AVT CORP Form 10-K March 29, 2001

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K
FOR ANNUAL AND TRANSITION REPORTS
PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

[X] ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended: December 31, 2000

OR

[_] TRANSACTION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______to _____

Commission file number: 0-25186

AVT Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Washington
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

91-1190085 (IRS employer identification no.)

11410 N.E. 122nd Way Kirkland, WA.

98034

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (425) 820-6000

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None

Common Stock, \$.01 par value per share Preferred Stock Purchase Rights

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No ____

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. []

Aggregate market value of voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant as of March 9, 2001 was \$161,838,205\$ (based upon the closing sale price of \$5.00 per share on the Nasdaq National Market on such date).

Number of shares of Common Stock outstanding as of March 9, 2001 was 32,367,641.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of AVT Corporation's Proxy Statement for its 2001 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be filed with the Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A not later than 120 days after December 31, 2000 is incorporated by reference in Part III hereof.

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When used in this Annual Report, the words "believes", "expects,"
"anticipates" and "intends" and similar expressions are intended to identify
forward-looking statements. Such statements are subject to certain risks and
uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those
projected. See "Additional Factors That May Affect Our Business, Future
Operating Results and Financial Condition." Readers are cautioned not to place
undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the
date hereof. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly release any
revisions to these forward-looking statements that may be made to reflect events
or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of
unanticipated events. Readers are urged, however, to review the factors set
forth in reports the Company files from time to time with the Securities and
Exchange Commission.

Item 1. BUSINESS

The Company is a leading provider of unified communications for medium and large-sized enterprises. The Company provides flexible, cost-effective products for unified communications and mobile business solutions. These products address the unified messaging, voice messaging, fax server, production fax, document delivery, and mobile wireless markets and distributes these products primarily through independent distributors and value-added resellers. The Company's products run on off-the-shelf hardware, support Windows NT and Windows 2000, and interface with a wide variety of telephony and computer equipment.

Industry Background

Businesses are increasingly using information technology to improve customer service, increase employee productivity, decrease costs and more efficiently disseminate information. As the amount of information exchanged between organizations increases, and the diversity of the delivery formats and combinations used by organizations to exchange this information becomes more complex, there is a growing need for organizations to find new ways to manage business information and resources in a more timely and cost-effective manner.

In response to the growth in overall business information traffic, organizations are increasingly using unified communications and mobile business systems that allow employees to more effectively manage communications and allow easy access by telephone to large amounts of information that resides on computer databases, anytime and from anywhere.

The growth in data communications presents additional opportunities for accessing and sending information. For example, organizations are utilizing electronic document exchange system and services to store, forward and broadcast their growing volume of e-document traffic in an efficient manner. Electronic messaging over LANs, the Internet and corporate intranets has emerged as another way to access data and disseminate information. This rapid increase in multiple forms of voice and data communication has further accentuated the need for enterprises to optimize their information management capabilities and integrate voice and data communications.

The AVT Solution

The Company continues to be a leading provider of unified communications for medium and large-sized enterprises. These solutions are designed to enhance individual and work group productivity, improve customer service, reduce business-operating costs and simplify information access and dissemination. The Company's products provide enhanced voice and data integration through applications such as unified voice and data messaging, document distribution, and mobile wireless solutions. The Company's products run on off-the-shelf server hardware, support Windows NT, and interface with a wide variety of telephony and computer equipment. Additionally, with the acquisition of

Infinite Technologies on January 3, 2001, the Company is positioned to compete in the mobile business solutions arena.

Strategy

The Company's mission is to deliver business-to-business communications solutions by providing cost-effective, innovative software products and services that operate on industry-standard computer platforms, globally.

In March 2001, the Company announced that it is expanding its business strategy to focus on the mobile business solutions market. At the same time, the Company intends to closely manage its traditional product lines, such as RightFAX, CallXpress and MediaLinq, in order to maximize the return on those products. As part of the change in strategic direction, the Company has consolidated its two primary product groups, the Computer Telephony Software Group and Document Exchange Software Group, in order to eliminate redundancies in areas such as finance and administration, operations, marketing and support. The Company believes this shift in strategic direction will allow the Company to increase its investment in the higher growth opportunities in the mobile business solutions area, while leveraging the Company's existing core competencies around fax server and broadcast, unified messaging and unified communications. Key components of the Company's strategy include:

Provide Complete Software-based Solutions. The Company is focused on providing a comprehensive and affordable set of software-based computer-telephony solutions designed to enhance productivity, improve customer service, reduce business-operating costs and simplify access

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to data and dissemination of information. The Company's products provide enhanced voice and data integration through applications such as unified voice and data messaging, and e-document delivery products and services.

Provide Wireless Solutions. The Company intends to increase its investment in, and focus on, the potential higher growth opportunities in the mobile business solutions area. With the acquisition of Infinite Technologies, the Company intends to continue an aggressive business plan to develop and market wireless solutions for the mobile business solutions market.

Focus on the Enterprise Market. The Company currently targets enterprises with 500 to 10,000 employees, including divisions and subsidiaries of Fortune 1000 companies. The Company's strategy is to continue to invest in new product and service development and marketing initiatives to gain market share and further meet the needs of medium and large-sized enterprises.

Leverage Telephony and Data Expertise. The Company has established a knowledge base in the development of call processing, voice processing and call switching applications, as well as LAN, Internet and corporate intranet software applications and services. The Company believes that its expertise in these areas enables it to efficiently bring to market innovative software products and services that unify and exchange information between businesses. While the Company's product lines all provide computer-telephony functionality, the Company tailors its products to take advantage of the distinct telephony-oriented and computer-oriented distribution channels. The Company intends to leverage its expertise to continue to develop channel-specific products and to introduce new products that further integrate its telephony and computer capabilities.

Capitalize on Installed Base. The Company intends to capitalize on its installed base by offering add-on modules, software upgrades and new products,

all of which provide increased capacity and functionality.

Utilize Capabilities of Multiple Distribution Channels. The Company targets enterprises primarily through telephony-oriented distributors and computer-oriented value-added resellers as well as strategic partners and a major accounts sales force. The Company believes that some enterprises will evaluate business-to-business solutions from a telephony perspective while others will focus on data-centric solutions. The use of multiple distribution channels that target many of the same potential customers increases the likelihood that the Company's products and services will be sold to a particular customer. The Company continues to broaden its distribution channels by expanding its direct sales efforts and by continuing to enter into distribution agreements with private label OEMs and other strategic partners.

Grow Through Strategic Acquisitions. As evidenced by the recent acquisition of Infinite Technologies, the Company believes that growth through strategic acquisitions of complementary technologies, products and distribution channels offers the potential for significant competitive advantage. The Company's opensystems technology facilitates the rapid integration of and linkage to other complementary open-systems technologies. The Company believes it is therefore able to accelerate introduction of new technologies to the market through acquisition, and to respond rapidly to industry changes and opportunities.

Pursue International Opportunities. The Company believes that the markets for business-to-business communications solutions outside the United States, especially in the area of mobile business solutions, will experience accelerated growth in the next few years. To pursue these opportunities, the Company intends to continue to localize its products for specific markets and to actively recruit new dealers, distributors and strategic partners internationally.

Unified Communications Products

The Company's product lines include telephony-oriented, computer-oriented, and wireless based products, and outsource electronic document (e-document) delivery services. The Company's telephony-oriented product lines serve the messaging markets and focus on voice and call processing, unified messaging, IVR, and personal and workgroup call management. The Company's computer-oriented product lines target the fax server and production fax markets and focus on high-performance fax processing and unified messaging, as well as Internet, corporate intranet and phone-based information access. The wireless market adds a new dimension to the Company's unified communications offering. E-document delivery services target the outsource mass fax and email markets for time-critical business-to-business communications. These services include high-volume, instantaneous IP fax and email broadcast and merge offerings, fax reply and fax-on-demand applications as well as industry-specific services and custom workflow solutions for unique customer requirements. The following table provides an overview of the Company's products in each of these markets.

Product Line	Description
Messaging Products:	
CallXpress Enterprise	A multi-application unified messaging platform for large, m up to 128 ports and runs on Windows NT.
CallXpress	A multi-application unified messaging platform for small to

supports 4 to 32 ports and runs on Windows NT.

