75% during both the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, and between 0.59% and 4.50% and 0.57% and 4.50% during the three and six months ended May 31, 2015, respectively.

Covenant compliance

The Company's borrowing arrangements have a number of covenants and restrictions that, among other things, require the Company to comply with certain financial and other covenants. These covenants require the Company to maintain specified financial ratios and satisfy certain financial condition tests, including minimum net worth and fixed charge coverage ratios. The covenants also limit the Company's ability to incur additional debt, make or forgive intercompany loans, pay dividends and make other types of distributions, make certain acquisitions, repurchase the Company's stock, create liens, cancel debt owed to the Company, enter into agreements with affiliates, modify the nature of the Company's business, enter into sale-leaseback transactions, make certain investments, enter into new real estate leases, transfer and sell assets, cancel or terminate any material contracts and merge or consolidate. As of May 31, 2016, the Company was in compliance with all material covenants for the above arrangements.

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NOTE 10—EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE:

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015
Basic earnings per common share:				
Net income attributable to SYNnex Corporation	\$44,362	\$51,874	\$90,924	\$98,197
Less: net income allocated to participating securities ⁽¹⁾	(468)	(631)	(969)	(1,223)
Net income attributable to SYNnex Corporation common stockholders	\$43,894	\$51,243	\$89,955	\$96,974
Weighted-average number of common shares - basic	39,283	39,054	39,254	39,011
Basic earnings attributable to SYNnex Corporation per common share	\$ 1.12	\$ 1.31	\$ 2.29	\$ 2.49
Diluted earnings per common share:				
Net income attributable to SYNnex Corporation	\$44,362	\$51,874	\$90,924	\$98,197
Less: net income allocated to participating securities ⁽¹⁾	(466)	(627)	(965)	(1,215)
Net income attributable to SYNnex Corporation common stockholders	\$43,896	\$51,247	\$89,959	\$96,982
Weighted-average number of common shares - basic	39,283	39,054	39,254	39,011
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Stock options and restricted stock units	194	289	216	312
Weighted-average number of common shares - diluted	39,477	39,343	39,470	39,323
Diluted earnings attributable to SYNnex Corporation per common share	\$ 1.11	\$ 1.30	\$ 2.28	\$ 2.47
Anti-dilutive shares excluded from diluted earnings per share calculation	12	1	13	3

(1) Restricted stock awards granted to employees and non-employee directors by the Company and its subsidiaries are considered participating securities.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS---(continued)

For the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015

(currency and share amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

NOTE 11—SEGMENT INFORMATION:

Operating segments

Summarized financial information related to the Company's reportable business segments for the three months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015 is shown below:

	Technology Solutions	Concentrix	Inter-Segment Elimination	Consolidated
Three months ended May 31, 2016				
Revenue	\$3,047,708	\$335,925	\$ (4,134)	\$ 3,379,499
External revenue	3,047,638	331,861	—	3,379,499
Operating income (loss)	75,815	(570)	61	75,306
Three months ended May 31, 2015				
Revenue	2,915,557	341,805	(3,577)	3,253,785
External revenue	2,915,500	338,285	—	3,253,785
Operating income	80,230	9,012	119	89,361
Six months ended May 31, 2016				
Revenue	\$5,832,615	\$680,617	\$ (8,111)	\$ 6,505,121
External revenue	5,832,475	672,646	—	6,505,121
Operating income	143,486	7,291	155	150,932
Six months ended May 31, 2015				
Revenue	5,779,845	683,567	(7,169)	6,456,243
External revenue	5,779,631	676,612	—	6,456,243
Operating income	151,480	16,590	238	168,308
Total assets as of May 31, 2016	\$4,186,865	\$1,064,920	\$ (808,964)	\$ 4,442,821
Total assets as of November 30, 2015	4,149,080	1,057,880	(762,813)	4,444,147

Inter-segment elimination represents services and transactions generated between the Company's reportable segments that are eliminated on consolidation.

Geographic information

Shown below is summarized financial information related to the geographic areas in which the Company operates. The revenue attributable to countries is based on the geography of entities from where the products are delivered or from where customer service contracts are managed.

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015
Revenue:				
United States	\$2,483,643	\$2,385,956	\$4,729,991	\$4,697,193
Canada	371,703	349,443	732,025	698,720
Others	524,153	518,386	1,043,105	1,060,330
Total	\$3,379,499	\$3,253,785	\$6,505,121	\$6,456,243

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SYNNEX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS---(continued)

For the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015

(currency and share amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

	As of	
	May 31,	November 30,
	2016	2015
Property and equipment, net:		
United States	\$ 124,819	\$ 118,766
Philippines	32,479	28,503
India	32,352	23,056
Others	88,089	78,302
Total	\$ 277,739	\$ 248,627

During the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015, no other country represented more than 10% of the total revenue. As of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, no other country represented more than 10% of the total net property and equipment.

NOTE 12—RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

The Company has a business relationship with MiTAC Holdings Corporation ("MiTAC Holdings"), a publicly-traded company in Taiwan, which began in 1992 when MiTAC Holdings became the Company's primary investor through its affiliates. As of both May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, MiTAC Holdings and its affiliates beneficially owned approximately 25% of the Company's common stock. Matthew Miao, the Company's Chairman Emeritus of the Board of Directors and a director, is the Chairman of MiTAC Holdings and a director or officer of MiTAC Holdings' affiliates.

Beneficial ownership of the Company's common stock by MiTAC Holdings

As noted above, MiTAC Holdings and its affiliates in the aggregate beneficially owned approximately 25% of the Company's common stock as of May 31, 2016. These shares are owned by the following entities:

	As of
	May
	31,
	2016
MiTAC Holdings ⁽¹⁾	5,552
Synnex Technology International Corp. ⁽²⁾	4,283
Total	9,835

Shares are held via Silver Star Developments Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of MiTAC Holdings. Excludes 374 (1) shares directly held by Matthew Miao and 224 shares indirectly held by Mathew Miao through a charitable remainder trust.

Synnex Technology International Corp. ("Synnex Technology International") is a separate entity from the Company and is a publicly-traded corporation in Taiwan. Shares are held via Peer Development Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Synnex Technology International. MiTAC Holdings owns a noncontrolling interest of (2) 8.7% in MiTAC Incorporated, a privately-held Taiwanese company, which in turn holds a noncontrolling interest of 13.6% in Synnex Technology International. Neither MiTAC Holdings nor Mr. Miao is affiliated with any person(s), entity, or entities that hold a majority interest in MiTAC Incorporated.

MiTAC Holdings generally has significant influence over the Company regarding matters submitted to stockholders for consideration, including any merger or acquisition of the Company. Among other things, this could have the effect of delaying, deterring or preventing a change of control over the Company.

