Allied World Assurance Co Holdings, AG Form 10-Q April 19, 2016 <u>Table of Contents</u>

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 Form 10-Q QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 (Mark One) For the quarterly period ended: March 31, 2016 OR "TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from to Commission file number: 001-32938 ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG (Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter) Switzerland 98-0681223 (State or Other Jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.) Gubelstrasse 24, Park Tower, 15th Floor, 6300 Zug, Switzerland (Address of Principal Executive Offices and Zip Code)

41-41-768-1080 (Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No⁻⁻

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes b No⁻⁻

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer b Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes $\ddot{}$ No \flat

As of April 11, 2016, 89,660,448 common shares were outstanding.

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PART I
FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1. Financial Statements.
ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG
UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015
(Expressed in millions, except share and per share amounts)

(Expressed in millions, except share and per share amounts)		
	As of March 31, 2016	As of December 31, 2015
ASSETS:		
Fixed maturity investments trading, at fair value (amortized cost: 2016: \$7,595.1; 2015:	\$7,568.1	\$ 7,201.5
\$7,290.6)		
Equity securities trading, at fair value (cost: 2016: \$209.4; 2015: \$395.3)	202.0	403.0
Other invested assets	940.3	966.7
Total investments	8,710.4	8,571.2
Cash and cash equivalents	772.0	608.0
Restricted cash	87.4	60.6
Insurance balances receivable	885.4	745.9
Funds held	353.2	640.8
Prepaid reinsurance	380.3	392.3
Reinsurance recoverable	1,512.0	1,480.0
Reinsurance recoverable on paid losses	82.7	96.4
Accrued investment income	40.1	38.3
Net deferred acquisition costs	186.9	165.2
Goodwill	389.7	388.1
Intangible assets	115.7	116.6
Balances receivable on sale of investments	24.6	36.9
Net deferred tax assets	25.0	24.4
Other assets	162.6	147.2
Total assets	\$13,728.0	\$ 13,511.9
LIABILITIES:		
Reserve for losses and loss expenses	\$6,575.1	\$ 6,456.2
Unearned premiums	1,796.9	1,683.3
Reinsurance balances payable	221.6	214.4
Balances due on purchases of investments	148.0	125.1
Senior notes:		
Principal amount	1,300.0	1,300.0
Less unamortized discount and debt issuance costs	6.7	7.1
Senior notes, net	1,293.3	1,292.9
Other long-term debt	23.3	23.0
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	134.4	184.5
Total liabilities	\$10,192.6	\$ 9,979.4
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Common shares: 2016 and 2015: par value CHF 4.10 per share (2016: 94,062,342; 2015: 95,523,230 shares issued and 2016: 89,840,448; 2015: 90,959,635 shares outstanding)	375.1	386.7
Treasury shares, at cost (2016: 4,221,894; 2015: 4,563,595)	(146.3)	(155.1)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(9.3)
Retained earnings	3,312.8	3,310.2

Total shareholders' equity	3,535.4	3,532.5
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$13,728.0	\$ 13,511.9
See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.		

ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

(Expressed in millions, except share and per share amounts)

	Three M	lonths
	Ended	
	March 3	31,
	2016	2015
REVENUES:		
Gross premiums written	\$863.5	\$ 880.6
Premiums ceded	(159.5)	(108.1)
Net premiums written	704.0	772.5
Change in unearned premiums	(123.9)	(204.0)
Net premiums earned	580.1	568.5
Net investment income	53.3	44.6
Net realized investment gains	18.9	45.0
Other income	0.6	0.9
Total revenue	652.9	659.0
EXPENSES:		
Net losses and loss expenses	372.4	325.2
Acquisition costs	88.3	78.7
General and administrative expenses	96.4	97.1
Other expense	1.1	1.8
Amortization of intangible assets	2.5	0.6
Interest expense	20.0	14.4
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	(3.0)	9.9
Total expenses	577.7	527.7
Income before income taxes	75.2	131.3
Income tax expense	1.1	6.9
NET INCOME	74.1	124.4
Other comprehensive income: foreign currency translation adjustment	3.1	
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$77.2	\$ 124.4
PER SHARE DATA:		
Basic earnings per share	\$0.82	\$ 1.30
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.81	\$ 1.27
Weighted average common shares outstanding	90,254,5	5925,935,551
Weighted average common shares and common share equivalents outstanding	91,559,2	22957,577,029
Dividends paid per share	\$0.260	\$ 0.225
See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.		

ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

(Expressed in millions)

			Accumulated		
	Share	Treasury	Other	Retained	Total
	Capital	Shares	Comprehensive	Earnings	Total
			Loss		
December 31, 2015	\$386.7	\$(155.1)	\$ (9.3)	\$3,310.2	\$3,532.5
Net income	—	—		74.1	74.1
Dividends		—		(23.4)	(23.4)
Stock compensation		8.8		(9.7)	(0.9)
Share repurchases	—	(50.0)		—	(50.0)
Shares canceled	(11.6)	50.0		(38.4)	
Foreign currency translation adjustment	; —		3.1	—	3.1
March 31, 2016	\$375.1	\$(146.3)	\$ (6.2)	\$3,312.8	\$3,535.4
December 31, 2014	\$408.0	\$(143.1)	\$ —	\$3,513.3	\$3,778.2
Net income				124.4	124.4
Dividends				(21.5)	(21.5)
Stock compensation	—	12.3		(13.4)	(1.1)
Share repurchases	—	(50.9)		—	(50.9)
Shares canceled	(1.9)	19.4		(17.5)	
March 31, 2015	\$406.1	\$(162.3)	\$ —	\$3,585.3	\$3,829.1
See accompanying notes to the consoli	dated fina	incial state	ements.		

ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 (Expressed in millions)

(Expressed in millions)	
	Three Months
	Ended
	March 31,
	2016 2015
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	2010 2010
Net income	\$74.1 \$124.4
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:	
Net realized gains on sales of investments	(12.0)(32.5)
Mark to market adjustments	(27.1)(22.7)
Stock compensation expense	3.9 4.0
Undistributed income of equity method investments	9.2 9.8
Changes in:	
Reserve for losses and loss expenses, net of reinsurance recoverables	86.9 13.9
Unearned premiums, net of prepaid reinsurance	125.5 204.0
Insurance balances receivable	(139.5) (108.6)
Reinsurance recoverable on paid losses	$(13).5 \ (100.0 \)$ $13.8 \ (21.0 \)$
Funds held	287.7 244.1
	7.3 4.3
Reinsurance balances payable	
Net deferred acquisition costs	(21.7)(35.7)
Net deferred tax assets	(0.6) 3.7
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(50.1)(75.0)
Other items, net	(9.9) 5.0
Net cash provided by operating activities	347.5 317.7
CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Purchases of trading securities	(1,530.0) (1,723.4)
Purchases of other invested assets	(8.1) (233.3)
Sales of trading securities	1,414.6 1,561.9
Sales of other invested assets	38.7 56.5
Purchases of fixed assets	
Net cash paid on acquisition	- (3.5)
Change in restricted cash	(26.8) 31.0
Net cash used in investing activities	(112.2) (319.2)
CASH FLOWS USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Dividends paid	(23.4) (21.7)
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options	0.4 4.2
Repayment of other long-term debt	(0,1)
	(0.1) —
Share repurchases	(50.0) (50.3)
Net cash used in financing activities	(73.1)(67.8)
Effect of exchange rate changes on foreign currency cash	1.8 (5.0)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	164.0 (74.3)
	· · · ·
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	608.0 589.3
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$772.0 \$515.0
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	.
Cash paid for income taxes	\$1.0 \$0.7

Cash paid for interest expense See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements. \$18.8 \$18.8

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ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in millions, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information) 1. GENERAL

Allied World Assurance Company Holdings, AG, a Swiss holding company ("Allied World Switzerland"), through its wholly-owned subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company"), is a global provider of a diversified portfolio of property and casualty insurance and reinsurance. References to "\$" are to the lawful currency of the United States and to "CHF" are to the lawful currency of Switzerland.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CONSOLIDATION

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and with Article 10 of Regulation S-X as promulgated by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments that are normal and recurring in nature and necessary for a fair presentation of financial position and results of operations as of the end of and for the periods presented. The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results for a full year.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The significant estimates reflected in the Company's financial statements, include, but are not limited to:

The premium estimates for certain reinsurance agreements,

Recoverability of deferred acquisition costs,

The reserve for outstanding losses and loss expenses,

Valuation of ceded reinsurance recoverables,

Determination of impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets, and

Valuation of financial instruments.

Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated on consolidation and all entities meeting consolidation requirements have been included in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, including these notes, should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements, and related notes thereto, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

3. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" ("ASU 2014-09"). ASU 2014-09 provides a framework, through a five-step process, for recognizing revenue from customers, improves comparability and consistency of recognizing revenue across entities, industries, jurisdictions and capital markets, and requires enhanced disclosures. Certain contracts with customers are specifically excluded from the scope of ASU 2014-09, including, among others, insurance contracts accounted for under Accounting Standard Codification 944, Financial Services - Insurance. ASU 2014-09 is effective on January 1, 2017 with retrospective adoption required for the comparative periods. With the issuance of ASU 2015-14, this standard will be effective on January 1, 2018 with retrospective adoption required for the comparative periods.

periods. The Company is currently assessing the impact the adoption of ASU 2014-09 will have on future financial statements and related disclosures.

In May 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2015-09, "Financial Services - Insurance (Topic 944): Disclosures about Short-Duration Contracts" ("ASU 2015-09"). ASU 2015-09 provides enhanced disclosures, on an annual basis, related to the reserve for losses and loss expenses. The enhanced disclosures required by ASU 2015-09 include (1) net incurred and paid claims development information by accident year, (2) a reconciliation of incurred and paid claims development information to the aggregate carrying amount of the reserve for losses and loss expenses, (3) for each accident

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year presented of incurred claims development information, the total of reserves for losses incurred but not reported (IBNR), including expected development on reported claims, included in the reserve for losses and loss expenses and a description of the reserving methodologies and changes to the reserving methodologies, and (4) for each accident year presented of incurred claims development information, quantitative information about claims frequency, as well as a description of methodologies used for determining claim frequency information. ASU 2015-09 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015, and as such the disclosures will first be presented in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. The Company is currently assessing the impact the adoption of ASU 2015-09 will have on future disclosures.

In January 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2016-01, "Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" ("ASU 2016-01"). ASU 2016-01 changes current U.S. GAAP for public entities by requiring the following, among others: (1) equity securities, except those accounted for under the equity method of accounting, to be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income; (2) the use of the exit price when measuring fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes; (3) an entity to present separately in other comprehensive income the portion of the total change in the fair value of a liability resulting from a change in the instrument-specific credit risk when the entity has elected to measure the liability at fair value; and (4) separate presentation of financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of financial asset on the balance sheet or notes to the financial statements. ASU 2016-01 is effective for annual periods beginning after January 1, 2018, including interim periods. Early application is permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact the adoption of ASU 2016-01 will have on future financial statements and disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2016-02, "Leases" ("ASU 2016-02"). ASU 2016-02 changes current U.S. GAAP for lessees to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for those leases classified as operating leases under previous GAAP. ASU 2016-02 is effective for annual periods beginning after January 1, 2019, including interim periods. Early application is permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact the adoption of ASU 2016-02 will have on future financial statements and disclosures.

In March 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2016-09, "Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting" ("ASU 2016-09"). ASU 2016-09 modifies U.S. GAAP by requiring the following, among others: (1) all excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies are to be recognized as income tax expense or benefit on the income statement (excess tax benefits are recognized regardless of whether the benefit reduces taxes payable in the current period); (2) excess tax benefits are to be classified along with other income tax cash flows as an operating activity in the statement of cash flows; (3) in the area of forfeitures, an entity can still follow the current U.S. GAAP practice of making an entity-wide accounting policy election to estimate the number of awards that are expected to vest or may instead account for forfeitures when they occur; and (4) classification as a financing activity in the statement of cash flows of cash paid by an employer to the taxing authorities when directly withholding shares for tax withholding purposes. ASU 2016-09 is effective for annual periods beginning after January 1, 2017, including interim periods. Early application is permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact the adoption of ASU 2016-09 will have on future financial statements and disclosures.

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4. INVESTMENTS

a) Trading Securities

Securities accounted for at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income ("consolidated income statements") by category are as follows:

	March 31, 2016		Decembe	r 31, 2015
	Fair	Amortized Cost	Fair	Amortized Cost
	Value	¢ 1 501 0	Value	¢ 1 125 0
U.S. government and government agencies	-	\$ 1,521.0		\$ 1,437.9
Non-U.S. government and government agencie	s 531.4	532.3	556.8	579.2
States, municipalities and political subdivisions	s 412.9	397.6	413.5	396.0
Corporate debt:				
Financial institutions	1,369.7	1,354.2	1,275.4	1,277.3
Industrials	1,435.6	1,440.7	1,308.1	1,345.6
Utilities	130.6	134.9	118.9	125.4
Mortgage-backed:				
Agency mortgage-backed	786.0	773.0	751.8	745.4
Non-agency residential mortgage-backed	30.7	29.5	34.0	32.4
Commercial mortgage-backed	564.8	604.6	582.8	600.1
Asset-backed	778.4	807.3	726.2	751.1
Total fixed maturity investments, trading	\$7,568.1	\$ 7,595.1	\$7,201.5	\$ 7,290.6
March 31, 2016	December 3	1, 2015		
Fair ValueOriginal Cost I	Fair ValueO	riginal Cost		
Equity securities \$202.0 \$ 209.4 \$	\$403.0 \$	395.3		
Other invested assets 817.0 762.7	340.2 77	70.9		
\$1,018.9 \$ 972.1	\$1,243.2 \$	1,166.2		

Other invested assets, included in the table above, include investments in private equity funds, hedge funds and a high yield loan fund that are accounted for at fair value, but exclude other private securities described below in Note 4(b) that are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.

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b) Other Invested Assets

Details regarding the carrying value, redemption characteristics and unfunded investment commitments of the other invested assets portfolio as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 were as follows:

