STAGE STORES INC
Form 10-Q
December 07, 2017

## UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
Form 10-Q
(Mark One)
p QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF - 1934

For the quarterly period ended October 28, 2017
or
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF ${ }^{\circ} 1934$

For the transition period from $\qquad$ to $\qquad$
Commission File Number 1-14035
Stage Stores, Inc.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
NEVADA
91-1826900
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
2425 West Loop South, Houston, Texas
77027
(Address of principal executive offices)
(Zip Code)
(800) 579-2302
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T ( $\$ 232.405$ of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes p No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company", and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one): Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer p Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company o

Emerging growth company o

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If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No b

As of November 29, 2017, there were 27,627,382 shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding.

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## PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Stage Stores, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(in thousands, except par value)
(Unaudited)
October 28, January 28, 20172017

## ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents $\quad \$ 30,330 \quad \$ 13,803$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Merchandise inventories, net } & 578,633 \quad 409,384\end{array}$
Prepaid expenses and other current assets $\quad 52,376 \quad 41,574$
Total current assets $661,339 \quad 464,761$
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Property, equipment and leasehold improvements, net of accumulated depreciation of } & 260,870 & 284,110\end{array}$
Intangible assets
17,135 15,235
Other non-current assets, net $\quad 28,237 \quad 22,883$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Total assets } & \$ 967,581 & \$ 786,989\end{array}$

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
Accounts payable
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities
\$214,783 \$101,985
Total current liabilities
77,093 66,685
Total currat habilit
291,876 168,670

| Long-term debt obligations | 268,969 | 163,749 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Other long-term liabilities | 70,052 | 74,410 |
| Total liabilities | 630,897 | 406,829 |

Commitments and contingencies
Common stock, par value $\$ 0.01,100,000$ shares authorized, 32,794 and 32,340 shares issued, 328 respectively
Additional paid-in capital 416,422 410,504
Treasury stock, at cost, 5,175 shares, respectively $\quad(43,248)(43,286$
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (5,021 ) (5,648 )
(Accumulated deficit) retained earnings
Total stockholders' equity
(31,797 ) 18,267
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity
336,684 380,160
\$967,581 \$786,989

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.
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Stage Stores, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss (in thousands, except per share data)
(Unaudited)

Net sales
Cost of sales and related buying, occupancy and distribution expenses
Gross profit
Selling, general and administrative expenses
Interest expense
Loss before income tax
Income tax benefit
Net loss

| Three Mon | nths Ended | Nine Month | s Ended |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| October 28 | 8,October | October 28, | October 29, |
| 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| \$357,236 | \$317,140 | \$1,042,924 | \$988,275 |
| 285,542 | 260,550 | 816,071 | 779,128 |
| 71,694 | 56,590 | 226,853 | 209,147 |
| 100,036 | 84,564 | 289,188 | 260,076 |
| 2,001 | 1,395 | 5,505 | 3,616 |
| (30,343 | ) $(29,369$ | ) $(67,840$ | ) $(54,545$ |
| (12,621 | ) (13,735 | ) $(24,873$ | ) $(23,492$ |
| \$(17,722) | ) $\$(15,634$ | \$(42,967 | \$(31,053 |

Other comprehensive income:
Amortization of employee benefit related costs, net of tax of \$81, $\$ 86, \$ 242$ and $\$ 256$, respectively
Pension settlement charge, net of tax of $\$ 142$
Total other comprehensive income
Comprehensive loss
$\left.\begin{array}{llll}\$ 132 & \$ 139 & \$ 395 & \$ 417 \\ 232 & - & 232 & - \\ 364 & 139 & 627 & 417 \\ \$(17,358) & \$(15,495 & ) & \$(42,340\end{array}\right) \$(30,636)$

Basic loss per share data:
Basic loss per share $\quad \$(0.64 \quad) \$(0.58 \quad) \$(1.57 \quad) \$(1.15 \quad)$
Basic weighted average shares outstanding
$27,602 \quad 27,155 \quad 27,468 \quad 27,066$

Diluted loss per share data:
Diluted loss earnings per share $\quad \$(0.64 \quad) \$(0.58 \quad) \$(1.57 \quad) \$(1.15 \quad)$
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding
27,602 27,155 27,468 27,066

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.
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Stage Stores, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (in thousands)
(Unaudited)

|  | Nine Months Ended October 28,October 29, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash flows from operating activities: |  |  |
| Net loss | \$ 42,967$)$ | \$ (31,053 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities: |  |  |
| Depreciation, amortization and impairment of long-lived assets | 49,476 | 54,285 |
| (Gain) loss on retirements of property, equipment and leasehold improvements | (926 | ) 273 |
| Deferred income taxes | (6,065 | ) 1,965 |
| Tax deficiency from stock-based compensation | - | (3,295 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | 6,191 | 7,345 |
| Amortization of debt issuance costs | 216 | 164 |
| Deferred compensation obligation | (38 | ) 233 |
| Amortization of employee benefit related costs and pension settlement charge | 1,011 | 673 |
| Construction allowances from landlords | 1,228 | 6,994 |
| Other changes in operating assets and liabilities: |  |  |
| Increase in merchandise inventories | $(137,479)$ | ) $(133,347$ |
| Increase in other assets | (9,709 ) | ) $(18,527$ |
| Increase in accounts payable and other liabilities | 120,137 | 119,544 |
| Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities | (18,925 ) | ) 5,254 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: |  |  |
| Additions to property, equipment and leasehold improvements | (25,342 | ) (67,934 |
| Proceeds from insurance and disposal of assets | 2,404 | 1,177 |
| Business acquisition | (36,144 |  |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (59,082 | ) $(66,757$ |
| Cash flows from financing activities: |  |  |
| Proceeds from revolving credit facility borrowings | 426,308 | 389,701 |
| Payments of revolving credit facility borrowings | $(318,851)$ | ) $(314,783$ |
| Proceeds from long-term debt obligation | - | 5,830 |
| Payments of long-term debt obligations | (5,626 | ) $(3,507$ |
| Payments of debt issuance costs | (8) | ) - |
| Payments for stock related compensation | (192 | ) (857 |
| Cash dividends paid | (7,097 | ) $(12,466$ |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 94,534 | 63,918 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 16,527 | 2,415 |
| Cash and cash equivalents: |  |  |
| Beginning of period | 13,803 | 16,487 |
| End of period | \$30,330 | \$ 18,902 |
| Supplemental disclosures including non-cash investing and financing activities: |  |  |
| Interest paid | \$5,221 | \$3,425 |
| Income taxes (refunded) paid | \$(8,485 ) | ) \$2,931 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements. 5

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Stage Stores, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity
For the Nine Months Ended October 28, 2017
(in thousands, except per share data)
(Unaudited)

|  | Comm Stock <br> Shares | Amou | Additiona <br> Paid-in <br> tCapital | Treasur | y Stock Amount | Accumula <br> Other <br> Comprehe <br> Loss |  | Retained Earnings éAccumul Deficit) |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance at January 28, 2017 | 32,340 | \$ 323 | \$410,504 | $(5,175)$ | \$ 43,286$)$ | \$ (5,648 | ) | \$ 18,267 |  | \$380,160 |
| Net loss | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | (42,967 | ) | (42,967 |
| Other comprehensive income | - | - | - | - | - | 627 |  | - |  | 627 |
| Dividends on common stock, $\$ 0.25$ per share | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | (7,097 | ) | (7,097 |
| Deferred compensation | - | - | (38 | - | 38 | - |  | - |  | - |
| Issuance of equity awards, net | 454 | 5 | (5 | - | - | - |  | - |  |  |
| Tax withholdings paid for net settlement of stock awards | - | - | (230 | ) - | - | - |  | - |  | (230 |
| Stock-based compensation expense |  | - | 6,191 | - | - | - |  | - |  | 6,191 |
| Balance at October 28, 2017 | 32,794 | \$ 328 | \$416,422 | $(5,175)$ | \$ 43,248 ) | \$ (5,021 | ) | \$ (31,797 | ) | \$336,684 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Stage Stores, Inc.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

## NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements of Stage Stores, Inc. and its subsidiary ("we," "us" or "our") have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for interim financial information and do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for complete financial statements. Those adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the results of the interim periods have been made. Results of operations for such interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for a full year due to seasonality and other factors. The condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto filed with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 28, 2017 ("Form 10-K").