The Company purchased inventories from MiTAC Holdings and its affiliates totaling \$29,430 and \$56,449 during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, respectively, and totaling \$20,681 and \$44,372 during the three and six months ended May 31, 2015, respectively. The Company's sales to MiTAC Holdings and its affiliates during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 totaled \$260 and \$522, respectively, and during the three and six months ended May 31, 2015 totaled \$307 and \$727, respectively. In addition, the Company received reimbursements of rent and overhead costs for facilities used by MiTAC Holdings amounting to \$42 and \$74 during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, respectively, and \$31 and \$62 during the three and six months ended May 31, 2015, respectively.

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SYNNEX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS---(continued)

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(currency and share amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

The Company's business relationship with MiTAC Holdings has been informal and is not governed by long-term commitments or arrangements with respect to pricing terms, revenue or capacity commitments. The Company negotiates pricing and other material terms on a case-by-case basis with MiTAC Holdings. The Company has adopted a policy requiring that material transactions with MiTAC Holdings or its related parties be approved by its Audit Committee, which is composed solely of independent directors. In addition, Matthew Miao's compensation is approved by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, which is also composed solely of independent directors.

Synnex Technology International is a publicly-traded corporation in Taiwan that currently provides distribution and fulfillment services to various markets in Asia and Australia, and is also a potential competitor of the Company. Neither MiTAC Holdings, nor Synnex Technology International is restricted from competing with the Company.

NOTE 13—PENSION AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS PLANS:

The Company has defined benefit pension or retirement plans for eligible current, retired and resigned employees in certain foreign subsidiaries. Benefits under these plans are primarily based on years of service and compensation during the years immediately preceding retirement or termination of participation in the plans. In addition, the Company provides postemployment benefits to former or inactive employees after employment but before retirement in certain foreign subsidiaries. During the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, net pension costs were \$957 and \$998, respectively. During the three and six months ended May 31, 2015, net pension costs were \$949 and \$2,380, respectively. During the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, the Company contributed \$667 and \$1,182, respectively. During the three and six months ended May 31, 2015, the Company contributed \$563 and \$1,104, respectively. As of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, those plans were unfunded by \$13,978 and \$12,742, respectively.

Employees of SYNnex Infotec were also covered by a multi-employer plan until fiscal year 2015. The Company recognized expense for this plan based on scheduled employer contributions. Employees could also make contributions to this plan. Consistent with generally accepted accounting principles that address participation in multi-employer plans, the Company did not recognize related plan assets or liabilities in its financial statements. During three and six months ended May 31, 2015, the Company contributed \$147 and \$294 to the plan, respectively. During fiscal year 2015, the Company withdrew from the multi-employer plan and set up a defined contribution plan to replace the existing plan. During the year ended November 30, 2015, the Company recorded \$2,277 toward its funding obligations under this new plan. During the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, the Company contributed \$84 and \$162 to the defined contribution plan.

The Company has a 401(k) Plan (the "Plan") under which eligible employees may contribute up to the maximum amount as provided by law. Employees become eligible to participate in the Plan on the first day of the month after their employment date. The Company may make discretionary contributions under the Plan. During three and six months ended May 31, 2016, the Company contributed \$965 and \$1,806, respectively. During three and six months ended May 31, 2015, the Company contributed \$797 and \$1,652, respectively.

The Company has a deferred compensation plan for certain directors and officers. Distributions under the plan are subject to Section 409A of the United States Tax Code. The Company may invest balances in the plan in trading securities reported on recognized exchanges. As of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, the deferred compensation liability balance was \$8,198 and \$8,100, respectively.

NOTE 14—EQUITY:

Share repurchase program

In June 2014, the Board of Directors authorized a three-year \$100,000 share repurchase program pursuant to which the Company may repurchase its outstanding common stock from time to time in the open market or through privately negotiated transactions. As of May 31, 2016, the Company had purchased 207 shares for a total cost of \$15,654. The share purchases were made on the open market and the shares repurchased by the Company are held in treasury for general corporate purposes.

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SYNEX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS---(continued)

For the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015

(currency and share amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

Dividends

The Company paid cash dividends of \$0.20 and \$0.40 per share, totaling \$7,920 and \$15,887, during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, respectively. It paid cash dividends of \$0.125 and \$0.25 per share, totaling \$4,964 and \$9,833, during the three and six months ended May 31, 2015, respectively. On June 23, 2016, the Company announced a cash dividend of \$0.20 per share to stockholders of record as of July 15, 2016, payable on July 29, 2016. Future dividends are subject to declaration by the Board of Directors.

Changes in equity

A reconciliation of the changes in equity for the six months ended May 31, 2016 and May 31, 2015 is presented below:

	Six Months Ended May 31, 2016			Six Months Ended May 31, 2015			
	Attributable to SYNEX Corporation	Attributable to Noncontrolling interest	Total Equity	Attributable to SYNEX Corporation	Attributable to Noncontrolling interest	Total Equity	
Beginning balance:	\$ 1,799,381	\$ 516	\$ 1,799,897	\$ 1,653,558	\$ 427	\$ 1,653,985	
Issuance of common stock on exercise of options	3,034	—	3,034	1,772	—	1,772	
Issuance of common stock for employee stock purchase plan	1,149	—	1,149	1,015	—	1,015	
Tax benefit from employee stock plans	4,143	—	4,143	3,588	—	3,588	
Taxes paid for the settlement of equity awards	(2,843) —	(2,843) (4,181) —	(4,181)
Share-based compensation	7,210	—	7,210	7,351	—	7,351	
Repurchases of common stock	(6,917) —	(6,917) —	—	—	
Dividends declared	(15,887) —	(15,887) (9,833) —	(9,833)
Comprehensive income:							
Net income	90,924	70	90,994	98,197	15	98,212	
Other comprehensive income (loss):							
Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, net of taxes	(218) (1) (219) 362	2	364	
Change in unrealized losses in defined benefit plans, net of taxes	(455) —	(455) —	—	—	
Unrealized losses on cash flow hedges, net of taxes	(3,826) —	(3,826) (1,154) —	(1,154)
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of taxes	(1,301) 22	(1,279) (22,724) (7) (22,731)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	(5,800) 21	(5,779) (23,516) (5) (23,521)
Total comprehensive income	85,124	91	85,215	74,681	10	74,691	
Ending balance:	\$ 1,874,394	\$ 607	\$ 1,875,001	\$ 1,727,951	\$ 437	\$ 1,728,388	

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SYNNEX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS---(continued)

For the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015

(currency and share amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

NOTE 15—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

The Company leases certain of its facilities under operating lease agreements, which expire in various periods through 2025. Future minimum rental obligations under noncancellable lease agreements as of May 31, 2016 were as follows:

Fiscal Years Ending November 30,

2016 (remaining six months)	\$35,457
2017	66,835
2018	56,309
2019	47,041
2020	37,763
Thereafter	74,725
Total minimum lease payments	\$318,130

During the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, rent expense was \$25,186 and \$50,603, respectively. During the three and six months ended May 31, 2015, rent expense was \$23,259 and \$45,246, respectively. Sublease income was immaterial for each of the periods presented and is immaterial for the amounts entitled to be received in future periods under non-cancellable sublease arrangements.

