# VOYAGER ENTERTAINMENT INTERNATIONAL INC

Form 10KSB March 31, 2004

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-KSB

[X] ANNUAL REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended: December 31, 2003

Commission file number 000-33151

VOYAGER ENTERTAINMENT INTERNATIONAL, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada 45-0420093

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(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

4483 West Reno Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada

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89118

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(Address of principal executive offices)

(zip code)

Issuer's Telephone Number: (702) 221-8070

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act:  $\label{eq:None} \mbox{None}$ 

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act:

Common Stock, \$.001 par value

(Title if Class)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or  $15\,(d)$  of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No

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Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-B is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. []

The number of shares of Common Stock, \$0.001 par value, outstanding on December 31, 2003, was 48,603,258 shares, held by approximately 67 stockholders. There are also 4,000,000 Series B preferred shares and 1,500,000 Series A preferred shares outstanding. There are 70,603,258 shares outstanding on a fully diluted basis.

The issuer had no revenues for the most recent fiscal year ended December 31, 2003.

The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates computed by reference to the price at which the common equity was the average bid and asked price of such common equity, as of the last business day of our most recently completed fiscal year was \$33,050,215 based on a share value of \$0.68 as of December 31, 2003.

VOYAGER ENTERTAINMENT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED

December 31, 2002

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This Form 10-KSB contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. These forward-looking statements are necessarily based on certain assumptions and are subject to significant risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are based on management's expectations as of the date hereof, and the Company does not undertake any responsibility to update any of these statements in the future. Actual future performance and results could differ from that contained in or suggested by these forward-looking statements as a result of factors set forth in this Form 10-KSB (including those sections hereof incorporated by reference from other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission), in particular as set forth in the "Plan of Operation" under Item 6.

In this filing references to "Company," "we," "our," and/or "us," refers to Voyager Entertainment International, Inc.

PART I

### ITEM 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

### (a) General Business Development

Voyager Entertainment International, Inc. formerly named Dakota Imaging, Inc. was incorporated in North Dakota on January 31, 1991. Effective February 8, 2002, the Company completed a reverse triangular merger between Dakota Subsidiary Corp. ("DSC"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, and Voyager Ventures, Inc., a Nevada corporation ("Ventures"), whereby the Company issued 3,660,000 shares of its Series A preferred stock in exchange for 100% of Ventures outstanding common stock. Pursuant to the terms of the merger, Ventures merged with DSC wherein DSC ceased to exist and Ventures became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

The Series A preferred stock carries the following rights and preferences:

- o 10 to 1 voting rights per share
- o Each share has 10 to 1 conversion rights to shares of common stock (every 1 share of series A preferred stock has the right to convert into 10 shares of common stock)
- o No redemption rights
- o No face value

Concurrent with the closing of the Merger, 2,160,000 shares of the Series A preferred stock were immediately converted into 21,600,000 shares of common stock.

Pursuant to current North Dakota law the Company did not need the approval of its shareholders to consummate the Merger as the constituent corporations in the merger were Dakota Subsidiary Corp. and Voyager Ventures, Inc. The Company was not a constituent corporation in the merger.

Further, pursuant to the terms of the Merger Agreement, the board of directors of Dakota Imaging, Inc., appointed Gregg Guffria, Veldon Simpson, and Richard Hannigan as new

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directors of the Company to serve until the next annual meeting of shareholders; or until their successors have been elected. Following their appointment of new

directors, the former directors of Dakota Imaging, Inc. resigned their positions as directors.

On April 2, 2002, we held our annual stockholders meeting and the stockholders voted on and approved changing the Company's name from Dakota Imaging, Inc. to Voyager Entertainment International, Inc.

On November 15, 2002, we entered into a loan and security agreement with Mr. Dan Fugal an unaffiliated individual, whereby Mr. Fugal was to provide us with a credit facility in the form of a secured line of credit not to exceed \$2.5 million.

On February 15, 2003, we executed an amendment to the Loan and Security Agreement to amend the term date from February 15, 2003 to April 15, 2003. As of the year ending December 31, 2003 Mr. Fugal has loaned \$605,000 to the company. The loan and security agreement with Mr. Fugal has expired and requires the company to repay \$605,000 to Mr. Fugal as well as a one time interest payment of \$605,000. Any agreements or amendments for Mr. Fugal to provide additional funds have been canceled and the company is obligated to repay a total of \$1,210,000.

On February 5, 2003, the Clark County Commission approved our plan to build a 50-story hotel and a 12-story Ferris wheel around a man-made lake with 20 yachts at a location on the Las Vegas Strip. Since that time the company has vacated plans to build the Voyager Wheel at that location. It was not possible to negotiate a lease agreement with the proposed partner that was in the best interest of the company and its shareholders.

On December 23, 2003, the company along with Rio Properties, Inc. owned by Harrah's Entertainment Group jointly announced that the Voyager Project will be located at the Rio All-Suite Hotel and Casino in Las Vegas, Nevada. The company and Rio Properties, Inc. are currently operating on a signed letter of intent where Voyager will enter into a long term lease agreement with Rio Properties, Inc. The Rio Hotel and Casino is owned by Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. The securities of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. are currently traded on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) under the symbol HET. Currently management of both Voyager and the Rio are constructing a definitive agreement. All agreements with Rio Properties, Inc. are pending due diligence

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America that contemplate the continuance of the Company as a going concern. The Company's cash position may be inadequate to pay all of the costs associated with testing, production and marketing of products. Management intends to use borrowings and security sales to mitigate the effects of its cash position, however no assurance can be given that debt or equity financing, if and when required will be available. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue existence.

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# (b) Our Business

Our current business plan is to build multiple Observation Wheels. Currently proposed are Las Vegas, Nevada; Dallas, Texas and Shanghai, China.

Las Vegas "Voyager" Wheel

The company, through its subsidiaries, for the past 5 years has

extensively planned and/or evaluated the available locations at both the North and South ends of the Las Vegas Strip as well as other off-strip locations in Las Vegas. On December 23, 2003, the company along with Rio Properties, Inc. owned by Harrah's Entertainment Group jointly announced that the Voyager Project will be located at the Rio All-Suite Hotel and Casino in Las Vegas, Nevada.

"VOYAGER" is intended to be designed as a visual ICON and experience overlooking the "Las Vegas Strip". With 30 vehicles called Orbiters, the vertical revolving vehicle will overlook the Las Vegas Strip as it revolves higher than a 60-story building at 600 (+/-) feet. One rotation in a Orbiter will last 27 minutes. The Orbiter will be controlled by an on-board Navigator, part entertainer, and part steward, an individual also skilled in life-safety and security.

### Organization

The project will be owned by the parent company, however, will be designed, developed, built and operated by Voyager Entertainment Holdings, Inc., VEHI), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. VEHI will manage the project via a performance-based contract with extensions. All covenants, restrictions and protocol will be detailed in its operating agreement.

As the management company VEHI will be responsible for the design, development, construction, and operation of VOYAGER, and provide the following: concept development, project design, location assessment and acquisition, strategic alliances in both entertainment and gaming, business plans and budgets, financial oversight and management during both construction and operation, marketing plans, insurance procurement and risk management, senior operational management including development of policies and procedures, and overall strategic focus for VOYAGER.

VOYAGER is fundamentally an entertainment attraction, and its operational and maintenance requirements are very similar to those found in the theme park industry. In addition, Las Vegas is a unique marketplace, and the visitor when placed in the environment is also unique. The ability to understand the visitor, and successfully attract customers to VOYAGER will come as a result of clearly understanding the marketing strategies of the gaming industry. VEHI intends to employ highly skilled individuals from the theme park industry and combine their specialized skills with those from the gaming industry.

The initial management team at VEHI is anticipated to consist of: Richard Hannigan President, CEO and a Director, Tracy Jones COO and a Director; Myong Hannigan as Secretary Treasurer; Michael Schaunessy, as CFO; and Sig Rogich, as Director of Public Relations & Communications.

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# Voyager Dallas

Voyager is operating through a signed a Memorandum of Understanding with Bennett Realty Group where Bennett Realty Group and Voyager are seeking to be joint venture partners to build a Voyager Project in Dallas Texas. As of the period ending December 31, 2003 financing has not been secured for this project.

Shanghai, China "Star of Shanghai"

Anticipated to be located on the western bank (Puxi) of the Huangpu River, the Bund, is the chosen location for a master planned development with the Star of Shanghai as the dominant feature. Star of Shanghai is to be designed

as a special tribute to the legendary figure Huang Daopo who invented the "spinning wheel" that reformed the technique of cotton weaving, and gained fame for its production of clothing.

Voyager will require substantial additional funds to fulfill its business plan and successfully develop its two projects. Voyager intends to raise these needed funds from private placements of its securities, debt financing or internally generated funds from the licensing of its intellectual property or service fees. As of the date of this filing the Company has not received a firm commitment for financing of any of the projects. The company continues to receive and evaluate opportunities throughout Asia as well as Shanghai, China.

Other "Observation Wheels"

Currently, the Company is primarily focusing on the project in Las Vegas, Nevada.. The Company has plans to build additional Observation Wheels.

Market Overview

Management believes that, in the foreseeable future, cash generated from operations will be inadequate to support full marketing roll out and ongoing product development, and that we will thus be forced to rely on additional debt and/or equity financing. Management is reasonably confident that it can identify sources and obtain adequate amounts of such financing. We intend to enter into a cooperative arrangement with distributors, whereby we will receive marketing and sales benefits from the professional staff of such distributors. To date, we have not established any such arrangements. In the event we are unsuccessful in generating equity capital, then the Company will be unable to continue with product development and/or marketing. The lack of equity capital may in turn cause the Company to become insolvent.

 ${\tt Competition}$ 

We compare with numerous other hospitality and entertainment companies. Many of these competitors have substantially greater resources than we do. Should a larger and better financed

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company decide to directly compete with us, and be successful in its competitive efforts, our business could be adversely affected.

