FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION FANNIE MAE

Form 10-Q

May 01, 2019

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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 Form 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2019 OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to Commission file number: 0-50231

Federal National Mortgage Association

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Fannie Mae

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification zip code) (Address of principal executive offices, including area code) (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes p No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes p = No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer b Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o

Emerging growth company o

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ${\rm o}~$ No ${\rm p}$

As of March 31, 2019, there were 1,158,087,567 shares of common stock of the registrant outstanding.

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MD&A | Introduction

PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

We have been under conservatorship, with the Federal Housing Finance Agency ("FHFA") acting as conservator, since September 6, 2008. As conservator, FHFA succeeded to all rights, titles, powers and privileges of the company, and of any shareholder, officer or director of the company with respect to the company and its assets. The conservator has since provided for the exercise of certain authorities by our Board of Directors. Our directors do not have any fiduciary duties to any person or entity except to the conservator and, accordingly, are not obligated to consider the interests of the company, the holders of our equity or debt securities, or the holders of Fannie Mae MBS unless specifically directed to do so by the conservator. We do not know when or how the conservatorship will terminate, what further changes to our business will be made during or following conservatorship, what form we will have and what ownership interest, if any, our current common and preferred stockholders will hold in us after the conservatorship is terminated or whether we will continue to exist following conservatorship. Congress and the Administration continue to consider options for reform of the housing finance system, including Fannie Mae. We are not permitted to retain more than \$3.0 billion in capital reserves or to pay dividends or other distributions to stockholders other than the U.S. Department of the Treasury ("Treasury"). Our agreements with Treasury include covenants that significantly restrict our business activities. For additional information on the conservatorship, the uncertainty of our future, our agreements with Treasury, and recent actions and statements relating to housing finance reform by the Administration, Congress and FHFA, see "Business-Conservatorship, Treasury Agreements and Housing Finance Reform," "Business-Charter Act and Regulation" and "Risk Factors" in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 ("2018 Form 10-K") and "Legislation and Regulation" and "Risk Factors" in this report.

You should read this Management's Discussion and Analysis of FinancialCondition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes in this report and the more detailed information in our 2018 Form 10-K. You can find a "Glossary of Terms Used in ThisReport" in the MD&A of our2018 Form 10-K. Forward-looking statements in this report are based on management's current expectations and are subject to significant uncertainties and changes in circumstances, as we describe in "Forward-Looking Statements." Future events and our future results may differ materially from those reflected in our forward-looking statements due to a variety of factors, including those discussed in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this report and in ou@018 Form 10-K.

Introduction

By federal charter, Fannie Mae provides a stable source of liquidity to the mortgage market and supports the availability and affordability of housing in the United States. We operate in the secondary mortgage market, primarily working with lenders, who originate loans to borrowers. We do not originate loans or lend money directly to borrowers in the primary mortgage market. Instead, we securitize mortgage loans originated by lenders into Fannie Mae mortgage-backed securities that we guarantee (which we refer to as Fannie Mae MBS or our MBS); purchase mortgage loans and mortgage-related securities, primarily for securitization and sale at a later date; manage mortgage credit risk; and engage in other activities that support access to credit and the supply of affordable housing. Our common stock is traded in the over-the-counter market and quoted on the OTCQB, operated by OTC Markets Group, Inc., under the ticker symbol "FNMA."

Through our single-family and multifamily business segments, we provided \$102 billion in liquidity to the mortgage market in the first quarter of 2019, which enabled the financing of approximately 527,000 home purchases, refinancings or rental units.

Fannie Mae Provided \$102 Billion in Liquidity in the First Quarter of 2019

\$56.3B 229K Single-Family

Home Purchases

Unpaid Principal Units Balance

MD&A | Executive Summary

Executive Summary

Summary of Our Financial Performance

Quarterly Results

The decrease in our net income in the first quarter of 2019, compared with the first quarter of 2018, was primarily driven by:

a shift from fair value gains to fair value losses; and

• ad

a decrease in net interest income;

partially offset by an increase in our benefit for credit losses.

See "Consolidated Results of Operations" for more information on our financial results.

Net Worth. Our net worth of \$5.4 billion as of March 31, 2019 reflects our comprehensive income of \$2.4 billion for the first quarter of 2019 and \$3.0 billion in retained capital reserves.

Financial Performance Outlook

Our long-term financial performance will depend in large part upon both the size of and our share of the U.S. mortgage market, which in turn will depend upon such factors as population growth, household formation and home price appreciation. While we expect to remain profitable on an annual basis for the foreseeable future, certain factors could result in significant volatility in our financial results from quarter to quarter or year to year. We expect quarterly volatility in our financial results due to a number of factors, particularly changes in market conditions that result in fluctuations in the estimated fair value of our derivatives and other financial instruments that we mark to market through our earnings. Other factors that may result in volatility in our quarterly financial results include factors that affect our loss reserves, such as redesignations of loans from held for investment ("HFI") to held for sale ("HFS"), changes in interest rates, home prices or accounting standards, or events such as natural disasters, and other factors, as we discuss in "Risk Factors" and "MD&A—Consolidated Results of Operations—Credit-Related Income (Expense)" in our 2018 Form 10-K and in "Consolidated Results of Operations—Credit-Related Income (Expense)" in our 2018 Form 10-K and in "Consolidated Results of Operations—Credit-Related Income" in this report. Further, our implementation on January 1, 2020 of ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326), Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments (the "CECL standard") will likely introduce additional volatility in our results thereafter as credit-related income or expense will include expected lifetime losses on our loans and other financial instruments subject to the standard and thus become more sensitive to fluctuations in these factors.

The potential for significant volatility in our financial results could result in a net loss in a future quarter. We are permitted to retain up to \$3.0 billion in capital reserves as a buffer in the event of a net loss in a future quarter. However, any net loss we experience in the future could be greater than the amount of our capital reserves, which would result in a net worth deficit for

MD&A | Executive Summary

that quarter. For example, our implementation of the CECL standard will likely decrease, perhaps substantially, our retained earnings and increase our allowance for credit losses, which could result in a net worth deficit when we adopt the guidance in the first quarter of 2020. If we experience a net worth deficit in a future quarter, we will be required to draw funds from Treasury under

our senior preferred stock purchase agreement with Treasury to avoid being placed into receivership. See "Risk Factors" in ou2018 Form 10-K for a discussion of the risks associated with the limitations on our ability to rebuild our capital reserves, including factors that could result in a net loss or net worth deficit in a future guarter.

Treasury Draws and Dividend Payments

Treasury has made a commitment under a senior preferred stock purchase agreement to provide funding to us under certain circumstances if we have a net worth deficit. Pursuant to the senior preferred stock purchase agreement, we issued shares of senior preferred stock to Treasury in 2008. Acting as successor to the rights, titles, powers and privileges of the Board, the conservator has declared and directed us to pay dividends to Treasury on the senior preferred stock on a quarterly basis for every dividend period for which dividends were payable since we entered conservatorship in 2008.

The chart below shows all of the funds we have drawn from Treasury pursuant to the senior preferred stock purchase agreement, as well as all of the dividends we have paid to Treasury on the senior preferred stock.

Treasury Draws and Dividend Payments: 2008 - Q1 2019 (Dollars in billions)

(1) Under the terms of the senior preferred stock purchase agreement, dividend payments we make to Treasury do not offset our prior draws of funds from Treasury. Amounts may not sum due to rounding.

(2) Treasury draws are shown in the period for which requested, not when the funds were received by us. Draw requests have been funded in the quarter following a net worth deficit.

We expect to pay Treasury a second quarter 2019 dividend of \$2.4 billion by June 30, 2019. The senior preferred stock currently provides for dividends each quarter in the amount, if any, by which our net worth as of the end of the prior quarter exceeds a \$3.0 billion capital reserve amount. We refer to this as a "net worth sweep" dividend.

As of the date of this filing, the maximum amount of remaining funding under the agreement is \$113.9 billion. If we were to draw additional funds from Treasury under the agreement with respect to a future period, the amount of remaining funding under the agreement would be reduced by the amount of our draw. Dividend payments we make to Treasury do not restore or increase the amount of funding available to us under the agreement. For a description of the terms of the senior preferred stock purchase agreement and the senior preferred stock, see "Business—Conservatorship, Treasury Agreements and Housing Finance Reform" in our 2018 Form 10-K.

Although Treasury owns our senior preferred stock and a warrant to purchase 79.9% of our common stock and has made a commitment under the senior preferred stock purchase agreement to provide us with funds to maintain a positive net worth under specified conditions, the U.S. government does not guarantee our securities or other obligations.

MD&A | Legislation and Regulation

Legislation and Regulation

The information in this section and in the following section on the Single Security Initiative updates and supplements information regarding legislative and regulatory developments affecting our business set forth in "Business—Conservatorship, Treasury Agreements and Housing Finance Reform" and "Business—Charter Act and Regulation" in 2007 8 Form 10-K. Also see "Risk Factors" in this report and in our 2018 Form 10-K for discussions of risks relating to legislative and regulatory matters.

Housing Finance Reform

On March 27, 2019, President Trump issued a memorandum directing the Secretary of the Treasury to develop a plan (the "Treasury Housing Reform Plan") for administrative and legislative reforms for Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac (the "GSEs") to achieve the following goals:

ending the conservatorships of the GSEs upon the completion of specified reforms;

facilitating competition in the housing finance market;

establishing regulation of the GSEs that safeguards their safety and soundness and minimizes the risks they pose to the financial stability of the United States; and

providing that the federal government is properly compensated for any explicit or implicit support it provides to the GSEs or the secondary housing finance market.

The memorandum states that the Treasury Housing Reform Plan shall include reform proposals to achieve the following specific objectives and, for those reforms that can be implemented administratively, include a timeline for implementation:

preserving access for qualified homebuyers to 30-year fixed-rate mortgages and other mortgage options that best serve the financial needs of potential homebuyers;

maintaining equal access to the federal housing finance system for lenders of all sizes, charter types, and geographic locations, including the maintenance of a cash window for loan sales;

establishing appropriate capital and liquidity requirements for the GSEs;

increasing competition and participation of the private sector in the mortgage market, including by authorizing FHFA to approve guarantors of conventional mortgage loans in the secondary market;

mitigating the risks undertaken by the GSEs, including by altering, if necessary, our respective policies on loan limits, program and product offerings, credit underwriting parameters, and the use of private capital to transfer credit risk;

recommending appropriate size and risk profiles for the GSEs' retained mortgage and investment portfolios;

defining the role of the GSEs in multifamily mortgage finance;

defining the mission of the Federal Home Loan Bank system and its role in supporting federal housing finance;

evaluating, in consultation with the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") and the Director of the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection, the "QM Patch." The QM patch refers to a special class of conventional mortgage loans that will be considered "qualified mortgages" under the Truth in Lending Act ("TILA") if they (1) meet certain qualified mortgage requirements generally and (2) are eligible for sale to Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac;

defining the GSEs' role in promoting affordable housing without duplicating support provided by the Federal Housing Administration ("FHA") or other federal programs; and

setting the conditions necessary for the termination of the conservatorships of the GSEs, which shall include the following conditions being satisfied:

the federal government is fully compensated for the explicit and implicit guarantees provided by it to the GSEs or any successor entities in the form of an ongoing payment to the United States;

the GSEs' activities are restricted to their core statutory mission and the size of investment and retained mortgage portfolios is appropriately limited; and

the GSEs are subjected to heightened prudential requirements and safety and soundness standards, including increased capital requirements, designed to prevent a future taxpayer bailout and minimize risks to financial stability.

The memorandum also directs the Secretary of HUD to develop a plan for reforming FHA and Ginnie Mae. All plans are to be submitted to the President for approval as soon as practicable.

MD&A | Legislation and Regulation

We expect Congress, the Administration and FHFA to continue to consider housing finance reform, which could result in significant changes in our structure and role in the future. As a result, there continues to be significant uncertainty regarding the future of our company. See "Risk Factors—GSE and Conservatorship Risk" in **201**8 Form 10-K for more information on our uncertain future, including the risks to our business and profitability arising from our conservatorship status and potential housing finance reform.

Proposed Legislation Regarding CEO Responsibilities and Compensation

On April 11, 2019, legislation was introduced in the U.S. Senate that would prohibit either GSE from transferring or delegating any duty or responsibility of its chief executive officer, as of November 25, 2015, to any other position. The legislation would also provide that the Director of FHFA may be removed for cause for approving the compensation of any chief executive officer of a GSE at a level greater than that permitted under the Equity in Government Compensation Act of 2015, which caps the annual total direct compensation for the chief executive officers of the GSEs at \$600,000 during conservatorship. If enacted, this legislation could negatively impact our business by requiring us to change our current management structure and limiting our ability to determine the roles and responsibilities of our executives in response to evolving business needs. In addition, uncertainty about and limitations on the amount and form of compensation we may pay executives and other employees impacts our ability to retain and recruit well-qualified executives and other employees. For more information on risks to our business relating to compensation limitations and legislative actions, see "Risk Factors."

New FHFA Director

On April 15, 2019, Mark Calabria became the new Director of FHFA. As we discuss in "Risk Factors—GSE and Conservatorship Risk" in our 2018 Form 10-K, changes in leadership at FHFA could result in significant changes to FHFA's goals for our conservatorship and have a material impact on our business and financial results.

2018 Housing Goals Performance

We are subject to housing goals established by FHFA, which call for a specified amount of mortgage loans we acquire to meet requirements relating to affordability or location. To meet our single-family housing goals, our performance must meet or exceed benchmarks established by FHFA or, if lower, the level of goals-qualifying originations in the primary mortgage market. To meet our multifamily housing goals, our performance must meet or exceed benchmarks established by FHFA. For 2018, we believe we met all of our single-family and multifamily benchmarks. Final performance results will be determined and published by FHFA sometime after the release later this year of 2018 data reported by primary mortgage market originators under the Home Mortgage Disclosure Act. For more information on our housing goals, see "Business—Charter Act and Regulation—GSE Act and Other Regulation" in our 2018 Form 10-K.

Affordable Housing Allocations

The Federal Housing Enterprises Financial Safety and Soundness Act of 1992, as amended, including by the Federal Housing Finance Regulatory Reform Act of 2008 (together, the "GSE Act") requires us to set aside in each fiscal year an amount equal to 4.2 basis points of the unpaid principal balance of our new business purchases and to pay this amount to specified HUD and Treasury funds in support of affordable housing. New business purchases consist of single-family and multifamily whole mortgage loans purchased during the period and single-family and multifamily mortgage loans underlying Fannie Mae MBS issued during the period pursuant to lender swaps, which we describe in "Business—Mortgage Securitizations" in *20*18 Form 10-K. We are prohibited from passing through the cost of these allocations to the originators of the mortgage loans that we purchase or securitize. For each year's new business purchases since 2015, we have set aside amounts for these contributions and transferred the funds when directed by FHFA to do so. See "Total Book of Business" for information on our contribution for 2018 new business purchases and our expense related to our 2019 new business purchases.

Single Security Initiative

Upcoming Transition to UMBS and Reliance on Common Securitization Platform

After five years of working on the Single Security Initiative with Freddie Mac, our jointly owned limited liability company, Common Securitization Solutions, LLC ("CSS"), and FHFA, we expect that in June 2019 we and Freddie Mac will start issuing single-family uniform mortgage-backed securities, or "UMBS." At that time, we will also begin using the common securitization platform we have developed in conjunction with FHFA, Freddie Mac and CSS to perform certain aspects of the securitization process. The objective of the Single Security Initiative is to enhance the overall liquidity of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac MBS eligible for forward trading in the to-be-announced ("TBA") market by supporting their fungibility without regard to which company is the issuer. Forward trading of UMBS began in March 2019, and, as of April 25, 2019, \$755 billion of UMBS had been traded in the TBA market for settlement

beginning in June 2019.

MD&A | Single Security Initiative

The common securitization platform and the Single Security Initiative represent significant changes for the mortgage market and for our securitization operations and business. We expect that once we begin issuing UMBS, the vast majority of our single-family MBS will be issued as UMBS. See "Business—Mortgage Securitizations—Common Securitization Platform and Single Security Initiative" in our 2018 Form 10-K and "Risk Factors" in this report for more information on these efforts and the risks they present.

Final Rule on MBS Prepayment Rates

On February 28, 2019, FHFA issued a final rule to require Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac to align their programs, policies and practices that affect the prepayment rates of TBA-eligible MBS. The rule applies to Fannie Mae's and Freddie Mac's current offerings of TBA-eligible MBS and to the new UMBS expected to be issued starting in June 2019. In proposing the rule, FHFA noted that "[t]he industry has expressed concerns that Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac UMBS may not be truly fungible because differences in Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac policies could result in materially differing cash flows (as a result of, e.g., differing prepayment speeds)." FHFA, as conservator, had previously responded to industry input by imposing alignment mandates on Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, and publishing a Prepayment Monitoring Report. The final rule codifies FHFA's previous mandates and is intended to ensure that Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac programs, policies and practices that individually have a material effect on cash flows (including policies that affect prepayment speeds) are and will continue to be aligned.

MD&A | Key Market Economic Indicators

Key Market Economic Indicators

The graphs below display certain macroeconomic indicators that can significantly influence our business and financial results.

Selected Benchmark Interest Rates

 $\begin{array}{c|c} -3 \text{ month LIBOR}^{(1)} & -2 \text{ year swap rate}^{(1)} & -10 \text{ year swap rate}^{(1)} \\ \hline & -30 \text{ year Swap rate}^{(1)} & -30 \text{ year swap rate}^{(2)} \\ \hline & -30 \text{ year swap rate}^{$

-10-year Treasury rate⁽¹⁾ -30-year Fannie Mae MBS par coupon rate⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ According to Bloomberg.

(2) Refers to the U.S. weekly average fixed-rate mortgage rate according to Freddie Mac's Primary Mortgage Market Survey[®]. These rates are reported using the latest available data for a given period.

How Interest Rates Can Affect Our Financial Results

Net interest income. In a rising interest rate environment, our mortgage loans tend to prepay more slowly, which typically results in lower net amortization income from cost basis adjustments on mortgage loans and related debt. Conversely, in a declining interest rate environment, our mortgage loans tend to prepay faster, resulting in higher net amortization income from cost basis adjustments on mortgage loans and related debt.

Fair value gains (losses). We have exposure to fair value gains and losses resulting from changes in interest rates, primarily through our risk management derivatives and mortgage commitment derivatives, which we mark to market. Generally, we experience fair value losses when swap rates decrease and fair value gains when swap rates increase; however, because the composition of our derivative position varies across the yield curve, different yield curve changes (for example, parallel, steepening or flattening) will generate different gains and losses.

Credit-related income (expense). Increases in mortgage interest rates tend to lengthen the expected lives of our modified loans, which increases the impairment on these loans and results in increases in the provision for credit losses. Conversely, decreases in mortgage interest rates tend to shorten the expected lives of our modified loans, which reduces the impairment on these loans and results in decreases in the provision for credit losses.

MD&A | Key Market Economic Indicators

We expect home price appreciation on a national basis to slow slightly in 2019, as compared with 2018. We also expect significant regional variation in the timing and rate of home price growth. For further discussion on housing activity, see "Single-Family Business—Single-Family Mortgage Market" and "Multifamily Business—Multifamily Mortgage Market."

How home prices can affect our financial results

Actual and forecasted home prices impact our provision or benefit for credit losses.

Changes in home prices affect the amount of equity that borrowers have in their homes. Borrowers with less equity typically have higher delinquency and default rates.

As home prices increase, the severity of losses we incur on defaulted loans that we hold or guarantee decreases because the amount we can recover from the properties securing the loans increases. Decreases in home prices increase the losses we incur on defaulted loans.

Calculated internally using property data on loans purchased by Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, and other third-party home sales data. Fannie Mae's (1) home price index is a weighted repeat transactions index, measuring average price changes in repeat sales on the same properties. Fannie Mae's home price index excludes prices on properties sold in foreclosure. Fannie Mae's home price estimates are based on preliminary data

and are subject to change as additional data become available. How housing activity can affect our financial results

Homebuilding has typically been a leading indicator of broader economic indicators, such as the U.S. Gross Domestic Product, or GDP, and the unemployment rate. Residential construction activity tends to soften prior to a weakness in the economy and can improve prior to a recovery in economic activity. Broader economic indicators can affect several mortgage market factors including the demand for both single-family and multifamily housing and the level of loan delinquencies.