Carrying								
	Value	Investment	sEstimated	Investment	S	Dedamation		
I	as of	with	Remaining	without	Redemption	Redemption	Unfunded	
Investment Type	March	Redemptio	nRestriction	Redemptio	nFrequency ⁽¹⁾	Notice	Commitments	
		Restriction		Restriction		Period ⁽¹⁾		
	2016							
Private equity	\$240.1	\$ 240.1	1 - 7 Years	\$ —			\$ 223.4	
Levered credit	209.6	209.6	4 - 10 Years				217.1	
Distressed	5.2	5.2	2 Years				3.8	
Real estate			7 - 9 Years				250.0	
Total private equity	454.9	454.9					694.3	
Distressed	216.2	56.5	2 Years	159.7	Monthly	90 Days		
Equity long/short	58.8			58.8	Quarterly	45 Days		
Relative value credit	87.1			87.1	Quarterly	60 Days		
Total hedge funds	362.1	56.5		305.6	-	-		
Total other invested assets at	017.0	511 /		205 6			604.2	
fair value	817.0	511.4		305.6			694.3	
Other private securities	123.3			123.3			_	
Total other invested assets	\$940.3	\$ 511.4		\$ 428.9			\$ 694.3	
	Carrying	Investmen	nteFetimeted	Investment	te			
	Carrying Value as		ntsEstimated	Investment		Redemption	Unfunded	
Investment Type		with	Remaining	without	Redemption	Redemption Notice	Unfunded	
Investment Type	Value as	with Redempti	Remaining onRestriction	without Redemptio	Redemption mFrequency ⁽¹⁾	-	Unfunded Commitments	
Investment Type	Value as of	with Redempti	Remaining onRestriction	without	Redemption mFrequency ⁽¹⁾	Notice	Unfunded	
Investment Type Private equity (primary and	Value as of December 31, 2015	with Redempti Restrictio	Remaining onRestriction nsPeriod	without Redemptio Restriction	Redemption mFrequency ⁽¹⁾	Notice	Commitments	
Private equity (primary and secondary)	Value as of December 31, 2015 \$ 236.4	with Redempti Restrictio \$ 236.4	Remaining onRestriction nsPeriod 1 - 7 Years	without Redemption Restriction \$ —	Redemption mFrequency ⁽¹⁾	Notice	Commitments \$ 231.0	
Private equity (primary and	Value as of December 31, 2015 \$ 236.4 205.9	with Redempti Restrictio \$ 236.4 205.9	Remaining onRestriction nsPeriod 1 - 7 Years 4 - 8 Years	without Redemption Restriction \$ —	Redemption mFrequency ⁽¹⁾	Notice	\$ 231.0 179.0	
Private equity (primary and secondary)	Value as of December 31, 2015 \$ 236.4	with Redempti Restrictio \$ 236.4	Remaining onRestriction nsPeriod 1 - 7 Years 4 - 8 Years 2 Years	without Redemption Restriction \$	Redemption mFrequency ⁽¹⁾	Notice	© Commitments \$ 231.0 179.0 3.8	
Private equity (primary and secondary) Levered credit Distressed Real estate	Value as of December 31, 2015 \$ 236.4 205.9 5.1 —	with Redempti Restrictio \$ 236.4 205.9 5.1 —	Remaining onRestriction nsPeriod 1 - 7 Years 4 - 8 Years	without Redemption Restriction \$	Redemption mFrequency ⁽¹⁾	Notice	Commitments \$ 231.0 179.0 3.8 200.0	
Private equity (primary and secondary) Levered credit Distressed Real estate Total private equity	Value as of December 31, 2015 \$ 236.4 205.9	with Redempti Restrictio \$ 236.4 205.9	Remaining onRestriction nsPeriod 1 - 7 Years 4 - 8 Years 2 Years	without Redemption Restriction \$	Redemption mFrequency ⁽¹⁾	Notice	© Commitments \$ 231.0 179.0 3.8	
Private equity (primary and secondary) Levered credit Distressed Real estate Total private equity Distressed	Value as of December 31, 2015 \$ 236.4 205.9 5.1 447.4 215.6	with Redempti Restrictio \$ 236.4 205.9 5.1 —	Remaining onRestriction nsPeriod 1 - 7 Years 4 - 8 Years 2 Years	without Redemption Restriction \$	Redemption mFrequency ⁽¹⁾	Notice	Commitments \$ 231.0 179.0 3.8 200.0	
Private equity (primary and secondary) Levered credit Distressed Real estate Total private equity	Value as of December 31, 2015 \$ 236.4 205.9 5.1 447.4 215.6 58.0	with Redempti Restrictio \$ 236.4 205.9 5.1 447.4	Remaining onRestriction nsPeriod 1 - 7 Years 4 - 8 Years 2 Years 7 - 9 Years	without Redemption Restriction \$	Redemption onFrequency ⁽¹⁾ is	Notice Period ⁽¹⁾ 90 Days 45 Days	\$ 231.0 179.0 3.8 200.0 613.8	
Private equity (primary and secondary) Levered credit Distressed Real estate Total private equity Distressed Equity long/short Relative value credit	Value as of December 31, 2015 \$ 236.4 205.9 5.1 447.4 215.6 58.0 105.4	with Redempti Restrictio \$ 236.4 205.9 5.1 447.4 54.6 	Remaining onRestriction nsPeriod 1 - 7 Years 4 - 8 Years 2 Years 7 - 9 Years	without Redemption Restriction \$	Redemption onFrequency ⁽¹⁾ is Monthly	Notice Period ⁽¹⁾ 90 Days	\$ 231.0 179.0 3.8 200.0 613.8	
Private equity (primary and secondary) Levered credit Distressed Real estate Total private equity Distressed Equity long/short Relative value credit Total hedge funds	Value as of December 31, 2015 \$ 236.4 205.9 5.1 447.4 215.6 58.0 105.4 379.0	with Redempti Restrictio \$ 236.4 205.9 5.1 447.4	Remaining onRestriction nsPeriod 1 - 7 Years 4 - 8 Years 2 Years 7 - 9 Years	without Redemption Restriction \$ 161.0 58.0 105.4 324.4	Redemption onFrequency ⁽¹⁾ as Monthly Quarterly Quarterly	Notice Period ⁽¹⁾ 90 Days 45 Days 60 Days	\$ 231.0 179.0 3.8 200.0 613.8	
Private equity (primary and secondary) Levered credit Distressed Real estate Total private equity Distressed Equity long/short Relative value credit Total hedge funds High yield loan fund	Value as of December 31, 2015 \$ 236.4 205.9 5.1 447.4 215.6 58.0 105.4	with Redempti Restrictio \$ 236.4 205.9 5.1 447.4 54.6 	Remaining onRestriction nsPeriod 1 - 7 Years 4 - 8 Years 2 Years 7 - 9 Years	without Redemption Restriction \$	Redemption onFrequency ⁽¹⁾ is Monthly Quarterly	Notice Period ⁽¹⁾ 90 Days 45 Days	\$ 231.0 179.0 3.8 200.0 613.8	
Private equity (primary and secondary) Levered credit Distressed Real estate Total private equity Distressed Equity long/short Relative value credit Total hedge funds High yield loan fund Total other invested assets at	Value as of December 31, 2015 \$ 236.4 205.9 5.1 447.4 215.6 58.0 105.4 379.0 13.8	with Redempti Restrictio \$ 236.4 205.9 5.1 447.4 54.6 54.6 	Remaining onRestriction nsPeriod 1 - 7 Years 4 - 8 Years 2 Years 7 - 9 Years	without Redemption Restriction \$ 	Redemption onFrequency ⁽¹⁾ as Monthly Quarterly Quarterly	Notice Period ⁽¹⁾ 90 Days 45 Days 60 Days	Commitments \$ 231.0 179.0 3.8 200.0 613.8 	
Private equity (primary and secondary) Levered credit Distressed Real estate Total private equity Distressed Equity long/short Relative value credit Total hedge funds High yield loan fund Total other invested assets at fair value	Value as of December 31, 2015 \$ 236.4 205.9 5.1 447.4 215.6 58.0 105.4 379.0 13.8 840.2	with Redempti Restrictio \$ 236.4 205.9 5.1 447.4 54.6 	Remaining onRestriction nsPeriod 1 - 7 Years 4 - 8 Years 2 Years 7 - 9 Years	without Redemption Restriction \$ 	Redemption onFrequency ⁽¹⁾ as Monthly Quarterly Quarterly	Notice Period ⁽¹⁾ 90 Days 45 Days 60 Days	\$ 231.0 179.0 3.8 200.0 613.8	
Private equity (primary and secondary) Levered credit Distressed Real estate Total private equity Distressed Equity long/short Relative value credit Total hedge funds High yield loan fund Total other invested assets at fair value Other private securities	Value as of December 31, 2015 \$ 236.4 205.9 5.1 447.4 215.6 58.0 105.4 379.0 13.8 840.2 126.5	with Redempti Restrictio \$ 236.4 205.9 5.1 447.4 54.6 54.6 54.6 502.0 	Remaining onRestriction nsPeriod 1 - 7 Years 4 - 8 Years 2 Years 7 - 9 Years	without Redemption Restriction \$ 	Redemption onFrequency ⁽¹⁾ as Monthly Quarterly Quarterly	Notice Period ⁽¹⁾ 90 Days 45 Days 60 Days	Commitments \$ 231.0 179.0 3.8 200.0 613.8 613.8 	
Private equity (primary and secondary) Levered credit Distressed Real estate Total private equity Distressed Equity long/short Relative value credit Total hedge funds High yield loan fund Total other invested assets at fair value	Value as of December 31, 2015 \$ 236.4 205.9 5.1 447.4 215.6 58.0 105.4 379.0 13.8 840.2	with Redempti Restrictio \$ 236.4 205.9 5.1 447.4 54.6 54.6 	Remaining onRestriction nsPeriod 1 - 7 Years 4 - 8 Years 2 Years 7 - 9 Years	without Redemption Restriction \$ 	Redemption onFrequency ⁽¹⁾ as Monthly Quarterly Quarterly	Notice Period ⁽¹⁾ 90 Days 45 Days 60 Days	Commitments \$ 231.0 179.0 3.8 200.0 613.8 	

(1) The redemption frequency and notice periods only apply to the investments without redemption restrictions. Some or all of these investments may be subject to a gate as described below.

In general, the Company has invested in hedge funds that require at least 30 days' notice of redemption and may be redeemed on a monthly, quarterly, semi-annual, annual or longer basis, depending on the fund. Certain hedge funds have lock-up periods ranging from one to three years from initial investment. A lock-up period refers to the initial amount of time an investor is contractually required to invest before having the ability to redeem. Funds that provide for periodic redemptions may, depending on the funds' governing documents, have the ability to deny or delay a redemption request, called a "gate." The

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fund may implement this restriction because the aggregate amount of redemption requests as of a particular date exceeds a specified level, generally ranging from 15% to 25% of the fund's net assets. The gate is a method for executing an orderly redemption process to reduce the possibility of adversely affecting investors in the fund. Typically, the imposition of a gate delays a portion of the requested redemption, with the remaining portion settled in cash sometime after the redemption date. Certain funds may impose a redemption fee on early redemptions. Interests in private equity funds cannot be redeemed because the investments include restrictions that do not allow for redemption until termination of the fund.

The following describes each investment type:

Private equity (primary and secondary): Primary equity includes funds that may invest in companies and general partnership interests, as well as direct investments. Secondary funds buy limited partnership interests from existing limited partners of primary private equity funds. As owners of private equity, funds may seek liquidity by selling their existing interests, plus any remaining commitment, to secondary market participants. These funds cannot be redeemed because the investments include restrictions that do not allow for redemption until termination of the funds. Levered credit (including mezzanine debt): Levered credit funds invest across the capital structures of upper middle market and middle market companies in connection with leveraged buyouts, mergers and acquisitions, recapitalizations, growth financings, refinancings and other corporate purposes. The most common position in the capital structure of mezzanine funds will be between the senior secured debt holder and the equity; however, the funds in which we are invested may include secured debt, subordinated debt, preferred stock and/or private equity. These funds cannot be redeemed because the investments include restrictions that do not allow for redemption until termination of the funds.

Distressed funds: In distressed debt investing, managers take positions in the debt of companies experiencing significant financial difficulties, including bankruptcy, or in certain positions of the capital structure of structured securities. The manager relies on the fundamental analysis of these securities, including the claims on the assets and the likely return to bondholders. Certain funds cannot be redeemed because the investments include restrictions that do not allow for redemption until termination of the fund.

Real estate funds: Private real estate funds invest directly (through debt and equity) in commercial real estate (multifamily, industrial, office, student housing and retail) as well as residential property. Real estate managers have diversified portfolios that generally follow core, core-plus, value-added or opportunistic strategies. These funds cannot be redeemed because the investments include restrictions that do not allow for redemption until termination of the fund.

Equity long/short funds: In equity long/short funds, managers take long positions in companies they deem to be undervalued and short positions in companies they deem to be overvalued. Long/short managers may invest in countries, regions or sectors and vary by their use of leverage and by their targeted net long position.

Relative value credit funds: These funds seek to take exposure to credit-sensitive securities, long and/or short, based upon credit analysis of issuers and securities and credit market views.

High yield loan fund: A long-only private mutual fund that invests in high yield fixed income securities. Other private securities: These securities mostly include strategic non-controlling minority investments in private asset management companies and other insurance related investments that are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.

Unconsolidated Variable Interest Entities

As a result of the adoption of Accounting Standards Update 2015-02, "Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis", which became effective January 1, 2016, certain limited partnership investments and similar legal entity investments were considered variable interest entities ("VIE's") as there were no substantive kick-out or other participating rights. These VIE's will not be consolidated because the Company has determined it is not considered the primary beneficiary, as it does not have both the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the economic performance of the entity and the obligation to absorb losses of the entity that could be potentially significant to the VIE or the right to receive benefits from the entity that could be potentially significant. As such, the Company continues to record its interests in these entities at fair value, with changes in fair value recorded in the consolidated income statements. The Company's interests in these entities are recorded in "other invested assets" in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets ("consolidated balance sheets"). The Company's maximum

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exposure to loss in these entities, which is the sum of the carrying value and the unfunded commitment, was \$867.6 million as of March 31, 2016.

1 1

c) Net Investment Income

Three I	Months
Ended	
March	31,
2016	2015
\$48.0	\$36.2
1.8	3.6
4.7	8.4
3.1	0.9
0.5	0.5
(4.8)	(5.0)
\$53.3	\$44.6
	Ended March 2016 \$48.0 1.8 4.7 3.1 0.5 (4.8)

d) Components of Realized Gains and Losses

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 2015
Gross realized gains on sale of invested assets	\$54.0 \$45.3
Gross realized losses on sale of invested assets	(41.9) (13.0)
Net realized and unrealized losses on derivatives	(22.9) (11.6)
Mark-to-market gains (losses):	
Fixed maturity investments, trading	62.3 25.5
Equity securities, trading	(15.1) 5.4
Other invested assets, trading	(17.5) (6.6)
Net realized investment gains	\$18.9 \$45.0

e) Pledged Assets

As of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, \$2,703.4 million and \$2,748.9 million, respectively, of cash and cash equivalents and investments were deposited, pledged or held in trust accounts in favor of ceding companies and other counterparties or government authorities to comply with reinsurance contract provisions, insurance laws and other contract provisions.

In addition, as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, a further \$631.8 million and \$579.3 million, respectively, of cash and cash equivalents and investments were pledged as collateral for the Company's letter of credit facilities. See Note 11(g) to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 for details on the Company's credit facilities.

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5. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

As of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, none of the Company's derivatives were designated as hedges for accounting purposes. The following table summarizes information on the location and amounts of derivative fair values on the consolidated balance sheets:

	March 31, 2016			December 31, 201	5	
	Asset Derivative Derivative Notional Fair Value Amount	Liability Derivative Notional Amount	Liability Derivative Fair Value	Asset Derivative Derivative Notional Fair Value Amount	Liability Derivative Notional Amount	Liability Derivative Fair Value
Foreign exchange contracts	\$ \$ 0.1 \$ -	-\$ 201.3	\$ 5.5	\$41.1 \$ 0.1	\$ 244.8	\$ 3.0
Interest rate swaps Total derivatives	\$0.1 \$ -	219.2 \$ 420.5	0.5 \$ 6.0	4 1.1 \$ 0.1	328.2 \$ 573.0	0.5 \$ 3.5

Derivative assets and derivative liabilities are classified within "other assets" or "accounts payable and accrued liabilities" on the consolidated balance sheets.

The following table provides the net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives not designated as hedges recorded on the consolidated income statements:

	Three Months		
	Ended		
	March 31,		
	2016	2015	
Foreign exchange contracts	\$2.3	\$(7.4)	
Total included in foreign exchange (gain) loss	2.3	(7.4)	
Foreign exchange contracts	(14.9)	1.1	
Interest rate swaps and futures	(8.0)	(12.7)	
Total included in net realized investment gains	(22.9)	(11.6)	
Total realized and unrealized losses on derivatives	\$(20.6)	\$(19.0)	

Derivative Instruments Not Designated as Hedging Instruments

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk in its investment portfolio. Accordingly, the fair values of the Company's investment portfolio are partially influenced by the change in foreign exchange rates. These foreign currency hedging activities have not been designated as specific hedges for financial reporting purposes.

The Company's insurance and reinsurance subsidiaries and branches operate in various foreign countries and consequently the Company's underwriting portfolio is exposed to foreign currency risk. The Company manages foreign currency risk by seeking to match liabilities under the insurance policies and reinsurance contracts that it writes and that are payable in foreign currencies with cash and investments that are denominated in such currencies. When necessary, the Company may also use derivatives to economically hedge un-matched foreign currency exposures, specifically forward contracts and currency options.

The Company also purchases and sells interest rate future and interest rate swap contracts to actively manage the duration and yield curve positioning of its fixed income portfolio. Interest rate futures and interest rate swaps can efficiently increase or decrease the overall duration of the portfolio. Additionally, interest rate futures and interest rate swaps can be utilized to obtain the desired position along the yield curve in order to protect against certain future yield curve shapes.

The Company also purchases options to actively manage its equity portfolio.

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6. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. There is a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements. The valuation hierarchy is based upon whether the inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability are observable or unobservable in the market at the measurement date, with quoted market prices being the highest level (Level 1) and unobservable inputs being the lowest level (Level 3). A fair value measurement will fall within the level of the hierarchy based on the input that is significant to determining such measurement. The three levels are defined as follows:

Level 1: Observable inputs to the valuation methodology that are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2: Observable inputs to the valuation methodology other than quoted market prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical assets in markets that are not active and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability. Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology that are unobservable for the asset or liability.

The following table shows the fair value of the Company's financial instruments and where in the fair value hierarchy the fair value measurements are included as of the dates indicated below:

March 31, 2016	Carrying Amount	Total Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Fixed maturity investments:					
U.S. government and government agencies	\$1,528.0	\$1,528.0	\$1,485.5	\$42.5	\$—
Non-U.S. government and government agencies	531.4	531.4		531.4	
States, municipalities and political subdivisions	412.9	412.9		412.9	
Corporate debt:					
Financial Institutions	1,369.7	1,369.7		1,369.7	
Industrials	1,435.6	1,435.6		1,435.6	
Utilities	130.6	130.6		130.6	
Mortgage-backed:					
Agency mortgage-backed	786.0	786.0		644.9	141.1
Non-agency residential mortgage-backed	30.7	30.7		25.7	5.0
Commercial mortgage-backed	564.8	564.8		564.8	
Asset-backed	778.4	778.4		714.8	63.6
Total fixed maturity investments	7,568.1	7,568.1	1,485.5	5,872.9	209.7
Equity securities	202.0	202.0	202.0		
Other invested $assets^{(1)}$	817.0	817.0			
Total investments	\$8,587.1	\$8,587.1	\$1,687.5	\$5,872.9	\$209.7
Derivative liabilities:					
Foreign exchange contracts	\$5.5	\$5.5	\$—	\$5.5	\$—
Interest rate swaps	0.5	0.5		0.5	
Senior notes	\$1,293.3	\$1,350.7	\$—	\$1,350.7	\$—
Other long-term debt	\$23.3	\$29.5	\$—	\$29.5	\$—

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NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in millions, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

December 31, 2015	Carrying Amount	Total Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Fixed maturity investments:					
U.S. government and government agencies		\$1,434.0	\$1,396.4	\$37.6	\$—
Non-U.S. government and government agencies	556.8	556.8		556.8	
States, municipalities and political subdivisions	413.5	413.5		413.5	
Corporate debt:					
Financial Institutions	1,275.4	1,275.4		1,275.4	
Industrials	1,308.1	1,308.1		1,308.1	
Utilities	118.9	118.9		118.9	
Mortgage-backed:					
Agency mortgage-backed	751.9	751.9		650.8	101.1
Non-agency residential mortgage-backed	34.0	34.0		29.0	5.0
Commercial Mortgage Backed	582.8	582.8		582.8	
Asset-backed	726.2	726.2		663.2	63.0
Total fixed maturity investments	7,201.6	7,201.6	1,396.4	5,636.1	169.1
Equity securities	403.0	403.0	403.0		
Other invested assets ⁽¹⁾	840.2	840.2			
Total investments	\$8,444.8	\$8,444.8	\$1,799.4	\$5,636.1	\$169.1
Derivative assets:					
Foreign exchange contracts	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$—	\$0.1	\$—
Derivative liabilities:					
Foreign exchange contracts	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$—	\$3.0	\$—
Interest rate swaps	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$—	\$0.5	\$—
Senior notes	\$1,292.9	\$1,337.9	\$—	\$1,337.9	\$—
Other long-term debt	\$23.0	\$27.7	\$—	\$27.7	\$—

⁽¹⁾ In accordance with U.S. GAAP, other invested assets, excluding other private securities, are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient and have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy.

