

Edgar Filing: Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. - Form 10-Q

Fidelity National Information Services, Inc.
Form 10-Q
August 06, 2012
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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2012

Or
 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from _____ to _____
Commission File No. 001-16427

Fidelity National Information Services, Inc.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
Georgia
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation or organization)

37-1490331
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

601 Riverside Avenue
Jacksonville, Florida
(Address of principal executive offices)
(904) 438-6000

32204
(Zip Code)

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) YES NO

As of July 31, 2012, 294,611,280 shares of the Registrant's Common Stock were outstanding.

FORM 10-Q
 QUARTERLY REPORT
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Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In millions, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	June 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$533.8	\$415.5
Settlement deposits	19.5	43.9
Trade receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$37.2 and \$33.1 as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively	892.9	858.5
Settlement receivables	107.7	78.1
Other receivables	39.8	40.1
Due from related parties	59.4	56.9
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	135.6	117.1
Deferred income taxes	58.1	72.6
Assets held for sale	310.8	—
Total current assets	2,157.6	1,682.7
Property and equipment, net	421.8	414.5
Goodwill	8,368.8	8,542.8
Intangible assets, net	1,695.2	1,903.3
Computer software, net	859.1	881.5
Deferred contract costs, net	226.8	232.7
Other noncurrent assets	213.7	190.8
Total assets	\$13,943.0	\$13,848.3
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$554.6	\$641.5
Due to Brazilian venture partner	18.7	36.5
Settlement payables	138.9	141.2
Current portion of long-term debt	127.9	259.2
Deferred revenues	272.2	276.5
Liabilities held for sale	9.0	—
Total current liabilities	1,121.3	1,354.9
Deferred revenues	46.1	55.9
Deferred income taxes	863.5	872.5
Long-term debt, excluding current portion	4,735.6	4,550.6
Due to Brazilian venture partner	39.5	50.6
Other long-term liabilities	331.9	312.6
Total liabilities	7,137.9	7,197.1
Equity:		
FIS stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 200 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011	—	—

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Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 600 shares authorized, 384.6 shares issued as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011	3.8	3.8
Additional paid in capital	7,205.6	7,224.7
Retained earnings	2,000.4	1,880.4
Accumulated other comprehensive earnings	20.1	36.3
Treasury stock, \$0.01 par value, 89.3 and 91.7 shares as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, at cost	(2,567.8	) (2,642.2
Total FIS stockholders' equity	6,662.1	6,503.0
Noncontrolling interest	143.0	148.2
Total equity	6,805.1	6,651.2
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 13,943.0	\$ 13,848.3

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings

(In millions, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Processing and services revenues (for related party activity, see note 2)	\$1,457.2	\$1,413.3	\$2,870.6	\$2,766.1
Cost of revenues	981.1	989.4	1,970.6	1,965.7
Gross profit	476.1	423.9	900.0	800.4
Selling, general, and administrative expenses (for related party activity, see note 2)	193.4	169.3	394.8	336.1
Operating income	282.7	254.6	505.2	464.3
Other income (expense):				
Interest expense, net	(56.6	) (65.8	(116.0	) (133.8
Other income (expense), net	(1.8	) (0.2	(22.7	) 3.1
Total other income (expense), net	(58.4	) (66.0	(138.7	) (130.7
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes	224.3	188.6	366.5	333.6
Provision for income taxes	65.3	60.2	113.0	110.9
Earnings from continuing operations, net of tax	159.0	128.4	253.5	222.7
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	(5.2	) (3.1	(9.6	) (3.8
Net earnings	153.8	125.3	243.9	218.9
Net (earnings) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(3.2	) (1.8	(6.2	) (2.6
Net earnings attributable to FIS	\$150.6	\$123.5	\$237.7	\$216.3
Net earnings per share — basic from continuing operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$0.53	\$0.42	\$0.85	\$0.73
Net earnings (loss) per share — basic from discontinued operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	(0.02	) (0.01	(0.03	) (0.01
Net earnings per share — basic attributable to FIS common stockholders *	\$0.51	\$0.41	\$0.82	\$0.71
Weighted average shares outstanding — basic	292.7	303.6	291.2	302.6
Net earnings per share — diluted from continuing operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$0.52	\$0.41	\$0.83	\$0.71
Net earnings (loss) per share — diluted from discontinued operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	(0.02	) (0.01	(0.03	) (0.01
Net earnings per share — diluted attributable to FIS common stockholders *	\$0.50	\$0.40	\$0.80	\$0.70
Weighted average shares outstanding — diluted	298.3	310.9	296.8	309.8
Cash dividends paid per share	\$0.20	\$0.05	\$0.40	\$0.10
Amounts attributable to FIS common stockholders:				
Earnings from continuing operations, net of tax	\$155.8	\$126.6	\$247.3	\$220.1
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	(5.2	) (3.1	(9.6	) (3.8
Net earnings attributable to FIS	\$150.6	\$123.5	\$237.7	\$216.3

* Amounts may not sum due to rounding.

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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FIDELITY NATIONAL INFORMATION SERVICES, INC.
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Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Earnings
(In millions, except per share data)
(Unaudited)

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Net earnings	\$153.8	\$125.3	\$243.9	\$218.9
Other comprehensive earnings, before tax:				
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments and derivatives	\$(6.1)	\$(2.6)	\$2.2	\$(10.8)
Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net earnings	—	—	—	(3.1)
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments and derivatives, net	(6.1)	(2.6)	2.2	(13.9)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(52.0)	22.3	(27.6)	49.2
Other comprehensive earnings, before tax	(58.1)	19.7	(25.4)	35.3
Provision for income tax expense (benefit) related to items of other comprehensive earnings	(4.2)	(0.9)	(0.4)	(4.9)
Other comprehensive earnings (loss), net of tax	\$(53.9)	\$20.6	\$(25.0)	\$40.2
Comprehensive earnings	99.9	145.9	218.9	259.1
Comprehensive (earnings) losses attributable to noncontrolling interest	7.8	(6.7)	2.6	(9.9)
Comprehensive earnings attributable to FIS	\$107.7	\$139.2	\$221.5	\$249.2

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AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Equity

Six months ended June 30, 2012

(In millions, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Amount FIS Stockholders				Accumulated				
	Number of shares Common	Treasury shares	Common stock	paid in capital	Retained earnings	comprehensive earnings	Treasury stock	Noncontrolling interest	Total equity
Balances, December 31, 2011	384.6	(91.7)	\$3.8	\$7,224.7	\$1,880.4	\$ 36.3	\$(2,642.2)	\$ 148.2	\$6,651.2
Exercise of stock options and stock purchase right	—	7.8	—	(72.5)	—	—	231.2	—	158.7
Treasury shares held for taxes due upon exercise of stock options	—	(0.2)	—	—	—	—	(5.8)	—	(5.8)
Excess income tax benefit from exercise of stock options	—	—	—	10.3	—	—	—	—	10.3
Stock-based compensation	—	—	—	43.1	—	—	—	—	43.1
Cash dividends paid (\$0.20 per share per quarter) and other distributions	—	—	—	—	(117.7)	—	—	(2.6)	(120.3)
Purchases of treasury stock	—	(5.2)	—	—	—	—	(151.0)	—	(151.0)
Net earnings	—	—	—	—	237.7	—	—	6.2	243.9
Other comprehensive earnings	—	—	—	—	—	(16.2)	—	(8.8)	(25.0)
Balances, June 30, 2012	384.6	(89.3)	\$3.8	\$7,205.6	\$2,000.4	\$ 20.1	\$(2,567.8)	\$ 143.0	\$6,805.1

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(In millions)

(Unaudited)

	Six months ended	
	June 30,	
	2012	2011
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net earnings	\$243.9	\$218.9
Adjustment to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	317.2	310.0
Amortization of debt issue costs	24.6	7.1
Stock-based compensation	42.9	31.1
Deferred income taxes	5.8	1.9
Excess income tax benefit from exercise of stock options	(10.3)	(6.9)
Other operating activities, net	—	(4.5)
Net changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions and foreign currency:		
Trade receivables	(55.6)	12.5
Settlement activity	(7.5)	68.6
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(16.7)	(18.3)
Deferred contract costs	(34.9)	(28.7)
Deferred revenue	(21.0)	(17.9)
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities, and other liabilities	(25.7)	(50.3)
Net cash provided by operating activities	462.7	523.5
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Additions to property and equipment	(66.6)	(50.3)
Additions to computer software	(89.1)	(89.3)
Net proceeds from sale of assets	—	5.9
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(41.7)	(12.7)
Net cash used in investing activities	(197.4)	(146.4)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Borrowings	7,483.3	5,160.9
Repayment of borrowings	(7,430.8)	(5,500.9)
Debt issuance costs	(47.5)	—
Excess income tax benefit from exercise of stock options	10.3	6.9
Proceeds from exercise of stock options, net of tax withholding	152.9	66.4
Treasury stock purchases	(186.0)	—
Dividends paid	(117.7)	(32.1)
Other financing activities, net	(4.7)	1.4
Net cash used in financing activities	(140.2)	(297.4)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash	(6.8)	9.6
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	118.3	89.3
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	415.5	338.0
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$533.8	\$427.3

Supplemental cash flow information:

Cash paid for interest	\$97.8	\$128.4
Cash paid for income taxes	\$87.3	\$96.2

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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FIDELITY NATIONAL INFORMATION SERVICES, INC.
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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Unless stated otherwise or the context otherwise requires, all references to "FIS," "we," the "Company" or the "registrant" are to Fidelity National Information Services, Inc., a Georgia corporation, and its subsidiaries; all references to "Metavante" are to Metavante Technologies, Inc., and its subsidiaries, as acquired by FIS on October 1, 2009; and all references to "Capco" are to The Capital Markets Company N.V., as acquired by FIS on December 2, 2010.

(1) Basis of Presentation

The unaudited financial information included in this report includes the accounts of FIS and its subsidiaries prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. All adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. This report should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011. The preparation of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Certain reclassifications have been made in the 2011 Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) to conform to the classifications used in 2012. We report the results of our operations in four reporting segments: 1) Financial Solutions Group ("FSG"), 2) Payment Solutions Group ("PSG"), 3) International Solutions Group ("ISG") and 4) Corporate and Other (Note 11).

(2) Related Party Transactions

We are party to certain related party agreements described below.

Revenues and Expenses

A detail of related party items included in revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 is as follows (in millions):

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Banco Bradesco Brazilian Venture revenue	\$67.2	\$75.1	\$142.6	\$141.6
Banco Bradesco item processing revenue	—	—	—	1.2
FNF data processing services revenue	8.5	12.7	20.5	24.4
Ceridian data processing and services revenue	28.1	13.1	46.7	27.0
Total related party revenues	\$103.8	\$100.9	\$209.8	\$194.2

A detail of related party items included in selling, general and administrative expenses (net of expense reimbursements) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 is as follows (in millions):

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Administrative corporate support and other services with FNF	\$1.1	\$1.1	\$2.1	\$2.3
Employee benefits services with Ceridian	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.1
Total related party expenses	\$1.4	\$1.2	\$2.6	\$2.4

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Brazilian Venture

The Company operates a venture ("Brazilian Venture") with Banco Bradesco S.A. ("Banco Bradesco") in which we own a 51% controlling interest, to provide comprehensive, fully outsourced card processing services to Brazilian card issuers, including Banco Bradesco. The Brazilian Venture currently processes approximately 50.0 million cards for clients in Brazil and provides call center, cardholder support and collection services for their card portfolios.

FNF

We provide data processing services to Fidelity National Financial, Inc. ("FNF"), our former parent, consisting primarily of infrastructure support and data center management. The Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors of FIS is currently the Chairman of the Board of Directors of FNF. Our agreement with FNF runs through September 30, 2013, with an option to renew for one or two additional years, subject to certain early termination provisions (including the payment of minimum monthly service and termination fees). We also incur expenses for amounts paid by us to FNF under cost-sharing agreements to use certain corporate aircraft.

Ceridian

We provide data processing services to Ceridian Corporation ("Ceridian") and Ceridian provides us with outsourced employee benefits services. FNF holds an approximate 33% equity interest in Ceridian.

We believe the amounts earned from or charged by us under each of the foregoing arrangements are fair and reasonable. We believe our service arrangements are priced within the range of prices we offer to third parties. However, the amounts we earned or that were charged under these arrangements were not negotiated at arm's-length, and may not represent the terms that we might have obtained from an unrelated third party.

(3) Unaudited Net Earnings per Share

The basic weighted average shares and common stock equivalents for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 are computed using the treasury stock method.