PhoneXpress Professional	A call answering, routing and voice messaging system for sm that supports up to 200 users.
Enhanced E-Documents Delivery Products:	
RightFAX Business Server	A full-featured fax server designed to work independently o supports unlimited user accounts, includes one fax channel, Ideal for small companies, departments or workgroups.
RightFAX Enterprise Server	Designed for organizations that want multiple RightFAX serv data. Includes such features as Intelligent Least-Cost rout RightFAX InterConnect inbound fax routing.
RightFAX Enterprise Suite Server	A fully integrated server-based fax solution designed to me organizations. Combines comprehensive Least-Cost Routing, 1 technologies and includes eight key modules.
RightFAX Satellite Server	Specifically designed for the branch or satellite office wi
RightFAX Production & Integration System	A solution for electronic document delivery from host-based applications that can support high volume document delivery print.
E-Document Delivery Services:	
DocumentBroadcast Fax & Email	High-volume, simultaneous delivery of fax and email documen Broadcasts can be initiated via the Web, from desktop softw Services.
DocumentMerge	High-volume delivery, by fax or email, of documents individ information.
DocumentOnRequest	Automated 24/7 access to frequently requested documents via
DocumentReply	Fully automated receipt of high-volume fax responses, integ distribution.
IndustryExpress	Custom, high-volume document delivery solutions for targete mortgage, travel, publishing and associations.
MediaLinqClient software	Client software for Microsoft Windows giving users full acc the desktop. Gives customers the ability to launch fax and track the status of broadcasts.
WebLinq	Anywhere access to AVT MediaLinq services, providing the ab broadcasts, manage lists and documents, and track broadcast browser.
Mobile Business Solutions:	

Infinite InterChange	An NT-based server application that acts as an e-mail clien user, providing the user with a view into their mailbox whe the mailbox, performing actions such as reading, replying t messages.
Infinite Voice Connector	Adds the ability to listen and reply to voice messages usin
WAP Gateways	The gateway acts as a translator between the wireless devic three configurations, each targeted at a different market s from WML/WTP to HTML/HTTP

Messaging Products

CallXpress Line

The CallXpress family of products consists of CallXpress and CallXpress Enterprise. The Company's premier unified messaging product offering, CallXpress, was introduced in early 1997. CallXpress is designed to take advantage of the advanced capabilities of the Windows NT

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operating system, and provide easy-to-use installation and administrative capabilities and enhanced fax functionality with RightFAX Enterprise. CallXpress is designed to support from 4 to 32 ports and can serve the needs of small to medium-sized organizations.

CallXpress Enterprise is a high-capacity, fault-tolerant unified messaging system designed specifically for the large multi-site enterprise. CallXpress Enterprise supports up to 128 ports on a single Windows NT Server - allowing support for up to 10,000 users. CallXpress Enterprise comes complete with both analog and digital networking, allowing communication between geographically dispersed offices.

The Company's CallXpress messaging products are either sold as software kits to dealers who obtain their own hardware, or sold fully integrated on Company-provided PC hardware platforms. Software kits consist of software, documentation, a hardware security key, voice cards and fax cards. Fully integrated systems include all the components supplied in the software kits, plus fully integrated and tested PCs, disk drive storage devices of various sizes and configurations, modems, monitors and keyboards. While CallXpress was developed with a telephony orientation, it is designed to link with computer-oriented solutions through its standard LAN-connection and software-modular packaging.

CallXpress application modules consist of software programs that operate in an integrated, multi-tasking environment and are not dependent on secondary hardware processors. Modules may be purchased either at the time of initial installation or as subsequent add-ons. CallXpress software modules are divided into three application categories: advanced messaging, unified messaging, and call management.

Advanced Messaging Applications

Automated Attendant/Voice Mail. The Automated Attendant/Voice Mail module answers calls on the first ring and invites the caller to enter an extension number, wait on the line for a receptionist or leave a voice mail message. The Audiotext feature of the Automated Attendant/Voice Mail module acts as a "spoken bulletin board."

Digital Networking. With the Digital Networking module, a company with multiple locations can link its offices together, thereby allowing subscribers at each location to send and receive voice and fax messages to and from any other office in the network using the Internet or corporate Intranet.

Unified Messaging Applications

Unified Messaging Clients. UM Clients provides a visual interface to the subscriber's unified mailbox, letting the subscriber know who sent a message, the type of message sent, when it arrived, whether it is urgent and its length. The module will play back voice mail messages on the subscriber's telephone or voice-enabled PC, as well as display fax messages on the computer screen. This module provides the subscriber with a visual interface to manage his or her CallXpress unified mailbox from Microsoft Outlook/Exchange or Lotus Notes/Domino.

E-Mail Access. E-Mail Access provides a subscriber with the option to hear electronic mail text messages through text-to-speech capabilities or convert them into faxes through text-to-fax capabilities. E-Mail Access integrates with Lotus cc:Mail, Lotus Notes, Microsoft Mail and Microsoft Exchange.

Call Management Applications

Automated Agent. Automated Agent is an interactive voice response module that enables complete application solutions to be designed for specific business functions such as catalog ordering and college registration. Automated Agent can be connected to the corporate database through a variety of host computer and LAN-based interfaces.

PhoneXpress Professional

PhoneXpress Professional is designed to meet the requirements of the small organization that requires full-featured automated attendant and voice mail functions. PhoneXpress Professional is designed to support from 4 to 8 ports. PhoneXpress Professional, like CallXpress messaging products, is available as a software kit or as a completely integrated system.

Enhanced Electronic Document Delivery Products

The RightFAX product line provides mid-size to Fortune 1000 organizations advanced electronic document delivery solutions. The RightFAX product suite converges network fax, production fax and IP fax under one umbrella to provide customers highly scalable, reliable, and cost effective e-document delivery.

With the release of the RightFAX 7.2 product line, production fax technology has been added to the product mix to provide customers with a high-volume, low cost and unattended electronic delivery of mission critical documents. In addition, RightFAX now also offers direct access to on-demand document delivery through the AVT-MediaLinq advanced IP fax network.

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Network Fax

Features such as Intelligent Least Cost Routing and load-balancing allow organizations to leverage the Internet or Intranet to share resources with other RightFAX servers. Network administrators can centrally manage all RightFAX servers on the network using the RightFAX Enterprise Fax Manager (EFM). With EFM, they can click a button to view the status of every fax server; start and stop fax services individually or globally; and configure least cost routing

rules.

Production Fax

RightFAX production systems provide high-volume, delivery and receipt of business critical documents such as purchase orders, invoices, and sales orders in a variety of formats including fax, email, EDI or delivery over the Internet.

RightFAX production solutions save companies time and money while improving accuracy and reliability by eliminating manual processes and the expense of mailing documents. They also improve cash flow by reducing the time necessary to exchange invoices, statements and other electronic commerce documents with customers, vendors and partners.

The RightFAX production environment tightly integrates with ERP applications such as SAP, Oracle, Baan and Peoplesoft as well as products from other leading technology partners such as Cardiff, GEAC and Jetform.

RightFAX production fax architecture allows an organization to distribute services such as forms processing, notification, communication and inbound routing across multiple servers. This scalability gives organizations the ability to customize their server environment. RightFAX production systems use current development interfaces like XML, JAVA, and COM to fax-enable a variety of applications across multiple platforms.

RightFAX also provides tracking and management of document delivery status through a fax utility, FaxUtil. Users and administrators can also implement the RightFAX Web Client, a browser-based interface that provides, real-time document delivery confirmation information and the ability to interact with the RightFAX system.

E-mail Integration

RightFAX products integrate with a variety of e-mail applications that allow users to manage both e-mail and fax messages directly from their e-mail client. This integration between RightFAX and e-mail packages like Microsoft Exchange and Lotus Notes helps network administrators to manage users' fax and e-mail mailboxes from one interface. Additionally, the integration between RightFAX and various e-mail packages holds benefits for mobile workers. A reliable alternative for managing document communications is required by many businesses that have many users out of the office. RightFAX's e-mail integration allows mobile users to manage their fax communications by checking their e-mail accounts while out of the office.

Internet Delivery/IP Messaging

Businesses today have realized that faxing is an integral part of their network communications strategy. With that realization, there is a need for a solution that provides unlimited fax capacity for scheduled high-volume deliveries, fail-safe support for unexpected occurrences such as fax board and phone line failures and overflow fax service for unplanned projects. When these situations occur, businesses need to maintain their ability to communicate via fax. RightFAX offers scalable solutions for delivering faxes over IP.

Outsource E-Document Delivery Services

DocumentBroadcast Fax and Email Delivery

MediaLinq's fax and email DocumentBroadcast services provide high-volume, simultaneous distribution of business documents, allowing companies to

communicate with customers, prospects, members, vendors and employees. Users establish a distribution list of their recipients and send their documents to this list, from a standard Web browser using WebLinq, from a Windows-based PC using MediaLinqClient software, from a fax machine using the Direct Access interactive voice response system (IVR), or by contacting MediaLinq's Assisted Services group. Additional access methods include custom integration into a customer's existing applications using the MediaLinq API and the IP Plus Connector through the RightFAX 7.2 server. DocumentBroadcast provides automatic retries and resends of documents, and routinely flags incorrect fax numbers or email addresses, which are then compiled and delivered to the sender. All successful and unsuccessful deliveries are tracked by broadcast delivery reports and sent to the customer via fax or email upon completion of the broadcast.

Documents are distributed over MediaLinq's advanced IP-based network, which delivers over one million business-critical documents each business day. With over 6000 ports, this IP network supports high-speed, high-volume delivery with full redundancy to ensure non-stop business continuity.

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DocumentMerge

DocumentMerge delivers large numbers of personalized documents by fax or email, providing targeted communications for greater impact. Using either WebLinq or MediaLinqClient software, documents are customized with information such as name, number, company, and region - any information contained in a sender's database. Merge Tags automatically apply any font available in the sender's document and allow for the insertion of dates and times and other custom formatting.

