SCBT FINANCIAL CORP Form 10-Q August 08, 2007

## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

#### **FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

[ X ] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2007

OR

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 001-12669

#### SCBT FINANCIAL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**South Carolina** 

57-0799315

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

520 Gervais Street Columbia, South Carolina

29201

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(800) 277-2175

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer

(See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.)

Large accelerated filer [ ] Accelerated filer [X] Non-accelerated filer [ ]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes [ ] No [X]

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

Class Common Stock, \$2.50 par value Outstanding as of July 31, 2007 9,201,078

## SCBT Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries June 30, 2007 Form 10-Q

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# PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## SCBT Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Dollars in thousands, except par value)

	June 30, 2007		De	ecember 31, 2006	•	June 30, 2006
	(U	Inaudited)		( <i>Note 1</i> )	(U	Inaudited)
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Cash and due from banks	\$	57,595	\$	45,460	\$	72,916
Interest-bearing deposits with banks		2,929		2,946		6,877
Federal funds sold and securities						
purchased under agreements to resell		37,500		30,000		9,500
Total cash and cash equivalents		98,024		78,406		89,293
Investment securities:						
Securities held to maturity						
(fair value of \$15,685, \$18,271 and \$13,926, respectively)		15,816		18,112		13,820
Securities available for sale, at fair value		208,440		182,113		184,744
Other investments		10,686		10,166		12,475
Total investment securities		234,942		210,391		211,039
Loans held for sale		28,092		23,236		29,602
Loans		1,806,013		1,760,860		1,646,228
Less unearned income		(13)		(30)		(54)
Less allowance for loan losses		(23,369)		(22,668)		(21,214)
Loans, net		1,782,631		1,738,162		1,624,960
Premises and equipment, net		51,182		48,904		47,057
Goodwill		32,313		32,313		32,313
Other assets		47,767		47,001		36,663
Total assets	\$	2,274,951	\$	2,178,413	\$	2,070,927
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY						
Deposits:						
Noninterest-bearing	\$	285,155	\$	256,717	\$	275,179
Interest-bearing		1,498,114		1,449,998		1,348,059
Total deposits		1,783,269		1,706,715		1,623,238
•		,				
Federal funds purchased and securities						
sold under agreements to repurchase		200,989		203,105		140,283
Other borrowings		100,882		90,416		141,723
Other liabilities		19,975		16,289		11,165
Total liabilities		2,105,115		2,016,525		1,916,409
		, ,				
Shareholders' equity:						
Common stock - \$2.50 par value; authorized 40,000,000						
shares;						
9,195,057, 8,719,146 and 8,685,774 shares issued and						
outstanding		22,988		21,798		21,714

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Surplus	108,055	92,099	91,233
Retained earnings	42,846	51,508	44,452
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(4,053)	(3,517)	(2,881)
Total shareholders' equity	169,836	161,888	154,518
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 2,274,951 \$	2,178,413 \$	2,070,927

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Financial Statements.

## SCBT Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

		Three Mon	nded	Six Months Ended				
		June :	30,			June	30,	
		2007		2006		2007		2006
Interest income:	Φ.	24427	Φ.	20.774	ф.	<b>= 4</b> 0.0	Φ.	<b>7</b> 6044
Loans, including fees	\$	34,125	\$	29,771	\$	67,106	\$	56,944
Investment securities:		0.710		2 1 4 1		4.026		2 001
Taxable		2,519		2,141		4,836		3,991
Tax-exempt		314		269		643		562
Federal funds sold and securities		400		1.61		1.060		655
purchased under agreements to resell		490		161		1,069		657
Deposits with banks		42		47		82		84
Total interest income		37,490		32,389		73,736		62,238
Interest expense:		46.00=		0.454		A = 40=		1 - 610
Deposits		12,995		9,474		25,487		17,640
Federal funds purchased and securities				4 700				2 002
sold under agreements to repurchase		2,240		1,500		4,545		2,983
Other borrowings		1,729		1,855		3,498		3,674
Total interest expense		16,964		12,829		33,530		24,297
Net interest income:		-0		10 7 60		40.50		
Net interest income		20,526		19,560		40,206		37,941
Provision for loan losses		800		1,522		1,582		2,668
Net interest income after provision for		10.75		40.020		20.624		25.252
loan losses		19,726		18,038		38,624		35,273
Noninterest income:								
Service charges on deposit accounts		3,639		3,339		7,043		6,476
Secondary market mortgage fees		1,761		1,429		3,385		2,531
Bankcard services income		1,038		859		2,016		1,638
Trust and investment services income		651		540		1,274		1,017
Securities gains (losses), net		42				42		
Other		665		495		1,322		1,035
Total noninterest income		7,796		6,662		15,082		12,697
Noninterest expense:								
Salaries and employee benefits		11,382		10,012		22,304		19,827
Furniture and equipment expense		1,300		1,170		2,594		2,324
Net occupancy expense		1,237		1,044		2,338		2,060
Advertising and marketing		842		741		1,447		1,435
Professional fees		525		479		1,009		988
Amortization		213		199		426		398
Other		3,619		3,108		7,570		6,088
Total noninterest expense		19,118		16,753		37,688		33,120
Earnings:								
Income before provision for income taxes		8,404		7,947		16,018		14,850
Provision for income taxes		2,833		2,946		5,237		5,063
Net income	\$	5,571	\$	5,001	\$	10,781	\$	9,787
Earnings per share:								
Basic	\$	0.61	\$	0.55	\$	1.17	\$	1.07

Diluted	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.54 \$	1.17	\$ 1.06
Dividends per share	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.17 \$	0.34	\$ 0.34
Weighted-average common shares				
outstanding:				
Basic	9,190	9,115	9,184	9,109
Diluted	9,220	9,209	9,214	9,208

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Financial Statements.