References to a particular year are to our fiscal year, which is the 52- or 53-week period ending on the Saturday closest to January 31st of the following calendar year. For example, a reference to " 2017 " is a reference to the fiscal year ending February 3, 2018, and " 2016 " is a reference to the fiscal year ended January 28, 2017. Fiscal years 2017 and 2016 are comprised of 53 weeks and 52 weeks, respectively. References to the "three months ended October 28, 2017" and "three months ended October 29, 2016" are for the respective 13-week fiscal quarters. References to the "nine months ended October 28, 2017" and "nine months ended October 29, 2016" are for the respective 39-week fiscal periods.

On April 7, 2017, we acquired select assets of Gordmans Stores, Inc. and its subsidiaries through a bankruptcy auction ("Gordmans Acquisition"). The results of the Gordmans branded stores that we operated from April 7, 2017 through October 28, 2017 are included in our condensed consolidated statement of operations for the nine months ended October 28, 2017 (see Note 8).

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements. In March 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-09, Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting, which modifies several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, classification on the statement of cash flows, and the option to estimate expected forfeitures or recognize forfeitures as they occur. We adopted this standard on a prospective basis in first quarter of 2017. Under the new standard, excess income tax benefits and deficiencies related to awards that vest or settle are recognized in the provision for income taxes as a discrete event in the period in which they occur, which may create significant volatility in the provision for income taxes and earnings. Historically, these amounts were reflected within additional paid-in capital on the balance sheet. In addition, upon adoption excess tax benefits are reflected within operating activities in the statements of cash flows, whereas historically these amounts were reflected as a financing activity. Cash paid to tax authorities on an employee's behalf for withheld shares continues to be classified as a financing activity in the statement of cash flows. We made a policy election to recognize forfeitures as they occur. For the three and nine months ended October 28, 2017, we recognized excess tax deficiencies of $\$ 0.1$ million and $\$ 2.1$ million, respectively, in the provision for income taxes. The adoption of the other requirements of this guidance did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments, which provides guidance on certain specific cash flow issues including proceeds received from the settlement of insurance claims. This guidance requires cash proceeds received from the settlement

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of insurance claims to be classified on the statement of cash flows on the basis of the related insurance coverage (that is, the nature of the loss). The new standard is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after December 15,2017 , with early adoption permitted and is to be applied retrospectively. We adopted this guidance in the first quarter of 2017. The adoption of ASU 2016-15 did not have a material impact on our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

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Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted. In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), which supersedes most existing revenue recognition guidance in GAAP. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects what the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. The guidance establishes a five-step revenue recognition model, which includes (i) identifying the contract with the customer, (ii) identifying the separate performance obligations in the contract, (iii) determining the transaction price, (iv) allocating the transaction price to the separate performance obligations, and (v) recognizing revenue when each performance obligation is satisfied. The guidance also requires additional disclosures to describe the nature, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows from contracts with customers. ASU 2014-09 may be applied retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented, or retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying the guidance recognized in retained earnings at the date of adoption. The new revenue standard will be effective for us in the first quarter of fiscal 2018, which begins on February 4, 2018, and we plan to apply the full retrospective method of adoption. We do not expect the adoption to have a material impact on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). The guidance in this ASU supersedes the leasing guidance in Topic 840, Leases. The new standard requires lessees to recognize a right-of-use asset and lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. We plan to make a policy election that will keep leases with an initial term of 12 months or less off of the balance sheet and will result in recognizing those lease payments in the consolidated statements of operations on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Consistent with current GAAP, the recognition, measurement and presentation of expenses and cash flows arising from a lease by a lessee primarily will depend on its classification as a financing or operating lease. However, unlike current GAAP, which requires only capital leases to be recognized on the balance sheet, ASU 2016-02 will require both types of leases to be recognized on the balance sheet. As a result, lessees will be required to put most leases on their balance sheets while recognizing expense on their income statements in a manner similar to current accounting. In addition, this guidance requires disclosures about the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The new standard will be effective for us in the first quarter of fiscal 2019, which begins on February 3, 2019. A modified retrospective transition approach is required for leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements. We continue to evaluate the impact that the adoption of this ASU will have on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures, including the effect of certain optional practical expedients permitted under the transition guidance. Based on our assessment to date, we expect the adoption of ASU 2016-02 will result in a significant increase in lease-related assets and liabilities on our consolidated balance sheets. The ultimate impact of adopting the new standard will depend on our lease portfolio as of the adoption date.

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-07, Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost, which requires the service cost component of net periodic benefit cost to be presented in the same income statement line item as other employee compensation costs arising from services rendered during the period. If a subtotal for operating income is shown on the income statement, then the other components of the net periodic benefit cost must be presented separately from the line item that includes the service cost and outside of any subtotal of operating income. The new standard also requires disclosure of the line item(s) in the income statement that include net periodic benefit costs. Additionally, only the service cost component of the net periodic benefit cost is eligible for capitalization. We plan to adopt ASU 2017-07 in the first quarter of fiscal 2018, which begins on February 4, 2018. The change in presentation of service cost must be applied retrospectively, while the capitalization of service cost must be applied on a prospective basis. The pension plan that we sponsor is frozen, and therefore, service costs no longer accrue under the plan. Upon adoption, we will recognize net periodic pension costs in selling, general and administrative expenses, consistent with our current presentation, and we will disclose this in the notes to the financial statements.

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## NOTE 2 - STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Stock-based compensation expense by type of grant for each period presented was as follows (in thousands):

|  | Three Months <br> Ended | Nine Months Ended |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | October 28ctober 29, | October 28ctober 29, |  |  |
|  | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Restricted stock units | $\$ 108$ | $\$-$ | $\$ 310$ | $\$-$ |
| Non-vested stock | 1,300 | 1,362 | 4,203 | 5,311 |
| Performance shares | 579 | $(569$ | 1,988 | 2,034 |
| Total compensation expense | 1,987 | 793 | 6,501 | 7,345 |
| Related tax benefit | $(747$ | $)(298$ | $(2,444)$ | $(2,762$ |
| Stock-based compensation expense, net of tax |  |  |  |  |
| 1,240 | $\$ 495$ | $\$ 4,057$ | $\$ 4,583$ |  |

As of October 28, 2017, we have unrecognized compensation cost of $\$ 12.6$ million related to stock-based compensation awards granted, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.1 years.

Stock Appreciation Rights ("SARs")
Prior to 2012, we granted SARs to our employees, which generally vested $25 \%$ annually over a four-year period from the grant date. Outstanding SARs expire, if not exercised or forfeited, within seven years from the grant date.
Exercised SARs are settled by the issuance of common stock in an amount equal to the increase in share price of our common stock between the grant date and the exercise date.

The following table summarizes SARs activity for the nine months ended October 28, 2017:

|  | Weighted |  | Aggregate <br> Intrinsic |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Stock Appreciation Rights | Number <br> of Shares |  |  |
| Average <br> Exercise | Werm (years) <br> Price | Talue <br> (in |  |
| thousands) |  |  |  |

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## Restricted Stock Units ("RSUs")

We grant RSUs to our employees, which vest $25 \%$ annually over a four-year period from the grant date. Each vested RSU is settled in cash in an amount equal to the fair market value of one share of our common stock on the vesting date, not to exceed five times the per share fair market value of our common stock on the grant date. Unvested RSUs have the right to receive a dividend equivalent payment equal to cash dividends paid on our common stock. RSUs are accounted for as a liability in accordance with accounting guidance for cash settled stock awards. The liability for RSUs is remeasured based on the closing share price of our common stock at each reporting period until the award vests. Compensation expense is recognized ratably over the vesting period and adjusted with changes in the fair value of the liability.