The Company was contingently liable as of May 31, 2016 under agreements to repurchase repossessed inventory acquired by flooring companies as a result of default on floor plan financing arrangements by the Company's customers. These arrangements are described in Note 8—Accounts Receivable Arrangements and do not have expiration dates. As the Company does not have access to information regarding the amount of inventory purchased from the Company still on hand with the customer at any point in time, the Company's repurchase obligations relating to inventory cannot be reasonably estimated. Losses, if any, would be the difference between the repossession cost and the resale value of the inventory. There have been no repurchases through May 31, 2016 under these agreements and the Company is not aware of any pending customer defaults or repossession obligations. The Company believes that, based on historical experience, the likelihood of a material loss pursuant to these inventory repurchase obligations is remote.

From time to time, the Company receives notices from third parties, including customers and suppliers, seeking indemnification, payment of money or other actions in connection with claims made against them. Also, from time to time, the Company has been involved in various bankruptcy preference actions where the Company was a supplier to the companies now in bankruptcy. In addition, the Company is subject to various other claims, both asserted and unasserted, that arise in the ordinary course of business. The Company is currently not involved in any material proceedings.

In December 2009, the Company sold China Civilink (Cayman), which operated in China as HiChina Web Solutions, to Alibaba.com Limited. In conjunction with this sale, the Company has recorded a contingent indemnification liability of \$4,122.

Guarantees

The Company, as the ultimate parent, guaranteed the obligations of SYNnex Investment Holdings Corporation up to \$35,035 in connection with the sale of China Civilink (Cayman), which operated in China as HiChina Web Solutions, to Alibaba.com Limited. The guarantee expires in fiscal year 2018.

The Company does not believe that the above commitments and contingencies will have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

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ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes included elsewhere in this Report.

When used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or the Report, the words "believes," "estimates," "expects," "allows," "can," "may," "designed," "will," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These are statements that relate to future periods and include statements about market trends, our business model and our services, our market strategy, including expansion of our product lines, our infrastructure, our investment in our information technology, or IT, systems, our employee hiring, impact of MiTAC Holdings Corporation, or MiTAC Holdings, ownership interest in us, our revenue and operating results, our gross margins, our inventory, competition with Synnex Technology International Corp., our future needs for additional financing, the likely sources for such funding and the impact of such funding, concentration of customers, our international operations, including foreign currency exchange rates, expansion of our operations and related effects, including our Concentrix business, our strategic acquisitions and divestitures of businesses and assets, adequacy of our cash resources to meet our capital needs, cash held by our foreign subsidiaries, adequacy of our disclosure controls and procedures, pricing pressures, competition, impact of economic and industry trends, impact of our accounting policies and recently issued accounting pronouncements, impact of inventory repurchase obligations and commitments and contingencies, our tax rates, our share repurchase and dividend program, and statements regarding our securitization programs and revolving credit lines and our investments in working capital, personnel, facilities and operations. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, those risks discussed herein, as well as the seasonality of the buying patterns of our customers, concentration of sales to large customers, dependence upon and trends in capital spending budgets in the IT, and consumer electronics, or CE, industries, fluctuations in general economic conditions and other risks factors contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended November 30, 2015. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date hereof. We expressly disclaim any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statements contained herein to reflect any change in our expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

Overview

We are a Fortune 500 corporation and a leading business process services company offering a comprehensive range of services to resellers, retailers, original equipment manufacturers, or OEMs, financial and insurance institutions and several other industry verticals worldwide. Our primary business process services are wholesale IT integration and distribution and outsourcing services focused on end-to-end customer engagement strategy and process optimization that help to create improved business outcomes. We operate in two segments: Technology Solutions and Concentrix. Our Technology Solutions segment distributes peripherals, IT systems including data center server and storage solutions, system components, software, networking/communications/security equipment, consumer electronics, or CE, and complementary products. Within our Technology Solutions segment, we also provide systems design and integration solutions. Our Concentrix segment offers a portfolio of strategic solutions and end-to-end business services focused on customer engagement strategy, process optimization, technology innovation, front and back-office automation and business transformation to clients in ten identified industry verticals.

In our Technology Solutions segment, we purchase peripherals, IT systems, system components, software, networking/communications/security equipment, CE and complementary products from our suppliers and sell them to our reseller and retail customers. We perform a similar function for our distribution of licensed software products. We distribute more than 30,000 technology products (as measured by active SKUs) from more than 300 IT, CE and OEM suppliers to more than 20,000 resellers, system integrators, and retailers throughout the United States, Canada and Japan. Our reseller customers include value-added resellers, or VARs, corporate resellers, government resellers, system integrators, direct marketers, and national and regional retailers. We combine our core strengths in distribution with demand generation, supply chain management and design and integration solutions to help our customers achieve greater efficiencies in time to market, cost minimization, real-time linkages in the supply chain and after-market product support. We also provide comprehensive IT solutions in key vertical markets such as government and

healthcare and we provide specialized service offerings that increase efficiencies in the areas of print management, renewals, networking, logistics services and supply chain management. Additionally, we provide our customers with systems design and integration solutions for data center servers, storage and networking solutions built specific to our customers' workloads and data center environments.

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In our Concentrix segment, we provide a comprehensive range of strategic services and solutions to enhance our clients' customer life cycles to acquire, support and renew customer relationships, to automate and optimize processes, to maximize the value of every customer interaction and to improve business outcomes. Our portfolio of services includes end-to-end process outsourcing to customers in various industry vertical markets delivered through omni-channels that include both voice and non-voice mediums and in more than 40 languages. Our portfolio of solutions and services support our clients and their customers globally.

From a geographic perspective, approximately 73% of our total revenue was from the United States for the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 and May 31, 2015. The revenue attributable to countries is based on geographical locations from where products are delivered or from where customer service contracts are managed. Approximately 45% and 48% of our net property and equipment was located in the United States as of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, respectively. As of May 31, 2016, we had approximately 75,000 full-time and temporary employees worldwide.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

There have been no material changes in our critical accounting policies and estimates during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 from our disclosure in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2015. For more information on all of our critical accounting policies, please see the discussion in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2015 and Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth, for the indicated periods, data as percentages of revenue:

Statements of Operations Data:	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended			
	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015		
Products revenue	90.18 %	89.60 %	89.66 %	89.52 %		
Services revenue	9.82	10.40	10.34	10.48		
Total revenue	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Cost of products revenue	(85.25)	(84.33)	(84.73)	(84.39)		
Cost of services revenue	(6.05)	(6.45)	(6.38)	(6.50)		
Gross profit	8.70	9.22	8.89	9.11		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(6.47)	(6.47)	(6.57)	(6.50)		
Operating income	2.23	2.75	2.32	2.61		
Interest expense and finance charges, net	(0.20)	(0.18)	(0.20)	(0.20)		
Other income (expense), net	0.03	(0.05)	0.08	(0.02)		
Income before income taxes	2.06	2.52	2.20	2.39		
Provision for income taxes	(0.75)	(0.93)	(0.80)	(0.87)		
Net income	1.31	1.59	1.40	1.52		
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest	0.00	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)		
Net income attributable to SYNEX Corporation	1.31 %	1.59 %	1.40 %	1.52 %		

Certain non-GAAP financial information

In addition to disclosing financial results that are determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"), the Company also discloses certain non-GAAP financial information, including:

Revenue in constant currency, which is revenue adjusted for the translation effect of foreign currencies so that certain financial results can be viewed without the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, thereby facilitating period-to-period comparisons of the Company's business performance. Revenue in constant currency is

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calculated by translating the revenue for the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, in local currency using the comparable prior periods' currency conversion rate. This approach is used for countries where the functional currency is the local currency. Generally, when the dollar either strengthens or weakens against other currencies, the growth at constant currency rates or adjusting for currency will be higher or lower than growth reported at actual exchange rates.