"Other invested assets" exclude other private securities that the Company did not measure at fair value, but are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Derivative assets and derivative liabilities relating to foreign exchange contracts and interest rate swaps are classified within "other assets" or "accounts payable and accrued liabilities" on the consolidated balance sheets.

The following describes the valuation techniques used by the Company to determine the fair value of financial instruments held as of the balance sheet date.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

U.S. government and government agencies: Comprised primarily of bonds issued by the U.S. Treasury, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and the Federal National Mortgage Association. The fair values of the Company's U.S. government securities are based on quoted market prices in active markets and are included in the Level 1 fair value hierarchy. The Company believes the market for U.S. Treasury securities is an

actively traded market given the high level of daily trading volume. The fair values of U.S. government agency securities are priced using the spread above the risk-free yield curve. As the yields for the risk-free yield curve and the spreads for these securities are observable market inputs, the fair values of U.S. government agency securities are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

Non-U.S. government and government agencies: Comprised of fixed income obligations of non-U.S. governmental entities. The fair values of these securities are based on prices obtained from international indices and are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

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States, municipalities and political subdivisions: Comprised of fixed income obligations of U.S. domiciled state and municipality entities. The fair values of these securities are based on prices obtained from the new issue market, and are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

Corporate debt: Comprised of bonds issued by or loan obligations of corporations that are diversified across a wide range of issuers and industries. The fair values of corporate debt that are short-term are priced using spread above the LIBOR yield curve, and the fair values of corporate debt that are long-term are priced using the spread above the risk-free yield curve. The spreads are sourced from broker-dealers, trade prices and the new issue market. As the significant inputs used to price corporate debt are observable market inputs, the fair values of corporate debt are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

Mortgage-backed: Primarily comprised of residential and commercial mortgages originated by both U.S. government agencies (such as the Federal National Mortgage Association) and non-U.S. government agencies. The fair values of mortgage-backed securities originated by U.S. government agencies and non-U.S. government agencies are based on a pricing model that incorporates prepayment speeds and spreads to determine the appropriate average life of mortgage-backed securities. The spreads are sourced from broker-dealers, trade prices and the new issue market. As the significant inputs used to price the mortgage-backed securities are observable market inputs, the fair values of these securities are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy, unless the significant inputs used to price the mortgage-backed securities and the company is not able to determine if those quotes are based on observable market inputs, in which case the fair value is included in the Level 3 hierarchy.

Asset-backed: Principally comprised of bonds backed by pools of automobile loan receivables, home equity loans, credit card receivables and collateralized loan obligations originated by a variety of financial institutions. The fair values of asset-backed securities are priced using prepayment speed and spread inputs that are sourced from the new issue market or broker-dealer quotes. As the significant inputs used to price the asset-backed securities are observable market inputs, the fair values of these securities are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy, unless the significant inputs used to price the asset-backed securities are broker-dealer quotes and the Company is not able to determine if those quotes are based on observable market inputs, in which case the fair value is included in the Level 3 hierarchy.

Equity securities: Comprised of U.S. and foreign common and preferred stocks and mutual funds. Equities are generally included in the Level 1 fair value hierarchy as prices are obtained from market exchanges in active markets. Non-U.S. mutual funds where the net asset value ("NAV") is not provided on a daily basis are included in the Level 3 fair value hierarchy.

Other invested assets: Comprised of funds invested in a range of diversified strategies. In accordance with U.S. GAAP, the fair values of the funds are based on the NAV of the funds as reported by the fund manager.

Derivative instruments: The fair value of foreign exchange contracts and interest rate futures and swaps are priced from quoted market prices for similar exchange-traded derivatives and pricing valuation models that utilize independent market data inputs. The fair value of derivatives are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

Senior notes: The fair value of the senior notes is based on reported trades. The fair value of the senior notes is included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

Other long-term debt: Comprised of the mortgage and credit facility associated with the purchase of office space in Switzerland. The fair value of the other long-term debt is based on the value of the debt using current interest rates. The fair value of the other long-term debt is included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

Non-recurring Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company measures the fair value of certain assets on a non-recurring basis, generally quarterly, annually, or when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. These assets include investments accounted for using the equity method, goodwill and intangible assets. The Company uses a variety of techniques to measure the fair value of these assets when appropriate, such as discounted expected future cash flows or market multiple models.

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Investments accounted for using the equity method: When the Company determines that the carrying value of these assets may not be recoverable, the Company records the assets at fair value with the loss recognized in income. In such cases, the Company measures the fair value of these assets using the techniques discussed above.

Goodwill and intangible assets: The Company tests goodwill and intangible assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable, but at least annually for goodwill and indefinite-lived intangibles. When the Company determines that goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets may be impaired, the Company uses techniques, including discounted expected future cash flows and market multiple models, to measure fair value.

Rollforward of Level 3 Financial Instruments

The following is a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balance of financial instruments using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3):

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 Opening balance	Agency MBS \$101.1	Non-agend RMBS \$ 5.0	^{cy} CMBS \$—	Total Mortgage-backe \$ 106.1	Asset-bac ed \$ 63.0	kedEquities \$ —
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) included in net income	1.6	0.1		1.7	(0.8) —
Purchases	40.4	_		40.4	9.0	
Sales	(3.6)	(0.1)		(3.7)	(2.1) —
Transfers into Level 3 from Level 2	1.6	_		1.6	9.9	
Transfers out of Level 3 into Level 2 (1)		_			(15.4) —
Ending balance	\$141.1	\$ 5.0	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ 146.1	\$ 63.6	\$ —
Three Months Ended March 31, 2015						
Opening balance	\$180.1	\$ —	\$1.7	\$ 181.8	\$ 55.4	\$ 43.3
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) included in net income	1.3		0.1	1.4	0.4	5.4
Purchases	18.3	_	1.8	20.1	25.3	
Sales	(67.0)		(3.6)	(70.6)	(2.7) —
Transfers into Level 3 from Level 2		_			43.6	
Transfers out of Level 3 into Level 2 (1)					(29.1) —
Ending balance	\$132.7	\$ —	\$—	\$ 132.7	\$ 92.9	\$ 48.7

(1) Transfers out of Level 3 are primarily attributable to the availability of market observable information.

The Company attempts to verify the significant inputs used by broker-dealers in determining the fair value of the securities priced by them. If the Company could not obtain sufficient information to determine if the broker-dealers were using significant observable inputs, then such securities have been transferred to the Level 3 fair value hierarchy. The Company believes the prices obtained from the broker-dealers are the best estimate of fair value of the securities being priced as the broker-dealers are typically involved in the initial pricing of the security, and the Company has compared the price per the broker-dealer to other pricing sources and noted no material differences. The Company recognizes transfers between levels at the end of the reporting period. There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the period.

The Company's external investment accounting service provider receives prices from internationally recognized independent pricing services to measure the fair values of its fixed maturity investments. Pricing sources are evaluated and selected in a manner to ensure that the most reliable sources are used. The Company uses a pricing service ranking to consistently select the most appropriate pricing service in instances where it receives multiple quotes on the same security. The Company obtains multiple quotes for the majority of its securities. The independent pricing sources obtain market quotations and actual transaction prices for securities that have quoted prices in active markets. Each pricing service has its own

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proprietary method for determining the fair value of securities that are not actively traded. In general, these methods involve the use of "matrix pricing" in which the independent pricing service uses observable market inputs, including, but not limited to, reported trades, benchmark yields, broker-dealer quotes, interest rates, prepayment speeds, default rates and such other inputs as are available from market sources to determine a reasonable fair value.

All of the Company's securities classified as Level 3 are valued based on unadjusted broker-dealer quotes. This includes less liquid securities such as lower quality asset-backed securities, commercial mortgage-backed securities and residential mortgage-backed securities. The primary valuation inputs include monthly payment information, the probability of default, loss severity rates and estimated prepayment rates. Significant changes in these inputs in isolation would result in a significantly lower or higher fair value measurement. In general, a change in the assumption of the probability of default is accompanied by a directionally similar change in the assumption used for the loss severity in an event of default and prepayment rates.

The Company records the unadjusted price provided and validates this price through a process that includes, but is not limited to, monthly and/or quarterly: (i) comparison of prices between two independent sources, with significant differences requiring additional price sources; (ii) quantitative analysis (e.g., comparing the quarterly return for each managed portfolio to their target benchmark, with significant differences identified and investigated); (iii) evaluation of methodologies used by external parties to calculate fair value, including a review of the inputs used for pricing; (iv) comparing the price to the Company's knowledge of the current investment market; and (v) back-testing, which includes randomly selecting purchased or sold securities and comparing the executed prices to the fair value estimates from the pricing service. In addition to internal controls, management relies on the effectiveness of the valuation controls in place at the Company's external investment accounting service provider (supported by a Statement on Standards for Attestation Engagements No. 16 report) in conjunction with regular discussion and analysis of the investment portfolio's structure and performance.

7. RESERVE FOR LOSSES AND LOSS EXPENSES

The reserve for losses and loss expenses consists of the following:

	March 31,	December 31
	2016	2015
Outstanding loss reserves	\$1,710.3	\$ 1,678.5
Reserves for losses incurred but not reported	4,864.8	4,777.7
Reserve for losses and loss expenses	\$6,575.1	\$ 6,456.2

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The table below is a reconciliation of the beginning and ending liability for unpaid losses and loss expenses. Losses incurred and paid are reflected net of reinsurance recoverables.

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
Gross liability at beginning of period	\$6,456.2	\$5,881.2
Reinsurance recoverable at beginning of period	(1,480.0)	(1,340.3)
Net liability at beginning of period	4,976.2	4,540.9
Net losses incurred related to:		
Current year	397.8	388.8
Prior years	(25.4)	(63.6)
Total incurred	372.4	325.2
Net paid losses related to:		
Current year	6.7	6.6
Prior years	282.5	293.1
Total paid	289.2	299.7
Foreign exchange revaluation and other	3.7	(11.6)
Net liability at end of period	5,063.1	4,554.8
Reinsurance recoverable at end of period	1,512.0	1,350.3
Gross liability at end of period	\$6,575.1	\$5,905.1

For the three months ended March 31, 2016, the Company recorded net favorable prior year reserve development in each of its operating segments primarily due to actual loss emergence being lower than initially expected. The net favorable prior year reserve development in the North American Insurance segment was primarily related to the professional liability and programs lines of business, partially offset by net unfavorable prior year reserve development in the casualty line of business. The net favorable reserve development in the Global Markets Insurance segment was primarily related to the other specialty line of business partially offset by unfavorable reserve development in the professional liability and casualty lines of business. The net favorable prior year reserve development in the professional liability and casualty lines of business. The net favorable prior year reserve development in the Reinsurance segment was primarily related to the other specialty lines of business. The net favorable prior year reserve development in the Reinsurance segment was primarily related to the property reinsurance and specialty reinsurance lines of business partially offset by net unfavorable prior year reserve development in the casualty reinsurance line of business.

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company recorded net favorable prior year reserve development in each of its operating segments due to actual loss emergence being lower than initially expected. The net favorable prior year reserve development in the North American Insurance segment was primarily related to the professional liability and general casualty lines of business, partially offset by net unfavorable prior year reserve development in the healthcare line of business. The Global Markets Insurance segment had favorable prior year reserve development across most major lines of business. The net favorable prior year reserve development in the Reinsurance segment was primarily related to the property reinsurance and casualty reinsurance lines of business partially offset by unfavorable reserve development in the specialty line of business.

While the Company has experienced favorable reserve development in its insurance and reinsurance lines, there is no assurance that conditions and trends that have affected the development of liabilities in the past will continue. It is not appropriate to extrapolate future redundancies based on prior years' development. The methodology of estimating loss

reserves is periodically reviewed to ensure that the key assumptions used in the actuarial models continue to be appropriate.

8. INCOME TAXES

Under Swiss law, a resident company is subject to income tax at the federal, cantonal and communal levels that is levied on net income. Income attributable to permanent establishments or real estate located abroad is excluded from the Swiss tax base. Allied World Switzerland is a holding company and, therefore, is exempt from cantonal and communal income tax. As a result, Allied World Switzerland is subject to Swiss income tax only at the federal level. Allied World Switzerland is a resident of the Canton of Zug and, as such, is subject to an annual cantonal and communal capital tax on its taxable equity. Allied World

Table of Contents ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in millions, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

Switzerland has a Swiss operating company resident in the Canton of Zug. The operating company is subject to federal, cantonal and communal income tax and to annual cantonal and communal capital tax.

Under current Bermuda law, Allied World Assurance Company Holdings, Ltd ("Allied World Bermuda") and its Bermuda subsidiaries are not required to pay taxes in Bermuda on either income or capital gains. Allied World Bermuda and Allied World Assurance Company, Ltd have received an assurance from the Bermuda Minister of Finance under the Exempted Undertakings Tax Protection Act 1966 of Bermuda, that in the event of any such taxes being imposed, Allied World Bermuda and Allied World Assurance Company, Ltd will be exempted until March 2035.

Certain subsidiaries of Allied World Switzerland file U.S. federal income tax returns and various U.S. state income tax returns, as well as income tax returns in Canada, Hong Kong, Ireland, Singapore, and the United Kingdom. The U.S. Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") is currently conducting an audit of the 2012 tax return of the Company's U.S. subsidiaries and the 2014 tax return of the U.S. services company. The Company does not believe there will be any material findings from the 2012 tax return audit. The Company recently received notice of the 2014 tax return audit of the U.S. services company, and as such it is too early to determine if there will be any findings from the audit. To the best of the Company's knowledge, there are no other examinations pending by any other tax authority.

Management has deemed all material tax positions to have a greater than 50% likelihood of being sustained based on technical merits if challenged. The Company does not expect any material unrecognized tax benefits within 12 months of March 31, 2016.

March 31. December 31.

9. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

a) Authorized shares

The issued share capital consists of the following:

	,	2015
Common shares issued and fully paid, 2016 and 2015: CHF 4.10 per share		
I.	\$ 375.1	\$ 386.7
Three		
Months		
Ended		
March 31,		
2016		
95,523,230		
(1,460,888)		
94,062,342		
4,563,595		
1,460,888		
(341,701)		
(1,460,888)		
4,221,894		
89,840,448		
	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 95,523,230 (1,460,888) 94,062,342 4,563,595 1,460,888 (341,701) (1,460,888) 4,221,894	2016 94,062,342 \$ 375.1 Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 95,523,230 (1,460,888) 94,062,342 4,563,595 1,460,888 (341,701) (1,460,888) 4,221,894

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, 1,460,888 shares repurchased and designated for cancellation were constructively retired and canceled.

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b) Dividends

 The Company paid the following dividends during the three months ended March 31, 2016:

 Dividend Total

 Dividend Paid
 Per

 Amount

 Share
 Paid

 March 31, 2016
 \$ 0.260
 \$ 23.4

On April 30, 2015, the shareholders approved the Company's proposal to pay cash dividends in the form of a distribution out of general legal reserve from capital contributions. The distribution amount will be paid to shareholders in quarterly installments of \$0.26 per share. The installments of the dividend were distributed in July 2015, October 2015, December 2015 and March 2016.

c) Share Repurchases

On May 1, 2014, the shareholders approved a share repurchase program in order for the Company to repurchase up to \$500.0 million of its common shares. Repurchases may be effected from time to time through open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions, tender offers or otherwise. The timing, form and amount of the share repurchases under the program will depend on a variety of factors, including market conditions, the Company's capital position, legal requirements and other factors. Under the terms of the share repurchase program, the first three million of common shares repurchased will remain in treasury and will be used by Allied World Switzerland to satisfy share delivery obligations under its equity-based compensation plans. Any additional common shares repurchased will be designated for cancellation at acquisition and will be canceled upon shareholder approval. Shares repurchased and designated for cancellation are constructively retired and recorded as a share cancellation.

The Company's share repurchases were as follows:

	Three Months
	Ended
	March 31,
	2016 2015
Common shares repurchased	1,460,888,271,213
Total cost of shares repurchased	\$50.0 \$ 50.9
Average price per share	\$34.23 \$ 40.08

10. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

a) Restricted stock units and performance-based equity awards

Restricted stock units ("RSUs") vest pro-rata over four years from the date of grant. The compensation expense for the RSUs is based on the fair market value of Allied World Switzerland's common shares at the date of grant. The Company estimates the expected forfeitures of RSUs at the date of grant and recognizes compensation expense only for those awards that the Company expects to vest. The forfeiture assumption is ultimately adjusted to the actual forfeiture rate.