Fewer housing starts results in fewer properties being available for purchase, which can lower the volume of originations in the mortgage market.

Construction activity can also affect credit losses. When the pace of construction does not meet demand, the resulting growth in home prices can increase the risk profile of new purchase money mortgage loans and increase the risk of default if home prices subsequently decline. Reduced construction may also coincide with a broader deterioration in housing conditions, which may result in higher future delinquencies and greater losses on defaulted loans.

⁽²⁾ According to U.S. Census Bureau and subject to revision.

MD&A | Key Market Economic Indicators

GDP, Unemployment Rate and Personal Income

- ⁽¹⁾ According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and subject to revision.
- Personal income growth through the fourth quarter of 2018 is the quarterly average of the monthly series calculated by the Federal Reserve
 (2) Bank of St. Louis. Growth in the first quarter of 2019 is based on January 2019 data, the most recent data available at the time this report was prepared.
- ⁽³⁾ According to the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis and subject to revision.

How GDP, the unemployment rate and personal income can affect our financial results

Changes in GDP, the unemployment rate and personal income can affect several mortgage market factors, including the demand for both single-family and multifamily housing and the level of loan delinquencies.

Decreases in the unemployment rate typically result in lower levels of delinquencies, which often correlate to a decrease in credit losses.

Slower growth or outright declines in personal income heightens the risk of delinquency by reducing homeowners' ability to pay their mortgages. Slower income growth could also lower affordability, constraining home sales and mortgage originations.

MD&A | Consolidated Results of Operations

Consolidated Results of Operations

This section provides a discussion of our condensed consolidated results of operations and should be read together with our condensed consolidated financial statements, including the accompanying notes.

Summary of Condensed Consolidated Results of Operations

-	For the Three Months Ended March 31,					
2019			2018		Varianc	;e
	(Dollars in millions)					
Net interest income	\$4,733	3	\$5,232		\$(499)
Fee and other income	227		320		(93)
Net revenues	4,960		5,552		(592)
Investment gains, net	133		250		(117)
Fair value gains (losses), net	(831)	1,045		(1,876)
Administrative expenses	(744)	(750)	6	
Credit-related income:						
Benefit for credit losses	650		217		433	
Foreclosed property expense	(140)	(162)	22	
Total credit-related income	510		55		455	
Temporary Payroll Tax Cut Continuation Act of 2011 ("TCCA") fees	(593)	(557)	(36)
Other expenses, net	(408)	(203)	(205)
Income before federal income taxes	3,027		5,392		(2,365)
Provision for federal income taxes	(627)	(1,131)	504	
Net income)	\$4,261		\$(1,86	1)
Total comprehensive income		I	\$3,938	;	\$(1,57	7)

Net Interest Income

We have two primary sources of net interest income:

guaranty fees we receive for managing the credit risk on loans underlying Fannie Mae MBS held by third parties; and the difference between interest income earned on the assets in our retained mortgage portfolio and our other investments portfolio (collectively, our "portfolios") and the interest expense associated with the debt that funds those assets. See "Retained Mortgage Portfolio" and "Liquidity and Capital Management—Liquidity Management—Other Investments Portfolio" for more information about our portfolios.

Guaranty fees consist of two primary components:

base guaranty fees that we receive over the life of the loan; and

upfront fees that we receive at the time of loan acquisition primarily related to single-family loan level pricing adjustments and other fees we receive from lenders, which are amortized into net interest income as cost basis adjustments over the contractual life of the loan. We refer to this as amortization income.

We recognize almost all of our guaranty fee revenue in net interest income because we consolidate the substantial majority of loans underlying our Fannie Mae MBS in consolidated trusts on our consolidated balance sheets. Those guaranty fees are the primary component of the difference between the interest income on loans in consolidated trusts and the interest expense on the debt of consolidated trusts.

MD&A | Consolidated Results of Operations

The table below displays the components of our net interest income from our guaranty book of business and from our portfolios. **Components of Net Interest Income**

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2019	2018	Variand	ce
	(Dollars i	n million	s)	
Net interest income from guaranty book of business:				
Base guaranty fee income, net of TCCA	\$2,259	\$2,089	\$170	
Base guaranty fee income related to TCCA ⁽¹⁾	593	557	36	
Net amortization income	982	1,508	(526)
Total net interest income from guaranty book of business	3,834	4,154	(320)
Net interest income from portfolios ⁽²⁾	899	1,078	(179)
Total net interest income	\$4,733	\$5,232	\$ (499)

(1) Revenues generated by the 10 basis point guaranty fee increase we implemented pursuant to the TCCA, the incremental revenue from which is remitted to Treasury and not retained by us.

Includes interest income from assets held in our retained mortgage portfolio and our other investments portfolio, as well as other assets used to (2) generate lender liquidity. Also includes interest expense on our outstanding Connecticut Avenue Securities[®] of \$382 million and \$302 million for the first ended of \$2010 and \$2010 meeting.

the first quarter of 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Net interest income from base guaranty fees increased in the first quarter of 2019 compared with the first quarter of 2018 due to an increase in the size of our guaranty book of business and loans with higher base guaranty fees comprising a larger part of our guaranty book of business in the first quarter of 2019 compared with the first quarter of 2018.

Net amortization income from our guaranty book of business decreased in the first quarter of 2019 compared with the first quarter of 2018 primarily due to lower amortization income from our guaranty book of business driven by a higher prevailing interest rate environment, which resulted in lower mortgage prepayment activity during the quarter.

We initially recognize mortgage loans and debt of consolidated trusts in our condensed consolidated balance sheet at fair value. The difference between the initial fair value and the carrying value of these instruments is recorded as cost basis adjustments, either as premiums or discounts. These cost basis adjustments are amortized as yield adjustments over the contractual lives of the loans or debt. On a net basis, for mortgage loans and debt of consolidated trusts, we are in a premium position with respect to debt of consolidated trusts, which represents deferred income we will recognize in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income as amortization income in future periods.

Deferred Income Represented by Net Premium Position on Debt of Consolidated Trusts (Dollars in billions)

The timing of when we recognize amortization income can vary based on a number of factors, the most significant of which is interest rates. In a rising interest rate environment, our mortgage loans tend to prepay more slowly, which typically results in lower net amortization income. Conversely, in a declining interest rate environment, our mortgage loans tend to prepay faster, resulting in higher net amortization income.

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MD&A | Consolidated Results of Operations

Net interest income from portfolios decreased in the first quarter of 2019 compared with the first quarter of 2018 primarily due to a decline in the average balance of our retained mortgage portfolio. See "Retained Mortgage Portfolio" for more information. A higher interest rate environment and possible decreases in our retained mortgage portfolio could result in a decrease in our net interest income in 2019.

Analysis of Net Interest Income

The table below displays an analysis of our net interest income, average balances, and related yields earned on assets and incurred on liabilities. For most components of the average balances, we use a daily weighted average of amortized cost. When daily average balance information is not available, such as for mortgage loans, we use monthly averages.

Analysis of Net Interest Income and Yield

•	For the Three Months Ended March 31,							
	2019				2018			
	Average Balance	Interest Income/ (Expense	Income/ Bates		Average Balance id	Interest Income/ (Expense)	Averag Rates Earneg	
	(Dollars in millions)							
Interest-earning assets:								
Mortgage loans of Fannie Mae	\$119,495	\$1,323	4.43	%	\$163,134	\$1,736	4.26	%
Mortgage loans of consolidated trusts	3,153,383	28,445	3.61		3,048,711	26,298	3.45	
Total mortgage loans ⁽¹⁾	3,272,878	29,768	3.64		3,211,845	28,034	3.49	
Mortgage-related securities	9,044	102	4.51		10,531	100	3.80	
Non-mortgage-related securities ⁽²⁾	60,833	378	2.49		51,707	207	1.60	
Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell or similar arrangements	41,533	263	2.53		37,389	142	1.52	
Advances to lenders	3,703	32	3.46		3,844	31	3.23	
Total interest-earning assets	\$3,387,991	\$30,543	3.61	%	\$3,315,316	\$28,514	3.44	%
Interest-bearing liabilities:								
Short-term funding debt	\$20,712	\$(125)2.41	%	\$31,242	\$(106)	1.36	%
Long-term funding debt	179,152	(1,114)2.49		214,397	(1,158)	2.16	
Connecticut Avenue Securities [®] ("CAS")	24,884	(382)6.14		22,473	(302)	5.38	
Total debt of Fannie Mae	224,748	(1,621)2.89		268,112	(1,566)	2.34	
Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties	3,156,398	(24,189)3.07		3,050,041	(21,716)	2.85	
Total interest-bearing liabilities	\$3,381,146	6\$(25,810)3.05	%	\$3,318,153	\$(23,282)	2.81	%
Net interest income/net interest yield	single-family	\$4,733	0.56	%	crual status w	\$5,232	0.63	%

Average balance includes mortgage loans on nonaccrual status. A single-family loan is placed on nonaccrual status when the payment of principal or interest on the loan is 60 days or more past due. A multifamily loan is placed on nonaccrual status when the loan becomes 90 days (1) or more past due according to its contractual terms or is deemed individually impaired. Typically, interest income on nonaccrual mortgage loans

is recognized when cash is received. Interest income not recognized for loans on nonaccrual status was \$111 million for the first quarter of 2019, compared with \$168 million for the first quarter of 2018.

⁽²⁾ Consists of cash, cash equivalents and U.S Treasury securities.

Fair Value Gains (Losses), Net

The estimated fair value of our derivatives, trading securities and other financial instruments carried at fair value may fluctuate substantially from period to period because of changes in interest rates, the yield curve, mortgage and credit spreads and implied volatility, as well as activity related to these financial instruments. While the estimated fair value of our derivatives that serve to mitigate certain risk exposures may fluctuate, some of the financial instruments that generate these exposures are not recorded at fair value in our condensed consolidated financial statements. We are developing capabilities to implement hedge accounting to reduce interest rate volatility in our consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.

Fannie Mae First Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q MD&A | Consolidated Results of Operations

The table below displays the components of our fair value gains and losses. Fair Value Gains (Losses), Net

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,
	2019 2018
	(Dollars in millions)
Risk management derivatives fair value gains (losses) attributable to:	
Net contractual interest expense accruals on interest rate swaps	\$(266) \$(215)
Net change in fair value during the period	(122) 510
Total risk management derivatives fair value gains (losses), net	(388) 295
Mortgage commitment derivatives fair value gains (losses), net	(300) 564
Credit enhancement derivatives fair value gains (losses), net	(7) 4
Total derivatives fair value gains (losses), net	(695) 863
Trading securities gains, net	92 98
CAS debt fair value losses, net	(22) (8)
Other, net ⁽¹⁾	(206) 92
Fair value gains (losses), net	\$(831) \$1,045

⁽¹⁾ Consists of fair value gains and losses on non-CAS debt and mortgage loans.

Fair value losses in the first guarter of 2019 were primarily driven by:

net interest expense accruals on our risk management derivatives combined with decreases in the fair value of our pay-fixed risk management derivatives due to declines in longer-term swap rates during the quarter, which were partially offset by increases in the fair value of our receive-fixed risk management derivatives;

decreases in the fair value of our mortgage commitment derivatives due to losses on commitments to sell mortgage-related securities as a result of increases in the prices of securities as interest rates decreased during the commitment periods; and

losses driven by increases in the fair value of long-term debt of consolidated trusts held at fair value.

Fair value gains in the first quarter of 2018 were primarily driven by:

increases in the fair value of our mortgage commitments due to gains on commitments to sell mortgage-related securities due to a decrease in prices as interest rates increased during the commitment periods; and

increases in the fair value of our pay-fixed risk management derivatives due to an increase in longer-term swap rates during the quarter.

Credit-Related Income

Our credit-related income or expense can vary substantially from period to period based on a number of factors such as changes in actual and expected home prices, fluctuations in interest rates, borrower payment behavior, the overall size of our allowance, events such as natural disasters, the types and volume of our loss mitigation activities, the volume of foreclosures completed, and redesignations of loans from HFI to HFS. In addition, our credit-related income or expense and our loss reserves can be impacted by updates to the models, assumptions and data used in determining our allowance for loan losses.

While the redesignation of certain reperforming and nonperforming single-family loans from HFI to HFS has been a significant driver of credit-related income in recent periods, we may see a reduced impact from this activity in the future to the extent the population of loans we are considering for redesignation declines. Further, our implementation of the CECL standard on January 1, 2020 will likely introduce additional volatility in our results thereafter as credit-related income or expense will include expected lifetime losses on our loans and other financial instruments subject to the standard and thus become more sensitive to fluctuations in the factors detailed above.

MD&A | Consolidated Results of Operations

Benefit for Credit Losses

The table below provides quantitative analysis of the drivers of our single-family benefit for credit losses for the periods presented. Many of the drivers that contribute to our benefit or provision for credit losses overlap or are interdependent. The attribution shown below is based on internal allocation estimates. The table does not display our multifamily benefit or provision for credit losses as the amounts for all periods presented were less than \$50 million.

Components of Benefit for Credit Losses

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 2018 (Dollars in billions)				
Single-family benefit for credit losses:					
Changes in loan activity ⁽¹⁾	\$ *	\$(0.2)			
Redesignation of loans from HFI to HFS	0.3	0.2			
Actual and forecasted home prices	0.2	0.3			
Actual and projected interest rates	0.2	(0.4)			
Other ⁽²⁾	*	0.3			
Total single-family benefit for credit losses	¢07	¢02			

Total single-family benefit for credit losses \$0.7 \$0.2

* Represents less than \$50 million.

Primarily consists of changes in the allowance due to loan delinquency, loan liquidations, new troubled debt restructurings, amortization of ⁽¹⁾ concessions granted to borrowers and the impact of FHFA's Advisory Bulletin 2012-02, "Framework for Adversely Classifying Loans, Other Real Estate Owned, and Other Assets and Listing Assets for Special Mention" (the "Advisory Bulletin").

(2) Primarily consists of the impact of model and assumption changes and changes in the reserve for guaranty losses that are not separately included in the other components.

The primary factors that contributed to our benefit for credit losses in the first quarter of 2019 were:

For the

The redesignation of certain reperforming single-family loans from HFI to HFS as we no longer intend to hold them for the foreseeable future or to maturity. Upon redesignation of these loans, we recorded the loans at the lower of cost or fair value with a charge-off to the allowance for loan losses. Amounts recorded in the allowance related to these loans exceeded the amounts charged off, which contributed to the benefit for credit losses.

An increase in actual and forecasted home prices. Higher home prices decrease the likelihood that loans will default and reduce the amount of credit loss on loans that do default, which impacts our estimate of losses and ultimately reduces our loss reserves and provision for credit losses.

Lower actual and projected mortgage interest rates. As mortgage interest rates decline, we expect an increase in future prepayments on single-family individually impaired loans, including modified loans. Higher expected prepayments shorten the expected lives of modified loans, which decreases the impairment relating to term and interest rate concessions provided on these loans and results in a decrease in the provision for credit losses.

The following factors impacted our benefit for credit losses in the first quarter of 2018:

An increase in actual and forecasted home prices, which contributed to the benefit for credit losses.

The redesignation of certain single-family loans from HFI to HFS during the quarter.

These factors were partially offset by the impact of higher actual and projected mortgage interest rates and an increase in single-family loans classified as a troubled debt restructuring ("TDR") in the areas affected by Hurricanes Harvey, Irma and Maria (collectively, "the 2017 hurricanes").

TCCA Fees

Pursuant to the TCCA, in 2012 FHFA directed us to increase our single-family guaranty fees by 10 basis points and remit this increase to Treasury. This TCCA-related revenue is included in "Net interest income" and the expense is recognized as "TCCA fees" in our condensed consolidated financial statements. TCCA fees increased in the first quarter of 2019 compared with the first quarter of 2018 as our book of business subject to the TCCA continued to grow. We expect the guaranty fees collected and expenses incurred under the TCCA to continue to increase.

MD&A | Consolidated Balance Sheet Analysis

Consolidated Balance Sheet Analysis

This section provides a discussion of our condensed consolidated balance sheets and should be read together with our condensed consolidated financial statements, including the accompanying notes.

Summary of Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

-	As of March 31, 2019 (Dollars in m	December 31 2018 illions)	' Variance
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents and federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell or similar arrangements	\$49,746	\$58,495	\$(8,749)
Restricted cash	24,745	23,866	879
Investments in securities	44,113	45,296	(1,183)
Mortgage loans:	,	10,200	(1,100)
Of Fannie Mae	115,936	120,717	(4,781)
Of consolidated trusts	3,157,061	3,142,881	14,180
Allowance for loan losses	(13,232) (14,203)	971
Mortgage loans, net of allowance for loan losses	3,259,765	3,249,395	10,370
Deferred tax assets, net	13,411	13,188	223
Other assets	29,254	28,078	1,176
Total assets	\$3,421,034	\$3,418,318	\$2,716
Liabilities and equity			
Debt:			
Of Fannie Mae	\$221,238	\$232,074	\$(10,836)
Of consolidated trusts	3,173,772	3,159,846	13,926
Other liabilities	20,663	20,158	505
Total liabilities	3,415,673	3,412,078	3,595
Fannie Mae stockholders' equity:			
Senior preferred stock	120,836	120,836	<u> </u>
Other net deficit	()) (114,596)	(879)
Total equity	5,361	6,240	(879)
Total liabilities and equity	\$3,421,034	\$3,418,318	\$2,716

Mortgage Loans, Net of Allowance for Loan Losses

The mortgage loans reported in our condensed consolidated balance sheet are classified as either HFS or HFI and include loans owned by Fannie Mae and loans held in consolidated trusts.

Mortgage loans, net of allowance for loan losses increased as of March 31, 2019 compared with December 31, 2018 primarily driven by:

an increase in mortgage loans due to acquisitions outpacing liquidations and sales; and

a decrease in our allowance for loan losses primarily driven by the redesignation of certain reperforming single-family loans from HFI to HFS.

For additional information on our mortgage loans, see "Note 3, Mortgage Loans," and for additional information on changes in our allowance for loan losses, see "Note 4, Allowance for Loan Losses."

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Debt

The total amount of outstanding debt of Fannie Mae decreased during the first quarter of 2019. Because our funding needs have declined with the decline in size of our retained mortgage portfolio, we did not replace all of our debt that paid off during the first quarter of 2019 with new debt issuances. The increase in debt of consolidated trusts from December 31, 2018 to March 31, 2019 was primarily driven by sales of Fannie Mae MBS, which are accounted for as issuances of debt of consolidated trusts in our condensed consolidated balance sheets, since the MBS certificate ownership is transferred from us to a third party. See "Liquidity and Capital Management—Liquidity Management—Debt Funding" for a summary of the activity of the debt of Fannie Mae and a comparison of the mix between our outstanding short-term and long-term debt. Also see "Note 7, Short-Term and Long-Term Debt" for additional information on our outstanding debt.

Stockholders' Equity

Our net equity decreased as of March 31, 2019 compared with December 31, 2018 due to our payment of senior preferred stock dividends to Treasury during the first quarter of 2019, partially offset by our comprehensive income recognized during the quarter.

Retained Mortgage Portfolio

Our retained mortgage portfolio consists of mortgage loans and mortgage-related securities that we own, including Fannie Mae MBS and non-Fannie Mae mortgage-related securities. Assets held by consolidated MBS trusts that back mortgage-related securities owned by third parties are not included in our retained mortgage portfolio.

We use our retained mortgage portfolio primarily to provide liquidity to the mortgage market and support our loss mitigation activities. Previously, we also used our retained mortgage portfolio for investment purposes.

The chart below separates the instruments within our retained mortgage portfolio, measured by unpaid principal balance, into three categories based on each instrument's use:

Lender liquidity, which includes balances related to our whole loan conduit activity, supports our efforts to provide liquidity to the single-family and multifamily mortgage markets.