The following table summarizes RSU activity for the nine months ended October 28, 2017:

| Restricted Stock Units |  | Weighted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Average |
|  | Number of Units | Grant |
|  |  | Date |
|  |  | Fair |
|  |  | Value |
| Outstanding at January 28, 2017 | - | \$ |
| Granted | 1,321,250 | 2.14 |
| Forfeited | (37,500 ) | 2.09 |
| Outstanding at October 28, 2017 | 1,283,750 | 2.14 |

Non-vested Stock

We grant shares of non-vested stock to our employees and non-employee directors. Non-vested stock awarded to employees vests $25 \%$ annually over a four-year period from the grant date. Non-vested stock awarded to non-employee directors cliff vests after one year. At the end of the vesting period, non-vested stock converts one-for-one to common stock. Certain non-vested stock awards have shareholder rights, including the right to vote and to receive dividends. The fair value of non-vested stock awards with dividend rights is based on the closing share price of our common stock on the grant date. The fair value of non-vested stock awards that do not have dividend rights is discounted for the present value of expected dividends during the vesting period. Compensation expense is recognized ratably over the vesting period.
The following table summarizes non-vested stock activity for the nine months ended October 28, 2017:

|  |  | Weighted <br> Average |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Non-vested Stock | Number of <br> Shares | Grant <br> Date <br> Fair |
|  |  | Value |
| Outstanding at January 28, 2017 | $1,596,410$ | $\$ 10.22$ |
| Granted | 668,371 | 2.21 |
| Vested | $(562,122$ | 11.22 |
| Forfeited | $(47,130$ | 9.39 |
| Outstanding at October 28,2017 | $1,655,529$ | 6.67 |

The weighted-average grant date fair value for non-vested stock granted during the nine months ended October 28, 2017 and October 29, 2016 was $\$ 2.21$ and $\$ 6.78$, respectively. The aggregate intrinsic value of non-vested stock that vested during the nine months ended October 28, 2017 and October 29, 2016, was $\$ 1.2$ million and $\$ 2.7$ million, respectively. The payment of the employees' tax liability for a portion of the vested shares was satisfied by withholding shares with a fair value equal to the tax liability. As a result, the actual number of shares issued during nine months ended October 28, 2017 was 453,677.

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## Performance Shares

We grant performance shares as a means of rewarding management for our long-term performance based on total shareholder return relative to a specific group of companies over a three-year performance cycle. Performance shares cliff vest following a three-year performance cycle, and if earned are settled in shares of our common stock. The actual number of shares of our common stock that may be earned and issued ranges from zero to a maximum of twice the number of target shares outstanding on the vesting date. Grant recipients do not have any shareholder rights on unvested or unearned shares. The fair value of performance shares is estimated using a Monte Carlo simulation, based on the expected term of the award, a risk-free rate, expected dividends, expected volatility, and share price of our common stock and the specified peer group. The expected term is estimated based on the vesting period of the awards, the risk-free rate is based on the yield on U.S. Treasury securities matching the vesting period, and the volatility is based on the historical volatility over the expected term. Compensation expense is recorded ratably over the corresponding vesting period.

The following table summarizes information about the performance shares that were outstanding at October 28, 2017:

| Period Granted | TargetShares |  | Target | Target | Target Shares | Weighted Average Grant |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Outstanding | Shares | Shares | Shares | Outstanding | Date Fair |
|  | at January | Granted | Vested | Forfeited | at October | Value |
|  | 28,2017 |  |  |  | 28, 2017 | Per Share |
| 2015 | 158,490 | - | - | (4,444 | ) 154,046 | \$ 28.33 |
| 2016 | 330,233 | - | - | (8,527 | ) 321,706 | 8.69 |
| 2017 | - | 600,000 | - | - | 600,000 | 1.80 |
| Total | 488,723 | 600,000 | - | (12,971) | 1,075,752 | 7.65 |

The weighted-average grant date fair value for performance shares granted during the nine months ended October 28, 2017 and October 29,2016 was $\$ 1.80$ and $\$ 8.69$, respectively. No performance shares vested during the nine months ended October 28, 2017 and October 29, 2016, respectively.

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## NOTE 3 - DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Debt obligations for each period presented consisted of the following (in thousands):

|  | October 28, January 28, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2017 | 2017 |
| Revolving Credit Facility | \$ 267,159 | \$ 159,702 |
| Finance obligations | 1,849 | 2,708 |
| Other financing | 2,986 | 7,753 |
| Total debt obligations | 271,994 | 170,163 |
| Less: Current portion of debt obligations | 3,025 | 6,414 |
| Long-term debt obligations | \$ 268,969 | \$ 163,749 |

We have a $\$ 400.0$ million senior secured revolving credit facility ("Revolving Credit Facility") with a seasonal increase to $\$ 450.0$ million and a $\$ 25.0$ million letter of credit sublimit. The Revolving Credit Facility matures on December 16, 2021.

We use the Revolving Credit Facility to provide financing for working capital and general corporate purposes, as well as to finance capital expenditures and to support our letter of credit requirements. Borrowings are limited to the availability under a borrowing base that is determined principally on eligible inventory as defined by the Revolving Credit Facility agreement. Inventory, cash and cash equivalents are pledged as collateral. The daily interest rates are determined by a prime rate or LIBOR, plus an applicable margin, as set forth in the Revolving Credit Facility agreement. For the nine months ended October 28, 2017, the weighted average interest rate on outstanding borrowings and the average daily borrowings were $2.62 \%$ and $\$ 221.7$ million, respectively.

Letters of credit issued under the Revolving Credit Facility support certain merchandise purchases and collateralize retained risks and deductibles under various insurance programs. At October 28, 2017, outstanding letters of credit totaled approximately $\$ 7.3$ million. These letters of credit expire within 12 months of issuance, but may be renewed. Excess availability under the Revolving Credit Facility at October 28, 2017 was $\$ 157.4$ million.

The Revolving Credit Facility agreement contains covenants which, among other things, restrict, based on required levels of excess availability, (i) the amount of additional debt or capital lease obligations, (ii) the payment of dividends to $\$ 30$ million in a fiscal year, and (iii) the repurchase of common stock under certain circumstances. The agreement also contains a fixed charge coverage ratio covenant in the event excess availability is below a defined threshold or an event of default has occurred. At October 28, 2017, we were in compliance with all of the debt covenants of the Revolving Credit Facility agreement and we expect to remain in compliance.

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## NOTE 4 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following tables show the computation of basic and diluted loss per common share for each period presented (in thousands, except per share amounts):

|  | Three Months Ended October 28,October 29 20172016 |  | Nine Months Ended <br> , October 28,October 29, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 2017 | 2016 |
| Basic: |  |  |  |  |
| Net loss | \$(17,722) | ) \$(15,634 ) | ) \$(42,967) | ) \$ 31,053 ) |
| Less: Allocation of earnings to participating securities | (66 | ) - | (268 ) | - |
| Net loss allocated to common shares | (17,788 | ) $(15,634$ | ) (43,235 ) | ) $(31,053$ |
| Basic weighted average shares outstanding | 27,602 | 27,155 | 27,468 | 27,066 |
| Basic loss per share | \$(0.64 | ) \$ (0.58 | \$(1.57 | \$ (1.15 |
|  | Three Mo | onths Ended | Nine Mont | nths Ended |
|  | October 28 | 28,October 29, | , October 28 | 28,October 29, |
|  | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Diluted: |  |  |  |  |
| Net loss | \$(17,722) | ) $\$(15,634)$ | ) \$(42,967) | ) \$(31,053 ) |
| Less: Allocation of earnings to participating securities | (66 | ) - | (268 ) | - |
| Net loss allocated to common shares | (17,788 ) | ) (15,634 ) | ) (43,235 ) | ) $(31,053$ |
| Basic weighted average shares outstanding | 27,602 | 27,155 | 27,468 | 27,066 |
| Add: Dilutive effect of stock awards | - | - | - | - |
| Diluted weighted average shares outstanding | 27,602 | 27,155 | 27,468 | 27,066 |
| Diluted loss per share | \$(0.64 | ) \$ 0.58 | ) \$(1.57 ) | ) \$ (1.15 |

The number of shares attributable to SARs and non-vested stock grants that would have been considered dilutive securities, but were excluded from the calculation of diluted loss per common share because the effect was anti-dilutive were as follows (in thousands):

Number of anti-dilutive shares due to net loss for the period Number of anti-dilutive SARs due to exercise price greater than average market price of our common stock

| Three Months | Nine Months |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ended | Ended |  |
| Octob@c28ber | 29,Octob@c28ber 29, |  |
| 2017 | 2016 | 2017 |
| - | 20 | - |
|  | 42 |  |
| 113 | 187 | 129 |

## NOTE 5 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

On November 16, 2017, our Board of Directors ("Board") declared a quarterly cash dividend of $\$ 0.05$ per share of common stock, payable on December 13, 2017 to shareholders of record at the close of business on November 28, 2017.