The following table summarizes the earnings per share attributable to FIS common stockholders for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 (in millions, except per share amounts):

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	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Earnings from continuing operations attributable to FIS, net of tax	\$155.8	\$126.6	\$247.3	\$220.1
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to FIS, net of tax	(5.2)	(3.1)	(9.6)	(3.8)
Net earnings attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$150.6	\$123.5	\$237.7	\$216.3
Weighted average shares outstanding — basic	292.7	303.6	291.2	302.6
Plus: Common stock equivalent shares	5.6	7.3	5.6	7.2
Weighted average shares outstanding — diluted	298.3	310.9	296.8	309.8
Net earnings per share — basic from continuing operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$0.53	\$0.42	\$0.85	\$0.73
Net earnings (loss) per share — basic from discontinued operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.01)
Net earnings per share — basic attributable to FIS common stockholders *	\$0.51	\$0.41	\$0.82	\$0.71
Net earnings per share — diluted from continuing operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$0.52	\$0.41	\$0.83	\$0.71
Net earnings (loss) per share — diluted from discontinued operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.01)
Net earnings per share — diluted attributable to FIS common stockholders *	\$0.50	\$0.40	\$0.80	\$0.70

* amounts may not sum due to rounding.

Options to purchase approximately 0.4 million and 4.9 million shares of our common stock for the three months and 3.4 million and 5.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because they were anti-dilutive.

(4) Discontinued Operations

Healthcare Benefit Solutions Business

On June 25, 2012, we entered into a definitive agreement to sell our Healthcare Benefit Solutions Business ("Healthcare Business") for \$335.0 million because its operations do not align with our strategic plans. The all-cash transaction is expected to close by the end of the third quarter of 2012, subject to customary closing conditions. Accordingly, we have classified the assets (consisting principally of intangible assets and software) and liabilities of the Healthcare Business as held for sale as of June 30, 2012. The results of operations of the Healthcare Business, which were previously included in the PSG segment, have been classified as discontinued operations for all periods presented. FIS anticipates that it will incur an after-tax loss of approximately \$55 million, or \$0.19 per share, upon completion of the sale in the third quarter, which will also be included in discontinued operations. The Healthcare Business had revenues of \$31.7 million and \$28.4 million during the three months and \$65.2 million and \$59.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The Healthcare Business had earnings before taxes of \$6.7 million and \$4.3 million during the three months and \$13.7 million and \$8.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The Company entered into an agreement to provide certain

commercial and transitional services to the buyer and expects to continue to generate insignificant cash flows for the provision of these services subsequent to the disposition.

Brazil Item Processing and Remittance Services Operations

As previously disclosed, during the third quarter 2010, the Company decided to pursue strategic alternatives for Fidelity National Participacoes Ltda. (“Participacoes”). There were no revenues for the 2012 periods and revenues of \$2.0 million and \$11.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively. Participacoes had losses before taxes of \$14.3 million and \$9.0 million during the three months and \$27.3 million and \$13.8 million during the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The operating results of Participacoes are classified as discontinued operations for all periods

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

presented. Participacoos' processing volume was transitioned to other vendors or back to its customers during the second quarter of 2011. As a result of the dismissal of employees related to the shut-down activities completed in 2011, the three months and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 included charges of \$12.7 million and \$6.6 million and \$24.4 million and \$16.6 million, respectively, to increase our accrual for potential labor claims. The shut-down activities involved the transfer and termination of approximately 2,600 employees. As of June 30, 2012 there are approximately 1,800 active claims. Former employees have up to two years from the date of termination to file labor claims. Consequently, we expect to have continued exposure to such claims, which were not transferred with other assets and liabilities in the disposal. Our accrued liability for active and unasserted labor claims is \$40.2 million as of June 30, 2012. Any changes in the estimated liability related to these labor claims will also be recorded as discontinued operations.

(5) Condensed Consolidated Financial Statement Details

The following tables show the Company's condensed consolidated financial statement details as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 (in millions):

	June 30, 2012			December 31, 2011		
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation and amortization	Net	Cost	Accumulated depreciation and amortization	Net
Property and equipment	\$932.6	\$510.8	\$421.8	\$882.7	\$468.2	\$414.5
Intangible assets	\$2,953.7	\$1,258.5	\$1,695.2	\$3,053.4	\$1,150.1	\$1,903.3
Computer software	\$1,496.4	\$637.3	\$859.1	\$1,517.0	\$635.5	\$881.5

The Company entered into capital lease obligations of \$1.8 million and \$31.4 million during the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively for certain computer hardware and software. The assets are included in property and equipment and computer software and the remaining capital lease obligation is classified as long-term debt on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet (Unaudited) as of June 30, 2012. Periodic payments are included in repayment of borrowings on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited).

(6) Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 consisted of the following (in millions):

	June 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
Term Loan A-2, secured (1)	\$250.0	\$2,088.6
Term Loan A-3, secured, quarterly principal amortization (2)	2,073.8	—
New Term Loan B, secured	—	1,250.0
Senior Notes due 2017, unsecured, interest payable semi-annually at 7.625%	750.0	750.0
Senior Notes due 2020, unsecured, interest payable semi-annually at 7.875%	500.0	500.0
Senior Notes due 2022, unsecured, interest payable semi-annually at 5.000%	700.0	—
Revolving Loan, secured (3)	548.0	175.0
Other	41.7	46.2
	4,863.5	4,809.8
Current portion	(127.9) (259.2

Long-term debt, excluding current portion	\$4,735.6	\$4,550.6
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Interest on the Term Loan A-2 is generally payable at LIBOR plus an applicable margin of up to 2.50% based upon (1) the Company's leverage ratio, as defined in the FIS Credit Agreement. As of June 30, 2012, the weighted average interest rate on the Term Loan A-2 was 2.49%.

Interest on the Term Loan A-3 is generally payable at LIBOR plus an applicable margin of up to 2.25% based upon (2) the Company's corporate credit ratings and the ratings on the FIS Credit Agreement. As of June 30, 2012, the weighted average interest rate on the Term Loan A-3 was 2.24%.

Interest on the Revolving Loan is generally payable at LIBOR plus an applicable margin of up to 2.25% plus an unused commitment fee of up to 0.35%, each based upon the Company's corporate credit ratings and the ratings on (3) the FIS Credit Agreement. As of June 30, 2012, the applicable margin on the Revolving Loan, excluding facility fees and unused commitment fees, was 2.00%.

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On March 30, 2012, FIS amended and restated its syndicated credit agreement (the "FIS Credit Agreement"). The FIS Credit Agreement, as of June 30, 2012, provides total committed capital of \$3,473.8 million comprised of: (1) a revolving credit facility in an aggregate maximum principal amount of \$1,150.0 million maturing on March 30, 2017 (the "Revolving Loan"); and (2) an aggregate of \$2,323.8 million of term loans consisting of \$250.0 million maturing on July 18, 2014 (the "Term Loan A-2") and \$2,073.8 million maturing on March 30, 2017 (the "Term Loan A-3" and together with the Term Loan A-2 the "Term Loans"). As of June 30, 2012, the outstanding principal balance of the Revolving Loan was \$548.0 million, with \$601.2 million of borrowing capacity remaining thereunder (net of \$0.8 million in outstanding letters of credit issued under the Revolving Loan). During the second quarter 2012, FIS repaid the remaining balance of \$200.0 million term loan maturing on July 18, 2016 (the "New Term Loan B").

The obligations under the FIS Credit Agreement are guaranteed by substantially all of the domestic subsidiaries of FIS and are secured by a pledge of the equity interests issued by substantially all of the domestic subsidiaries of FIS and a pledge of 65% of the equity interests issued by certain foreign subsidiaries of FIS.

On December 19, 2011, FIS entered into a supplemental indenture whereby FIS issued an additional \$150.0 million of our 7.625% Senior Notes due July 16, 2017 (the "Additional 2017 Notes") that have the same terms as the existing Senior Notes due in 2017 (the "2017 Notes").

On March 19, 2012, FIS completed an offering of \$700.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.000% Senior Notes due 2022 (the "2022 Notes" and together with the 2017 Notes, the Additional 2017 Notes and the 2020 Notes, the "Notes"). FIS issued the 2022 Notes under an indenture dated as of March 19, 2012 among FIS, FIS' domestic subsidiaries that guaranteed its amended credit facility (the "Guarantors") and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee.

The Additional 2017 Notes and the 2022 Notes were offered and sold in the United States to qualified institutional buyers in reliance on Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and outside the United States to non-U.S. persons in reliance on Regulation S under the Securities Act. Pursuant to the Company's obligations under registration rights agreements entered into in connection with the issuance of the Additional 2017 Notes and the 2022 Notes, the Company commenced an exchange offer in the third quarter of 2012 to exchange them for registered notes that contain the same terms and conditions without transfer restrictions. The Company expects that the exchange offer will be completed in August 2012.

The Notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by each of the Guarantors. The Notes and the related guarantees are general senior unsecured obligations of FIS and the Guarantors and (1) rank equally in right of payment with all of FIS' and the Guarantors' existing and future senior debt, (2) are effectively junior to all of FIS' and the Guarantors' existing and future secured debt to the extent of the value of the assets securing that secured debt, (3) are effectively junior to all existing and future debt and liabilities of FIS' non-guarantor subsidiaries and (4) rank senior in right of payment to all of FIS' future debt, if any, that is by its terms expressly subordinated to the Notes.

The following table summarizes the mandatory annual principal payments pursuant to the FIS Credit Agreement and the Notes' indentures as of June 30, 2012 (in millions). There are no mandatory principal payments on the Revolving Loan and any balance outstanding on the Revolving Loan will be due and payable at its scheduled maturity date:

Term Loan	Term Loan	2017	2020	2022
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	A-2	A-3	Notes	Notes	Notes	Total
2012	\$—	\$52.6	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$52.6
2013	—	144.4	—	—	—	144.4
2014	250.0	196.9	—	—	—	446.9
2015	—	288.8	—	—	—	288.8
2016	—	393.8	—	—	—	393.8
Thereafter	—	997.3	750.0	500.0	700.0	2,947.3
Total	\$250.0	\$2,073.8	\$750.0	\$500.0	\$700.0	\$4,273.8

Our Notes are held by a number of institutional investors. As of June 30, 2012, \$48.8 million of Notes were held by FNF.

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We monitor the financial stability of our counterparties on an ongoing basis. The lender commitments under the undrawn portions of the Revolving Loan are comprised of a diversified set of financial institutions, both domestic and international. The combined commitments of our top 10 revolving lenders comprise about 66% of our Revolving Loan. The failure of any single lender to perform its obligations under the Revolving Loan would not adversely impact our ability to fund operations. If the single largest lender were to default under the terms of the FIS Credit Agreement (impacting the capacity of the Revolving Loan), the maximum loss of available capacity on the undrawn portion of the Revolving Loan, as of June 30, 2012, would be approximately \$53.6 million.

In connection with the March 2012 refinancing and bond offering, we wrote off certain previously capitalized debt issuance costs and transaction expenses totaling \$18.4 million and capitalized \$29.3 million of other costs. Debt issuance costs of \$56.8 million, net of accumulated amortization, remain capitalized as of June 30, 2012, related to all of the above outstanding debt.

The fair value of the Company's long-term debt is estimated to be approximately \$113.7 million higher than the carrying value as of June 30, 2012. This estimate is based on quoted prices of our Notes and trades of our other debt in close proximity to June 30, 2012, which are considered Level 2-type measurements. This estimate is subjective in nature and involves uncertainties and significant judgment in the interpretation of current market data. Therefore, the values presented are not necessarily indicative of amounts the Company could realize or settle currently.

As of June 30, 2012, we have entered into the following interest rate swap transactions converting a portion of the interest rate exposure on our Term Loans and Revolving Loan from variable to fixed (in millions):

Effective date	Termination date	Notional amount	Bank pays variable rate of	FIS pays fixed rate of
November 1, 2010	November 1, 2012	\$ 150.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.50 % ⁽²⁾
February 1, 2011	February 1, 2013	200.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.62 % ⁽²⁾
May 3, 2011	May 1, 2013	400.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.73 % ⁽²⁾
September 1, 2011	September 1, 2014	150.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.74 % ⁽²⁾
September 1, 2011	September 1, 2014	150.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.74 % ⁽²⁾
September 1, 2011	September 1, 2014	300.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.72 % ⁽²⁾
July 1, 2012	July 1, 2015	300.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.58 % ⁽²⁾
		\$1,650.0		

(1) 0.25% in effect as of June 30, 2012.

(2) Does not include the applicable margin and facility fees paid to lenders on the Term Loans and Revolving Loan as described above.