Non-GAAP operating income, which is operating income as adjusted to exclude acquisition and other integration expenses related to the acquisition of the customer relationship management ("CRM") business of International Business Machines Corporation ("IBM") in fiscal year 2014, restructuring costs and amortization of intangible assets.

Non-GAAP operating margin, which is Non-GAAP operating income (as defined above) divided by revenue.

Adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, or Adjusted EBITDA, which is Non-GAAP operating income as defined above after excluding depreciation.

Non-GAAP diluted earnings per common share ("EPS"), which is diluted EPS excluding the per share, tax effected impact of (i) IBM CRM acquisition and other integration expenses, (ii) restructuring costs, and (iii) amortization of intangible assets.

Management believes that providing this additional information is useful to the reader to better assess and understand the company's operating performance, especially when comparing results with previous periods and for planning and forecasting in future periods, primarily because management typically monitors the business adjusted for these items in addition to GAAP results. Management also uses these non-GAAP measures to establish operational goals and, in some cases, for measuring performance for compensation purposes. However, analysis of results on a non-GAAP basis should be used as a complement to, and in conjunction with, data presented in accordance with GAAP.

Additionally, because these non-GAAP measures are not calculated in accordance with GAAP, they may not necessarily be comparable to similarly titled measures employed by other companies.

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Non-GAAP Financial Information:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015
	(in thousands, except per share amounts)			
Revenue	\$3,379,499	\$3,253,785	\$6,505,121	\$6,456,243
Foreign currency translation	4,903	—	75,498	—
Revenue in constant currency	\$3,384,402	\$3,253,785	\$6,580,619	\$6,456,243
Operating income	\$75,306	\$89,361	\$150,932	\$168,308
IBM CRM acquisition and other integration expenses	568	2,039	1,570	6,032
Restructuring charges	3,997	—	3,997	—
Amortization of intangibles	11,794	13,462	23,498	28,055
Non-GAAP operating income	\$91,665	\$104,862	\$179,997	\$202,395
Depreciation	16,700	11,109	31,174	22,280
Adjusted EBITDA	\$108,365	\$115,971	\$211,171	\$224,675
Operating margin	2.23	% 2.75	% 2.32	% 2.61
Non-GAAP operating margin	2.71	% 3.22	% 2.77	% 3.13
Diluted EPS	\$1.11	\$1.30	\$2.28	\$2.47
IBM CRM acquisition and other integration expenses	0.01	0.05	0.04	0.15
Restructuring charges	0.10	—	0.10	—
Amortization of intangibles	0.30	0.34	0.59	0.70
Income taxes related to the above ⁽¹⁾	(0.15)) (0.14)) (0.27)) (0.31)
Non-GAAP diluted EPS	\$1.37	\$1.55	\$2.74	\$3.01

(1) The tax effect of the non-GAAP adjustments was calculated using the applicable effective tax rate for the periods presented.

Three and Six Months Ended May 31, 2016 and 2015

Revenue

	Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended			
	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015	Percent Change		May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015	Percent Change	
	(in thousands)				(in thousands)			
Revenue	\$3,379,499	\$3,253,785	3.9	%	\$6,505,121	\$6,456,243	0.8	%
Technology Solutions	3,047,708	2,915,557	4.5	%	5,832,615	5,779,845	0.9	%
Concentrix	335,925	341,805	(1.7)%	680,617	683,567	(0.4)%
Inter-segment elimination	(4,134	(3,577			(8,111	(7,169		

In our Technology Solutions segment, we distribute in excess of 30,000 technology products (as measured by active SKUs) from more than 300 IT, CE and OEM suppliers to more than 20,000 resellers. The prices of our products are highly dependent on the volumes purchased within a product category. The products we sell from one period to the next are often not

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comparable because of rapid changes in product models and features. The revenue generated in our Concentrix segment relates to global business services process optimization, customer engagement strategy and back office automation. Inter-segment elimination represents services and transactions generated between our reportable segments that are eliminated on consolidation.

Revenue in our Technology Solutions segment increased during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 compared to the prior year periods, primarily due to improved demand for our systems design and integration solutions, networking equipment and IT systems. The increase was partially offset by lower consumer sales, lower system components product demand and the negative impact of foreign currency translation, primarily from the weakening of the Canadian Dollar. On a constant currency basis, revenue in our Technology Solutions segment during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 increased 4.6% and 1.9%, respectively.

Revenue in our Concentrix segment during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, compared to the prior year periods, was negatively impacted by the planned lapsing of a government contract. Revenue associated with this government contract decreased by approximately \$27 million and \$50 million during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, respectively, compared to the prior year periods. Revenue was also negatively impacted by unfavorable foreign currency translation, primarily from the weakening of the Australian Dollar, British Pound, Brazilian Real and Indian Rupee. The decrease was partially offset by increased volume and the expansion of services to existing customers and new customer contract signings. On a constant currency basis, revenue in the Concentrix segment decreased 0.5% during the three months ended May 31, 2016 and increased 2.0% during the six months ended May 31, 2016, compared to the prior year periods.

Gross Profit

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended		
	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015	Percent Change	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015	Percent Change
	(in thousands)			(in thousands)		
Gross profit	\$294,030	\$300,059	(2.0)%	\$578,222	\$588,277	(1.7)%
Gross margin	8.70 %	9.22 %		8.89 %	9.11 %	

Our gross margin is affected by a variety of factors, including our sources of revenue by segments, competition, average selling prices, mix of products and services we sell, our customers, product costs along with rebate and discount programs from our suppliers, reserves or settlement adjustments, freight costs, charges for inventory losses, acquisitions and divestitures of business units and fluctuations in revenue. Concentrix margins, which are generally higher than those in our Technology Solutions segment, can be impacted by additional lead time for programs to be fully scalable, and transition and initial set-up costs.

Gross profit during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 decreased compared to the corresponding prior year periods primarily due to lower profit in our Technology Solutions segment. Gross margin during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 decreased from the prior year periods primarily due to the relative change in the mix of products and services sold.

Gross profit and margin in our Technology Solutions segment decreased during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, compared to the prior year periods, primarily due to foreign currency exchange benefits associated with our system design and integration solutions recorded during the three and six months ended May 31, 2015.