## SCBT Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (unaudited) Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Common Shares		k mount	S	Surplus			cumulated Other nprehensive Loss	Total
Balance, December 31, 2005	8,644,883	\$	21,612	\$	90,481	\$	37,614 \$	(1,304) \$	148,403
Comprehensive income:	0,011,002	Ψ	21,012	Ψ	70,101	Ψ	<i>51</i> ,011	(1,501)	110,100
Net income							9,787		9,787
Change in net unrealized loss							,		,
on securities									
available for sale,									
net of tax effects								(1,577)	(1,577)
Total									
comprehensive income									8,210
Cash dividends									
declared at \$.34 per									
share							(2,949)		(2,949)
Stock options exercised	12,910		32		194				226
Employee stock									
purchases	3,549		9		92				101
Restricted stock awards	27,035		68		(68)				
Common stock									
repurchased	(2,603)		(7)		(74)				(81)
Share-based									
compensation expense					608				608
Balance, June 30, 2006	8,685,774	\$	21,714	\$	91,233	\$	44,452 \$	(2,881) \$	154,518
Balance, December 31,	0.710.146	ф	01.700	ф	02.000	ф	<b>51 5</b> 00	(0.515) A	161,000
2006	8,719,146	\$	21,798	\$	92,099	\$	51,508 \$	(3,517) \$	161,888
Comprehensive									
income:							10.701		10.701
Net income							10,781		10,781
Change in net unrealized loss on securities									
available for sale,									
net of tax effects								(536)	(536)
Total	<b></b>							(330)	(330)
comprehensive income									10,245
Cash dividends									10,243
declared at \$.34 per									
share							(3,096)		(3,096)
Stock options exercised	5,830		15		94		(3,070)		109
Stock options exercised	4,835		12		136				148
	7,033		12		150				170

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Employee stock						
purchases						
Restricted stock awards	31,956	80	(80)			
Common stock						
repurchased	(2,474)	(6)	(86)			(92)
Share-based						
compensation expense			634			634
Common stock						
dividend of 5%, record						
date, March 9, 2007	435,764	1,089	15,258	(16,347)		
Balance, June 30, 2007	9,195,057	\$ 22,988	\$ 108,055	\$ 42,846 \$	(4,053) \$	169,836

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Financial Statements 3

## SCBT Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)

Six Months E	Ended
June 30,	
2007	2006

Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	\$ 10,781	\$	9,787
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash			
used in operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	2,053		1,492
Provision for loan losses	1,582		2,668
Share-based compensation expense	634		608
(Gain) loss on disposal of premises and equipment	33		(5)
Net accretion of investment securities	(111)		(19)
Net change in loans held for sale	(4,856)		(16,640)
Net change in miscellaneous assets and liabilities	2,931		853
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	13,047		(1,256)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Proceeds from maturities and calls of investment securities held to maturity	3,040		5,572
Proceeds from maturities and calls of investment securities available for sale	18,966		12,381
Proceeds from sales of other investment securities	4,051		317
Purchases of investment securities held to maturity	(752)		(1,213)
Purchases of investment securities available for sale	(46,129)		(45,926)
Purchases of other investment securities	(4,571)		(1,870)
Net increase in customer loans	(46,582)		(112,092)
Recoveries of loans previously charged off	532		340
Purchases of premises and equipment	(3,982)		(5,291)
Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment	41		381
Net cash used in investing activities	(75,386)		(147,401)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Net increase in deposits	76,554		149,950
Net decrease in federal funds purchased and securities sold under			
agreements to repurchase and other short-term borrowings	(1,616)		(10,381)
Proceeds from FHLB advances	155,000		5,000
Repayment of FHLB advances	(145,050)		(7,050)
Common stock issuance	148		101
Common stock repurchased	(92)		(81)
Dividends paid	(3,096)		(2,949)
Stock options exercised	109		226
Net cash provided by financing activities	81,957		134,816
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	19,618		(13,841)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	78,406	4	103,134
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 98,024	\$	89,293

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Financial Statements.

# SCBT Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

#### Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Certain prior period information has been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. Operating results for the six months ended June 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2007.

The condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2006, has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements.

The information contained in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying footnotes included in the SCBT Financial Corporation's (the "Company") annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006 should be referenced when reading these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### **Note 2 – Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In February 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*, which permits all entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value that are not currently required to be measured at fair value. The fair value option may be elected for an individual item without electing it for other identical items. Unrealized gains and losses on eligible items measured at fair value must be reported in current earnings. Upfront costs and fees related to such items must also be recognized in current earnings as incurred. Early adoption is permitted subject to certain conditions. The statement will be effective as of the start of the first fiscal year beginning after November 15, 2007 and may not be applied retrospectively to prior fiscal years. The Company does not anticipate that the statement will have a material effect on its financial statements when the statement becomes effective.

On January 1, 2007, the Company adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. ("FIN") 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes—an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109. The adoption of FIN 48 had no significant impact on the Company's financial statements. It is the Company's policy to recognize interest and penalties accrued relative to unrecognized tax benefits in its respective federal or state income taxes accounts. As of January 1, 2007, there were no interest and penalties. The Company and its subsidiaries file a consolidated United States federal income tax return, as well as income tax returns for its subsidiaries in the state of South Carolina. The Company's filed income tax returns are no longer subject to examination by taxing authorities for years before 2003.