Performance-based equity awards represent the right to receive a number of common shares in the future, based upon the achievement of established performance criteria during an applicable performance period. Based on the performance goals, the performance-based equity awards granted in 2016, 2015 and 2014 are expensed at 100%, 100% and 75%, respectively, of the fair value of Allied World Switzerland's common shares on the date of grant. The expense is recognized over the performance period.

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The activity related to the Company's RSUs awards is as follows:

	Three Months Ended			
	March 31, 2016			
		Weighted		
	Number of	Average		
	Awards	Grant Date		
		Fair Value		
		Per Share		
Outstanding at beginning of period	819,309	\$ 37.33		
RSUs granted	689,042	31.95		
RSUs forfeited	(16,535)	(36.05)		
RSUs fully vested	(248,283)	(36.37)		
Outstanding at end of period	1,243,533	\$ 34.56		

The activity related to the Company's performance-based equity awards is as follows:

	Three Mo	nths Ended
	March 31,	, 2016
		Weighted
	Number	Average
	of	Grant Date
	Awards	Fair Value
		Per Share
Outstanding at beginning of period	591,683	\$ 34.78
Performance-based equity awards granted	200,730	31.95
Additional awards granted due to achievement of performance criteria	24,979	29.24
Performance-based equity awards forfeited	(4,862)	(35.82)
Performance-based equity awards fully vested	(216,958)	(29.24)
Outstanding at end of period	595,572	\$ 35.60

b) Cash-equivalent stock awards

As part of the Company's annual year-end compensation awards, the Company granted both awards classified as equity and cash-equivalent stock awards. The cash-equivalent awards were granted to employees who received RSUs and performance-based equity awards in tandem with stock-based awards. The cash-equivalent RSU awards vest pro-rata over four years from the date of grant. The cash-equivalent performance-based equity awards vest after a three-year performance period. The amount payable per unit awarded will be equal to the price per share of Allied World Switzerland's common shares, and as such the Company measures the value of an award each reporting period based on the period-ending share price. The effects of changes in the share price at each period-end during the service period are recognized as changes in compensation expense ratably over the service period. The liability is included in "accounts payable and accrued liabilities" in the consolidated balance sheets and changes in the liability are recorded in "general and administrative expenses" in the consolidated income statements.

RSUs

The activity related to the Company's cash-equivalent RSUs and performance-based awards is as follows:

Performance-based Awards

				Weighted
		Weighted		Average
Three Months Ended March 31, 2016	Number of	Average	Number	Grant
	Awards	Grant	of	Date
	Awalus	Date Fair	Awards	Fair
		Value		Value
				Per Share
Outstanding at beginning of period	1,277,083	\$31.94	693,477	\$ 33.25
Granted	167,438	31.95	50,183	31.95
Additional awards granted due to achievement of performance criteria			37,434	29.24
Forfeited	(21,932)	(31.81)	(5,209)	(34.05)
Fully vested	(581,829)	(29.14)	(325,386)	(29.24)
Outstanding at end of period	840,760	\$33.88	450,499	\$ 35.66

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c) Total Stock Related Compensation Expense

The following table shows the total stock-related compensation expense relating to the stock options, RSUs and cash equivalent awards:

	Three	
	Month	ıs
	Endec	1
	Marc	h 31,
	2016	2015
Stock options	\$—	\$0.3
RSUs and performance-based equity awards	3.9	3.7
Cash-equivalent stock awards	(1.9)	12.5
Total	\$2.0	\$16.5

11. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the comparison of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Three Months	
	Ended	
	March 31,	
	2016 2015	
Basic earnings per share:		
Net income	\$74.1 \$ 124.4	
Weighted average common shares outstanding	90,254,955,935,551	
Basic earnings per share	\$0.82 \$ 1.30	
		Three Months
		Ended

	March 31,
	2016 2015
Diluted earnings per share:	
Net income	\$74.1 \$ 124.4
Weighted average common shares outstanding	90,254, 951,2 35,551
Share equivalents:	
Stock options	832,747,116,871
RSUs and performance-based equity awards	451,26 8 09,971
Employee share purchase plan	20,69814,636
Weighted average common shares and common share equivalents outstanding - diluted	91,559,922,577,029
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.81 \$ 1.27

For the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, a weighted average of 353,679 and 175,175 RSUs, respectively, were considered anti-dilutive and were therefore excluded from the calculation of the diluted earnings per share.

12. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The determination of reportable segments is based on how the Company's chief operating decision maker, the Chief Executive Officer, monitors the Company's underwriting operations. Management monitors the performance of its direct underwriting operations based on the geographic location of the Company's offices, the markets and customers served and the type of accounts written. The Company is currently organized into three operating segments: North American Insurance, Global Markets Insurance and Reinsurance. All product lines fall within these classifications.

The North American Insurance segment includes the Company's specialty insurance operations in the United States, Bermuda and Canada, as well as the Company's claim administration services operation. This segment provides both property and specialty casualty insurance to North American domiciled accounts. The Global Markets Insurance segment includes the

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Company's insurance operations in Europe and Asia Pacific, which includes offices in Australia, Hong Kong, Labuan, and Singapore. This segment provides both property and casualty insurance primarily to non-North American domiciled accounts. The Reinsurance segment includes the Company's reinsurance operations in Bermuda, Labuan, London, Singapore, the United States and Zug. This segment provides reinsurance of property, general casualty, professional liability, specialty lines and property catastrophe coverages written by insurance companies. The Company presently writes reinsurance on both a treaty and a facultative basis, targeting several niche reinsurance markets.

Responsibility and accountability for the results of underwriting operations are assigned by major line of business within each segment. Because the Company does not manage its assets by segment, investment income, interest expense and total assets are not allocated to individual reportable segments. General and administrative expenses are allocated to segments based on various factors, including expenses directly attributable to individual segments, staff count and each segment's proportional share of gross premiums written.

The Company measures its segment profit or loss as underwriting income or loss plus other insurance-related income and expenses, which may include the net earnings from our claims administration services operations and other income or expense that is not directly related to our underwriting operations. Management measures results for each segment's underwriting income or loss on the basis of the "loss and loss expense ratio," "acquisition cost ratio," "general and administrative expense ratio," "expense ratio" and the "combined ratio." The "loss and loss expense ratio" is derived by dividing net losses and loss expenses by net premiums earned. The "acquisition cost ratio" is derived by dividing acquisition costs by net premiums earned. The "general and administrative expense ratio" is derived by dividing general and administrative expenses by net premiums earned. The expense ratio is the sum of the "acquisition cost ratio" and the "general and administrative expense ratio". The "combined ratio" is the sum of the "acquisition cost ratio" and the "general and administrative expense ratio." The "combined ratio" is the sum of the "loss and loss expense ratio," the "acquisition cost ratio" and the "general and administrative expense ratio."

The following tables provide a summary of the segment results:

8	North	Global		
Three Months Ended March 31, 2016	American	Markets	Reinsurance	Total
	Insurance	Insurance		
Gross premiums written	\$379.2	\$115.5	\$ 368.8	\$863.5
Net premiums written	266.2	87.6	350.2	704.0
Net premiums earned	316.3	94.2	169.6	580.1
Net losses and loss expenses	(216.3)	(67.8)	(88.3)	(372.4)
Acquisition costs	(33.9)	(17.9)	(36.5)	(88.3)
General and administrative expenses	(52.2)	(29.0)	(15.2)	(96.4)
Underwriting income	13.9	(20.5)	29.6	23.0
Other insurance-related income	0.6			0.6
Other insurance-related expenses	(0.7)		(0.4)	(1.1)
Segment income	13.8	(20.5)	29.2	22.5
Net investment income				53.3
Net realized investment gains				18.9
Amortization of intangible assets				(2.5)
Interest expense				(20.0)
Foreign exchange gain				3.0
Income before income taxes				\$75.2

Loss and loss expense ratio	68.4	% 72.0	% 52.1	% 64.2	%
Acquisition cost ratio	10.7	% 19.0	% 21.5	% 15.2	%
General and administrative expense ratio	16.5	% 30.8	% 8.9	% 16.6	%
Expense ratio	27.2	% 49.8	% 30.4	% 31.8	%
Combined ratio	95.6	% 121.8	% 82.5	% 96.0	%

ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in millions, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

	North		Globa	1				
Three Months Ended March 31, 2015	Americ	an	Marke	ets	Reinsura	ince	Total	
	Insuran	ce	Insura	nce				
Gross premiums written	\$380.8		\$60.6		\$ 439.2		\$880.0	6
Net premiums written	296.9		42.9		432.7		772.5	
Net premiums earned	313.0		50.0		205.5		568.5	
Net losses and loss expenses	(195.5)	(20.5)	(109.2)	(325.2	2)
Acquisition costs	(31.0)	(7.0)	(40.7)	(78.7)
General and administrative expenses	(59.3)	(18.0)	(19.8)	(97.1)
Underwriting income	27.2		4.5		35.8		67.5	
Other insurance-related income	0.9						0.9	
Other insurance-related expenses	(0.8)	(1.0)			(1.8)
Segment income	27.3		3.5		35.8		66.6	
Net investment income							44.6	
Net realized investment gains							45.0	
Amortization of intangible assets							(0.6)
Interest expense							(14.4)
Foreign exchange loss							(9.9)
Income before income taxes							\$131.	3
Loss and loss expense ratio	62.5	%	41.0	%	53.1	%	57.2	%
Acquisition cost ratio	9.9	%	14.0	%	19.8	%	13.8	%
General and administrative expense ratio	18.9	%	36.0	%	9.6	%	17.1	%
Expense ratio	28.8	%	50.0	%	29.4	%	30.9	%
Combined ratio	91.3	%	91.0	%	82.5	%	88.1	%

The following table shows an analysis of the Company's gross premiums written by geographic location of the Company's subsidiaries and branches. All intercompany premiums have been eliminated.

	Three N	I onths
	Ended	
	March	31,
	2016	2015
United States	\$524.0	\$536.6
Bermuda	144.2	196.6
Asia Pacific	102.2	40.1
Europe	88.9	104.0
Canada	4.2	3.3
Total gross premiums written	\$863.5	\$880.6

Europe includes gross premiums written attributable to Switzerland of \$35.6 million and \$40.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Table of Contents ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in millions, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

The following table shows the Company's net premiums earned by line of business for each segment for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

months chuck march 51, 20	10 unu 2	,015,105		
	Three Months			
	Ended			
	March	31,		
	2016	2015		
North American Insurance:				
Professional liability	\$101.5	\$88.9		
Casualty	96.7	104.9		
Programs	39.6	34.1		
Property	33.8	41.4		
Other specialty	25.2	15.6		
Healthcare	19.5	28.1		
Total	316.3	313.0		
Global Markets Insurance:				
Other specialty	30.8	12.8		
Casualty	23.6	5.9		
Professional liability	23.5	23.1		
Property	16.3	8.2		
Total	94.2	50.0		
Reinsurance:				
Property	84.4	104.3		
Casualty	46.2			
Specialty	39.0			
Total	169.6			
Total net premiums earned		\$568.5		
rounder promitants outlied	<i>40001</i>	<i>40000</i>		

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company, in common with the insurance industry in general, is subject to litigation and arbitration in the normal course of its business. These legal proceedings generally relate to claims asserted by or against the Company in the ordinary course of insurance or reinsurance operations. Estimated amounts payable under these proceedings are included in the reserve for losses and loss expenses in the Company's consolidated balance sheets. As of March 31, 2016, the Company was not a party to any material legal proceedings arising outside the ordinary course of business that management believes will have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flow.

Table of Contents ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in millions, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

14. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED GUARANTOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following tables present unaudited condensed consolidating financial information as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 and for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 for Allied World Switzerland (the "Parent Guarantor") and Allied World Bermuda (the "Subsidiary Issuer"). The Subsidiary Issuer is a direct, 100%-owned subsidiary of the Parent Guarantor. Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for by the Parent Guarantor under the equity method for purposes of the supplemental consolidating presentation. Earnings of subsidiaries are reflected in the Parent Guarantor's investment accounts and earnings. The Parent Guarantor fully and unconditionally guarantees the senior notes issued by the Subsidiary Issuer.

Unaudited Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet:

As of March 31, 2016 ASSETS:	Allied World Switzerland (Parent Guarantor)	Allied World Bermuda (Subsidiary Issuer)	Other Allied World Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Allied World Switzerland Consolidated
Investments	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 8,710.4	\$ —	\$ 8,710.4
Cash and cash equivalents	[‡] 18.5	ф 1.4	752.1	ф 	772.0
Insurance balances receivable			885.4		885.4
Funds held			353.2		353.2
Reinsurance recoverable			1,512.0		1,512.0
Reinsurance recoverable on paid losses			82.7		82.7
Net deferred acquisition costs			186.9		186.9
Goodwill and intangible assets			505.4		505.4
Balances receivable on sale of investments			24.6		24.6
Investments in subsidiaries	3,422.4	4,493.7		(7,916.1)	
Due from subsidiaries	97.8	16.8	10.5	(125.1)	
Other assets	2.4		693.0		695.4
Total assets	\$ 3,541.1	\$ 4,511.9	\$13,716.2	\$ (8,041.2)	\$ 13,728.0
LIABILITIES:					
Reserve for losses and loss expenses	\$ —	\$ —	\$6,575.1	\$ —	\$ 6,575.1
Unearned premiums			1,796.9		1,796.9
Reinsurance balances payable	<u> </u>		221.6	—	221.6
Balances due on purchases of investments			148.0		148.0
Senior notes		1,293.3	—		1,293.3
Other long-term debt			23.3		23.3
Due to subsidiaries	2.4	8.1	114.6	(125.1)	
Other liabilities	3.3	21.6	109.5		134.4
Total liabilities	5.7	1,323.0	8,989.0	· ,	10,192.6
Total shareholders' equity	3,535.4	3,188.9	4,727.2	(7,916.1)	3,535.4
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 3,541.1	\$ 4,511.9	\$ 13,716.2	\$ (8,041.2)	\$ 13,728.0

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ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in millions, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

As of December 31, 2015	Allied World Switzerland (Parent Guarantor)	Allied World Bermuda (Subsidiary Issuer)	Other Allied World Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Allied World Switzerland Consolidated
ASSETS:	.	A	• • • • • • •	.	• • • • • • •
Investments	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 8,571.2	\$ —	\$ 8,571.2
Cash and cash equivalents	21.8	1.0	585.2		608.0
Insurance balances receivable			745.9		745.9
Funds held			640.8	—	640.8
Reinsurance recoverable			1,480.0		1,480.0
Reinsurance recoverable on paid losses			96.4		96.4
Net deferred acquisition costs			165.2		165.2
Goodwill and intangible assets			504.7		504.7
Balances receivable on sale of investments			36.9		36.9
Investments in subsidiaries	3,347.0	4,396.3		(7,743.3)	
Due from subsidiaries	173.1	36.4	16.8	(226.3)	
Other assets	1.8	0.1	660.9		662.8
Total assets	\$ 3,543.7	\$ 4,433.8	\$13,504.0	\$ (7,969.6)	\$ 13,511.9
LIABILITIES:					
Reserve for losses and loss expenses	\$ —	\$ —	\$6,456.2	\$ —	\$ 6,456.2
Unearned premiums			1,683.3		1,683.3
Reinsurance balances payable			214.4		214.4
Balances due on purchases of investments			125.1		125.1
Senior notes		1,292.9			1,292.9
Other long-term debt			23.0		23.0
Due to subsidiaries	8.6	8.3	209.5	(226.4)	
Other liabilities	2.6	22.2	159.7		184.5
Total liabilities	11.2	1,323.4	8,871.2	(226.4)	9,979.4
Total shareholders' equity	3,532.5	3,110.4	4,632.8	· /	3,532.5
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 3,543.7	\$ 4,433.8	\$13,504.0		\$ 13,511.9

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ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in millions, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

Unaudited Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income:

Net premiums earned \$ - \$ - \$ 580.1 \$ - \$ 580.1 Net investment income - - 53.3 - 53.3 Other income - - 18.9 - 18.9 Other income - - 0.6 - 0.6 Net losses and loss expenses - - (372.4) - (372.4) Acquisition costs - - (88.3) - (88.3) - (88.3) General and administrative expenses 0.6 0.5 (97.5) - (96.4)) Amortization of intangible assets - - (1.1) - (1.1)) Interest expense - (19.4) (0.6) - (20.0)) Foreign exchange gain (loss) - - 3.0 - 3.0 - Income tax (expense) benefit (0.3) - (169.7) > \$71.1 \$77.2 VET INCOME (LOSS) \$72.2 \$77.0 \$95.8 \$(172.8) \$77.2 Allied World Subsidiaries	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016	Allied World Switzerland (Parent Guarantor)	Allied World Bermuda (Subsidiary Issuer)	Other Allied World Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Allied Wor Switzerland Consolidate	l
Net investment income — — 53.3 — 53.3 Net realized investment gains — — 18.9 — 18.9 Other income — — 0.6 — 0.6 Net losses and loss expenses — — (372.4)) — (372.4)) Acquisition costs — — (372.4)) — (372.4)) Acquisition costs — — (372.4)) — (372.4)) Acquisition costs — — (372.4)) — (372.4)) Conservation of intangible assets — — — (2.5)) — (2.5)) [1.1]) Income tax (expense) benefit (0.3) — (0.8)) — (1.1)) [1.1]) [1.1]) [1.1]) [1.1]) [1.1]) [1.1]) [1.1]) [1.1]) [1.1]) [1.1]) [1.1])	Net premiums earned	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 580.1	\$ —	\$ 580.1	
Other income 0.6 0.6 Net losses and loss expenses (372.4) (372.4) Acquisition costs (88.3) (88.3) General and administrative expenses 0.6 0.5 (97.5) (96.4) Other expense (1.1) (1.1) Amortization of intangible assets (2.5) (20.0) Interest expense 19.4 (0.6) (20.0) Foreign exchange gain (loss) (1.6) Foreign exchange benefit (0.3) (169.7) RET INCOME (LOSS) \$ 74.1 \$ 77.0 \$ 95.8 \$ (152.7) \$ 77.2 Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$ Witzerland (Parent Guarantor) Bermuda (Subsidiary Issuer) \$ Sites: \$ \$ 568.5 \$ \$ 568.5 Net investment income - - 44.6 44.6 Net	-			53.3		53.3	
Other income 0.6 0.6 Net losses and loss expenses (372.4) (372.4) Acquisition costs (88.3) (88.3) General and administrative expenses 0.6 0.5 (97.5) (96.4) Other expense (1.1) (1.1) Amortization of intangible assets (2.5) (20.0) Interest expense 19.4 (0.6) (20.0) Foreign exchange gain (loss) (1.6) Foreign exchange benefit (0.3) (169.7) RET INCOME (LOSS) \$ 74.1 \$ 77.0 \$ 95.8 \$ (152.7) \$ 77.2 Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$ Witzerland (Parent Guarantor) Bermuda (Subsidiary Issuer) \$ Sites: \$ \$ 568.5 \$ \$ 568.5 Net investment income - - 44.6 44.6 Net	Net realized investment gains			18.9		18.9	
Acquisition costs (88.3) (88.3) (88.3) (88.3) (88.3) (88.3) (88.3) (96.4) Other expense (1.1) <				0.6		0.6	
General and administrative expenses 0.6 0.5 (97.5) $$ (96.4) Other expense $$ (1.1) $$ (1.1) $$ (1.1) $$ Amortization of intangible assets $$ (2.5) $$ (2.5) $$ Interest expense $$ (19.4) (0.6) $$ (20.0) Foreign exchange gain (loss) $$ $$ 3.0 $$ 3.0 Income tax (expense) benefit (0.3) $$ (0.8) $$ (169.7) $-$ NET INCOME (LOSS) $\$$ $$74.1$ $$77.0$ $\$$ 92.7 $\$$ (169.7) $\$$ 74.1 Other comprehensive income 3.1 $$ 3.1 (3.1) 3.1 $-$ Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 $\$$ 77.2 $\$$ 77.0 $\$$ 568.5 $$ $\$$ 568.5 $$ $\$$ 568.5 $$ $\$$ 568.5 $$ $\$$ 568.5 $$ $\$$ 568.5 $$ $\$$	Net losses and loss expenses			(372.4)		(372.4)
General and administrative expenses 0.6 0.5 (97.5) $$ (96.4) Other expense $$ (1.1) $$ (1.1) $$ (1.1) $$ Amortization of intangible assets $$ (2.5) $$ (2.5) $$ Interest expense $$ (19.4) (0.6) $$ (20.0) Foreign exchange gain (loss) $$ $$ 3.0 $$ 3.0 Income tax (expense) benefit (0.3) $$ (0.8) $$ (169.7) $-$ NET INCOME (LOSS) $\$$ $$74.1$ $$77.0$ $\$$ 92.7 $\$$ (169.7) $\$$ 74.1 Other comprehensive income 3.1 $$ 3.1 (3.1) 3.1 $-$ Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 $\$$ 77.2 $\$$ 77.0 $\$$ 568.5 $$ $\$$ 568.5 $$ $\$$ 568.5 $$ $\$$ 568.5 $$ $\$$ 568.5 $$ $\$$ 568.5 $$ $\$$	Acquisition costs			(88.3)		(88.3)
Other expense (1.1) (1.1) (1.1) (2.5) (1.5) (1.5) (1.5) (1.5) (1.5) (1.5) (1.5) (1.5) (1.5) (1.5) (1.5) (1.5) (1.6) (1.6) (1.6) <td< td=""><td>-</td><td>0.6</td><td>0.5</td><td>(97.5)</td><td></td><td>(96.4</td><td>)</td></td<>	-	0.6	0.5	(97.5)		(96.4)
Amortization of intangible assets (2.5) (2.5)) Interest expense (19.4) (0.6) (20.0)) Foreign exchange gain (loss) 3.0 3.0 3.0 Income tax (expense) benefit (0.3) (0.8) (1.1)) Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries 73.8 95.9 (169.7) $\$$ 74.1 Other comprehensive income 3.1 3.1 (3.1) 3.1 $$ COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) $\$$ 77.2 $\$$ 77.0 $\$$ 95.8 $\$$ (172.8) $\$$ 77.2 Allied World Switzerland Bernuda (Subsidiary $Consolidation Consolidation Consolidation $	-			(1.1)		(1.1)
Interest expense (19.4) (0.6) (20.0) Foreign exchange gain (loss) 3.0 3.0 Income tax (expense) benefit (0.3) (0.8) (1.1) Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries 73.8 95.9 (169.7) $$ NET INCOME (LOSS) $\$$ 74.1 $\$$ 77.0 $\$$ 92.7 $\$$ (169.7) $\$$ 74.1 Other comprehensive income 3.1 3.1 (3.1) 3.1 COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) $\$$ 77.2 $\$$ 77.0 $\$$ 95.8 $\$$ (172.8) $\$$ 77.2 Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 Suizerland Bermuda Other Allied Other Allied $Vorld$ Δ	-			(2.5)		(2.5)
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	-		(19.4))
Income tax (expense) benefit (0.3) $ (0.8)$ $ (1.1)$ Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries 73.8 95.9 $ (169.7)$ $-$ NET INCOME (LOSS) $\$$ 74.1 $\$$ 77.0 $\$$ 92.7 $\$$ (169.7) $\$$ 74.1Other comprehensive income 3.1 $ 3.1$ (3.1) 3.1 COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) $\$$ 77.2 $\$$ 77.0 $\$$ 95.8 $\$$ (172.8) $\$$ 77.2Three Months Ended March 31, 2015Switzerland (Parent (Guarantor)Bermuda (Subsidiary Issuer)Other Allied World Subsidiaries $Consolidating$ AdjustmentsAllied World Switzerland ConsolidatedNet premiums earned $\$$ $ \$$ $\$$ 568.5 $\$$ $ \$$ 568.5Net investment income $ 44.6$ $ 44.6$ Net realized investment gains $ (325.2)$ $ (325.2)$ Acquisition costs $ (78.7)$ $ (78.7)$ $-$ General and administrative expenses (9.4) 0.2 (87.9) $ (1.8)$ Amortization of intangible assets $ (1.39)$ 0.5 $ (14.4)$ Foreign exchange gain (loss) $ (6.3)$ $ (9.9)$ $-$ Income tax (expense) benefit (0.6) $ (6.3)$ $ (9.9)$ Income tax (expense) benefit 0.26 $ (278.1)$ $-$ Interest expense $-$ <t< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>3.0</td><td></td><td>3.0</td><td></td></t<>	-			3.0		3.0	
Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries 73.8 95.9 — (169.7))—NET INCOME (LOSS)\$ 74.1\$ 77.0\$ 92.7\$ (169.7) \$ 74.1Other comprehensive income 3.1 — 3.1 (3.1) 3.1 COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)\$ 77.2\$ 77.0\$ 95.8\$ (172.8) \$ 77.2 Three Months Ended March 31, 2015Allied World Switzerland (Parent Guarantor)Allied World Switzerland (Subsidiary Issuer)Other Allied World SubsidiariesOther Allied Morld SubsidiariesAllied World Switzerland Consolidating AdjustmentsAllied World Switzerland Consolidation AdjustmentsNet premiums earned\$ -\$ -\$ 568.5\$ -\$ 568.5Net investment income44.6-44.6Net realized investment gains(325.2)-(325.2)Other stand Other income(325.2)-(325.2)Acquisition costs(13.9)0.2(87.9)-(18.8)Other expense(13.9)(0.5)-(14.4)Amortization of intangible assets(6.3)-(9.9)Interest expense(6.3)-(9.9)Interest expense(6.3)-(6.9)Interest expense(6.3)-(9.9)Interest expense(6.3)-(6.9)		(0.3)		(0.8)		(1.1)
NET INCOME (LOSS) \$ 74.1 \$ 77.0 \$ 92.7 \$ (169.7) \$ 74.1 Other comprehensive income 3.1 $ 3.1$ (3.1) 3.1 COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) \$ 77.2 \$ 77.0 \$ 95.8 \$ (172.8) \$ 77.2 Allied World Allied World Allied World Switzerland Bermuda Other Allied Missidiaries Allied World Allied World Switzerland Consolidating Allied World Switzerland Consolidating Allied World Switzerland Consolidating Allied World Switzerland Consolidating Switzerland Consolidating Switzerland Consolidating Switzerland Consolidating Switzerland Consolidation Switzerland Consolidation Switzerland Consolidation Switzerland Consolidation Consolidation Solidation Solidation <td></td> <td>73.8</td> <td>95.9</td> <td></td> <td>(169.7)</td> <td></td> <td>·</td>		73.8	95.9		(169.7)		·
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)\$ 77.2\$ 77.0\$ 95.8\$ (172.8)\$ 77.2Allied World SwitzerlandAllied World SwitzerlandAllied World Bermuda (Subsidiary Issuer)Other Allied World SubsidiaresOther Allied Allied World SubsidiaresAllied World Switzerland ConsolidatedNet premiums earned\$\$ 568.5\$\$ 568.5Net investment income44.644.6Net realized investment gains45.045.0Other income(325.2)(325.2)Acquisition costs(78.7)(78.7)General and administrative expenses(9.4)0.2(87.9)(97.1)Other expense(13.9)(0.5)(14.4)Foreign exchange gain (loss)(6.3)(9.9)Income tax (expense) benefit(0.6)(6.3)(6.9)Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries134.4143.7(278.1)\$ 124.4			\$ 77.0	\$ 92.7	\$ (169.7)	\$ 74.1	
Allied World Switzerland (Parent Guarantor)Allied World Switzerland (Subsidiary Issuer)Other Allied World SubsidiaresAllied World Switzerland ConsolidationAllied World Switzerland ConsolidatedNet premiums earned\$—\$—\$568.5\$—\$568.5Net investment income——44.6—44.6Net realized investment gains——45.0—45.0Other income——0.9—0.9Net losses and loss expenses——(78.7)—(78.7)General and administrative expenses(9.4)0.2(87.9)—(97.1)Other expense——(1.8)—(1.8)Amortization of intangible assets——(0.6)—(0.6)Interest expense——(13.9)(0.5)—(14.4)Foreign exchange gain (loss)——(6.3)—(6.9))Income tax (expense) benefit(0.6)—(6.3)—(6.9))NET INCOME (LOSS)\$ 124.4\$ 130.0\$ 148.1\$ (278.1)\$ 124.4	Other comprehensive income	3.1		3.1	(3.1)	3.1	
Three Months Ended March 31, 2015Switzerland (Parent Guarantor)Bermuda (Subsidiary Issuer)Other Alfred World SubsidiariesConsolidating AdjustmentsAffred World Switzerland ConsolidatedNet premiums earned\$\$\$ 568.5\$\$ 568.5Net investment income44.644.6Net realized investment gains45.045.0Other income0.90.9Net losses and loss expenses(325.2)(325.2)Acquisition costs(78.7)(78.7)General and administrative expenses(9.4)0.2(87.9)(97.1)Other expense(1.8)(1.8)Amortization of intangible assets(0.6)(1.4,4)Foreign exchange gain (loss)(6.3)(6.9)Income tax (expense) benefit(0.6)(6.3)(6.9)Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries134.4143.7(278.1)NET INCOME (LOSS)\$ 124.4\$ 130.0\$ 148.1\$ (278.1)\$ 124.4	COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 77.2	\$ 77.0	\$ 95.8	\$ (172.8)	\$ 77.2	
Three Months Ended March 31, 2015Switzerland (Parent Guarantor)Bermuda (Subsidiary Issuer)World SubsidiariesConsolidating AdjustmentsSwitzerland ConsolidatedNet premiums earned $\$ \$ \$ \$ 568.5$ $\$ \$ 568.5$ $\$ \$ 568.5$ Net investment income 44.6 - 44.6 Net realized investment gains 45.0 - 45.0 Other income 0.9 - 0.9 Net losses and loss expenses (325.2) - (325.2) Acquisition costs (78.7) - (78.7) General and administrative expenses (9.4) 0.2 (87.9) - (97.1) Other expense (1.8) - (1.4) Amortization of intangible assets (0.6) - (0.6) Interest expense (9.9) - (9.9) Income tax (expense) benefit (0.6) - (6.3) - (6.9) Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries 134.4 143.7 - (278.1) 124.4		Allied Worl	d Allied Wo	rld Other All	• •		
(Parent Guarantor)(Subsidiary Issuer)SubsidiariesAdjustments ConsolidatedNet premiums earned $\$$ — $\$$ — $\$$ 568.5 $\$$ — $\$$ 568.5Net investment income——44.6—44.6Net realized investment gains——45.0—45.0Other income——0.9—0.9Net losses and loss expenses——(325.2)—(325.2)Acquisition costs——(78.7)—(78.7)General and administrative expenses(9.4)0.2(87.9)—(97.1)Other expense——(1.8)—(1.8)Amortization of intangible assets——(0.6)—(0.6)Interest expense——(13.9)(0.5)—(14.4)Foreign exchange gain (loss)——(6.3)—(6.9)Income tax (expense) benefit(0.6)—(6.3)—(6.9)Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries134.4143.7—(278.1) $\$$ 124.4							Zauld.
Net premiums earned \$ - \$ - \$ 568.5 \$ - \$ 568.5 Net investment income - - 44.6 - 44.6 Net realized investment gains - - 45.0 - 45.0 Other income - - 0.9 - 0.9 Net losses and loss expenses - - (325.2) - (325.2) Acquisition costs - - (78.7) - (78.7)) General and administrative expenses (9.4) 0.2 (87.9) - (97.1)) Other expense - - (0.6) - (0.6)) . (1.8)) .) . Interest expense - - (0.6) - (0.6)) .	Three Months Ended Moreh 21, 2015	Switzerland	Bermuda		Consolidat	ino	
Net investment income44.6-44.6Net realized investment gains45.0-45.0Other income0.9-0.9Net losses and loss expenses (325.2) - (325.2) Acquisition costs (78.7) - (78.7) General and administrative expenses (9.4) 0.2 (87.9) - (97.1) Other expense (1.8) - (1.8) Amortization of intangible assets (0.6) - (0.6) Interest expense (13.9) (0.5) - (14.4) Foreign exchange gain (loss) (6.3) - (6.9) Income tax (expense) benefit (0.6) - (6.3) - (6.9) Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries 134.4 143.7 - (278.1) $)$ NET INCOME (LOSS)\$ 124.4\$ 130.0\$ 148.1\$ (278.1)\$ 124.4	Three Months Ended March 31, 2015			World	Adjustmen	switzerl	and
Net realized investment gains 45.0 45.0 Other income 0.9 0.9 Net losses and loss expenses (325.2) (325.2) Acquisition costs (78.7) (78.7) General and administrative expenses (9.4) 0.2 (87.9) (97.1) Other expense (1.8) (1.8) Amortization of intangible assets (0.6) Interest expense (13.9) (0.5) (14.4) Foreign exchange gain (loss) (6.3) (6.9) Income tax (expense) benefit (0.6) (6.3) (6.9) Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries 134.4 143.7 (278.1) $)$ $$124.4$	Three Months Ended March 31, 2015	(Parent	(Subsidiar	World	Adjustmen	switzerl	and
Other income0.9-0.9Net losses and loss expenses(325.2)-(325.2)Acquisition costs(78.7)-(78.7)General and administrative expenses(9.4)0.2(87.9)-(97.1)Other expense(1.8)-(1.8)Amortization of intangible assets(0.6)-(0.6)Interest expense-(13.9)(0.5)-(14.4)Foreign exchange gain (loss)(6.3)-(6.9)Income tax (expense) benefit(0.6)-(6.3)-(6.9)Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries134.4143.7-(278.1))* 124.4		(Parent Guarantor)	(Subsidiar) Issuer)	World ^y Subsidiar	Adjustmen	ting tts Switzerl Consolie	and
Net losses and loss expenses (325.2) (325.2) Acquisition costs (78.7) (78.7) General and administrative expenses (9.4) 0.2 (87.9) (97.1) Other expense (1.8) (1.8) Amortization of intangible assets (0.6) (0.6) Interest expense (13.9) (0.5) (14.4) Foreign exchange gain (loss) (9.9) (9.9) Income tax (expense) benefit (0.6) (6.3) (6.9) Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries 134.4 143.7 (278.1) $)$ NET INCOME (LOSS) $$124.4$ $$130.0$ $$148.1$ $$(278.1)$ $$124.4$	Net premiums earned	(Parent Guarantor)	(Subsidiar) Issuer)	World Subsidian \$ 568.5	Adjustmen	Switzerl Consolid \$ 568.5	and
Acquisition costs $ (78.7)$ $ (78.7)$ General and administrative expenses (9.4) 0.2 (87.9) $ (97.1)$ Other expense $ (1.8)$ $ (1.8)$ Amortization of intangible assets $ (0.6)$ $-$ Interest expense $ (13.9)$ (0.5) $ (14.4)$ Foreign exchange gain (loss) $ (9.9)$ $ (9.9)$ Income tax (expense) benefit (0.6) $ (6.3)$ $ (6.9)$ Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries 134.4 143.7 $ (278.1)$ $)$ NET INCOME (LOSS) $\$$ $\$$ 124.4 $\$$ $\$$ 130.0 $\$$ $\$$ $\$$	Net premiums earned Net investment income	(Parent Guarantor)	(Subsidiar) Issuer)	World Subsidian \$ 568.5 44.6	Adjustmen	Switzerl Consolid \$ 568.5 44.6	and
General and administrative expenses (9.4) 0.2 (87.9) $ (97.1)$ Other expense $ (1.8)$ $ (1.8)$ Amortization of intangible assets $ (0.6)$ $-$ Interest expense $ (13.9)$ (0.5) $ (14.4)$ Foreign exchange gain (loss) $ (9.9)$ $ (9.9)$ Income tax (expense) benefit (0.6) $ (6.3)$ $ (6.9)$ Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries 134.4 143.7 $ (278.1)$ $)$ NET INCOME (LOSS) $$124.4$ $$130.0$ $$148.1$ $$(278.1)$ $$124.4$	Net premiums earned Net investment income Net realized investment gains	(Parent Guarantor)	(Subsidiar) Issuer)	World Subsidian \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0	Adjustmen	Switzerl Consolid \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0	and
Other expense (1.8) - (1.8) Amortization of intangible assets (0.6) - (0.6) Interest expense- (13.9) (0.5) - (14.4) Foreign exchange gain (loss) (9.9) - (9.9) Income tax (expense) benefit (0.6) - (6.3) - (6.9) Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries 134.4 143.7 - (278.1) -NET INCOME (LOSS)\$ 124.4\$ 130.0\$ 148.1\$ (278.1)\$ 124.4	Net premiums earned Net investment income Net realized investment gains Other income	(Parent Guarantor)	(Subsidiar) Issuer)	World Subsidiar \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9	Adjustmen	ting Switzerl Consolid \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9	and
Amortization of intangible assets——(0.6)—(0.6)Interest expense—(13.9)(0.5)—(14.4)Foreign exchange gain (loss)——(9.9)—(9.9)Income tax (expense) benefit(0.6)—(6.3)—(6.9)Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries134.4143.7—(278.1)—NET INCOME (LOSS)\$ 124.4\$ 130.0\$ 148.1\$ (278.1)\$ 124.4	Net premiums earned Net investment income Net realized investment gains Other income Net losses and loss expenses	(Parent Guarantor)	(Subsidiar) Issuer)	World Subsidian \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9 (325.2	Adjustmen	Switzerl Consolid \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9 (325.2	and
Interest expense— (13.9) (0.5) $)$ — (14.4) Foreign exchange gain (loss)—— (9.9) $)$ — (9.9) $)$ Income tax (expense) benefit (0.6) $)$ — (6.3) $)$ — (6.9) $)$ Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries 134.4 143.7 — (278.1) $)$ —NET INCOME (LOSS)\$ 124.4\$ 130.0\$ 148.1\$ (278.1)\$ 124.4	Net premiums earned Net investment income Net realized investment gains Other income Net losses and loss expenses Acquisition costs	(Parent Guarantor) \$ 	(Subsidiar) Issuer) \$ — — — — — —	World Subsidian \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9 (325.2 (78.7	Adjustmen	Switzerl Consolid \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9 (325.2 (78.7	and
Foreign exchange gain (loss)——(9.9))—(9.9))Income tax (expense) benefit (0.6))— (6.3))— (6.9))Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries134.4143.7— (278.1))—NET INCOME (LOSS)\$ 124.4\$ 130.0\$ 148.1\$ (278.1))\$ 124.4	Net premiums earned Net investment income Net realized investment gains Other income Net losses and loss expenses Acquisition costs General and administrative expenses	(Parent Guarantor) \$ 	(Subsidiar) Issuer) \$ — — — — — —	 World Subsidiar \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9 (325.2 (78.7) (87.9) 	Adjustmen	Switzerl Consolid \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9 (325.2 (78.7 (97.1	and
Income tax (expense) benefit (0.6) $ (6.3)$ $ (6.9)$)Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries134.4143.7 $ (278.1)$ $-$ NET INCOME (LOSS)\$ 124.4\$ 130.0\$ 148.1\$ (278.1)\$ 124.4	Net premiums earned Net investment income Net realized investment gains Other income Net losses and loss expenses Acquisition costs General and administrative expenses Other expense	(Parent Guarantor) \$ 	(Subsidiar) Issuer) \$ — — — — — —	World Subsidian \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9 (325.2 (78.7 (87.9 (1.8	Adjustmen	Switzerl Consolid \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9 (325.2 (78.7 (97.1 (1.8	and
Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries 134.4 143.7 — (278.1)) NET INCOME (LOSS) \$ 124.4 \$ 130.0 \$ 148.1 \$ (278.1)) \$ 124.4	Net premiums earned Net investment income Net realized investment gains Other income Net losses and loss expenses Acquisition costs General and administrative expenses Other expense Amortization of intangible assets Interest expense	(Parent Guarantor) \$ 	(Subsidiar) Issuer) \$ 0 0.2 	World Subsidian \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9 (325.2 (78.7 (87.9 (1.8 (0.6)	Adjustmen	Switzerl Consolid \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9 (325.2 (78.7 (97.1) (1.8 (0.6	and
NET INCOME (LOSS) \$ 124.4 \$ 130.0 \$ 148.1 \$ (278.1) \$ 124.4	Net premiums earned Net investment income Net realized investment gains Other income Net losses and loss expenses Acquisition costs General and administrative expenses Other expense Amortization of intangible assets Interest expense	(Parent Guarantor) \$ 	(Subsidiar) Issuer) \$ 0 0.2 	World Subsidian \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9 (325.2 (78.7 (87.9 (1.8 (0.6) (0.5	Adjustmen	Switzerl Consolid \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9 (325.2 (78.7 (97.1) (1.8 (0.6 (14.4)	and
	Net premiums earned Net investment income Net realized investment gains Other income Net losses and loss expenses Acquisition costs General and administrative expenses Other expense Amortization of intangible assets Interest expense Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(Parent Guarantor) \$ (9.4 	(Subsidiar) Issuer) \$ 0 0.2 	 World Subsidian \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9 (325.2 (78.7 (87.9) (1.8) (0.6) (0.5) (9.9) 	Consolidat Adjustmen \$ -	Switzerl Consolid \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9 (325.2 (78.7 (97.1) (1.8 (0.6 (14.4 (9.9)	and
Other comprehensive income — — — — — — — —	Net premiums earned Net investment income Net realized investment gains Other income Net losses and loss expenses Acquisition costs General and administrative expenses Other expense Amortization of intangible assets Interest expense Foreign exchange gain (loss) Income tax (expense) benefit	(Parent Guarantor) \$ (9.4 (9.4 (0.6	(Subsidiar) Issuer) \$ 0 0.2 (13.9)	 World Subsidian \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9 (325.2 (78.7 (87.9) (1.8) (0.6) (0.5) (9.9) 	Consolidat Adjustmen \$ -	Switzerl Consolid \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9 (325.2 (78.7 (97.1) (1.8 (0.6 (14.4 (9.9) (6.9) —	and
1	Net premiums earned Net investment income Net realized investment gains Other income Net losses and loss expenses Acquisition costs General and administrative expenses Other expense Amortization of intangible assets Interest expense Foreign exchange gain (loss) Income tax (expense) benefit Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries NET INCOME (LOSS)	(Parent Guarantor) \$ (9.4 (0.6 134.4	(Subsidiar) Issuer) \$ 0 0.2 (13.9 143.7	 World Subsidian \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9 (325.2 (78.7 (87.9 (1.8 (0.6) (0.5 (9.9 (6.3 — 	Consolidat Adjustmen \$)))))))))))))))) (278.1	Switzerl Consolid \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9 (325.2 (78.7 (97.1) (1.8 (0.6 (14.4 (9.9) (6.9) —	and
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) \$ 124.4 \$ 130.0 \$ 148.1 \$ (278.1) \$ 124.4	Net premiums earned Net investment income Net realized investment gains Other income Net losses and loss expenses Acquisition costs General and administrative expenses Other expense Amortization of intangible assets Interest expense Foreign exchange gain (loss) Income tax (expense) benefit Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries NET INCOME (LOSS) Other comprehensive income	(Parent Guarantor) \$ (9.4 (0.6 134.4 \$ 124.4 	(Subsidiar) Issuer) \$ (13.9 (13.9 143.7 \$ 130.0 	y World Subsidian \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9 (325.2 (78.7 (87.9) (1.8 (0.6)) (0.5 (9.9) (6.3 	Consolidat Adjustmen \$ -	Switzerl Consolid \$ 568.5 44.6 45.0 0.9 (325.2 (78.7 (97.1) (1.8 (0.6 (14.4 (9.9) (6.9)) —) \$ 124.4 —	and