Gross profit in our Concentrix segment during the three months ended May 31, 2016 was consistent with the prior year period, as the improved performance from one loss-making contract was partially offset by the government contract discussed above. Gross profit increased during the six months ended May 31, 2016 from the prior year period primarily due to improvement in the performance of the loss-making contract, which incurred losses of \$7.2 million in the current period, compared to losses of approximately \$15.3 million in the prior year period. This increase was partially offset by the government contract discussed above. Gross margin in our Concentrix segment during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 improved primarily due to the favorable impact of foreign currency translation. We have large delivery service centers in India and the Philippines, and experienced a weakening in the Indian Rupee and Philippine Peso compared to the prior year periods. In addition, the improved performance of the loss-making contract and the impact of the government contract led to higher

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gross margin during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, compared to prior year periods, as both contracts had lower than average gross margin.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

	Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended			
	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015	Percent Change		May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015	Percent Change	
	(in thousands)				(in thousands)			
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$218,724	\$210,698	3.8	%	\$427,290	\$419,969	1.7	%
Percentage of revenue	6.47	% 6.47	%		6.57	% 6.50	%	

Our selling, general and administrative expenses primarily consist of personnel costs such as salaries, commissions, bonuses, share-based compensation and temporary personnel costs. Selling, general and administrative expenses also include costs incurred in relation to the acquisition and integration of businesses, cost of facilities, utility expenses, professional fees, depreciation on our capital equipment, bad debt expense, amortization of our intangible assets, and marketing expenses, offset in part by reimbursements from our OEM suppliers.

The increase in our selling, general and administrative expenses during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, compared to the prior year periods, was due to higher depreciation and facility costs of \$7.3 million and \$15.0 million, respectively, to support Concentrix growth and \$4.0 million of restructuring costs primarily related to lease termination and employee related costs for closed business activities in three Concentrix delivery centers in North America. This increase was partially offset by the favorable impact of foreign currency translation, primarily from the weakening of the Canadian Dollar, Indian Rupee and Philippine Peso. The increase in our selling, general and administrative expenses was also offset by lower amortization of intangible assets of \$1.9 million and \$4.8 million during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, respectively, and \$1.5 million and \$4.5 million in lower IBM CRM acquisition-related and other integration expenses in our Concentrix segment during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, respectively, compared to prior year periods.

Operating income

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended		
	May 31, 2016 (in thousands)	May 31, 2015	Percent Change	May 31, 2016 (in thousands)	May 31, 2015	Percent Change
Operating income	\$75,306	\$89,361	(15.7)%	\$150,932	\$168,308	(10.3)%
Operating margin	2.23	% 2.75	%	2.32	% 2.61	%
Technology Solutions operating income	75,815	80,230	(5.5)%	143,486	151,480	(5.3)%
Technology Solutions operating margin	2.49	% 2.75	%	2.46	% 2.62	%
Concentrix operating income	(570)	9,012	(106.3)%	7,291	16,590	(56.1)%
Concentrix operating margin	(0.17)%	2.64	%	1.07	% 2.43	%
Inter-segment eliminations	61	119		155	238	

The operating income and margin in our Technology Solutions segment during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 decreased compared to the prior year periods primarily due to business mix and the foreign currency exchange benefits associated with systems design and integration solutions recorded during the prior year periods.

The operating income and margin in our Concentrix segment decreased during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 compared to the prior year periods primarily due to higher depreciation and facility costs of \$7.3 million and \$15.0 million, respectively, the government contract mentioned above and \$4 million of restructuring and site closure costs, partially offset by the favorable impact of foreign currency translation, from the weakening of the Indian Rupee and Philippines Peso, and improvement in gross profit associated with the loss-making contract.

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Interest Expense and Finance Charges, Net

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended		
	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015	Percent Change	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015	Percent Change
	(in thousands)			(in thousands)		
Interest expense and finance charges, net	\$6,512	\$5,815	12.0 %	\$12,728	\$12,256	3.9 %
Percentage of revenue	0.20 %	0.18 %		0.20 %	0.20 %	

Amounts recorded in interest expense and finance charges, net, consist primarily of interest expense paid on our lines of credit and other debt, fees associated with third party accounts receivable flooring arrangements and the sale or pledge of accounts receivable through our securitization facilities, offset by income earned on our cash investments.

Our interest expense and finance charges, net, during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 increased compared to the prior year periods, primarily due to higher interest expense as a result of higher variable interest rates and higher interest rates on our term loan. In May 2015, we borrowed an additional \$411.3 million under an increased term loan commitment in the United States and paid down our United States securitization arrangement and revolving line of credit to secure higher credit availability. The term loan carries a higher rate of interest than our revolving lines of credit and our accounts receivable securitization arrangement. At the same time, we entered into interest rate swaps, which effectively converted a portion of our floating rate term loan in the United States to a fixed interest rate, which is higher than the prevailing floating rate.

Other Income (Expense), Net

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended		
	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015	Percent Change	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2015	Percent Change
	(in thousands)			(in thousands)		
Other income (expense), net	\$949	\$(1,584)	159.9 %	\$4,983	\$(1,517)	428.5 %
Percentage of revenue	0.03 %	(0.05) %		0.08 %	(0.02) %	

Amounts recorded as other income (expense), net, include foreign currency transaction gains and losses, investment gains and losses (including those in our deferred compensation plan) and other non-operating gains and losses.

The increase in other income (expense), net, during the three months ended May 31, 2016 compared to the prior year period was due to higher foreign currency transaction gains of \$3.0 million.

The increase in other income (expense), net, during the six months ended May 31, 2016 compared to the prior year period was primarily due to a \$4.1 million benefit received from a class-action legal settlement in our Canadian Technology Solutions business.

Provision for Income Taxes

Income taxes consist of our current and deferred tax expense resulting from our income earned in domestic and foreign jurisdictions.

Our effective tax rate for the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 was 36.4% and 36.5%, respectively, compared to 36.7% and 36.4% for the three and six months ended May 31, 2015, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 changed due to the mix of income in different geographic regions.

Net Loss (Income) Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests

Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests represents the share of net income attributable to others, which is recognized for the portion of our subsidiaries' equity not owned by us. The change in the net income attributable to

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noncontrolling interests in the three and six months ended May 31, 2016 as compared to the prior year periods was not material to our results of operations.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flows

Our business is working capital intensive. Our working capital needs are primarily to finance accounts receivable and inventory. We rely heavily on term loans, accounts receivable arrangements, our securitization program and our revolving lines of credit for our working capital needs. We have financed our growth and cash needs to date primarily through cash generated from operations and financing activities.