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement No. 158, Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans—an amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106, and 132(R), which revises the reporting of assets and liabilities for pensions and other post-retirement benefits. The new standard requires an employer to recognize the overfunded or underfunded status of a defined benefit pension and other postretirement plan (other than a multi-employer plan) as an asset or liability in its statement of financial position and to recognize changes in the funded status in the year in which the changes occur through other comprehensive income. This statement requires an employer to measure the funded status of a plan as of the date of its year-end statement of financial position, with limited exceptions. The Company adopted Statement 158 for the year ended December 31,

2006, except for the requirement to measure plan assets and benefit obligations as of the date of the employer's fiscal year-end statement of financial position which will be effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2008. Before adoption, the Company recognized a prepaid pension cost in other assets for its pension retirement plan and an accrued pension cost for its post-retirement benefits plan. After adoption, the Company recognizes an accrued pension cost in other liabilities for its pension retirement plan and an increase in the accrued pension cost for its post-retirement benefits plan. The accrued pension cost is the equivalent of the underfunded status on a projected benefit obligation ("PBO") basis for its retirement plan and post-retirement benefit plan as of the plans' measurement date of October 31, 2006.

#### **Note 2 – Recent Accounting Pronouncements (continued)**

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*, which provides a common definition of fair value and a framework for measuring assets and liabilities at fair values when a particular standard prescribes it. In addition, the statement prescribes a more enhanced disclosure of fair value measures, and requires a more expanded disclosure when non-market data is used to assess fair values. The statement will be effective January 1, 2008. The Company does not anticipate that the statement will have a material effect on its financial statements when the statement becomes effective.

In September 2006, the FASB ratified Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") Issue No. 06-4, Accounting for Deferred Compensation and Postretirement Benefit Aspects of Endorsement Split-Dollar Life Insurance Arrangements and Issue No. 06-5, Accounting for Purchases of Life Insurance—Determining the Amount That Could Be Realized in Accordance with FASB Technical Bulletin, No. 85-4. EITF 06-4 requires that policyholders recognize a liability for the postretirement benefits provided through endorsement split-dollar life insurance. The liability to recognize is dependent upon whether the Company is deemed to have promised a death benefit to the participant or to maintain the split-dollar arrangement for the participant's benefit. EITF 06-5 provides guidance for calculating policy amounts that could be realized and recognized as assets on the policyholder's balance sheet. Both EITF 06-4 and 06-5 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2007. The Company does not anticipate that these Issues will have a material effect on its financial statements.

In March 2006, the FASB issued Statement No. 156, *Accounting for Servicing of Financial Assets*. Statement No. 156, which is an amendment to Statement No. 140, simplifies the accounting for servicing assets and liabilities, such as those common with mortgage securitization activities. The new standard clarifies when an obligation to service financial assets should be separately recognized as a servicing asset or a servicing liability; requires that a separately recognized servicing asset or servicing liability measured at fair value, if practicable; and permits an entity with a separately recognized servicing asset or servicing liability to choose either the amortization method or fair value method for subsequent measurement. Statement No. 156 is effective for separately recognized servicing assets and liabilities acquired or issued after the beginning of an entity's fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006, with early adoption permitted. Adoption of this statement did not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

In February 2006, the FASB issued Statement No. 155, Accounting for Certain Hybrid Instruments, which is an amendment of Statements No. 133 and 140. Statement No. 155 allows financial instruments that have embedded derivatives to be accounted for as a whole (eliminating the need to bifurcate the derivative from its host) if the holder elects to account for the whole instrument on a fair value basis. The statement also clarifies which interest-only strips and principal-only strips are not subject to the requirements of Statement No. 133; establishes a requirement to evaluate interests in securitized financial assets to identify interests that are freestanding derivatives or that are hybrid financial instruments that contain an embedded derivative requiring bifurcation; clarifies that concentrations of credit risk in the form of subordination are not embedded derivatives; and amends Statement No. 140 to eliminate the prohibition on a qualifying special-purpose entity from holding a derivative financial instrument that pertains to a beneficial interest other than another derivative financial instrument. Statement No. 155 is effective for all financial instruments acquired or issued after the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. Adoption of this statement did not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

Note 3 – Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

The Company's loan portfolio is comprised of the following:

	June 30,		December 31,	June 30,		
(Dollars in						
thousands)	2007		2006	2006		
Real estate:						
Commercial	\$ 875,021	\$	835,892	\$	751,555	
Consumer						
residential						
mortgage	232,044		238,672		234,149	
Consumer						
construction and						
development	189,277		196,285		192,963	
Commercial	204,881		190,635		171,962	
Firstline	138,673		144,910		144,555	
Consumer	127,924		130,596		126,290	
Other loans	38,193		23,870		24,754	
Total loans	1,806,013		1,760,860		1,646,228	
Less, unearned						
income	(13)		(30)		(54)	
Less, allowance for						
loan losses	(23,369)		(22,668)		(21,214)	
Loans, net	\$ 1,782,631	\$	1,738,162	\$	1,624,960	

An analysis of the changes in the allowance for loan losses is as follows:

	<b>June 30,</b>	December 31,	June 30,
(Dollars in thousands)	2007	2006	2006
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 22,60	<b>58</b> \$ 20,025	\$ 20,025
Loans charged-off Recoveries of loans	(1,41	(3,438	) (1,819)
previously charged-off Balance before	53	<b>32</b> 813	340
provision for loan losses	21,78	<b>37</b> 17,400	18,546
Provision for loan losses	1,58	·	ŕ
Balance at end of period	\$ 23,30	<b>59</b> \$ 22,668	\$ 21,214

**Note 4 – Deposits** 

The Company's total deposits are comprised of the following:

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(Dollars in	June 30,			December 31,	June 30, 2006		
thousands)		2007		2006			
Certificates of							
deposit	\$	809,936	\$	793,540	\$	681,156	
Money market							
accounts		572,344		579,398		587,485	
Transaction							
accounts		285,155		256,717		275,179	
Savings accounts		114,544		76,734		78,202	
Other		1,290		326		1,216	
	\$	1,783,269	\$	1,706,715	\$	1,623,238	

The aggregate amount of time deposits in denominations of \$100,000 or more at June 30, 2007, December 31, 2006, and June 30, 2006 was \$369,052,000, \$371,517,000 and \$298,829,000, respectively.

#### **Note 5 – Retirement Plans**

The Company and its subsidiaries provide certain retirement benefits to their employees in the form of a non-contributory defined benefit pension plan and an employees' savings plan.

The non-contributory defined benefit pension plan covers all employees hired on or before December 31, 2005, who have attained age 21, and who have completed one year of eligible service. Effective January 1, 2006, amendments were made to the Company's pension plan. On this date, a new benefit formula applies only to participants who have not attained age 45 or who do not have five years of service.

The components of net periodic pension expense recognized during the three and six months ended June 30 are as follows:

	Three Mont	Ended	Six Months Ended June 30,					
(Dollars in	_			,				
thousands)	2007	2006	2007	2	2006			
Service cost	\$ 167	\$ 155 \$	333	\$	312			
Interest cost	231	206	461		411			
Expected return								
on plan assets	(301)	(276)	(601)		(553)			
Amortization of								
prior service cost	(43)	(43)	(86)		(86)			
Recognized net								
actuarial loss	104	93	209		186			
Net periodic								
pension expense	\$ 158	\$ 135 \$	316	\$	270			

The Company contributed \$189,000 and \$378,000, respectively, to the pension plan for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and anticipates making similar additional contributions during the remainder of the year.

Electing employees are eligible to participate in the employees' savings plan, under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k), after attaining age 21. Plan participants elect to contribute portions of their annual base compensation as a before tax contribution. The Company matches 50% of these contributions up to a 6% employee contribution for employees hired before January 1, 2006 who were age 45 and higher with five or more vesting years of service. The Company matches 100% of these contributions up to a 6% employee contribution for current employees under age 45 or with less than five years of service. Employees hired on January 1, 2006 or thereafter will not participate in the defined benefit pension plan, but will receive the Company's 100% matching of their 401(k) plan contributions, up to 6% of salary.

Employees can enter the savings plan on or after the first day of each month. If an employee does not elect to defer at least 2% of his or her salary by the election date, the Company will automatically enroll the employee and defer 2% of his or her salary within the savings plan. If the employee does not elect an investment allocation, the plan administrator will select a retirement-based portfolio according to the employee's number of years until normal retirement age. The employee may terminate participation if the employee affirmatively elects to do so. The plan's investment valuations are now generally provided on a daily basis.

#### **Note 6 – Earnings Per Share**

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing net income by the weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding during each period. The Company's diluted earnings per share are based on the weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding during each period plus the maximum dilutive effect of common stock issuable upon exercise of stock options. The weighted-average number of shares and equivalents are determined after giving retroactive effect to stock dividends and stock splits.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				ded			
(Dollars in thousands)		2007		2006		2007		2006
Basic earnings per share:								
Net income	\$	5,571	\$	5,001	\$	10,781	\$	9,787
Weighted-average basic shares		9,189,677		9,115,013		9,183,613		9,109,248
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.61	\$	0.55	\$	1.17	\$	1.07
Diluted earnings per share:								
Net income	\$	5,571	\$	5,001	\$	10,781	\$	9,787
Weighted-average basic shares		9,189,677		9,115,013		9,183,613		9,109,248
Effect of dilutive stock options		29,965		93,679		30,354		98,761
Weighted-average dilutive shares		9,219,642		9,208,692		9,213,967		9,208,009
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.60	\$	0.54	\$	1.17	\$	1.06

The calculation of diluted earnings per share excludes outstanding stock options that have exercise prices greater than the average market price of the common shares. The number of shares in this category was 41,445 with a range in exercise price of \$37.70 to \$39.74 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007. The number of shares in this category was 7,000 with an exercise price of \$34.46 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006.

Dividends per share are calculated using the current number of common shares issued and outstanding at the record date for any dividends paid during the reported periods.

#### **Note 7 – Share-Based Compensation**

The Company's 1999 and 2004 stock option programs are long-term retention programs intended to attract, retain, and provide incentives for key employees and non-employee directors in the form of incentive and non-qualified stock options and restricted stock. With the exception of non-qualified options granted to directors under the 1999 and 2004 plans, which in some cases may be exercised at any time prior to expiration and in some other cases may be exercised at intervals less than one year following the grant date, incentive stock options granted under the plans may not be exercised in whole or in part within one year following the date of the grant, as these incentive stock options become exercisable in 25% increments ratably over the four year period following the grant date. The options are granted at an exercise price at least equal to the fair value of the common stock at the date of grant and have terms of ten years. No options were granted under the 1999 plan after January 2, 2004, and the plan is closed other than for any options still unexercised and outstanding. The 2004 plan is the only plan from which new share-based compensation grants may be issued. It is the Company's policy to grant options out of the 661,500 shares registered under the 2004 plan.