Research and Development

From inception in March of 1997 through present, we have devoted a majority of our time on research and development. During our development stage period from March 1, 1997 through December 31, 2003, we incurred operating expenses of \$6,697,527 and interest expense of \$1,189,230 against no revenues , which resulted in accumulated losses of \$7,886,847.

Employees

As of December 31, 2003, we only had unpaid Officers and Directors. We are dependent upon Richard Hannigan, President, CEO and a Director of the Company; Tracy Jones, COO and Director and Myong Hannigan Secretary/Treasurer and a Director. We do not have any employees at this time and do not anticipate the need to hire any employees until such time as we have been sufficiently capitalized.

Our future success also depends on our ability to attract and retain other qualified personnel, for which competition is intense. The loss of Mr. Hannigan, Mr. Jones or our inability to attract and retain other qualified employees could have material adverse effect on us.

#### ITEM 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

We currently lease 2,100 square feet of office space from Synthetic Systems LLC of which our president is the owner. We lease the office space at cost for the amount of \$2,325 per month on a month-to-month basis.

### ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The company had been in a dispute with a creditor concerning the amount owed. The dispute was completely resolved during the period ending September 30, 2003. The dispute was resolved to both the satisfaction of the company and the creditor.

The company is unaware of any other legal proceedings.

### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

The information required by this Item 4 is incorporated by reference to the Company's definitive Information Statement as amended filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2003, which was mailed to shareholders of record at April 23, 2003.

As set forth in the Information Statement, the Company received written consents in lieu of Annual Meeting from shareholders representing more than 50% of the total voting shares of the Company, approving the following actions:

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- 1. The removal of Veldon Simpson as a director of the Company.
- 2. The election of Richard L. Hannigan, Sr., Myong Hannigan and Tracy Jones to the board of directors to serve until the next annual meeting of shareholders or until their successors are elected and qualified.
- 3. Ratification of the appointment of officers:

Richard L. Hannigan, Sr. CEO and President
Myong Hannigan Secretary/Treasurer
Tracy Jones COO

- 4. The reincorporation of the Company in the State of Nevada.
- 5. Increasing the authorized capital stock of the Company as a result of the reincorporation. The Company's North Dakota Articles of Incorporation, as currently in effect, authorizes the Company to issue up to 100,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value, and 25,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.001 par value. The Board of Directors and Majority Shareholders approved an increase in the number of authorized shares of both the common and preferred stock of the Company to be effected as a result of the reincorporation. Upon completion of the reincorporation in the State of Nevada, the Company will be authorized to issue 200,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value, and 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.001 par value per share.

6. Ratification of the selection of Stonefield Josephson, Inc., as independent public accountants of the Company for the 2003 fiscal year.

The reincorporation became effective in the States of North Dakota and Nevada on June 23, 2003, the date the Certificate of Merger was issued by the Secretary of State of North Dakota.

### PART II

### ITEM 5. MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

### (a) Market Information

Our Common Stock is traded in the over-the-counter securities market through the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation Bulletin Board System, under

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the symbol "VEII". The following table sets forth the quarterly high and low bid prices for our Common Stock during our last fiscal year, as reported by the National Quotations Bureau. The quotations reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, markdown or commission, and may not necessarily represent actual transactions.

	2003		2002	
	Low	High	Low	High
1st Quarter	\$0.17	\$0.31	Not Trading	Not Trading
2nd Quarter	\$0.09	\$0.30	\$4.00	\$8.25
3rd Quarter	\$0.08	\$0.29	\$5.45	\$0.19
4th Quarter	\$0.16	\$1.18	\$0.17	\$0.40

<sup>\*</sup> The Company was eligible for trading on the OTC:BB in December of 2001 under the symbol "DAKI", however no trades occurred. The Company's symbol was changed to "VEII" in April of 2002.

### (b) Holders of Common Stock

As of December 31, 2003, we had approximately 67 shareholders of record, of the 48,603,258 shares outstanding. The closing bid stock price on December 31, 2003 was \$.68.

### (c) Dividends

We have never declared or paid dividends on our Common Stock. We intend to follow a policy of retaining earnings, if any, to finance the growth of the business and do not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. The declaration and payment of future dividends on the Common Stock will be the sole discretion of the Board of Directors and will depend on our profitability and financial condition, capital requirements, statutory and contractual restrictions, future prospects and other factors deemed relevant.

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

In the year ended December 31, 2003 we issued and sold the following unregistered securities:

In July 2003, in connection with the Reincorporation of the Company into the State of Nevada, the Company filed a Certificate of Designation of its Series A Convertible Preferred Stock with the Nevada Secretary of State. Under Section 78.195 of the Nevada Revised Statutes, a certificate of designation signed and filed pursuant to this section must become effective before the issuance of any shares of the class or series. In order to complete the Reincorporation by exchanging the outstanding North Dakota Series A Convertible Preferred Stock with Nevada Series A Convertible Preferred Stock pursuant to terms of the Plan of Merger, the Company filed its Designation in the State of Nevada containing identical terms as designated in North Dakota.

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In July 2003, the Company created a new series of preferred stock designated as Series B Convertible Preferred stock. Of the 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock authorized to be issued by the Company, 1,500,000 are designated Series A Convertible Preferred Stock and 10,000,000 are designated Series B Convertible Preferred Stock. The face value of the Series B Convertible Preferred Stock is \$0.10. Each one share of Series B Convertible Preferred is convertible at any time into two (2) shares of common stock. Each share of Series B Preferred Stock is entitled to two (2) votes per share on matters properly brought before the common stockholders of the Company.

In July, 2003, the Company commenced its offering of up to 10,000,000 Shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock at the purchase price of \$0.10 per share. The Series B Preferred Shares are being offered in reliance upon the private offering exemptions contained in Sections 3(b) and 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated thereunder. Investment in the Series B Preferred Shares is limited to "accredited" investors within the meaning of Rule 501(a) of Regulation D. On July 14, 2003, the Company sold 1,000,000 of the Series B Preferred Shares for the purchase price of \$100,000 to one investor who represented that he was acquiring the Series B Preferred Shares and the common shares issuable upon conversion for investment purposes only and not with a view to distribute. He further represented that he (a) has such knowledge and experience in financial and business matters and is capable of evaluating the merits and risks of the investment, (b) is able to bear the complete loss of the investment, (c) has had the opportunity to ask questions of, and receive answers from, the Company and its management concerning the terms and conditions of the offering and to obtain additional information, and (d) is an "accredited investor" as such term is defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D.

On August 12, 2003, the Company sold 500,000 of the Series B Preferred Shares for the purchase price of \$50,000 to one investor who represented that he was acquiring the Series B Preferred Shares and the common shares issuable upon conversion for investment purposes only and not with a view to distribute. He further represented that he (a) has such knowledge and experience in financial and business matters and is capable of evaluating the merits and risks of the investment, (b) is able to bear the complete loss of the investment, (c) has had the opportunity to ask questions of, and receive answers from, the Company and its management concerning the terms and conditions of the offering and to obtain additional information, and (d) is an "accredited investor" as such term is defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D.

In September, 2003, the Company sold 769,222 shares of par value \$.001 common stock to an individual for \$100,000 in cash. The common stock was offered in reliance upon the private offering exemptions contained in Sections 3(b) and 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated thereunder. Investment in the common stock was limited to "accredited" investors within the meaning of Rule 501(a) of Regulation D. The

investor represented that he was acquiring the common shares for investment purposes only and not with a view to distribute. He further represented that he (a) has such knowledge and experience in financial and business matters and is capable of evaluating the merits and risks of the investment, (b) is able to bear the complete loss of the investment, (c) has had the opportunity to ask questions of, and receive answers from, the Company and its management

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concerning the terms and conditions of the offering and to obtain additional information, and (d) is an "accredited investor" as such term is defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D.

In December, 2003, the Company sold 5,961,538 shares of par value \$.001 common stock for \$774,999.96. The common stock was offered in reliance upon the private offering exemptions contained in Sections 3(b) and 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated thereunder. All purchasers were "accredited" investors within the meaning of Rule 501(a) of Regulation D. We received net proceeds in the offering of \$774,999.96. All purchasers represented that they were acquiring the common shares for investment purposes only and not with a view to distribute. The purchasers further represented that they (a) have such knowledge and experience in financial and business matters and are capable of evaluating the merits and risks of the investment, (b) are able to bear the complete loss of the investment, (c) have had the opportunity to ask questions of, and receive answers from, the Company and its management concerning the terms and conditions of the offering and to obtain additional information, and (d) is are classified as "accredited investos" as such term is defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D.

# Securities Issued for Services

On June 9, 2003, the Company issued 1,400,000 shares of restricted common stock for services as a finder and assisting the Company in furthering its business plan. The Company believes that the issuance of the shares was exempt from the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act of 1933 by virtue of Section 4(2). The shares were issued directly by the Company and did not involve a public offering or general solicitation. The recipient of the shares had a preexisting relationship with our management, had performed services for the Company and had full and complete access to the Company and had the opportunity to speak with management with regards to their investment decision.

On June 9, 2003, the Company also issued 1,200,000 shares of restricted common stock in accordance with the agreement dated November 14, 2002 as amended on February 15, 2003 and April 25, 2003. The Company believes that the issuance of the shares was exempt from the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act of 1933 by virtue of Section 4(2). The shares were issued directly by the Company and did not involve a public offering or general solicitation. The recipient of the shares had a preexisting relationship with our management, had performed services for the Company and had full and complete access to the Company and had the opportunity to speak with management with regards to their investment decision.

In October 2003, the Company also issued 625,000 shares of restricted common stock to two individuals for consulting services. The Company believes that the issuance of the shares was exempt from the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act of 1933 by virtue of Section 4(2). The shares were issued directly by the Company and did not involve a public offering or general solicitation. The recipient of the shares had a preexisting relationship with our management, had performed services for the Company and had full and

complete access to the Company and had the opportunity to speak with management with regards to their investment decision.

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In December 2003, the Company also issued 2,500,,000 shares of Series B Preferred Shares for services to our officers and directors. The Company believes that the issuance of the shares was exempt from the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act of 1933 by virtue of Section 4(2). The shares were issued directly by the Company and did not involve a public offering or general solicitation. The recipient of the shares had a preexisting relationship with our management, had performed services for the Company and had full and complete access to the Company and had the opportunity to speak with management with regards to their investment decision.