To increase our market share and better serve our customers, we may further expand our operations through investments or acquisitions. We expect that such expansion would require an initial investment in working capital, personnel, facilities and operations. These investments or acquisitions would likely be funded primarily by our existing cash and cash equivalents, additional borrowings, or the issuance of securities.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$284.9 million during the six months ended May 31, 2016, primarily due to net income of \$91.0 million, adjustments for non-cash items of \$52.6 million and a decrease in accounts receivable of \$263.9 million. These cash inflows were partially offset by a decrease in accounts payable of \$64.6 million and an increase in inventories of \$39.0 million. The decrease in accounts receivable and accounts payable was primarily due to lower revenue in our Technology Solutions segment during the three months ended May 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended November 30, 2015. The adjustments for non-cash items consist primarily of amortization, depreciation, deferred income taxes, stock-based compensation expense and unrealized foreign currency exchange gains or losses.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$335.6 million during the six months ended May 31, 2015, primarily due to net income of \$98.2 million, adjustments for non-cash items of \$59.1 million, a decrease in accounts receivables of \$369.5 million and a decrease in inventories of \$133.4 million. These cash inflows were partially offset by a decrease in accounts payable of \$256.1 million. The decrease in accounts receivable, accounts payable and inventories was primarily due to lower revenue in our Technology Solutions segment during the three months ended May 31, 2015 compared to the three months ended November 30, 2014. The adjustments for non-cash items consist primarily of amortization, depreciation, tax benefit from employee stock plans, stock-based compensation expense and the provision for doubtful accounts.

Net cash provided by investing activities during the six months ended May 31, 2016 was \$18.2 million, primarily due to a decrease of restricted cash of \$86.5 million as restrictions on our lockbox collections under our borrowing arrangements were removed during the period. This cash inflow was offset, in part, by our capital expenditures during the period of \$67.5 million primarily to support growth in our Concentrix segment.

Net cash provided by investing activities during the six months ended May 31, 2015 was \$28.7 million, primarily due to the receipt of \$65.3 million towards working capital and other post-closing adjustments related to the acquisition of the IBM CRM business. This cash inflow was offset, in part, by our capital expenditures during the period of \$45.3 million primarily to support our growth in our Concentrix segment.

Net cash used in financing activities during the six months ended May 31, 2016 was \$47.7 million, consisting primarily of \$20.3 million net repayments of our securitization arrangements and revolving lines of credit, \$16.0 million repayments of our term loans, capital leases and other borrowings and \$15.9 million of dividend payments.

Net cash used in financing activities during the six months ended May 31, 2015 was \$326.7 million, consisting primarily of \$642.9 million net repayments of our securitization arrangements and revolving lines of credit and a \$78.3 million decrease in book overdrafts, partially offset by \$408.3 million of proceeds from an increase in our term loan, net of issuance cost.

Capital Resources

Our cash and cash equivalents totaled \$589.0 million and \$336.1 million as of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, respectively. Of our total cash and cash equivalents, the cash held by our foreign subsidiaries was \$155.3 million and \$146.5 million as of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, respectively. Repatriation of the cash held by our foreign subsidiaries would be subject to United States federal income taxes. Also, repatriation of some foreign balances is

restricted by local laws.

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However, we have historically fully utilized and reinvested all foreign cash to fund our foreign operations and expansion. If in the future our intentions change and we repatriate the cash back to the United States, we will report in our consolidated financial statements the impact of the applicable taxes depending upon the planned timing and manner of such repatriation. Presently, we believe that we have sufficient resources, cash flow and liquidity within the United States to fund current and expected future working capital, investment and other general corporate funding requirements.

We believe that our available cash and cash equivalents balances, the cash flows expected to be generated from operations and our existing sources of liquidity will be sufficient to satisfy our current and planned working capital and investment needs for the next twelve months in all geographies. We also believe that our longer-term working capital, planned capital expenditures, anticipated stock repurchases, dividend payments and other general corporate funding requirements will be satisfied through cash flows from operations and, to the extent necessary, from our borrowing facilities and future financial market activities.

Historically, we have renewed our accounts receivable securitization program and our U.S. credit facility agreement on, or prior to, their respective expiration dates. We have no reason to believe that these arrangements will not be renewed as we continue to be in good credit standing with the participating financial institutions. We have had similar borrowing arrangements with various financial institutions throughout our years as a public company.

On-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have an accounts receivable securitization program, or the U.S. Arrangement, to provide additional capital for our operations in the United States. The U.S. Arrangement has a maturity date of November 4, 2016. One of our subsidiaries, which is the borrower under the U.S. Arrangement, can borrow up to a maximum of \$600.0 million based upon eligible trade accounts receivable generated by the parent company and one of our United States subsidiaries. The U.S. Arrangement includes an accordion feature to allow requests for an increase in the lenders' commitment by an additional \$100.0 million. The effective borrowing cost under the U.S. Arrangement is a blended rate that includes prevailing dealer commercial paper rates and the daily London Interbank Offered Rate, or LIBOR, plus a program fee of 0.375% per annum based on the used portion of the commitment, and a facility fee of 0.40% per annum payable on the aggregate commitment of the lenders. As of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, there were no borrowings outstanding under the U.S. Arrangement.

Under the terms of the U.S. Arrangement, we and one of our United States subsidiaries sell, on a revolving basis, their receivables (other than certain specifically excluded receivables) to a wholly-owned, bankruptcy-remote subsidiary. The borrowings are funded by pledging all of the rights, title and interest in and to the receivables acquired by our bankruptcy-remote subsidiary as security. Any borrowings under the U.S. Arrangement are recorded as debt on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. As is customary in trade accounts receivable securitization arrangements like the U.S. Arrangement, where some of the loans are funded through one or more lender's affiliated asset-backed commercial paper programs, a credit rating agency's downgrade of the third party issuer of commercial paper or of a back-up liquidity provider (which provides a source of funding if the commercial paper market cannot be accessed) could result in an increase in our cost of borrowing or loss of our financing capacity under these programs if the commercial paper issuer or liquidity back-up provider is not replaced, or if the lender whose commercial paper issuer or liquidity back-up provider is not replaced does not elect to offer us an alternate rate. Loss of such financing capacity could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

In November 2013, we entered into a senior secured credit agreement, or the U.S. Credit Agreement, which was comprised of a \$275.0 million revolving credit facility and a \$225.0 million term loan. In May 2015, the U.S. Credit Agreement was amended to increase the term loan to \$625.0 million. We may request incremental commitments to increase the principal amount of revolving loans or term loans available under the U.S. Credit Agreement up to \$350.0 million. The U.S. Credit Agreement matures in May 2020. Interest on borrowings under the U.S. Credit Agreement can be based on LIBOR or a base rate at our option. Loans borrowed under the U.S. Credit Agreement bear interest, in the case of LIBOR loans, at a per annum rate equal to the applicable LIBOR, plus a margin which may range from 1.50% to 2.25% , based on our consolidated leverage ratios, as determined in accordance with the U.S. Credit Agreement. Loans borrowed under the U.S. Credit Agreement that are not LIBOR loans, and are instead base rate loans, bear interest at a per annum rate equal to (i) the greatest of (A) the Federal Funds Rate plus a margin of 1/2 of

1.0%, (B) LIBOR plus 1.0% per annum, and (C) the rate of interest announced, from time to time, by the agent, Bank of America, N.A, as its “prime rate,” plus (ii) a margin which may range from 0.50% to 1.25%, based on our consolidated leverage ratios as determined in accordance with the U.S. Credit Agreement. The unused revolving credit facility is subject to a commitment fee ranging from 0.20% to 0.35% per annum, based on our consolidated leverage ratios. The outstanding principal amount of the term loan is repayable in quarterly installments, in an amount equal to (a) for each of the

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first eight full calendar quarters ending after the U.S. Credit Agreement amendment entered in May 2015, 1.25% of the amended principal amount of the term loan, (b) for each of the next four calendar quarters ending thereafter, 1.875% of the amended principal amount of the term loan, (c) for each calendar quarter ending thereafter, 2.50% of the amended principal amount of the term loan and (d) on the May 2020 maturity date of the term loan, the outstanding principal amount of the term loan. Our obligations under the U.S. Credit Agreement are secured by substantially all of the parent company's and its United States domestic subsidiaries' assets and are guaranteed by certain of our United States domestic subsidiaries.

