## SOLITRON DEVICES INC Form 10QSB January 11, 2005

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

(Mark One)

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended November 30, 2004

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_

Commission file number: 001-04978

Solitron Devices, Inc. (Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

3301 Electronics Way, West Palm Beach, Florida 33407
-----(Address of principal executive offices)

(561) 848-4311 (Issuer's telephone number including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes X No

### APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of January 7, 2005: 2,080,524.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one):

incorporation or organization)

Yes No X

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SOLITRON DEVICES, INC.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SOLITRON DEVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	November 30, 2004
	(Unaudited) (In thousands, e
ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,836
Accounts receivable	1,225
Inventories	2,444
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	77 
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	\$ 5,582
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, net	600
OTHER ASSETS	59
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 6,241 ======
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	^ 00F
Current portion of accrued environmental expenses	\$ 985
Accounts payable, Post-petition Accounts payable, Pre-petition, current portion	402 819
Accounts payable, Pre-petition, current portion Accrued expenses and other liabilities	1,186
Accided expenses and other frabilities	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	3 <b>,</b> 392
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, net of current portion	13
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,405
STOCKHOLDERS' EOUITY	
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, authorized 500,000 shares, none iss	sued 0
Common stock, \$.01 par value, authorized 10,000,000 shares 2,080,492	
and 2,076,357 shares issued and outstanding at	21
November 30, 2004 and February 29, 2004 respectively	
Additional paid-in capital	2,620
Accumulated earnings/(deficit)	195
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	2,836 
TOTAL LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 6,241
	======

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

SOLITRON DEVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Three Months Ended November 30,		Nine Months November		er 30,		
				2003		2004	20
(in	(Una	audited)	(	Unaudited) t for share	(Una	udited)	(Unau
NET SALES	\$	1,909	) \$	1,859	\$	5 <b>,</b> 796	\$
Cost of Sales		1,580	) - –	1,513		4,700	
Gross Profit		329	)	346		1,096	
Selling, general and administrative expenses		266		278		878	
Operating Income		63		68		218	
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE) Other Income & (Expense), Net Interest Expense		(1	5 L)	5 (5)		5 (4)	
Other Income (Expense), Net			1	0		1	
Net Income				68		219	\$ =====
NET INCOME PER SHARE:Basic		0.03		0.03		0.11	\$
:Diluted	\$	0.03	\$ \$	0.03	\$	0.11	\$ 
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING:Basic				2,070,362			2,0
:Diluted	2,	070,783	3	2,204,013 ======	2,		2,2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

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SOLITRON DEVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS NINE MONTHS ENDED NOVEMBER 30,

	2004	2003	
	(Unaudited) (in thou	(Unaudited) sands)	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income	\$ 219	\$ 440	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash			
provided by operating activities:	120	1.41	
Depreciation and amortization	139	141	
Cancellation of debt	0	(109)	
(Increase) Decrease in: Accounts receivable	(226)	100	
Inventories	(236) (29)	193 103	
Prepaid expenses	(29)	103	
and other current assets	86	(7)	
Other assets	(7)	0	
Increase (Decrease) in:	( / )	O .	
Accounts payable	(7)	(174)	
Accounts payable - Pre-petition	(32)	(41)	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		48	
Accrued environmental expenses	19	80	
Other long term liabilities	(19)	(80)	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	129 	594 	
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(177)	(158)	
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(177)	(158)	
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH	(48)	436	
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	\$ 1,884	\$ 1,448 	
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 1,836 =====	\$ 1,884 =====	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

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# SOLITRON DEVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

#### 1. GENERAL:

The financial information included herein is unaudited; however, such information reflects all adjustments (consisting solely of normal recurring adjustments), which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair

statement of the results for the interim period.

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for reporting on Form 10-QSB. Pursuant to such rules and regulations, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted.

The information contained in this Form 10-QSB should be read in conjunction with the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements appearing in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended February 29, 2004.