We have designated these interest rate swaps as cash flow hedges and, as such, they are carried on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited) at fair value with changes in fair value included in other comprehensive earnings, net of tax.

A summary of the fair value of the Company's derivative instruments as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 is as follows (in millions):

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	June 30, 2012		December 31, 2011	
	Balance sheet location	Fair value	Balance sheet location	Fair value
Interest rate swap contracts	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$2.2	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$3.4
Interest rate swap contracts	Other long-term liabilities	5.4	Other long-term liabilities	4.0
Total derivatives designated as hedging instruments		\$7.6		\$7.4

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In accordance with the authoritative guidance for fair value measurements, the inputs used to determine the estimated fair value of our interest rate swaps are Level 2-type measurements. We considered our own credit risk and the credit risk of the counterparties when determining the fair value of our interest rate swaps. Adjustments are made to these amounts and to accumulated other comprehensive earnings ("AOCE") within the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity (Unaudited) and the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Earnings (Unaudited) as the factors that impact fair value change, including current and projected interest rates, time to maturity and required cash transfers/settlements with our counterparties. Periodic actual and estimated settlements with counterparties are recorded to interest expense as a yield adjustment to effectively fix the otherwise variable rate interest expense associated with the Term Loans and Revolving Loan.

A summary of the effect of derivative instruments on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Earnings (Unaudited) and recognized in AOCE for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 is as follows (in millions):

	Amount of loss recognized in AOCE on derivatives		Location of loss reclassified from AOCE into income	Amount of loss reclassified from AOCE into income	
	Three months ended June 30, 2012	2011		Three months ended June 30, 2012	2011
Derivatives in cash flow hedging relationships					
Interest rate swap contracts	\$(2.8	) \$(6.8	Interest expense	\$(1.5	) \$(4.8
	Amount of loss recognized in AOCE on derivatives		Location of loss reclassified from AOCE into income	Amount of loss reclassified from AOCE into income	
	Six months ended June 30, 2012	2011		Six months ended June 30, 2012	2011
Derivatives in cash flow hedging relationships					
Interest rate swap contracts	\$(4.6	) \$(8.4	Interest expense	\$(4.1	) \$(11.3

Approximately \$3.3 million of the balance in AOCE as of June 30, 2012 is expected to be reclassified into income over the next twelve months.

Our existing cash flow hedges are highly effective and there was no impact on earnings due to hedge ineffectiveness. It is our practice to execute such instruments with credit-worthy banks at the time of execution and not to enter into derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. As of June 30, 2012, we believe that our interest rate swap counterparties will be able to fulfill their obligations under our agreements and we believe we will have debt outstanding through the various expiration dates of the swaps such that the forecasted transactions remain probable of occurring.

(7) Supplemental Guarantor Financial Information

The following supplemental financial information sets forth for FIS and its guarantor and non-guarantor subsidiaries: (a) the Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011; (b) the Condensed Consolidating Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Earnings for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012

and 2011; and (c) the Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

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	June 30, 2012				
	FIS	Guarantor	Non-guarantor	Eliminations	Consolidated
	(in millions)				
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16.9	\$ 192.0	\$ 324.9	\$—	\$ 533.8
Settlement deposits	—	18.9	0.6	—	19.5
Trade receivables, net	—	687.7	205.2	—	892.9
Investment in subsidiaries, intercompany and receivables from related parties	9,758.4	8,642.0	998.9	(19,339.9)	59.4
Other current assets	14.2	572.0	65.8	—	652.0
Total current assets	9,789.5	10,112.6	1,595.4	(19,339.9)	2,157.6
Property and equipment, net	3.1	347.0	71.7	—	421.8
Goodwill	—	7,203.7	1,165.1	—	8,368.8
Intangible assets, net	—	1,300.6	394.6	—	1,695.2
Computer software, net	37.9	655.5	165.7	—	859.1
Other noncurrent assets	93.6	239.9	107.0	—	440.5
Total assets	\$9,924.1	\$ 19,859.3	\$ 3,499.5	\$(19,339.9)	\$ 13,943.0
Liabilities and Equity					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 151.0	\$ 191.0	\$ 212.6	\$—	\$ 554.6
Settlement payables	—	130.1	8.8	—	138.9
Current portion of long-term debt	118.1	9.5	0.3	—	127.9
Deferred revenues	—	188.0	84.2	—	272.2
Other current liabilities	—	9.0	18.7	—	27.7
Total current liabilities	269.1	527.6	324.6	—	1,121.3
Deferred income taxes	—	865.2	(1.7)	—	863.5
Long-term debt, excluding current portion	4,725.1	10.3	0.2	—	4,735.6
Other long-term liabilities	24.5	103.0	290.0	—	417.5
Total liabilities	5,018.7	1,506.1	613.1	—	7,137.9
Total equity	4,905.4	18,353.2	2,886.4	(19,339.9)	6,805.1
Total liabilities and equity	\$9,924.1	\$ 19,859.3	\$ 3,499.5	\$(19,339.9)	\$ 13,943.0
December 31, 2011					
	FIS	Guarantor	Non-guarantor	Eliminations	Consolidated
	(in millions)				
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19.4	\$ 163.3	\$ 232.8	\$—	\$ 415.5
Settlement deposits	—	43.9	—	—	43.9
Trade receivables, net	—	689.5	169.0	—	858.5
Investment in subsidiaries, intercompany and receivables from related parties	9,564.7	8,133.7	1,089.0	(18,730.5)	56.9
Other current assets	11.9	231.7	64.3	—	307.9

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Total current assets	9,596.0	9,262.1	1,555.1	(18,730.5)	1,682.7
Property and equipment, net	1.4	347.7	65.4	—	414.5
Goodwill	—	7,398.5	1,144.3	—	8,542.8
Intangible assets, net	—	1,471.2	432.1	—	1,903.3
Computer software, net	32.7	673.9	174.9	—	881.5
Other noncurrent assets	77.6	230.5	115.4	—	423.5
Total assets	\$9,707.7	\$19,383.9	\$ 3,487.2	\$(18,730.5)	\$13,848.3
Liabilities and Equity					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$152.0	\$256.9	\$ 232.6	\$—	\$641.5
Settlement payables	—	136.0	5.2	—	141.2
Current portion of long-term debt	248.4	10.5	0.3	—	259.2
Deferred revenues	—	205.8	70.7	—	276.5
Other current liabilities	—	—	36.5	—	36.5
Total current liabilities	400.4	609.2	345.3	—	1,354.9
Deferred income taxes	—	871.4	1.1	—	872.5
Long-term debt, excluding current portion	4,537.3	13.2	0.1	—	4,550.6
Other long-term liabilities	19.0	111.6	288.5	—	419.1
Total liabilities	4,956.7	1,605.4	635.0	—	7,197.1
Total equity	4,751.0	17,778.5	2,852.2	(18,730.5)	6,651.2
Total liabilities and equity	\$9,707.7	\$19,383.9	\$ 3,487.2	\$(18,730.5)	\$13,848.3

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	Three months ended June 30, 2012				
	FIS (in millions)	Guarantor subsidiaries	Non-guarantor subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Processing and services revenues	\$—	\$1,145.5	\$ 311.7	\$—	\$1,457.2
Operating expenses	39.1	858.4	277.0	—	1,174.5
Operating income	(39.1)	) 287.1	34.7	—	282.7
Other income (expense):					
Interest expense, net	(55.2)	) (0.5)	) (0.9)	) —	(56.6)
Other income (expense)	(1.3)	) 2.9	(3.4)	) —	(1.8)
Net earnings (loss) of equity affiliates	227.7	—	—	(227.7)) —
Total other income (expense)	171.2	2.4	(4.3)	) (227.7)	) (58.4)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	132.1	289.5	30.4	(227.7)	) 224.3
Provision for income taxes	(26.9)	) 81.5	10.7	—	65.3
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	159.0	208.0	19.7	(227.7)	) 159.0
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	(5.2)	) 4.2	(9.4)	) 5.2	(5.2)
Net earnings (loss)	153.8	212.2	10.3	(222.5)	) 153.8
Net (earnings) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(3.2)	) —	(3.2)	) 3.2	(3.2)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$150.6	\$212.2	\$ 7.1	\$ (219.3)	) \$150.6
Comprehensive earnings (loss) attributable to FIS	\$107.7	\$212.1	\$ (27.4)	) \$ (184.7)	) \$107.7

	Three months ended June 30, 2011				
	FIS (in millions)	Guarantor subsidiaries	Non-guarantor subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Processing and services revenues	\$—	\$1,089.9	\$ 323.4	\$—	\$1,413.3
Operating expenses	35.0	822.7	301.0	—	1,158.7
Operating income	(35.0)	) 267.2	22.4	—	254.6
Other income (expense):					
Interest expense, net	(60.6)	) (0.1)	) (5.1)	) —	(65.8)
Other income (expense)	0.8	(0.5)	) (0.5)	) —	(0.2)
Net earnings (loss) of equity affiliates	189.9	—	—	(189.9)) —
Total other income (expense)	130.1	(0.6)	) (5.6)	) (189.9)	) (66.0)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	95.1	266.6	16.8	(189.9)	) 188.6
Provision for income taxes	(33.3)	) 93.5	—	—	60.2
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	128.4	173.1	16.8	(189.9)) 128.4
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	(3.1)) 2.7	(5.8)) 3.1	(3.1)

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Net earnings (loss)	125.3	175.8	11.0	(186.8) 125.3	
Net (earnings) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(1.8) 0.3	(2.1) 1.8	(1.8)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$123.5	\$176.1	\$ 8.9	\$(185.0	) \$123.5
Comprehensive earnings (loss) attributable to FIS	\$139.2	\$174.4	\$ 33.1	\$(207.5) \$139.2	

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	Six months ended June 30, 2012				
	FIS (in millions)	Guarantor subsidiaries	Non-guarantor subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Processing and services revenues	\$—	\$2,266.0	\$ 604.6	\$—	\$2,870.6
Operating expenses	103.6	1,725.3	536.5	—	2,365.4
Operating income	(103.6	) 540.7	68.1	—	505.2
Other income (expense):					
Interest expense, net	(113.3	) (0.5	) (2.2	) —	(116.0
Other income (expense)	(17.7	) (1.0	) (4.0	) —	(22.7
Net earnings (loss) of equity affiliates	414.8	—	—	(414.8) —
Total other income (expense)	283.8	(1.5	) (6.2	) (414.8	) (138.7
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	180.2	539.2	61.9	(414.8	) 366.5
Provision for income taxes	(73.3	) 164.5	21.8	—	113.0
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	253.5	374.7	40.1	(414.8	) 253.5
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	(9.6	) 8.5	(18.1	) 9.6	(9.6
Net earnings (loss)	243.9	383.2	22.0	(405.2	) 243.9
Net (earnings) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(6.2	) 0.4	(6.6	) 6.2	(6.2
Net earnings (loss) attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$237.7	\$383.6	\$ 15.4	\$(399.0	) \$237.7
Comprehensive earnings (loss) attributable to FIS	\$221.5	\$384.6	\$ 7.9	\$(392.5	) \$221.5

	Six months ended June 30, 2011				
	FIS (in millions)	Guarantor subsidiaries	Non-guarantor subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Processing and services revenues	\$—	\$2,142.8	\$ 623.3	\$—	\$2,766.1
Operating expenses	80.3	1,633.0	588.5	—	2,301.8
Operating income	(80.3	) 509.8	34.8	—	464.3
Other income (expense):					
Interest expense, net	(125.3	) (0.1	) (8.4	) —	(133.8
Other income (expense)	—	(1.4	) 4.5	—	3.1
Net earnings (loss) of equity affiliates	352.9	—	—	(352.9) —
Total other income (expense)	227.6	(1.5	) (3.9	) (352.9	) (130.7
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	147.3	508.3	30.9	(352.9	) 333.6
Provision for income taxes	(75.4	) 182.1	4.2	—	110.9
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	222.7	326.2	26.7	(352.9) 222.7
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	(3.8) 5.3	(9.1) 3.8	(3.8

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Net earnings (loss)	218.9	331.5	17.6	(349.1) 218.9	
Net (earnings) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(2.6) 0.4	(3.0) 2.6	(2.6)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$216.3	\$331.9	\$ 14.6	\$(346.5	) \$216.3
Comprehensive earnings (loss) attributable to FIS	\$249.2	\$329.3	\$ 49.9	\$(379.2) \$249.2	

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	Six months ended June 30, 2012				
	FIS	Guarantor subsidiaries	Non-guarantor subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
	(in millions)				
Cash flows from operating activities	\$ (46.6)	\$ 487.2	\$ 22.2	\$ (0.1)	\$ 462.7
Cash flows from investing activities	(10.6)	(132.4)	(54.4)	—	(197.4)
Cash flows from financing activities	54.8	(326.1)	131.0	0.1	(140.2)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rates on cash	—	—	(6.8)	—	(6.8)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	\$ (2.4)	\$ 28.7	\$ 92.0	\$ —	\$ 118.3
	Six months ended June 30, 2011				
	FIS	Guarantor subsidiaries	Non-guarantor subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
	(in millions)				
Cash flows from operating activities	\$ (133.3)	\$ 573.2	\$ 54.5	\$ 29.1	\$ 523.5
Cash flows from investing activities	(4.4)	(102.8)	(39.2)	—	(146.4)
Cash flows from financing activities	140.2	(462.1)	53.6	(29.1)	(297.4)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rates on cash	—	—	9.6	—	9.6
Net increase (decrease) in cash	\$ 2.5	\$ 8.3	\$ 78.5	\$ —	\$ 89.3

(8) Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is involved in various pending and threatened litigation matters related to operations, some of which include claims for punitive or exemplary damages. The Company believes that no actions, other than the matters listed below, depart from customary litigation incidental to its business. As background to the disclosures below, please note the following:

These matters raise difficult and complicated factual and legal issues and are subject to many uncertainties and complexities.