Loss mitigation supports our loss mitigation efforts through the purchase of delinquent loans from MBS trusts.

Other represents assets that were previously purchased for investment purposes. More than half of the balance of "Other" consisted of Fannie Mae-wrapped reverse mortgage securities and reverse mortgage loans as of March 31, 2019. We expect the amount of assets in "Other" will continue to decline over time as they liquidate, mature or are sold.

Retained Mortgage Portfolio (Dollars in billions)

. . . .

MD&A | Retained Mortgage Portfolio

The table below displays the components of our retained mortgage portfolio, measured by unpaid principal balance. **Retained Mortgage Portfolio**

As of	
March 31,	December
	31, 2018
(Dollars in r	nillions)
\$43,369	\$40,528
8,646	8,640
52,015	49,168
83,725	87,220
21,137	21,856
8,504	8,959
7,610	7,883
2,454	3,042
620	650
368	375
40,693	42,765
\$176,433	\$179,153
	March 31, 2019 (Dollars in n \$43,369 8,646 52,015 83,725 21,137 8,504 7,610 2,454 620 368 40,693

Retained mortgage portfolio by segment:

Single-family mortgage loans and mortgage-related securities \$166,731 \$168,338

Multifamily mortgage loans and mortgage-related securities \$9,702 \$10,815

(1) Includes Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac and Ginnie Mae mortgage-related securities, excluding Fannie Mae-wrapped securities and Ginnie Mae reverse mortgage securities.

⁽²⁾ Includes Fannie Mae-wrapped securities and Ginnie Mae reverse mortgage securities.

The amount of mortgage assets that we may own is capped at \$250 billion by our senior preferred stock purchase agreement with Treasury, and FHFA has directed that we further cap our mortgage assets at \$225 billion, as described in

"Business—Conservatorship, Treasury Agreements and Housing Finance Reform—Treasury Agreements" i2001@ Form 10-K. We expect our retained mortgage portfolio to remain below the \$225 billion cap directed by FHFA.

In support of our loss mitigation strategy, we purchased \$2.8 billion of loans from our single-family MBS trusts in the first quarter of 2019, the substantial majority of which were delinquent. See "MD&A—Retained Mortgage Portfolio—Purchases of Loans from Our MBS Trusts" in our2018 Form 10-K for more information relating to our purchases of loans from MBS trusts.

MD&A | Total Book of Business

Total Book of Business

The table below displays the composition of our total book of business based on unpaid principal balance. Our single-family book of business accounted for 90% of our total book of business as of March 31, 2019 and 91% of our total book of business as of December 31, 2018. While our total book of business includes all of our mortgage-related assets, both on- and off-balance sheet, our guaranty book of business excludes non-Fannie Mae mortgage-related securities held in our retained mortgage portfolio for which we do not provide a guaranty.

Composition of Total Book of Business⁽¹⁾

	As of							
	March 31, 2	019		December 3				
	Single-Fam	i ly ultifamily	Total	Single-Fam	i Ŋ ultifamily	Total		
	(Dollars in I	millions)						
Guaranty book of business ⁽²⁾	\$2,963,846	\$ 316,981	\$3,280,827	\$2,959,404	\$ 309,748	\$3,269,152		
Non-Fannie Mae mortgage securities ⁽³⁾	5,763	368	6,131	6,698	375	7,073		
Total book of business	\$2,969,609	\$ 317,349	\$3,286,958	\$2,966,102	\$ 310,123	\$3,276,225		
Guaranty Book of Business Detail:								
Conventional guaranty book of business ⁽⁴⁾	\$2,930,836	\$ 315,810	\$3,246,646	\$2,925,246	\$ 308,543	\$3,233,789		
Government guaranty book of business ⁽⁵⁾	\$33,010	\$ 1,171	\$34,181	\$34,158	\$ 1,205	\$35,363		

Our total book of business refers to the sum of the unpaid principal balance of: Fannie Mae MBS outstanding; mortgage loans of Fannie Mae; ⁽¹⁾ non-Fannie Mae mortgage-related securities held in our retained mortgage portfolio; and other credit enhancements that we provide on mortgage assets.

Includes other single-family Fannie Mae guaranty arrangements of \$1.5 billion and \$1.6 billion as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018,

(2) respectively, and other multifamily Fannie Mae guaranty arrangements of \$12.1 billion and \$12.3 billion as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018. The unpaid principal balance of resecuritized Fannie Mae MBS is included only once in the reported amount.

(3) Includes mortgage-related securities issued by Freddie Mac and Ginnie Mae, mortgage revenue bonds, Alt-A and subprime private-label securities, and commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS").

(4) Refers to mortgage loans and mortgage-related securities that are not guaranteed or insured, in whole or in part, by the U.S. government or one of its agencies.

(5) Refers to mortgage loans and mortgage-related securities guaranteed or insured, in whole or in part, by the U.S. government or one of its agencies.

The GSE Act requires us to set aside each year an amount equal to 4.2 basis points of the unpaid principal balance of our total new business purchases and to pay this amount to specified HUD and Treasury funds. In April 2019, we paid \$215 million to the funds based on our new business purchases in 2018. For the first three months of 2019, we recognized an expense of \$43 million related to this obligation based on our \$102.0 billion in new business purchases. We expect to pay this amount to the funds after the end of 2019, plus additional amounts to be accrued based on our new business purchases in the remaining nine months of 2019. See "Legislation and Regulation—Affordable Housing Allocations" for more information regarding this obligation.

MD&A | Business Segments

Business Segments

We have two reportable business segments: Single-Family and Multifamily. The Single-Family business operates in the secondary mortgage market relating to single-family mortgage loans, which are secured by properties containing four or fewer residential dwelling units. The Multifamily business operates in the secondary mortgage market relating primarily to multifamily mortgage loans, which are secured by properties containing four or fewer residential dwelling units.

The chart below displays the net revenues and net income for each of our business segments. Net revenues consist of net interest income and fee and other income.

Business Segment Net Revenues and Net Income (Dollars in billions) Segment Allocation Methodology

The majority of our revenues and expenses are directly associated with either our single-family or our multifamily business segment and are included in determining that segment's operating results. Other revenues and expenses, including administrative expenses, that are not directly attributable to a particular business segment are allocated based on the size of each segment's total book of business. The substantial majority of our gains and losses associated with our risk management derivatives are allocated to our single-family business segment.

In the following sections, we describe each segment's business and credit metrics, and financial results. We also describe how each segment manages mortgage credit risk.

Single-Family Business

Working with our lender customers, our Single-Family business provides liquidity to the mortgage market primarily by acquiring single-family loans from lenders and securitizing those loans into Fannie Mae MBS, which are either delivered to the lenders or sold to investors or dealers. A single-family loan is secured by a property with four or fewer residential units.

This section supplements and updates information regarding our Single-Family business segment in our 2018 Form 10-K. See "MD&A—Single-Family Business" in **201**8 Form 10-K for additional information regarding the primary business activities, customers and competition of our Single-Family business.

Single-Family Market Share

Single-Family Mortgage Acquisition Market Share

Our share of the single-family acquisition market, including loans held on lenders' books, fluctuates from quarter to quarter. We estimate our single-family acquisition market share in the last three years remained within the range of 25% to 30%, based on our current estimates of the amount of single-family first lien mortgage loans that were originated in the United States, as well as estimates of our competitors' acquisitions based on publicly available data.

Single-Family Mortgage-Related Issuances Market Share

The chart below displays our market share of single-family mortgage-related securities issuances in the first quarter of 2019 as compared with that of our primary competitors for the issuance of single-family mortgage-related securities.

New Single-Family Mortgage-Related Securities Issuances First Quarter 2019 Market Share

We estimate our market share of single-family mortgage-related securities issuances was 36% in the first quarter of 2019, compared with 37% in the fourth guarter of 2018 and 42% in the first guarter of 2018.

Single-Family Mortgage Market

Housing activity rose slightly in the first quarter of 2019 compared with the fourth quarter of 2018. Total existing home sales averaged 5.2 million units annualized in the first quarter of 2019, compared with 5.1 million units in the fourth quarter of 2018, according to data from the National Association of REALTORS[®]. According to the U.S. Census Bureau, new single-family home sales increased during the first quarter of 2019, averaging an annualized rate of 660,000 units, compared with 575,000 units in the fourth quarter of 2018.

The 30-year fixed mortgage rate averaged 4.37% in the first quarter of 2019, compared with 4.78% in the fourth quarter of 2018, according to Freddie Mac's Primary Mortgage Market Survey[®]. Despite a sharp decline in mortgage rates at the end of

the quarter, the single-family mortgage market continued to experience a shift to a purchase mortgage market, as the share of refinance originations in the first quarter of 2019 fell to the lowest level since the fourth quarter of 2000.

We forecast that total originations in the U.S. single-family mortgage market in 2019 will increase from 2018 levels by approximately 1.25%, from an estimated \$1.60 trillion in 2018 to \$1.62 trillion in 2019, and that the amount of originations in the U.S. single-family mortgage market that are refinancings will decrease from an estimated \$456 billion in 2018 to \$446 billion in 2019.

Single-Family Business Metrics

Net interest income from guaranty fees for our single-family business is driven by the single-family MBS we issue and the guaranty fees we charge.

Single-Family Fannie Mae MBS Issuances and Average Guaranty Book of Business (Dollars in billions)

Our single-family guaranty book of business consists primarily of single-family Fannie Mae MBS outstanding. It also includes single-family mortgage loans of Fannie Mae held in our retained mortgage portfolio, and other credit enhancements that we provide on single-family mortgage assets. Our single-family guaranty book of business does not include non-Fannie Mae single-family mortgage-related securities held in our retained mortgage portfolio for which we do not provide a guaranty.

Average Charged Guaranty Fee on Single-Family Guaranty Book of Business and on New Single-Family Acquisitions⁽¹⁾

Represents the sum of the average guaranty fee rate for our single-family guaranty arrangements during the period plus the recognition of any (1) upfront cash payments over an estimated average life at the time of acquisition. For the prior period, the methodology used to estimate average life at the time of acquisition has been updated. Excludes the impact of a 10 basis point guaranty fee increase implemented pursuant to the TCCA, the incremental revenue from which is remitted to Treasury and not retained by us.

Our average charged guaranty fee on newly acquired single-family loans, net of TCCA fees, increased from 42.9 basis points in the first quarter of 2018 to 50.4 basis points in the first quarter of 2019, primarily driven by an increase in the total base guaranty fees charged on our loan acquisitions in the period.

Single-Family Business Financial Results

	For the T Months E March 31		
	2019	2018	Variance
	(Dollars ir	millions)	
Net interest income ⁽¹⁾	\$4,039	\$4,561	\$(522)
Fee and other income	106	158	(52)
Net revenues	4,145	4,719	(574)
Investment gains, net	94	242	(148)
Fair value gains (losses), net	(887)	1,034	(1,921)
Administrative expenses	(631)	(643)	12
Credit-related income ⁽²⁾	518	34	484
TCCA fees ⁽¹⁾	(593)	(557)	(36)
Other expenses, net	(337)	(132)	(205)
Income before federal income taxes	2,309	4,697	(2,388)
Provision for federal income taxes	(484)	(1,016)	532
Net income	\$1,825	\$3,681	\$(1,856)

(1) Reflects the impact of a 10 basis point guaranty fee increase implemented pursuant to the TCCA, the incremental revenue from which is remitted to Treasury. The resulting revenue is included in net interest income and the expense is recognized as "TCCA fees."

⁽²⁾ Consists of the benefit for credit losses and foreclosed property expense.

Net interest income

Single-family net interest income decreased in the first quarter of 2019 compared with the first quarter of 2018, primarily due to a decline in net amortization income and a decline in net interest income from portfolios, partially offset by an increase in single-family base guaranty fee income. The drivers of net interest income for the single-family segment for the first quarter of 2019 are consistent with the drivers of net interest income discussed in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income, which we discuss in "Consolidated Results of Operations—Net Interest Income."

Fair value gains (losses), net

Fair value losses in the first quarter of 2019 were primarily driven by net interest expense accruals on our risk management derivatives, and decreases in the fair value of our pay-fixed risk management derivatives and our mortgage commitments. In addition, the increase in the fair value of our debt also resulted in fair value losses for the quarter. Conversely, fair value gains in the first quarter of 2018 were primarily driven by increases in the fair value of our mortgage commitments and our pay-fixed risk management derivatives.

The drivers of our fair value gains (losses), net for the single-family segment for all periods presented are consistent with the drivers of fair value gains (losses), net in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income, which we discuss in "Consolidated Results of Operations—Fair Value Gains (Losses), net."

Credit-related income

Credit-related income in the first quarter of 2019 was primarily driven by the redesignation of certain single-family loans from HFI to HFS; an increase in actual and forecasted home prices; and lower actual and projected mortgage interest rates. Credit-related income in the first quarter of 2018 was primarily driven by an increase in actual and forecasted home prices and the redesignation of certain single-family loans from HFI to HFS during the quarter. These factors were partially offset by the impact of higher actual and projected mortgage interest rates in the period and an increase in single-family loans classified as TDRs in the regions affected by the 2017 hurricanes.

See "Consolidated Results of Operations-Credit-Related Income" for more information on our credit-related income.

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Single-Family Mortgage Credit Risk Management

This section updates our discussion of single-family mortgage credit risk management in our 2018 Form 10-K. For information on our acquisition and servicing policies, underwriting and servicing standards, quality control process, repurchase requests, representation and warranty framework, and key attributes of our loans, see "MD&A—Single-Family Business—Single-Family Mortgage Credit Risk Management" in our2018 Form 10-K.

Presentation of our single-family guaranty book for credit statistics

To align with how we manage our credit risk, for purposes of the information reported below, we adjust our measurement of our single-family guaranty book of business by using the unpaid principal balance of mortgage loans underlying Fannie Mae MBS instead of the unpaid principal balance of the MBS. These amounts differ primarily as a result of payments we receive on underlying loans that have not yet been remitted to the MBS holders. As measured for purposes of the information reported below, our single-family conventional guaranty book of business was \$2,905 billion as of March 31, 2019 and \$2,903 billion as of Desember 21, 0010

December 31, 2018.

In addition, we exclude from the single-family credit statistics reported below approximately 1% of our single-family guaranty book of business for which our loan level information was incomplete as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Single-Family Portfolio Diversification and Monitoring

The table below displays our single-family conventional business volumes and our single-family conventional guaranty book of business, based on certain key risk characteristics that we use to evaluate the risk profile and credit quality of our single-family loans. We provide additional information on the credit characteristics of our single-family loans in quarterly financial supplements, which we submit to the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") with current reports on Form 8-K. Information in our quarterly financial supplements is not incorporated into this report.

Risk Characteristics of Single-Family Conventional Business Volume and Guaranty Book of Business⁽¹⁾

	Percent of Single-Family Conventional Business Volume at Acquisition ⁽²⁾ For the Three Months Ended March 31,							
	2019	2018		March 31 2019	,	Decembe 31, 2018	er	
Original loan-to-value ("LTV") ratiod!)								
<= 60%	15	% 18	%	19	%	19	%	
60.01% to 70%	11	13		13		13		
70.01% to 80%	35	38		38		38		
80.01% to 90%	13	12		12		12		
90.01% to 95%	16	13		11		11		
95.01% to 100%	10	6		4		4		
Greater than 100%	*	*		3		3		
Total	100	% 100	%	100	%	100	%	
Weighted average	78	% 75	%	76	%	75	%	
Average loan amount	\$238,93	2 \$232,28	34	\$170,309)	\$170,076	5	
Estimated mark-to-market LTV ratio: ⁽⁵⁾								
<= 60%				54	%	54	%	
60.01% to 70%				18		18		
70.01% to 80%				16		16		
80.01% to 90%				8		8		
90.01% to 100%				4		4		
Greater than 100%				*		*		
Total				100	%	100	%	
Weighted average				57	%	57	%	
Product type:								
Fixed-rate: ⁽⁶⁾								
Long-term	90	% 88	%	84	%	84	%	
Intermediate-term	8	10		14		14		
Total fixed-rate	98	98		98		98		
Adjustable-rate	2	2		2		2		
Total	100	% 100	%	100	%	100	%	
Number of property units:								

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1 unit 2 to 4 units Total	98 2 100	%97 3 %100	97 3 100	97 3 100	%
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	Sing Con Bus Volu Acq For	gle ine um uis the	ess Conventi ne at of Busine sition ⁽²⁾ As of e Three is Ended			t of Single-Family ntional Guaranty Book iness ⁽³⁾				
	201	9	2018	3	March 31 2019	,	December 3 2018	1,		
Property type:										
Single-family homes	90	%	91	%	91	%	91	%		
Condo/Co-op	10		9		9		9			
Total	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%		
Occupancy type:										
Primary residence	90	%	89	%	89	%	89	%		
Second/vacation home	4		4		4		4			
Investor	6		7		7		7			
Total	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%		
FICO credit score at origination:										
< 620	*	%	*	%	1	%	2	%		
620 to < 660	6		6		5		5			
660 to < 680	5		5		5		5			
680 to < 700	9		9		7		7			
700 to < 740	24		23		21		20			
>= 740	56		57		61		61			
Total	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%		
Weighted average	742		743		745		746			
Loan purpose:										
Purchase	66	%	53	%	44	%	43	%		
Cash-out refinance	20		26		20		20			
Other refinance	14		21		36		37			
Total	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%		
Geographic concentration:(7)										
Midwest	13	%	13	%	15	%	15	%		
Northeast	14		14		17		17			
Southeast	24		22		22		22			
Southwest	22		20		18		18			
West	27		31		28		28			
Total	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%		
Origination year:										
2013 and prior					39	%	40	%		
2014					6		6			
2015					10		10			
2016					15		16			
2017					14		15			

2018	14		13	
2019	2		_	
Total	100	%	100	%
*Represents less than 0.5% of single-family conve	entional b	usine	ss volun	ne or book of business.

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- (1) Second-lien mortgage loans held by third parties are not reflected in the original LTV or the estimated mark-to-market LTV ratios in this table.
- ⁽²⁾ Calculated based on the unpaid principal balance of single-family loans for each category at time of acquisition.
- (3) Calculated based on the aggregate unpaid principal balance of single-family loans for each category divided by the aggregate unpaid principal balance of loans in our single-family conventional guaranty book of business as of the end of each period.
- (4) The original LTV ratio generally is based on the original unpaid principal balance of the loan divided by the appraised property value reported to us at the time of acquisition of the loan. Excludes loans for which this information is not readily available.
- The aggregate estimated mark-to-market LTV ratio is based on the unpaid principal balance of the loan as of the end of each reported period ⁽⁵⁾ divided by the estimated current value of the property, which we calculate using an internal valuation model that estimates periodic changes in home value. Excludes loans for which this information is not readily available.
- (6) Long-term fixed-rate consists of mortgage loans with maturities greater than 15 years, while intermediate-term fixed-rate loans have maturities equal to or less than 15 years.
- Midwest consists of IL, IN, IA, MI, MN, NE, ND, OH, SD and WI. Northeast consists of CT, DE, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, PR, RI, VT and VI.
 ⁽⁷⁾ Southeast consists of AL, DC, FL, GA, KY, MD, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA and WV. Southwest consists of AZ, AR, CO, KS, LA, MO, NM, OK, TX and UT. West consists of AK, CA, GU, HI, ID, MT, NV, OR, WA and WY.

Characteristics of our New Single-Family Loan Acquisitions

The share of our single-family loan acquisitions consisting of home purchase loans rather than refinances increased in the first quarter of 2019 compared with the first quarter of 2018, primarily due to a higher interest rate environment, which deters refinance activity. In addition, our acquisitions of loans from first-time home buyers increased from 22% of our single-family loan acquisitions in the first quarter of 2018 to 30% in the first quarter of 2019. Typically, home purchase loans—particularly those to first-time home buyers—have higher LTV ratios than refinances. This trend contributed to an increase in the percentage of our single-family loan acquisitions with LTV ratios over 90%—frort9% in the first quarter of 2018 to 26% in the first quarter of 2019 as well as an increase in the average loan amount of our acquisitions as home purchase loans are generally larger than refinancing loans.