#### 2. ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION:

While the Company believes that it has the environmental permits necessary to conduct its business and that its operations conform to present environmental regulations, increased public attention has been focused on the environmental impact of semiconductor operations. The Company, in the conduct of its manufacturing operations, has handled and does handle materials that are considered hazardous, toxic or volatile under federal, state, and local laws and, therefore, is subject to regulations related to their use, storage, discharge, and disposal. No assurance can be made that the risk of accidental release of such materials can be completely eliminated. In the event of a violation of environmental laws, the Company could be held liable for damages and the costs of remediation and, along with the rest of the semiconductor industry, is subject to variable interpretations and governmental priorities concerning environmental laws and regulations. Environmental statutes have been interpreted to provide for joint and several liability and strict liability regardless of actual fault. There can be no assurance that the Company and its subsidiaries will not be required to incur costs to comply with, or that the operations, business, or financial condition of the Company will not be materially adversely affected by, current or future environmental laws or regulations.

The information contained in this Form 10-QSB should be read in conjunction with the "Business - Environmental Liabilities" section appearing in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended February 29, 2004.

#### 3. INVENTORIES:

As of November 30, 2004 net inventories consist of the following:

Raw Materials		\$ 1,417,000
Work-In-Proces	S	1,433,000
Finished	Goods	177,000
Reserve	Gross Inventory	3,027,000 (583,000)
	Net Inventory	\$ 2,444,000

The raw materials inventory balance reflects purchases and material usage during the period. Cycle counts are performed in the raw materials stockrooms weekly and monthly cycle count adjustments are recorded. Work-in-process inventory is counted and adjusted semiannually. The finished goods inventory balance reflects shipments from and transfers to the finished goods stockrooms during the period. The inventory reserve balance is adjusted semiannually for work-in-process, monthly for finished goods and annually for raw materials in conjunction with physical inventory counts.

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# SOLITRON DEVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

#### 4. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

Management does not believe that any recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards if currently adopted would have a material effect on the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Also, management believes that accounting standards adopted during fiscal year 2004 are not applicable to the Company.

#### 5. INCOME TAXES:

At February 29, 2004, the Company had net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$15,487,000 that expire through 2022. Such net operating losses are available to offset future taxable income, if any. As of November 30, 2004, the Company has net income of approximately \$219,000 which will be offset by the net operating loss carryforwards resulting in no income tax liability for the fiscal year.

#### 6. MATERIAL EVENTS:

As a result of Hurricanes Frances and Jeanne, the company was forced to stop operations for fifteen calendar days and operated at a reduced production output capacity for five additional business days. Additionally, the Company suffered damage to certain of its manufacturing equipment. Using overtime from its existing workforce, the Company was able to recover approximately \$407,000 of \$497,000 sales lost while the plant was not operational. The Company still has approximately \$90,000 of shipments to recover and expects to do so in the upcoming two months. Equipment damaged as a result of the storms has been, or is in the process of being, repaired or replaced at a cost of approximately \$70,000. It is uncertain what amount, if any, of insurance proceeds will be available to offset these costs.

As previously disclosed in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), the Southeast Regional Office of the SEC conducted a formal investigation concerning the Company. The SEC investigation focused on the propriety of the Company's past accounting. The Company produced documents to the SEC, and the SEC took sworn testimony from several individuals. On October 4, 2004, the SEC advised the Company that it had terminated its investigation and that no enforcement action has been recommended.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### Overview:

Solitron Devices, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company" or "Solitron"), designs, develops, manufactures and markets solid-state semiconductor components and related devices primarily for the military and aerospace markets. The Company manufactures a large variety of bipolar and metal oxide semiconductor power transistors, power and control hybrids, junction and MOS field effect

transistors and other related products. Most of the Company's products are custom made pursuant to contracts with customers whose end products are sold to the United States government. Other products, such as Joint Army Navy transistors, diodes and Standard Military Drawings voltage regulators, are sold as standard or catalog items.