# SUBSEQUENT EVENT

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In January 2004, the Company also issued 1,163,000 shares of restricted common stock to five individuals for consulting services that were performed during the quarter ending December 31, 2003. The Company believes that the issuance of the shares was exempt from the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act of 1933 by virtue of Section 4(2). The shares were issued directly by the Company and did not involve a public offering or general solicitation. The recipient of the shares had a preexisting relationship with our management, had performed services for the Company and had full and complete access to the Company and had the opportunity to speak with management with regards to their investment decision.

In February, 2004, the Company sold 750,000 shares of par value \$.001 common stock for \$300,000. The common stock was offered in reliance upon the private offering exemptions contained in Sections 3(b) and 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated thereunder. All purchasers were "accredited" investors within the meaning of Rule 501(a) of Regulation D. We received net proceeds in the offering of \$300,000. All purchasers represented that they were acquiring the common shares for investment purposes only and not with a view to distribute. The purchasers further represented that they (a) have such knowledge and experience in financial and business matters and are capable of evaluating the merits and risks of the investment, (b) are able to bear the complete loss of the investment, (c) have had the opportunity to ask questions of, and receive answers from, the Company and its management concerning the terms and conditions of the offering and to obtain additional information, and (d) is are classified as "accredited investors" as such term is defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D.

In February 2004, the Company also issued 150,000 shares of restricted common stock to one individual for consulting services. The Company believes that the issuance of the shares was exempt from the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act of 1933 by virtue of Section 4(2). The shares were issued directly by the Company and did not involve a public offering or general solicitation. The recipient of the shares had a preexisting relationship with our management, had performed services for the Company and had full and complete access to the Company and had the opportunity to speak with management with regards to their investment decision.

In March 2004, the Company also issued 150,000 shares of restricted common stock to two individuals for consulting services. The Company believes that the issuance of the shares was

exempt from the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act of 1933 by virtue of Section 4(2). The shares were issued directly by the Company and did not involve a public offering or general solicitation. The recipient of the shares had a preexisting relationship with our management, had performed services for the Company and had full and complete access to the Company and had the opportunity to speak with management with regards to their investment decision.

In March 2004, the Company also issued 5,000,000 shares to an officer and director of the corporation as a result of the officer converting 500,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock that converted at the rate of ten common shares for every one share of Preferred Series A Stock owned. The Company believes that the issuance of the shares was exempt from the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act of 1933 by virtue of Section 4(2). The shares were issued directly by the Company and did not involve a public offering or general solicitation. The recipient of the shares had a preexisting relationship with our management, had performed services for the Company and had full and complete access to the Company and had the opportunity to speak with management with regards to their investment decision.

### ITEM 6. MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

This report contains forward-looking statements. Actual results and events could differ materially from those projected, anticipated, or implicit, in the forward-looking statements as a result of the risk factors set forth below and elsewhere in this report.

With the exception of historical matters, the matters discussed herein are forward looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Forward looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements concerning anticipated trends in revenues and net income, the date of introduction or completion of our products, projections concerning operations and available cash flow. Our actual results could differ materially from the results discussed in such forward-looking statements primarily as the result of insufficient cash to pursue production and marketing efforts. The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and the related notes thereto appearing elsewhere herein.

## Overview

Voyager Entertainment International, Inc., formerly named Dakota Imaging, Inc., was incorporated in North Dakota on January 31, 1991. Effective February 8, 2002 the Company completed a reverse triangular merger between Dakota Subsidiary Corp. ("DSC"), a wholly

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owned subsidiary of the Company, and Voyager Ventures, Inc., a Nevada Corporation ("Ventures"), whereby the Company issued 3,660,000 shares of its Series A preferred stock in exchange for 100% of Ventures outstanding common stock. Pursuant to the terms of the merger, Ventures merged with DSC ceased to exist and Ventures became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

On April 2, 2002 we amended our Certificate of Incorporation to change our name from Dakota Imaging, Inc. to Voyager Entertainment International, Inc.

In June 2003 the company reincorporated in the State of Nevada. The reincorporation became effective in the States of North Dakota and Nevada on

June 23, 2003, the date the Certificate of Merger was issued by the Secretary of State of North Dakota.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to impairment of deferred tax assets. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions, such as the trading value of our common stock, that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions; however, we believe that our estimates, including those for the above-described items, are reasonable.

Plan of Operation

During the next 12 months, we plan to focus our efforts on our development of the Observation Wheels; however actual production will not commence until we have sufficient capital for production and marketing. Currently, our monthly cash need is approximately \$60,000 per month. These costs consist primarily of professional and consulting fees including related party, rent expenses and printing expenses.

We will face considerable risk in each of our business plan steps, such as difficulty of hiring competent personnel within our budget and a shortfall of funding due to our inability to raise capital in the equity securities market. If no funding is received during the next twelve months, we will be forced to rely on existing cash in the bank.

We have no operating history, no significant current operations, minimum cash on hand, and no profit. Because of these factors, our auditors have issued an audit opinion for us which includes a statement describing our going concern status. This means there is substantial doubt

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about our ability to continue as a going concern. While we believe we have made good faith estimates of our ability to secure additional capital in the future to reach our goals, there is no guarantee that we will receive sufficient funding to implement any future business plan steps. In the event that we do not receive additional financing, we will not be able to continue our operations.

The timing of most of our capital expenditures is discretionary. Currently there are no material long-term commitments associated with our capital expenditure plans. Consequently, we have a significant degree of flexibility to adjust the level of such expenditures as circumstances warrant. The level of our capital expenditures will vary in future periods depending on market conditions and other related economic factors.

Risks that could cause actual performance to differ from expected performance are detailed in the remainder of this section, and under the section titled "Factors That May Affect the Company's Future Operating Results."

Results of Operations

Years Ended December 31, 2003 and December 31, 2002

Revenues. We did not have any revenues for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2003 and 2002. There was no change in revenues from the year ending 2003 versus 2002 because we are still in a development stage and revenues will not be generated until operations of a ride begin.

Project Costs

Project Costs for the year ended December 31, 2003 were \$13,354, a decrease of \$16,034 less than the \$29,388 of project costs incurred in the year ended December 31, 2002. These expenses consisted primarily of presentation and development materials provided to prospective funding sources. Our total project costs since inception are \$77,124.

Operating Expenses. We had operating expenses of \$4,814,360 for the year ended December 31, 2003 verses operating expenses of \$1,694,542 for the year ended December 31, 2002 which primarily consisted of office rental expenses, legal and accounting fees and professional expenses. There was an increase in our operating expenses for the year ending December 31, 2003 of \$3,119,818. The significant increase in operating expenses for the year ending December 31, 2003 was primarily due to the issuance of common stock for services to consultants. If the company receives funding we expect these fees to increase substantially including support for employees that will be required.

Net Losses from Operations. As a result of the increases, primarily in research and development and professional and consulting fees where our common stock was issued for services, loss from operations for the period ended December 31, 2003 were \$4,814,360 an increase of \$3,119,818, over the loss from operations of \$1,694,542 for the year ended December 31, 2002.

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Liquidity and Capital Resources

A critical component of our operating plan impacting our continued existence is the ability to obtain additional capital through additional equity and/or debt financing. We do not anticipate enough positive internal operating cash flow until such time as we can generate substantial revenues, which may take the next few years to fully realize. In the event we cannot obtain the necessary capital to pursue our strategic plan, we may have to cease or significantly curtail our operations. This would materially impact our ability to continue operations.

Our near term cash requirements are anticipated to be offset through the receipt of funds from private placement offerings and loans obtained through private sources. Since inception, we have financed cash flow requirements through debt financing and issuance of common stock for cash and services. As we initiate operational activities, we may continue to experience net negative cash flows from operations, pending receipt of servicing or licensing fees, and will be required to obtain additional financing to fund operations through stock offerings and bank borrowings to the extent necessary to provide working capital.

Over the next twelve months, we believe that existing capital and anticipated funds from operations will not be sufficient to sustain operations and planned development. Consequently, we will be required to seek additional capital in the future to fund growth and expansion through additional equity or debt financing or credit facilities. No assurance can be made that such

financing would be available, and if available it may take either the form of debt or equity. In either case, the financing could have a negative impact on our financial condition and our stockholders.

We anticipate incurring operating losses over the next twelve months. Our lack of operating history makes predictions of future operating results difficult to ascertain. Our prospects must be considered in light of the risks, expenses and difficulties frequently encountered by companies in their early stage of development, particularly companies in new and rapidly evolving markets such as development related companies. Such risks include, but are not limited to, an evolving and unpredictable business model and the management of growth. To address these risks we must, among other things, implement and successfully execute our business and marketing strategy, continue to develop and upgrade technology and products, respond to competitive developments, and attract, retain and motivate qualified personnel. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in addressing such risks, and the failure to do so can have a material adverse effect on our business prospects, financial condition and results of operations.

As of December 31, 2003, we had current assets of \$489,104, which consisted primarily of cash on hand and current liabilities of \$2,498,895, resulting in working capital deficit of \$2,009,791.

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### FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT THE COMPANY'S FUTURE OPERATING RESULTS

We are a development stage company, recently reorganized and have minimal operating history, which makes an evaluation of us extremely difficult. At this stage of our business operations, even with our good faith efforts, potential investors have a high probability of losing their investment.

As a result of our reorganization in 2002, we have yet to generate revenues from operations and have been focused on organizational, start-up, market analysis and fund raising activities. Although we have a project to market, there is nothing at this time on which to base an assumption that our business operations will prove to be successful or that we will ever be able to operate profitably. Our future operating results will depend on many factors, including our ability to raise adequate working capital, demand and acceptance of our project, the level of our competition and our ability to attract and maintain key management and employees.

While Management believes its estimates of projected occurrences and events are within the timetable of its business plan, there can be no guarantees or assurances that the results anticipated will occur.