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## NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN

We sponsor a frozen defined benefit pension plan. The components of net periodic pension cost were as follows (in thousands):

|  | Three Months Ended |  |  | Nine Months Ended |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | OctoberO280ber 29, October 28ctob |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2017 | 2016 |  | 2017 | 2016 |
| Employer service cost | \$123 | \$ 85 |  | \$368 | \$ 255 |
| Interest cost on pension benefit obligation | 363 | 400 |  | 1,090 | 1,198 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (407) | (437 | ) | $(1,222)$ | (1,312 |
| Amortization of net loss | 213 | 225 |  | 637 | 673 |
| Pension settlement charge | 374 | - |  | 374 | - |
| Net periodic pension cost | \$666 | \$ 273 |  | \$1,247 | \$ 814 |

During the three and nine months ended October 28, 2017, we recognized a non-cash pension settlement charge of $\$ 0.4$ million as a result of lump sum distributions exceeding interest cost for 2017 . This settlement was included in selling, general and administrative expenses in our condensed consolidated statements of operation.

Our funding policy is to make contributions to maintain the minimum funding requirements for our pension obligations in accordance with the Employee Retirement Income Security Act. We may elect to contribute additional amounts to maintain a level of funding to minimize the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation premium costs or to cover the short-term liquidity needs of the plan in order to maintain current invested positions. We contributed $\$ 0.7$ million during the nine months ended October 28, 2017, and we expect to contribute an additional $\$ 0.2$ million in 2017.

## NOTE 7 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

We recognize or disclose the fair value of our financial and non-financial assets and liabilities on a recurring and non-recurring basis. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities which are required to be recorded at fair value, we assume the highest and best use of the asset by market participants in which we would transact and the market-based risk measurements or assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

We apply the following fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value into three levels, and base the categorization within the hierarchy upon the lowest level of input that is available and significant to the fair value measurement:
Level
1 -
Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level
Observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities, quoted prices for 2 identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level Inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement reflect our estimates of 3 assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

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Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis were as follows (in thousands):
October 28, 2017
Quoted

| Prices in | Significant |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Active | Other | Significant |
| Markets for | Observable | Unobservable |
| Identical | Inputs | Inputs |
| Instruments | (Level 2) | (Level 3) |
| (Level 1) |  |  |

Other assets:
Securities held in grantor trust for deferred compensation plans ${ }^{(a)(b)}$
\$ 18,750 \$ $18,750 \quad \$ \quad$ -

January 28, 2017
Quoted
Prices in Significant
Active Other

Balance Markets for Observable
Signicant
Unobservable
Identical Inputs Inputs
Instruments (Level 2) (Level 3)
(Level 1)
Other assets:
Securities held in grantor trust for deferred compensation plans ${ }^{(a)(b)}$
${ }^{(a)}$ The liability for the amount due to participants corresponding in value to the securities held in the grantor trust is recorded in other long-term liabilities.
${ }^{(b)}$ Using the market approach, the fair values of these items represent quoted market prices multiplied by the quantities held. Net gains and losses related to the changes in fair value in the assets and liabilities under the various deferred compensation plans are recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses and were nil for the nine months ended October 28, 2017 and for the fiscal year ended January 28, 2017.

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Non-financial assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis were as follows (in thousands):
October 28, 2017

| Quoted |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Prices in | Significant | Significant |
| Active | Other | Unobservable |
| BalanceMarkets for | Observable | Inputs |
| Identical | Inputs | (Level 3) |
| Instruments | (Level 2) |  |
| (Level 1) |  |  |

Assets:
Store property, equipment and leasehold improvements ${ }^{(a)}$ \$229 \$ — \$ 229

January 28, 2017
Quoted
Prices in Significant
Active Other Significant
Unobservable
BalanceMarkets for Observable
Inputs
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Identical } & \text { Inputs } & \text { Inputs } \\ \text { Instruments } & \text { (Level 2) } & \text { (Level 3) }\end{array}$
Instruments (Level 2)
(Level 1)
Assets:
Store property, equipment and leasehold improvements ${ }^{(a)} \$ 8,795 \$$ — $\$ 8$ 8,795
${ }^{(a)}$ Using an undiscounted cash flow model, we evaluate the cash flow trends of our stores at least annually and when events or changes in circumstances, such as a store closure, indicate that property, equipment and leasehold improvements may not be fully recoverable. When a store's projected undiscounted cash flows indicate its carrying value may not be recoverable, we use a discounted cash flow model, with a $10 \%$ discount rate, to estimate the fair value of the underlying long-lived assets. An impairment write-down is recorded if the carrying value of a long-lived asset exceeds its fair value. Key assumptions in estimating future cash flows include, among other things, expected future operating performance, including expected closure date and lease term, and changes in economic conditions. We believe estimated future cash flows are sufficient to support the carrying value of our long-lived assets. Significant changes in the key assumptions used in our cash flow projections may result in additional asset impairments. For the nine months ended October 28, 2017 and fiscal year 2016, we recognized impairment charges of $\$ 0.2$ million and $\$ 19.9$ million respectively. Impairment charges are recorded in cost of sales and related buying, occupancy and distribution expenses.

Due to the short-term nature of cash and cash equivalents, payables and short-term debt obligations, the carrying value approximates the fair value of these instruments. In addition, we believe that the Revolving Credit Facility obligation approximates its fair value because interest rates are adjusted daily based on current market rates.

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## NOTE 8 - GORDMANS ACQUISITION

On April 7, 2017, we acquired select assets of Gordmans Stores, Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Sellers") through a bankruptcy auction. The terms of the transaction agreement required us to take assignment of a minimum of 50 of the Sellers' store leases, with rights to take assignment of the leases for an additional seven stores and a distribution center. We also acquired all of the Sellers' inventory, furniture, fixtures and equipment at the 57 store locations and distribution center, as well as the trademarks and other intellectual property of the Sellers. The Gordmans branded stores, which we intend to operate as an off-price concept, add scale to our business, while allowing us to leverage strategic synergies and our current infrastructure. The acquisition also brings beneficial geographic and customer diversification.

The purchase price for the inventory and other assets acquired from the Sellers was approximately $\$ 36.1$ million, all of which was paid by the end of the second quarter 2017 using existing cash and availability under the Revolving Credit Facility. We took assignment of 55 of the 57 store locations and the distribution center. We also entered into new leases for three former Gordmans store locations, of which, two were opened in the second quarter 2017 and one opened in August 2017.

The estimated fair values of the assets acquired at the acquisition date were as follows (in thousands):

|  | April 7, |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | 2017 |
| Inventory | $\$ 31,770$ |
| Property, plant and equipment and other assets | 4,374 |
| Total | $\$ 36,144$ |

Acquisition and integration related costs were recognized in selling, general and administrative expenses and were as follows for each period presented (in thousands):

Three Nine
Month Months
Ended Ended
October 28,
2017
Business acquisition costs \$(39) \$9,169
Net sales included in our condensed consolidated statements of operations from the GORDMANS branded stores that we operated beginning on April 7, 2017, were as follows for each period presented (in thousands):

Three Nine
Months Months
Ended Ended
October 28, 2017
Net sales \$61,774 \$133,591

Pro forma net sales and earnings for the three and nine months ended October 28, 2017 and October 29, 2016 are not presented due to the impracticability in substantiating this information as the Gordmans Acquisition was limited to select assets and assignment of leases acquired through a bankruptcy auction. Furthermore, the results of operations may have been impacted by the Sellers' liquidation and may not be indicative of future performance.

## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements for Purposes of the Safe Harbor Provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 ("Act") provides a safe harbor for forward-looking statements to encourage companies to provide prospective information, so long as those statements are identified as forward-looking and are accompanied by meaningful cautionary statements identifying important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the statements. We wish to take advantage of the "safe harbor" provisions of the Act.

Certain statements in this report are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Act, and such statements are intended to qualify for the protection of the safe harbor provided by the Act. The words "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "objective," "goal," "project," "intend," "plan," "believe," "will," "should," "may," "target," "forecast," "guidance," expressions generally identify forward-looking statements. Similarly, descriptions of our objectives, strategies, plans, goals or targets are also forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements relate to the expectations of management as to future occurrences and trends, including statements expressing optimism or pessimism about future operating results or events and projected sales, earnings, capital expenditures and business strategy.

Forward-looking statements are based upon a number of assumptions and factors concerning future conditions that may ultimately prove to be inaccurate and could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements that are made herein and in other reports and releases are not guarantees of future performance and actual results may differ materially from those discussed in such forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. These factors include, but are not limited to, the ability for us to maintain normal trade terms with vendors, the ability for us to comply with the various covenant requirements contained in the Revolving Credit Facility agreement, the demand for apparel, and other factors. The demand for apparel and sales volume can be affected by significant changes in economic conditions, including an economic downturn, employment levels in our markets, consumer confidence, energy and gasoline prices, the value of the Mexican peso, and other factors influencing discretionary consumer spending. Other factors affecting the demand for apparel and sales volume include unusual weather patterns, an increase in the level of competition in our market areas, competitors' marketing strategies, changes in fashion trends, changes in the average cost of merchandise purchased for resale, availability of product on normal payment terms and the failure to achieve the expected results of our merchandising and marketing plans as well as our store opening or relocation plans. Additional assumptions, factors and risks concerning future conditions are discussed in the Risk Factors section of the Form 10-K, and may be discussed from time to time in our other filings with the SEC, including Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K. Most of these factors are difficult to predict accurately and are generally beyond our control.

Forward-looking statements are and will be based upon management's then-current views and assumptions regarding future events and operating performance, and are applicable only as of the dates of such statements. Although management believes the expectations expressed in forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions within the bounds of our knowledge, forward-looking statements, by their nature, involve risks, uncertainties and other factors, any one or a combination of which could materially affect our business, financial condition, results of operations or liquidity.

Readers should carefully review the Form 10-K in its entirety including, but not limited to, our financial statements and the notes thereto and the risks and uncertainties described in Part I, Item 1A (Risk Factors) of the Form 10-K. This report should be read in conjunction with the Form $10-\mathrm{K}$, and you should consider all of these risks, uncertainties and other factors carefully in evaluating forward-looking statements.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date they are made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Readers are advised, however, to consult any further disclosures we make on related subjects in our public announcements and SEC filings.

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For purposes of the following discussion, all references to the "third quarter 2017" and the "third quarter 2016" are for the 13-week fiscal periods ended October 28, 2017 and October 29, 2016, respectively, and all references to "year-to-date 2017" and "year-to-date 2016" are for the 39-week fiscal periods ended October 28, 2017 and October 29, 2016, respectively.

The financial information, discussion and analysis that follow should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes included in this Form 10-Q as well as the financial and other information included in the Form $10-\mathrm{K}$.

## Our Business

We are a leading retailer of trend-right, moderately priced, name-brand apparel, accessories, cosmetics, footwear and home goods. As of October 28, 2017, we operated in 42 states through 789 BEALLS, GOODY'S, PALAIS ROYAL, PEEBLES and STAGE specialty department stores and 58 GORDMANS off-price stores, as well as an e-commerce website. Our specialty department stores are predominantly located in small towns and rural communities. Our GORDMANS off-price stores are predominantly located in mid-sized, non-rural Midwest markets.

## Results of Operations

Select financial results for the third quarter 2017 were as follows (comparisons are to the third quarter 2016):

Net sales increased $\$ 40.1$ million, or $12.6 \%$, including $\$ 61.8$ million in sales from the Gordmans off-price stores.
Comparable sales decreased $3.9 \%$.
Gross profit increased $\$ 15.1$ million, or $26.7 \%$.
Selling, general and administrative ("SG\&A") expenses increased $\$ 15.5$ million, or $18.3 \%$, primarily due to the addition of the Gordmans off-price stores.
Diluted loss per common share was $\$ 0.64$, compared to $\$ 0.58$.
Adjusted (non-GAAP) diluted loss per common share was $\$ 0.64$, compared to adjusted (non-GAAP) diluted loss per common share of $\$ 0.57$ (see the reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures on page 21).
Paid cash dividends of $\$ 1.4$ million, or $\$ 0.05$ per common share.
2017 Outlook and Strategy
Although in-store traffic continues to be negative and we experienced temporary disruption from hurricanes in the third quarter 2017, some macroeconomic challenges have moderated and we have undertaken steps that we expect to improve our business. Year-over-year store traffic has declined during each quarter of 2017, although the rate of decline has decreased in the last two quarters. We believe that the headwinds from the downturn in the oil and gas sector are no longer a factor in our comparable sales performance as we anniversary those results. Comparable sales for our stores in Texas, Louisiana, Oklahoma and New Mexico, which have been impacted by the oil and gas sector, slightly outperformed the balance of our chain during each quarter in the year-to-date 2017.

We are focused on effectively managing our inventory, promotional levels and expenses. For the third quarter 2017, compared to the third quarter 2016:

Department store inventory was down $9 \%$ and clearance inventory was down $20 \%$ as of the quarter end.
Gross profit as a percent of sales increased by 230 basis points.
SG\&A expenses as a percent of sales increased by 130 basis points due to the deleverage from lower department store sales.

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Approximately 130 of our department stores were disrupted or closed during the third quarter 2017 due to Hurricanes Harvey and Irma. The majority of those stores were reopened within a week, however, nine of those stores suffered significant damage. Six of the nine stores reopened in time for Thanksgiving, one will reopen in the spring of 2018 and we have permanently closed two of the stores. We estimate that the hurricanes negatively impacted total sales by approximately $\$ 3.8$ million, or $1.1 \%$ of sales, during the time the stores were closed. Excluding the impact of the hurricanes, our comparable sales improved from the second quarter to the third quarter 2017.

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During the third quarter 2017, we progressed with the transition of the Gordmans stores to an off-price concept by eliminating coupons and promotions and implementing a pricing strategy that is competitive with the off-price industry. In addition, we have increased the inventory in the Gordmans stores closer to planned levels as we head into the holiday season. Our first marketing campaign for Gordmans, featuring digital, radio and television advertisements, launched in mid-November and will continue through Christmas.

We closed nine department stores during the year-to-date 2017, and we expect to close approximately 20 department stores in total in 2017, as part of our multi-year plan to exit stores that do not meet our sales productivity and profitability benchmarks.

In September 2017, we announced the planned closure of our South Hill, Virginia distribution center by the end of 2017 as part of our strategy to increase the efficiency of our distribution network. Operations from the Virginia distribution center will be transferred to our distribution centers in Texas, Ohio and Nebraska.