The following discussion and analysis of factors which have affected the Company's financial position and operating results during the periods included in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the related Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended February 29, 2004 and the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the related Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB.

#### Critical Accounting Policies:

Our financial statements and accompanying notes are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. Preparing financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses. These estimates and assumptions are affected by management's application of accounting policies. Our critical accounting policies include inventories, valuation of plant, equipment and intangible assets, revenue recognition and accounting for income taxes. A discussion of all of these critical accounting policies can be found in the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" section of our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended February 29, 2004.

#### Material Events:

As a result of Hurricanes Frances and Jeanne, the company was forced to stop operations for fifteen calendar days and operated at a reduced production output capacity for five additional business days. Additionally, the Company suffered damage to certain of its manufacturing equipment. Using overtime from its existing workforce, The Company was able to recover approximately \$407,000 of \$497,000 sales lost while the plant was not operational. The Company still has approximately \$90,000 of shipments to recover and expects to do so in the upcoming two months. Equipment damaged as a result of the storms has been, or is in the process of being, repaired or replaced at a cost of approximately \$70,000. It is uncertain what amount, if any, of insurance proceeds will be available to offset these costs.

#### Trends and Uncertainties:

During the twelve months ended November 30, 2004, the Company's book-to-bill ratio was approximately as follows: three months 1.07; six months 0.82; nine months 0.85; twelve months 0.97. The Company believes that the overall decline in the book-to-bill ratio, current quarter notwithstanding, may indicate a specific trend in the demand for the Company's products as a result of delays in contracts awarded by the Department of Defense for programs that the Company participates in and also as a result of changes in government military spending priorities. Also, a major contributing factor is the fact that a leading supplier of semiconductor die increased prices to a level 10 to 15 times above normal since the beginning of calendar year 2004. This price increase requires prime contractors to renegotiate their contracts with their customers, contributing to additional delays and possible reduction in quantity of products to be placed on order with the Company. Generally, the intake of orders over the last two years has varied greatly as a result of the fluctuations in the general economy and of variations in defense spending on programs the Company supports,

which is expected to continue for the foreseeable future. The Company continues to identify means intended to reduce its variable manufacturing costs to offset the potential impact of low volume of orders to be shipped should a slow down in the intake of orders continue. However, should order intake fall significantly below the level experienced in the last twelve months, the Company might be required to implement further cost cutting or other downsizing measures to continue its business operations.

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Results of Operations-Three Months Ended November 30, 2004 Compared to Three Months Ended November 30, 2003:

Net sales for the three months ended November 30, 2004 increased approximately 3% to \$1,909,000 as compared to \$1,859,000 for the three months ended November 30, 2003. This increase was primarily attributable to a higher level of shippable orders, as per the delivery schedules requested by the Company's customers, offset by the shutdown and reduced production output capacity caused by Hurricanes Frances and Jeanne. Approximately \$90,000 of shipments were lost as a result of Hurricanes Frances and Jeanne (which the Company expects to recover in the upcoming two months).

Cost of sales for the three months ended November 30, 2004 increased to \$1,580,000 from \$1,513,000 for the comparable period in 2003. Expressed as a percentage of sales, cost of sales increased to 83% from 81% for the same periods. This increase as a percentage of sales was due mainly to increases in labor costs that were necessary to maintain the Company's shipping schedules which were negatively affected by Hurricanes Frances and Jeanne. Cost of sales was also higher due to expenses associated with repair and replacement of equipment damaged during the storms.

Gross profit for the three months ended November 30, 2004 decreased to \$329,000 from \$346,000 for the three months ended November 30, 2003. Accordingly, gross margins on the Company's sales decreased to 17% for the three months ended November 30, 2004 in comparison to 19% for the three months ended November 30, 2003. This change was due largely to increased labor and equipment repair costs.