DocumentReply

DocumentReply fully automates the receipt and collection of fax responses. Combined with MediaLinq's outbound fax broadcast or merge services, DocumentReply provides a total end-to-end "send and reply" solution. Customers use this service to distribute and collect documents that require a response, such as survey and conference registration forms, removing the collection burden from their on-premise fax system. A toll-free business-reply fax number is provided for both document storage and for faxing responses. Responses are collected in a secure mailbox attached to the number and are forwarded regularly to the customer via email, fax, or postal mail.

DocumentOnRequest

Using DocumentOnRequest services, customers store frequently requested documents on MediaLinq's server for automated retrieval via fax. Callers can access documents 24 hours a day, seven days a week using dedicated toll-free numbers for domestic callers or dedicated local numbers for international callers who cannot access U.S. toll-free lines. Customizable voice prompts allow the caller to select documents. A personal identification number (PIN) can be assigned for confidential documents. In addition, MediaLinq allows customers to automatically and simultaneously broadcast and store documents for retrieval in one simple step.

IndustryExpress Solutions

For specific vertical markets, MediaLinq has created targeted solutions to simplify the e-document distribution process and to provide greater value for industry-focused customers.

MortgageExpress is a full-featured service for mortgage bankers and lenders

that automates the complex rate sheet set up and distribution process. Password-protected access provides selected access to regional or custom-tailored pricing scenarios. In addition, the MortgageExpress customer is supported by a mortgage-industry account and customer support team, which is focused on and understands the needs of the mortgage industry.

TravelExpress is a specially designed database that allows precision targeted marketing of promotions and travel industry news to selected travel agencies. TravelExpress consists of over 35,000 U.S. listings that can be selected on over 50 different criteria to identify specific types of travel agencies, (e.g., destination specialty, annual sales volume, business or leisure focus). In addition, the service includes over 60,000 international travel agencies representing over 200 countries.

MediaLinqClient Software

Introduced in 1993, MediaLinqClient software gives customers desktop access to the full range of MediaLinq services. Compatible with Microsoft(R) Windows 95, 98, NT and 2000, MediaLinqClient provides fast, reliable Internet or modem connections to launch fax and email broadcasts quickly and securely. The software lets customers import and manage broadcast lists, track the status of broadcasts, and "live link" to external databases for automatic updates. Customers can also schedule broadcasts for future delivery or to take advantage of off-peak delivery rates.

WebLing

Launched in 1999, WebLinq allows businesses to send fax and email broadcasts, manage lists and documents and track broadcasts from any computing platform with a standard Web browser. WebLinq is a cost-effective solution that requires no software installation or maintenance and incorporates Secure Socket Layer (SSL) encryption to ensure secure transactions. Version 3.0, released October 2000, completed MediaLinq's conversion of its core e-document delivery services to the Web, delivering full functionality for targeting and personalizing fax and email broadcasts and enabling complete end-to-end account management capability across an enterprise.

Mobile Business Solutions

Branded under the Infinite product line, the Company's line of mobile business solutions extend the computer desktop by providing users with access to information from a variety of next-generation mobile phones and wireless personal digital assistants (PDAs). The Company believes that the mobility space, enabling software, and end-to-end solutions is a large market and will support significant growth.

Infinite InterChange

Infinite InterChange is an NT-based server application that acts as an e-mail client proxy on behalf of the wireless user, providing the user with a view into their mailbox that is optimized for the small displays and bandwidth constraints of wireless environments. Through this proxy, the user interacts directly with their mailbox, performing all of the standard actions such as reading, replying to, forwarding and deleting messages.

Add-on Module:

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Infinite Voice Connector

Infinite Voice adds the ability to listen and reply to voice messages using a

WAP-enabled phone.

Wireless Infrastructure Products:

Infinite WAP Gateway

The gateway acts as a translator between the wireless device and the Internet and comes in three configurations, each targeted at a different market segment. It converts message content from WML/WTP to HTML/HTTP.

Distribution

The Company sells its products primarily through an indirect channel of resellers and distributors, as well as through direct sales and OEM and private label agreements. The Company believes that some enterprises will evaluate computer-telephony solutions from a telephony perspective while others will be more data-focused. The use of multiple distribution channels that access many of the same potential customers increases the likelihood that the Company's products will be sold to a particular customer. The Company has built large telephony-oriented and computer-oriented distribution channels in the United States and is developing its international distribution channels. No single customer represented 10% or more of the Company's net sales during 1998, 1999 or 2000.

Telephony-Oriented Distribution

The Company currently derives a substantial percentage of its U.S. telephony-oriented sales revenues from over 400 wholesale dealers and distributors comprised of customer premise telephone equipment dealers and voice processing specialists. This channel consists primarily of national telephone equipment dealers and regionally focused organizations and is serviced by 34 employees. The Company continues to selectively recruit additional dealers, focusing on those capable of marketing and servicing advanced computer-telephony application products.

Dealers are required to attend Company-sponsored training sessions on system usage, installation, maintenance and customer support. Advanced training is also available from the Company on an ongoing basis. All dealers are subject to agreements with the Company covering matters such as payment terms, protection of proprietary rights and nonexclusivity of sales territories, but these agreements generally do not restrict the dealer's ability to carry competitive products.

Computer-Oriented Distribution

In the United States, the Company's computer-oriented sales force sells most of the Company's computer-oriented products through an indirect channel of value-added resellers, independent software vendors, and professional services companies specializing in custom systems development. These computer-oriented resellers are small- to medium-sized regionally-focused organizations. In addition, the Company markets its computer-oriented products directly to enduser customers through trade shows and journal advertisements. As of December 31, 2000, the computer-oriented sales force consisted of 109 employees.

OEM/Strategic Accounts

To broaden its access to certain markets, the Company has entered into distribution and private label/OEM strategic distribution agreements with Ericsson, NEC and Fujitsu Business Communications Systems Inc. to sell private label versions of the Company's CallXpress and PhoneXpress products. The Company expects to pursue additional OEM and private label agreements in the future. As

of December 31, 2000 the Company had 5 employees focused on OEM and strategic accounts. During 1999, the Company signed significant agreements with Symantec and Xerox for co-marketing and sales of RightFAX products in conjunction with Symantec's WinFAX PRO and with Xerox's Document Centre devices. In October, 1999, the Company signed a Global Strategic Alliance Agreement with IBM's Lotus Development Corporation. The agreement includes joint product development, channel development and the creation of training and education focused on delivering NT-based, Domino/Notes-based unified messaging solutions. In September, 2000, the Company signed an OEM agreement with Sphere Communications, Inc. under which Sphere will market and sell the AVT CallXpress unified messaging solution alongside its own Spericall.ems IP PBX through its existing global channel partner network.

International Distribution

The Company believes that over the next few years the market for both telephony-oriented and computer-oriented computer-telephony products will grow faster internationally than in the United States. To address this opportunity, the Company continues to develop broad coverage of international markets through a variety of dealer, distributor, and strategic relationships. To date, the majority of the Company's international sales have been in English-speaking countries: Canada, Australia, the United Kingdom, South Africa and New Zealand. The Company is actively recruiting new dealers and distributors in international markets. The Company has sales offices in the United Kingdom, Germany, Hong Kong and Dubai. Although the Company's sales to date have generally been denominated in U.S. dollars, the Company expects that in the future an increasing portion of its international sales will be made in local currencies.

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Product Support

The Company's dealers and distributors are primarily responsible for supporting end-users of the Company's products. The Company provides telephone-based technical support to its dealers and distributors. The Company also offers technical training for both telephony-oriented and computer-oriented products to its dealers. The majority of product support is provided by the Company within three months of product shipment, and the estimated cost of such support is recognized as product revenues are recorded. The Company generally charges its customers separately for post-sale updates and upgrades.

Product Development

The Company has established a knowledge base in the development of call processing, voice processing and call switching applications and services, as well as in the development of LAN and Internet software applications and services. The Company believes that its expertise in these areas enable it to efficiently bring to market innovative software products that unify and exchange information on and between the telephone and computer.

The Company maintains four product development centers: messaging products are developed in Kirkland, Washington; enhanced electronic document delivery products in Tucson, Arizona and Portland, Oregon; e-document delivery services in San Francisco, California.; and with the acquisition of Infinite Technologies a fifth location in Owings Mills, MD was added in January, 2001. In total, the Company employed, as of December 31, 2000, 148 engineers, technicians and quality assurance specialists in its development centers. While development efforts in the past have been separate, the convergence of technologies is allowing the Company to collaborate and leverage development efforts among these groups. The Company expects these cross-development efforts to continue in the future.

The Company internally develops its core technology, but believes that it is more cost-effective to license from third parties certain components of its products, such as database software, screen viewers, voice and fax cards and network connectors. Whenever practical, the Company will license and integrate such technology into its product offerings in order to decrease the cost of development and shorten the time to market. In addition, the Company also believes that the acquisition of new technology and new product offerings is consistent with its strategic initiatives and will continue to pursue such opportunities as they become available.

The Company believes that, for its product offerings to continue to achieve acceptance, it will be necessary to continue to develop enhanced versions of its computer-telephony applications. The Company expects to continue to expend significant research and development efforts in developing new technology.

Additionally, with international markets expected to grow at a faster rate than the North American market over the next several years, the Company intends to continue to develop versions of its products that have been localized for foreign markets. Localization includes converting client screens, documentation, and voice-prompt sets into foreign languages. The Company anticipates expending significant research and development resources to develop localized versions of its products.