During the year-to-date 2017, we made progress on our Jump Start Plan key strategic initiatives for our department stores, which are to:
-Continue building our e-commerce business with further enhancements to the site design and functionality, improved mobile capabilities, additional digital marketing, expanded assortments and investments in our supply chain. These efforts contributed to double-digit e-commerce growth in each quarter of 2017 compared to the prior year periods. In the third quarter 2017, we introduced online ordering from within our stores, giving guests access to an assortment that is approximately seven times larger than our average store.
-Invigorate merchandise with a more frequent flow of new items, an emphasis on style and value and an expanded gift selection. We aim to be the gift destination for our guests this holiday season by expanding our women's gift power center and adding a toy power center featuring the iconic FAO Schwarz brand. By building more liquidity into our merchandise plans and editing less productive categories, we have been able to increase our emphasis on key categories that appeal to our guests, including beauty, plus sizes, gifts and women's updated and contemporary apparel.
-Build on beauty with the addition of new, smaller Estee Lauder and Clinique counters in 32 stores and the launch of an expanded self-service beauty concept featuring new brands in 150 stores during the third quarter 2017. We have also expanded assortments within beauty, bath and body across the store base.
-Improve merchandise margin by increasing average unit retail price, eliminating overlapping coupons and enhancing seasonal transitions. In addition, we have begun adding off-price buys into our department stores.
-Improve our relationship with our customers by communicating through the channels she uses most often and engaging her through our loyalty programs. We continue to reduce the amount of print marketing and shift our media mix to digital as we place more emphasis on our mobile app, email and social media. We have also shifted the timing of marketing campaigns to align with the heavier shopping periods. In July, we relaunched the value proposition for our Style Circle Rewards ${ }^{\circledR}$ loyalty program and private label credit card in conjunction with launching the gRewards ${ }^{\mathrm{TM}}$ loyalty program. In November, we reissued over 2 million new private label credit cards for our department and off-price stores.
-Enhance the shopping experience for our guests by creating a culture of strong customer service and execution through our suggestive selling program, referred to as "Sell One More." We have simplified administrative tasks to enable our store associates to direct their attention on providing exceptional service to our guests.

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## Non-GAAP Financial Measures

To provide additional transparency, the following supplemental information reflects our results of operations for the periods presented on a basis in conformity with GAAP and on a non-GAAP basis to show earnings excluding certain items presented below. We believe this supplemental financial information enhances an investor's understanding of our financial performance as it excludes those items which impact comparability of operating trends. The non-GAAP financial information should not be considered in isolation or viewed as a substitute for net income, cash flow from operations, diluted earnings per common share or other measures of performance as defined by GAAP. Moreover, the inclusion of non-GAAP financial information as used herein is not necessarily comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies due to the potential inconsistencies in the method of presentation and items considered. The following tables set forth the supplemental financial information and the reconciliation of GAAP disclosures to non-GAAP financial measures (in thousands, except diluted loss per share):

| Three Months Ended |  | Nine Months Ended |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| October 28,October 29, |  | 29, October 28 | 28,October 29, |
| 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| \$(17,722 | ) $\$(15,634$ | ) \$(42,967) | ) \$ 31,053 ) |
| (39 | ) - | 9,169 | - |
| 552 | 443 | 1,333 | 1,394 |
| - | - | - | 904 |
| (370 | ) (271 | ) (4,176 ) | ) (989 ) |
| \$(17,579 | ) $\$(15,462$ | \$(36,641) | ) \$ 29,744 ) |
| \$(0.64 | ) \$ (0.58 | ) \$(1.57 ) | ) \$ 1.15 |
| - | - | 0.33 | - |
| 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.05 |
| - | - | - | 0.03 |
| (0.02 | ) (0.01 | ) (0.15 | ) (0.03 ) |
| \$(0.64 | ) \$ (0.57 | ) $\$(1.34)$ | ) \$ (1.10 |

Net loss (GAAP)
Business acquisition costs (pretax) ${ }^{(\mathrm{a})}$
Store closures, impairments and other (pretax) ${ }^{(b)}$
Consolidation of corporate headquarters and severance charges associated with workforce reduction (pretax) ${ }^{(\mathrm{c})}$
Income tax impact ${ }^{(\text {d })} \quad(370)(271 \quad)(4,176)(989)$
Adjusted net loss (non-GAAP)
Diluted loss per share (GAAP)
Business acquisition costs (pretax) ${ }^{(\mathrm{a})}$
Store closures, impairments and other (pretax) ${ }^{(\mathrm{b})}$
Consolidation of corporate headquarters and severance charges associated with workforce reduction (pretax) ${ }^{(c)}$
Income tax impact ${ }^{(\mathrm{d})}$
Adjusted diluted loss per share (non-GAAP)
$\$(0.64) \$(0.57 \quad) \$(1.34) \$(1.10)$
${ }^{(a)}$ Reflects acquisition and integration costs related to the Gordmans Acquisition.
${ }^{(b)}$ Reflects store closing costs related to our strategic store closure plan that was announced in fiscal 2015, which primarily consists of fixture moving costs, lease termination charges, severance, and impairment charges. In addition, the three and nine months ended October 28, 2017 include a pension settlement charge, and the three and nine months ended October 29, 2016 include costs related to other strategic initiatives.
${ }^{(c)}$ Reflects duplicate rent expense and moving related costs associated with the consolidation of our corporate headquarters into a single location, which was completed in February 2016, and severance charges associated with workforce reductions.
(d) Taxes were allocated based on the estimated annual effective tax rate, excluding the impact of the stock-based compensation tax deficiency discreet item.

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Third Quarter 2017 Compared to Third Quarter 2016
The following table sets forth the results of operations for the periods presented (in thousands, except percentages): Three Months Ended

|  | 2017 | Octobe | 2016 | Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mount | $\%$ to <br> Sales ${ }^{(a)}$ | Amount | \% to <br> Sales ${ }^{(a)}$ | Amount | \% |
| \$357,236 | 100.0 \% | \$317,140 | 100.0 \% | \$40,096 | 12.6 \% |
| 285,542 | 79.9 \% | 26 | 82.2 \% |  | 9.6 \% |
| 94 | 20.1 \% | 56,590 | .8 \% | 15,104 | 26.7 \% |
| 100,036 | 28.0 \% | 84,564 | 26.7 \% | 15,472 | 18.3 |
| 2,001 | 0.6 \% | 1,395 | 0.4 \% | 606 | 43 |
| (30,343 | ) (8.5 )\% | (29,369 | (9.3 )\% | (974 | 3.3 |
| (12,621 | ) (3.5 )\% | (13,735 | ) (4.3 )\% | 1,114 | (8.1 |
| \$(17,722) | ) (5.0 ) \% | 15,634 | (4.9 | \$(2,088 ) | ) $13.4 \%$ |

${ }^{(a)}$ Percentages may not foot due to rounding.

## Net Sales

Sales increased $\$ 40.1$ million, or $12.6 \%$, to $\$ 357.2$ million for the third quarter 2017 from $\$ 317.1$ million for the third quarter 2016, primarily due to $\$ 61.8$ million in sales from the Gordmans branded stores, partially offset by a decline in comparable sales and closed stores. Comparable sales include store sales after a store has been in operation for 14 full months and e-commerce sales. Comparable sales decreased $3.9 \%$ in the third quarter 2017 compared to the third quarter 2016, reflecting a $7.3 \%$ decrease in the number of transactions, partially offset by a $3.7 \%$ increase in average transaction value. The increase in average transaction value was comprised of a $5.2 \%$ increase in average unit retail, partially offset by a $1.4 \%$ decrease in units per transaction.

Our non-apparel categories outperformed our comparable sales average and our apparel categories underperformed. Home, gifts, cosmetics, handbags and footwear were our best performing merchandise categories. Our best performing apparel areas were denim, plus sizes, dresses and activewear.

## Gross Profit

Gross profit increased $\$ 15.1$ million, or $26.7 \%$, to $\$ 71.7$ million for the third quarter 2017 from $\$ 56.6$ million for the third quarter 2016. Gross profit as a percent of sales increased 230 basis points to $20.1 \%$ for the third quarter 2017 from $17.8 \%$ for the third quarter 2016. The increase in the gross profit rate reflects a decrease of 260 basis points in the merchandise costs of sales rate due to fewer markdowns and less clearance sales attributable to effective inventory management, partially offset by an increase of 30 basis points in the buying, occupancy and distribution expenses rate.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses
SG\&A expenses for the third quarter 2017 increased $\$ 15.5$ million to $\$ 100.0$ million from $\$ 84.6$ million for the third quarter 2016. As a percent of sales, SG\&A expenses increased to $28.0 \%$ for the third quarter 2017 from $26.7 \%$ for the third quarter 2016. The increase in SG\&A expenses is primarily attributable to higher store expenses from the addition of the Gordmans branded stores.