As of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, balances outstanding under the term loan component of the U.S. Credit Agreement were \$601.6 million and \$617.2 million, respectively. There were no borrowings outstanding under the revolving credit facility as of either May 31, 2016 or November 30, 2015. There was \$1.5 million outstanding as of both May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, in standby letters of credit under the U.S. Credit Agreement.

SYNNEX Canada Limited, or SYNnex Canada, has a revolving line of credit arrangement with a group of financial institutions, or the Canadian Revolving Arrangement which has a maximum commitment of CAD100.0 million, or \$76.4 million, and includes an accordion feature to increase the maximum commitment by an additional CAD25.0 million, or \$19.1 million, to CAD125.0 million, or \$95.5 million, at SYNnex Canada's request. SYNnex Canada has granted a security interest in substantially all of its assets in favor of the lender under the Canadian Revolving Arrangement. In addition, we pledged a portion of our stock in SYNnex Canada as collateral for the Canadian Revolving Arrangement. The interest rate applicable under the Canadian Revolving Arrangement is equal to (i) the Canadian base rate plus a margin of 0.75% for a Base Rate Loan in Canadian Dollars, (ii) the US base rate plus a margin of 0.75% for a Base Rate Loan in U.S. Dollars, and (iii) the Bankers' Acceptance rate, or BA, plus a margin of 2.00% for a BA Rate Loan. The Canadian base rate means the greater of (a) the prime rate determined by a major Canadian financial institution and (b) the one month Canadian Dealer Offered Rate (the average rate applicable to Canadian Dollar bankers' acceptances for the applicable period) plus 1.50%. The US base rate means the greater of (a) a reference rate determined by a major Canadian financial institution for US dollar loans made to Canadian borrowers and (b) the US federal funds rate plus 0.50%. A fee of 0.25% per annum is payable with respect to the unused portion of the commitment. The credit arrangement expires in May 2017. As of May 31, 2016, there were 0 borrowings outstanding under the Canadian Revolving Arrangement, and there was \$9.7 million outstanding as of November 30, 2015. The Canadian Revolving Arrangement also provides a sublimit of \$5.0 million for the issuance of standby letters of credit. As of both May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, there were 0 letters of credit outstanding. SYNnex Canada has a term loan associated with the purchase of its logistics facility in Guelph, Canada. The interest rate for the unpaid principal amount is a fixed rate of 5.374% per annum. The final maturity date for repayment of the unpaid principal is April 1, 2017. The balances outstanding on the term loan as of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015 were \$4.5 million and \$4.7 million, respectively.

SYNNEX Infotec has a credit agreement with a group of financial institutions for a maximum commitment of JPY14.0 billion, or \$126.4 million. The credit agreement is comprised of a JPY6.0 billion, or \$54.2 million, term loan and a JPY8.0 billion, or \$72.3 million, short-term revolving credit facility. The interest rate for the term loan and revolving credit facility is based on the Tokyo Interbank Offered Rate ("TIBOR") plus a margin of 0.70% per annum. The unused line fee on the revolving credit facility is 0.10% per annum. This credit facility expires in November 2018. As of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, the balances outstanding under the term loan component of the facility were \$54.2 million and \$48.7 million, respectively. Balances outstanding under the revolving credit facility were \$35.2 million and \$47.9 million as of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, respectively. The term loan can be repaid at any time prior to expiration date without penalty. We have guaranteed the obligations of SYNnex Infotec under this facility.

Our Indian subsidiaries have credit facilities with a financial institution to borrow up to an aggregate amount of \$14.0 million for working capital purposes. The interest rate under the credit facilities is based on LIBOR plus a margin of 0.90% per annum. The credit facilities can be terminated at any time by our Indian subsidiaries or the financial institution. We guarantee the obligations under these credit facilities. As of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, there were no outstanding borrowings under these credit facilities.

SYNNEX Infotec has short-term revolving credit facilities aggregating JPY3.0 billion, or \$27.1 million, with financial institutions. The interest rates for these credit facilities are based on TIBOR plus margins ranging from 0.50% to 1.20% per annum. In addition, there is a facility fee of 0.425% per annum, applicable to one credit facility. These credit facilities can be renewed annually. As of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, there were no outstanding balances under this credit facility.

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As of May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, we recorded \$8.7 million and \$2.6 million, respectively, on our Consolidated Balance Sheets in obligations attributable to SYNnex Infotec for the sale and financing of this subsidiary's approved accounts receivable and notes receivable with recourse provisions and outstanding capital lease obligations.

The maximum commitment amounts for local currency credit facilities in Canada and Japan have been translated into United States Dollars at May 31, 2016 exchange rates.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have financing programs in the United States and Japan under which trade accounts receivable of certain customers may be sold, without recourse, to financial institutions. Available capacity under these programs is dependent upon the level of our trade accounts receivable eligible to be sold into these programs and the financial institutions' willingness to purchase such receivables. At May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, we had a total of \$44.1 million and \$3.1 million, respectively, of trade accounts receivable sold to and held by the financial institutions under these programs.

Covenant Compliance

Our borrowing arrangements have a number of covenants and restrictions that, among other things, require us to comply with certain financial and other covenants. These covenants require us to maintain specified financial ratios and satisfy certain financial condition tests, including leverage and fixed charge coverage ratios. They also limit our ability to incur additional debt, make intercompany loans, pay dividends and make other types of distributions, make certain acquisitions, repurchase our stock, create liens, cancel debt owed to us, enter into agreements with affiliates, modify the nature of our business, enter into sale-leaseback transactions, make certain investments, enter into new real estate leases, transfer and sell assets, cancel or terminate any material contracts and merge or consolidate. As of May 31, 2016, we were in compliance with all material covenants for the above arrangements.

Contractual Obligations

Our contractual obligations consist of future payments due under our loans, capital leases and operating lease arrangements. As of May 31, 2016, there have been no material changes from our disclosure in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2015. For more information on our future minimum rental obligations under noncancellable lease agreements as of May 31, 2016, see Note 15 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Guarantees

We, as the ultimate parent, guaranteed the obligations of SYNnex Investment Holdings Corporation up to \$35.0 million in connection with the sale of China Civilink (Cayman), which operated in China as HiChina Web Solutions, to Alibaba.com Limited. The guarantee expires in fiscal year 2018.