For the three months ended November 30, 2004, the Company shipped 76,847 units as compared with 57,268 units shipped during the same period of the prior year. It should be noted that since the Company manufactures a wide variety of products with an average sale price ranging from less than one dollar to several hundred dollars, such periodic variations in the Company's volume of units shipped should not be regarded as a reliable indicator of the Company's performance.

The Company's backlog of open orders increased 3% for the three months ended November 30, 2004 as compared to an increase of 14% for the three months ended November 30, 2003. Changes in the backlog reflect changes in the intake of orders and in the delivery dates required by customers. The backlog of open orders was affected by shipments lost due to Hurricanes Frances and Jeanne and by a decrease in the level of bookings due to increases in material costs mentioned in the Trends and Uncertainties Section.

The Company has experienced a decrease in the level of bookings of approximately 18% for the quarter ended November 30, 2004 as compared to the same period for the previous year principally as a result of a lower demand for its products in this period. The decrease is also attributed to increases in material costs mentioned in the Trends and Uncertainties Section.

Selling, general, and administrative expenses decreased to \$266,000 for the

three months ended November 30, 2004 from \$278,000 for the comparable period in 2003. During the three months ending November 30, 2004, selling, general, and administrative expenses as a percentage of sales decreased to 14% as compared to 15% during the three months ended November 30, 2003. This decrease was due primarily to a reduction in legal fees offset by higher wages.

Operating Income for the three months ended November 30, 2004 decreased to a profit of \$63,000 from a profit of \$68,000 for the three months ended November 30, 2003. This decrease is due largely to increased labor and equipment repair costs as a result of Hurricanes Frances and Jeanne.

The Company recorded a net other income of \$4,000 for the three months ended November 30, 2004 versus a \$0 net other income amount for the three months ended November 30, 2003. The variance was due primarily to a reduction in accrued interest on the Company's liability to its unsecured creditors.

Net income for the three months ended November 30, 2004 decreased to a profit of \$67,000 from a profit of \$68,000 for the same period in 2003. The decrease was a result of increased cost of sales offset by lower selling, general and administrative expenses and lower accrued interest expense.

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Results of Operations-Nine Months Ended November 30, 2004 Compared to Nine Months Ended November 30, 2003:

Net sales for the nine months ended November 30, 2004 decreased approximately 1% to \$5,796,000 as compared to \$5,868,000 for the nine months ended November 30, 2003. This decrease was primarily attributable to a lower level of orders that were shipped in accordance with customer requirements. Net sales were also negatively affected by the shutdown and reduced production output capacity caused by Hurricanes Frances and Jeanne.

Cost of sales for the nine months ended November 30, 2004 decreased to \$4,700,000 from \$4,715,000 for the comparable period in 2003. Expressed as a percentage of sales, cost of sales increased to 81% from 80% for the same periods in 2003. This change was due mainly to increased labor costs that that were necessary to maintain the Company's shipping schedules which were negatively affected by Hurricanes Frances and Jeanne. Cost of sales as a percentage of sales was affected by expenses associated with repair and replacement of equipment damaged during the storms.

Gross profit for the nine months ended November 30, 2004 decreased to \$1,096,000 from \$1,153,000 for the nine months ended November 30, 2003. Accordingly, gross margins on the Company's sales decreased to 19% for the nine months ended November 30, 2004 in comparison to 20% for the nine months ended November 30, 2003. This change was due primarily to increased labor and equipment repair costs.

For the nine months ended November 30, 2004, the Company shipped 233,540 units as compared with 289,121 units shipped during the same period of the prior year. It should be noted that since the Company manufactures a wide variety of products with an average sale price ranging from less than one dollar to several hundred dollars, such periodic variations in the Company's volume of units shipped should not be regarded as a reliable indicator of the Company's performance.

The Company's backlog of open orders decreased 4% for the nine months ended November 30, 2004 as compared to a decrease of 5% for the nine months ended November 30, 2003. Changes in the backlog reflect changes in the intake of orders. The backlog was also affected by a decrease in the level of bookings

caused by increased material costs mentioned in the Trends and Uncertainties Section.