Our acquisitions of loans with debt-to-income ratios above 45% increased to 25% in the first quarter of 2019 compared with 23% in the first quarter of 2018. We continue to monitor loan acquisitions and market conditions and, as appropriate, make changes in our eligibility criteria so that the loans we acquire are consistent with our risk appetite.

For a discussion of factors that may impact the credit characteristics of loans we acquire in the future, see "MD&A—Single-Family Business—Single-Family Mortgage Credit Risk Management—Single-Family Portfolio Diversification and Monitoring" in 2048 Form 10-K. In this section of our 2018 Form 10-K, we also provide more information on the credit characteristics of loans in our guaranty book of business, including Home Affordable Refinance Program[®] ("HARI®") and Refi PlusTM loans, jumbo-conforming and high-balance loans, reverse mortgages and mortgage products with rate resets.

Single-Family Credit Enhancement and Transfer of Mortgage Credit Risk Single-Family Credit Enhancement

Our charter generally requires credit enhancement on any single-family conventional mortgage loan that we purchase or securitize if it has an LTV ratio over 80% at the time of purchase. We generally achieve this charter requirement through primary mortgage insurance. We also enter into various other types of transactions in which we transfer mortgage credit risk to third parties. The table below displays information about loans in our single-family conventional guaranty book of business covered by one or more forms of credit enhancement, including mortgage insurance or a credit risk transfer transaction. For a description of primary mortgage insurance and the other types of credit enhancements specified in the table, see "MD&A—Single-Family Business—Single-Family Mortgage Credit Risk Management—Single-Family Credit Enhancement and Transfer of Mortgage Credit Risk" in our 2018 Form 10-K. For a discussion of our exposure to and management of the institutional counterparty credit risk associated with the providers of these credit enhancements, see "MD&A—Risk Management—Institutional Counterparty Credit Risk Management" in our 2018 Form 10-K and "Note 11, Concentrations of Credit Risk" in this report.

Single-Family Loans with Credit Enhancement

	As of					
	March 31,	2019		Decembe	r 31, 2018	
	Unpaid Principal Balance	Single	of	Unpaid Principal Balance	Percen Single- Conver Guarar Book o Busine	Family ntional nty f
	(Dollars in	billions)			
Primary mortgage insurance and other	\$615	21	%	\$618	21	%
Connecticut Avenue Securities	832	29		798	27	
Credit Insurance Risk Transfer TM ("CIRT TM ")	270	9		243	8	
Lender risk sharing	108	4		102	4	
Less: Loans covered by multiple credit enhancements	(420)	(15)	(394)	(13)
Total single-family loans with credit enhancement	\$1,405	48	%	\$1,367	47	%

Transfer of Mortgage Credit Risk

In addition to primary mortgage insurance, our single-family business has developed other risk-sharing capabilities to transfer portions of our single-family mortgage credit risk to the private market. Our primary method of achieving this objective has been through our CAS and CIRT transactions. In most of our credit risk transfer transactions, we transfer a small portion of the expected credit losses, and a significant portion of the losses we expect would be incurred in a stressed credit environment, such as a severe or prolonged economic downturn. We continually evaluate our credit risk transfer transactions which, in addition to managing our credit risk, also affect our returns and the capital we would be required to hold under FHFA's proposed capital requirements. We discuss FHFA's proposed capital rule in "Business—Charter Act and Regulation—GSE Act and Other Regulation" in our 2018 Form 10-K.

During the first quarter of 2019, pursuant to our credit risk transfer transactions, we transferred a portion of the mortgage credit risk on single-family mortgages with an unpaid principal balance of \$91 billion at the time of the transactions. As of March 31, 2019, approximately 42% of the loans in our single-family conventional guaranty book of business, measured by unpaid principal balance, were included in a reference pool for a credit risk transfer transaction.

The table below displays the mortgage credit risk transferred to third parties and retained by Fannie Mae pursuant to our single-family credit risk transfer transactions.

Single-Family Credit Risk Transfer Transactions

Issuances from Inception to March 31, 2019 (Dollars in billions)

Fannie Mae⁽¹⁾ Senior \$1,616 Fannie Mae⁽¹⁾ Mezzanine \$2 Fannie Mae⁽¹⁾ First Loss \$9 Outstanding as of March 31, 2019 (Dollars in billions) Fannie Mae⁽¹⁾ Senior \$1.176 Fannie Mae⁽¹⁾ Mezzanine Fannie Mae⁽¹⁾ First Loss \$8 Credit risk retained by Fannie Mae in CAS, CIRT and lender risk-sharing transactions. Tranche sizes vary across (1) programs. (3) approximately \$4 billion outstanding as of March 31, 2019. (4) settlement. (5) loans.

⁽²⁾ Credit risk transferred to third parties. Tranche sizes vary across programs.

Includes mortgage pool insurance transactions covering loans with an unpaid principal balance of approximately \$7 billion at issuance and

For some lender risk-sharing transactions, does not reflect completed transfers of risk prior to

For CIRT and some lender risk-sharing transactions, "Reference Pool" reflects a pool of covered

⁽⁶⁾ For CAS transactions, "First Loss" represents all B tranche balances.

For CAS and some lender risk-sharing transactions, represents outstanding reference pools, not the outstanding unpaid principal balance of the (7) underlying loans. The outstanding unpaid principal balance for all loans covered by credit risk transfer programs, including all loans on which risk

has been transferred in lender risk-sharing transactions, was \$1,210 billion as of March 31, 2019.

The decreases in outstanding balances from issuance to March 31, 2019 in the senior and mezzanine tranches are a result of

paydowns. Outstanding balances from issuance to March 31, 2019 in the first loss tranches decreased slightly as a result of loss allocations, which were insignificant.

The following table displays the approximate cash paid or transferred to investors for these credit risk transfer transactions. The cash represents the portion of guaranty fee paid to investors as compensation for taking on a share of the credit risk. These expenses increased from the first quarter of 2018 to the first quarter of 2019 as the percentage of our single-family conventional guaranty book of business on which we have transferred a portion of credit risk increased from March 31, 2018 to March 31, 2019.

Credit Risk Transfer Transactions

	For th Three Month Ende March 2019	e hs d	
Cash paid or transferred for:	(Dolla millio		
CAS transactions ⁽¹⁾	\$229	\$200	
CIRT transactions	85	60	
Lender risk-sharing transactions	48	27	

Consists of cash paid for interest expense net of LIBOR on outstanding CAS debt and amounts paid for CAS REMIC[™] transactions. "CAS
 ⁽¹⁾ REMICs" are Connecticut Avenue Securities that are structured as notes issued by trusts that qualify as Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduits ("REMICs").

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Single-Family Problem Loan Management

Our problem loan management strategies are primarily focused on reducing defaults to avoid losses that would otherwise occur and pursuing foreclosure alternatives to mitigate the severity of the losses we incur. See "MD&A—Single-Family

Business—Single-Family Mortgage Credit Risk Management—Problem Loan Management" in 2008 Form 10-K for a discussion of delinquency statistics on our problem loans, efforts undertaken to manage our problem loans, metrics regarding our loan workout activities, real estate owned ("REO") management and other single-family credit-related disclosures. The discussion below updates some of that information.

Delinquency

The table below displays the delinquency status of loans and changes in the balance of seriously delinquent loans in our single-family conventional guaranty book of business, based on the number of loans. Single-family seriously delinquent loans are loans that are 90 days or more past due or in the foreclosure process. Percentage of book outstanding calculations are based on the unpaid principal balance of loans for each category divided by the unpaid principal balance of our total single-family guaranty book of business for which we have detailed loan level information.

Delinquency Status and Activity of Single-Family Conventional Loans

			As of March 3 2019	3December 31 2018	, March 2018	ı 3 1,
Delinquency status:						
30 to 59 days delinquent			1.32%	1.37 %	1.20	%
60 to 89 days delinquent			0.35	0.38	0.37	
Seriously delinquent ("SDQ")			0.74	0.76	1.16	
Percentage of SDQ loans that have been delinquent for more than 180 days				49 %	47	%
Percentage of SDQ loans that have been deling	uent for m For the Th Months E March 31,	nree	11	12	13	
	2019	2018				
Single-family SDQ loans (number of loans):						
Beginning balance	130,440	212,183				
Additions	52,679	66,804				
Removals:						
Modifications and other loan workouts	(12,527)	(21,855)				
Liquidations and sales	(11,830)	(16,942)				
Cured or less than 90 days delinquent	(32,746)	(41,133)				
Total removals	(57,103)	(79,930)				
Ending balance	126,016	199,057				

Our single-family serious delinquency rate decreased as of March 31, 2019 compared with March 31, 2018 because many delinquent borrowers in the regions affected by the 2017 hurricanes resolved their loan delinquencies over the past twelve months. The decline in the first quarter of 2019 was primarily driven by improved loan payment performance.

Certain higher-risk loan categories, such as Alt-A loans, loans with higher mark-to-market LTV ratios, and our 2005 through 2008 loan vintages, continue to exhibit higher-than-average delinquency rates and/or account for a higher share of our credit losses. Single-family loans originated in 2005 through 2008 constituted 4% of our single-family book of business as of March 31, 2019, but constituted 38% of our seriously delinquent single-family loans as of March 31, 2019 and drove 67% of our single-family credit losses in the first quarter of 2019. In addition, loans in certain judicial foreclosure states such as Florida, New Jersey and New York with historically long foreclosure timelines have exhibited higher than average delinquency rates and/or account for a higher share of our credit losses.

The table below displays the serious delinquency rates for, and the percentage of our total seriously delinquent single-family conventional loans represented by, the specified loan categories. We also include information for our loans in California, as this state accounts for a large share of our single-family conventional guaranty book of business. The reported categories are not mutually exclusive.

Single-Family Conventional Seriously Delinquent Loan Concentration Analysis

	As of	f																
	Marc	h 31, 2	2019	9 December 31, 2018				March 31, 2018										
Obstan	of Bo	entage ook tanding	of Serie	entage ously nquent ns(1)	Serious Delinqu Rate		of Bo	entage ok tanding	of Serio	entage ously nquent ns(1)	Seriou Delinq Rate		of Bo	entage ook tanding	of Seri	entage ously nquent ns(1)	Serious Delinqu Rate	
States:		•	•	•		•	10	A ′	~	<u>.</u>		•	10	e (-	A (<u> </u>
California	19	%	6	%	0.34	%	19	%	6	%	0.34	%	19	%	5	%	0.39	%
Florida	6		9		1.03		6		10		1.16		6		19		3.56	
New Jersey	3		5		1.32		4		5		1.38		4		5		1.91	
New York	5		8		1.38		5		8		1.40		5		7		1.87	
All other states	67		72		0.72		66		71		0.75		66		64		1.02	
Product type:																		
Alt-A ⁽²⁾	2		11		3.31		2		11		3.35		2		12		4.76	
Vintages:																		
2004 and prior	3		23		2.68		3		23		2.69		3		22		3.24	
2005-2008	4		38		4.50		5		39		4.61		6		41		6.22	
2009-2019	93		39		0.33		92		38		0.34		91		37		0.51	
Estimated mark-to-market LTV ratio):																	
<= 60%	54		48		0.56		54		48		0.58		52		42		0.81	
60.01% to 70%	18		17		0.84		18		17		0.87		18		18		1.28	
70.01% to 80%	16		14		0.87		16		14		0.90		17		16		1.38	
80.01% to 90%	8		10		1.16		8		10		1.24		8		11		1.94	
90.01% to 100%	4		5		1.21		4		5		1.33		4		6		2.26	
Greater than 100%	*		6		9.35		*		6		9.85		1		7		11.21	
Credit enhanced:(3)																		
Primary MI & other ⁽⁴⁾	21		26		1.07		21		26		1.11		20		24		1.67	
Credit risk transfer ⁽⁵⁾	42		10		0.24		39		10		0.24		35		9		0.39	
Non-credit enhanced	52		69		0.83		53		69		0.85		57		71		1.24	

* Represents less than 0.5% of single-family conventional business volume or book of business.

(1) Calculated based on the number of single-family loans that were seriously delinquent for each category divided by the total number of single-family conventional loans that were seriously delinquent.

⁽²⁾ For a description of our Alt-A loan classification criteria, see "Glossary of Terms Used in this Report" in our 2018 Form 10-K.

The credit-enhanced categories are not mutually exclusive. A loan with primary mortgage insurance that is also covered by a credit risk transfer (3) transaction will be included in both the "Primary MI & other" category and the "Credit risk transfer" category. As a result, the "Credit enhanced" and "Non-credit enhanced" categories do not sum to 100%. The total percentage of our single-family conventional guaranty book of business with

some form of credit enhancement as of March 31, 2019 was 48%.

Refers to loans included in an agreement used to reduce credit risk by requiring primary mortgage insurance, collateral, letters of credit, (4) corporate guarantees, or other agreements to provide an entity with some assurance that it will be compensated to some degree in the event of

a financial loss. Excludes loans covered by credit risk transfer transactions unless such loans are also covered by primary mortgage insurance.
 ⁽⁵⁾ Refers to loans included in reference pools for credit risk transfer transactions, including loans in these transactions that are also covered by primary mortgage insurance. For CAS and some lender risk-sharing transactions, this represents outstanding unpaid principal balance of the underlying loans on the single-family mortgage credit book, not the outstanding reference pool, as of the specified date. Loans included in our

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credit risk transfer transactions have all been acquired since 2012 and newer vintages typically have significantly lower delinquency rates than more seasoned loans.

Loan Workout Metrics

Our loan workouts reflect:

our home retention solutions, including loan modifications, repayment plans and forbearances;

and foreclosure alternatives, including short sales and deeds-in-lieu of foreclosure.

The chart below displays the unpaid principal balance of our completed single-family loan workouts by type, as well as the number of loan workouts.

Loan Workout Activity (Dollars in billions)

Consists of loan modifications and completed repayment plans and forbearances. Repayment plans reflect only those plans associated with loans that were 60 days or more delinquent. Forbearances reflect loans that were 90 days or more delinquent. Excludes trial modifications, (1) loans to certain borrowers who have received bankruptcy relief that are classified as troubled debt restructurings, and repayment and

forbearance plans that have been initiated but not completed. There were approximately 21,400 loans in a trial modification period as of March 31, 2019.

⁽²⁾ Consists of short sales and deeds-in-lieu of foreclosure.

The decrease in home retention solutions in the first quarter of 2019 compared with the first quarter of 2018 was primarily driven by improved loan performance.

REO Management

If a loan defaults, we acquire the home through foreclosure or a deed-in-lieu of foreclosure. The table below displays our foreclosure activity by region. Regional REO acquisition trends generally follow a pattern that is similar to, but lags, that of regional delinquency trends.

Single-Family REO Properties

Ended March 31, 2019 2018 Single-family REO properties (number of properties):	
Single-family REO properties (number of properties):	
Deviation of a scientian state of simple formity DEO mean entire (1) 00 dEC 00 014	
Beginning of period inventory of single-family REO properties ⁽¹⁾ 20,156 26,311	
Acquisitions by geographic area: ⁽²⁾	
Midwest 1,261 1,748	
Northeast 1,457 1,758	
Southeast 1,746 2,204	
Southwest 821 1,001	
West 510 515	
Total REO acquisitions ⁽¹⁾ 5,795 7,226	
Dispositions of REO (6,953) (9,474)	
End of period inventory of single-family REO properties ⁽¹⁾ 18,998 24,063	
Carrying value of single-family REO properties (dollars in millions) \$2,404 \$2,917	
Single-family foreclosure rate ⁽³⁾ 0.14 % 0.17 % 0.17	>
REO net sales price to unpaid principal balance ⁽⁴⁾ 77 % 76 %	>
Short sales net sales price to unpaid principal balance ⁽⁵⁾ 75 % 76 %	5

(1) Includes acquisitions through foreclosure and deeds-in-lieu of foreclosure. Also includes held-for-use properties, which are reported in our condensed consolidated balance sheets as a component of "Other assets."

(2) See footnote 7 to the Risk Characteristics of Single-Family Conventional Business Volume and Guaranty Book of Business table for states included in each geographic region.

(3) Estimated based on the annualized total number of properties acquired through foreclosure or deeds-in-lieu of foreclosure as a percentage of the total number of loans in our single-family guaranty book of business as of the end of each period.

Calculated as the amount of sale proceeds received on disposition of REO properties during the respective periods, excluding those subject to ⁽⁴⁾ repurchase requests made to our sellers or servicers, divided by the aggregate unpaid principal balance of the related loans at the time of foreclosure. Net sales price represents the contract sales price less selling costs for the property and other charges paid by the seller at closing.

Calculated as the amount of sale proceeds received on properties sold in short sale transactions during the respective periods divided by the ⁽⁵⁾ aggregate unpaid principal balance of the related loans. Net sales price includes borrower relocation incentive payments and subordinate lien(s) negotiated payoffs.

Single-family REO properties declined in the first quarter of 2019 compared with the first quarter of 2018 primarily due to a reduction in REO acquisitions from serious delinquencies aged greater than 180 days driven by improved loan performance and the continued sale of nonperforming loans.

Other Single-Family Credit Information

Single-Family Credit Performance Metrics

The amount of credit income or losses we realize in a given period is driven by foreclosures, pre-foreclosure sales, REO activity, mortgage loan redesignations and charge-offs, net of recoveries. The table below displays the components of our single-family credit performance metrics, as well as our single-family initial charge-off severity rate. Our credit performance metrics are not defined terms within generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP") and may not be calculated in the same manner as similarly titled measures reported by other companies. We believe these credit performance metrics may be useful to investors because they are presented as a percentage of our guaranty book of business and have historically been used by analysts, investors and other companies within the financial services industry.

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Single-Family Credit Performance Metrics

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,						
	2019		2018				
	Amount	Ratio ⁽¹⁾	Amount	Ratio ⁽¹⁾			
	(Dollars in	millions)					
Charge-offs, net of recoveries	\$(326)	4.5 bps	\$(392)	5.3 bps			
Foreclosed property expense	(143)	2.0	(162)	2.2			
Credit losses and credit loss ratio	\$(469)	6.5 bps	\$(554)	7.5 bps			
Single-family initial charge-off severity rate ⁽²⁾		9.26%		13.4/8			

(1) Basis points are calculated based on the amount of each line item divided by the average single-family conventional guaranty book of business during the period.

Rate is calculated as the initial charge-off amount divided by the average defaulted unpaid principal balance. The rate includes charge-offs ⁽²⁾ pursuant to the provisions of the Advisory Bulletin and excludes any costs, gains or losses associated with REO after initial acquisition through final disposition.

Our single-family credit losses and credit loss ratio decreased in the first quarter of 2019 compared with the first quarter of 2018 primarily due to lower charge-off expenses from reduced foreclosures and foreclosure alternatives and higher home prices in the first quarter of 2019.

Our single-family initial charge-off severity rates declined in the first quarter of 2019 compared with the first quarter of 2018 primarily due to lower LTV ratios on charged-off loans driven by continued home price appreciation.

Single-Family Loss Reserves

Our single-family loss reserves provide for an estimate of credit losses incurred in our single-family guaranty book of business, including concessions we granted borrowers upon modification of their loans. The table below summarizes the changes in our single-family loss reserves.

Single-Family Loss Reserves

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 2018					
	(Dollars in m	illions)				
Changes in loss reserves:						
Beginning balance	\$(14,007)	\$(19,155)				
Benefit for credit losses	661	196				
Charge-offs	386	476				
Recoveries	(60)	(84)				
Other	1	(1)				
Ending balance	\$(13,019)	\$(18,568)				
	As of					
	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018				
Loss reserves as a percentage of single-family:						
Guaranty book of business	0.45 %	0.49 %				
Recorded investment in nonaccrual loans	41.90	44.24				

Troubled Debt Restructurings and Nonaccrual Loans

The table below displays the single-family loans classified as TDRs that were on accrual status and single-family loans on nonaccrual status. The table includes our recorded investment in HFI and HFS single-family mortgage loans. For information on the impact of TDRs and other individually impaired loans on our allowance for loan losses, see "Note 3, Mortgage Loans."