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ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in millions, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

Unaudited Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016	Allied Wo Switzerlar (Parent Guarantor	orlaAllied Wor ad Bermuda (Subsidiary) Issuer)	World	Adjustment	•	
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN)	\$ 69.7	\$ 78.9	\$ 377.4	\$ (176.7)	\$ 349.3	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	φ 0).(ф <i>10</i> .9	φ 57711	φ(17077)	φ υ 1910	
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN)						
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Purchases of trading securities			(1,530.0) —	(1,530.0)
Purchases of other invested assets			(8.1) —	(8.1)
Sales of trading securities			1,414.6		1,414.6	
Sales of other invested assets			38.7		38.7	
Other			(27.4) —	(27.4)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities			(112.2) —	(112.2)
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN)						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Dividends paid	(23.4) —			(23.4)
Intercompany dividends paid		(78.5)	(98.2) 176.7		
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options	0.4				0.4	
Repayment of other long-term debt	_	_	(0.1) —	(0.1)
Share repurchases	(50.0) —			(50.0)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(73.0	(78.5)	(98.3) 176.7	(73.1	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH	ц <i>тэ</i> .о у	. ,) 170.7)
EQUIVALENTS	(3.3) 0.4	166.9		164.0	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	21.8	1.0	585.2	_	608.0	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 18.5	\$ 1.4	\$ 752.1	\$ —	\$ 772.0	

ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in millions, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015		rl a llied Wor d Bermuda (Subsidiary) Issuer)	Other All World	Adjustment	C	
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN)	\$ 71.6	\$ 80.4	\$ 339.7	\$ (179.0)	\$ 312.7	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Purchases of trading securities			(1,723.4) —	(1,723.4)
Purchases of other invested assets			(233.3) —	(233.3)
Sales of trading securities			1,561.9		1,561.9	,
Sales of other invested assets	_		56.5		56.5	
Other			19.1		19.1	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities			(319.2) —	(319.2)
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN)						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Dividends paid	(21.7)				(21.7)
Intercompany dividends paid		(80.0)	(99.0) 179.0		
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options	4.2				4.2	
Share repurchases	(50.3)				(50.3)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(67.8)	(80.0)	(99.0) 179.0	(67.8)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CAS	H ₃₈	0.4	(78.5) —	(74.3)
EQUIVALENTS	5.0	0.4	(70.5) —	(74.5)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	32.6	1.7	555.0		589.3	
OF PERIOD	52.0	1.7	000.0		507.5	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF	\$ 36.4	\$ 2.1	\$ 476.5	\$ —	\$ 515.0	
PERIOD						

Notes to Parent Company Condensed Financial Information

a) Dividends

Allied World Switzerland received cash dividends from its subsidiaries of \$78.5 million and \$80.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Such dividends are included in "cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities" in the unaudited condensed consolidating cash flows.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q. References in this Form 10-Q to the terms "we," "us," "our," the "Company" or other similar terms mean the consolidated operations of Allied World Assurance Company Holdings, AG, a Swiss holding company, and our consolidated subsidiaries, unless the context requires otherwise. References to the terms "Allied World Switzerland" or "Holdings" mean only Allied World Assurance Company Holdings, AG. References to "Allied World Bermuda" mean only Allied World Assurance Company Holdings, Ltd, a Bermuda holding company. References to "our insurance subsidiaries" may include our reinsurance subsidiaries. References to "\$" are to the lawful currency of the United States and to "CHF" are to the lawful currency of Switzerland. References to Holdings' "common shares" mean its registered voting shares.

Note on Forward-Looking Statement

This Form 10-Q and other publicly available documents may include, and our officers and representatives may from time to time make, projections concerning financial information and statements concerning future economic performance and events, plans and objectives relating to management, operations, products and services, and assumptions underlying these projections and statements. These projections and statements are forward-looking statements within the meaning of The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and are not historical facts but instead represent only our belief regarding future events, many of which, by their nature, are inherently uncertain and outside our control. These projections and statements may address, among other things, our strategy for growth, product development, financial results and reserves. Actual results and financial condition may differ, possibly materially, from these projections and statements and therefore you should not place undue reliance on them. Factors that could cause our actual results to differ, possibly materially, from those in the specific projections and statements are discussed throughout this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and in "Risk Factors" in Item 1A. of Part I of our 2015 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on February 22, 2016 (the "2015 Form 10-K"). We are under no obligation (and expressly disclaim any such obligation) to update or revise any forward-looking statement that may be made from time to time, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

Overview

Our Business

We are a Swiss-based global provider of a diversified portfolio of property and casualty insurance and reinsurance products with operations in Australia, Bermuda, Canada, Europe, Hong Kong, Labuan, Singapore, and the United States as well as our Lloyd's Syndicate 2232. We manage our business through three operating segments: North American Insurance, Global Markets Insurance and Reinsurance. As of March 31, 2016, we had approximately \$13.7 billion of total assets, \$3.5 billion of total shareholders' equity and \$4.9 billion of total capital, which includes shareholders' equity, senior notes and other long-term debt. Total capital includes our \$500 million senior notes that we issued in October 2015, the proceeds of which we intend to use to refinance our \$500 million senior notes due to mature in August 2016.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, the property and casualty insurance and reinsurance industry continued to experience challenging market conditions due to continued heavy competition and the continued low investment return environment. Despite these market conditions, we selectively expanded our operations but also did not renew business or write new accounts that did not meet our underwriting standards. For the quarter, we now included our first full year of results from the Hong Kong and Singapore operations acquired from RSA, which drove

the growth in our Global Markets Insurance segment. Our North American Insurance segment experienced an overall rate reduction in the current period driven largely by rate decreases in our property line of business. For our Reinsurance segment, we continued to experience unfavorable market conditions in terms of pricing, and terms and conditions, and either did not renew or decreased line sizes on certain treaties in response to these market conditions. As a result, our consolidated gross premiums written decreased by \$17.1 million, or 1.9%, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015. Overall, our combined ratio is higher by 7.9 percentage points, driven primarily by lower net favorable prior year reserve development.

Our net income decreased by \$50.3 million to \$74.1 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015. The decrease was primarily due to the lower underwriting income reported by each of our operating segments and lower total investment return.

Financial Highlights

	Three Months Ended March 31,			led
	2016 2015			
	(\$ in n	nilli	ions exce	ept
	share,	per	share an	nd
	percen	tag	e data)	
Gross premiums written	\$863.5	5	\$880.6	
Net income	74.1		124.4	
Operating income	59.0		91.7	
Basic earnings per share:				
Net income	\$0.82		\$1.30	
Operating income	\$0.66		\$0.96	
Diluted earnings per share:				
Net income	\$0.81		\$1.27	
Operating income	\$0.65		\$0.93	
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	90,254	.,51	295,935,	551
Diluted	91,559	,22	2 9 7,577,	029
Basic book value per common share	\$39.35	5	\$40.12	
Diluted book value per common share	\$38.13	3	\$ 38.99	
Annualized return on average equity (ROAE), net income	8.4	%	13.1	%
Annualized ROAE, operating income	6.7	%	9.6	%

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In presenting the Company's results, management has included and discussed certain non-GAAP financial measures, as such term is defined in Item 10(e) of Regulation S-K promulgated by the SEC. Management believes that these non-GAAP measures, which may be defined differently by other companies, better explain the Company's results of operations in a manner that allows for a more complete understanding of the underlying trends in the Company's business. However, these measures should not be viewed as a substitute for those determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP").

Operating income and operating income per share

Operating income is an internal performance measure used in the management of our operations and represents after-tax operational results excluding, as applicable, net realized investment gains or losses, net foreign exchange gain or loss, and other non-recurring items. We exclude net realized investment gains or losses, net foreign exchange gain or loss and any other non-recurring items from our calculation of operating income because these amounts are heavily influenced by and fluctuate in part according to the availability of market opportunities and other factors. In addition to presenting net income determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP, we believe that showing operating income enables investors, analysts, rating agencies and other users of our financial information to more easily analyze our results of operations and our underlying business performance. Operating income should not be viewed as a substitute for U.S. GAAP net income.

The following is a reconciliation of operating income to its most closely related U.S. GAAP measure, net income.