#### **Note 7 – Share-Based Compensation (continued)**

Activity in the Company's stock option plans is summarized in the following table. All information has been retroactively adjusted for stock dividends and stock splits.

Options	Number of Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at January 1, 2007	308,3	368 \$ 24.26
Granted	41,4	39.25
Exercised	(5,9)	18.19
Expired/Forfeited	(2)	270) 29.54
Outstanding at June 30, 2007	343,5	26.17
Exercisable at June 30, 2007	246,7	23.03
Weighted-average fair value of		
options granted during the year	\$ 9.3	.25

The fair value of options is estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and expensed over the options' vesting periods. The following weighted-average assumptions were used in valuing options issued:

	Six Month June 3	
	2007	2006
Dividend yield	1.88%	2.16%
Expected life	7 years	10 years
Expected volatility	18%	19%
Risk-free interest rate	4.65%	4.69%

The Company from time-to-time also grants shares of restricted stock to key employees and non-employee directors. These awards help align the interests of these employees and directors with the interests of the Company's shareholders by providing economic value directly related to increases in the value of the Company's stock. The value of the stock awarded is established as the fair market value of the stock at the time of the grant. The Company recognizes expenses, equal to the total value of such awards, ratably over the vesting period of the stock grants. Grants to employees have typically vested over a 48-month period either ratably or all at once. Grants to non-employee directors typically vest within a 12-month period.

Nonvested restricted stock for the six months ended June 30, 2007 is summarized in the following table. All information has been retroactively adjusted for stock dividends and stock splits.

		Wei	ghted-		
		Av	erage		
		<b>Grant-Date</b>			
Restricted Stock	Shares	Fair	· Value		
Nonvested at January 1, 2007	50,883	\$	27.32		

Granted	33,127	37.82
Vested	13,662	27.82
Forfeited	44	27.29
Nonvested at June 30, 2007	70,304	32.27

### **Note 7 – Share-Based Compensation (continued)**

As of June 30, 2007, there was \$2,792,000 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested share-based compensation arrangements granted under the plans. This cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.72 years. The total fair value of shares vested during the six months ended June 30, 2007 was \$797,000.

#### Note 8 – Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

In the normal course of business, the Company makes various commitments and incurs certain contingent liabilities, which are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements. The commitments and contingent liabilities include guarantees, commitments to extend credit, and standby letters of credit. At June 30, 2007, commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit totaled \$411,370,000. The Company does not anticipate any material losses as a result of these transactions.

# Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations relates to the financial statements contained in this quarterly report beginning on page 1. For further information, refer to Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations appearing in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

#### Overview

SCBT Financial Corporation, headquartered in Columbia, South Carolina, is a bank holding company incorporated under the laws of South Carolina in 1985. We provide a wide range of banking services and products to our customers through our wholly-owned subsidiaries: South Carolina Bank and Trust, N.A. and South Carolina Bank and Trust of the Piedmont, N.A., both national banks that opened for business in 1934 and 1996, respectively. We engage in no significant operations other than the ownership of these banking subsidiaries.

At June 30, 2007, we had approximately \$2.3 billion in assets and approximately 650 full-time equivalent employees. Through our banking subsidiaries we provide our customers with checking accounts, NOW accounts, savings and time deposits of various types, brokerage services and alternative investment products such as annuities and mutual funds, trust and asset management services, business loans, agriculture loans, real estate loans, personal use loans, home improvement loans, automobile loans, credit cards, letters of credit, home equity lines of credit, safe deposit boxes, bank money orders, wire transfer services, correspondent banking services, and use of ATM facilities.

The following discussion describes our results of operations for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 as compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2006 as well as results for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, and also analyzes our financial condition as of June 30, 2007 as compared to December 31, 2006 and June 30, 2006. Like most financial institutions, we derive most of our income from interest we receive on our loans and investments. Our primary source of funds for making these loans and investments is our deposits, on which we may pay interest. Consequently, one of the key measures of our success is our amount of net interest income, or the difference between the income on our interest-earning assets, such as loans and investments, and the expense on our interest-bearing liabilities, such as deposits. Another key measure is the spread between the yield we earn on these interest-earning assets and the rate we pay on our interest-bearing liabilities.

Of course, there are risks inherent in all loans, so we maintain an allowance for loan losses to absorb probable losses on existing loans that may become uncollectible. We establish and maintain this allowance by charging a provision for loan losses against our operating earnings. In the following section, we have included a detailed discussion of this process.

In addition to earning interest on our loans and investments, we earn income through fees and other expenses we charge to our customers. We describe the various components of this noninterest income, as well as our noninterest expense, in the following discussion.

The following section also identifies significant factors that have affected our financial position and operating results during the periods included in the accompanying financial statements. We encourage you to read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the financial statements and the related notes and the other statistical information also included in this report.

#### **Recent Events**

In April 2007, we moved a South Carolina Bank and Trust limited-service branch to a full-service branch location on Broad Street in Charleston, SC.