Single-Family TDRs on Accrual Status and Nonaccrual Loans

	As of				
	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018			
	(Dollars in r	nillions)			
TDRs on accrual status	\$97,743	\$98,320			
Nonaccrual loans	31,069	31,658			
Total TDRs on accrual status and nonaccrual loans	\$128,812	\$129,978			
Accruing on-balance sheet loans past due 90 days or more ⁽¹⁾	\$221	\$228			
			For the Months March 3 2019 (Dollars million	s Ended 31, 2018 s in	
Interest related to on-balance sheet TDRs on accrual state	is and nona	ccrual loans:			
Interest income forgone ⁽²⁾			\$521	\$721	
Interest income recognized ⁽³⁾			1,272	1,394	

Includes loans that, as of the end of each period, are 90 days or more past due and continuing to accrue interest. The majority of these amounts consist of loans insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government and loans for which we have recourse against the seller in the event of a default.
 Represents the amount of interest income we did not recognize, but would have recognized during the period for nonaccrual loans and TDRs on accrual status as of the end of each period had the loans performed according to their original contractual terms.

⁽³⁾ Includes primarily amounts accrued while the loans were performing and cash payments received on nonaccrual loans.

Multifamily Business

Our Multifamily business provides mortgage market liquidity primarily for properties with five or more residential units, which may be apartment communities, cooperative properties, seniors housing, dedicated student housing or manufactured housing communities.

This section supplements and updates information regarding our Multifamily business segment in our 2018 Form 10-K. See "MD&A—Multifamily Business" in **201**8 Form 10-K for additional information regarding the primary business activities, customers, competition and market share of our Multifamily business.

Multifamily Mortgage Market

National multifamily market fundamentals, which include factors such as vacancy rates and rents, remained relatively steady during the first quarter of 2019, likely due to a combination of ongoing job growth and winter weather conditions impacting the timing of new multifamily unit deliveries. As a result, the national estimated vacancy level remained near historic lows during the first quarter of 2019.

Vacancy rates. According to preliminary third-party data, the national multifamily vacancy rate for institutional investment-type apartment properties was an estimated 5.5% as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Rents. Effective rents increased during the first quarter of 2019, with national asking rents increasing by an estimated 0.5% in the first quarter of 2019 after remaining flat during the fourth quarter of 2018.

Continued demand for multifamily rental units during the first quarter of 2019 was reflected in the estimated positive net absorption (that is, the net change in the number of occupied rental units during the time period) of approximately 37,000 units, according to data from Reis, Inc., compared with approximately 50,000 units during the fourth quarter of 2018.

Vacancy rates and rents are important to loan performance because multifamily loans are generally repaid from the cash flows generated by the underlying property. Several years of improvement in these fundamentals has helped to increase property values in most metropolitan areas. It is estimated that approximately 454,000 new multifamily units will be completed in 2019. The bulk of this new supply is concentrated in a limited number of metropolitan areas. Although multifamily fundamentals

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remain positive, we believe an increase in supply will result in a slowdown in national net absorption rates, occupancy levels, and effective rents in 2019 compared with recent years.

Multifamily Business Metrics

Through the secondary mortgage market, we support rental housing for the workforce population, for senior citizens and students and for families with the greatest economic need. Over 85% of the multifamily units we financed in the first quarter of 2019 were affordable to families earning at or below 120% of the median income in their area, providing support for both workforce housing and affordable housing.

Multifamily New Business Volume (Dollars in billions)

(1) Reflects unpaid principal balance of multifamily Fannie Mae MBS issued, multifamily loans purchased, and credit enhancements provided on multifamily mortgage assets during the period.

FHFA's 2019 conservatorship scorecard includes an objective to maintain the dollar volume of new multifamily business at or below \$35 billion, excluding certain targeted affordable and underserved market business segments. Approximately 63% of our

multifamily new business volume of \$16.9 billion for the first quarter of 2019 counted toward FHFA's 2019 multifamily volume cap.

Multifamily Business Financial Results

	For the Monthe March			
	2019	2018	Varian	се
	(Dollars	in millio	ons)	
Net interest income	\$694	\$671	\$ 23	
Fee and other income	121	162	(41)
Net revenues	815	833	(18)
Fair value gains, net	56	11	45	
Administrative expenses	(113)	(107)	(6)
Credit-related income (expense) ⁽¹⁾	(8)	21	(29)
Other expenses, net ⁽²⁾	(32)	(63)	31	
Income before federal income taxes	718	695	23	
Provision for federal income taxes	(143)	(115)	(28)
Net income	\$575	\$580	\$ (5)

⁽¹⁾ Consists of the benefit (provision) for credit losses and foreclosed property income (expense).

⁽²⁾ Consists of investment gains, gains (losses) from partnership investments and other income (expenses).

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Net interest income

Multifamily net interest income is primarily driven by guaranty fee income. Guaranty fee income increased in the first quarter of 2019 as compared with the first quarter of 2018 as a result of growth in our multifamily guaranty book of business, partially offset by a decrease in charged guaranty fees on the guaranty book.

Our multifamily guaranty book of business consists of multifamily Fannie Mae MBS outstanding, multifamily mortgage loans of Fannie Mae held ⁽¹⁾ in our retained mortgage portfolio, and other credit enhancements that we provide on multifamily mortgage assets. It excludes non-Fannie Mae multifamily mortgage-related securities held in our retained mortgage portfolio for which we do not provide a guaranty.

Our average charged guaranty fee has been trending downward in recent periods driven by competitive market pressure on guaranty fees charged on newly acquired multifamily loans.

Fee and other income

Fee and other income in all periods presented was primarily driven by yield maintenance fees resulting from prepayment activity. *Fair value gains, net*

Depending on portfolio activity, our multifamily business may be in a net buy or net sell position during any given period. Fair value gains in the first quarter of 2019 were primarily driven by gains on commitments to buy multifamily mortgage-related securities as a result of increases in prices as interest rates decreased during the commitment periods.

Fair value gains in the first quarter of 2018 were primarily driven by gains on commitments to sell multifamily mortgage-related securities as a result of decreases in prices as interest rates increased during the commitment periods.

Credit-related income (expense)

Credit-related expense in the first quarter of 2019 was primarily driven by an increase in the allowance for loan losses due to a slight increase in downgrades on loan risk ratings resulting in a larger population of substandard loans. See "Multifamily Mortgage Credit Risk Management—Multifamily Portfolio Diversification and Monitoring" for more information regarding substandard loans.

Credit-related income in the first quarter of 2018 was primarily driven by a decrease in the allowance for loan losses as a result of updated estimated losses from the 2017 hurricanes.

Multifamily Mortgage Credit Risk Management

This section updates our discussion of multifamily mortgage credit risk management in our 2018 Form 10-K in "MD&A—Multifamily Business—Multifamily Mortgage Credit Risk Management."

Presentation of our multifamily guaranty book for credit statistics

To align with how we manage our credit risk, for purposes of the information reported below, we adjust our measurement of our multifamily guaranty book of business by using the unpaid principal balance of mortgage loans underlying Fannie Mae MBS instead of the unpaid principal balance of the MBS. These amounts differ primarily as a result of payments we receive on

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underlying loans that have not yet been remitted to the MBS holders. As measured for purposes of the information reported below, the unpaid principal balance of our multifamily guaranty book of business was \$314.1 billion as of March 31, 2019 and \$305.9 billion as of December 31, 2018.

Multifamily Acquisition Policy and Underwriting Standards

Our standards for multifamily loans specify maximum original LTV ratio and minimum original debt service coverage ratio ("DSCR") values that vary based on loan characteristics. Our experience has been that original LTV ratio and DSCR values have been reliable indicators of future credit performance. At underwriting, we evaluate the DSCR based on both actual and underwritten debt service payments. Loans are underwritten based on debt service calculations that include both principal and interest payments. This approach is used for all loans, including those with full and partial interest-only terms.

The original DSCR is calculated using the underwritten debt service payments for the loan, rather than the actual debt service payments, which depending on the interest rate of the loan and loan structure may result in a more conservative estimate of the debt service payments.

Multifamily Guaranty Book of Business Key Risk Characteristics

	As of					
	March 3D ecember 31, 2019 2018			, March 31, 2018		
Weighted average original LTV ratio	66 %	66	%	67	%	
Original LTV ratio greater than 80%		1		1		
Original DSCR less than or equal to 1.10	12	12		13		
Full interest-only loans	25	24		21		
Partial interest-only loans ⁽¹⁾	49	49		47		

⁽¹⁾ Consists of mortgage loans that were underwritten with an interest-only term, regardless of whether the loan is currently in its interest-only period.

We provide additional information on the credit characteristics of our multifamily loans in quarterly financial supplements, which we submit to the SEC with current reports on Form 8-K. Information in our quarterly financial supplements is not incorporated into this report.

Transfer of Multifamily Mortgage Credit Risk

Lender risk-sharing is a cornerstone of our Multifamily business. We primarily transfer risk through our Delegated Underwriting and Servicing ("DUS") program, which delegates to DUS lenders the ability to underwrite and service multifamily loans, in accordance with our standards and requirements. DUS lenders receive credit risk-related revenues for their respective portion of credit risk retained, and, in turn, are required to fulfill any loss sharing obligation. This aligns the interests of the lender and Fannie Mae from day one and throughout the life of the loan.

Our DUS model typically results in our lenders sharing on a pro-rata or tiered basis approximately one-third of the credit risk on our multifamily loans. In the first quarter of 2019, nearly 100% of our new multifamily business volume had lender risk-sharing. As of

March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, 98% of the unpaid principal balance of loans in our multifamily guaranty book of business had lender risk-sharing.

To complement our lender risk-sharing program through our DUS model, we engage in multifamily CIRT transactions, pursuant to which we transfer a portion of the mortgage credit risk on multifamily loans in our multifamily guaranty book of business to insurers or reinsurers. In the first quarter of 2019, we completed our fifth multifamily CIRT transaction since the inception of the program,

which covered multifamily loans with an unpaid principal balance of approximately \$11.7 billion. As of March 31, 2019, 15% of the loans in our multifamily guaranty book of business, measured by unpaid principal balance, were covered by a CIRT transaction.

Multifamily Portfolio Diversification and Monitoring

Diversification within our multifamily book of business by geographic concentration, term to maturity, interest rate structure, borrower concentration and loan size, as well as credit enhancement coverage, are important factors that influence credit performance and help reduce our credit risk.

As part of our ongoing credit risk management process, we and our lenders monitor the performance of our multifamily loans and the underlying properties on an ongoing basis throughout the loan term at the asset and portfolio level. We require lenders to provide quarterly and annual financial updates for the loans for which we are contractually entitled to receive such information. We closely monitor loans with an estimated current DSCR below 1.0, as that is an indicator of heightened default risk. The percentage of loans in our multifamily guaranty book of business, calculated based on unpaid principal balance, with

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a current DSCR less than 1.0 was approximately 2% as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018. Our estimates of current DSCRs are based on the latest available income information for these properties. Although we use the most recently available results from our multifamily borrowers, there is a lag in reporting, which typically can range from three to six months, but in some cases may be longer.

In addition to the factors discussed above, we track the following credit risk characteristics to determine loan credit quality indicators, which are the internal risk categories we use and which are further discussed in "Note 3, Mortgage Loans":

- the physical condition of the property;
- delinquency status;

• the relevant local market and economic conditions that may signal changing risk or return profiles; and

• other risk factors.

The percentage of our multifamily loans categorized as substandard based on these characteristics has been increasing in recent periods, driven by profitability pressure on certain properties in competitive markets. Substandard loans are loans that have a well-defined weakness that could impact the timely full repayment. While the vast majority of the substandard loans in our multifamily guaranty book of business are currently making timely payments, we continue to monitor the performance of the full substandard loan population.

Multifamily Problem Loan Management and Foreclosure Prevention

The multifamily serious delinquency rate was 0.07% as of March 31, 2019, compared with 0.06% as of December 31, 2018 and 0.13% as of March 31, 2018. We classify multifamily loans as seriously delinquent when payment is 60 days or more past due. The decrease in the multifamily serious delinquency rate from March 31, 2018 to March 31, 2019 resulted primarily from a decrease in delinquent loans subject to forbearance agreements granted to borrowers in the regions affected by the 2017 hurricanes.

Other Multifamily Credit Information

Multifamily Credit Performance Metrics

The amount of credit income or loss we realize in a given period is driven by foreclosures, pre-foreclosure sales, REO activity and charge-offs, net of recoveries. Our credit performance metrics are not defined terms within GAAP and may not be calculated in the same manner as similarly titled measures reported by other companies. We believe our credit performance metrics may be useful to investors because they have historically been used by analysts, investors and other companies within the financial services industry.

We had multifamily credit income of \$3 million in the first quarter of 2019 compared with credit losses of \$4 million in the first quarter of 2019. Credit income in the first quarter of 2019 was primarily the result of having small net gains on the sale of

foreclosed properties with no offsetting charge offs. For information on our credit-related income or expense, which includes changes in our allowance, see "Multifamily Business—Multifamily Financial Results."

0.08 % 0.08 %

Multifamily Loss Reserves

The table below summarizes the changes in our multifamily loss reserves.

Multifamily Loss Reserves

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2019 2018		
	(Dollars in millions		
Changes in loss reserves:			
Beginning balance	\$(245)	\$(245)	
Benefit (provision) for credit losses	(11)	21	
Charge-offs	—	4	
Ending balance	\$(256)	\$(220)	
	As of		
	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	

Loss reserves as a percentage of multifamily guaranty book of business

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Troubled Debt Restructurings and Nonaccrual Loans

The table below displays the multifamily loans classified as TDRs that were on accrual status and multifamily loans on nonaccrual status. The table includes our recorded investment in HFI and HFS multifamily mortgage loans. For information on the impact of TDRs and other individually impaired loans on our allowance for loan losses, see "Note 3, Mortgage Loans."

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Multifamily TDRs on Accrual Status and Nonaccrual Loans

AS OF
March 31, December 31, 31, 2018 2019
(Dollars in
millions)
\$61 \$ 55
509 492
\$570 \$ 547

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 2018 (Dollars in millions)

\$7 \$7

Interest related to on-balance sheet TDRs on accrual status and nonaccrual loans:

Interest income forgone⁽¹⁾

Interest income recognized⁽²⁾

- (1) Represents the amount of interest income we did not recognize, but would have recognized during the period for nonaccrual loans and TDRs on accrual status as of the end of each period had the loans performed according to their original contractual terms.
- Represents interest income recognized during the period, including the amortization of any deferred cost basis adjustments, for loans classified (2) as either nonaccrual loans or TDRs on accrual status as of the end of each period. Primarily includes amounts accrued while the loans were performing.

REO Management

The number of multifamily foreclosed properties held for sale decreased to 14 properties with a carrying value of \$67 million as of March 31, 2019, compared with 16 properties with a carrying value of \$81 million as of December 31, 2018.

Liquidity and Capital Management

Liquidity Management

This section supplements and updates information regarding liquidity management in our 2018 Form 10-K. See "MD&A—Liquidity and Capital Management—Liquidity Management" and "Risk Factors" in **201**78 Form 10-K for additional information, including discussions of our primary sources and uses of funds, our liquidity and funding risk management practices and contingency planning, factors that influence our debt funding activity, factors that may impact our access to or the cost of our debt funding, and factors that could adversely affect our liquidity and funding.

Debt Funding

Outstanding Debt

Total outstanding debt of Fannie Mae includes short-term and long-term debt and excludes debt of consolidated trusts. Short-term debt of Fannie Mae consists of borrowings with an original contractual maturity of one year or less and, therefore, does not include the current portion of long-term debt. Long-term debt of Fannie Mae consists of borrowings with an original contractual maturity of greater than one year.

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The chart and table below display information on the outstanding short-term and long-term debt of Fannie Mae based on original contractual maturity. The total amount of outstanding debt of Fannie Mae decreased during the first quarter of 2019. Because our funding needs have declined with the decline in size of our retained mortgage portfolio, we did not replace all of our debt that paid off during the first quarter of 2019 with new debt issuances.

Selected Debt Information

	As of		
	Decemb 31, 2018 (Dollars billions)	31, 2019 in	
Selected Weighted-Average Interest Rates ⁽¹⁾			
Interest rate on short-term debt	2.29 %	2.33 %	
Interest rate on long-term debt, including portion maturing within one year	2.83 %	2.93 %	
Interest rate on callable long-term debt	2.95 %	3.09 %	
Selected Maturity Data			
Weighted-average maturity of debt maturing within one year (in days)	163	156	
Weighted-average maturity of debt maturing in more than one year (in months)	63	64	
Other Data			
Outstanding callable debt	\$64.3	\$59.7	
Connecticut Avenue Securities debt ⁽²⁾	\$25.6	\$25.1	

Outstanding debt amounts and weighted-average interest rates reported in this chart and table include the effects of discounts, premiums, other cost basis adjustments and fair value gains and losses associated with debt that we elected to carry at fair value. Reported amounts include

(1) cost basis adjustments and fair value gains and losses associated with dept that we elected to carry at fair value. Reported amounts include unamortized cost basis adjustments and fair value adjustments of \$241 million and \$432 million as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

Represents CAS debt issued prior to the implementation of our CAS REMIC structure in November 2018. See

"MD&A—Single-Family Business—Single-Family Mortgage Credit Risk Management—Single-Family Credit Enhancement and Transfer of Mortgage Credit Risk—Credit Risk Transfer Transactions" in 02018 Form 10-K and in this report for information regarding our Connecticut Avenue Securities.

We intend to repay our short-term and long-term debt obligations as they become due primarily through proceeds from the issuance of additional debt securities. We also may use proceeds from our mortgage assets to pay our debt obligations. For more information on the maturity profile of our outstanding long-term debt, see "Note 7, Short-Term and Long-Term Debt."

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Debt Funding Activity

The table below displays the activity in debt of Fannie Mae. This activity excludes the debt of consolidated trusts and intraday loans. Activity for short-term debt of Fannie Mae relates to borrowings with an original contractual maturity of one year or less while activity for long-term debt of Fannie Mae relates to borrowings with an original contractual maturity of greater than one year. The reported amounts of debt issued and paid off during each period represent the face amount of the debt at issuance and redemption.

In addition to an ongoing decrease in funding needs, the decline in our issuances and payoffs of short-term debt during the first quarter of 2019 compared with the first quarter of 2018 was due to our use of Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") indexed floating rate debt. Because this debt generally had a longer term to maturity than the short-term debt we used in 2018, the payoffs and reissuances were not as frequent.

Activity in Debt of Fannie Mae

-				
	For the Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2019		2018	
	(Dollars in	i mi	illions)	
Issued during the period:				
Short-term:				
Amount	\$121,910		\$219,288	
Weighted-average interest rate	2.35	%	1.28	%
Long-term: ⁽¹⁾				
Amount	\$6,595		\$5,168	
Weighted-average interest rate	2.63	%	2.96	%
Total issued:				
Amount	\$128,505		\$224,456	i
Weighted-average interest rate	2.36	%	1.32	%
Paid off during the period: ⁽²⁾				
Short-term:				
Amount	\$123,726		\$217,678	
Weighted-average interest rate	2.10	%	1.17	%
Long-term: ⁽¹⁾				
Amount	\$15,810		\$17,780	
Weighted-average interest rate	1.75	%	1.49	%
Total paid off:				
Amount	\$139,536		\$235,458	
Weighted-average interest rate				%
Includes credit risk-sharing secu	irities issue	d as	s CAS debt	Fo

Includes credit risk-sharing securities issued as CAS debt. For information on our credit risk transfer transactions, see "MD&A—Single Family
 ⁽¹⁾ Business—Single-Family Mortgage Credit Risk Management—Single-Family Credit Enhancement and Transfer of Mortgage Credit Risk—Credit Risk Transfer Transactions" in our 2018 Form 10-K and in this report.

Consists of all payments on debt, including regularly scheduled principal payments, payments at maturity, payments resulting from calls and
 (2) payments for any other repurchases. Repurchases of debt and early retirements of zero-coupon debt are reported at original face value, which does not equal the amount of actual cash payment.