Proprietary Rights

AVT relies on a combination of patents, copyrights, trademarks and trade secret laws, nondisclosure and other agreements, and technical measures to protect its proprietary technology. The Company has received a U.S. patent in the area of unified messaging and, in 2000, purchased five U.S. patents and two pending U.S. patent applications in the area of facsimile technology. The issued patents will expire between 2014 and 2017. There can be no assurance that the Company's efforts to protect its proprietary rights will be successful. In particular, there can be no assurance that the Company's current or future patent applications will be granted or that its current or future issued patents will not be challenged, invalidated or circumvented, or that the rights granted under any such patents will provide competitive advantages to the Company.

AVT has periodically received letters from third parties asserting patent rights. Following analysis, the Company generally has not believed it necessary to license any of the patent rights referred to in such letters. In those cases in which the Company has determined a license of patent rights was necessary, it has entered into a license agreement. The Company believes that any necessary licenses or other rights under patents for products or features could be obtained on conditions that would not have a material adverse effect on its financial condition, although there can be no assurance in this regard.

The Company licenses certain portions of its technology from third parties under written agreements, some of which contain provisions for ongoing royalty payments. As of December 31, 2000, the Company had license agreements with Octel Corporation (now Avaya, Inc.), Syntellect Inc., Intelligent Environments, Inc., International Business Machines Corporation and Metasoft Systems, Inc.

Competition

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The business to business communications market is highly competitive and the Company believes that the competitive pressures it faces are likely to intensify. System features, product pricing, ease of use and installation, sales engineering and marketing support, and product reliability are the primary bases

of competition. The Company believes that it competes favorably with respect to these factors in its target markets.

The Company's principal competitors in the telephony-oriented market for voice messaging and unified messaging systems are independent suppliers, including Avaya, Inc., Active Voice, Inc., Cisco Systems, Inc. and Callware Technologies, Inc. PBX and key telephone systems manufacturers such as Lucent Technologies, Inc., Nortel Networks Corporation, Siemens Business Communication Systems, Inc., Mitel Corporation and NEC America, Inc. also compete with the Company by offering integrated voice messaging systems and unified messaging systems of their own design or under various OEM agreements.

In the market for LAN-based facsimile systems, the Company's principal competitors are Omtool, Ltd., Optus Software, Inc., Esker S.A. and Computer Associates International, Inc. The Company's fax server products also compete with vendors offering a range of alternative facsimile solutions, including operating systems containing facsimile and document transmission features, lowend fax modem products, desktop fax software, single-platform facsimile software products and customized proprietary software solutions. In the market for production facsimile systems, the Company's principal competitors are Biscom, Inc., Esker S.A. and Topcall International AG.

In the e-document delivery services market the Company's principal competitors are the Xpedite division of PTEK Holdings, Cable and Wireless, and other telecommunications companies who provide fax services. The competitors of our newly acquired Infinite Technologies include Openwave Systems, Inc., Aether Systems, Inc. and 724 Solutions, Inc.

Manufacturing

The Company's manufacturing operations consist primarily of diskette duplication, documentation fulfillment, final assembly and quality control testing of materials, subassemblies and systems. Some limited hardware fabrication is performed by third parties for the Company on certain telephone switch integration modules, for which the Company has designed a proprietary device to emulate a particular manufacturer's telephone station set. The Company is dependent on third-party manufacturers and vendors for certain critical hardware components such as PC chassis, keyboards, disk drives, monitors, memory modules and other miscellaneous components.

The Company's products incorporate a number of commercially available application cards, fax cards, voice cards and circuit boards that enable integration with certain telephone switches. The Company currently purchases voice cards from Dialogic and Mitel Corp. The Company purchases fax cards from Brooktrout and the Dialogic division of Intel.

Employees

As of December 31, 2000, the Company had 488 full-time employees, including 78 in administration, 25 in manufacturing, 112 in engineering and product development, and 273 in sales, marketing and technical support. The Company's employees enter into agreements containing confidentiality restrictions. The Company has never had a work stoppage and no employees are represented by a labor organization. The Company considers its employee relations to be good.

Item 2. PROPERTIES

The Company's headquarters and its telephony-oriented administrative, engineering, manufacturing and marketing operations are located in approximately 70,000 square feet of space in Kirkland, Washington under a lease that expires in January 2003. The Company's computer-oriented operations are primarily

located in approximately 31,200 square feet of leased space in Tucson, Arizona, approximately 19,500 square feet of leased space in Portland, Oregon and 15,300 square fee of leased space in San Francisco, California.

The Company believes that these facilities are adequate to meet its current needs and that suitable additional or alternative space will be available, as needed, in the future on commercially reasonable terms.

Item 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In March 2000 several class-action lawsuits were filed in the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington alleging that during the period January 20, 2000 through March 17, 2000, the Company and several officers and directors made or participated in misrepresentations about the Company's ability to achieve revenue expectations for the first quarter of 2000. The court has approved appointment of three plaintiffs to act as Lead Plaintiffs and has consolidated all lawsuits into a single action. No class has been certified. On January 25, 2001, the Court granted AVT's motion to dismiss the consolidated complaints on the grounds that "none of the four events relied upon by plaintiffs, whether considered separately or in combination, gives rise to a strong inference that any of the defendant directors or officers acted with knowledge or deliberate recklessness." The Court dismissed the claims against four AVT officers and directors with prejudice. Based on additional representations made by plaintiffs' counsel at oral argument, the Court granted

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plaintiffs' request that they be allowed to file an amended complaint to attempt to correct the legal deficiencies the Court identified in the consolidated complaint as to AVT and two officers. Plaintiffs filed their Second Consolidated Amended Complaint on February 25, 2001. AVT and the two remaining individual defendants have filed a motion to dismiss the Second Consolidated Amended Complaint with prejudice. That motion is scheduled to be considered by the Court in April 2001. The Company believes that the allegations of the lawsuits are without merit and intends to continue to vigorously defend the lawsuit if the claims are not dismissed.

Item 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

There were no matters submitted to a vote of security holders during the fourth quarter of 2000.

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PART II

Item 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRATION'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED SHAREHOLDER MATTERS

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference to information contained in Note 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements: Quarterly Financial Data and Market Information (unaudited).

Item 6. SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

		Year E	Ended Dec	cember 31,
	1996	1997	1998	1999
	(in	thousands,	except	per share
Consolidated Statement of Income Data:				
Net sales	\$58 , 693	\$76 , 971	\$102,977	\$130,224
Cost of sales	23,749	•		·
Gross profit		47,738	65,695	85,266
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	5 , 280	7,988	9,474	10,311
Selling, general and administrative	19,996	26,040	35,035	44,282
Non-recurring charges(1)	4,140	11,025	287	3,255
Total operating expenses	29,416	45,053	44,796	57,848
Operating income	5,528		20,899	
Other income, net (4)	942	1,104	1,258	1,993
Income before income tax expense	6,470		22,157	
Income tax expense	3 , 860	1,470	8,078	·
Net income	\$ 2,610 =====	\$ 2,319 ======	•	
Diluted earnings per common share(2)	\$0.10		\$0.47	
Net income excluding nonrecurring items(3) Diluted earnings per common share excluding nonrecurring	•	\$ 9,375		The state of the s
Items (2) (3)	\$0.25	\$0.33	\$0.48	\$0.65
outstanding(2)	27,114	28,820	30,016	31,856
			Decembe	er 31,
	1996	1997	1998	1999
			(in thou	ısands)
Consolidated Balance Sheet Data:	620 000	¢05 400	ć 40 CO1	¢ 75 010
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	\$30,208	\$25,432	•	
Working capital	\$33,260	\$31,743		
Total assets	\$53,151	\$62,686	•	•
Long-term debt, less current portion	\$ 830	\$ 492	\$	\$
Total shareholders' equity	\$42,633	\$48 , 371	\$ 71,086	\$102,205

⁽¹⁾ Reflects nonrecurring charges of \$2,388,000 of merger-related costs incurred in the merger with MediaTel in April 1999 and \$867,000 of costs incurred in the fourth quarter 1999 consolidation of our RightFAX and CommercePath divisions into the new Document Exchange Software Group. The 1998 non-recurring charges of \$287,000 are related to the withdrawal of the follow-on stock offering in February 1998 as well as \$4,140,000, \$3,898,000 and \$7,127,000 for the write-off of purchased, in-process research and development associated with the acquisition of RightFAX in January 1996, Telcom Technologies in January 1997 and CommercePath in October 1997, respectively.

⁽²⁾ Computed on the basis described in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

⁽³⁾ Excludes the after-tax effect of the nonrecurring charges in 1996, 1997, 1998 and 1999 referred to above.

(4) In the first quarter 2000 a non-recurring gain of \$1,784,000 was realized from the sale of marketable securities held for investment.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The discussion in this report contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. AVT's actual results could differ materially from those discussed below. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those identified below, and those discussed in the section titled "Additional Factors that May Affect Our Business, Future Operating Results and Financial Condition," included elsewhere in this report. When used in this document, the words "believes," "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans" and similar expressions are intended to identify certain of these forward-looking statements. However, these words are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. In addition, any statements that refer to expectations, projections or other characterizations of future events or circumstances are forward-looking statements.