#### **Results of Operations**

We measure our progress based on the results of soundness, profitability, and growth. Our banks achieved record results during the second quarter of 2007. These results were achieved as the banking industry continues to experience ongoing challenges in a difficult interest rate environment, in a slowing economy, and with a rise in credit costs. We are very proud of the results our team produced despite these challenges. Our company achieved an increase in consolidated net income compared to the second quarter of 2006, maintained exceptional credit quality, and continued to make growth investments for the future. The following key operating highlights for the second quarter of 2007 are outlined below:

- Consolidated net income increased 11.4% to \$5.6 million from \$5.0 million in the second quarter of 2006.
  - Diluted earnings per share increased 11.3% to \$0.60 from \$0.54 for the same period last year.
- A 17.0% increase in noninterest income and increases in earning assets led to higher consolidated net income for the second quarter of 2007.
  - We experienced a slight increase in return on average assets of 1 basis point and a strong 20 basis point increase in return on average equity compared to June 30, 2006. Return on average tangible equity decreased both on a quarter-to-quarter comparison and on a year-to-date comparison. The decrease resulted from a smaller change in net unrealized loss on securities available for sale, net of tax, for the period compared to the prior period in 2006 which caused average equity to increase faster than net income. On a linked quarter basis, all of the ratios reflect solid increases.

	Three Mont June 3	 nded	Six Month June 3	led	
Selected Figures and Ratios	2007	2006	2007		2006
	4.00	0.00~	0.00~		0.00~
Return on average assets (annualized)	1.00%	0.99%	0.98%		0.99%
Return on average equity (annualized)	13.27%	13.07%	13.08%		13.01%
Return on average tangible equity					
(annualized)	16.82%	17.08%	16.64%		17.07%
Average shareholders' equity (in					
thousands)	\$ 168,376	\$ 153,416	166,273	\$	151,670

Our consolidated earnings growth reflected the continued strong profitability of our bank subsidiaries during the second quarter of 2007. South Carolina Bank and Trust had net income of \$5.3 million and South Carolina Bank and Trust of the Piedmont had net income of \$722,000 during this period.

#### **Net Interest Income and Margin**

#### **Summary**

We have been able to increase non-taxable equivalent ("non-TE") net interest income despite the flat to slightly inverted yield curve. We actually experienced net margin expansion compared to the first quarter of 2007 by 7 basis points. While rates on interest-bearing liabilities increased generally more than asset yields, growth in interest-earning assets contributed to higher net interest income for the quarter. Taxable equivalent ("TE") net interest margin decreased 22 basis points from the second quarter of 2006, but increased 5 basis points compared to the first quarter of 2007. We believe that we will continue to experience a slowing in the secular trend of net interest margin compression.

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months End June 30,			ded	
(Dollars in thousands)		2007		2006		2007		2006
Non-TE net interest income	\$	20,526	\$	19,560	\$	40,206	\$	37,941
Non-TE yield on interest-earning assets		7.22%		6.91%	)	7.20%		6.79%
Non-TE rate on interest-bearing liabilities		3.84%		3.22%	)	3.83%		3.11%
Non-TE net interest margin		3.96%		4.17%	)	3.92%		4.14%
TE net interest margin		3.99%		4.21%	)	3.96%		4.18%

Non-taxable equivalent net interest income increased 4.9% in the second quarter of 2007 compared to the same period in 2006. For the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to June 30, 2006, non-taxable equivalent net interest

income increased 6.0%. Some key highlights are outlined below:

- •Average earning assets increased 10.8% to \$2.1 billion in the second quarter compared to the same period last year. The increase is primarily reflected within commercial real estate loans and commercial and industrial loans.
- Non-taxable equivalent yield on interest-earning assets for the second quarter of 2007 increased 31 basis points from the comparable period in 2006, and by 41 basis points for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to the comparable period in 2006. The yield on a portion of our earning assets adjusts simultaneously, but to varying degrees of magnitude, with changes in the general level of interest rates.
- The average cost of interest-bearing liabilities for the second quarter of 2007 increased 62 basis points from the same period in 2006, and by 72 basis points on a year-to-date basis comparing 2007 to 2006. This is a reflection of the impact of rising rates on the banks' sources of funding and continued competitive deposit pricing in selected products and markets. Increases in rates paid on certificates of deposit, money market deposits, and federal funds purchased primarily drove the increase in the cost of interest-bearing liabilities.
- Tax equivalent net interest margin at June 30, 2007 was 3.99%, compared to 3.94% at March 31, 2007, or 5 basis points higher. Compared to prior year's second quarter, TE net interest margin compressed by 22 basis points.

#### Loans

Growth in commercial real estate and commercial non-real estate drove the increase in total loans from the comparable period in 2006. Total loans grew 9.7% from the balance at June 30, 2006 and 2.6% from the balance at December 31, 2006. Loans are our largest category of earning assets and commercial real estate loans represent approximately 38.0% of our total loans. Commercial real estate in the footnotes to the consolidated financial statements also includes owner occupied commercial real estate not reflected in the percentage above. Consumer construction and development loans represent 11.2% of our total loan portfolio. Consumer construction and development loans are comprised of \$148.9 million in lot loans and \$52.6 in construction loans which represent 8.2% and 2.9%, respectively, of our total loan portfolio. Loans outstanding (excluding loans held for sale) at June 30, 2007 were \$1.8 billion compared to \$1.6 billion at June 30, 2006. Loans outstanding include unearned income.