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Other Investments Portfolio

The chart below displays information on the composition of our other investments portfolio. The balance of our other investments portfolio fluctuates as a result of changes in our cash flows, liquidity in the fixed-income markets, and our liquidity risk management framework and practices.

Other Investments Portfolio (Dollars in billions) *Cash Flows*

<u>Three Months Ended March 31, 2019</u>. Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash increased by \$2.8 billion from \$49.4 billion as of December 31, 2018 to \$52.2 billion as of March 31, 2019. The increase was primarily driven by cash inflows from (1) the net decrease in federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell or similar agreements, and (2) the sale of Fannie Mae MBS to third parties.

Partially offsetting these cash inflows were primarily cash outflows from (1) the redemption of funding debt, which outpaced issuances, due to lower funding needs, and (2) the purchase of Fannie Mae MBS from third parties.

<u>Three Months Ended March 31, 2018</u>. Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash decreased by \$22.9 billion from \$60.3 billion as of December 31, 2017 to \$37.4 billion as of March 31, 2018. The decrease was primarily driven by cash outflows from (1) the net increase in federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell or similar agreements (2) the purchase of Fannie Mae MBS from third parties and (3) the redemption of funding debt, which outpaced issuances, due to lower funding needs. Partially offsetting these cash outflows were cash inflows from (1) the sale of Fannie Mae MBS to third parties and (2) proceeds from repayments and sales of loans of Fannie Mae.

Credit Ratings

As of March 31, 2019, our credit ratings have not changed since we filed our 2018 Form 10-K. For information on our credit ratings, see "MD&A—Liquidity and Capital Management—Liquidity Management—Credit Ratings" in our 2018 Form 10-K.

Capital Management Regulatory Capital

The deficit of our core capital over statutory minimum capital was \$137.8 billion as of March 31, 2019 and \$137.1 billion as of December 31, 2018. For information on our current and proposed capital requirements, see "Business—Charter Act and Regulation—GSE Act and Other Regulation" and "Note 12, Regulatory Capital Requirements" in **20** It 8 Form 10-K.

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Capital Activity

The current dividend provisions of the senior preferred stock provide for quarterly dividends consisting of the amount, if any, by which our net worth as of the end of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter exceeds a \$3.0 billion capital reserve amount. Because we had a net worth of \$6.2 billion as of December 31, 2018, we paid Treasury a first quarter 2019 dividend of \$3.2 billion in March 2019. We expect to pay Treasury a second quarter 2019 dividend of \$2.4 billion by June 30, 2019 based on our net worth of \$5.4 billion as of March 31, 2019.

See "Business—Conservatorship, Treasury Agreements and Housing Finance Reform—Treasury Agreements" i2000 Form 10-K for more information on the terms of our senior preferred stock and our senior preferred stock purchase agreement with Treasury. See "Risk Factors" in ou2018 Form 10-K for a discussion of the risks associated with the limit on our capital reserves.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Our off-balance sheet arrangements result primarily from the following:

our guaranty of mortgage loan securitization and resecuritization transactions, and other guaranty commitments over which we do not have control;

liquidity support transactions; and

partnership interests.

Our off-balance sheet exposure to credit losses is primarily related to the unpaid principal balance of our unconsolidated Fannie Mae MBS and other financial guarantees. This exposure was \$20.7 billion as of March 31, 2019 and \$21.1 billion as of December 31, 2018.

We also have off-balance sheet exposure to losses from liquidity support transactions and partnership interests.

Our total outstanding liquidity commitments to advance funds for securities backed by multifamily housing revenue bonds totaled \$8.0 billion as of March 31, 2019 and \$8.3 billion as of December 31, 2018. These commitments require us to advance funds to third parties that enable them to repurchase tendered bonds or securities that are unable to be remarketed. We hold cash and cash equivalents in our other investments portfolio in excess of these commitments to advance funds.

We make investments in various limited partnerships and similar legal entities, which consist of low-income housing tax credit investments, community investments and other entities. When we are not the primary beneficiary, our condensed consolidated balance sheets reflect only our investment rather than the full amount of the partnership's assets and liabilities.

Upon implementation of the Single Security Initiative in June 2019, we expect to resecuritize securities that are guaranteed by Freddie Mac. As part of these transactions, we will guarantee to the resecuritization trust that we will supplement amounts received from the underlying Freddie Mac-guaranteed securities as required to permit timely payment of principal and interest on the certificates issued by the resecuritization trust. Accordingly, these resecuritizations will increase our off-balance sheet exposure to the extent that the certificates issued by the resecuritization trust are held by third parties.

Risk Management

Our business activities expose us to the following major categories of risk: credit risk (including mortgage credit risk and institutional counterparty credit risk), market risk (including interest rate risk), liquidity and funding risk and operational risk (including cyber/information security risk, third-party risk and model risk), as well as strategic risk, compliance risk and reputational risk. See "MD&A—Risk Management" in *20*18 Form 10-K for a discussion of our management of these risks.

Market Risk Management, Including Interest Rate Risk Management

This section supplements and updates information regarding market risk management in our 2018 Form 10-K. See "MD&A—Risk Management—Market Risk Management, Including Interest Rate Risk Management" and "Risk Factors" in 20178 Form 10-K for additional information, including our sources of interest rate risk exposure, business risks posed by changes in interest rates, and our strategy for managing interest rate risk.

Measurement of Interest Rate Risk

The table below displays the pre-tax market value sensitivity of our net portfolio to changes in the level of interest rates and the slope of the yield curve as measured on the last day of each period presented. The table below also provides the daily average, minimum, maximum and standard deviation values for duration gap and for the most adverse market value impact on

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the net portfolio to changes in the level of interest rates and the slope of the yield curve for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018.

During the second quarter of 2018, we revised the presentation of our interest rate risk measures to show the market value sensitivity in millions, rather than billions, and to show effective duration gap in years, rather than in months. We have revised all prior period interest rate risk measures to correspond to the current period presentation.

For information on how we measure our interest rate risk, see our 2018 Form 10-K in "MD&A—Risk Management—Market Risk Management, Including Interest Rate Risk Management."

Interest Rate Sensitivity of Net Portfolio to Changes in Interest Rate Level and Slope of Yield Curve

	M 20	ar 01	9	31, I 2	Decembe 2018 millions)	er 31,		
Rate level shock:								
-100 basis points	\$	\$(103	;)	\$ (286)		
-50 basis points	(59	9)	(119)		
+50 basis points	3	32			48			
+100 basis points	4	11			29			
Rate slope shock:								
-25 basis points (fla	ttening) 7	7			(7)		
+25 basis points (st	teepening) (8)	6			
	For the Three	e l	Mor	nths	Ended M	larch 31, ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾		
	2019					2018		
	Duration Gap		Sh	ope ock	Rate Level Shock 50 bps	Duration Gap	Snock 25 bps	Rate Level Shock 50 bps
		Market Value Sensitivity			Market Sensiti			
	(In years)	(Dollars in millions)				(In years)	(Dollar: million	
Average	(0.02)		\$	(6)	\$(48)	0.01	\$(8)	\$(54)
Minimum	(0.07)		(1	1)	(116)	(0.02)	(22)	(107)
Maximum	0.02		(1)	(11)	0.06	(1)	(30)
Standard deviation			3		22 Binterest	0.02	8 (e. Chan(16

Computed based on changes in U.S. LIBOR interest rates swap curve. Changes in the level of interest rates assume a parallel shift in all (1) maturities of the U.S. LIBOR interest rate swap curve. Changes in the slope of the yield curve assume a constant 7-year rate, a shift of 16.7

basis points for the 1-year rate (and shorter tenors) and an opposite shift of 8.3 basis points for the 30-year rate. Rate shocks for remaining maturity points are interpolated.

⁽²⁾ Measured on the last business day of each period presented.

⁽³⁾ Computed based on daily values during the period presented.

The market value sensitivity of our net portfolio varies across a range of interest rate shocks depending upon the duration and convexity profile of our net portfolio. Because the effective duration gap of our net portfolio was close to zero years in the periods presented, the convexity exposure was the primary driver of the market value sensitivity of our net portfolio as of March 31, 2019. In addition, the convexity exposure may result in similar market value sensitivities for positive and negative interest rate shocks of the same magnitude.

We use derivatives to help manage the residual interest rate risk exposure between our assets and liabilities. Derivatives have enabled us to keep our interest rate risk exposure at consistently low levels in a wide range of interest-rate environments. The table below displays an example of how derivatives impacted the net market value exposure for a 50 basis point parallel interest rate shock.

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Derivative Impact on Interest Rate Risk (50 Basis Points)

	As of ⁽¹⁾ March Decemb 31, 2019 31, 2018 (Dollars in millions		
Before derivatives After derivatives	•	\$ (535) 48	
Effect of derivatives		583	

(1) Measured on the last business day of each period presented.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make a number of judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses in our condensed consolidated financial statements. Understanding our accounting policies and the extent to which we use management judgment and estimates in applying these policies is integral to understanding our financial statements. We describe our most significant accounting policies in "Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" in this report and in ou£018 Form 10-K.

We evaluate our critical accounting estimates and judgments required by our policies on an ongoing basis and update them as necessary based on changing conditions. We previously identified our fair value measurement as a critical accounting estimate due to the subjectivity of the unobservable inputs used to measure Level 3 assets and liabilities recorded at fair value. However, because the amount of Level 3 assets and liabilities that we report at fair value has continued to decline, using reasonably different estimates and assumptions in valuing these assets and liabilities would not have a material impact on our reported results of operations or financial condition. Consequently, we no longer consider our fair value measurement a critical accounting estimate. We continue to identify the allowance for loan losses as critical because it involves significant judgments and assumptions about highly complex and inherently uncertain matters, and the use of reasonably different estimates and assumptions could have a material impact on our reported results of operations or financial conditions or financial conditions or financial conditions. See "MD&A—Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" in

our 2018 Form 10-K for a discussion of our allowance for loan losses. See "Risk Factors" in ou2018 Form 10-K for a discussion of the risks associated with the need for management to make judgments and estimates in applying our accounting policies and methods.

Impact of Future Adoption of New Accounting Guidance

We identify and discuss the expected impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements of recently issued accounting guidance in "Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies."

Forward-Looking Statements

This report includes statements that constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"). In addition, we and our senior management may from time to time make forward-looking statements in our other filings with the SEC, our other publicly available written statements, and orally to analysts, investors, the news media and others. Forward-looking statements often include words such as "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "believe," "seek," "estimate," "forecast," "project," "would," "should," "could," "likely," "may," "will" or similar words. Examples of forward-looking statements in th report include, among others, statements relating to our expectations regarding the following matters:

our future profitability, financial condition and results of operations, and the factors that will affect them;

volatility in our future results, factors that may affect that volatility, and efforts we may make to address volatility; our business plans and strategies and the impact of such plans and strategies;

our expectations regarding continued consideration of housing finance reform by Congress, the Administration and FHFA and the impact of any such housing finance reform on our structure and role in the future;

our dividend payments to Treasury;

our retained mortgage portfolio;

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MD&A |
Forward-Looking
Statements
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the impact of legislation and regulation on our business or financial results;

our expectations regarding the implementation and our use of the common securitization platform and the implementation and impact of the Single Security Initiative, as well as our issuances of UMBS;

our payments to HUD and Treasury funds under the GSE Act;

our plans relating to and the effects of our credit risk transfer transactions;

the impact of accounting guidance and accounting changes on our business or financial results, including the impact of our adoption and implementation of the CECL standard;

other factors that could affect or mitigate our credit risk exposure;

mortgage market and economic conditions (including home price appreciation rates, single-family loan origination forecasts and trends in the national rental market) and the impact of such conditions on our business or financial results;

the risks to our business;

factors that may affect the level of loan delinquencies;

the performance of loans in our book of business and factors that will affect such performance;

our loan acquisitions, the credit risk profile of such acquisitions, and the factors that will affect them; and

our response to legal and regulatory proceedings and their impact on our business or financial condition.

Forward-looking statements reflect our management's current expectations, forecasts or predictions of future conditions, events or results based on various assumptions and management's estimates of trends and economic factors in the markets in which we are active and that otherwise impact our business plans. They are not guaranties of future performance. By their nature,

forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties. Our actual results and financial condition may differ, possibly materially, from the anticipated results and financial condition indicated in these forward-looking statements.

There are a number of factors that could cause actual conditions, events or results to differ materially from those described in our forward-looking statements, including, among others, the following:

the uncertainty of our future;

future legislative and regulatory requirements or changes affecting us, such as the enactment of housing finance reform legislation (including all or any portion of the to-be-developed Treasury Housing Reform Plan);

actions by FHFA, Treasury, HUD or other regulators that affect our business;

changes in the structure and regulation of the financial services industry;

the timing and level of, as well as regional variation in, home price changes;

changes in interest rates and credit spreads;

uncertainties relating to the potential phasing out of LIBOR, or other market changes that could impact the loans we own or guaranty or our MBS;

credit availability;

disruptions or instability in the housing and credit markets;

the size and our share of the U.S. mortgage market and the factors that affect them, including population growth and household formation;

growth, deterioration and the overall health and stability of the U.S. economy, including the U.S. GDP, unemployment rates, personal income and other indicators thereof;

changes in the fiscal and monetary policies of the Federal Reserve;

our and our competitors' future guaranty fee pricing and the impact of that pricing on our competitive environment and guaranty fee revenues;

the volume of mortgage originations;

the size, composition and quality of our guaranty book of business and retained mortgage portfolio;

the competitive landscape in which we operate, including the impact of legislative or other developments on levels of competition in our industry and other factors affecting our market share;

the life of the loans in our guaranty book of business;

challenges we face in retaining and hiring qualified executives and other employees;

our future serious delinquency rates;

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the deteriorated credit performance of many loans in our guaranty book of business;

changes in the demand for Fannie Mae MBS, in general or from one or more major groups of investors;

our conservatorship, including any changes to or termination (by receivership or otherwise) of the conservatorship and its effect on our business;

the investment by Treasury and its effect on our business;

adverse effects from activities we undertake to support the mortgage market and help borrowers;

actions we may be required to take by FHFA, in its role as our conservator or as our regulator, such as changes in the type of business we do or implementation of the Single Security Initiative;

limitations on our business imposed by FHFA, in its role as our conservator or as our regulator;

our future objectives and activities in support of those objectives, including actions we may take to reach additional underserved creditworthy borrowers;

a decrease in our credit ratings;

limitations on our ability to access the debt capital markets;

significant changes in modification and foreclosure activity;

the volume and pace of future nonperforming and reperforming loan sales and their impact on our results and serious delinquency rates;

changes in borrower behavior;

the effectiveness of our loss mitigation strategies, management of our REO inventory and pursuit of contractual remedies; defaults by one or more institutional counterparties;

resolution or settlement agreements we may enter into with our counterparties;

our need to rely on third parties to fully achieve some of our corporate objectives;

our reliance on mortgage servicers;

changes in GAAP, guidance by the Financial Accounting Standards Board and changes to our accounting policies;

changes in the fair value of our assets and liabilities;

our reliance on CSS and the CSP for the operation of many of our securitization activities once we begin issuing UMBS, including the ability of CSS to successfully take over the operation of those activities;

the stability and adequacy of the systems and infrastructure that impact our operations, including ours and those of CSS, our other counterparties and other third parties on which our business relies;

operational control weaknesses;

our reliance on models and future updates we make to our models, including the assumptions used by these models; domestic and global political risks and uncertainties;

natural disasters, environmental disasters, terrorist attacks, pandemics or other major disruptive events;

cyber attacks or other information security breaches or threats; and

the other factors described in "Risk Factors" in this report and in ou2018 Form 10-K.

Readers are cautioned not to unduly rely on the forward-looking statements we make and to place these forward-looking statements into proper context by carefully considering the factors discussed in "Risk Factors" in ou£018 Form 10-K and in this report. These forward-looking statements are representative only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required under the federal securities laws.

Fannie Mae First Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Financial Statements | Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

Item 1. Financial Statements FANNIE MAE (In conservatorship)

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets — (Unaudited) (Dollars in millions)

	As of	
	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$27,496	\$25,557
Restricted cash (includes \$19,216 and \$17,849, respectively, related to consolidated trusts)	24,745	23,866
Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell or similar arrangements	22,250	32,938
Investments in securities:		
Trading, at fair value (includes \$2,922 and \$3,061, respectively, pledged as collateral)	40,899	41,867
Available-for-sale, at fair value	3,214	3,429
Total investments in securities	44,113	45,296
Mortgage loans:		
Loans held for sale, at lower of cost or fair value	10,066	7,701
Loans held for investment, at amortized cost:		
Of Fannie Mae	105,889	113,039
Of consolidated trusts	3,157,042	3,142,858
Total loans held for investment (includes \$8,752 and \$8,922, respectively, at fair value)	3,262,931	3,255,897
Allowance for loan losses	(13,232)	(14,203)
Total loans held for investment, net of allowance	3,249,699	3,241,694
Total mortgage loans	3,259,765	3,249,395
Deferred tax assets, net	13,411	13,188
Accrued interest receivable, net (includes \$8,390 and \$7,928, respectively, related to consolidated trusts)	8,926	8,490
Acquired property, net	2,489	2,584
Other assets	17,839	17,004
Total assets	\$3,421,034	\$3,418,318
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Liabilities:		
Accrued interest payable (includes \$9,221 and \$9,133, respectively, related to consolidated trusts)	\$10,364	\$10,211
Debt:		
Of Fannie Mae (includes \$6,682 and \$6,826, respectively, at fair value)	221,238	232,074
Of consolidated trusts (includes \$23,050 and \$23,753, respectively, at fair value)	3,173,772	3,159,846
Other liabilities (includes \$343 and \$356, respectively, related to consolidated trusts)	10,299	9,947
Total liabilities	3,415,673	3,412,078
Commitments and contingencies (Note 14)	_	_
Fannie Mae stockholders' equity:		
Senior preferred stock, 1,000,000 shares issued and outstanding	120,836	120,836
Preferred stock, 700,000,000 shares are authorized—555,374,922 shares issued and outstanding	19,130	19,130

Common stock, no par value, no maximum authorization—1,308,762,703 shares issued and 1,158,087,567 shares outstanding	687		687	
Accumulated deficit	(128,175)	(127,335)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	283		322	
Treasury stock, at cost, 150,675,136 shares	(7,400)	(7,400)
Total stockholders' equity (See Note 1: Senior Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement and Senior Preferred Stock for information on our dividend obligation to Treasury)	5,361		6,240	
Total liabilities and equity	\$3,421,03	4	\$3,418,31	18

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Fannie Mae (In conservatorship) #9st Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Financial Statements | Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income

FANNIE MAE

(In conservatorship) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income — (Unaudited)

(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

(Donars in minons, except per share amounts)	For the T Months E March 31	Inded
	2019	2018
Interest income:		
Trading securities	\$427	\$236
Available-for-sale securities	53	71
Mortgage loans (includes \$28,445 and \$26,298, respectively, related to consolidated trusts)	29,768	28,034
Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell or similar arrangements	263	142
Other	32	31
Total interest income	30,543	28,514
Interest expense:		
Short-term debt	(125)	(107)
Long-term debt (includes \$24,189 and \$21,715, respectively, related to consolidated trusts)	(25,685)	(23,175)
Total interest expense	(25,810)	(23,282)
Net interest income	4,733	5,232
Benefit for credit losses	650	217
Net interest income after benefit for credit losses	5,383	5,449
Investment gains, net	133	250
Fair value gains (losses), net	(831)	1,045
Fee and other income	227	320
Non-interest income (loss)	(471)	1,615
Administrative expenses:		
Salaries and employee benefits	(386)	(381)
Professional services	(225)	(243)
Other administrative expenses	(133)	(126)
Total administrative expenses	(744)	(750)
Foreclosed property expense	(140)	(162)
Temporary Payroll Tax Cut Continuation Act of 2011 ("TCCA") fees	(593)	(557)
Other expenses, net	(408)	(203)
Total expenses	(1,885)	(1,672)
Income before federal income taxes	3,027	5,392
Provision for federal income taxes	(627)	(1,131)
Net income	2,400	4,261
Other comprehensive loss:		
Changes in unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of reclassification adjustments and taxes	(36)	(320)
Other, net of taxes	(3)	(3)