Overview

The Company is a leading provider of business to business communication solutions for small, medium and enterprise-sized organizations. The Company provides flexible, cost-effective products that address the unified messaging, voice messaging, fax server, production fax and outsourced document delivery markets, and distributes these products primarily through independent distributors, value-added resellers and OEM's. The Company's products run on off-the-shelf hardware, support Windows NT and Windows 2000; and interface with a wide variety of telephony and computer equipment. The Company also offers addon modules and software upgrades that provide increased capacity and functionality.

The Company's product lines include both telephony-oriented and computer-oriented products, and outsourced electronic document (e-document) delivery services. The Company's telephony-oriented product lines serve the messaging markets and focus on voice and call processing, unified messaging, and personal and workgroup call management. The Company's computer-oriented product lines target the fax server and production fax markets and focus on high-performance fax processing and unified messaging, as well as Internet, corporate intranet and phone-based information access. E-document delivery services target the outsource mass fax and email markets for time-critical business-to-business (B2B) communications. These services include high-volume, instantaneous IP fax and email broadcast and merge offerings, fax reply and fax-on-demand applications as well as industry-specific services and custom workflow solutions for unique customer requirements.

The Company sells its products primarily through an indirect channel of resellers and distributors, as well as through direct sales, OEM and private label agreements. The Company's telephony-oriented products include:

CallXpress, and CallXpress Enterprise, a multi-application, high capacity unified messaging platform and PhoneXpress, a full-featured advanced messaging system for small to medium-sized enterprises. The company's data oriented enhanced fax products include RightFAX and RightFAX Enterprise, the Company's LAN-based fax server lines for Windows NT/Windows 2000, and the RightFAX Production System, a high-volume production-oriented server that enables fax and other forms of electronic transmission for electronic commerce applications. The Company's e-document delivery services, branded under the name MediaLinq, offer high-volume, simultaneous delivery of fax and email documents via the web, from

desktop software or a fax machine.

Since January 1996, the Company has made four strategic acquisitions, three of which were accounted for as purchases and one which was accounted for as a pooling of interests. The Company acquired RightFAX, a developer of LAN-based fax server software, in January 1996. In January 1997, the Company acquired selected assets and liabilities of Telcom Technologies, a developer of NT-based open-architecture Automated Call Distribution (ACD) systems. In October 1997, the Company acquired CommercePath, a developer of high-volume productionoriented fax servers. In April, 1999 the Company merged with MediaTel Corporation, a provider of e-document delivery services, in a transaction which was accounted for as a pooling of interests. On January 3, 2001 the Company acquired Infinite Technologies, a privately held global supplier of wireless applications and wireless infrastructure solutions. In connection with the RightFAX, Telcom Technologies and CommercePath acquisitions, the Company recorded nonrecurring charges of \$4.1 million, \$3.9 million and \$7.1 million, respectively, in January 1996, January 1997 and October 1997 for the write-off of purchased, in-process research and development, and recorded additional amounts of goodwill that are being amortized over future years. See "--Liquidity and Capital Resources" and Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

On March 15, 2001, the Company announced a new business strategy based on the Mobile Business Solutions market. In conjunction with this announcement the Company announced the consolidation of its two primary product groups, Computer Telephony Software Group and Document Exchange Software Group, resulting in a 14% reduction of its workforce and an expected one-time charge of approximately \$1million. During the transition period following this consolidation, the company expects that its net sales will be flat for the remainder of 2001. Additionally, as this new strategy is implemented, expenditures in the areas of research and development and sales, general and administrative, are expected to increase from the amounts expended in the year ended December 31, 2000.

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Consolidated Results of Operations

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the percentage of net sales represented by certain items in the Company's consolidated statements of income.

	Year Ended December 31		
	1998	1999	
Net sales		100.0%	100.0%
Cost of sales	30.2	34.5	33.2
Gross profit Operating expenses:	63.8	65.5	66.8
Research and development	9.2	7.9	10.2
Selling, general and administrative	34.0	34.0	46.5
Non-recurring charges	0.3	2.5	-
Total operating expenses	43.5	44.4	56.7
Operating income	20.3	21.1	10.1
Other income, net	1.2	1.5	5.6
Income before income tax expense	21.5	22.6	15.7

	=====	=====	=====
Net income	13.7%	13.7%	10.7%
<pre>Income tax expense</pre>	7.8	8.9	5.0

Net Sales

The Company derives net sales primarily from initial sales of software kits and licenses and fully integrated systems, e-document delivery services as well as follow-on sales of add-on software modules and product upgrades. Sales to dealers and distributors are recognized when the products are shipped. The sales mix among the Company's product categories and between software kits and fully integrated systems affects both net sales and gross margin. Because of their hardware components, fully integrated systems generate higher revenue per unit and lower margins than comparable software kits. Advanced CTI application systems generally are sold at a higher unit price and with a higher gross margin than basic messaging systems due to the additional software modules purchased and the higher mix of software kits and software licenses as compared to fully integrated systems. Over the past several years, sales have continued to shift toward higher- margin advanced CTI products and software kits from lower-margin CTI-ready systems and basic messaging products. There can be no assurance that this trend will continue.

Years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999. Net sales decreased 22% from \$130 million in 1999 to \$101 million in 2000. All product lines experienced a decrease in sales resulting in part from an industry-wide sales decline. Software product sales decreased 26.5% over 1999 and represented 75.2% of net sales. E-document delivery services decreased 8.8% during 2000 and represented 24.8% of total sales. International sales decreased 21% in 2000, and represented 19% of net sales.

Years ended December 31, 1999 and 1998. Net sales increased 26% to \$130 million in 1999 from \$103 million in 1998. This increase resulted from increased sales across all product lines. Sales of software products increased 26.8% over 1998 and represented 79% of net sales. Sales of e-document delivery services increased 25.2% during 1999 and constituted 21% of total product sales. International sales for 1999 increased 45% from 1998, and represented 18% of net sales.

Gross Profit

Years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999. Gross profit as a percentage of net sales increased to 66.8% in 2000 compared to 65.5% in 1999, evidencing the continuing shift to higher margin products in the software products area.

Years ended December 31, 1999 and 1998. Gross profit as a percentage of net sales increased to 65.5% in 1999, as compared to 63.8% in 1998, due primarily to the continuing sales shift to the higher margin products in our software products segment.

Research and Development

Years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999. Research and development expenses in 2000 decreased 0.8% to \$10.2 million from \$10.3 million in 1999 reflecting stable headcount for both years. As a percentage of net sales, research and development expenses represented 10.1% of sales in 2000, as compared to 7.9% in 1999.

Years ended December 31, 1999 and 1998. Research and development expenses increased 8.8% to \$10.3 million in 1999 from \$9.5 million in 1998, due to increased personnel costs relating to continuing development projects. As a percentage of net sales, research and development expenses represented 7.9% in 1999, as compared to 9.2% in 1998.

Selling, General and Administrative

Years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased 5.6% to \$46.8 million in 2000 from \$44.3 million in 1999, due to our continuing development of our enterprise and international sales channels across our software product line. Amortization of goodwill relating to acquisitions in the amount of \$1.3 million was included in selling, general and administrative expenses in both 2000 and 1999. Selling, general and administrative expenses represented 46.5% of net sales in 2000, as compared to 34% in 1999.

Years ended December 31, 1999 and 1998. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased 26.4% to \$44.0 million in 1999 from \$35.0 million in 1998, due primarily to increased personnel-related costs of domestic and international development of our software products distribution channels. Selling, general and administrative expenses for 1999 included amortization of \$1.3 million of goodwill relating to acquisitions compared to \$1.1 million in 1998. Selling, general and administrative expenses represented 34.0% of net sales in both 1999 and 1998.

Non-recurring Charges

In the fourth quarter of 1999 the Company consolidated its RightFAX and CommercePath divisions into the Document Exchange Software group. As a result of this consolidation the Company incurred expenses of \$867,000 during the quarter of which \$460,000 was a non-cash charge related to stock compensation. On April 14, 1999 the Company merged with MediaTel Corporation in a tax-free, stock for stock transaction valued at approximately \$48 million. The combination was accounted for as a pooling of interests and all amounts have been adjusted to reflect this transaction. Related to this merger, the Company incurred merger-related expenses of \$2.4 million during the second quarter of 1999.

In February, 1998 the Company withdrew a follow-on stock offering originally filed in October 1997 and wrote-off the costs of \$287,000 in connection with the canceled offering. In connection with the acquisitions of Telcom Technologies and CommercePath, the Company recognized nonrecurring charges of \$3.9 million and \$7.1 million in the first and fourth quarters of 1997, respectively, for the write-off of purchased, in-process research and development.

Other Income, Net

For the years ended December 31, 1998, 1999 and 2000, other income increased from \$1.3 million in 1998 to \$2.0 million in 1999 and to \$5.6 million in 2000. Included in other income for 2000 was a non-recurring gain of \$1.74 million relating to the sale of marketable securities held for investment. Excluding this gain, the increase in other income is directly attributable to increasing interest income on increasing investment and cash balances.