Our auditor's report reflects the fact that without realization of additional capital, it would be unlikely for us to continue as a going concern. If we are unable to continue as a going concern, it is unlikely that we will continue in business.

As a result of our deficiency in working capital and other factors, our auditors have included a paragraph in their report regarding substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Our plans in this regard are to seek additional funding through future equity private placements or debt facilities. Without funding for one of our projects the company would have to rely primarily on raising capital through investors. There can be no guarantee that we are capable of continuing to raise additional capital.

There is a limited current public market for our common stock.

Although our common stock is listed on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board, there is a limited volume of sales, thus providing a limited liquidity into the market for our shares. As a result of the foregoing, stockholders may be unable to liquidate their shares for any reason.

#### Personnel

As of December 31, 2003, we had only unpaid Officers and Directors. The Company pays \$20,000 a month in consulting fees to Synthetic Systems LLC, an entity wholly owned by Richard Hannigan. We are dependent upon Richard Hannigan, President, CEO and Director and Tracy Jones, COO and Director and Myong Hannigan Secretary Treasurer. We do not have any employees at this time and do not anticipate the need to hire any employees until such time as we have been sufficiently capitalized.

## Going Concern

The consolidated financial statements included in this filing have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles that contemplate the continuance of

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the Company as a going concern because we have accumulated net losses of \$7,886,847 . The Company's cash position may be inadequate to pay all of the costs associated with production and marketing. Management intends to use borrowings and security sales to mitigate the effects of its cash position, however no assurance can be given that debt or equity financing, if and when required will be available. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue existence.

### ITEM 7. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

See Index to Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedules appearing on page F-1 through F-19 of this Form 10-KSB.

# ITEM 8. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

At our annual stockholders' meeting held April 23, 2003, our stockholders reaffirmed the appointment of Stonefield Josephson, Inc. as our independent accountants for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2003. This is a change in accountants recommended by our Executive Management and approved by our Board of Directors.

Stonefield Josephson, Inc. was engaged by us on August 8, 2002

### ITEM 8A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Company's Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

As of December 31, 2003, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures. Based on the foregoing, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

There has been no significant changes in our internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect the internal controls subsequent to the date we completed our evaluation.

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### PART III

ITEM 9. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, PROMOTERS AND CONTROL PERSONS; COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 16(A) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

The following table sets forth the names and positions of our executive officers and directors. Directors will be elected at our annual meeting of stockholders and serve for one year or until their successors are elected and qualify. Officers are elected by the Board and their terms of office are, except to the extent governed by employment contract, at the discretion of the Board.

Name	Age	Positions and Offices held
Richard Hannigan	54	President, CEO and Director
Tracy Jones	51	Chief Operating Officer and Director
Myong Hannigan	55	Secretary, Treasurer and Director

Duties, Responsibilities and Experience

Richard L. Hannigan, Sr., age 54, is President/Treasurer and Director of Voyager Entertainment International, Inc. Mr. Hannigan has been President of a design/construction company, Synthetic Systems, Inc. since 1991. This company specializes in custom designs for interior and exterior casino construction. Under Mr. Hannigan's control Synthetic Systems, Inc. has been involved in several casino projects in Las Vegas, including the Luxor Hotel Casino, interior themed areas and exterior main entry Sphinx. Prior to Synthetic Systems, Inc., Mr. Hannigan owned and operated two consulting and construction companies from 1983-1991. These companies, Architectural Services, Inc. and Architectural Systems, Inc., respectively have been responsible for construction projects located in Las Vegas, Palm Springs, Los Angeles and Salt Lake City. Mr. Hannigan, consulted for exterior glazing and exotic fenestrations on commercial as well as casino companies, in Las Vegas.

Tracy Jones, age 51, Mr. Jones formed Western Architectural Services, LLC in 1982, as an architectural design, and fabrication company. Over the past 20 years Mr. Jones has been instrumental in the development of "themed" environments for the Hotel/Casino, Restaurant, and Theme Park industry. At Western, Mr. Jones has revolutionized the use of digitized computer enhancement for the replication of historical features.

Mr. Jones created methods that reduced the time to produce large-scale projects such as the Statue of Liberty at New York - New York Hotel and Casino.

Before this project would have taken almost 1-1/2 years to recreate. However with methods developed at Western this project was fabricated in just over 6 months.

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Mr. Jones has a history of producing the most difficult projects on time, and on budget. With his new position at Voyager Entertainment International, Inc., Mr. Jones can take this same approach to developing the Voyager Project. Through many years of difficult construction projects and budgetary restraints, Mr. Jones has developed creative and effective means of manufacturing and construction that will revolutionize this industry.

Mr. Jones will bring his expertise of manufacturing to this world class project. Mr. Jones will focus on product development, quality control, safety, state and federal regulations, freight issues, and on-time production and overall construction review. Blending his 20 years of experience in the construction industry; Mr. Jones will bring a team of talented professionals together to form an unbeatable group for the Voyager Project.

Myong Hannigan, age 55, is Secretary of Voyager Entertainment International, Inc. Ms. Hannigan attended college at Seoul University in Seoul, South Korea for general studies and business management. Ms. Hannigan is also currently a managing partner of a design/construction company, Synthetic Systems, Inc. since 1991. This company specializes in custom design for interior and exterior casino construction. Prior to Synthetic Systems, Inc., Ms. Hannigan was a managing partner for Architectural Services, Inc. and Architectural Systems, Inc., from 1983-1991. This company specialized in design and installation of Custom Glass and Glazing Systems. Prior to Architectural Services, Inc. and Architectural Systems, Ms. Hannigan owned and managed Antiqua Stain Glass Company in Honolulu, Hawaii from 1979-1981, which was relocated from Bloomington, Illinois (1976-1979). The company specialized in design, manufacturing, installation and retail/wholesale products. Ms. Hannigan is the wife of Richard Hannigan, President, Treasurer and Director of the Company.

Directors are elected to serve until the next annual meeting of stockholders and until their successors have been elected and qualified. Officers are appointed to serve until the meeting of the Board of Directors following the next annual meeting of stockholders and until their successors have been elected and qualified.

No Executive Officer or Director of the Corporation has been the subject of any Order, Judgment, or Decree of any Court of competent jurisdiction, or any regulatory agency permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring suspending or otherwise limiting him from acting as an investment advisor, underwriter, broker or dealer in the securities industry, or as an affiliated person, director or employee of an investment company, bank, savings and loan association, or insurance company or from engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice in connection with any such activity or in connection with the purchase or sale of any securities.

No Executive Officer or Director of the Corporation has been convicted in any criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations) or is the subject of a criminal proceeding which is currently pending.

No Executive Officer or Director of the Corporation is the subject of any pending legal proceedings.

Board of Directors Committees and Compensation

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

The Board of Directors does not have a Compensation Committee. Richard Hannigan, President, oversaw the compensation of our executive officers.

Board of Director's Report on Executive Compensation

General. As noted above, our Board of Directors does not have a Compensation Committee and, accordingly, during the year ended December 31, 2003, the Board of Directors, through the President, reviewed and approved the compensation of our executive officers.

Overall Policy; Significant Factors. The compensation decisions made by the Board of Directors in respect of our executive officers were influenced by two major factors. First, our start-up nature brings with it all of the normal capital requirements to sustain growth, therefore certain stock compensation was granted in lieu of salaries, commissions and for services rendered. This practice may be extended into the future on a case-by-case basis and accordingly filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Finally, as we continue to mature, certain additions to the executive staff will be required. As we are required to seek talent in outside market, we will be required to provide a competitive compensation package.

As overall policy, however, the Board continues to believe that long-term compensation tied to the creation of stockholder value should constitute a significant component of the compensation to be earned by our executive officers. In this respect, it will be the Board's policy to attempt to restrain base cash compensation (subject to competitive pressures), while providing the incentive for Management to increase stockholder value by providing such officers with significant numbers of market-price stock that will not confer value upon the officers unless and until the Company's share price rises. The Board of Directors expects that stock options will constitute a significant component of the compensation package provided to executive officers.

The Board believes that cash bonuses are, at times, appropriate based upon the performance of our business compared to our internal expectations and general business conditions.

Stock Option Plan

Our shareholders approved a 2002 Stock Option Plan on April 2, 2002 at our annual meeting. The plan authorizes the Company to issue 5,000,000 shares of common stock for issuance upon exercise of options.

The plan is intended to encourage directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company to acquire ownership of Common Stock. Officers (including officers who are members of the Board of Directors), directors (other than members of the Stock Option Committee (the "Committee") to be established to administer the Stock Option Plan) and other employees and consultants of the Company and its subsidiaries (if established) will be eligible to

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receive options under the planned Stock Option Plan. The Committee will administer the Stock Option Plan and will determine those persons to whom options will be granted, the number of options to be granted, the provisions applicable to each grant and the time periods during which the options may be exercised. No options may be granted more than ten years after the date of the

adoption of the Stock Option Plan.

Unless the Committee, in its discretion otherwise, non-qualified stock options will be granted with an option price equal to the fair market value of the shares of Common Stock to which the non-qualified stock option relates on the date of grant. In no event may the option price with respect to an incentive stock option granted under the Stock Option Plan be less than the date the incentive stock option is granted. Each option granted under the Stock Option Plan will be exercisable for a term of not more than ten years after the date of grant. Certain other restrictions will apply in connection with this Plan when some awards may be exercised.

In the event of a change of control (as defined in the Stock Option Plan), the date on which all options outstanding under the Stock Option Plan may first be exercised will be accelerated. Generally, all options terminate 90 days after a change of control. As of December 31, 2003, no options have been issued under this plan.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), requires our executive officers and directors, and persons who beneficially own more than ten percent of our common stock, to file initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership with the SEC. Executive officers, directors and greater than ten percent beneficial owners are required by SEC regulations to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file. Based upon a review of the copies of such forms furnished to us and written representations from our executive officers and directors, our belief is that during the year ended 2003, Richard Hannigan, Tracy Jones and Myong Hannigan filed there reports on a timely basis except for (1) On December 19, 2003, 1,000,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock were issued to Richard Hannigan, (2) On December 19, 2003, 1,000,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock were issued to Myong Hannigan, (3) On December 19, 2003, 500,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock was issued to Tracy Jones.