We are contingently liable under agreements, without expiration dates, to repurchase repossessed inventory acquired by flooring companies as a result of default on floor plan financing arrangements by our customers. There have been no repurchases through May 31, 2016 under these agreements and we are not aware of any pending customer defaults or repossession obligations. As the Company does not have access to information regarding the amount of inventory purchased from the Company still on hand with the customer at any point in time, the Company's repurchase obligations relating to inventory cannot be reasonably estimated. For more information on our third-party revolving short-term financing arrangements, see Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Related Party Transactions

We have a business relationship with MiTAC Holdings, a publicly-traded company in Taiwan, which began in 1992 when MiTAC Holdings became our primary investor through its affiliates. As of both May 31, 2016 and November 30, 2015, MiTAC Holdings and its affiliates beneficially owned approximately 25% of our outstanding common stock. Matthew Miao, our Chairman Emeritus of the Board of Directors and director, is the Chairman of MiTAC Holdings' and a director or officer of MiTAC Holdings' affiliates.

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The shares owned by MiTAC Holdings are held by the following entities:

	As of May 31, 2016 (in thousands)
MiTAC Holdings ⁽¹⁾	5,552
Synnex Technology International Corp. ⁽²⁾	4,283
Total	9,835

Shares are held via Silver Star Developments Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of MiTAC Holdings. Excludes 374 (1)thousand shares directly held by Matthew Miao and 224 thousand shares indirectly held by Matthew Miao through a charitable remainder trust.

Synnex Technology International Corp. ("Synnex Technology International") is a separate entity from us and is a publicly-traded corporation in Taiwan. Shares are held via Peer Development Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Synnex Technology International. MiTAC Holdings owns a noncontrolling interest of 8.7% in MiTAC (2)Incorporated, a privately-held Taiwanese company, which in turn holds a noncontrolling interest of 13.6% in Synnex Technology International. Neither MiTAC Holdings nor Mr. Miao is affiliated with any person(s), entity, or entities that hold a majority interest in MiTAC Incorporated.

MiTAC Holdings generally has significant influence over us regarding matters submitted to stockholders for consideration, including any merger or acquisition of ours. Among other things, this could have the effect of delaying, deterring or preventing a change of control over us.

We purchased inventories from MiTAC Holdings and its affiliates totaling \$29.4 million and \$56.4 million during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, respectively, and totaling \$20.7 million and \$44.4 million during the three and six months ended May 31, 2015, respectively. Our sales to MiTAC Holdings, and its affiliates totaled \$0.3 million and \$0.5 million during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, respectively, and totaled \$0.3 million and \$0.7 million during the three and six months ended May 31, 2015, respectively. In addition, we received reimbursements of rent and overhead costs for facilities used by MiTAC Holdings amounting to \$42,000 and \$74,000 during the three and six months ended May 31, 2016, respectively, and \$31,000 and \$62,000 during the three and six months ended May 31, 2015, respectively.

Our business relationship with MiTAC Holdings and its affiliates has been informal and is not governed by long-term commitments or arrangements with respect to pricing terms, revenue or capacity commitments. We negotiate pricing and other material terms on a case-by-case basis with MiTAC Holdings. We have adopted a policy requiring that material transactions with MiTAC Holdings or its related parties be approved by our Audit Committee, which is composed solely of independent directors. In addition, Matthew Miao's compensation is approved by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, which is also composed solely of independent directors.

Synnex Technology International is a publicly-traded corporation in Taiwan that currently provides distribution and fulfillment services to various markets in Asia and Australia, and is also our potential competitor. MiTAC Holdings and its affiliates are not restricted from competing with us.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

For a summary of recently issued accounting pronouncements, the anticipated effects on our consolidated financial statements, see Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

There have been no material changes in our quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk during the three months ended May 31, 2016 from our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2015. For further discussion of quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk, reference is made to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year then ended.

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ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures. We maintain “disclosure controls and procedures,” as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Exchange Act”), that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the disclosure controls and procedures are met. Our disclosure controls and procedures have been designed to meet reasonable assurance standards. Additionally, in designing disclosure controls and procedures, our management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible disclosure controls and procedures. The design of any disclosure controls and procedures also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions.

Based on their evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, our Chief Executive Officer (our principal executive officer) and Chief Financial Officer (our principal financial officer) have concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level.

(b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting. There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) identified in connection with management’s evaluation during our last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended November 30, 2015.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(a) None.

(b) None.

(c) Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
March 1, 2016 - March 31, 2016	—	\$ —	—	\$86,320,437
April 1, 2016 - April 30, 2016	—	\$ —	—	\$86,320,437
May 1, 2016 - May 31, 2016	24,857	\$ 79.42	24,857	\$84,346,358
	24,857	\$ 79.42	24,857	

On June 23, 2014, we announced that our Board of Directors authorized a three-year \$100,000,000 share repurchase program pursuant to which the company may repurchase its outstanding common stock from time to time in the open market or through privately negotiated transactions. As of May 31, 2016, we had repurchased 207,498 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$75.44 per share for an aggregate purchase price of \$15,653,642 since inception of the stock repurchase program, and the remaining authorized amount for stock repurchases under this program is \$84,346,358 by June 2017.

For the majority of restricted stock awards and units granted by us, the number of shares issued on the date the restricted stock awards and units vest is net of shares withheld to meet applicable tax withholding requirements. Although these withheld shares are not issued or considered common stock repurchases under our stock repurchase program and therefore are not included in the preceding table, they are treated as common stock repurchases in our financial statements as they reduce the number of shares that would have been issued upon vesting (see Note 14 to the Consolidated Financial Statements).

The covenants of the Company's borrowings limit our ability to pay dividends, make other types of distributions and repurchase the Company's stock (see Note 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements). We were in compliance with these covenants as of May 31, 2016.

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ITEM 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description of Document
10.1	Thirteenth Amendment to Fourth Amended and Restated Receivables Funding and Administration Agreement, dated as of June 1, 2016, by and among SIT Funding Corporation, the lender parties thereto and the Bank of Nova Scotia.
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer.
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer.
32.1*	Statement of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350).
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.

* In accordance with Item 601(b)(32)(ii) of Regulation S-K and SEC Release Nos. 33-8238 and 34-47986, Final Rule: Management's Reports on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Certification of Disclosure in Exchange Act Periodic Reports, the certifications furnished in Exhibit 32.1 hereto are deemed to accompany this Form 10-Q and will not be deemed "filed" for purpose of Section 18 of the Exchange Act. Such certifications will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, except to the extent that the registrant specifically incorporates it by reference.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: July 5, 2016

SYNNEX CORPORATION

By: /s/ Kevin M. Murai

Kevin M. Murai

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Duly authorized officer and principal executive officer)

By: /s/ Marshall W. Witt

Marshall W. Witt

Chief Financial Officer

(Duly authorized officer and principal financial officer)

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