Income Tax Expense

The effective income tax rates excluding acquisition-related charges in 2000, 1999 and 1998 were 32.2%, 39.3% and 36.5% respectively. The Company recognized an income tax expense of \$5.1 million in 2000, \$11.6 million in 1999 and \$8.1 million in 1998. The decrease in the tax expense and effective tax rate in 2000 was due in part to increases in tax exempt interest income and permanent tax benefits from the Company's foreign sales corporation.

Net Income and Net Income Per Share

Years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999. Net income was \$10.7 million in 2000 as compared to \$17.9 million in 1999. Excluding the nonrecurring charges related to the merger with MediaTel in 1999, net income would have been \$20.8 million for 1999. Diluted net income per share, excluding the nonrecurring items, decreased to \$.30 per share in 2000 from \$.65 per share in 1999.

Net income was \$17.9 million in 1999 as compared to \$14.1 million in 1998. Excluding the non-recurring charges related to the merger with MediaTel in 1999 and the cancellation of the follow-on stock offering in 1998, net income would have increased to \$20.8 million compared to

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the 1998 net income excluding non-recurring charges of \$14.3 million. Diluted net income per share, excluding the non-recurring charges, increased to \$0.65 per share in 1999 from \$0.48 per share in 1998.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments increased to \$88.4 million at December 31, 2000 from \$75.0 million at December 31, 1999 and from \$42.7 million at December 31, 1998, due primarily from operations. Cash flow generated from operating activities was \$21.1 million, \$29.1 million and \$18.3 million in the years ended December 31, 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively. The positive cash flow from operating activities resulted primarily from profitable operations. Proceeds from the sale of stock options in 2000 also contributed \$5.4 million which was offset by \$10.4 million expended for the repurchase of stock under the Company's stock repurchase program.

In January 1996, the Company acquired RightFAX for \$4.2 million in cash plus 326,000 shares of Common Stock. The business combination was accounted for as a purchase. Approximately \$4.1 million of the purchase price was recognized as a nonrecurring charge in the first quarter of 1996, representing the value of purchased, in-process research and development. The remaining intangible assets are being amortized over seven years from the date of acquisition. As a result of the earn out and guaranteed value of the stock issued in the acquisition of RightFAX, the Company made payments in January 1999 and 1998 of \$250,000 and \$668,000 respectively, and also issued 19,600, and 104,000 additional shares of common stock, respectively.

On April 14, 1999, the Company merged with MediaTel Corporation. In connection with the merger the shareholders of MediaTel received an aggregate of approximately 3,219,192 shares of the Company's common stock, 10% of which were deposited into an escrow account to compensate the Company for certain losses that it may incur as a result of breaches of representation and warranties and other agreements by MediaTel. In addition, the Company assumed all outstanding options to purchase MediaTel shares, which became exercisable for approximately 583,400 shares of the Company's common stock. On March 27, 2000 the escrow account was terminated and the shares held therein, less approximately 10,050 shares that were returned to the Company for losses, were distributed to the former MediaTel shareholders.

The MediaTel transaction was accounted for as a pooling of interests. The consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto have been prepared to reflect the restatement of all periods presented to include the accounts of MediaTel. The historical results of the pooled entities reflect each of their actual operating cost structures and, as a result, do not necessarily reflect the cost structure of the newly combined entity. The historical results do not purport to be indicative of future results.

In March of 2000 the Board of Directors authorized the use of up to \$10 million to repurchase shares of the Company's common stock. The Company utilized these funds to repurchase a total of 1,057,000 shares during the second quarter of 2000. In August of 2000 the Board of Directors authorized the Company to repurchase up to \$15 million worth of its common stock. As of December 31, 2000 approximately \$200,000 of the authorized funds had been expended to repurchase approximately 35,000 shares. The program is ongoing, although the timing and size of repurchases, if any, are subject to market conditions, stock prices and AVT's cash position and requirements going forward.

On January 3, 2001 the Company acquired Infinite Technologies, a privately held global supplier of wireless applications and wireless infrastructure solutions. Under the terms of the merger agreement, total consideration paid will approximate \$24 million. At closing, the Company paid approximately \$9.1 million in cash and issued approximately 1.6 million shares of the Company's common stock. The Company will pay approximately \$2.9 million in a combination of cash and the Company's common stock under a deferred payment arrangement over the next three years. In addition the Company may pay up to an additional \$3.9 million in a combination of cash and the Company's common stock under an earn-out arrangement over the next three years which will be expensed as compensation by the Company. The Company will account for the business combination as a purchase.

On January 25, 2001 the Company announced that plans to form AVT Capital LLC had been canceled. Given the Company's future plans, a separate entity to focus on technology investments was no longer deemed necessary.

At December 31, 2000, the Company had a \$4.0 million unsecured revolving line of credit, none of which was outstanding. The Company's line of credit expires in August 2001, and contains certain financial covenants and restrictions as to various matters. The Company is currently in compliance with all such covenants and restrictions. Borrowings under the line of credit bear interest at the bank's prime rate or its interbank offering rate plus 1.50%, at the Company's option.

The Company invested \$2.8 million, \$4.3 million and \$3.6 million in equipment and leasehold improvements in the years ended December 31, 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively. Equipment purchases in such years consisted primarily of computer hardware and software.

The Company expects that its current cash, cash flow from operations and available bank line of credit, will provide sufficient working capital for operations for the foreseeable future.

Additional Factors that May Affect our Business, Future Operating Results and Financial Condition

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The following factors may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations. In that event the trading price of our

shares could decline and you may lose part or all of your investment, therefore, you should carefully consider the risks described below before making an investment decision.

Our recently expanded business strategy to focus on the mobile business solutions market, which is a new and unproven market, may not be successful.

In March 2001, we announced that we are expanding our business strategy to focus on the mobile business solutions market, which we believe is a higher-growth opportunity in our market. In order to implement this strategy, we will be required to design, develop and introduce competitive new wireless products, improve our marketing of such products and build credibility among customers that we are capable of delivering advanced mobile business solutions. Implementation of this strategy will involve substantial increased costs and, as a result, our expenses will increase disproportionately to revenue in the near term. Moreover, implementation on this strategy may disrupt our existing operations and distract management, which could have a material adverse effect on our operating results.

There can be no assurance that we will realize a return on our investment in the mobile business solutions market. If we are not successful in implementing our strategy, our revenue could decline. Even if we are successful, our revenue may still decrease if the market opportunity for mobile wireless solutions does not develop in the ways we anticipate. This market opportunity is in its early stages and we can not guarantee that the demand for mobile business solutions will develop as fast as we anticipate, that new technologies will not cause the market to evolve in a manner different from what we expect or that we will be able to obtain a leadership position as this market opportunity develops.

Our operating results fluctuate from quarter to quarter, which could cause our operating results to fall below expectations of securities analysts and investors.

We expect our operating results to fluctuate significantly from quarter to quarter in the future. Because of these fluctuations, our operating results for a particular quarter may fall below the expectations of securities analysts and investors. If this occurs, the trading price of our stock may decline. Such fluctuations could cause period-to-period comparisons to be less than meaningful. Numerous factors contribute to the unpredictability of our operating results, including

- . the timing of customer orders;
- . changes in our mix of products and distribution channels;
- . the announcement or introduction of new products by us or our competitors;
- . pricing pressures; and
- . general economic conditions.

Most of our software product revenue comes from current quarter orders and sales, of which a substantial portion, and sometimes a majority, occurs in the last month of each quarter. We do not maintain a large backlog of orders, and most of our distributors maintain little or no inventory. Order fulfillment cycles are typically short, and often as short as one to two days. Accordingly, the timing of customer orders can cause significant variations in quarterly results of operations. Because we sell our products to end-customers through various third parties such as telephone system manufacturers, value-added resellers, telephone interconnect dealers, and others, we are unable to project with certainty the actual orders, sales, and revenues these third parties will generate in a given quarter. The combination of these factors impairs and

delays our ability to know when revenues and earnings will be higher or lower than expected. We base product development and other operating expenses on our expected revenues. Because our expenses are relatively fixed in the short term, we may be unable to adjust our spending in time to compensate for any unexpected shortfall in quarterly revenues.

Our operating results may vary by season, which could cause our operating results to fall below expectations of securities analysts and investors.

Our results of operations may fluctuate as a result of seasonal factors, and this may cause our operating results to fall below expectations of securities analysts and investors for a particular quarter. Specifically, due to typical year-end dealer sales patterns and end-user buying patterns, net sales in our first quarter, without taking into account the effect of acquisitions, have in the past declined from the fourth quarter of the previous year.

We rely heavily on telephone system manufacturers, independent equipment dealers and value-added resellers.

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A substantial majority of our net sales depends on a network of independent telephone equipment dealers and computer-oriented value-added resellers. There is intense competition for the attention of these independent dealers and resellers from our competitors and from providers of other products distributed through these channels. Many of these dealers and resellers do not have the financial resources to withstand a downturn in their businesses. We may not be able to maintain or expand our network of dealers and resellers in the future. Moreover, our dealers and resellers may not maintain or expand their present level of efforts to sell our products. If we lose a major dealer or reseller, or if our dealers and resellers lose interest in selling our products, our business, results of operations and financial condition may suffer.