# ITEM 10. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following table sets forth the cash compensation of our executive officers and directors for the fiscal year.

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Summary Compensation Table

		Annual Co	mpensation		Long Term Compensation	
Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Other Annual Compensation	Restricted Stock	Option
Richard Hannigan (1) President/CEO/						
Director	2003	\$-0-	\$189,000	\$240,000	1,000,000	-0-
Tracy Jones	0000	<b>*</b> •		•	F00 000	
COO/Director Myong Hannigan (1)(2)	2003	\$-0-	-0-	-0-	500,000	-0-
Secretary	2003	\$-0-	\$189,000	\$240,000	1,000,000	-0-

Stock awarded to our officers and directors was in the form of Series B Preferred Stock which is convertible into 2 shares of common stock for every one share of Series B Preferred Stock owned.

- (1) A total of \$240,000 was paid to Synthetic Systems, an entity owned by Richard Hannigan and Myong Hannigan, for professional/consulting fees. The Company also accrued a bonus of \$189,000 payable to Synthetic Systems, of which, \$10,000 has been paid. Also see the Related Party Transactions section in the financial statements.
- (2) Myong Hannigan is the wife of the CEO Richard Hannigan, Sr.

### ITEM 11. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth information as of December 31, 2003 with respect to the beneficial ownership of common stock by (i) each person who to the knowledge of the Company, beneficially owned or had the right to acquire more than 5% of the outstanding common stock, (ii) each director of the Company and (iii) all executive officers and directors of the Company as a group.

Name of Beneficial Owner (1)		Percent Of Class
Richard Hannigan	14,585,000 (3) (4) (2)	
Veldon Simpson	11,000,000 (3) (2)	15.5%
Myong Hannigan	14,585,000 (4)	20.6%
Gregg Giuffria	10,000,000 (3) (2)	14.1%
Tracy Jones	4,217,500 (6)	5.9%
Dan and Jill Fugal	4,500,000 (7)	6.3%
Don and Nancy Tyner	7,359,807	10.4%
All Directors & Officers as a Group	18,802,500	26.6%
	=======	=======

(1) As used in this table, "beneficial ownership" means the sole or shared power to vote, or to direct the voting of, a security, or the sole or shared investment power

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with respect to Common Stock (i.e., the power to dispose of, or to direct the disposition of, a security). The address of each person is care of the Company.

- (2) Calculations are based on 70,603,258 common shares outstanding, on a fully diluted basis assuming conversion of both Series A and Series B convertible preferred stock.
- Assumes conversion of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock ("Series A Stock") into common stock. Each share of Series A Stock is convertible into 10 shares of common stock. Each share of Series A Stock is entitled to 10 votes on mattes properly brought before common stockholders of the Company. Each person owns 500,000 shares of Series A Stock.
- (4) Richard Hannigan and Myong Hannigan are husband and wife, Richard Hannigan directly owns 2,585,000 shares of common stock, 500,000 shares of Series A Stock, convertible into 5,000,000 shares of common stock and 1,000,000 shares of Series B Stock, convertible into 2,000,000 shares of common stock. Myong Hannigan is the direct owner of 3,000,000 shares of common stock and 1,000,000 shares of Series B Stock, convertible into 2,000,000 shares of common stock.
- (5) Assumes conversion of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock ("Series B Stock") into common stock. Each share of Series B Stock is convertible into 2 shares of common stock. Each share of Series B Stock is entitled to 2 votes on matters properly brought before the stockholders of the Company.
- Mr. Jones is the direct owner of 70,000 shares of common stock and 335,000 shares of common stock owned by the Tracy Jones Charitable Remainder Trust. In addition, Mr. Jones (i) is the sole owner of Western Architectural LLC and deemed to beneficially own the 2,812,500 shares of common stock owned by the LLC, (ii) is the majority owner of Varna Holdings LC and deemed to beneficially own the 500,000 shares of Series B Stock owned by Varna Holdings, LC, which are convertible into 1,000,000 shares of common stock.
- (7) Mr. and Mrs. Fugal jointly own 1,500,000 shares of common stock and 1,000,000 shares of Series B Stock which are convertible into 2,000,000 shares of common stock.
- (8) Richard Hannigan and Myong Hannigan are husband and wife and are deemed to directly control the same amount of shares.

### ITEM 12. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

We have numerous related party transactions with Synthetic Systems, Inc. ("Synthetic"). Synthetic is a company owned 100% by Richard Hannigan, Sr., our President and CEO of the Company. As of the year ended December 31, 2003 the company had paid approximately \$240,000 to Synthetic Systems for professional and consulting fees.

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# ITEM 13. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

- (a) Documents filed as part of this Report
  - 1. Financial Statements:
    - A. INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
    - 1. Independent Auditors Report
    - 2. Consolidated Financial Statements:

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Consolidated Balance Sheet	F-2
Consolidated Statements of Op	peration F-3
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Notes to Consolidated Financ	ial Statements F-6 - F-1

- During the fiscal year December 31, 2003 the Company filed the following 8-Ks.
- 3. Subsequent to the end of the fiscal year, the Company filed the following reports on Form 8-K NONE
- 4. Exhibits

# Number Description

- 3.1 Nevada Articles of Incorporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the period ended September 30, 2003 filed on November 14, 2003)
- 3.2 Amended and Restated Bylaws (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the period ended September 30, 2003 filed on November 14, 2003)
- 3.3 Plan and Agreement of Merger of Voyager Entertainment International, Inc. (North Dakota) into Voyager Entertainment International, Inc. (Nevada) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the period ended September 30, 2003 filed on November 14, 2003)

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- 3.4 Nevada Articles of Merger (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.4 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the period ended September 30, 2003 filed on November 14, 2003)
- 3.5 North Dakota Certificate of Merger (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.5 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the period ended September 30, 2003 filed on November 14, 2003)
- 4.1 Certificate of Designation of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the period ended September 30, 2003 filed on November 14, 2003)
- 4.2 Certificate of Designation of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the period ended September 30, 2003 filed on November 14, 2003)
- 10.1 Loan and Security Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 22, 2002)

- 10.2 Amendment No. 1 to Loan and Security Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(k) to the Company's Form 10-KSB filed on April 16, 2003)
- Amendment No. 2 to Loan and Security Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the period ended March 31, 2003 filed on May 20, 2003)
- 31.1\* Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2\* Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- \* Exhibits are filed with this report

ITEM 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

Audit Fees. The audit fees billed to the Company by Stonefield Josephson, Inc. for fiscal years ended December 31, 2002 were approximately \$34,000. These fees pertain to the audit of the Company's annual financial statements and quarterly Form 10-QSBs in 2003 along with audits associated with Outland Development. The audit fee for the 2003 audit by Stonefield Josephson, Inc., is expected to be approximately \$30,000 Audit-Related Fees, Tax Fees and All Other Fees. No "audit-related fees," "tax fees" or "all other fees," as those terms are defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission, were paid to Stonefield Josephson, Inc. for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002.

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# SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

VOYAGER ENTERTAINMENT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

By: /s/ Richard Hannigan

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Richard Hannigan, President/Director

Dated: March 30, 2004

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

NAME OFFICE DATE

By:/s/ Richard Hannigan, Sr.

\_\_\_\_\_

Richard Hannigan, Sr. President/CEO/Director March 30, 2004

By:/s/ Myong Hannigan

\_\_\_\_\_

Myong Hannigan Secretary/Treasurer/Director March 30, 2004

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# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 USC, SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 302 AND 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Voyager Entertainment International, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-KSB for the period ending December 31, 2003, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Richard Hannigan, President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Sections 302 and 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) I have reviewed the report;
- (2) To the best of my knowledge, the Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading:
- (3) To the best of my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in the Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in the Report;
- (4) I:
  - (a) am responsible for establishing internal controls;
  - (b) have designed such internal controls to ensure that material information relating to the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries is made known to me by others within the Company, particularly during the period of January 1, 2002 through December, 2003;
  - (c) have evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls as of a date within 90 days prior to the Report; and
  - (d) have presented in the Report my conclusions about the effectiveness of my internal controls based on my evaluation of that date;
- (5) I have disclosed to the Company's auditors and the board of directors:
  - (a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control which could adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data and have identified for the Company's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
  - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal controls;
- (6) I have indicated in the Report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of my evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses; and
- (7) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

Date: March 30, 2004

By: /s/ Richard L. Hannigan, Sr.

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Richard Hannigan, President/Chief Financial Officer

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CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, Richard L. Hannigan, Sr., Chief Executive and Accounting Officer of Voyager Entertainment International, Inc. (the "Company"), certify to the best of my knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:
- (1) the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2004, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: March 30, 2004 By: /s/ Richard L. Hannigan, Sr.