Total other comprehensive loss Total comprehensive income Net income Dividends distributed or available for distribution to senior preferred stockholder Net income attributable to common stockholders	(39) \$2,361 \$2,400 (2,361) \$39	(323) \$3,938 \$4,261 (938) \$3,323
Earnings per share:		
Basic	\$0.01	\$0.58
Diluted	0.01	0.56
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:		
Basic	5,762	5,762
Diluted	5,893	5,893

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Fannie Mae (In conservatorship) **50**st Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Financial Statements | Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

FANNIE MAE (In conservatorship)

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows — (Unaudited)

(Dollars in millions)

(Dollars in millions)	For the Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2019	2018		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$1,816	\$(1,409)		
Cash flows provided by investing activities:				
Proceeds from maturities and paydowns of trading securities held for investment	15	110		
Proceeds from sales of trading securities held for investment	49	_		
Proceeds from maturities and paydowns of available-for-sale securities	113	266		
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities	131	648		
Purchases of loans held for investment	(33,631)	(40,045)		
Proceeds from repayments of loans acquired as held for investment of Fannie Mae	2,786	4,164		
Proceeds from sales of loans acquired as held for investment of Fannie Mae	26	80		
Proceeds from repayments and sales of loans acquired as held for investment of consolidated trusts	88,419	96,626		
Advances to lenders	(22,991)	(27,898)		
Proceeds from disposition of acquired property and preforeclosure sales	1,965	2,360		
Net change in federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell or similar arrangements	10,688	(20,231)		
Other, net	(124)	(264)		
Net cash provided by investing activities	47,446	15,816		
Cash flows used in financing activities:				
Proceeds from issuance of debt of Fannie Mae	173,122	288,281		
Payments to redeem debt of Fannie Mae	(184,222)	(299,797)		
Proceeds from issuance of debt of consolidated trusts	64,821	89,493		
Payments to redeem debt of consolidated trusts	(96,925)	(119,413)		
Payments of cash dividends on senior preferred stock to Treasury	(3,240)	_		
Proceeds from senior preferred stock purchase agreement with Treasury	—	3,687		
Other, net	—	442		
Net cash used in financing activities	(46,444)	(37,307)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	2,818	(22,900)		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	49,423	60,260		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$52,241	\$37,360		
Cash paid during the period for:				
Interest	\$28,650	\$27,041		
Income taxes	—	_		

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Fannie Mae (In conservatorship) 5irst Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q

Financial Statements | Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

FANNIE MAE

(In conservatorship)

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (Deficit) — (Unaudited) (Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts)

Fannie Mae Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)

	Shares Outs Senior Preferred Preferred	Ũ	Senior Preferred Stock	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Accumulated Deficit	Accumula Other Comprehe Income		Treasury Stock	Total Equity	
Balance as of December 31, 2018	1 556	1,158	\$120,836	\$ 19,130	\$ 687	\$ (127,335)	\$ 322		\$(7,400)	\$6,240	j
Senior preferred stock dividends paid (\$3,240.33/share)		_	_	_	_	(3,240)			_	(3,240)
Comprehensive income:											
Net income		_	_	_	_	2,400	—		_	2,400	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax effect:											
Changes in net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities (net of taxes of \$2)		_	_	_	_	_	8		_	8	
Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income (net of taxes of \$12)		_	_	_	_	_	(44)		(44)
Other (net of taxes of \$1)		_	—	_	_	_	(3)	_	(3)
Total comprehensive income										2,361	
Balance as of March 31, 2019	1 556	1,158	\$120,836	\$ 19,130	\$ 687	\$ (128,175)	\$ 283		\$(7,400)	\$5,361	

Fannie Mae Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)

	Shares Outstanding		Senior	Preferred	Common		Accumulated Other		Treasury	Total	
	Senior. Preferred Preferred	Common	Preferred Stock	Stock	Stock	Accumulated Deficit	Comprehen Income	sive		Equity (Deficit))
Balance as of December 31, 2017	1 556	1,158	\$117,149	\$ 19,130	\$ 687	\$ (133,805)	\$ 553		\$(7,400)	\$(3,686)
Senior preferred stock dividends paid (\$0.00/share)		_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	
Increase to senior preferred stock		_	3,687	_	_	_	_		_	3,687	
Comprehensive income:											
Net income		_	_	_	_	4,261	_		_	4,261	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax effect:											
Changes in net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities (net of taxes of \$15)		_	_	—	_	—	(57)	_	(57)
Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income (net of taxes of \$70)		_	-	_	_	_	(263)	_	(263)
Other		_	_	_	_	_	(3)	_	(3)
Total comprehensive income										3,938	
Reclassification related to Tax Cuts and Jobs Act		_	_	_	_	(117)	117		_	_	
Other		_	_	_	_	(1)	_		_	(1)
Balance as of March 31, 2018	1 556	1,158	\$120,836	\$ 19,130	\$ 687	\$ (129,662)	\$ 347		\$(7,400)	\$3,938	

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Fannie Mae (In conservatorship) 52/st Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

FANNIE MAE

(In conservatorship) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

We are a stockholder-owned corporation organized and existing under the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act (the "Charter Act" or our "charter"). We are a government-sponsored enterprise, and we are subject to government oversight and regulation. Our regulators include the Federal Housing Finance Agency ("FHFA"), the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD"), the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), and the U.S. Department of the Treasury ("Treasury"). The U.S. government does not guarantee our securities or other obligations.

We have been under conservatorship, with FHFA acting as conservator, since September 6, 2008. See "Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year endedDecember 31, 2018 ("2018 Form 10-K") for additional information on our conservatorship and the impact of U.S. government support of our business.

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and related notes, should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and related notes included in our 2018 Form 10-K.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the SEC's instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and note disclosures required by GAAP for complete consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments of a normal recurring nature considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements are used in the opinion of our current period presentation, we have reclassified certain amounts reported in our prior period condensed consolidated financial statements. Results for the three months ended March 31, 2019 may not necessarily be indicative of the results for the year ending December 31, 2019.

Use of Estimates

Preparing condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect our reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the dates of our condensed consolidated financial statements, as well as our reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Management has made significant estimates in a variety of areas including, but not limited to, the allowance for loan losses. Actual results could be different from these estimates.

Conservatorship

On September 7, 2008, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Director of FHFA announced several actions taken by Treasury and FHFA regarding Fannie Mae, which included: (1) placing us in conservatorship and (2) the execution of a senior preferred stock purchase agreement by our conservator, on our behalf, and Treasury, pursuant to which we issued to Treasury both senior preferred stock and a warrant to purchase common stock.

There continues to be significant uncertainty regarding our future, including how long we will continue to exist in our current form, the extent of our role in the market, how long we will be in conservatorship, what form we will have and what ownership interest, if any, our current common and preferred stockholders will hold in us after the conservatorship is terminated and whether we will continue to exist following conservatorship. Treasury has made a commitment under the senior preferred stock purchase

agreement to provide funding to us under certain circumstances if we have a net worth deficit. We are not aware of any plans of FHFA to fundamentally change our business model or reduce the aggregate amount available to or held by the company under our capital structure, which includes the senior preferred stock purchase agreement, in the near term.

Senior Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement and Senior Preferred Stock

Treasury has made a commitment under the senior preferred stock purchase agreement to provide funding to us under certain circumstances if we have a net worth deficit. Pursuant to the senior preferred stock purchase agreement, we have received a

Fannie Mae (In conservatorship) 58st Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

total of \$119.8 billion from Treasury as of March 31, 2019, and the amount of remaining funding available to us under the agreement was \$113.9 billion.

Pursuant to the senior preferred stock purchase agreement, we issued shares of senior preferred stock to Treasury in 2008. Acting as successor to the rights, titles, powers and privileges of the Board, our conservator has declared and directed us to pay dividends to Treasury on the senior preferred stock on a quarterly basis for every dividend period for which dividends were payable since we entered conservatorship in 2008. The current dividend provisions of the senior preferred stock provide for quarterly dividends consisting of the amount, if any, by which our net worth as of the end of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter exceeds a \$3.0 billion capital reserve amount. We refer to this as a "net worth sweep" dividend. OrMarch 29, 2019, we paid Treasury a dividend of \$3.2 billion based on our net worth of \$6.2 billion as of December 31, 2018, less the applicable capital reserve amount of \$3.0 billion. Because we had a net worth of \$5.4 billion as of March 31, 2019, we expect to pay Treasury a dividend of \$2.4 billion for the second quarter of 2019 by June 30, 2019.

The liquidation preference of the senior preferred stock is subject to adjustment. The aggregate liquidation preference of the senior preferred stock was \$123.8 billion as of March 31, 2019.

See "Note 11, Equity (Deficit)" in out 2018 Form 10-K for additional information about the senior preferred stock purchase agreement and the senior preferred stock.

Regulatory Capital

We submit capital reports to FHFA, which monitors our capital levels. The deficit of core capital over statutory minimum capital was \$137.8 billion as of March 31, 2019 and \$137.1 billion as of December 31, 2018. Due to the terms of our senior preferred stock, we do not expect to eliminate our deficit of core capital over statutory minimum capital.

Related Parties

Because Treasury holds a warrant to purchase shares of Fannie Mae common stock equal to 79.9% of the total number of shares of Fannie Mae common stock, we and Treasury are deemed related parties. As of March 31, 2019, Treasury held an investment in our senior preferred stock with an aggregate liquidation preference of \$123.8 billion. See "Senior Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement and Senior Preferred Stock" section for additional information on transactions under this agreement. FHFA's control of both Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac has caused Fannie Mae, FHFA and Freddie Mac to be deemed related parties. Additionally, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac jointly own Common Securitization Solutions, LLC ("CSS"), a limited liability company created to operate a common securitization platform; as such, CSS is deemed a related party. In the ordinary course of business, Fannie Mae may purchase and sell securities issued by Treasury and Freddie Mac. These transactions occur on the same terms as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with unrelated parties. Additionally, we make regular income tax payments to and receive tax refunds from the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS"), a bureau of Treasury.

Transactions with Treasury

Our administrative expenses were reduced by \$5 million and \$7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, due to reimbursements from Treasury and Freddie Mac for expenses incurred as program administrator for Treasury's Home Affordable Modification Program and other initiatives under Treasury's Making Home Affordable Program. In December 2011, Congress enacted the Temporary Payroll Cut Continuation Act of 2011 ("TCCA") which, among other provisions, required that we increase our single-family guaranty fees by at least 10 basis points and remit this increase to Treasury. Effective April 1, 2012, we increased the guaranty fee on all single-family residential mortgages delivered to us by 10 basis points. FHFA and Treasury advised us to remit this fee increase to Treasury with respect to all loans acquired by us on or after April 1, 2012 and before January 1, 2022, and to continue to remit these amounts to Treasury on and after January 1, 2022 with respect to loans we acquired before this date until those loans are paid off or otherwise liquidated. The resulting fee revenue and expense are recorded in "Mortgage loans interest income" and "TCCA fees," respectively, in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and

comprehensive income. We recognized \$593 million and \$557 million in TCCA fees for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, of which \$593 million had not been remitted to Treasury as of March 31, 2019.

Under the Federal Housing Enterprises Financial Safety and Soundness Act of 1992, as amended, including by the Federal Housing Finance Regulatory Reform Act of 2008 (together, the "GSE Act"), we are required to set aside certain funding obligations, a portion of which is attributable to Treasury's Capital Magnet Fund. These expenses, recognized in "Other expenses, net" in our

condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income, were measured as the product of 4.2 basis points and the unpaid principal balance of our total new business purchases for the respective period. We recognized a total of \$75 million in "Other expenses, net" in connection with Treasury's Capital Magnet Fund for the year ended December 31, 2018, which was outstanding as of March 31, 2019 and remitted on April 5, 2019. We recognized \$15 million and \$18 million in "Other expenses, net" in connection with Treasury's Capital Magnet Fund for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, of which \$15 million had not been remitted as of March 31, 2019.

Fannie Mae (In conservatorship) 5#st Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Transactions with FHFA

The GSE Act authorizes FHFA to establish an annual assessment for regulated entities, including Fannie Mae, which is payable on a semi-annual basis (April and October), for FHFA's costs and expenses, as well as to maintain FHFA's working capital. We recognized FHFA assessment fees, which are recorded in "Administrative expenses" in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income, of \$30 million and \$29 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Transactions with CSS

We contributed capital to CSS, the company we jointly own with Freddie Mac, of \$36 million and \$41 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. No other transactions outside of normal business activities have occurred between us and CSS during the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018.

Earnings per Share

Earnings per share ("EPS") is presented for basic and diluted EPS. We compute basic EPS by dividing net income attributable to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. However, as a result of our conservatorship status and the terms of the senior preferred stock, no amounts would be available to distribute as dividends to common or preferred stockholders (other than to Treasury as the holder of the senior preferred stock). Weighted average common shares includes 4.6 billion shares for the periods ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 that would be issued upon the full exercise of the warrant issued to Treasury from the date the warrant was issued through March 31, 2019 and 2018. The calculation of diluted EPS includes all the components of basic earnings per share, plus the dilutive effect of common stock equivalents such as convertible securities and stock options. Weighted average shares outstanding is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the dilutive potential common shares had been issued. For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, our diluted EPS weighted average shares outstanding includes shares of common stock that would be issuable upon the conversion of 131 million shares of convertible preferred stock.

Fannie Mae (In conservatorship) 5trst Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

New Accounting Guidance

The following table updates information about our significant accounting policies that have recently been adopted or are yet to be adopted from the information included in "Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" in ou2018 Form 10-K.

ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842)	The amendment addresses the accounting for lease arrangements.	January 1, 2019	We adopted this standard on January 1, 2019. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.
ASU 2017-12 - Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815)	The amendments in this standard made targeted improvements to accounting for hedging activities. The standard changes the recognition and presentation requirements of hedge accounting and provides new alternatives for measuring and accounting for certain aspects of hedging activities.		This guidance became effective this quarter. Hedge accounting is elective and, while we do not currently have a hedge accounting program, we are developing capabilities to implement hedge accounting to reduce interest rate volatility in our consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.
ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326), Measurement of Cred Losses on Financial Instruments ("CECL")	The amendments in this standard replace the incurred loss impairment methodology in current it GAAP with a methodology that reflects lifetime expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates.	1, 2020	CECL will become effective for our fiscal year beginning January 1, 2020. We will recognize the impact of the new guidance through a cumulative effect adjustment to retained earnings as of the beginning of the year of adoption. We are continuing to update our allowance models and accounting systems that will be used to estimate credit losses and record accounting impacts under CECL, and we are in the process of validating their results. All updates to our allowance models are subject to our model oversight and review governance process. We expect model and system testing to continue in 2019, followed by full integrated testing across all impacted systems and processes. Implementation of this guidance is being managed in accordance with our change management governance standards, which are designed to ensure compliance with GAAP as well as operational readiness at adoption. We provide updates to senior management and the Audit Committee regarding the status of our implementation plan, results of initial modeled impacts and any identified key risks. We are continuing to evaluate the impact of this guidance on our consolidated financial statements. The adoption of this guidance likely will increase our allowance for credit losses and decrease,
			perhaps substantially, our retained earnings. We expect the greater impact of the guidance to relate to our accounting for credit losses for loans that are not individually impaired. We do not expect a material impact from the valuation allowance associated with our available for sale securities. However, the impact at adoption will be influenced by the composition and quality of our total book of business at the adoption date, as well as economic conditions and

forecasts at that time.

Fannie Mae (In conservatorship) 56tst Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Consolidations and Transfers of Financial Assets

2. Consolidations and Transfers of Financial Assets

We have interests in various entities that are considered to be variable interest entities ("VIEs"). The primary types of entities are securitization trusts, limited partnerships and special purpose vehicles ("SPVs"). These interests include investments in securities issued by VIEs, such as Fannie Mae mortgage-backed securities ("MBS") created pursuant to our securitization transactions and our guaranty to the entity. We consolidate the substantial majority of our single-class securitization trusts because our role as guarantor and master servicer provides us with the power to direct matters (primarily the servicing of mortgage loans) that impact the credit risk to which we are exposed. In contrast, we do not consolidate single-class securitization trusts when other organizations have the power to direct these activities.

Unconsolidated VIEs

We do not consolidate VIEs when we are not deemed to be the primary beneficiary. Our unconsolidated VIEs include securitization trusts, limited partnerships, and certain SPVs designed to transfer credit risk. The following table displays the carrying amount and classification of our assets and liabilities that relate to our involvement with unconsolidated securitization trusts.

Assets and liabilities recorded in our condensed consolidated balance sheets related to mortgage-backed	As of March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
trusts:	(Dollars in	millions)
Assets:		
Trading securities:		
Fannie Mae	\$1,543	\$ 1,422
Non-Fannie Mae	4,212	4,809
Total trading securities	5,755	6,231
Available-for-sale securities:		
Fannie Mae	1,660	1,704
Non-Fannie Mae	1,046	1,207
Total available-for-sale securities	2,706	2,911
Other assets	65	66
Other liabilities	(97)	(101)
Net carrying amount	\$8,429	\$ 9,107

Our maximum exposure to loss generally represents the greater of our recorded investment in the entity or the unpaid principal balance of the assets covered by our guaranty. However, our securities issued by Fannie Mae multi-class resecuritization trusts that are not consolidated do not give rise to any additional exposure to loss as we already consolidate the underlying collateral. The maximum exposure to loss related to unconsolidated mortgage-backed trusts was approximately \$13 billion and \$14 billion as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. The total assets of our unconsolidated securitization trusts were approximately \$70 billion and \$80 billion as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

The maximum exposure to loss for our unconsolidated limited partnerships and similar legal entities, which consist of low-income housing tax credit investments ("LIHTC"), community investments and other entities, wa\$103 million and the related carrying value was \$82 million as of March 31, 2019. As of December 31, 2018, the maximum exposure to loss was \$111 million and the related carrying value was \$89 million. The total assets of these limited partnership investments were \$2.3 billion as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

The maximum exposure to loss related to our involvement with unconsolidated SPVs that transfer credit risk represents the unpaid principal balance and accrued interest payable of obligations issued by the Connecticut Avenue Securities ("CAS") SPVs. The

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maximum exposure to loss related to these unconsolidated special purpose vehicles was \$2.9 billion and \$920 million as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. The total assets related to these unconsolidated special purpose vehicles were \$2.9 billion and \$931 million as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

The unpaid principal balance of our multifamily loan portfolio was \$302.2 billion as of March 31, 2019. As our lending relationship does not provide us with a controlling financial interest in the borrower entity, we do not consolidate these borrowers regardless of their status as either a VIE or a voting interest entity. We have excluded these entities from our VIE disclosures. However, the disclosures we have provided in "Note 3, Mortgage Loans," "Note 4, Allowance for Loan Losses" and "Note 6, Financial Guarantees" with respect to this population are consistent with the FASB's stated objectives for the disclosures related to unconsolidated VIEs.

Fannie Mae (In conservatorship) 5īrst Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Consolidations and Transfers of Financial Assets

Transfers of Financial Assets

We issue Fannie Mae MBS through portfolio securitization transactions by transferring pools of mortgage loans or mortgage-related securities to one or more trusts or special purpose entities. We are considered to be the transferor when we transfer assets from our own retained mortgage portfolio in a portfolio securitization transaction. For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the unpaid principal balance of portfolio securitizations was \$41.4 billion and \$64.3 billion, respectively.

We retain interests from the transfer and sale of mortgage-related securities to unconsolidated single-class and multi-class portfolio securitization trusts. As of March 31, 2019, the unpaid principal balance of retained interests was \$1.6 billion and its related fair value was \$2.3 billion. As of December 31, 2018, the unpaid principal balance of retained interests was \$1.5 billion and its related fair value was \$2.2 billion. For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the principal, interest and other fees received on retained interests was \$116 million and \$226 million, respectively.