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Month June 3	ded	
(Dollars in thousands)	2007		2006		2007		2006
Average total loans	\$ 1,783,715	\$	1,634,556	\$	1,774,970	\$	1,601,966
Interest income on total loans	33,691		29,472		66,333		56,461
Non-TE yield	7.58%		7.23%	ว	7.54%		7.11%

Interest earned on loans increased 14.3% in the second quarter of 2007 compared to the second quarter of 2006, and increased 17.5% for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to June 30, 2006. Some key highlights are outlined below:

Average total loans increased 9.1% leading to a mostly volume-driven increase in interest income. We

- experienced more fixed rate loan production which we primarily sold through the secondary market. As a result, our secondary market mortgage fees increased while our total loans grew more slowly than in prior quarters.
- Commercial real estate loans (including owner occupied commercial real estate) increased 16.4% to \$875.0 million from the amount at June 30, 2006.
  - Commercial non-real estate loans increased 19.1% to \$204.9 million from the amount at June 30, 2006.
- Our non-taxable equivalent yield increased by 35 basis points compared to the yield for the second quarter of 2006, and 43 basis points for the six months ended June 30, 2006.

#### **Investment Securities**

We use investment securities, the second largest category of earning assets, to generate interest income through the employment of excess funds, to provide liquidity, to fund loan demand or deposit liquidation, and to pledge as collateral for public funds deposits and repurchase agreements. We increased the size of our investment portfolio and kept its composition relatively consistent with a bias towards increasing purchases of US government agency bonds rather than mortgage-backed securities. We continued our approach of lengthening the average life of the portfolio as interest rates increased and in light of our expectation that the Federal Reserve will not increase its targeted level for the federal funds interest rate. At June 30, 2007, investment securities were \$234.9 million, compared to \$210.4 million at December 31, 2006 and \$211.0 million at June 30, 2006.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Montl June	led	
(Dollars in thousands)		2007		2006		2007		2006
Average investment securities	\$	227,343	\$	205,348	\$	220,822	\$	197,297
Interest income on investment securities		2,833		2,410		5,479		4,553
Non-TE yield		5.00%		4.71%	)	5.00%		4.65%

Interest earned on investment securities increased 17.6% in the second quarter of 2007 compared to the second quarter of 2006, and increased 20.3% for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to June 30, 2006. The increases resulted both from higher average outstanding balances and higher yields.

Although securities classified as available for sale may be sold from time to time to meet liquidity or other needs, it is not our normal practice to trade this segment of the investment securities portfolio. While management generally holds these assets on a long-term basis or until maturity, any short-term investments or securities available for sale could be converted at an earlier point, depending partly on changes in interest rates and alternative investment opportunities.

#### **Interest-Bearing Liabilities**

	Three Mon June	inded	Six Month June 3	ded		
(Dollars in thousands)	2007		2006	2007		2006
Average interest-bearing liabilities	\$ 1,772,683	\$	1,599,127	\$ 1,765,578	\$	1,576,790
Interest expense	16,964		12,829	33,530		24,297
Average rate	3.84%		3.22%	3.83%		3.11%

Interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities increased 32.2% in the second quarter of 2007 compared to the second quarter of 2006, driven largely by increases in savings deposits, certificates of deposit ("CD") and federal funds purchased. In addition, we experienced a 62 basis point increase in the average rate on all interest earning liabilities with increases in every category. On a year-to-date basis, interest expense increased 38.0%, again reflective of increases in the average balances of savings deposits, CDs and federal funds purchased, and reflective of the increase in the average rate on all interest earning liabilities of 72 basis points on a year-to-date basis. Some key highlights are outlined below:

- Average interest-bearing deposits for the three months ended June 30, 2007 grew 10.5% as compared to the same period in 2006, while on a year-to-date basis the increase was 11.9%.
- Interest-bearing deposits grew 11.1% to \$1.5 billion at June 30, 2007 from the period end balance at June 30, 2006 and increased \$48.1 million or 6.6% annualized from the balance at December 31, 2006.
- Average federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase increased 33.8%, up \$50.0 million from the average balance in the second quarter of 2006. On a year-to-date basis, the increase was 32.2%, or \$49.2 million. The Federal Reserve has maintained the federal funds rate at 5.25%.
- Average CDs increased \$117.7 million causing interest expense to increase by \$2.7 million for the second quarter of 2007 compared to the second quarter of 2006. On a year-to-date basis, average CDs increased \$128.4 million and interest expense increased \$6.1 million.
- On a linked-quarter basis, interest expense on average interest bearing liabilities increased \$398,000 driven substantially by a \$23.8 million higher average balance of savings deposits along with an 87 basis points increase in average rate. Additionally, a slight increase in the average balances of CDs and a 2 basis point increase in the average rate contributed approximately \$195,000 of the increase.

### Noninterest-Bearing Deposits

Deposit growth continued to remain strong in the quarter-to-quarter and the linked-quarter comparison. We continued to see steady growth in the number of transaction accounts and savings accounts. Our customers opened approximately 10,000 new demand deposit checking accounts during the first half of 2007, a slight decrease from openings in the number of accounts during the first half of 2006. Noninterest-bearing deposits grew \$10.0 million, or 3.6%, in the second quarter of 2007 compared to the second quarter of 2006. Compared to the first quarter of 2007, noninterest-bearing deposits grew \$12.1 million, or 4.4%, to \$285.2 million at June 30, 2007.