The Company reviews these matters on an on-going basis and follows the authoritative provisions for accounting for contingencies when making accrual and disclosure decisions. A liability must be accrued if (a) it is probable that a liability has been incurred and (b) the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. If one of these criteria has not been met, disclosure is required when there is at least a reasonable possibility that a loss may have been incurred. When assessing reasonably possible and probable outcomes, the Company bases decisions on the assessment of the ultimate outcome following all appeals. Legal fees associated with defending these matters are expensed as incurred.

Searcy, Gladys v. eFunds Corporation

This is a nationwide putative class action that was filed against our subsidiary eFunds Corporation and its affiliate Deposit Payment Protection Services, Inc. in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois during the first quarter of 2008. The complaint seeks damages for an alleged willful violation of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (“FCRA”) in connection with the operation of the Shared Check Authorization Network. Plaintiff’s principal allegation

is that consumers did not receive appropriate disclosures pursuant to §1681g of the FCRA because the disclosures did not include: (i) all information in the consumer's file at the time of the request; (ii) the source of the information in the consumer's file; and/or (iii) the names of any persons who requested information related to the consumer's check writing history during the prior year. Plaintiff filed a motion for class certification, which was granted with respect to two subclasses during the first quarter of 2010. The motion was denied with respect to all other subclasses. The Company filed a motion for reconsideration. The motion was granted and the two subclasses were decertified. The plaintiff also filed motions to amend her complaint to add two additional plaintiffs to the lawsuit. The court granted the motions. During the second quarter of 2010, the Company filed a motion for summary judgment

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as to the original plaintiff and a motion for sanctions against the plaintiff and her counsel based on plaintiff's alleged false statements that were filed in support of the motion for class certification. In the third quarter of 2010, the court denied the motion for summary judgment and granted in part and denied in part the motion for sanctions. The Company filed a motion requesting the court to allow it to file an interlocutory appeal on the order denying the motion for summary judgment. The court granted the motion; however, in the first quarter of 2011, the Seventh Circuit Court of Appeals denied the Company's petition for interlocutory appeal. Discovery regarding the new plaintiffs and other matters has been completed. In the first quarter of 2012, plaintiffs filed a renewed motion for class certification. The parties attended mediation and, in the second quarter of 2012, reached an agreement on the material terms of a settlement. The parties entered into a settlement agreement and received preliminary approval from the Court in the second quarter of 2012. A hearing on final court approval is scheduled for September 25, 2012. The estimated liability recorded based on the terms of the settlement agreement did not have a material effect on the consolidated results of the Company.

CheckFree Corporation and CashEdge, Inc. v. Metavante Corporation and Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. This is a patent infringement action that was filed by CheckFree Corporation and CashEdge, Inc., wholly-owned subsidiaries of Fiserv, Inc., against Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. and our subsidiary, Metavante Corporation (collectively the "Defendants") in the U.S. District Court for the Middle District of Florida, Jacksonville Division on January 5, 2012. The complaint seeks damages, injunctive relief and attorneys' fees for the alleged infringement of three patents. Plaintiffs allege that the Defendants infringe the patents at issue by providing customers financial and payment solutions that process payment instructions, provide electronic biller notifications, and/or process account-to-account funds transfer transactions and have requested financial damages and injunctive relief. Defendants filed their Answer and Counterclaims to Plaintiffs' complaint for patent infringement denying the claims of patent infringement and asserting defenses, including non-infringement and invalidity. Additionally, Defendants filed counterclaims asserting patent infringement of three patents and adding Fiserv, Inc. as a Counter Defendant. Defendants seek damages, injunctive relief and attorneys' fees. Plaintiffs and Counter Defendant Fiserv, Inc., filed their Answer to Defendants' counterclaims denying the claims of patent infringement and asserting defenses, including non-infringement and invalidity. In the second quarter of 2012, the Defendants filed a Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings and a Motion to Stay Discovery. The Court subsequently denied the Motion to Stay Discovery but has not yet ruled on the Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings. On July 9, 2012, the Court entered a Case Management and Scheduling Order. Discovery is ongoing. Due to the early stage of this matter, an estimate of a possible loss or range of loss, if any, for this action cannot be made at this time.

Indemnifications and Warranties

The Company generally indemnifies its customers, subject to certain exceptions, against damages and costs resulting from claims of patent, copyright, or trademark infringement associated with its customers' use of the Company's products or services. Historically, the Company has not made any significant payments under such indemnifications, but continues to monitor the conditions that are subject to the indemnifications to identify whether it is probable that a loss has occurred, and would recognize any such losses when they are estimable. In addition, the Company warrants to customers that its software operates substantially in accordance with the software specifications. Historically, no significant costs have been incurred related to software warranties and no accruals for warranty costs have been made.

(9) Share Repurchase Program

On February 7, 2012, our Board of Directors approved a plan authorizing repurchases of up to \$1.0 billion of our outstanding common stock in the open market, at prevailing market prices or in privately negotiated transactions, through December 31, 2015. In January 2012, we repurchased 3.7 million shares of our common stock for \$101.0 million at an average price of \$27.32 under a previous authorization. The previous authorization was replaced by the February 7, 2012 plan, under which we repurchased 1.5 million shares of our common stock for \$50.0 million at an average price of \$32.92 during April 2012. During July 2012, we repurchased an additional 1.1 million shares of our common stock for \$35.1 million at an average price of \$31.93 per share. Approximately \$914.9 million of plan capacity remained available for repurchases as of July 31, 2012.

(10) Stock Purchase Right

As of the Metavante acquisition date, WPM, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership affiliated with Warburg Pincus Private Equity IX, L.P. (collectively “Warburg Pincus”) owned 25% of the outstanding shares of Metavante common stock, and was a party to a purchase right agreement with Metavante that granted Warburg Pincus the right to purchase additional shares of

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Metavante common stock under certain conditions in order to maintain its relative ownership interest. The Company and Warburg Pincus entered into a replacement stock purchase right agreement effective upon consummation of the merger, granting Warburg Pincus the right to purchase comparable FIS shares in lieu of Metavante shares. The purchase right agreement relates to Metavante employee stock options that were outstanding as of the date of Warburg Pincus' initial investment in Metavante. The stock purchase right may be exercised quarterly for a number of shares equal to one-third of the number of said employee stock options exercised during the preceding quarter, at a price equal to one-third of the aggregate exercise prices for such options. Alternatively, the right may be exercised for a number of shares equal to the difference between (i) one-third of the number of said employee stock options exercised during the preceding quarter and (ii) the quotient of one-third of the aggregate exercise prices of such options exercised divided by the quoted closing price of a common share on the day immediately before exercise of the purchase right, at a price equal to \$0.01 per share ("Net Settlement Feature"). During the year ended December 31, 2011, 0.2 million shares were issued relative to fourth quarter 2010 and first, second and third quarter 2011 activity. During the six months ended June 30, 2012, 0.1 million shares were issued to Warburg Pincus relative to 2011 fourth quarter and 2012 first quarter activity. Warburg Pincus paid a nominal amount for these shares under the Net Settlement Feature of the agreement. As of June 30, 2012, approximately 2.2 million employee stock options remained outstanding that were subject to this purchase right; therefore, the right will permit Warburg Pincus to purchase, at most, an additional 0.7 million shares.

(11) Segment Information

Summarized financial information for the Company's segments is shown in the following tables.

As of and for the three months ended June 30, 2012 (in millions):

	FSG	PSG	ISG	Corporate and Other	Total
Processing and services revenues	\$563.4	\$606.1	\$287.3	\$0.4	\$1,457.2
Operating expenses	390.7	378.5	242.6	162.7	1,174.5
Operating income	\$172.7	\$227.6	\$44.7	\$(162.3)	282.7
Other income (expense) unallocated					(58.4)
Income from continuing operations					\$224.3
Depreciation and amortization	\$42.3	\$22.0	\$18.6	\$72.2	\$155.1
Capital expenditures (1)	\$57.1	\$13.8	\$16.2	\$3.1	\$90.2
Total assets	\$5,303.9	\$4,687.5	\$1,858.8	\$1,779.4	\$13,629.6
Goodwill	\$3,941.1	\$3,831.6	\$596.1	\$—	\$8,368.8

(1) Includes capital leases of \$0.3 million for certain computer hardware and software.

As of and for the three months ended June 30, 2011 (in millions):

	FSG	PSG	ISG	Corporate and Other	Total
Processing and services revenues	\$516.5	\$603.6	\$293.0	\$0.2	\$1,413.3
Operating expenses	347.7	395.0	251.5	164.5	1,158.7
Operating income	\$168.8	\$208.6	\$41.5	\$(164.3)	254.6
Other income (expense) unallocated					(66.0)
Income from continuing operations					\$188.6
Depreciation and amortization	\$39.5	\$21.3	\$19.7	\$71.4	\$151.9

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Capital expenditures (1)	\$68.9	\$11.9	\$14.7	\$2.0	\$97.5
Total assets	\$5,118.0	\$4,869.3	\$1,975.1	\$2,195.6	\$14,158.0
Goodwill	\$3,908.5	\$4,053.7	\$609.1	\$—	\$8,571.3

(1) Includes capital leases of \$20.6 million for certain computer hardware and software.

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For the six months ended June 30, 2012 (in millions):

	FSG	PSG	ISG	Corporate and Other	Total
Processing and services revenues	\$1,102.3	\$1,203.2	\$564.1	\$1.0	\$2,870.6
Operating expenses	762.8	759.4	486.4	356.8	2,365.4
Operating income	\$339.5	\$443.8	\$77.7	\$(355.8)	505.2
Other income (expense) unallocated					(138.7)
Income from continuing operations					\$366.5
Depreciation and amortization	\$83.4	\$43.7	\$37.0	\$144.9	\$309.0
Capital expenditures (1)	\$98.4	\$24.1	\$26.9	\$6.3	\$155.7

(1)Includes capital leases of \$1.8 million for certain computer hardware and software.

For the six months ended June 30, 2011 (in millions):

	FSG	PSG	ISG	Corporate and Other	Total
Processing and services revenues	\$1,020.2	\$1,187.5	\$561.1	\$(2.7)	\$2,766.1
Operating expenses	695.2	790.6	489.1	326.9	2,301.8
Operating income	\$325.0	\$396.9	\$72.0	\$(329.6)	464.3
Other income (expense) unallocated					(130.7)
Income from continuing operations					\$333.6
Depreciation and amortization	\$78.4	\$43.2	\$38.1	\$142.8	\$302.5
Capital expenditures (1)	\$120.6	\$25.1	\$21.8	\$3.5	\$171.0

(1)Includes capital leases of \$31.4 million for certain computer hardware and software.

Customers in Brazil, Germany and the United Kingdom accounted for the majority of the revenues from non-U.S. based customers. Total assets as of June 30, 2012, exclude \$313.4 million related to discontinued operations.

Financial Solutions Group

FSG focuses on serving the processing needs of financial institutions, commercial lenders, finance companies and other businesses in North America. FSG's primary software applications function as the underlying infrastructure of a financial institution's processing environment. These applications include core bank processing software, which banks use to maintain the primary records of their customer accounts, and complementary applications and services that interact directly with the core processing applications. FSG offers applications and services through a range of delivery and service models, including on-site outsourcing and remote processing arrangements, as well as on a licensed software basis for installation on customer-owned and operated systems. With the December 2010 acquisition of Capco, we broadened our capabilities to provide strategic integrated consulting, technology and complex, large-scale transformation services.