	Thre	ee Months Endeo	1			
	Ma	rch 31,				
	2010	5		2015	5	
	(\$ in	n millions, excep	t share,	per s	hare and percentage	data)
Net income	\$	74.1		\$	124.4	
Add after tax effect of:						
Net realized investment gains	(12.	1)	(42.0	6)
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	(3.0)	9.9		
Operating income	\$	59.0		\$	91.7	
Basic per share data:						
Net income	\$	0.82		\$	1.30	
Add after tax effect of:						
Net realized investment gains	(0.1	3)	(0.44	4)
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	(0.0)	3)	0.10)	
Operating income	\$	0.66		\$	0.96	
Diluted per share data:						
Net income	\$	0.81		\$	1.27	
Add after tax effect of:						
Net realized investment gains	(0.1	3)	(0.44	4)
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	(0.0)	3)	0.10)	
Operating income	\$	0.65		\$	0.93	

Diluted book value per share

We have included diluted book value per share because it takes into account the effect of dilutive securities; therefore, we believe it is an important measure of calculating shareholder returns.

we believe it is an important measure of eareananing sharenon	aer retarms	•
	As of Mar	rch 31,
	2016	2015
	(\$ in milli	ons, except
	share and	
	per share	data)
Price per share at period end	\$34.94	\$40.40
Total shareholders' equity	\$3,535.4	\$3,829.1
Basic common shares outstanding	89,840,44	895,444,669
Add:		
Unvested restricted stock units	1,243,533	843,607
Performance-based equity awards	595,572	596,224
Employee share purchase plan	38,885	30,504
Dilutive stock options outstanding	1,947,836	2,212,247
Weighted average exercise price per share	\$16.88	\$16.73
Deduct:		
Options bought back via treasury method	(941,259)	(916,111)
Common shares and common share equivalents outstanding	92,725,01	598,211,140
Basic book value per common share	\$39.35	\$40.12
Diluted book value per common share	\$38.13	\$ 38.99

Annualized return on average equity

Annualized return on average shareholders' equity ("ROAE") is calculated using average shareholders' equity, excluding the average after tax unrealized gains or losses on investments or currency translation adjustments recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income or loss. We present ROAE as a measure that is commonly recognized as a standard of performance by investors, analysts, rating agencies and other users of our financial information.

Annualized operating return on average shareholders' equity is calculated using operating income and average shareholders' equity, adjusted for accumulated other comprehensive income or loss.

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	2016	2015			
	(\$ in millio	ons except			
	percentage	e data)			
Opening shareholders' equity	\$3,532.5	\$3,778.3			
Add: accumulated other comprehensive loss	9.3				
Adjusted opening shareholders' equity	\$3,541.8	\$3,778.3			
Closing shareholders' equity	\$3,535.4	\$3,829.1			
Add: accumulated other comprehensive loss	6.2				
Adjusted closing shareholders' equity	\$3,541.6	\$3,829.1			
Average shareholders' equity	\$3,541.7	\$3,803.7			
Net income available to shareholders	\$74.1	\$124.4			
Annualized return on average shareholders' equity net income available to shareholders	8.4 %	6 13.1 %			
Operating income available to shareholders	\$59.0	\$91.7			
Annualized return on average shareholders' equity operating income available to shareholders	6.7 %	6 9.6 %			

Relevant Factors

Revenues

We derive our revenues primarily from premiums on our insurance policies and reinsurance contracts, net of any reinsurance or retrocessional coverage purchased. Insurance and reinsurance premiums are a function of the amounts and types of policies and contracts we write, as well as prevailing market prices. Our prices are determined before our ultimate costs, which may extend far into the future, are known. In addition, our revenues include income generated from our investment portfolio, consisting of net investment income and net realized investment gains or losses, and other income related to our non-insurance operations. Investment income is principally derived from interest and dividends earned on investments, as well as distributed and undistributed income from equity method investments, partially offset by investment management expenses and fees paid to our custodian bank. Net realized investment gains or losses from the sale of investments, as well as the change in the fair value of investments that we mark-to-market through net income. Other income currently includes revenue from our third-party claims administration services.

Expenses

Our expenses consist largely of net losses and loss expenses, acquisition costs and general and administrative expenses. Net losses and loss expenses incurred are comprised of three main components:

losses paid, which are actual cash payments to insureds and reinsureds, net of recoveries from reinsurers; outstanding loss or case reserves, which represent management's best estimate of the likely settlement amount for known claims, less the portion that can be recovered from reinsurers; and

reserves for losses incurred but not reported, or "IBNR", which are reserves (in addition to case reserves) established by us that we believe are needed for the future settlement of claims. The portion recoverable from reinsurers is deducted from the gross estimated loss.

Acquisition costs are comprised of commissions, brokerage fees, insurance taxes and other acquisition-related costs such as profit commissions and amortization of insurance-related intangible assets, and are reduced for ceding commission income received on our ceded reinsurance. Commissions and brokerage fees are usually calculated as a percentage of premiums and depend on the market and line of business. Acquisition costs are reported after (1) deducting commissions received on ceded reinsurance, (2) deducting the part of deferred acquisition costs relating to the successful acquisition of new and renewal insurance and reinsurance contracts and (3) including the amortization of previously deferred acquisition costs.

General and administrative expenses include personnel expenses, including stock-based compensation expense, rent expense, professional fees, information technology costs and other general operating expenses.

Ratios

We measure segment profit or loss as underwriting income or loss plus other insurance-related income and expenses, which may include the net earnings from our third-party claims administration services and other income or expense that is not directly related to our underwriting operations. We also measure the results for each segment on the basis of the "loss and loss expense ratio," "acquisition cost ratio," "general and administrative expense ratio," "expense ratio" and the "combined ratio." Because we do not manage our assets by segment, investment income, interest expense and total assets are not allocated to individual reportable segments. General and administrative expenses are allocated to segments based on various factors, including expenses directly attributable to individual segments, staff count and each segment's proportional share of gross premiums written. The loss and loss expense ratio is derived by dividing acquisition costs by net premiums earned. The acquisition cost ratio is derived by dividing general and administrative expenses by net premiums earned. The expense ratio is derived by dividing general and administrative expenses by net premiums earned. The expense ratio is derived by dividing general and administrative expenses by net premiums earned. The expense ratio is derived by dividing general and administrative expenses by net premiums earned. The expense ratio is derived by dividing general and administrative expense ratio is derived by dividing general and administrative expense ratio is the sum of the acquisition cost ratio and the general and administrative expense ratio and the general and administrative expense ratio and the general and administrative expense ratio.

Critical Accounting Policies

It is important to understand our accounting policies in order to understand our financial position and results of operations. Our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect determinations that are inherently subjective in nature and require management to make assumptions and best estimates to determine the reported values. If events or other factors cause actual results to differ materially from management's underlying assumptions or estimates, there could be a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations. We believe that some of the more critical judgments in the areas of accounting estimates and assumptions that affect our financial condition and results of operations are related to reserves for losses and loss expenses, reinsurance recoverables, premiums and acquisition costs, valuation of financial instruments and goodwill and other intangible asset impairment valuation. For a detailed discussion of our critical accounting policies, please refer to our 2015 Form 10-K. There were no material changes in the application of our critical accounting estimates subsequent to that report.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth our selected consolidated statement of operations data for each of the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2016	2015	
	(\$ in milli	ions)	
Revenues			
Gross premiums written	\$863.5	\$880.6	
Net premiums written	\$704.0	\$772.5	
Net premiums earned	\$580.1	\$568.5	
Net investment income	53.3	44.6	
Net realized investment gains	18.9	45.0	
Other income	0.6	0.9	
	\$652.9	\$659.0	
Expenses			
Net losses and loss expenses	\$372.4	\$325.2	
Acquisition costs	88.3	78.7	
General and administrative expenses	96.4	97.1	
Other expense	1.1	1.8	
Amortization of intangible assets	2.5	0.6	
Interest expense	20.0	14.4	
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	(3.0)	9.9	
	\$577.7	\$527.7	
Income before income taxes	75.2	131.3	
Income tax expense	1.1	6.9	
Net income	\$74.1	\$124.4	
Ratios			
Loss and loss expense ratio	64.2 %	57.2 %	
Acquisition cost ratio	15.2 %	13.8 %	
General and administrative expense ratio	16.6 %	17.1 %	
Expense ratio	31.8 %	30.9 %	
Combined ratio	96.0 %	88.1 %	

Comparison of Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

Premiums

Gross premiums written decreased by \$17.1 million, or 1.9%, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015. The overall decrease in gross premiums written was primarily the result of the following:

North American Insurance: Gross premiums written decreased by \$1.6 million, or 0.4%. The decrease in gross premiums written was primarily the result of lower premiums in our casualty line of business due to lower non-recurring premiums in the current period compared to the prior period. These reductions were partially offset by new business, in particular in our other specialty lines of business, and increased premiums from our programs line of business, driven primarily by the growth in existing programs;

Global Markets Insurance: Gross premiums written increased by \$54.9 million, or 90.6%. The increase was primarily due to gross premiums written of \$59.8 million from the acquired Asian operations, partially offset by non-renewal of business in our European operations and the impact of foreign currency movements in the current period; and

Reinsurance: Gross premiums written decreased by \$70.5 million, or 16.0%. The decrease was primarily due to non-renewals of certain treaties across all lines of business, due either to poor terms and conditions or cedents retaining more of their own business, and lower premiums on renewed treaties. As it relates to lower premiums on renewed treaties, the main driver for the decrease in property reinsurance gross premiums written was a reduction in our participation on the collateralized property catastrophe reinsurance program through Aeolus Re Ltd. ("Aeolus Re"). These reductions were partially offset by new business written.

The table below illustrates our gross premiums written by underwriter location for each of the periods indicated.

	Three N	<i>Ionths</i>			
	Ended		Dollar	Percen	tage
	March	31,	Change	Chang	e
	2016	2015			
	(\$ in				
	millions	5)			
United States	\$524.0	\$536.6	\$(12.6)	(2.3)%
Bermuda	144.2	196.6	(52.4)	(26.7)%
Asia Pacific	102.2	40.1	62.1	154.9	%
Europe	88.9	104.0	(15.1)	(14.5)%
Canada	4.2	3.3	0.9	27.3	%
	\$863.5	\$880.6	(17.1)	(1.9)%

Net premiums written decreased by \$68.5 million, or 8.9%, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015. The decrease in net premiums written was due to lower net premiums written in our North American Insurance and Reinsurance segments, partially offset by the growth in net premiums written in our Global Markets Insurance segment. The difference between gross and net premiums written is the cost to us of purchasing reinsurance coverage, including the cost of property catastrophe reinsurance coverage. We ceded 18.5% of gross premiums written for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to 12.3% for the same period in 2015. The increase was primarily due to the increased cessions in our North American Insurance and Reinsurance segments.

Net premiums earned increased by \$11.6 million, or 2.0%, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015. The increase in net premiums earned was primarily due to higher premiums earned in our Global Markets Insurance segment, partially offset by lower premiums earned in our Reinsurance segment.

We evaluate our business by segment, distinguishing between North American Insurance, Global Markets Insurance and Reinsurance. The following table illustrates the mix of our business on both a gross premiums written and net premiums earned basis.

	Gross Premiums Written				Net Premiums Earned				
	Three N	/Iontl	hs Endec	1	Three Months Ended				
	March 31,			March 31,					
	2016		2015		2016		2015		
North American Insurance	43.9	%	43.2	%	54.6	%	55.1	%	
Global Markets Insurance	13.4	%	6.9	%	16.2	%	8.8	%	
Reinsurance	42.7	%	49.9	%	29.2	%	36.1	%	
Total	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%	

Gross premiums written by our Reinsurance segment typically accounts for the largest portion of gross premiums written during the first quarter of a calendar year as many reinsurance contracts have January 1st renewal dates.

Net Investment Income

Net investment income increased by \$8.7 million, or 19.5%, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015. The increase was primarily due to increased income from our fixed maturity investments driven by a larger average fixed maturity portfolio in the current period compared to the prior period, and an increase in the income from our equity method investments. The annualized period book yield of the investment portfolio for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 was 2.3% and 2.1%, respectively.

As of March 31, 2016, approximately 90.7% of our fixed income investments consisted of investment grade securities. As of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the average credit rating of our fixed income portfolio was AA- and A+, respectively, as rated by Standard & Poor's.

Three Months

Realized Investment Gains

Net realized investment gains were comprised of the following:

	Three I	Months	
	Ended		
	March	31,	
	2016	2015	
	(\$ in m	illions)	
Net realized (losses) gains on sale:			
Fixed maturity investments, trading	\$2.8	\$5.4	
Equity securities, trading	6.2	14.5	
Other invested assets: hedge funds and private equity, trading	3.1	12.3	
Derivatives	(20.3)	(10.2)	
Total net realized (losses) gains on sale	(8.2)	22.0	
Mark-to-market gains (losses):			
Fixed maturity investments, trading	62.3	25.6	
Equity securities, trading	(15.1)	5.4	
Other invested assets: hedge funds and private equity, trading	(17.5)	(6.6)	
Derivatives	(2.6)	(1.4)	
Total mark-to-market gains	27.1	23.0	
Net realized investment gains	\$18.9	\$45.0	

The total return of our investment portfolio was 0.8% and 1.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The decrease in total return was primarily due to lower realized gains on equity securities and higher realized losses from our derivatives, partially offset by higher mark-to-market gains on our fixed maturity investments and the overall increase in net investment income. The mark-to-market gains on our fixed maturity investments were due to lower interest rates during the current period. The realized loss on derivatives was the result of selling interest rate future and swap contracts to reduce the duration of the investment portfolio. Given the decrease in interest rates, we recorded a loss related to these interest rate future and swap contracts.

Other Income

Other income represents the revenue of our third-party claims administration services operation included in our North American Insurance segment. The decrease in other income was due to lower claims adjuster fees in the current period compared to the prior period.

Net Losses and Loss Expenses

Net losses and loss expenses increased by \$47.2 million, or 14.5%, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015. The following is a breakdown of the loss and loss expense ratio for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015:

	March 31, 2016		Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 Amount % of NPE (1)			Dollar Change	Change in Percentage	
	Amount	% 01 INJ	PE (1)	(\$ in millions		E(1)		Points
Non-catastrophe	\$397.8	68.6	%	\$388.8	68.4	%	\$ 9.0	0.2 pts.
Property catastrophe								_
Current period	397.8	68.6		388.8	68.4		9.0	0.2
Prior period	(25.4)	(4.4)	(63.6)	(11.2)	38.2	6.8
Net losses and loss expenses	\$372.4	64.2	%	\$325.2	57.2	%	\$ 47.2	7.0 pts.

(1)"NPE" means net premiums earned.

Current year non-catastrophe losses and loss expenses

The increase in the non-catastrophe losses and loss expenses and related ratio was primarily due to higher incurred losses from the Global Markets Insurance segment, partially offset by lower losses in our North American Insurance and Reinsurance segments.

Current year property catastrophe losses and loss expenses

During the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we did not have any net losses incurred that we classified as property catastrophe losses.

Prior year losses and loss expenses

We recorded net favorable reserve development related to prior years of \$25.4 million during the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to net favorable reserve development of \$63.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, as shown in the tables below.

	(Favorable) and Unfavorable Loss Reserve Development by Loss Year								
	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016								
	2010 and Prior 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 Total								
	2010 and	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Total		
	(\$ in mil	lions)							
North American Insurance	\$(22.2)	(0.6)	\$13.0	\$6.6	\$2.8	\$0.3	\$(0.1)	
Global Markets Insurance	(7.9)	2.1		1.2	(1.0)	1.5	(4.1)	
Reinsurance	(9.1)	3.0	6.3	3.4	(0.1)	(24.7)	(21.2)	
	(39.2)	\$4.5	\$19.3	\$11.2	\$1.7	\$(22.9)	\$(25.4)	

For the three months ended March 31, 2016, we recorded net favorable prior year reserve development in each of our operating segments primarily due to actual loss emergence being lower than initially expected. The net favorable prior year reserve development in the North American Insurance segment was primarily related to the professional liability and programs lines of business, partially offset by net unfavorable prior year reserve development in the casualty line of business. The net favorable reserve development in the Global Markets Insurance segment was primarily related to the other specialty line of business, partially offset by unfavorable reserve development in our professional liability and casualty lines of business. The net favorable prior year reserve development in the Reinsurance segment was primarily related to prior year reserve development in the Reinsurance segment was primarily related to our property reinsurance and specialty reinsurance lines of business, partially offset by net

unfavorable prior year reserve development in our casualty reinsurance line of business.

The following table shows the net favorable reserve development by loss year for each of our segments for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

	(Favorable) and Unfavorable Loss Reserve							
	Development by Loss Year							
	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2015							
	2009 and 2010 2011 2012 2013 2 Prior						Total	
	(\$ in mi	llions)						
North American Insurance	\$(19.7)	\$(11.9)	\$(5.5)	\$8.6	\$(0.2)	\$3.5	\$(25.2)	
Global Markets Insurance	(6.4)	(3.8)	(0.5)	5.1	(5.4)	(4.2)	(15.2)	
Reinsurance	(12.1)	(7.7)	(0.5)	1.0	2.3	(6.2)	(23.2)	
	(38.2)	(23.4)	(6.5)	\$14.7	(3.3)	(6.9)	\$(63.6)	

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, we recorded net favorable prior year reserve development in each of our operating segments due to actual loss emergence being lower than initially expected. The net favorable prior year reserve development in the North American Insurance segment was primarily related to the professional liability and casualty lines of business, partially offset by net unfavorable prior year reserve development in the healthcare line of business. The Global Markets Insurance segment had favorable prior year reserve development across most major lines of business. The net favorable prior year reserve development in the Reinsurance segment was primarily related to our property reinsurance and casualty reinsurance lines of business.

The following table shows the components of net losses and loss expenses for each of the periods indicated.