Failure to establish and maintain strategic relationships could limit our ability to increase sales.

Creation and maintenance of strategic relationships is important to our success because these relationships enable us to market and distribute our products to a larger customer base than we could otherwise reach through our director marketing efforts. We currently have strategic relationships with Ericsson, NEC Corporation, Fujitsu Limited, Lotus Development Corporation, Xerox Corporation and others. However, we may not be successful in creating new strategic relationships on acceptable terms, if at all. Moreover, although we view our strategic relationships as an important factor in the successful commercialization of our products and services, our current strategic partners may not view their relationships with us as significant for their own businesses and any one them could reassess their commitment to us in the future. Further, our relationships are generally non-exclusive, which means our strategic partners may develop relationships with some of our competitors. Failure of one or more of our strategic partners to successfully develop and sustain a market for our services, or the termination of one or more of our strategic relationships could adversely affect our ability to increase sales.

The integration of recent and any future acquisitions may be difficult and disruptive.

We frequently evaluate potential acquisitions of products, technologies and businesses. Since January 1997, we have made five strategic acquisitions including the January 2001 acquisition of Infinite Technologies. Our recent and any future acquisitions may direct management's attention away from the day-to-day operations of our business and may pose numerous other risks. For instance,

we may not be able to successfully integrate any technologies, products, personnel or operations of companies that we may acquire.

In making acquisitions, we may need to make dilutive issuances of our equity securities, incur debt, write off purchased, in-process research and development and amortize expenses related to goodwill and other intangible assets.

Technology and customer needs change rapidly in our industry.

In our industry, technology and customer demands change rapidly, and we and our competitors frequently introduce new products and features. To succeed, we must identify, develop and market new products, features and services that achieve broad market acceptance by satisfying those changing customer needs and keeping pace with those technological developments. To do this, we must spend substantial funds on product development. We regularly devote significant resources to technologies that we anticipate will be widely adopted. In addition, in the future, we intend to pursue new revenue streams by leveraging our expertise in voice and data communication to integrate these capabilities in unified messaging and mobile wireless delivery, among other possible areas. The market for unified messaging software and mobile wireless delivery is relatively new and as yet unproven. To be successful, we must, among other things, develop and market products and services that achieve broad market acceptance. We may not be able to develop new products or product enhancements on a timely basis. Even if we do, the market may not accept the new products or product enhancements that we develop.

Our market is highly competitive.

The computer-telephony market is highly competitive. Moreover, we believe the competitive pressures we face are likely to intensify, particularly as our competitors make new offerings based on the Windows operating system. We may not have the financial resources, marketing, distribution and service capability, depth of key personnel or technological knowledge to continue to compete successfully in each of our markets.

We believe the main competitive factors affecting our business are breadth and quality of application software, product integration, ability to respond to technological change, quality of a company's sales force, price, size of the installed base, level of customer support and professional services.

In the telephony-oriented market for messaging systems, our principal competitors are independent suppliers such as Avaya Inc., Mitel Corporation, Active Voice Inc., Cisco Systems, Inc. and Callware Technologies, Inc.

In addition to independent suppliers of computer-telephony solutions, we also compete with private branch exchange and key telephone systems manufacturers. Those manufacturers offer integrated voice messaging systems, unified messaging systems and automatic call distribution systems of their own design or under various OEM agreements. Competitors in this category include Lucent Technologies, Inc., Nortel Networks Corporation, Siemens Business Communication Systems, Inc., Mitel Corporation and NEC America, Inc.

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In the market for LAN-based facsimile systems, our principal competitors are Omtool, Ltd., Optus Software, Inc., Esker, S.A. and Computer Associates International, Inc. Our fax server products also compete with vendors offering a range of alternative facsimile solutions, including operating systems containing facsimile and document transmission features, low-end fax modem products, desktop fax software, single-platform facsimile software products and customized proprietary software solutions. In the market for production facsimile systems,

our principal competitors are Biscom, Inc., Esker, S.A. and Topcall International AG. In the market for document distribution products, our principal competitors include the Xpedite division of PTEK Holdings, Inc. and other telecommunications providers such as Cable & Wireless, Inc. The competitors of our newly acquired Infinite Technologies include Openwave Systems, Inc., Aether Systems, Inc. and 724 Solutions, Inc.

Further acceptance of open systems architectures and the development of industry standards in the call processing market may eliminate some of the technical barriers to entry, allowing additional competitors to enter the market. Many of our existing competitors have larger customer and installed bases and substantially greater technical, financial and marketing resources than we do. In addition, some of our competitors have a marketing advantage because they can sell their call processing equipment or facsimile solutions as part of their broader product offerings. Recently we believe our business has been, and may continue to be, adversely affected by the introduction of next generation IP PBX switches as potential customers delay purchasing decisions as they evaluate these new product offerings. We expect our competitors will continue to offer improved product technologies and capabilities. The availability of these products could cause sales of our existing products to decline. For these reasons, we may be unable to compete successfully against our current and future competitors.

Our average sales prices have declined for some of our products.

The average sales prices in our basic voice messaging products have declined due to competitive pressures. In the future, prices may decline in some of our other product lines. If the average sales prices of our more significant product lines fall, our overall gross margins will likely fall. To offset and forestall declining average sales prices, we must continue to develop product enhancements and new products with advanced features that are likely to generate highermargin incremental revenue. If we are unable to do so in a timely manner or if our products do not achieve significant customer acceptance, our business, results of operations and financial condition may suffer. Additionally, we have experienced, as have others in our broadcast fax and document delivery markets, pricing pressures for our services.

We may be unable to adequately protect our proprietary rights.

To succeed, we must adequately protect our proprietary technology. We rely on a combination of patents, copyrights, trademarks and trade secret laws, nondisclosure and other agreements, and technical measures to protect our proprietary technology, but those measures may be insufficient. We have one patent in the area of unified messaging, but our competitors may challenge or circumvent the claims in that patent. Our current patent, or any future patents, may never provide us with any competitive advantages. Other measures that we take to protect our proprietary technology may not prevent or deter misappropriation of our technology or the development of technologies with similar characteristics. Moreover, our use of open systems architecture in the design of our products may make it easier for competitors to misappropriate or replicate our designs and developments.

Other companies may claim that we infringe their intellectual property or proprietary rights, which could cause us to incur significant expenses or be prevented from selling our products.

Our success depends on our ability to operate without infringing the patents and proprietary rights of third parties. Product development is inherently uncertain in a rapidly evolving technological environment in which there may be numerous patent applications pending, many of which are confidential when filed, with regard to similar technologies. Historically, competitors in the computer-telephony software industry have filed numerous allegations of patent

infringement, resulting in considerable litigation. We have received claims of patent infringement from several parties and will probably receive additional claims in the future. While none of those claims has led to litigation, they may yet result in litigation. Any litigation, regardless of our success, would probably be costly and require significant time and attention of our key management and technical personnel. Litigation could also force us to

- stop or delay selling, or using, products that use the challenged intellectual property;
- . pay damages for infringement;
- . obtain licenses, which may be unavailable on acceptable terms; or
- . redesign products or services that use the infringing technology.

We face risks from expansion of our international operations.

Our growth depends in part on continued expansion of our international sales. International sales generated approximately 15%, 18% and 19% of our net sales in the years ended December 31, 1998, 1999 and 2000, respectively. We have spent significant management attention and financial resources on our international operations. A significant portion of our revenues are subject to the risks associated with international sales, which include

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- difficulty adapting products to local languages and telephone system technology;
- . inability to respond to changes in regulatory requirements;
- . inability to meet special standards requirements;
- . exposure to exchange rate fluctuations;
- . tariffs and other trade barriers;
- . difficulties in staffing and managing international operations;
- . potentially adverse tax consequences; and
- uncertainties arising from local business practices and cultural considerations.

In addition, the laws of some foreign countries are uncertain or do not protect intellectual property rights to the same extent as the United States. Moreover, we could be sued for patent infringement or other intellectual property violations in a foreign country where it could be very costly to defend such a lawsuit.

Currently, substantially all of our international sales are denominated in U.S. dollars. Increases in the value of the dollar against local currency could cause our products to become relatively more expensive to customers in a particular country, leading to reduced sales or profitability in that country. As we continue to expand our international operations, we expect our non-dollar-denominated sales and our exposure to gains and losses on international currency transactions to increase. We do not currently engage in transactions to hedge against the risk of currency fluctuations, but we may do so in the future.

We may not be able to hire and retain highly skilled employees, which could

affect our ability to compete effectively.

To succeed, we must attract and retain key personnel in engineering, research and development, marketing, sales, finance and administration. In particular, as we implement our recently announced strategy of focusing on mobile business solutions, we will need to hire employees with experience developing and providing wireless products and services. We also depend to a significant degree on the efforts of our senior management team. If we fail to recruit such personnel or lose the services of existing key persons in any functional area, our current operations and new product development efforts could be adversely affected. Competition for skilled personnel is intense. When our stock price is lower than our employees' stock option price, it is particularly difficult to retain skilled personnel. We do not maintain material key person life insurance.

We may experience difficulties in managing our growth.