Payment Solutions Group

PSG provides a comprehensive set of software and services for EFT, network, card processing, image, bill payment, government and healthcare solutions for North America. PSG is focused on servicing the payment and EFT needs of North American headquartered banks and credit unions and independent community and savings institutions.

International Solutions Group

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ISG offers both financial solutions and payment solutions to a wide array of international financial institutions. Also, this segment includes the Company's consolidated Brazilian Venture (Note 2) and the international operations of Capco. Included in this segment are long-term assets, excluding goodwill and other intangible assets, located outside of the United States totaling \$375.5 million and \$476.2 million as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. These assets are predominantly located in Germany, Brazil, the United Kingdom and India.

Corporate and Other

The Corporate and Other segment consists of the corporate overhead costs that are not allocated to operating segments. Corporate overhead costs relate to human resources, finance, legal, accounting, domestic sales and marketing, merger and acquisition activity and amortization of acquisition-related intangibles and other costs that are not considered when management evaluates segment performance.

The Company recorded compensation charges of \$18.5 million in the first quarter of 2012 for the accelerated vesting of certain stock option and restricted stock grants pursuant to the changes in roles of William P. Foley, II, Vice Chairman, and Brent B. Bickett, Executive Vice President of Corporate Finance, and for a non-compete and change in role cash payment to Mr. Foley. These charges are included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the Corporate and Other segment.

The Company incurred a loss of approximately \$13.0 million during the first quarter of 2011 related to unauthorized activities on our Sunrise card-processing platform, as previously disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011. The loss was recorded in the Corporate and Other segment.

(12) Acquisitions

Integrated Compliance Solutions LLC

In April 2012, the Company completed the acquisition of Integrated Compliance Solutions LLC ("ICS") for \$20.1 million, including cash paid at closing of \$13.4 million and estimated contingent consideration. ICS is a full-service risk management firm that develops, implements, maintains and reviews enterprise risk management and regulatory compliance programs.

Memento Inc.

In April 2012, the Company completed the acquisition of Memento Inc. ("Memento") for \$25.0 million in cash. Memento is a leading provider in enterprise fraud management that delivers next-generation fraud solutions through its enterprise platform that helps protect financial institutions from wide-ranging, costly threats and enables key stakeholders to measure the value of loss prevention investments.

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Unless stated otherwise or the context otherwise requires, all references to “FIS,” “we,” the “Company” or the “registrant” are to Fidelity National Information Services, Inc., a Georgia corporation, and its subsidiaries; all references to “Metavante” are to Metavante Technologies, Inc., and its subsidiaries, as acquired by FIS on October 1, 2009; and all references to “Capco” are to The Capital Markets Company N.V., as acquired by FIS on December 2, 2010.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with Item 1: Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) and the Notes thereto included elsewhere in this report. The discussion below contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the U.S. federal securities laws. Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about our expectations, hopes, intentions, or strategies regarding the future, are forward-looking statements. These statements relate to future events and our future results, and involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements are based on management’s beliefs, as well as assumptions made by, and information currently available to, management. Any statements that refer to beliefs, expectations, projections or other characterizations of future events or circumstances and other statements that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements.

Actual results, performance or achievement could differ materially from those contained in these forward-looking statements. The risks and uncertainties that forward-looking statements are subject to include without limitation: changes and conditions in general economic, business and political conditions, including the possibility of intensified international hostilities, acts of terrorism, and changes and conditions in either or both the United States and international lending, capital and financial markets; the effect of legislative initiatives or proposals, statutory changes, governmental or other applicable regulations and/or changes in industry requirements, including privacy regulations; the adequacy of our cash flow and earnings and other conditions which may affect our ability to pay our quarterly dividend at the planned level; the effects of our leverage which may limit the funds available to make acquisitions and invest in our business, pay dividends and repurchase shares; the risks of reduction in revenue from the elimination of existing and potential customers due to consolidation in or new laws or regulations affecting the banking, retail and financial services industries or due to financial failures or other setbacks suffered by firms in those industries; changes in the growth rates of the markets for core processing, card issuer, and transaction processing services; failures to adapt our services and products to changes in technology or in the marketplace; internal or external security breaches of our systems, including those relating to the theft of personal information and computer viruses affecting our software or platforms, and the reactions of customers, card associations and others to any such events; the reaction of our current and potential customers to the regulatory letter we received about information security, risk management and internal audit following the security breach we experienced in early 2011 and to any future communications about such topics from our regulators or from us; the failure to achieve some or all of the benefits that we expect from acquisitions; our potential inability to find suitable acquisition candidates or finance such acquisitions, which depends upon the availability of adequate cash reserves from operations or of acceptable financing terms and the variability of our stock price, or difficulties in integrating past and future acquired technology or business' operations, services, clients and personnel; competitive pressures on product pricing and services including the ability to attract new, or retain existing, customers; an operational or natural disaster at one of our major operations centers; completion of the sale of our Healthcare Business and reinvestment of the net proceeds; and other risks detailed in the “Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information,” “Risk Factors” and other sections of the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, this Form 10-Q and our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Other unknown or unpredictable factors also could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are inherently subject to uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict. Except as required by applicable law or regulation, we do not undertake (and expressly disclaim) any obligation and do not intend to publicly update or review any of these forward-looking

statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Overview

FIS is a leading global provider dedicated to banking and payments technologies. With a long history deeply rooted in the financial services sector, FIS serves more than 14,000 institutions in over 100 countries. Headquartered in Jacksonville, Florida, FIS employs more than 32,000 people worldwide and holds leadership positions in payment processing and banking solutions, providing software, services and outsourcing of the technology that drives financial institutions. FIS tops the 2011 annual FinTech 100 list, and is a member of the Fortune 500 U.S. and of the Standard and Poor's (S&P) 500® Index. We have four reporting segments: FSG, PSG, ISG and Corporate and Other. A description of these segments is included in Note 11 to the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited). Revenues by segment and the results of operations of our

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segments are discussed below in Segment Results of Operations.
Business Trends and Conditions

Our revenue is derived from a combination of recurring services, professional services and software license fees. Recurring services, which have historically represented more than 80% of our revenue, are provided under multi-year contracts that contribute relative stability to our revenue stream. However, a significant portion of these recurring revenues are derived from transaction processing fees and fluctuate with the level of deposit and card transactions associated with consumer and commercial activity. Sales of software licenses and professional services are less predictable and a portion can be regarded as discretionary spending by our customers. We continually seek opportunities to enhance revenues and to manage our costs and capital expenditures prudently in light of any shifting revenue trends in response to broader economic conditions.

We acquired Capco in December 2010 to broaden our capabilities to provide strategic and business transformation consulting. While Capco has generated increased revenues, the lower profit margin realized for professional services as compared to our other solutions has resulted in profit margin compression. The addition of Capco has also reduced the relative proportion of our recurring revenue stream.

As the payment market continues to evolve from paper-based to electronic, we continue to add new services responsive to this trend. Card transactions continue to increase as a percentage of total point-of-sale payments, which fuels continuing demand for card-related services. In recent years, we have added a variety of stored-value card types, Internet banking, mobile solutions and electronic bill presentment/payment services, as well as a number of card enhancement and loyalty/reward programs. The common goal of these offerings continues to be convenience and security for the consumer coupled with value to the financial institution. The evolution to electronic transactions also intensifies the vulnerability to fraud, increasing the demand for our risk management solutions. At the same time, the use of checks continues to decline as a percentage of total payments, which negatively impacts our check warranty and item-processing businesses.

We compete for both licensing and outsourcing business, and thus are affected by the decisions of financial institutions to utilize our services under an outsourced arrangement or to process in-house under a software license and maintenance agreement. As a provider of outsourcing solutions, we benefit from multi-year recurring revenue streams, which help moderate the effects of year-to-year economic changes on our results of operations. One of the current trends in the financial services industry from which we are benefiting is the migration by our clients to an outsourced model to improve their profitability.

While we are cautious regarding broader economic improvement, we expect banks to continue investing in new technology and believe we are well positioned to capitalize as the overall market continues to recover. We anticipate consolidation within the banking industry to continue, including additional bank failures and increased merger and acquisition activity. As a whole, consolidation activity is detrimental to our business. Consolidation resulting from specific merger and acquisition transactions may be beneficial or detrimental to our business. When consolidations occur, merger partners often operate disparate systems licensed from competing service providers. The newly formed entity generally makes a determination to migrate its core and payments systems to a single platform. When a financial institution processing client is involved in a consolidation, we may benefit by expanding the use of our services if such services are chosen to survive the consolidation and support the newly combined entity. Conversely, we may lose market share if we are providing services to both entities, or we are not the merging parties' provider of core or payment processing, or if a customer of ours is involved in a consolidation and our services are not chosen to survive the consolidation and support the newly combined entity. It is also possible that larger financial institutions resulting from consolidation would have greater leverage in negotiating terms or could decide to perform in-house some or all of the services that we currently provide or could provide. We seek to mitigate the risks of consolidations by offering other competitive services to take advantage of specific opportunities at the surviving company.

The acquisition of M&I Bank by BMO Harris Bank, both of whom are customers of FIS, is a consolidation that will have a financial impact on the Company. During the second quarter, we gained more clarity regarding the M&I Bank system migration plan. Although we do not yet have a new agreement and we expect to continue to have a long-term, substantial relationship with the combined entity, we estimate a decline in annual EBITDA run rate of approximately \$60 million. We expect the 2013 impact to be approximately half that amount as the migration phases in.

The Dodd-Frank Act and associated Durbin Amendment were passed and signed into law in 2010. The Dodd-Frank Act represents a comprehensive overhaul of the financial services industry within the United States, establishes the new federal Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection and will require this and other federal agencies to implement many new regulations. Regulations under the Durbin Amendment, released by the Federal Reserve in June 2011, mandate a cap on debit transaction interchange fees for card issuers with assets greater than \$10.0 billion. This legislated interchange fee cap has the potential to

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alter the type and/or volume of card-based transactions that we process on behalf of our customers. We believe we are competitively positioned to offset or take advantage of any potential shifts in payment transaction volume as we offer multiple payment solutions and options to our clients. We also believe that compliance with the network exclusivity provisions of the Durbin Amendment, which require all debit card issuers to have at least two unaffiliated networks for purposes of processing signature debit and PIN debit transactions, could positively or negatively impact transaction volumes in our NYCE PIN debit network. These new regulations could result in the need for us to make capital investments to modify our products and services to facilitate our existing customers and potential customers' compliance. Further, the requirements of the new regulations and the timing of their effective dates could result in changes in our customers' business practices that may alter their delivery of services to consumers and the timing of their investment decisions, which could change the demand for our software and services as well as alter the type or volume of transactions that we process on behalf of our customers.

Notwithstanding challenging global economic conditions, our international business continued to experience growth across most major regions during the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, including Europe and Brazil. The majority of our European revenue is generated by clients in Germany, France and the United Kingdom. Those countries encountering the most significant economic challenges, including Spain, Italy, Greece, Ireland and Portugal, account for less than 2% of our international revenue base and less than 0.5% of our consolidated revenue.

Information Security

Globally, attacks on information systems continue to grow in frequency, complexity and sophistication. Such attacks have become a point of focus for individuals, businesses and governmental entities. The objectives of these attacks include gaining unauthorized access to systems to facilitate financial fraud, disrupt operations, cause denial of service events, corrupt data, and steal non-public, sensitive information. As part of our business, we electronically receive, process, store and transmit a wide range of confidential information, including but not limited to sensitive business information of our customers and personal consumer data. We also operate payment, cash access and pre-paid card systems.

As previously disclosed, in the first quarter of 2011 we experienced a cyber-incident that involved unauthorized access to our information systems environment and resulted in a financial loss to us of approximately \$13.0 million through our Sunrise pre-paid card platform. To our knowledge, none of our financial institution customers or their customers suffered any direct financial loss. While the attackers engaged in tactics and techniques designed to obscure their movements during the incident and prevent recreation of their activities fully, our on-going monitoring of the affected accounts and systems since the incident has revealed no evidence of any misuse of information gained by the attackers from our systems environment. This lack of evidence of any misuse is consistent with the opinion of the cyber security consultant we retained in March 2011 that the intrusion was focused on the theft of money from the Sunrise pre-paid platform. A law enforcement investigation of the cyber-incident is ongoing and, with our outside cyber security consultants, we are continuing our own efforts to understand the full extent of the activities of the hackers. If additional information regarding the incident is discovered, or our current understanding of the attackers' activities during the incident changes, it could potentially have a materially adverse effect on us.