#### **Provision for Loan Losses and Nonperforming Assets**

We have established an allowance for loan losses through a provision for loan losses charged to expense. The allowance for loan losses represents an amount that we believe will be adequate to absorb probable losses on existing loans that may become uncollectible. We assess the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses by using an internal risk rating system, independent credit reviews, and regulatory agency examinations—all of which evaluate the quality of the loan portfolio and seek to identify problem loans. Based on this analysis, management and the board of directors consider the current allowance to be adequate. Nevertheless, our evaluation is inherently subjective as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant change. Actual losses may vary from our estimates, and there is a possibility that charge-offs in future periods could exceed the allowance for loan losses as estimated at any point in time. We expect loan charge-off levels in 2007 to be approximately in line with prior years.

The provision for loan losses for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 was \$800,000 compared to \$1.5 million in the comparable period last year and \$782,000 in the first quarter of 2007. The provision reflects a slight increase in our allowance for loan losses due to some new loan growth compared to the first quarter of 2007 and very low net charge-offs during the second quarter of 2007. Some key highlights regarding the second quarter asset quality are outlined below:

- Nonperforming loans totaled \$4.3 million, or 0.24% of period-end loans.
- The allowance for loan losses was \$23.4 million, or 1.29% of total loans at June 30, 2007, and \$22.7 million, or 1.29% of outstanding loans at December 31, 2006.
  - The current allowance for loan losses provides 5.42 times coverage of period-end nonperforming loans.
  - The allowance provides approximately 15.14 times coverage of second quarter annualized net charge-offs.
- Net charge-offs during the quarter ended June 30, 2007 were \$386,000, compared to \$495,000 in the first quarter of 2007, and \$1,105,000 in the second quarter of 2006
- Net charge-offs as a percentage of average annualized loans was 0.09% during the second quarter of 2007, a significant decrease from 0.27% in the comparable quarter of 2006. In May 2006, the Company experienced a large charge off driven primarily by a single customer relationship. On a linked-quarter basis, the ratio decreased from 0.11%.

The sub-prime mortgage industry continues to experience credit problems. We have virtually no participation in this product line and our credit quality remains very strong.

#### Other Real Estate Owned ("OREO")

OREO includes certain real estate acquired as a result of foreclosure and property not intended for bank use. As of June 30, 2007, other real estate owned was \$771,000, compared with \$597,000 at December 31, 2006 and \$249,000 at the end of the second quarter of 2006.

#### **Noninterest Income**

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,				
(Dollars in thousands)	2007		2006		2007		2006	
Service charges on deposit accounts	\$	3,639	\$	3,339	\$	7,043	\$	6,476
Secondary market mortgage fees		1,761		1,429		3,385		2,531
Bankcard services income		1,038		859		2,016		1,638
Trust and investment services income		651		540		1,274		1,017
Securities gains (losses), net		42				42		

Other	665	495	1,322	1,035
Total noninterest income	\$ 7,796	\$ 6,662 \$	15,082	\$ 12,697

Noninterest income increased 17.0% in the second quarter of 2007 compared to the same period in 2006. On a year-to-date basis, the increase was 18.8%. The quarterly increases are the result of the following:

• Service charges on deposit accounts increased 9.0%, driven by growth in total deposits during the quarter.

- Secondary market mortgage fees increased 23.2%, driven by approximately \$170 million of mortgage production for the quarter compared to approximately \$108 million for the second quarter of 2006.
- Bankcard services income increased 20.8%, driven by organic growth in deposit accounts and more customers using SCBT debit cards. We experienced a 33.4% increase in debit card income, a 41.3% increase in foreign ATM fees, and a 34.6% increase in credit card transaction fees.
- Trust and investment services income increased 20.6%, driven by improving branch and line of business referral activity, expansion of existing business, and increased productivity of existing investment consultants.
- Other noninterest income increased 34.3%, which largely reflected a \$142,000 increase in the cash surrender value of bank owned life insurance.

#### **Noninterest Expense**

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
(Dollars in thousands)		2007		2006	2007		2006	
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	11,382	\$	10,012 \$	22,304	\$	19,827	
Furniture and equipment		1,300		1,170	2,594		2,324	
Net occupancy expense		1,237		1,044	2,338		2,060	
Information services expense		1,115		865	2,113		1,789	
Advertising and marketing		842		741	1,447		1,435	
Business development and staff related		528		437	1,114		874	
Professional fees		525		479	1,009		988	
Amortization		213		199	426		398	
Other		1,976		1,806	4,343		3,425	
Total noninterest expense	\$	19,118	\$	16,753 \$	37,688	\$	33,120	

Noninterest expense increased 14.1% in the second quarter of 2007 compared to the same period in 2006. On a year-to-date basis expenses increased 13.8%. The quarterly increases primarily resulted from the following:

- Salaries and commissions expense increased 13.7%, driven by sales volume incentives paid to employees on certain banking products and an increase in employees as a result of organic growth. We incurred additional personnel cost due to the new Charleston full-service branch and preparation for the Lexington full-service branch scheduled to open in August 2007. We expect that salaries and commissions expense will continue to be driven largely by sales volume incentives.
- Furniture and equipment expense, net occupancy expense, and information services expense increased 11.1%, 18.5%, and 28.9%, respectively, as a result of additional financial centers.
- Business development and staff related expense increased 20.8%, driven by the organic growth of our banks, leading to recruiting and placing additional staff.
- Advertising and public relations expense increased 13.6%, however on a year-to-date basis this cost is flat compared to the prior year. We increased our advertising and public relations expense during the second quarter of 2