Chief Executive and Accounting Officer

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VOYAGER ENTERTAINMENT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARIES

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Voyager Entertainment International, Inc. Las Vegas, Nevada

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Voyager Entertainment International, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2003 and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' deficit and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 and for the period from inception to December 31, 2003. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall consolidated financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Voyager Entertainment International, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2003, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 and for the period from inception to December 31, 2003 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Company has no established source of revenue, incurred significant losses since inception of \$7,886,847 and used cash for operations of \$744,562 during the year ended December 31, 2003. The Company also has a working capital deficit of \$2,009,791 and a stockholders' deficit of \$1,999,632 as of December 31, 2003. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's

plan in regard to these matters is also discussed in Note 1. These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ Stonefield Josephson, Inc.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Santa Monica, California February 18, 2004

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# VOYAGER ENTERTAINMENT INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET - DECEMBER 31, 2003

### ASSETS

Current assets - cash and cash equivalents		\$ 489,104
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation		10 <b>,</b> 159
Total assets		\$ 499,263
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued expenses - related party Loans and settlement payable and accrued interest of \$109,157 Line of credit and accrued interest of \$605,000	\$ 122,499 179,000 987,396 1,210,000	
Total current liabilities	:	\$ 2,498,895
Commitments and contingencies (see Note 7)		
Stockholders' deficit:  Preferred stock - Series A; \$.001 par value; 1,500,000 shares authorized, 1,500,000 shares outstanding Preferred stock - Series B; \$.001 par value; 10,000,000 shares	1,500	
authorized, 4,000,000 shares outstanding Common stock; \$.001 par value; 200,000,000 shares	4,000	
authorized, 49,771,260 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Deferred construction cost Deficit accumulated during development stage	49,771 24,136,079 (18,304,135) (7,886,847)	

Total stockholders' deficit

(1,999,632)

Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit

\$ 499,263 ======

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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# VOYAGER ENTERTAINMENT INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	For the year ended December 31, 2003	For the year ended December 31, 2002	
Net revenue	\$	\$	\$
Operating expenses: Professional and consulting fees Rent expense	3,967,918 28,045	1,515,193 30,440	5 <b>,</b> 60
Settlement expense, excluding interest Project costs Other operating expenses	650,000 13,354 155,043	29,388 119,521	65 7 30
	4,814,360	1,694,542	6,69
Loss from operations	(4,814,360)	(1,694,542)	(6,69
Interest expense	1,129,535	59,785	1,18
Loss before income taxes	(5,943,895)	(1,754,327)	(7 <b>,</b> 88
Income taxes			
Net loss	\$(5,943,895)	\$(1,754,327)	\$(7 <b>,</b> 88
Preferred stock dividends from amortization of beneficial conversion feature	(130,000)		(13
Net loss attributed to common stockholders	\$(6,073,895) ======	\$(1,754,327) =======	\$(8,01 =====
Net loss per share - basic and diluted	\$ (0.15) =====	\$ (0.05)	
Net loss per share attributed to common shareholders- basic and diluted	\$ (0.15) ======	\$ (0.05) ======	
Weighted average common stock shares outstanding - basic and diluted	40,792,000	34,066,110 ======	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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# VOYAGER ENTERTAINMENT INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

	Preferred Stoo	ck Series A	Preferred Stock Series		
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	
For the period since inception on March 1, 1997 to December 31, 2000 (as restated for reorganization)		\$		\$	
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2001					
Balance at December 31, 2001					
<pre>Issuance of stock for cash and   services (pre-merger)</pre>	2,160,000	2,160			
Conversion of preferred stock to common stock	(660,000)	(660)			
Acquisition of net assets of Dakota					
Issuance of common stock for cash - February 15, 2002					
Issuance of common stock for services - April 2002					
Issuance of common stock for Architectural agreement - May 2002					
Issuance of common stock for cash - June 2002					
Issuance of common stock for Architectural agreement - October 2002					
Issuance of common stock for financing costs - November 2002					
Issuance of stock for services - October 2002					
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2002					
Balance at December 31, 2002	1,500,000	1,500			
Issuance of common stock for financing costs - June 2003					

Issuance of preferred stock for cash -

June 2003			1,000,0	00 1,	000
Issuance of preferred stock for cash - August 2003			500,0	00	500
Beneficial conversion feature associated with preferred stock					
Amortization of beneficial conversion feature in a manner similar to preferred stock divider	nds				
Issuance of common stock for cash September 2003					
Issuance of common stock for services September 2003					
Issuance of common stock for cash - December 2003, net of offering costs					
Issuance of preferred stock for services - December 2003 to related parties			2,500,0	00 2,	500
Issuance of common stock for services - December 2003					
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2003					
Balance at December 31, 2003	1,500,000	•	4,000,0		
	Additional paid-in capita	Deferre construct al costs	accu ed duri Lion deve s	eficit mulated ng the elopment tage	
For the period since inception on March 1, 1997 to December 31, 2000 (as restated for reorganization)	\$ 20,000	\$	\$ (	87,193)	\$
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2001			· ·	01,432)	
Balance at December 31, 2001	20,000		(1	88,625)	
<pre>Issuance of stock for cash and   services (pre-merger)</pre>	25,840				
Conversion of preferred stock to common stock	(5,940)				
Acquisition of net assets of Dakota	(11,615)				
Issuance of common stock for cash - February 15, 2002	399,200				

Balance at December 31, 2003	\$ 24,136,079 ======	\$(18,304,135) =======		\$(1, ====
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2003			(5,943,895) 	(5, 
Issuance of common stock for services - December 2003	847,827			
Issuance of preferred stock for services - December 2003 to related parties	2,347,500			2,
Issuance of common stock for cash - December 2003, net of offering costs	769,039			
Issuance of common stock for services September 2003	99,375			
Issuance of common stock for cash September 2003	99,231			
Amortization of beneficial conversion feature in a manner similar to preferred stock dividen	(130,000)			(
Beneficial conversion feature associated with preferred stock	130,000			
Issuance of preferred stock for cash - August 2003	49,500			
Issuance of preferred stock for cash - June 2003	99,000			
Issuance of common stock for financing costs - June 2003	309,400			
Balance at December 31, 2002	19,515,207	(18,304,135)	(1,942,952)	(
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2002			(1,754,327)	(1,
Issuance of stock for services - October 2002	74,750			
Issuance of common stock for financing costs - November 2002	162,500			
Issuance of common stock for Architectural agreement - October 2002	162,000	(162,600)		
Issuance of common stock for cash - June 2002	149,950			
Issuance of common stock for Architectural agreement - May 2002	18,138,722	(18,141,535)		
Issuance of common stock for services - April 2002	399,800			

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# VOYAGER ENTERTAINMENT INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	For the year ended December 31, 2003	Decembe
Cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities: Net loss	\$(5,943,895)	\$ (1 <b>,</b>
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used for)		ļ
operating activities:		ļ
Depreciation	3,403	
Issuance of stock for services including related parties	•	
Interest expense from the issuance of common stock	425,150	
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in assets:		ļ
Prepaid expenses		
Other current assets	4,268	
Increase in liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	638,522	ļ
Accrued expenses - related party	179,000	
Accrued settlement obligation	650,000 	
Net cash used for operating activities	(744,562)	(1,
Cash flows used for investing activities -		
payments to acquire property and equipment	(8,520) 	
Cash flows provided by (used for) financing activities:		
Due to related party		
Proceeds from notes and loans payable	105,000	
Proceeds from sale of preferred stock	150,000	
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	875,000	ļ
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,130,000	1,
Net increase in cash	376,918	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	112,186	
cash and cash equivarenes, segiming		
Cash and cash equivalents, end	\$ 489,104 ======	\$
Cash paid during the year for:		
Interest expense	\$ =======	\$ =====

Income taxes	\$	\$
	========	=====
Non cash financing activity:		
Stock issued for services	\$ 3,298,990	\$
Common stock issued for financing costs and services	\$ 425 <b>,</b> 150	===== \$
Common stock issued for Architectural Agreement	\$	\$ 18,
Conversion of preferred stock to common stock	\$	\$
	========	=====

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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VOYAGER ENTERTAINMENT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARIES

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 AND

FOR THE PERIOD FROM INCEPTION (MARCH 1, 1997) TO DECEMBER 31, 2003

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: Business Activity:

The Company is in the entertainment development business and is planning the development of the world's tallest Ferris wheel on the Las Vegas Strip area. The Company's corporate offices are located in Las Vegas, Nevada.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued:

## Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Voyager Entertainment International, Inc. (the "Company"), formerly known as Dakota Imaging, Inc., ("Dakota"), incorporated under the laws of the state of North Dakota on January 31, 1991, and its subsidiaries:

a) Voyager Ventures, Inc. ("Ventures"), incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada on January 15, 2002 (owned 100% by the Company); b) Outland Development, LLC ("Outland"), a limited liability company formed under the laws of the State of Nevada on March 1, 1997 (owned 100% by Ventures); and c) Voyager Entertainment Holdings, Inc. ("Holdings"), incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada on May 2, 2002 (owned 100% by the Company).

The Company is currently a development stage enterprise reporting under the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 7.

During April 2002, the Company changed its name from Dakota Imaging, Inc. to Voyager Entertainment International, Inc. and adopted a new fiscal year-end of December 31.

Going Concern:

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has no established source of revenue, incurred significant losses since inception of \$7,886,847 and used cash for operations of \$744,562 during the year ended December 31, 2003. The Company also has a working capital deficit of \$2,009,791 and a stockholders' deficit of \$1,999,632 as of December 31, 2003. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

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The Company has limited operations and is still in the development stage. The Company will need to raise a substantial amount of capital in order to continue its business plan. This situation raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relative to the recoverability and classification of asset carrying amounts or the amount and classification of liabilities that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. Management is currently initiating their business plan and is in the process of raising additional capital (see Subsequent Events). Use of Estimates:

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Fair Value:

Unless otherwise indicated, the fair values of all reported assets and liabilities which represent financial instruments, none of which are held for trading purposes, approximate carrying values of such amounts.

### Reclassification:

Certain reclassifications have been made to the balances as of December 31, 2002 to conform to the December 31, 2003 presentation.

### Comprehensive Income:

SFAS No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income," establishes standards for the reporting and display of comprehensive income and its components in the financial statements. For the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, the Company has no items that represent other comprehensive income and, accordingly, has not included a Statement of Comprehensive Income in the financial statements.

# Financing Costs:

Financing costs consist of costs incurred to raise debt to finance its Voyager project. These costs are amortized over the weighted term of the debt securities using the interest method. Capitalized financing costs are evaluated on a periodic basis to test for any impairment losses and charged to interest expense during the period of evaluation.

### Stock Based Compensation:

SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," establishes and

encourages the use of the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based compensation arrangements under which compensation cost is determined using the fair value of stock-based compensation determined as of the date of grant and is recognized over the periods in which the related services are rendered. The statement also permits companies to elect to continue using the current intrinsic value accounting method specified in Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," to account for stock-based compensation. The Company has elected to use the intrinsic value based method and has disclosed the pro forma effect of using the fair value based method to account for its stock-based compensation issued to employees. For options granted to employees where the exercise price is less than the fair value of the stock at the date of grant, the Company recognizes an expense in accordance with APB 25.