The Company has experienced a decrease in the level of bookings of approximately 18% for the nine months ended November 30, 2004 as compared to the same period for the previous year principally as a result of a lower demand for its products in this period. The decrease is also attributed to increases in material costs mentioned in the Trends and Uncertainties Section.

Selling, general, and administrative expenses increased to \$878,000 for the nine months ended November 30, 2004 from \$836,000 for the comparable period in 2003. During the nine months ended November 30, 2004, selling, general, and administrative expenses as a percentage of sales increased to 15% as compared with 14% for the nine months ended November 30, 2003. This increase as a percentage of sales is due to higher wages and to higher legal fees.

Operating Income for the nine months ended November 30, 2004 decreased to a profit of \$218,000 from a profit of \$317,000 for the nine months ended November 30, 2003. This decrease is primarily due to higher selling, general, and administrative expenses and to higher labor and equipment repair costs as a result of Hurricanes Frances and Jeanne.

The Company recorded a net other income of \$1,000 for the nine months ended November 30, 2004 versus a net other income of \$123,000 for the nine months ended November 30, 2003. The variance was due primarily to other income resulting from the settlement of a debt obligation to an unsecured creditor which was recorded in the quarter ended August 31, 2003.

Net income for the nine months ended November 30, 2004 decreased to a profit of \$219,000 from a profit of \$440,000 for the same period in 2003. This decrease is mainly due to increased selling general and administrative expenses, higher labor and equipment repair costs and other income resulting from the settlement of a debt obligation to an unsecured creditor which was recorded in the quarter ended August 31, 2003.

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Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's sole source of liquidity is cash generated by ongoing operations. The Company's liquidity is expected to be adversely affected in the short term due to the anticipated lower level of revenue in the foreseeable future. The Company's liquidity is not expected to improve until the Company's revenues increase to a level above its breakeven point.

Furthermore, the Company's liquidity continues to be adversely affected by significant recurring payments associated with the Company's 1993 bankruptcy petition obligations and the Company's inability to obtain additional working capital through the sale of debt or equity securities. For a more complete discussion of the Company's bankruptcy obligations, see "Business - Bankruptcy Proceedings" in the Company's Form 10-KSB filed for the period ended February 29, 2004.

The Company is required to make quarterly payments to holders of unsecured claims until they receive 35 percent (35%) of their pre-petition claims. As of November 30, 2004, the Company has paid approximately \$483,000 to its unsecured creditors. The Company's remaining obligation is approximately \$1,842,000 to holders of allowed unsecured claims in quarterly installments.

The Company reported a net income of \$219,000 and an operating income of \$218,000 for the nine months ended November 30, 2004. The Company has

significant obligations arising from settlements related to its bankruptcy proceeding which require it to make substantial cash payments, which cannot be supported by the Company's current level of operations.

At November 30, 2004, February 29, 2004 and November 30, 2003 respectively, the Company had cash of \$1,836,000, \$1,883,000 and \$1,884,000. The decrease during the last nine months was primarily attributable to lower revenues. A decrease in prepaid expenses contributed \$89,000 to the last nine months' positive cash flow generated by ongoing operations.

At November 30, 2004, the Company had working capital of \$2,190,000 as compared with a working capital at November 30, 2003 of \$2,527,000. At February 29, 2004, the Company had a working capital of \$2,036,000. The approximately \$154,000 increase for the nine months ended November 30, 2004 was due mainly to an increase in accounts receivable. The approximately \$337,000 decrease for the twelve months ended November 30, 2004 was due to an increase in the current portion of our liability to our unsecured creditors and a decrease in net inventory value.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements:

The Company is not involved in any off-balance sheet arrangements.

Forward-Looking Statements:

Information in this Form 10-QSB, including any information incorporated by reference herein, includes "forward looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is subject to the safe-harbor created by such sections. The Company's actual results may differ significantly from the results discussed in such forward-looking statements.