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Interest Expense
Net interest expense was $\$ 2.0$ million for the third quarter 2017, compared to $\$ 1.4$ million for the third quarter 2016. Interest expense is primarily comprised of interest on borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility, related letters of credit and commitment fees, amortization of debt issuance costs and interest on finance obligations. The increase in interest expense is primarily due to an increase in average borrowings and higher interest rates under the Revolving Credit Facility for the third quarter 2017 compared to the third quarter 2016.

## Income Taxes

Our effective income tax rate for the third quarter 2017 was $41.6 \%$, resulting in an estimated tax benefit of $\$ 12.6$ million. This compares to an effective tax rate of $46.8 \%$ and an income tax benefit of $\$ 13.7$ million for the third quarter 2016. The effective income tax rates were impacted by a $\$ 0.1$ million tax deficiency charge related to share-based compensation in the third quarter 2017, and the settlement of an Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") appeal in the third quarter 2016, which resulted in a $\$ 0.7$ million tax benefit.

Year-to-Date 2017 Compared to Year-to-Date 2016
The following table sets forth the results of operations for the periods presented (in thousands, except percentages): Nine Months Ended October 28, 2017

|  | $\% \text { to }$ |  | $\% \text { to }$ | Amount \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amount | Sales ${ }^{(a)}$ | Amount | Sales ${ }^{(a)}$ | Amount \% |

Net sales
Cost of sales and related buying, occupancy and distribution expenses
Gross profit
Selling, general and administrative expenses
Interest expense
Loss before income tax
Income tax benefit
Net loss
$\left.\begin{array}{lllllllll}\$ 1,042,924 & 100.0 & \% & \$ 988,275 & 100.0 & \% & \$ 54,649 & 5.5 & \% \\ 816,071 & 78.2 & \% & 779,128 & 78.8 & \% & 36,943 & 4.7 & \% \\ 226,853 & 21.8 & \% & 209,147 & 21.2 & \% & 17,706 & 8.5 & \% \\ 289,188 & 27.7 & \% & 260,076 & 26.3 & \% & 29,112 & 11.2 \% \\ 5,505 & 0.5 & \% & 3,616 & 0.4 & \% & 1,889 & 52.2 \% \\ (67,840 & ) & (6.5 & ) \% & (54,545 & ) & (5.5 & ) \% & (13,295\end{array}\right) 24.4 \%$
${ }^{(a)}$ Percentages may not foot due to rounding.

## Net Sales

Sales increased $\$ 54.6$ million, or $5.5 \%$, to $\$ 1,042.9$ million for the year-to-date 2017 from $\$ 988.3$ million for the year-to-date 2016, primarily due to $\$ 133.6$ million in sales from the Gordmans branded stores, partially offset by a decline in comparable sales and closed stores. Comparable sales decreased $5.7 \%$ for the year-to-date 2017 compared to the year-to-date 2016, reflecting a decrease of $8.3 \%$ in the number of transactions, partially offset by an increase of $2.8 \%$ in average transaction value. The increase in average transaction value was comprised of a $2.3 \%$ increase in average unit retail and a $0.5 \%$ increase in units per transaction.

Our non-apparel categories outperformed our comparable sales average and our apparel categories underperformed. Home, gifts, cosmetics, handbags and footwear were our best performing merchandise categories. Our best performing apparel areas were denim, plus sizes, dresses and activewear.

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## Gross Profit

Gross profit increased $\$ 17.7$ million, or $8.5 \%$, to $\$ 226.9$ million for the year-to-date 2017 from $\$ 209.1$ million for the year-to-date 2016. Gross profit as a percent of sales increased 60 basis points to $21.8 \%$ for the year-to-date 2017 from $21.2 \%$ for the year-to-date 2016. The increase in the gross profit rate reflects a decrease of 130 basis points in the merchandise cost of sales rate due to fewer markdowns and less clearance sales attributable to effective inventory management, partially offset by an increase of 70 basis points in the buying, occupancy and distribution expenses rate.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses
SG\&A expenses for the year-to-date 2017 increased $\$ 29.1$ million to $\$ 289.2$ million from $\$ 260.1$ million for the year-to-date 2016. As a percent of sales, SG\&A expenses increased to $27.7 \%$ for the year-to-date 2017 from $26.3 \%$ for the year-to-date 2016. The increase in SG\&A expenses is primarily attributable to higher store expenses from the addition of the Gordmans branded stores, partially offset by a reduction in advertising expense. SG\&A expenses for the year-to-date 2017 also included Gordmans Acquisition related costs of $\$ 9.2$ million, or $0.9 \%$ of sales.

## Interest Expense

Net interest expense was $\$ 5.5$ million for the year-to-date 2017, compared to $\$ 3.6$ million for the year-to-date 2016. Interest expense is primarily comprised of interest on borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility, related letters of credit and commitment fees, amortization of debt issuance costs and interest on finance obligations. The increase in interest expense is primarily due to an increase in average borrowings and higher interest rates under the Revolving Credit Facility for the year-to-date 2017 as compared to the year-to-date 2016.

Income Taxes
Our effective income tax rate for the year-to-date 2017 was $36.7 \%$, resulting in an estimated tax benefit of $\$ 24.9$ million. This compares to an effective tax rate of $43.1 \%$ and an income tax benefit of $\$ 23.5$ million for the year-to-date 2016.
The effective income tax rates were impacted by a $\$ 2.1$ million tax deficiency charge related to share-based compensation in the year-to-date 2017, and the settlement of an IRS appeal in the year-to-date 2016, which resulted in a $\$ 0.7$ million tax benefit.

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Seasonality and Inflation
Our business, like many other retailers, is subject to seasonal influences, with a significant portion of sales and income typically realized during the last quarter of our fiscal year. Working capital requirements fluctuate during the year and generally reach their highest levels during the third and fourth quarters. Because of the seasonality of our business, results from any quarter are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be achieved for a full fiscal year.

We do not believe that inflation has had a material effect on our results of operations. However, there can be no assurance that our business will not be affected by inflation in the future.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our liquidity is currently provided by (i) existing cash balances, (ii) operating cash flows, (iii) normal trade credit terms from our vendors and their factors and (iv) the Revolving Credit Facility. Our primary cash requirements are for operational needs, including rent and salaries, inventory purchases, and capital investments in our stores, e-commerce and information technology. We also have used our cash flows and other liquidity sources to pay quarterly cash dividends. Our cash requirements for 2017 include the Gordmans Acquisition and additional investments required to support the integration of the Gordmans operations into our infrastructure.

We believe that our sources of liquidity will be sufficient to cover working capital needs, planned capital expenditures and debt service requirements for the remainder of 2017 and the foreseeable future.

Key components of our cash flow are summarized below (in thousands):

> Nine Months Ended
> October 280ctober 29,
> $2017 \quad 2016$

Net cash (used in) provided by:
Operating activities $\quad \$(18,925) \$ 5,254$
Investing activities (59,082 )(66,757 )
Financing activities
94,534 63,918
Operating Activities
During the year-to-date 2017, we used $\$ 18.9$ million in cash from operating activities. Net loss, adjusted for non-cash expenses, generated cash of approximately $\$ 6.9$ million. Changes in operating assets and liabilities used net cash of approximately $\$ 27.1$ million, which included increases of $\$ 137.5$ million in merchandise inventories, primarily due to the seasonal build of inventories, and $\$ 9.7$ million in other assets, partially offset by an increase of $\$ 120.1$ million in accounts payable and other liabilities. Additionally, cash flows from operating activities included construction allowances from landlords of $\$ 1.2$ million, which funded a portion of the capital expenditures related to store leasehold improvements in relocated, expanded and remodeled stores.

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During the year-to-date 2016, we generated $\$ 5.3$ million in cash from operating activities. Net loss, adjusted for non-cash expenses, provided cash of approximately $\$ 30.6$ million. Changes in operating assets and liabilities used net cash of approximately $\$ 32.3$ million, which included increases of $\$ 133.3$ million in merchandise inventories, primarily due to the seasonal build of inventories, and $\$ 18.5$ million in other assets, partially offset by an increase of $\$ 119.5$ million in accounts payable and other liabilities primarily related to inventory purchases. Additionally, cash flows from operating activities included construction allowances from landlords of $\$ 7.0$ million, which funded a portion of the capital expenditures related to leasehold improvements in our new corporate office building and store leasehold improvements in relocated, expanded and remodeled stores.

## Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was $\$ 59.1$ million for the year-to-date 2017, compared to $\$ 66.8$ million for the year-to-date 2016.

Capital expenditures were $\$ 25.3$ million for the year-to-date 2017, compared to $\$ 67.9$ million for the year-to-date 2016, reflecting a decrease in store expansions and remodels. We received construction allowances from landlords of $\$ 1.2$ million in the year-to-date 2017 and $\$ 7.0$ million in the year-to-date 2016 to fund a portion of the capital expenditures related to store leasehold improvements and our new corporate office building. These funds are recorded as a deferred rent credit on the balance sheet and are recognized as an offset to rent expense over the lease term commencing with the date the allowances are earned.

During the year-to-date 2017, we paid $\$ 36.1$ million for the Gordmans Acquisition (see Note 8 to the condensed consolidated financial statements), which was funded with existing cash and availability under the Revolving Credit Facility.

## Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities for the year-to-date 2017 was $\$ 94.5$ million, compared to $\$ 63.9$ million for the year-to-date 2016. The change is primarily due to increased net borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility.

We use the Revolving Credit Facility to provide financing for working capital and general corporate purposes, as well as to finance capital expenditures and to support our letter of credit requirements. Borrowings are limited to the availability under a borrowing base that is determined principally on eligible inventory as defined by the Revolving Credit Facility agreement. Inventory, cash and cash equivalents are pledged as collateral. The daily interest rates are determined by a prime rate or LIBOR, plus an applicable margin, as set forth in the Revolving Credit Facility agreement. For the year-to-date 2017, the weighted average interest rate on outstanding borrowings and the average daily borrowings were $2.62 \%$ and $\$ 221.7$ million, respectively, compared to $1.83 \%$ and $\$ 188.0$ million for the year-to-date 2016. The increase in average daily borrowings for the year-to-date 2017 compared to the year-to-date 2016 includes the Gordmans Acquisition and related costs.

Letters of credit issued under the Revolving Credit Facility support certain merchandise purchases and collateralize retained risks and deductibles under various insurance programs. At October 28, 2017, outstanding letters of credit totaled approximately $\$ 7.3$ million. These letters of credit expire within 12 months of issuance, but may be renewed. Excess borrowing availability under the Revolving Credit Facility at October 28, 2017 was $\$ 157.4$ million.

The Revolving Credit Facility agreement contains covenants which, among other things, restrict, based on required levels of excess availability, (i) the amount of additional debt or capital lease obligations, (ii) the payment of dividends to $\$ 30.0$ million in a fiscal year, and (iii) the repurchase of common stock under certain circumstances. The agreement also contains a fixed charge coverage ratio covenant in the event excess availability is below a defined
threshold or an event of default has occurred. At October 28, 2017, we were in compliance with all of the debt covenants of the agreement and we expect to remain in compliance.

During the year-to-date 2017, we paid $\$ 7.1$ million in cash dividends. On November 16, 2017, our Board declared a quarterly cash dividend of $\$ 0.05$ per share of common stock, payable on December 13, 2017 to shareholders of record at the close of business on November 28, 2017.

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Recent Accounting Standards
Disclosure concerning recent accounting standards is incorporated by reference to Note 1 of our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) contained in this Form 10-Q.

## ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are subject to market risk from exposure to changes in interest rates on borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility. An increase or decrease of $10 \%$ in interest rates would not have a material effect on our financial condition, results of operations, or liquidity.

## ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

## Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, as that term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act"), as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have each concluded that such disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act, the term "internal control over financial reporting" means a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the issuer's principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, and effected by the issuer's board of directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and includes those policies and procedures that:
(1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the issuer;

Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial (2) statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the issuer are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the issuer; and
(3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the issuer's assets that could have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended October 28, 2017 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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## PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

No response is required under Item 103 of Regulation S-K.

## ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A (Risk Factors) of the Form 10-K. There have been no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our Form $10-\mathrm{K}$, except for the addition of the risk factor that follows:

Failure to successfully integrate the Gordmans business and convert the Gordmans business to off-price retail operations, and to do so in the time frame we anticipate, may adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. The acquisition involves numerous risks and uncertainties, including the following:
The potential loss of distributors, vendors and other business partners following the Gordmans acquisition.
The potential loss of customers as we rebuild inventory levels and implement new pricing and marketing strategies in the Gordmans off-price stores.
We may not be able to attract or retain key employees with experience in off-price retail operations.
We may be unable to adapt our supply chain, or convert the former Gordmans supply chain, well enough or quickly enough to support off-price retail operations.
Projected sales and margins for the Gordmans off-price stores may not be achieved.
Integration of the Gordmans business may take longer or be more costly than anticipated.
If we are not able to successfully and timely integrate the Gordmans business and operate the Gordmans business as profitably was we plan, the anticipated benefits of the acquisition may not be realized fully or at all or may take longer to realize than expected, which may adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

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## ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

On March 7, 2011, our Board approved a stock repurchase program ("2011 Stock Repurchase Program"), which authorized us to repurchase up to $\$ 200.0$ million of our outstanding common stock. The 2011 Stock Repurchase Program will expire when we have exhausted the authorization, unless terminated earlier by our Board. Through October 28, 2017, we repurchased approximately $\$ 141.6$ million of our outstanding common shares under the 2011 Stock Repurchase Program. Also in March 2011, our Board authorized us to repurchase shares of our outstanding common stock equal to the amount of the proceeds and related tax benefits from the exercise of stock options, stock appreciation rights and other equity grants. Purchases of shares of our common stock may be made from time to time, either on the open market or through privately negotiated transactions and are financed by our existing cash, cash flow and other liquidity sources, as appropriate.

The table below sets forth information regarding our repurchases of common stock during the three months ended October 28, 2017:

## ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

| Period | Total <br> Number of Shares Purchased (a) | Average Price Paid Per Share (a) | Total <br> Number of Shares <br> Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs | Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs ${ }^{(b)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July 30, 2017 to August 26, 2017 | 6,249 | \$ 1.84 | - | \$58,351,202 |
| August 27, 2017 to September 30, 2017 | 20,312 | 1.85 | - | \$58,351,202 |
| October 1, 2017 to October 28, 2017 | 4,797 | 1.86 | - | \$58,351,202 |
| Total | 31,358 | \$ 1.85 | - |  |

${ }^{(a)}$ Although we did not repurchase any of our common stock during the three months ended October 28, 2017 under the 2011 Stock Repurchase Program:
We reacquired 10,580 shares of common stock from certain employees to cover tax withholding obligations from the vesting of restricted stock at a weighted average acquisition price of $\$ 1.82$ per common share; and
The trustee of the grantor trust established by us for the purpose of holding assets under our deferred compensation plan purchased an aggregate of 20,778 shares of our common stock in the open market at a weighted average price of $\$ 1.87$ in connection with the option to invest in our stock under the deferred compensation plan and reinvestment of dividends paid on our common stock held in trust in the deferred compensation plan.
${ }^{(b)}$ Reflects the $\$ 200.0$ million authorized under the 2011 Stock Purchase Program, less the $\$ 141.6$ million repurchased as of October 28, 2017 using our existing cash, cash flow and other liquidity sources since March 2011.

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ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES
None.
ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES
None.
ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION
None.

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## ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following documents are the exhibits to this Form 10-Q. For convenient reference, each exhibit is listed according to the Exhibit Table of Item 601 of Regulation S-K.

Exhibit
Number
Description
$10.1^{*} \# \quad$ Amendment No. Five to Amended and Restated Private Label Credit Card Plan Agreement dated as of
31.1* Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2* Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CALXBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
*Filed electronically herewith.
\# Certain confidential portions marked with a [ ${ }^{* * * *]}$ have been omitted pursuant to a confidential treatment request that has been filed separately with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

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## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

STAGE STORES, INC.
Dated: December 7, 2017 /s/ Michael L. Glazer
Michael L. Glazer
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Dated: December 7, 2017 /s/ Oded Shein
Oded Shein
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