For non-employee stock based compensation the Company recognizes an expense in accordance with SFAS No. 123 and values the equity securities based on the fair value of the security on the date of grant. For stock-based awards the value is based on the market value for the stock on the date of grant and if the stock has restrictions as to transferability a discount is provided for lack of tradability.

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Stock option awards are valued using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The Company did not issue any Stock option rewards during the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002.

Net Loss Per Share:

In accordance with SFAS No. 128, "Earnings Per Share," the basic loss per common share is computed by dividing net loss available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted loss per common share is computed similar to basic loss per common share except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the potential common shares had been issued and if the additional common shares were dilutive. There are 23,000,000 and 15,000,000 common stock equivalents outstanding which have not been included in diluted earnings per share as their effect would be anti-dilutive for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively. The common stock equivalent shares outstanding are computed assuming full conversion of all preferred stock during the respective periods.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Equivalents - For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents include all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less which are not securing any corporate obligations.

Concentration - The Company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts.

Property and Equipment:

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method based on estimated useful lives from 5 to 7 years. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred while renewals and betterments are capitalized. Gains and losses on disposals are included in the results of operations.

Advertising and Marketing Costs

The Company expenses costs of advertising and marketing as incurred. Advertising and marketing expense for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 was \$6,061 and \$4,223, respectively.

### Segment Information:

The Company's management believes it operates in a single business segment; all operations for the year ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 are domestic.

### Income Taxes:

Prior to December 31, 2001, the Company reported its income taxes as a limited liability company and, as such, reported its income as a partnership whereby liability or taxes was that of the individual members rather than that of the Company.

The Company now accounts for income taxes in accordance with SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." Deferred taxes are provided on the liability method whereby deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences, and deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences.

Temporary differences are the differences between the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will be

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realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment.

## Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

During April 2003, the FASB issued SFAS 149 - "Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities", effective for contracts entered into or modified after June 30, 2003, except as stated below and for hedging relationships designated after June 30, 2003. In addition, except as stated below, all provisions of this Statement should be applied prospectively. The provisions of this Statement that relate to Statement 133 Implementation Issues that have been effective for fiscal quarters that began prior to June 15, 2003, should continue to be applied in accordance with their respective effective dates. In addition, paragraphs 7(a) and 23(a), which relate to forward purchases or sales of when-issued securities or other securities that do not yet exist, should be applied to both existing contracts and new contracts entered into after June 30, 2003. The Company does not participate in such transactions and accordingly, did not have any effect of this new pronouncement on its financial statements or results of operations.

During May 2003, the FASB issued SFAS 150 - "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity", effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003, and otherwise is effective at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. This Statement establishes standards for how an issuer classifies and measures certain financial instruments with characteristics of both liabilities and equity. It requires that an issuer classify a freestanding financial instrument that is within its scope as a liability (or an asset in some circumstances). Many of those instruments were previously classified as equity. Some of the provisions of this Statement are consistent with the current definition of liabilities in FASB Concepts Statement No. 6, Elements of

Financial Statements. The Company did not participate in such transactions in 2003 and accordingly, did not have any effect of this new pronouncement on its financial statements or results of operations.

In January 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Interpretation No. 46 (FIN-46), Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, which was amended in December 2003. FIN-46 clarifies the application of Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51, Consolidated Financial Statements, to certain entities in which equity investors do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest or do not have sufficient equity at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties. It separates entities into two groups: (1) those for which voting interests are used to determine consolidation and (2) those for which variable interests are used to determine consolidation (the subject of FIN-46). FIN-46 requires an investor with a majority of the variable interests (primary beneficiary) in a variable interest entity (VIE) to consolidate the entity and also requires majority and significant variable interest investors to provide certain disclosures. The provisions of FIN-46 were effective immediately for all arrangements entered into with new VIEs created after January 31, 2003. For arrangements entered into with VIEs created before January 31, 2003, the provisions of FIN-46 are effective at the end of the first reporting period ending after March 15, 2004. The Company has reviewed and considered the provisions of FIN-46 to determine whether it is the primary beneficiary of any VIEs. The review did not identify any VIEs.

In December 2003, the FASB issued a revised SFAS No. 132, "Employers' Disclosures about Pensions and Other Postretirement Benefits" which replaces the previously issued Statement. The revised Statement increases the existing disclosures for defined benefit pension plans and other defined benefit postretirement plans. However, it does not change the measurement or recognition of those plans as required under SFAS No. 87, "Employers' Accounting for Pensions," SFAS No. 88, "Employers' Accounting for Settlements and Curtailments of Defined Benefit Pension Plans and for Termination Benefits," and SFAS No. 106, "Employers' Accounting for Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions." Specifically, the revised Statement requires companies to provide additional disclosures about pension plan assets, benefit obligations, cash flows, and benefit costs of defined benefit pension plans and other defined benefit postretirement plans. Also, companies are required to provide a breakdown of plan assets by category, such as debt, equity and real estate, and to provide

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certain expected rates of return and target allocation percentages for these asset categories. The Company has implemented this pronouncement and has concluded that the adoption has no material impact to the financial statements.

### (2) Property and equipment:

The cost of property and equipment at December 31, 2003 consisted of the following:

	===		
	\$	10,158	
Less accumulated depreciation		(4,081)	
Computer equipment	\$	14,240	

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 was \$3,403 and \$678, respectively.

### (3) Loans Payable:

Loans payable had no stated interest rate, were due on demand and unsecured. Interest of approximately \$109,157 has been accrued at an estimated market interest rate of 8% and is included with the principal balance. The original balance was \$228,239 and the proceeds were received and used for operating capital during the year ended December 31, 2002. In March 2003, a claim of \$1,460,000 was asserted by the lender. Although management believed the claims were frivolous, due to the additional resources needed by management to defend these claims and how it would distract management's efforts from moving forward with the business plan, a settlement agreement was consummated with the lender in August 2003..

The Company has agreed to pay a settlement amount of an additional \$650,000, without claiming any fault or wrong doing. As of December 31, 2003, the total obligation including loans of \$228,239, settlement obligation of \$650,000 and accrued interest, of \$109,157, amounted to \$987,396. The first half of this balance is payable at the closing of the first round of project funding and the remaining balance is due at the closing of any subsequent project funding.

### (4) Line of Credit:

On November 19, 2002, the Company entered into a line of credit financing agreement in the amount of \$2,500,000. Advances under this line of credit are based on achievement of certain milestones pursuant to the agreement. Upon the receipt of funds, the Company was required to issue up to 1,500,000 shares of its common stock on a pro rata basis. The Company has borrowed \$605,000 against this line of credit and issued 1,500,000 shares (300,000 shares were issued and accounted for during the year ended December 31, 2002 and 1,200,000 common shares were issued and accounted for in the current year) of its common shares as of December 31, 2003. The balance payable under this line of credit was due on April 15, 2003 and is secured by all of the Company's assets. The line of credit bore interest at the rate of 12% per annum (effective interest rate of 100%). This line of credit has expired and no principal has been paid back. Consequently, during the year ended December 31, 2003, the Company agreed to pay 100% interest related to this line of credit. Interest of \$605,000 has been accrued and included with the principal balance in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. As of December 31, 2003, the total obligation including loans of \$605,000, and accrued interest of \$605,000, amounted to \$1,210,000.

In addition, the Company also issued 350,000 shares of common shares as finder's fees in 2002. Upon the receipt of additional funds, the Company was required to issue up to 1,400,000 shares of its common stock. During 2003, the Company issued 1,400,000 shares of common stock under this agreement. The fair market value of the 2,600,000 common stock shares issued totaled \$312,000, all of which has been accounted for as interest expense in the accompanying

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consolidated statement of operations. For consideration given in 2002 valued at \$163,150, \$50,000 was expensed as interest expense and the unamortized balance of \$113,150 was netted against the face amount of the debt as of December 31, 2002. During 2003, \$113,150 was amortized and expensed as interest in the accompanying statement of operations.

### (5) Related Party Transactions:

The Company leases office furniture and equipment from an entity under the control of its officer-stockholders, Synthetic Systems, LLC, for a monthly rate of \$1,150 on a month to month basis. During the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, the Company recognized an expense of \$15,205 and \$13,800 respectively, related to this lease.

During the year ended December 31, 2003, the Company issued 2,500,000 of the Series B Preferred Stock Shares for total consideration valued at \$2,350,000, or \$0.94 per share, to its officer-stockholders. The fair value of the services received was determined based on the fair value of the underlying trading common stock. Series B has a par value of \$0.001, each share of Series B preferred share may be converted at the request of the holder into 2 shares of common stock, has preferential liquidation privileges above Series A and common stock holders and has an anti-dilution clause in the event of a reverse split. Each Series B preferred share has 2 votes per common share.

During the year ended December 31, 2003, the Company and its board of directors approved a bonus of \$189,000 payable to Synthetic Systems, LLC, an entity wholly owned by its Chief Executive Officer. In addition, the Company also incurred an expense of \$240,000 or \$20,000 per month of consulting fees, all of which has been paid to Synthetic Systems, LLC throughout 2003. At December 31, 2003, accounts payable and accrued expenses, related party consists of the \$179,000 unpaid bonus balance.

During February 2004, the Company advanced \$300,000 in cash to Western Architectural Services, LLC, an entity owned by an officer-stockholder and director of the Company pursuant to an existing contract to design and build a car for the Voyager project and conduct a feasibility study.

(6) Stockholders' Deficit:

Convertible Preferred Stock - Series A

The Series A convertible preferred stock carries the following rights and preferences:

- o 10 to 1 voting rights per share
- o Each share has 10 for 1 conversion rights to shares of common stock
- o No redemption rights

During 2002, prior to the date of the Merger discussed in Note 1, the Company issued 2,160,000 shares of convertible preferred stock as consideration for cash and services, of which 660,000 shares were immediately converted to shares of common stock, resulting in the Company having 3,660,000 shares of common stock outstanding.