#### Statements regarding:

- o sources and availability of liquidity;
- o the Company's ability to recover sales lost as a result of Hurricanes Frances and Jeanne;
- o the Company's expectations regarding its liquidity;
- o the Company's beliefs regarding the change in book-to-bill ratio
- o the Company's expectations regarding fluctuations in the general economy and variations in defense spending and the effects of such fluctuations and variations on the intake of orders;
- o the Company's ability to generate sufficient cash flow from operations to sustain operations;
- o the Company's ability to implement effective cost-cutting or downsizing measures;
- o the Company's compliance with environmental laws, orders and investigations and the future cost of such compliance;

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o implementation of the Plan of Reorganization and the Company's ability to make payments required under the Plan of Reorganization;

- o the Company's belief regarding the applicability of accounting standards adopted during fiscal year 2004; and
- o other statements contained in this report that address activities, events or developments that the Company expects, believes or anticipates will or may occur in the future, and similar statements are forward-looking statements.

These statements are based upon assumptions and analyses made by the Company in light of current conditions, future developments and other factors the Company believes are appropriate in the circumstances, or information obtained from third parties and are subject to a number of assumptions, risks and uncertainties. Readers are cautioned that forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and that actual results might differ materially from those suggested or projected in the forward-looking statements. Factors that may cause actual future events to differ significantly from those predicted or assumed include, but are not limited to:

- the loss of certification or qualification of the Company's products or the inability of the Company to capitalize on such certifications and/or qualifications;
- o a potential loss of customers as a result of delayed shipments due to the impact of Hurricanes Frances and Jeanne;
- o unexpected rapid technological change;
- o a misinterpretation of the Company's capital needs and sources and availability of liquidity;
- o any increased financial impact to the Company as a result of Hurricanes Frances and Jeanne;
- o the Company's inability to receive an adequate amount, or any amount, of insurance proceeds to cover the Company's losses and/or costs resulting from Hurricanes Frances and Jeanne;
- o a change in government regulations which hinders the Company's ability to perform government contracts;
- o a shift in or misinterpretation of industry trends;
- o any impairment or delay in the development of any or all of its products;
- o inability to sustain or grow bookings and sales;
- o inability to capitalize on competitive strengths or a misinterpretation of those strengths;
- o the emergence of improved, patented technology by competitors;
- o a misinterpretation of the nature of the competition, of the Company's competitive strengths or of its reputation in the industry;
- o inability to respond quickly to customers' needs and to deliver products in a timely manner resulting from unforeseen circumstances;
- o inability to generate sufficient cash to sustain operations;
- o failure of price or volume recovery;
- o failure to successfully implement cost-cutting or downsizing measures,

strategic plans or the insufficiency of such measures and plans;

- o changes in military or defense appropriations;
- o inability to make or renegotiate payments under the Plan of Reorganization;
- o inability to be released from environmental liabilities;
- o an increase in the expected cost of environmental compliance based on factors unknown at this time;
- o changes in law or industry regulation; and
- o unexpected growth or stagnation of the business.

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#### Item 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Based on the evaluation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of November 30, 2004, Shevach Saraf, Chairman, President, Chief Executive Officer, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, has concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time period specified by the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms.

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended November 30, 2004 that has materially affected or is reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

As previously disclosed in the Company's filings with the SEC, the Southeast Regional Office of the SEC conducted a formal investigation concerning the Company. The SEC investigation focused on the propriety of the Company's past accounting. The Company produced documents to the SEC, and the SEC took sworn testimony from several individuals. On October 4, 2004, the SEC advised the Company that it terminated its investigation and that no enforcement has been recommended.

Item 6. EXHIBITS

(a) Exhibits

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#### SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

SOLITRON DEVICES, INC.

Date: January 11, 2005 /s/ Shevach Saraf

\_\_\_\_\_

Title: Chairman, President, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer

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EXHIBIT INDEX			
EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION		
31	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.		
32	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.		