Three Months				
Ended	Dollar			
March 31,	Change			
2016 2015				
(\$ in millions)				
\$289.2 \$299.7	\$(10.5)			
15.0 (68.8) 83.8			
68.2 94.3	(26.1)			
\$372.4 \$325.2	\$47.2			
	March 31, 2016 2015 (\$ in millions) \$289.2 \$299.7 15.0 (68.8			

The table below is a reconciliation of the beginning and ending reserves for losses and loss expenses. Losses incurred and paid are reflected net of reinsurance recoverables.

	Three Months			
	Ended			
	March 31,			
	2016	2015		
	(\$ in milli	ons)		
Net reserves for losses and loss expenses, January 1	\$4,976.2	\$4,540.9		
Incurred related to:				
Current period non-catastrophe	397.8	388.8		
Prior period	(25.4)	(63.6)		
Total incurred	372.4	325.2		
Paid related to:				
Current period non-catastrophe	6.7	6.6		
Prior period	282.5	293.1		
Total paid	289.2	299.7		

Foreign exchange revaluation and other	3.7	(11.6)
Net reserve for losses and loss expenses, March 31	5,063.1	4,554.8
Losses and loss expenses recoverable	1,512.0	1,350.3
Reserve for losses and loss expenses, March 31	\$6,575.1	\$5,905.1

Acquisition Costs

Acquisition costs increased by \$9.6 million, or 12.2%, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015. The increase in acquisition costs was primarily due to higher acquisition costs in our Global Markets Insurance segments, partially offset by lower acquisition costs in our Reinsurance segment. Acquisition costs as a percentage of net premiums earned were 15.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to 13.8% for the same period in 2015. The increase in the acquisition cost ratio was primarily due to higher average broker commissions due to the change in the mix of business in the North American Insurance and Global Markets Insurance segments.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses decreased by \$0.7 million, or 0.7%, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015. Our general and administrative expense ratio was 16.6% and 17.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The decrease in general and administrative expenses was primarily due to lower stock-based compensation, partially offset by higher general and administrative costs from our acquired Asian operations. The decrease in stock-based compensation was due to the change in our cash equivalent awards and a change to our performance-based awards. We have granted cash equivalent restricted stock units and performance-based equity awards to certain key employees, and we measure the value of each award at the period ending share price. Changes in our share price are recognized as increases or decreases in our compensation expense ratably over the service period. Our share price decreased 6% for the three months ended March 31, 2016, compared to a 7% increase for the same period in 2015.

Other Expense

Other expense for the current period represents the expenses of our third-party claims administration services operation included in our North American Insurance segment and an unrealized loss recognized from an industry loss warranty ("ILW") derivative in our Reinsurance segment. The decrease in other expense was primarily due to there being no transaction-related costs in the current period related to the acquisitions of the Hong Kong and Singapore operations of RSA, which closed in 2015.

Amortization of Intangible Assets

The amortization of intangible assets increased by \$1.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015. The increase was due to the intangible assets acquired in 2015, related primarily to the acquisitions of the Hong Kong and Singapore operations of RSA.

Interest Expense

Interest expense increased by \$5.6 million, or 38.9%, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015. The increase in interest expense was due to the accrued interest related to the senior notes issued in October 2015.

Foreign Exchange (Gain) Loss

We recognized a foreign exchange gain of \$3.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to a foreign exchange loss of \$9.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The difference was primarily due to a loss recorded during the three months ended March 31, 2015 to close out of the foreign currency forward contract

we entered into to economically hedge a portion of our foreign currency exposure related to the consideration paid for the Hong Kong and Singapore operations of RSA.

Income Tax Expense

Corporate income tax expense or benefit is generated through our operations in Australia, Canada, Europe, Hong Kong, Singapore and the United States. Our income tax expense or benefit may fluctuate significantly from period to period depending on the geographic distribution of pre-tax net income or loss in any given period between different jurisdictions with different tax rates. The geographic distribution of pre-tax net income or loss can vary significantly between periods principally due to the geographic location of the business written, the mix of business and the profitability of such business, the geographic location of investment income, the geographic location of net losses and loss expenses incurred, and the amount of inter-company reinsurance utilized for rating agency purposes.

Income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2016 decreased by \$5.8 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015. The decrease in income tax expense was primarily due to lower taxable income in our U.S. operations.

Underwriting Results by Operating Segments

Our Company is organized into three operating segments:

North American Insurance Segment. The North American Insurance segment includes our direct specialty insurance operations in the United States, Bermuda and Canada, as well as the Company's claims administration services operation. This segment provides both property and specialty casualty insurance primarily to North American domiciled accounts.

Global Markets Insurance Segment. The Global Markets Insurance segment includes our direct specialty insurance operations in Europe and Asia Pacific, which includes offices in Dublin, Hong Kong, Labuan, London, Singapore, Sydney and Zug. This segment provides both property and casualty insurance primarily to non-North American domiciled accounts.

Reinsurance Segment. Our Reinsurance segment has operations in Bermuda, Labuan, London, Singapore, the United States and Zug. This segment includes the reinsurance of property, general casualty, professional liability, specialty lines and property catastrophe coverages written by insurance companies. We presently write reinsurance on both a treaty and a facultative basis, targeting several niche reinsurance markets.

North American Insurance Segment

The following table summarizes the underwriting results and associated ratios for the North American Insurance segment for each of the periods indicated.

	Three Months				
	Ended				
	March 31,				
	2016	2015			
	(\$ in mill	ions)			
Revenues					
Gross premiums written	\$379.2	\$380.8			
Net premiums written	266.2	296.9			
Net premiums earned	316.3	313.0			
Expenses					
Net losses and loss expenses	\$216.3	\$195.5			
Acquisition costs	33.9	31.0			
General and administrative expenses	52.2	59.3			
Underwriting income	13.9	27.2			
Other insurance-related income	0.6	0.9			
Other insurance-related expenses	0.7	0.9			
Segment income	\$13.8	\$27.2			
Ratios					
Loss and loss expense ratio	68.4 %	62.5 %			
Acquisition cost ratio	10.7 %	9.9 %			
General and administrative expense ratio	16.5 %	18.9 %			

Expense ratio	27.2	% 28.8	%
Combined ratio	95.6	% 91.3	%

Comparison of Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

Premiums. Gross premiums written decreased by \$1.6 million, or 0.4%, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015. The decrease in gross premiums written was primarily the result of lower premiums in our casualty line of business due to lower non-recurring premiums in the current period compared to the prior period. These

reductions were partially offset by new business, in particular in our other specialty lines of business, and increased premiums from our programs line of business, driven primarily by the growth in existing programs. The table below illustrates our gross premiums written by underwriter location for our North American Insurance operations.

	Three N			
	Ended	Dollar	Percentage	
	March	Change	Change	
	2016	2015		
		(\$ in		
		millions)		
United States	\$311.4	\$ 300.5	\$10.9	3.6 %
Bermuda	63.6	77.0	(13.4)	(17.4)%
Canada	4.2	3.3	0.9	27.3 %
	\$379.2	\$ 380.8	(1.6)	(0.4)%

The table below illustrates our gross premiums written by line of business for each of the periods indicated.

Three Months								
Ended		Dollar	Percentage					
March	31,	Change	Change					
2016	2015							
	(\$ in							
	millions)							
\$104.7	\$ 123.5	\$(18.8)	(15.2)%					
96.4	96.2	0.2	0.2 %					
58.2	61.5	(3.3)	(5.4)%					
52.0	40.5	11.5	28.4 %					
35.3	24.4	10.9	44.7 %					
32.6	34.7	(2.1)	(6.1)%					
\$379.2	\$ 380.8	\$(1.6)	(0.4)%					
	Ended March 2016 \$104.7 96.4 58.2 52.0 35.3 32.6	Ended March 31, 2016 2015 (\$ in millions) \$104.7 \$ 123.5 96.4 96.2 58.2 61.5 52.0 40.5 35.3 24.4	Ended Dollar March 31, Change 2016 2015 (\$ in millions) \$104.7 \$ 123.5 \$(18.8) 96.4 96.2 0.2 58.2 61.5 (3.3) 52.0 40.5 11.5 35.3 24.4 10.9 32.6 34.7 (2.1)					

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⁽¹⁾ Includes our environmental, primary construction, surety, trade credit and product recall lines of business.

⁽²⁾ Includes our medical malpractice line of business. The healthcare management liability line of business previously included in the healthcare line of business is included in the professional liability line of business, as we reorganized the management responsibility for this line of business in the current period. The comparative period was updated to reflect the current presentation.

Net premiums written decreased by \$30.7 million, or 10.3%, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015. The decrease in net premiums written was due to increased premiums ceded. We ceded 29.8% of gross premiums written for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to 22.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The increase was primarily due to increased cessions for our healthcare, casualty and property lines of business. Also contributing to the higher percentage of ceded premiums was a smaller reduction in the minimum ceded premium accrual in the current period compared to the prior period.

Net premiums earned increased by \$3.3 million, or 1.1%, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015. The increase was due to higher net premiums written in 2015 that continued to earn into the current period.

Net losses and loss expenses. Net losses and loss expenses increased by \$20.8 million, or 10.6%, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015. The following is a breakdown of the loss

and loss expense ratio for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015:

	Three Months		Three Months				Change in	
	Ended			Ended			Dollar	Change in Percentage
	March 31, 2016 Amount % of NPE			March 31, 2015			Change	Points
				Amount	% of	NPE		TOINTS
	(\$ in							
				millions)			
Non-catastrophe	\$216.4	68.4	%	\$220.7	70.6	%	(4.3)	(2.2) pts.
Property catastrophe					—			
Current period	216.4	68.4		220.7	70.6		(4.3)	(2.2)
Prior period	(0.1)			(25.2)	(8.1)	25.1	8.1
Net losses and loss expenses	\$216.3	68.4	%	\$195.5	62.5	%	\$20.8	5.9 pts.

Current year non-catastrophe losses and loss expenses

The decrease in the non-catastrophe losses and loss expenses and related ratio was primarily due to lower reported large property losses during the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015, partially offset by higher loss ratio assumptions. The reduction in reported large property losses decreased the loss and loss expense ratio by 3.8 percentage points.

Current year property catastrophe losses and loss expenses

During the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we did not have any net losses incurred that we classified as property catastrophe losses.

Prior year losses and loss expenses

Overall, our North American Insurance segment recorded net favorable reserve development of \$0.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to net favorable reserve development of \$25.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, as shown in the tables below.

	(Favorable) and Unfavorable Loss Reserve									
	Development by Loss Year									
	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016									
	2010 and Prior 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 To									
	(\$ in mi	llions)								
Casualty	\$(13.8)	\$2.2	\$11.1	\$4.7	\$1.9	\$—	\$6.1			
Professional liability	(9.3)	(2.4)	(1.8)	4.6	3.8		(5.1)			
Property	(0.3)	(0.2)	0.2	0.4	(1.6)	1.8	0.3			
Programs	1.0		3.5	(3.1)	(1.4)	(1.5)	(1.5)			
Healthcare	0.2	(0.2)								
Other specialty					0.1		0.1			
	(22.2)	(0.6)	\$13.0	\$6.6	\$2.8	\$0.3	(0.1)			

The net unfavorable prior year reserve development in the casualty line of business for the 2012 loss year was primarily due to adverse development on a single claim and higher than expected reported claims, partially offset by lower than expected development of reported claims for the 2010 loss year.

	(Favorable) and Unfavorable Loss Reserve									
	Development by Loss Year									
	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2015									
	2009 and Prior 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 Total									
	(\$ in millions)									
Casualty	\$(8.5)	\$0.4		\$(4.9)	\$2.2	\$2.3	\$0.3	\$(8.2)
Professional liability	(7.9)	(8.2)	(3.6)	2.3			(17.4)
Property	(0.1)			0.2	(1.6)	(2.5)	2.1	(1.9)
Programs	(2.1)	(1.8)	(0.3)	(0.1)		(0.3)	(4.6)
Healthcare	(1.1)	(2.2)	3.1	5.3			5.1	
Other specialty			(0.1)		0.5		1.4	1.8	
- •	\$(19.7	7)	\$(11.9	9)	\$(5.5)	\$8.6	\$(0.2)	\$3.5	\$(25.2	2)

The net unfavorable prior year reserve development in the healthcare line of business for the 2011 and 2012 loss years was due to adverse development on several claims above our previous expectations.

Acquisition costs. Acquisition costs increased by \$2.9 million, or 9.4%, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015. The increase was primarily due to an increase in average broker commissions as a result of a change in mix of business during the current period compared to the prior period. The acquisition cost ratio was 10.7% and 9.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The increase in the acquisition cost ratio was primarily due to the increase in the average broker commissions, as a result of the change in mix of business in the current period compared to the prior period.

General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses decreased by \$7.1 million, or 12.0%, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015. The decrease was primarily due to lower stock-based compensation due to the change in our stock price and a change to our performance-based awards. The general and administrative expense ratio decreased to 16.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2016 from 18.9% for the same period in 2015, reflecting the decrease in expenses relative to the increase in net premiums earned.

Other insurance-related income and expense. The other insurance-related income and expense represents the revenue and related expenses of our third-party claims administration services operation. This operation had a slight net loss for the current period compared to a break-even result for the prior period.

Global Markets Insurance Segment

The following table summarizes the underwriting results and associated ratios for the Global Markets Insurance segment for each of the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2016		2015	
	(\$ in millions)			
Revenues				
Gross premiums written	\$115.5		\$60.6	5
Net premiums written	87.6		42.9	
Net premiums earned	94.2		50.0	
Expenses				
Net losses and loss expenses	\$67.8		\$20.5	
Acquisition costs	17.9		7.0	
General and administrative expenses	29.0		18.0	
Underwriting (loss) income	(20.5)	4.5	
Other insurance-related income				
Other insurance-related expenses			1.0	
Segment (loss) income	\$(20.5)	\$3.5	
Ratios				
Loss and loss expense ratio	72.0	%	41.0	%
Acquisition cost ratio	19.0	%	14.0	%
General and administrative expense ratio	30.8	%	36.0	%
Expense ratio	49.8	%	50.0	%
Combined ratio	121.8	%	91.0	%

Comparison of Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

Premiums. Gross premiums written increased by \$54.9 million, or 90.6%, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015. The increase was primarily due to gross premiums written of \$59.8 million from the acquired Asian operations, partially offset by non-renewal of business in our European operations and the impact of foreign currency movements in the current period.

The table below illustrates our gross premiums written by underwriter location for our Global Markets Insurance operations.

	Three M	onths				
	Ended		Dollar	Percentage		
	March 31,			Change		
	2016	2015				
		(\$ in				
		millions)				
Asia Pacific	\$70.1	\$ 7.1	\$63.0	887.3 %		
Europe	45.6	52.5	(6.9)	(13.1)%		
Bermuda	(0.2)	1.0	(1.2)	n/a		
	\$115.5	\$ 60.6	\$54.9	90.6 %		

The table below illustrates our gross premiums written by line of business for each of the periods indicated.

	Three N	Ionths			
	Ended		Dollar	Percent	age
	March	31,	Change	Change	
	2016	2015			
	(\$ in				
	million	s)			
Other specialty ⁽¹⁾	\$36.8	\$15.9	\$ 20.9	131.4	%
Casualty	29.7	8.7	21.0	241.4	%
Professional liability	26.9	26.4	0.5	1.9	%
Property	22.1	9.6	12.5	130.2	%
	\$115.5	\$60.6	\$ 54.9	90.6	%

⁽¹⁾ Includes our accident and health, trade credit, aviation, marine and onshore construction lines of business.

Net premiums written increased by \$44.7 million, or 104.2%, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015. The increase in net premiums written was primarily due to higher gross premiums written from our acquired Asian operations. We ceded 24.2% of gross premiums written for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to 29.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The decrease was primarily due to the change in business mix from most premiums being written in our European operations in the prior period to more premiums being written in our Asian operations in the current period. We cede a lower percentage of premiums from our Asian operations than our European operations.

Net premiums earned increased by \$44.2 million, or 88.4%, primarily due to higher net premiums written related to the acquired Asian operations.

Net losses and loss expenses. Net losses and loss expenses increased by \$47.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015. The following is a breakdown of the loss and loss expense ratio for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015:

	Three Months			Three Months				Change in	
	Ended			Ended			Dollar	Change in	
	March 31, 2016			March 31, 2015			Change	Percentage Points	
	Amount% of NPE			Amount% of NPE				Points	
				(\$ in					
				million	s)				
Non-catastrophe	\$71.9	76.4	%	\$35.7	71.4	%	\$ 36.2	5.0 pts.	
Property catastrophe									
Current period	71.9	76.4		35.7	71.4		36.2	5.0	
Prior period	(4.1)	(4.4)	(15.2)	(30.4)		11.1	26.0	
Net losses and loss expenses	\$67.8	72.0	%	\$20.5	41.0	%	\$ 47.3	31.0 pts.	

Current year non-catastrophe losses and loss expenses

The increase in the non-catastrophe losses and loss expenses and related ratio was primarily due to higher incurred losses related to the acquired Asian operations, as well as higher reported losses primarily related to our property and aviation lines of business. The increase in reported losses in the current period compared to the prior period increased the loss and loss expense ratio by 4.4 percentage points.

Current year property catastrophe losses and loss expenses

During the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we did not have any net losses incurred that we classified as property catastrophe losses.

Prior year losses and loss expenses

Overall, our Global Markets Insurance segment recorded net favorable reserve development of \$4.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to net favorable reserve development of \$15.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, as shown in the tables below.

(Favorable) and Unfavorable Loss Reserve Development by Loss Year