Effective February 8, 2002 the Company, as consideration for the Merger, issued 3,660,000 shares of its Series A convertible preferred stock in exchange for 100% of Voyager's outstanding common stock. Additionally, simultaneously upon closing of the Merger 2,160,000 shares of the Series A convertible preferred stock immediately converted into 21,600,000 shares of common stock, resulting in a balance of 1,500,000 shares of convertible preferred stock remaining outstanding. These amounts have been adjusted pursuant to reverse merger accounting in the accompanying financial statements.

Immediately preceding the Merger, Dakota, the legal acquirer, had

11,615,000 shares of common stock outstanding.

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Convertible Preferred Stock - Series B

The Series B convertible preferred stock carries the following rights and preferences:

- o 2 to 1 voting rights per share
- o Par value of \$0.001
- o Each share has 2 for 1 conversion rights to shares of common stock
- o No redemption rights
- o Preferential liquidation rights to Series A preferred stock and common stock
- o Anti-dilution clauses in the event of a reverse split

In June 2003, the Company sold 1,000,000 of the Series B Preferred Stock Shares for total cash consideration of \$100,000 to one investor at \$0.10 per share. The Company recognized a beneficial conversion feature of \$80,000 accounted for as a preferred stock dividend during the year. Since these shares are immediately convertible into common stock of the Company, pursuant to EITF 00-27 and EITF 98-5, the Company recognized the dividend immediately.

In August 2003, the Company sold 500,000 of the Series B Preferred Stock Shares for total cash consideration of \$50,000 to one investor at \$0.10 per share. The Company recognized a beneficial conversion feature of \$50,000 accounted for as a preferred stock dividend during the year. Since these shares are immediately convertible into common stock of the Company, pursuant to EITF 00-27 and EITF 98-5, the Company recognized the dividend immediately.

In December 2003, the Company issued 2,500,000 of the Series B Preferred Stock Shares for total consideration valued at \$2,350,000, or \$0.94 per share, to its officer-stockholders. The fair value of the services received was determined based on the fair value of the underlying trading common stock.

### Common Stock Issuances

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On February 15, 2002 the Company sold 800,000 restricted shares of common stock at a price of \$0.50 per share for \$400,000, which represented the fair market value of the common stock on date of issuance.

On April 5, 2002, the Company issued 200,000 restricted shares of common stock in exchange for services performed totaling \$200,000. The fair market value of the common stock on the date of issuance totaled \$400,000. Therefore, the Company has recognized stock discount expense of \$200,000.

On April 5, 2002, the Company issued 125,000 restricted common shares for Investor Relations Services. The shares were being held by the Company in anticipation of executing a formal definitive agreement with the service provider. On June 6, 2002 the Company cancelled the shares due to an inability to reach an agreement with the service provider.

On May 30, 2002, the Company executed a Contractor Agreement with Western Architectural Services, LLC ("WAL") whereby Western

Architectural will provide to be determined architectural services to the Company for its Voyager Project to be located on the Las Vegas Strip.

The Company issued 2,812,500 shares of restricted common stock to Western Architectural in consideration for Western Architecture's contract sum of \$18,304,135 classified as deferred financing costs, to be expensed as earned. As of December 31, 2003, no amounts have been earned by WAL and accordingly, no amounts have been expensed. Although he is now a related party, at the time of this transaction this principal of WAL as not a related party.

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During June 2002, the Company sold 50,000 restricted shares of common stock at a price of \$3.00 per share solely to accredited investors for cash consideration totaling \$150,000, which represents the fair market value of the common stock on date of issuance.

On October 28, 2002, the Company entered into a professional architectural services agreement with A.C.E Architect, Inc. in exchange for 600,000 shares of preferred stock. The Company's stock must be issued within 10 days of the agreement. In addition, the Company is responsible for reimburse of expenses.

On November 19, 2002, the Company entered into a line of credit financing in the amount of \$100,000,000 in exchange for 650,000 shares of common stock. The fair market value of the common stock on the date of issuance totaled \$163,150.

On December 9, 2002, the Company entered into a consulting agreement in exchange for 325,000 shares of common stock. The fair market value of the common stock on the date of issuance totaled \$75,075.

In September 2003, the Company sold 769,222 shares of par value \$.001 common stock for total cash consideration of \$100,000 to one investor, which represents the fair market value of the common stock on date of issuance. Since the cash consideration received was from unrelated parties, it was determined to best represent the fair market value of the shares on the transaction date. The common stock was offered in reliance upon the private offering exemptions contained in Sections 3(b) and 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated thereunder.

In September 2003, the Company also issued 625,000 shares of restricted common stock to two individuals for consulting services rendered. These shares were valued at the fair market value of \$0.16 per share or total compensation cost of \$100,000.

In December 2003, the Company sold 5,961,538 shares of its \$.001 par value common stock for total cash consideration of \$775,000 to five investors. One investor also entered into an agreement to purchase 1,346,154 additional shares of common stock for cash proceeds of \$175,000. Subsequent to December 31, 2003, this investor had acquired 961,540 common shares for total proceeds of \$125,000. Since the cash consideration received was from unrelated parties, it was determined to best represent the fair market of the shares on the transaction date. The common stock was offered in reliance upon the private offering exemptions contained in Sections 3(b) and 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated thereunder.

In December 2003, the Company also issued 1,163,000 shares of restricted common stock to two individuals for consulting services rendered. These shares were valued at the fair market value of \$0.73 per share for total compensation of \$848,990.

Stock Option Plan

The Company's shareholders approved the 2002 Stock Option Plan on April 2, 2002 at the Company's annual meeting. The plan authorizes the Company to issue 5,000,000 shares of common stock for issuance upon exercise of options.

The plan is intended to encourage directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company to acquire ownership of Common Stock. Officers (including officers who are members of the Board of Directors), directors (other than members of the Stock Option Committee (the "Committee") to be established to administer the Stock Option Plan) and other employees and consultants of the Company and its subsidiaries (if established) will be eligible to receive options under the planned Stock Option Plan. The Committee will administer the Stock Option Plan and will determine those persons to whom options will be granted, the number of options to be granted, the provisions applicable to each grant and the time periods during which the options may be exercised. No options may be granted more than ten years after the date of the adoption of the Stock Option Plan.

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Unless the Committee, in its discretion, determines otherwise, non-qualified stock options will be granted with an option price equal to the fair market value of the shares of Common Stock to which the non-qualified stock option relates on the date of grant. In no event may the option price with respect to an incentive stock option granted under the Stock Option Plan be less than the fair market value of such Common Stock to which the incentive stock option relates on the date the incentive stock option is granted. Each option granted under the Stock Option Plan will be exercisable for a term of not more than ten years after the date of grant. Certain other restrictions will apply in connection with this Plan when some awards may be exercised.

In the event of a change of control (as defined in the Stock Option Plan), the date on which all options outstanding under the Stock Option Plan may first be exercised will be accelerated. Generally, all options terminate 90 days after a change of control. As of December 31, 2003, no options have been issued under this plan.

## (7) Commitments and Contingencies:

During January 2002, the Company entered into a month-to- month office lease totaling \$2,350 per month.

On June 18, 2003, the Company signed a joint venture Memorandum of Understanding with Bennett Realty Group where Bennett Realty will supply up to 15 acres of land located in Euless, Texas, also known as the Dallas Fort Worth Metroplex. The land is located adjacent to the Dallas Fort Worth Airport. A Voyager Wheel will be part of a 200 acre master planned community that will feature a lake, housing and retail. Voyager Dallas will be the featured attraction geared to draw guests to the community. As of February 18, 2004, no definitive agreements have been signed.

Contingent Liability

During the year ended December 31, 2002, an officer of the Company who lacked appropriate authority offered approximately 16.4 million options to investors at an exercise price of \$0.001. There were no written agreements and Board approval was required for such transactions, and hence, the officer did not have the authority to grant the options. These options were contingently issuable upon the successful completion of debt financing of amounts ranging from \$100 million to \$300 million, unrelated to the above. The Company and its Board of Directors have denied any liability for the issuance of these options, plans to vigorously defend its position and accordingly, no amount has been accrued for this contingency in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. These disputed options expired in August 2003.

### (8) Income Taxes:

The reconciliation of the effective income tax rate to the federal statutory rate for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 is as follows:

	2003	2002
Federal income tax rate	35.0%	35.0%
Accrued expenses	(7.0)	-
Effect of net operating loss	(28.0)%	(35.0)%
Effective income tax rate	0.0%	0.0%

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Deferred tax assets and liabilities reflect the net effect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for income tax purposes. Significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities at December 31, 2003 are as follows:

Loss carry forwards	\$ 2,125,000	
Accrued expenses	575,000	
Less valuation allowance	(2,700,000)	
	\$ _	

At December 31, 2003, the Company has provided a valuation allowance for the deferred tax asset since management has not been able to determine that the realization of that asset is more likely than not. The net change in the valuation allowance for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 were an increase of approximately \$2,100,000 and \$600,000, respectively. Net operating loss carry forwards start to expire in 2021.

## (9) Subsequent Events:

Subsequent to December 31, 2003, the Company sold 961,540 shares of par value \$.001 common stock for total cash consideration of \$125,000 to one investor pursuant to a stock purchase agreement from December 2003.

The common stock was offered in reliance upon the private offering exemptions contained in Sections 3(b) and 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated thereunder.

During February 2004, the Company sold 750,000 shares of par value \$.001 common stock for total cash consideration of \$300,000 to two investors. The common stock was offered in reliance upon the private offering exemptions contained in Sections 3(b) and 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated thereunder.

During February 2004, an officer-stockholder converted 500,000 Series A Preferred shares into 5,000,000 common shares of the Company. Series A has a par value of \$0.001, each share of Series A preferred share maybe converted at the request of the holder into 10 shares of common stock.

During February 2004, the Company also issued 725,000 shares of restricted common stock to three consultants for services rendered. These shares were valued at the fair market value ranging from \$0.75 to \$0.80 per share for total consideration of \$558,750.

During February 2004, the Company advanced \$300,000 in cash to Western Architectural Services, LLC, an entity owned by an officer-stockholder and director of the Company pursuant to an existing contract to design and build a car for the Voyager project and conduct a feasibility study.