Since the attack, we have been taking significant steps to improve our information security, including but not limited to:

- Increased monitoring of the servers within our environment to identify potential unauthorized activity and implementing enhanced fraud monitoring and network controls;
- Completing the necessary re-certifying of Payment Card Industry (PCI) Data Security Standard compliance of the Sunrise prepaid platform;
-

Implementing enhanced information security processes, including creating a cross-functional team to implement enhanced transaction monitoring to detect or prevent fraudulent activity;

Expanding risk assessment coverage of Internet-facing products and services;

- Enhancing the Information Security Strategic Plan with short-term and long-term measures to improve FIS' information security;
- The hiring of a new Chief Information Security Officer (“CISO”), with extensive security and fraud experience, and additional personnel dedicated to information security;

Improving our inventory of technology, data and information security assets worldwide; and

Engaging third-party cyber security consultants to analyze our systems, including ongoing assessment and monitoring with respect to the 2011 cyber-incident, and to validate to our customers the improvements that we have made and are continuing to make to information security.

In late February 2012, the U.S. Government agencies that regulate federal financial institutions issued a confidential exam report related to our information security, risk management and internal audit. We responded to this report and described the actions that we have taken and will take to improve these functions. The regulatory agencies distributed a letter to our clients

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in March 2012 describing the enhancements they had requested in our information security. This letter acknowledged our commitment to expeditiously address these requests. We are continuing to work closely with our customers to respond to their questions and update them on the progress that we have made to date in completing these enhancements. We have not seen any significant impact on our results of operations to date. While we did see a decline in sales to North American financial institutions in the second quarter compared to 2011, we believe this is a delay and do not believe we have lost any significant new business to date from the distribution of this letter. We are continuing to monitor sales activity and any potential impact of the report on future periods.

We have increased the amounts spent on information security in 2011 and 2012. Due to the increased frequency and the evolving nature of cyber-incidents we will have to continue to implement enhancements to protect the security of our information systems and data in 2012 and beyond, as we, like the rest of the industry, deal with these evolving threats.

Critical Accounting Policies

There have been no significant changes to our critical accounting policies as disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Transactions with Related Parties

See Note 2 to the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) for a detailed description of transactions with related parties.

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Comparisons of three-month and six-month ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

Consolidated Results of Operations (Unaudited)
(in millions, except per share amounts)

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Processing and services revenues	\$1,457.2	\$1,413.3	\$2,870.6	\$2,766.1
Cost of revenues	981.1	989.4	1,970.6	1,965.7
Gross profit	476.1	423.9	900.0	800.4
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	193.4	169.3	394.8	336.1
Operating income	282.7	254.6	505.2	464.3
Other income (expense):				
Interest expense, net	(56.6	) (65.8	) (116.0	) (133.8
Other income (expense), net	(1.8	) (0.2	) (22.7	) 3.1
Total other income (expense), net	(58.4	) (66.0	) (138.7	) (130.7
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes	224.3	188.6	366.5	333.6
Provision for income taxes	65.3	60.2	113.0	110.9
Earnings from continuing operations, net of tax	159.0	128.4	253.5	222.7
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	(5.2	) (3.1	) (9.6	) (3.8
Net earnings	153.8	125.3	243.9	218.9
Net (earnings) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(3.2	) (1.8	) (6.2	) (2.6
Net earnings attributable to FIS	\$150.6	\$123.5	\$237.7	\$216.3
Net earnings per share — basic from continuing operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$0.53	\$0.42	\$0.85	\$0.73
Net earnings (loss) per share — basic from discontinued operations attributable FIS common stockholders	(0.02	) (0.01	) (0.03	) (0.01
Net earnings per share — basic attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$0.51	\$0.41	\$0.82	\$0.71
Weighted average shares outstanding — basic	292.7	303.6	291.2	302.6
Net earnings per share — diluted from continuing operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$0.52	\$0.41	\$0.83	\$0.71
Net earnings (loss) per share — diluted from discontinued operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	(0.02	) (0.01	) (0.03	) (0.01
Net earnings per share — diluted attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$0.50	\$0.40	\$0.80	\$0.70
Weighted average shares outstanding — diluted	298.3	310.9	296.8	309.8
Amounts attributable to FIS common stockholders:				
Earnings from continuing operations, net of tax	\$155.8	\$126.6	\$247.3	\$220.1
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	(5.2	) (3.1	) (9.6	) (3.8
Net earnings attributable to FIS	\$150.6	\$123.5	\$237.7	\$216.3
Processing and Services Revenues				

Processing and services revenues totaled \$1,457.2 million and \$1,413.3 million during the three-month periods and \$2,870.6 million and \$2,766.1 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The increase in revenue of \$43.9 million or 3.1% during the three-month period and \$104.5 million or 3.8% during the six-month period ended June 30, 2012 as compared to the 2011 periods is attributable to increased processing volumes, transaction growth and demand for professional and consulting services. Total revenue growth in these areas was partially offset by lower item

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processing and retail check activity. The three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 included \$35.0 million and \$45.4 million, respectively, of unfavorable foreign currency impact resulting from a stronger U.S. Dollar during the 2012 periods as compared to the 2011 periods.

Cost of Revenues and Gross Profit

Cost of revenues totaled \$981.1 million and \$989.4 million during the three-month periods and \$1,970.6 million and \$1,965.7 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, resulting in gross profit of \$476.1 million and \$423.9 million during the three-month periods and \$900.0 million and \$800.4 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Gross profit as a percentage of revenues (“gross margin”) was 32.7% and 30.0% during the three-month periods and 31.4% and 28.9% during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Cost of revenues were comparable during the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011. The increase in gross margin during the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 as compared to 2011 is due to increased operating leverage and cost management initiatives.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses totaled \$193.4 million and \$169.3 million during the three-month periods and \$394.8 million and \$336.1 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The increase of \$24.1 million during the three-month period and \$58.7 million during the six-month period ended June 30, 2012 as compared to 2011 was primarily due to increased compensation costs and employee medical and other benefits, increased legal costs and costs to enhance administrative support of operational functions. The six-month period ended June 30, 2012 includes compensation charges of \$18.5 million for accelerated vesting of certain stock option and restricted stock grants pursuant to changes in roles of William P. Foley II, Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors of FIS, and Brent B. Bickett, Executive Vice President of Corporate Finance, and for a non-compete and change in role cash payment to Mr. Foley. The 2011 six-month period included a \$13.0 million loss related to unauthorized activities on the Sunrise prepaid card platform.

Operating Income

Operating income totaled \$282.7 million and \$254.6 million during the three-month periods and \$505.2 million and \$464.3 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Operating income as a percentage of revenue (“operating margin”) was 19.4% and 18.0% during the three-month periods and 17.6% and 16.8% during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The increases in operating income and margins for the 2012 periods as compared to the 2011 periods were driven by the revenue and cost variances addressed above.

Total Other Income (Expense), Net

Total other income (expense), net was \$(58.4) million and \$(66.0) million during the three-month periods and \$(138.7) million and \$(130.7) million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The primary component of total other income (expense), net is interest expense. Interest expense decreased \$9.2 million and \$17.8 million during the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 as compared to the 2011 periods primarily due to lower borrowing costs combined with a reduction in total debt outstanding. Apart from interest expense, the 2012 six-month period includes \$12.7 million of debt refinance transaction costs and a \$5.7 million write-off of certain previously capitalized debt issuance costs.

Provision for Income Taxes

Income tax expense from continuing operations totaled \$65.3 million and \$60.2 million during the three-month periods and \$113.0 million and \$110.9 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. This resulted in effective tax rates from continuing operations of 29% and 32% for the three-month periods and 31% and 33% for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The net decrease in the overall effective tax rate is primarily related to a favorable resolution of certain tax positions taken by the Company. The Company anticipates an effective tax rate of approximately 33% for full year 2012.

Earnings (Loss) from Discontinued Operations

During the 2012 and 2011 periods, certain operations are classified as discontinued. Reporting for discontinued operations classifies revenues and expenses as one line item, net of tax, in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings (Unaudited). On June 25, 2012, we entered into a definitive agreement to sell our Healthcare Benefit Solutions Business ("Healthcare Business") because its operations did not align with our strategic plans. During the third quarter of 2010, we determined that we will pursue strategic alternatives for Fidelity National Participacoes Ltda. ("Participacoes"). See Note 4 to the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).

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The following table shows the net earnings of out discontinued operations, net of tax, for the periods indicated (in millions):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Healthcare Benefit Solutions Business operations	\$4.1	\$2.7	\$8.4	\$5.3
Participacoes operations	(9.3	) (5.8	) (18.0	) (9.1
Total discontinued operations	\$(5.2	) \$(3.1	) \$(9.6	) \$(3.8

The Healthcare Business had revenues of \$31.7 million and \$28.4 million during the three-month periods and \$65.2 million and \$59.0 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The Healthcare Business had earnings before taxes of \$6.7 million and \$4.3 million during the three-month periods and \$13.7 million and \$8.5 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. FIS anticipates that it will incur an after-tax loss of approximately \$55 million, or \$0.19 per share, upon completion of the sale in the third quarter which will also be included in discontinued operations. The Company entered into an agreement to provide certain commercial and transitional services to the buyer and expects to continue to generate insignificant cash flows for the provision of these services subsequent to the disposition.

Participacoes had no revenues for the 2012 periods and revenues of \$2.0 million and \$11.7 million for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2011, respectively. Participacoes had losses before taxes of \$14.3 million and \$9.0 million during the three-month periods and \$27.3 million and \$13.8 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Participacoes' processing volume was transitioned to other vendors or back to its customers during the second quarter of 2011. As a result of the dismissal of employees related to the shut-down activities completed in 2011, the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 included charges of \$12.7 million and \$6.6 million and \$24.4 million and \$16.6 million, respectively, to increase our accrual for potential labor claims. The shut-down activities involved the transfer and termination of approximately 2,600 employees. As of June 30, 2012 there are approximately 1,800 active claims. Former employees have up to two years from the date of termination to file labor claims. Consequently, we expect to have continued exposure to such claims, which were not transferred with other assets and liabilities in the disposal. Any changes in the estimated liability related to these labor claims will also be recorded as discontinued operations.

Earnings from Continuing Operations, Net of Tax, Attributable to FIS Common Stockholders

Earnings from continuing operations, net of tax, attributable to FIS common stockholders totaled \$155.8 million and \$126.6 million for the three-month periods and \$247.3 million and \$220.1 million for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. This resulted in earnings per diluted share of \$0.52 and \$0.41 for the three-month periods and \$0.83 and \$0.71 for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, due to the factors described above, coupled with the impact of our share repurchase initiatives.

Segment Results of Operations (Unaudited)

Financial Solutions Group

(in millions)

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,	2011	June 30,	2011
Processing and services revenues	\$563.4	\$516.5	\$1,102.3	\$1,020.2
Operating income	\$172.7	\$168.8	\$339.5	\$325.0

Revenues for FSG totaled \$563.4 million and \$516.5 million during the three-month periods and \$1,102.3 million and \$1,020.2 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The overall segment increases of \$46.9 million, and \$82.1 million during the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 as compared to the 2011 periods were driven by increased processing revenues and growth in professional services, back office processing and outsourced IT revenues. Increased processing revenue is being driven by demand for risk, fraud and compliance products as well as continued adoption of eBanking and mobile banking products. Core processing account volume growth has also contributed to the overall increase in processing revenue; this growth is from existing customers and newly converted competitive wins. Services revenue continues to grow in core banking systems, eBanking and mobile banking.

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Operating income for FSG totaled \$172.7 million and \$168.8 million during the three-month periods and \$339.5 million and \$325.0 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Operating margin was approximately 30.7% and 32.7% during the three-month periods and 30.8% and 31.9% during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The increase in operating income during the 2012 three-month and six-month periods as compared to the 2011 periods primarily resulted from the revenue variances discussed above. The decreases in operating margin during the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 reflect a change in revenue mix and increased spending related to information security and infrastructure improvements.

Payment Solutions Group
(in millions)

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Processing and services revenues	\$606.1	\$603.6	\$1,203.2	\$1,187.5
Operating income	\$227.6	\$208.6	\$443.8	\$396.9

Revenues for PSG totaled \$606.1 million and \$603.6 million during the three-month periods and \$1,203.2 million and \$1,187.5 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 included growth in electronic payment services, offset by lower item processing, retail check activity and loyalty program revenue.