Growth in our business has placed, and will continue to place, significant demands on our management and operations. To succeed, our officers and key employees must manage growth successfully. We must continue to implement and improve our operational, financial and management information systems. In addition, we must expand, train and manage our employee base. We may be unable to timely and successfully accomplish these tasks.

We depend on third parties for certain key components of our products.

We use standard computer hardware for our products. Most of the components we use are readily available. However, only three domestic suppliers can provide voice processing circuit boards in the quantities we need. In addition, only two domestic suppliers can provide our facsimile processing circuit boards in the quantity we require. Historically, we have relied almost exclusively on Dialogic Corporation (now a part of Intel Corporation) for our voice cards, and on Dialogic and Brooktrout, Inc. for our fax cards. We rely on those suppliers primarily because of volume price discounts and the cost and effort required to develop software for an alternate voice or fax card. Significant delays, interruptions or reductions in our supply of voice or fax cards, or unfavorable changes to price and delivery terms could adversely affect our business.

Our stock price may be highly volatile.

The market price of our common stock has been, and may continue to be, highly volatile. The future price of the common stock will fluctuate in response to factors such as

 new product announcements or changes in product pricing policies by us or our competitors;

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- . quarterly fluctuations in our operating results;
- . announcements of technical innovations;
- . announcements relating to strategic relationships or acquisitions;
- . changes in earnings estimates by securities analysts; and
- . general conditions in the computer-telephony market.

In addition, the market prices of securities issued by many companies, particularly in high-technology industries, are volatile for reasons unrelated

to the operating performance of the specific companies. These broad market fluctuations may adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

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Item 7A. OUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company is exposed to market risk related to changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates, each of which could adversely affect the value of the company's investments. The Company does not currently use derivative financial instruments.

The Company maintains a short-term investment portfolio consisting of interest bearing securities with an average maturity of less than one year. These securities are classified as "available for sale" securities. The interest bearing securities are subject to interest rate risk and will fall in value if market interest rates increase. If market interest rates were to increase immediately and uniformly by 10% from levels at December 31, 2000, the fair value of the portfolio would decline by an immaterial amount. Because the Company has the ability to hold its fixed income investments until maturity, it does not expect its operating results or cash flows to be affected to any significant degree by a sudden change in market interest rates on its securities portfolio.

The Company has assets and liabilities denominated in certain foreign currencies related to the Company's international sales operations. The Company has not hedged its translation risk on these currencies as the company has the ability to hold its foreign-currency denominated assets indefinitely and does not expect that a sudden or significant change in foreign exchange rates would have a material impact on future net income or cash flows.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To AVT Corporation:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of AVT Corporation (a Washington corporation) and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2000 and 1999, and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2000. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of MediaTel Corp., a company acquired during 1999 in a transaction accounted for as a pooling of interests, as discussed in Note 8. Such statements are included in the consolidated financial statements of AVT Corporation and represent 21% of total revenues in 1998. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for MediaTel Corp., is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement

presentation. We believe that our audits and the report of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of AVT Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2000 and 1999, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2000 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

/s/ Arthur Andersen LLP

Seattle, Washington January 22, 2001

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Report of Independent Accountants

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of MediaTel Corporation:

In our opinion, the consolidated balance sheets and the related consolidated statements of operations, of stockholders' equity and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of MediaTel Corporation (the "Company") at December 31, 1997 and 1998, and results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years ended December 31, 1998 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for the opinion expressed above.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

San Francisco, California February 19, 1999

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CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

AVT CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

December

1999

ASSETS	(in	n tho
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	•	
Short-term investments	51,095	
Accounts receivable, less allowance of \$1,104 and \$794	20,303	
Inventories	5 , 319	
Deferred and prepaid income taxes	3,000	
Prepaid expenses and other	2,089	
Total current assets	105,729	
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net	6,630	
Intangibles, net	5 , 926	
Deferred income taxes	3,424	
	\$121 , 709	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	======	
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		
Other current liabilities	12,748	
Income taxes payable	1,324	
Total current liabilities		
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 6)		
Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share, 2,000,000 shares authorized; none		
outstanding		
30,637,054 and 30,666,319 outstanding	306	
Additional paid-in capital	55,505	
Retained earnings	45,812	
Accumulated other comprehensive income	582	
Accumulated other complemensive income		
Total shareholders' equity	102,205	
	\$121 , 709	
	======	

See the accompanying notes to these consolidated financial statements.

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AVT CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

	1998	1999
		sands, exce hare data)
Net sales	\$102 , 977	\$130,224

Year Ended Decembe

Cost of sales	37 , 282	
Gross profit		85,266
Operating expenses: Research and development	9,474 35,035	10,311 44,282 3,255
Total operating expense		57,848
Operating income		27,418
Other income: Interest income		(140)
Other income	1,258	
Income before income tax expense	22,157	29,411 11,556
Net income		\$ 17,855
Basic earnings per common share	\$ 0.51 27,444 \$0.47	\$ 0.60

See the accompanying notes to these consolidated financial statements.

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AVT CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Years Ended December 31, 1998, 1999 and 2000

	Common :	Stock	Additional paid-in	Comprehensi	
	Shares	Amount	capital		
		(in	thousands, except	: share data)	
Balance at December 31, 1997	26,231,572	262	34,057		
Stock issued in acquisition	104,400	2	248		
Exercise of stock options Tax benefit of stock options	2,125,178	20	3,891		
exercised			4,649		
Dividend declared					
Net income					
Balance at December 31, 1998	28,461,150	284	42,845		
Exercise of stock options	2,175,904	22	6 , 597		
exercised			6,063		

Unrealized gain on marketable securities Net income	 	 	 	5
Balance at December 31, 1999	30,637,054	306	55,505	5
Exercise of stock options Tax benefit of stock options	1,127,177	12	5,372	
exercised Unrealized gain on marketable			5 , 672	
securities				(5
Stock repurchase	(1,097,912)	(11)	(10 , 363)	
Net income				
Balance at December 31, 2000	30,666,319	\$ 307	\$56 , 186	

See the accompanying notes to these consolidated financial statements.

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AVT CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Year Ended December 3		
	1998		
		(in thousands	;)
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	\$ 14,079	\$ 17,855	\$
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	4,064	4,882	
Non-recurring charges	287	460	
Stock compensation expense	5		
Deferred income taxes	12	(1,220)	
Stock option income tax benefit	4,649	6,063	
Changes in current assets and liabilities:	(4 (55)	(0.740)	
Accounts receivable, net	(4,655)		
Inventories	(652)		
Prepaid expenses and other	(700)	(553)	
Accounts payable	865	639	
Accrued compensation and benefits	•	•	
Income taxes payable			
Other accrued liabilities	268	2 , 025	
Net cash provided by operating activities	18,263		
Cash flows from investing activities:	10 553	44 055	
Purchase of equipment and leasehold improvements			
Purchase of short-term investments, net			
Net proceeds from the sale of investments	37		
Other intangibles and long-term assets	(280)	(68)	

Net cash used in investing activities	(17,750)	(26,304)	
Cash flows from financing activities: Repayment of long-term debt Proceeds from exercise of common stock options Dividends paid on stock Repurchase of common stock	(991) 3,906 (126)	6,619 	(
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	2,789	6,619	
Net increase in cash	•	9,457 14,466	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 14,466 ======		
Cash paid for interest		\$ 191	\$

See the accompanying notes to these consolidated financial statements.

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AVT CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Business

AVT Corporation (the Company), a Washington corporation, provides software-based computer-telephony products for medium-sized enterprises. The Company's products address the voice messaging, call center, fax server and production fax markets and are distributed primarily through independent distributors and value-added resellers. The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of all subsidiaries, all of which are wholly owned, from the date of acquisition, including RightFAX, Inc., CommercePath, Inc. and MediaTel Corporation. All intercompany accounts have been eliminated.

On April 14, 1999, the Company merged with MediaTel Corporation. In connection with the merger the shareholders of MediaTel received an aggregate of approximately 3,219,192 shares of the Company's common stock, 10% of which were deposited into an escrow account to compensate the Company for certain losses that it may incur as a result of breaches of representation and warranties and other agreements by MediaTel. In addition, the Company assumed all outstanding options to purchase MediaTel shares, which became exercisable for approximately 583,400 shares of the Company's common stock. On March 27, 2000 the escrow account was terminated and the shares held therein, less approximately 10,050 shares that were returned to the Company for losses, were distributed to the former MediaTel shareholders.

This transaction was accounted for as a pooling of interests. These consolidated financial statements have been prepared to reflect the restatement of all periods presented to include the accounts of MediaTel. The historical results do not purport to be indicative of future results.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company's policy is to invest cash in excess of operating requirements in income-producing investments. For purposes of the consolidated statements of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents include all cash balances and highly liquid investments in a money market fund. Investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market prices.

Inventories

Inventories consist primarily of computer assemblies, components and related equipment, and are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market (net realizable value).

Equipment and Leasehold Improvements

Equipment and leasehold improvements are stated at cost and are depreciated on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from three to five years. Equipment and leasehold improvements consist of the following:

	December 31,		
	1999	2000	
	(in thousands)		
Computers and other equipment Leasehold improvements Furniture and fixtures	\$ 17,376 1,176 1,241	\$ 19,786 1,398 1,533	
Less accumulated depreciation	19,793 (13,	22,717	