Operating income for PSG totaled \$227.6 million and \$208.6 million during the three-month periods and \$443.8 million and \$396.9 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Operating margin was approximately 37.6% and 34.6% during the three-month periods and 36.9% and 33.4% during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The increases in operating income and operating margin during the 2012 three-month and six-month periods as compared to the 2011 periods primarily reflect operating leverage related to the revenue growth in electronic payment services and the impact of expense reduction initiatives.

International Solutions Group
(in millions)

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Processing and services revenues	\$287.3	\$293.0	\$564.1	\$561.1
Operating income (loss)	\$44.7	\$41.5	\$77.7	\$72.0

Revenues for ISG totaled \$287.3 million and \$293.0 million during the three-month periods and \$564.1 million and \$561.1 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2012, included \$35.0 million and \$45.4 million, respectively, of unfavorable foreign currency impact resulting from a stronger U.S. Dollar during the 2012 periods. Excluding the unfavorable foreign currency impact, revenues for the 2012 periods increased primarily from higher credit card volumes in Brazil, growth within our European processing and consulting businesses and our expanded presence across Asia. Brazilian card volumes continue to grow, which translates into additional processing revenues and also incremental call center and back-office revenues to support the increased cardholder volumes.

Operating income for ISG totaled \$44.7 million and \$41.5 million during the three-month periods and \$77.7 million and \$72.0 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Operating margins were approximately 15.6% and 14.2% during the three-month periods and 13.8% and 12.8% during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The increases in operating income in 2012 as compared to 2011 primarily resulted from the revenue growth noted above, combined with increased scale and improving operating efficiencies across a number of geographies but primarily Brazil. Increased operating leverage and other operating efficiencies generated improved margins in 2012.

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Corporate and Other

The Corporate and Other segment results consist of selling, general and administrative expenses and depreciation and intangible asset amortization not otherwise allocated to the reportable segments. Corporate and Other expenses were \$162.3 million and \$164.3 million during the three-month periods and \$355.8 million and \$329.6 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Corporate and Other results for the three-month period ended June 30, 2012 were comparable to the 2011 period. The overall Corporate and Other increase of \$26.2 million during the six-month period ended June 30, 2012 as compared to 2011 was primarily due to increased compensation costs, including stock compensation, and employee medical and other benefits, increased legal costs and costs to enhance administrative support of operational functions. The 2012 period includes compensation charges of \$18.5 million for accelerated vesting of certain stock option and restricted stock grants pursuant to changes in the roles of William P. Foley II, Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors of FIS, and Brent B. Bickett, Executive Vice President of Corporate Finance, and for a non-compete and change in role cash payment to Mr. Foley. The 2011 six-month period included a \$13.0 million loss related to unauthorized activities on the Sunrise prepaid card platform noted under Selling, General and Administrative Expenses in the Consolidated Results of Operations section above.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Requirements

Our ongoing cash requirements include operating expenses, income taxes, mandatory debt service payments, capital expenditures, stockholder dividends, working capital and timing differences in settlement-related assets and liabilities, and may include discretionary debt service, share repurchases, and business acquisitions. Also, our cash requirements will include payments for labor claims related to FIS' former item processing and remittance operations in Brazil (see Note 4 in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)). Our principal sources of funds are cash generated by operations and borrowings.

As of June 30, 2012, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$533.8 million and debt of \$4,863.5 million, including the current portion. Of the \$533.8 million cash and cash equivalents, approximately \$340.8 million is held by our foreign entities. We expect that cash flows from operations over the next twelve months will be sufficient to fund our operating cash requirements and pay principal and interest on our outstanding debt.

We expect to continue to pay quarterly dividends and increased the amount from \$0.05 to \$0.20 per share per quarter beginning in the first quarter of 2012. The amount, declaration and payment of future dividends is at the discretion of the Board of Directors and depends on, among other things, our investment opportunities, results of operations, financial condition, cash requirements, future prospects, and other factors that may be considered relevant by our Board of Directors, including legal and contractual restrictions. Additionally, the payment of cash dividends may be limited by covenants in certain debt agreements. A regular quarterly dividend of \$0.20 per common share was paid on June 29, 2012 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on June 15, 2012.

Cash Flows from Operations

Cash flows from operations were \$462.7 million and \$523.5 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Cash flows from operations decreased \$60.8 million in 2012 primarily due to the timing of merchant and card transaction settlement activity, a final payment of \$42.4 million made in February 2012 for an interest rate swap, payment to our Brazilian venture partner of \$28.0 million and other changes in working capital.

Capital Expenditures

Our principal capital expenditures are for computer software (purchased and internally developed) and additions to property and equipment. We invested approximately \$155.7 million and \$139.6 million in capital expenditures (excluding capital leases) during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. We expect to invest approximately 5-6% of 2012 revenue in capital expenditures, including incremental capital expenditures for information security initiatives to meet the increasing security risks associated with cyber-attacks and external threats. The investments for information security initiatives are expected to: a) reduce operational cybersecurity risk for the company, its clients and their customers; b) increase the likelihood that any future intrusion attempts will be

detected and remediated in a timely manner; and c) limit the likelihood of significant damages from future cybersecurity events.

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Financing

On March 30, 2012, FIS amended and restated its syndicated credit agreement (the "FIS Credit Agreement"). The FIS Credit Agreement, as of June 30, 2012, provides total committed capital of \$3,473.8 million comprised of: (1) a revolving credit facility in an aggregate maximum principal amount of \$1,150.0 million maturing on March 30, 2017 (the "Revolving Loan"); and (2) an aggregate of \$2,323.8 million of term notes consisting of \$250.0 million maturing on July 18, 2014 (the "Term Loan A-2") and \$2,073.8 million maturing on March 30, 2017 (the "Term Loan A-3" and together with the Term Loan A-2, the "Term Loans"). As of June 30, 2012, the outstanding principal balance of the Revolving Loan was \$548.0 million, with \$601.2 million of borrowing capacity remaining thereunder (net of \$0.8 million in outstanding letters of credit issued under the Revolving Loan).

FIS may borrow, repay and re-borrow amounts under the Revolving Loan from time to time until the applicable maturity date. FIS must make quarterly principal payments under the Term Loan A-3 of varying amounts, with the remaining principal balance payable on March 30, 2017. As of June 30, 2012, FIS had made principal prepayments under the Term Loan A-2 such that no further mandatory payments exist on the term loan until its respective maturity date. Voluntary prepayment of the Term Loans is generally permitted at any time without fee upon proper notice and subject to a minimum dollar requirement. In addition to scheduled principal payments, the Term Loans are (with certain exceptions) subject to mandatory prepayment upon the occurrence of certain events.

The FIS Credit Agreement remains subject to customary affirmative, negative and financial covenants including, among other things, limits on the creation of liens, limits on incurring indebtedness, restrictions on investments and dispositions, limitations on dividends and other restricted payments, a minimum interest coverage ratio and a maximum leverage ratio. Upon an event of default under the FIS Credit Agreement, the administrative agent can accelerate the maturity of all amounts borrowed. Events of default include the failure to pay principal and interest in a timely manner and breach of certain covenants.

As described in Note 6 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), FIS has issued senior notes in aggregate principal amount of \$1,950.0 million due between 2017 and 2022 (the "Notes"). The respective indentures under which the Notes were issued contain covenants that, among other things, limit FIS' ability and the ability of certain of FIS' subsidiaries (a) to incur or guarantee additional indebtedness, (b) to make certain restricted payments, (c) to create or incur certain liens, (d) to create restrictions on the payment of dividends or other distributions to FIS from its restricted subsidiaries, (e) to engage in sale and leaseback transactions, (f) to transfer all or substantially all of the assets of FIS or any restricted subsidiary or enter into merger or consolidation transactions and (g) to engage in certain transactions with affiliates. These covenants are subject to a number of exceptions, limitations and qualifications in the indentures.

The following table summarizes the mandatory annual principal payments pursuant to the FIS Credit Agreement and the Notes' indentures as of June 30, 2012 (in millions). There are no mandatory principal payments on the Revolving Loan and any balance outstanding on the Revolving Loan will be due and payable at its scheduled maturity date:

	Term Loan A-2	Term Loan A-3	2017 Notes	2020 Notes	2022 Notes	Total
2012	\$—	\$52.6	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$52.6
2013	—	144.4	—	—	—	144.4
2014	250.0	196.9	—	—	—	446.9
2015	—	288.8	—	—	—	288.8
2016	—	393.8	—	—	—	393.8
Thereafter	—	997.3	750.0	500.0	700.0	2,947.3
Total	\$250.0	\$2,073.8	\$750.0	\$500.0	\$700.0	\$4,273.8

We monitor the financial stability of our counterparties on an ongoing basis. The lender commitments under the undrawn portions of the Revolving Loan are comprised of a diversified set of financial institutions, both domestic and international. The combined commitments of our top 10 revolving lenders comprise about 66% of our Revolving Loan. The failure of any single lender to perform its obligations under the Revolving Loan would not adversely impact our ability to fund operations. If the single largest lender were to default under the terms of the FIS Credit Agreement (impacting the capacity of the Revolving Loan), the maximum loss of available capacity on the undrawn portion of the Revolving Loan, as of June 30, 2012, would be approximately \$53.6 million.

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As of June 30, 2012, we have entered into interest rate swap transactions converting a portion of the interest rate exposure on our Term Loans from variable to fixed (see Item 3: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risks).

Contractual Obligations

Our contractual obligations have not changed materially from the table included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed on February 24, 2012, except for changes relating to our long-term debt as updated in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q as filed on May 4, 2012.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

FIS does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risks

Market Risk

We are exposed to market risks primarily from changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. We use certain derivative financial instruments, including interest rate swaps and foreign currency forward exchange contracts, to manage interest rate and foreign currency risk. We do not use derivatives for trading purposes, to generate income or to engage in speculative activity.

Interest Rate Risk

In addition to existing cash balances and cash provided by operating activities, we use fixed rate and variable rate debt to finance our operations. We are exposed to interest rate risk on these debt obligations and related interest rate swaps. The Notes represent substantially all of our fixed-rate long-term debt obligations. The carrying value of the Notes was \$1,950.0 million as of June 30, 2012. The fair value of the Notes was approximately \$2,103.4 million as of June 30, 2012. The potential reduction in fair value of the Notes from a hypothetical 10 percent increase in market interest rates would not be material to the overall fair value of the debt.

Our floating rate long-term debt obligations principally relate to borrowings under the FIS Credit Agreement. An increase of 100 basis points in the LIBOR rate would increase our annual debt service under the FIS Credit Agreement, after we include the impact of our interest rate swaps, by \$15.6 million (based on principal amounts outstanding as of June 30, 2012). We performed the foregoing sensitivity analysis based on the principal amount of our floating rate debt as of June 30, 2012, less the principal amount of such debt that was then subject to an interest rate swap converting such debt into fixed rate debt. This sensitivity analysis is based solely on the principal amount of such debt as of June 30, 2012, and does not take into account any changes that occurred in the prior 12 months or that may take place in the next 12 months in the amount of our outstanding debt or in the notional amount of outstanding interest rate swaps in respect of our debt. Further, in this sensitivity analysis, the change in interest rates is assumed to be applicable for an entire year. For comparison purposes, based on principal amounts on the Revolving Loan and Term Loan A-1 and A-2 and Old Term Loan B outstanding as of June 30, 2011, and calculated in the same manner as set forth above, an increase of 100 basis points in the LIBOR rate would have increased our annual interest expense, after we calculate the impact of our interest rate swaps, by \$11.4 million.

We use interest rate swaps for the purpose of managing our interest expense through the mix of fixed rate and floating rate debt. During the three months ended June 30, 2012, the notional amount of our outstanding interest rate swaps increased by \$300.0 million. As of June 30, 2012, we have entered into the following interest rate swap transactions converting a portion of the interest rate exposure on our Term and Revolving Loan from variable to fixed (in millions):

Effective date	Termination date	Notional amount	Bank pays variable rate of	FIS pays fixed rate of
November 1, 2010	November 1, 2012	\$ 150.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.50 % (2)

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February 1, 2011	February 1, 2013	200.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.62	% (2)
May 3, 2011	May 1, 2013	400.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.73	% (2)
September 1, 2011	September 1, 2014	150.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.74	% (2)
September 1, 2011	September 1, 2014	150.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.74	% (2)
September 1, 2011	September 1, 2014	300.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.72	% (2)
July 1, 2012	July 1, 2015	300.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.58	% (2)
		\$1,650.0			

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(1) 0.25% in effect as of June 30, 2012.

(2) Does not include the applicable margin and facility fees paid to lenders on Term Loans and the Revolving Loan as described in note 6 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).

We have designated these interest rate swaps as cash flow hedges for accounting purposes. A portion of the amount included in accumulated other comprehensive earnings is reclassified into interest expense as a yield adjustment as interest payments are made on the Term and Revolving Loans. In accordance with the authoritative guidance for fair value measurements, the inputs used to determine the estimated fair value of our interest rate swaps are Level 2-type measurements. We considered our own credit risk and the credit risk of the counterparties when determining the fair value of our interest rate swaps.

Foreign Currency Risk

We are exposed to foreign currency risks that arise from normal business operations. These risks include the translation of local currency balances of foreign subsidiaries, transaction gains and losses associated with intercompany loans with foreign subsidiaries and transactions denominated in currencies other than a location's functional currency. Our objective is to minimize our exposure to these risks through a combination of normal operating activities and the use of foreign currency forward exchange contracts. Contracts are denominated in currencies of major industrial countries.

Our exposure to foreign currency exchange risks generally arises from our non-U.S. operations, to the extent they are conducted in local currency. Changes in foreign currency exchange rates affect translations of revenues denominated in currencies other than the U.S. Dollar. Our international operations generated approximately \$287.3 million and \$564.1 million in revenues during the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2012 respectively, of which approximately \$246.2 million and \$487.6 million, respectively, was denominated in currencies other than the U.S. Dollar. The major currencies to which our revenues are exposed are the Brazilian Real, the Euro and the British Pound Sterling. A 10% move in average exchange rates for these currencies (assuming a simultaneous and immediate 10% change in all of such rates for the relevant period) would have resulted in the following increase or (decrease) in our reported revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 (in millions):

Currency	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30, 2012	2011	June 30, 2012	2011
Real	\$9.6	\$11.0	\$20.1	\$20.7
Euro	6.8	6.6	13.4	13.1
Pound Sterling	4.6	4.6	8.6	8.3
Total increase (decrease)	\$21.0	\$22.2	\$42.1	\$42.1

The impact on earnings of the foregoing assumed 10% change in each of the periods presented would not have been significant.

Revenue included \$35.0 million and \$45.4 million and operating income included \$2.8 million and \$2.6 million of unfavorable foreign currency impact during the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, respectively, resulting from a stronger U.S. Dollar during the 2012 periods compared to 2011.

Our foreign exchange risk management policy permits the use of derivative instruments, such as forward contracts and options, to reduce volatility in our results of operations and/or cash flows resulting from foreign exchange rate fluctuations. Our international operations' revenues and expenses are generally denominated in local currency, which limits the economic exposure to foreign exchange risk in those jurisdictions. We do not enter into foreign currency derivative instruments for trading purposes. We have entered into foreign currency forward exchange contracts to hedge foreign currency exposure to intercompany loans. As of June 30, 2012, the notional amount of these derivatives was approximately \$52.6 million and the fair value was nominal. These derivatives are intended to hedge the foreign exchange risks related to intercompany loans but have not been designated as hedges for accounting purposes.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"). Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that

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the disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is: (a) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms; and (b) accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Part II: OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is involved in various pending and threatened litigation matters related to operations, some of which include claims for punitive or exemplary damages. The Company believes that no actions, other than the matters listed below, depart from customary litigation incidental to its business. As background to the disclosures below, please note the following:

• These matters raise difficult and complicated factual and legal issues and are subject to many uncertainties and complexities.

The Company reviews these matters on an on-going basis and follows the authoritative provisions for accounting for contingencies when making accrual and disclosure decisions. A liability must be accrued if (a) it is probable that a liability has been incurred and (b) the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. If one of these criteria has not been met, disclosure is required when there is at least a reasonable possibility that a loss may have been incurred. When assessing reasonably possible and probable outcomes, the Company bases decisions on the assessment of the ultimate outcome following all appeals. Legal fees associated with defending these matters are expensed as incurred.

Searcy, Gladys v. eFunds Corporation

This is a nationwide putative class action that was filed against our subsidiary eFunds Corporation and its affiliate Deposit Payment Protection Services, Inc. in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois during the first quarter of 2008. The complaint seeks damages for an alleged willful violation of the Fair Credit Reporting Act ("FCRA") in connection with the operation of the Shared Check Authorization Network. Plaintiff's principal allegation is that consumers did not receive appropriate disclosures pursuant to §1681g of the FCRA because the disclosures did not include: (i) all information in the consumer's file at the time of the request; (ii) the source of the information in the consumer's file; and/or (iii) the names of any persons who requested information related to the consumer's check writing history during the prior year. Plaintiff filed a motion for class certification, which was granted with respect to two subclasses during the first quarter of 2010. The motion was denied with respect to all other subclasses. The Company filed a motion for reconsideration. The motion was granted and the two subclasses were decertified. The plaintiff also filed motions to amend her complaint to add two additional plaintiffs to the lawsuit. The court granted the motions. During the second quarter of 2010, the Company filed a motion for summary judgment as to the original plaintiff and a motion for sanctions against the plaintiff and her counsel based on plaintiff's alleged false statements that were filed in support of the motion for class certification. In the third quarter of 2010, the court denied the motion for summary judgment and granted in part and denied in part the motion for sanctions. The Company filed a motion requesting the court to allow it to file an interlocutory appeal on the order denying the motion for summary judgment. The court granted the motion; however, in the first quarter of 2011, the Seventh Circuit Court of Appeals denied the Company's petition for interlocutory appeal. Discovery regarding the new plaintiffs and other matters has been completed. In the first quarter of 2012, plaintiffs filed a renewed motion for class certification. The parties attended mediation and, in the second quarter of 2012, reached an agreement on the material terms of a settlement. The parties entered into a settlement agreement and received preliminary approval from the Court in the second quarter of 2012.

A hearing on final court approval is scheduled for September 25, 2012. The estimated liability recorded based on the terms of the settlement agreement did not have a material effect on the consolidated results of the Company.

CheckFree Corporation and CashEdge, Inc. v. Metavante Corporation and Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. This is a patent infringement action that was filed by CheckFree Corporation and CashEdge, Inc., wholly-owned subsidiaries of Fiserv, Inc., against Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. and our subsidiary, Metavante Corporation (collectively the “Defendants”) in the U.S. District Court for the Middle District of Florida, Jacksonville Division on January 5, 2012. The complaint seeks damages, injunctive relief and attorneys' fees for the alleged infringement of three patents. Plaintiffs allege that the Defendants infringe the patents at issue by providing customers financial and payment solutions that process payment instructions, provide electronic biller notifications, and/or process account-to-account funds transfer

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transactions and have requested financial damages and injunctive relief. Defendants filed their Answer and Counterclaims to Plaintiffs' complaint for patent infringement denying the claims of patent infringement and asserting defenses, including non-infringement and invalidity. Additionally, Defendants filed counterclaims asserting patent infringement of three patents and adding Fiserv, Inc. as a Counter Defendant. Defendants seek damages, injunctive relief and attorneys' fees. Plaintiffs and Counter Defendant Fiserv, Inc., filed their Answer to Defendants' counterclaims denying the claims of patent infringement and asserting defenses, including non-infringement and invalidity. In the second quarter of 2012, the Defendants filed a Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings and a Motion to Stay Discovery. The Court subsequently denied the Motion to Stay Discovery but has not yet ruled on the Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings. On July 9, 2012, the Court entered a Case Management and Scheduling Order. Discovery is ongoing. Due to the early stage of this matter, an estimate of a possible loss or range of loss, if any, for this action cannot be made at this time.

Indemnifications and Warranties

The Company generally indemnifies its customers, subject to certain exceptions, against damages and costs resulting from claims of patent, copyright, or trademark infringement associated with its customers' use of the Company's products or services. Historically, the Company has not made any significant payments under such indemnifications, but continues to monitor the conditions that are subject to the indemnifications to identify whether it is probable that a loss has occurred, and would recognize any such losses when they are estimable. In addition, the Company warrants to customers that its software operates substantially in accordance with the software specifications. Historically, no significant costs have been incurred related to software warranties and no accruals for warranty costs have been made.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The following disclosure is an update to the risk factor titled "Security breaches or our own failure to comply with laws and regulations and industry security requirements imposed on providers of services to financial institutions and card processing services could harm our business by disrupting our delivery of services and damaging our reputation" that appeared in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011 and should be read in conjunction with that risk factor, as previously updated by us.

As previously disclosed, in the first quarter of 2011, we experienced a cyber-incident that involved unauthorized access to our information systems environment and resulted in a financial loss to us of approximately \$13.0 million through our Sunrise pre-paid card platform. While the attackers during the incident engaged in tactics and techniques designed to obscure their movements and prevent recreation of their activities fully, our on-going monitoring of the affected accounts and systems since the incident has revealed no evidence of any misuse of information gained by the attackers from our systems environment, and to our knowledge, none of our financial institution customers or their customers suffered any direct financial loss. A law enforcement investigation of the cyber-incident is ongoing and, with our outside cyber security consultants, we are continuing our own efforts to understand the full extent of the activities of the attackers. If additional information regarding the incident is discovered, our current understanding of the attackers' activities during the incident could change, and the result could potentially have a material adverse effect on us. New cyber-incidents or additional cyber-incidents as a result of the previous unauthorized access incident could have a material adverse impact on us. In addition, while there is no pending litigation against us related to this cyber-incident, litigation may result.

In late February 2012, the U.S. Government agencies that regulate federal financial institutions issued a confidential exam report related to our information security, risk management and internal audit. In March 2012, these regulators distributed a letter to our clients describing the issues revealed by their review and the enhancements they had requested in our information security. This distribution resulted in many questions from our current and prospective clients that we have been continuing to handle. We have not seen any significant impact on our results of operations to date. While we did see a decline in sales to North American financial institutions in the second quarter compared to

2011, we believe this is a delay and do not believe we have lost any significant new business to date from the distribution of this letter. We are continuing to monitor sales activity and any potential impact of the report on future periods. Further, although we have implemented significant enhancements in our security systems since the attack, and are continuing to make improvements, we are unable to predict with certainty what if any further communications our regulators will have with our regulated financial institution clients or will require us to have with our clients or the effect that any such communications may have on our business. Any future actions from our regulators could have a material adverse impact on our business.

For further information, see “Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Information Security.”

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Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

In connection with the purchase right agreement with WPM, L.P. (“WPM”), a Delaware limited partnership affiliated with Warburg Pincus Private Equity IX, L.P, referenced in Note 10 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) included in Item 1 of Part I of this Report, in February 2012 WPM purchased 22,229 shares of FIS common stock for a nominal amount under the Net Settlement Feature in the agreement. The shares of FIS common stock were issued and sold in reliance upon the exemption from registration provided by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

The following table summarizes purchases of equity securities by the issuer during the three-month period ended June 30, 2012:

Period	Total number of shares purchased (in millions)	Average price paid per share	Total cost of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs (in millions)	Shares that may be purchased under the plans or programs (1) (in millions)
4/1/2012 to 4/30/2012	1.5	\$32.92	\$50.0	\$950.0

On February 7, 2012, our Board of Directors approved a plan authorizing additional repurchases of up to \$1.0 billion of our outstanding common stock in the open market, at prevailing market prices or in privately negotiated transactions, through December 31, 2015. The previous authorization was replaced by the February 7, 2012 plan. (1) During July 2012, we repurchased an additional 1.1 million shares of our common stock for \$35.1 million at an average price of \$31.93 per share. Approximately \$914.9 million of plan capacity remained available for repurchases as of July 31, 2012.

Item 6. Exhibits

(a) Exhibits:

Exhibit

No.	Description
31.1	Certification of Frank R. Martire, Chief Executive Officer of Fidelity National Information Services, Inc., pursuant to rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Michael D. Hayford, Chief Financial Officer of Fidelity National Information Services, Inc., pursuant to rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification of Frank R. Martire, Chief Executive Officer of Fidelity National Information Services, Inc., pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification of Michael D. Hayford, Chief Financial Officer of Fidelity National Information Services, Inc., pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.

101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

FIDELITY NATIONAL INFORMATION SERVICES, INC.

Date: August 6, 2012

By: /s/ MICHAEL D. HAYFORD
Michael D. Hayford
Corporate Executive Vice President and Chief Financial
Officer
(Principal Financial Officer and Duly Authorized Officer)

FIDELITY NATIONAL INFORMATION SERVICES, INC.

Date: August 6, 2012

By: /s/ JAMES W. WOODALL
James W. Woodall
Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer and Duly Authorized
Officer)

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FIDELITY NATIONAL INFORMATION SERVICES, INC.
FORM 10-Q
INDEX TO EXHIBITS

The following documents are being filed with this Report:

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