Managed Loans

Managed loans are on-balance sheet mortgage loans, as well as mortgage loans that we have securitized in unconsolidated portfolio securitization trusts. The unpaid principal balance of securitized loans in unconsolidated portfolio securitization trusts, which are primarily loans that are guaranteed or insured, in whole or in part, by the U.S. government, was \$1.2 billion as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018. For information on our on-balance sheet mortgage loans, see "Note 3, Mortgage Loans."

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3. Mortgage Loans

We own single-family mortgage loans, which are secured by four or fewer residential dwelling units, and multifamily mortgage loans, which are secured by five or more residential dwelling units. We classify these loans as either held for investment ("HFI") or held for sale ("HFS"). We report the carrying value of HFI loans at the unpaid principal balance, net of unamortized premiums and discounts, other cost basis adjustments, and an allowance for loan losses. We report the carrying value of HFS loans at the lower of cost or fair value and record valuation changes in "Investment gains, net" in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income. We define the recorded investment of HFI loans as unpaid principal balance, net of unamortized premiums and discounts, other cost basis adjustments, and accrued interest receivable.

For purposes of the single-family mortgage loan disclosures below, we define "primary" class as mortgage loans that are not included in other loan classes; "government" class as mortgage loans that are guaranteed or insured, in whole or in part, by the U.S. government or one of its agencies, and that are not Alt-A; and "other" class as loans with higher-risk characteristics, such as interest-only loans and negative-amortizing loans, that are neither government nor Alt-A.

The following table displays the carrying value of our mortgage loans.

	As of	
	March 31,	December 31,
	2019	2018
	(Dollars in mi	llions)
Single-family	\$2,930,649	\$2,929,925
Multifamily	302,152	293,858
Total unpaid principal balance of mortgage loans	3,232,801	3,223,783
Cost basis and fair value adjustments, net	40,196	39,815
Allowance for loan losses for loans held for investment	(13,232)	(14,203)
Total mortgage loans	\$3,259,765	\$3,249,395

The following table displays information about our redesignated mortgage loans.

	For the Months March 3	Ended	
	2019	2018	
	(Dollars in millions)		
Carrying value of loans redesignated from HFI to HFS	\$2,611	\$7,367	
Carrying value of loans redesignated from HFS to HFI	9	18	
Loans sold - unpaid principal balance	58	748	
Realized gains on sale of mortgage loans	36	2	

The recorded investment of single-family mortgage loans for which formal foreclosure proceedings are in process was \$10.1 billion as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018. As a result of our various loss mitigation and foreclosure prevention efforts, we expect that a portion of the loans in the process of formal foreclosure proceedings will not ultimately foreclose.

Nonaccrual Loans

We discontinue accruing interest on loans when we believe collectibility of principal or interest is not reasonably assured, which for a single-family loan we have determined, based on our historical experience, to be when the loan becomes two months or more past due according to its contractual terms. Interest previously accrued but not collected is reversed through interest income at the date a loan is placed on nonaccrual status. We return a non-modified single-family loan to accrual status at the point that the borrower brings the loan current. We return a modified single-family loan to accrual status at the point that the borrower successfully makes all required payments during the trial period (generally three to four months) and the modification is made permanent. We place a multifamily loan on nonaccrual status when the loan becomes three months or more past due according to its contractual terms or is deemed to be individually impaired, unless the loan is well secured such that collectibility of principal and accrued interest is reasonably assured. We return a multifamily loan to accrual status when the borrower cures the delinquency of

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the loan or we otherwise determine that the loan is well secured such that collectibility is reasonably assured.

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Aging Analysis

The following tables display an aging analysis of the total recorded investment in our HFI mortgage loans by portfolio segment and class, excluding loans for which we have elected the fair value option.

		rch 31, 2019						
	-	60 - 89 Days nDelinquent	Seriously Delinquent ⁽¹⁾	Total Delinquent	Current	Total	Recorded Investment in Loans 90 Days or More Delinquent and Accruing Interest	Recorded Investment in Nonaccrual Loans
	(Dollars I	n millions)						
Single-family:		• - • • -	• • • • • • •	• - · • · •	* · ·	*	• • •	*· -
Primary	. ,	\$ 7,397	\$ 14,601	\$ 51,618		\$2,872,805		\$ 25,710
Government ⁽²⁾	48	16	162	226	20,901	21,127	162	
Alt-A	2,470	803	1,779	5,052	45,750	50,802	1	2,998
Other	772	281	676	1,729	11,956	13,685	3	1,080
Total single-family	32,910	8,497	17,218	58,625	2,899,794	2,958,419	190	29,788
Multifamily ⁽³⁾	3	N/A	193	196	304,201	304,397	_	509
Total	\$32,913	\$ 8,497	\$ 17,411	\$ 58,821	\$3,203,995	\$3,262,816	\$ 190	\$ 30,297
	As of December 31, 2018							
	·	60 - 89 Days nDelinquent n millions)	Seriously Delinquent ⁽¹⁾	Total Delinquent	Current	Total	Recorded Investment in Loans 90 Days or More Delinquent and Accruing Interest	Recorded Investment in Nonaccrual Loans
Single-family:		,						
Primary	\$30,471	\$ 7,881	\$ 14,866	\$ 53,218	\$2,816,047	\$2,869,265	\$ 22	\$ 26,170
Government ⁽²⁾	57	17	169	243	21.887	22.130	169	

Government ⁽²⁾	57	17	169	243	21,887	22,130	169	_
Alt-A	2,332	821	1,844	4,997	48,274	53,271	2	3,082
Other	804	283	713	1,800	13,038	14,838	2	1,128
Total single-family	33,664	9,002	17,592	60,258	2,899,246	2,959,504	195	30,380
Multifamily ⁽³⁾	56	N/A	171	227	295,437	295,664	—	492
Total	\$33,720	\$ 9,002	\$ 17,763	\$ 60,485	\$3,194,683	\$3,255,168	\$ 195	\$ 30,872

(1) Single-family seriously delinquent loans are loans that are 90 days or more past due or in the foreclosure process. Multifamily seriously delinquent loans are loans that are 60 days or more past due.

⁽²⁾ Primarily consists of reverse mortgages, which due to their nature, are not aged and are included in the current column.

⁽³⁾ Multifamily loans 60-89 days delinquent are included in the seriously delinquent column.

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Credit Quality Indicators

The following table displays the total recorded investment in our single-family HFI loans by class and credit quality indicator, excluding loans for which we have elected the fair value option.

	As of					
	March 31, 20	19 ⁽¹⁾		December 31, 2018 ⁽¹⁾		
	Primary	Alt-A	Other	Primary	Alt-A	Other
	(Dollars in m	illions)				
Estimated mark-to-market loan-to-value ("LTV") ratio?						
Less than or equal to 80%	\$2,496,412	\$43,554	\$11,362	\$2,521,766	\$45,476	\$12,291
Greater than 80% and less than or equal to 90%	239,373	3,555	1,074	228,614	3,804	1,195
Greater than 90% and less than or equal to 100%	126,992	1,837	584	109,548	1,997	645
Greater than 100%	10,028	1,856	665	9,337	1,994	707
Total	\$2,872,805	\$50,802	\$13,685	\$2,869,265	\$53,271	\$14,838

Excludes \$21.1 billion and \$22.1 billion as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively, of mortgage loans guaranteed or insured,

(1) in whole or in part, by the U.S. government or one of its agencies, that are not Alt-A loans. The class is primarily reverse mortgages for which we do not calculate an estimated mark-to-market LTV ratio.

The aggregate estimated mark-to-market LTV ratio is based on the unpaid principal balance of the loan as of the end of each reported period ⁽²⁾ divided by the estimated current value of the property, which we calculate using an internal valuation model that estimates periodic changes in home value.

The following table displays the total recorded investment in our multifamily HFI loans by credit quality indicator, excluding loans for which we have elected the fair value option.

	As of	
	March 31,	December 31,
	2019	2018
	(Dollars in m	nillions)
Credit risk profile by internally assigned grade:		
Non-classified	\$297,312	\$289,231
Classified ⁽¹⁾	7,085	6,433
Total	\$304,397	\$295,664

Represents loans classified as "Substandard," which have a well-defined weakness that jeopardizes the timely full repayment. Loans with a weakness that makes collection or liquidation in full highly questionable and improbable based on existing conditions and values are referred to

(1) as "Doubtful." As oMarch 31, 2019, we had loans with recorded investment of less than \$0.5 million classified as doubtful, compared with \$1 million as of December 31, 2018.

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Individually Impaired Loans

Individually impaired loans include troubled debt restructurings ("TDRs"), acquired credit-impaired loans and multifamily loans that we have assessed as probable that we will not collect all contractual amounts due, regardless of whether we are currently accruing interest, excluding loans classified as HFS and loans for which we have elected the fair value option. The following tables display the total unpaid principal balance, recorded investment, related allowance, average recorded investment and interest income recognized for individually impaired loans.

	As of						
	March 31, 2	2019		December	31, 2018		
	Unpaid Principal Balance	Total Recorded Investment	Related Allowance for Loan Losses	Unpaid Principal Balance	Total Recorded Investment	Related Allowance for Loan Losses	
	(Dollars in	millions)					
Individually impaired loans:							
With related allowance recorded:							
Single-family:							
Primary	\$79,713	\$76,804	\$(8,816) \$81,791	\$78,688	\$(9,406)	
Government	265	270	(55) 264	270	(55)	
Alt-A	15,486	14,178	(2,526) 16,576	15,158	(2,793)	
Other	4,987	4,706	(894) 5,482	5,169	(1,001)	
Total single-family	100,451	95,958	(12,291) 104,113	99,285	(13,255)	
Multifamily	297	298	(44) 197	196	(40)	
Total individually impaired loans with related allowance recorded	100,748	96,256	(12,335) 104,310	99,481	(13,295)	
With no related allowance recorded: ⁽¹⁾							
Single-family:							
Primary	16,089	15,325	_	15,939	15,191	_	
Government	61	57	_	61	56	_	
Alt-A	2,508	2,248	_	2,628	2,363	_	
Other	688	635	_	718	666	_	
Total single-family	19,346	18,265	_	19,346	18,276	_	
Multifamily	360	361	_	343	346	_	
Total individually impaired loans with no related allowance recorder	d 19,706	18,626	_	19,689	18,622	_	
Total individually impaired loans ⁽²⁾	\$120,454	\$114,882	\$(12,335)) \$123,999	\$118,103	\$(13,295)	
(1) The discounted each flows or colleteral value equals or exceeded	the corruine	value of the l	oon and as	auch na valu	tion allowana	a ia raquirad	

(1) The discounted cash flows or collateral value equals or exceeds the carrying value of the loan and, as such, no valuation allowance is required. Includes single-family loans restructured in a TDR with a recorded investment of \$113.9 billion and \$117.2 billion as of March 31, 2019 and

⁽²⁾ December 31, 2018, respectively. Includes multifamily loans restructured in a TDR with a recorded investment of \$188 million and \$187 million as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

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	For the Three	ee Months En				
	2019			2018		
	Average Recorded Investment	Total Interest Income Recognized	Interest Income Recognized on a Cash Basis	Average Recorded Investment	Total Interest Income Recognized	Interest Income Recognized on a Cash Basis
	(Dollars in r	nillions)				
Individually impaired loans:						
With related allowance recorded:						
Single-family:						
Primary	\$77,842	\$ 817	\$80	\$88,411	\$ 911	\$ 107
Government	272	3	_	276	3	—
Alt-A	14,687	156	11	20,708	212	16
Other	4,940	45	4	7,854	71	5
Total single-family	97,741	1,021	95	117,249	1,197	128
Multifamily	247	2	_	258	—	—
Total individually impaired loans with related allowance recorded	97,988	1,023	95	117,507	1,197	128
With no related allowance recorded:(1)						
Single-family:						
Primary	15,195	220	28	15,007	243	26
Government	56	1	_	60	—	—
Alt-A	2,293	39	2	2,842	58	4
Other	648	8	1	900	16	1
Total single-family	18,192	268	31	18,809	317	31
Multifamily	353	2	_	331	2	—
Total individually impaired loans with no related allowance recorded	18,545	270	31	19,140	319	31
Total individually impaired loans	\$116,533	\$ 1,293	\$ 126	\$136,647	\$ 1,516	\$ 159

⁽¹⁾ The discounted cash flows or collateral value equals or exceeds the carrying value of the loan and, as such, no valuation allowance is required.

Troubled Debt Restructurings

A modification to the contractual terms of a loan that results in granting a concession to a borrower experiencing financial difficulties is considered a TDR. In addition to formal loan modifications, we also engage in other loss mitigation activities with troubled borrowers, which include repayment plans and forbearance arrangements, both of which represent informal agreements with the borrower that do not result in the legal modification of the loan's contractual terms. We account for these informal restructurings as a TDR if we defer more than three missed payments. We also classify loans to certain borrowers who have received bankruptcy relief as TDRs.

The substantial majority of the loan modifications we complete result in term extensions, interest rate reductions or a combination of both. The average term extension of a single-family modified loan was 157 months and 144 months for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The average interest rate reduction was 0.10 and 0.31 percentage points, for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

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The following table displays the number of loans and recorded investment in loans classified as a TDR.

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,											
	2019			2018								
	Number of Loans	Reco	rded Investment ⁽¹⁾	Number of Loans	Recorded Investment ⁽¹⁾							
	(Dollars in	ons)										
Single-family:												
Primary	12,957	\$	1,971	41,679	\$ 6,524							
Government	23	4		48	4							
Alt-A	766	97		2,182	283							
Other	147	27		445	84							
Total single-family	13,893	2,0)99	44,354	6,895							
Multifamily	3	13		8	42							
Total TDRs	13,896	\$	2,112	44,362	\$ 6,937							

Based on the nature of our modification programs, which do not include principal or past-due interest forgiveness, there is not a material

⁽¹⁾ difference between the recorded investment in our loans pre- and post- modification. Therefore, these amounts represent recorded investment post-modification.

The decrease in loans classified as a TDR for the three months ended March 31, 2019 compared with the three months ended March 31, 2018 was primarily attributable to a significantly higher number of single-family loan modifications and other forms of loss mitigation in the areas affected by Hurricanes Harvey, Irma and Maria that resulted in a restructuring of the terms of those loans during the first guarter of 2018.

For loans that had a payment default in the period presented and that were classified as a TDR in the twelve months prior to the payment default, the following tables display the number of loans and our recorded investment in these loans at the time of payment default. For the purposes of this disclosure, we define loans that had a payment default as: single-family and multifamily loans with completed TDRs that liquidated during the period, either through foreclosure, deed-in-lieu of foreclosure, or a short sale; single-family loans with completed modifications that are two or more months delinquent during the period; or multifamily loans with completed modifications that are one or more months delinquent during the period.

For the Three Months Ended March 21

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,							
	2019 Number of Recorded Inve Loans		ded Investment	2018 Number of Loans	Recorded Investment			
	(Dollars	in milli	ons)					
Single-family:								
Primary	4,516	\$	673	4,818	\$ 701			
Government	18	3		14	2			
Alt-A	471	73		677	109			
Other	154	28		195	38			
Total single-family	5,159	777	7	5,704	850			
Multifamily	_	—		1	2			
Total TDRs that subsequently defaulted	5,159	\$	777	5,705	\$ 852			

4. Allowance for Loan Losses

We maintain an allowance for loan losses for HFI loans held by Fannie Mae and by consolidated Fannie Mae MBS trusts, excluding loans for which we have elected the fair value option. When calculating our allowance for loan losses, we consider the unpaid principal balance, net of amortized premiums and discounts, and other cost basis adjustments of HFI loans at the balance sheet date. We record charge-offs as a reduction to our allowance for loan losses at the point of foreclosure, completion of a short

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sale, upon the redesignation of loans from HFI to HFS or when a loan is determined to be uncollectible.

We aggregate single-family HFI loans that are not individually impaired based on similar risk characteristics, for purposes of estimating incurred credit losses and establishing a collective single-family loss reserve using an econometric model that derives an overall loss reserve estimate. We base our allowance methodology on historical events and trends, such as loss severity (in event of default), default rates, and recoveries from mortgage insurance contracts and other credit enhancements that provide loan level loss coverage and are either contractually attached to a loan or that were entered into

Fannie Mae (In conservatorship) 6#st Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Allowance for Loan Losses

contemporaneously with and in contemplation of a guaranty or loan purchase transaction. We use recent regional historical sales and appraisal information, including the sales of our own foreclosed properties, to develop our loss severity estimates for all loan categories. Our allowance calculation also incorporates a loss confirmation period (the anticipated time lag between a credit loss event and the confirmation of the credit loss resulting from that event) to ensure our allowance estimate captures credit losses that have been incurred as of the balance sheet date but have not been confirmed. In addition, management performs a review of the observable data used in its estimate to ensure it is representative of prevailing economic conditions and other events existing as of the balance sheet date.

Individually impaired single-family loans currently include those classified as a TDR and acquired credit-impaired loans. We consider a loan to be impaired when, based on current information, it is probable that we will not receive all amounts due, including interest, in accordance with the contractual terms of the loan agreement. When a loan has been restructured, we measure impairment using a cash flow analysis discounted at the loan's original effective interest rate. If we expect to recover our recorded investment in an individually impaired loan through probable foreclosure of the underlying collateral, we measure impairment based on the difference between our recorded investment in the loan and the fair value of the underlying property, adjusted for the estimated costs to sell the property and estimated insurance or other proceeds we expect to receive.

We establish a collective allowance for all loans in our multifamily guaranty book of business that are not individually measured for impairment using an internal model that applies loss factors to loans in similar risk categories. Our loss factors are developed based on our historical default and loss severity experience. We identify multifamily loans for evaluation for impairment through a credit risk assessment process. If we determine that a multifamily loan is individually impaired, we generally measure impairment on that loan based on the fair value of the underlying collateral less estimated costs to sell the property, as we have concluded that such loans are collateral dependent. We evaluate collectively for impairment smaller-balance homogeneous multifamily loans. The following table displays changes in single-family, multifamily and total allowance for loan losses. For the Th

. Mantha

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,				
	2019 2018				
	(Dollars in r	nillions)			
Single-family allowance for loan losses:					
Beginning balance	\$(13,969)	\$(18,849)			
Benefit (provision) for loan losses ⁽¹⁾	647	(78)			
Charge-offs	381	465			
Recoveries	(45)	(60)			
Other	1	(1)			
Ending balance	\$(12,985)	\$(18,523)			
Multifamily allowance for loan losses:					
Beginning balance	\$(234)	\$(235)			
Benefit (provision) for loan losses ⁽¹⁾	(13)	20			
Charge-offs	—	4			
Ending balance	\$(247)	\$(211)			
Total allowance for loan losses:					
Beginning balance	\$(14,203)	\$(19,084)			
Benefit (provision) for loan losses ⁽¹⁾	634	(58)			
Charge-offs	381	469			
Recoveries	(45)	(60)			
Other	1	(1)			
Ending balance	\$(13,232)	\$(18,734)			

(1) Benefit (provision) for loan losses is included in "Benefit for credit losses" in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.

Fannie Mae (In conservatorship) 657st Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Allowance for Loan Losses

The following table displays the allowance for loan losses and recorded investment in our HFI loans by impairment or allowance methodology and portfolio segment, excluding loans for which we have elected the fair value option.

	As of						
	March 31, 20	19		December 31	, 2018		
	Single-Famil	y Multifamily	Total	Single-Family	/ Multifamily	Total	
	(Dollars in m	illions)					
Allowance for loan losses by segment:							
Individually impaired loans ⁽¹⁾	\$(12,291)\$(44)	\$(12,335)\$(13,255)	\$(40)	\$(13,295)	
Collectively reserved loans	(694) (203)	(897)(714)	(194)	(908)	
Total allowance for loan losses	\$(12,985)\$(247)	\$(13,232)\$(13,969)	\$(234)	\$(14,203)	
Recorded investment in loans by segment:							
Individually impaired loans ⁽¹⁾	\$114,223	\$659	\$114,882	\$117,561	\$542	\$118,103	
Collectively reserved loans	2,844,196	303,738	3,147,934	2,841,943	295,122	3,137,065	
Total recorded investment in loans	\$2,958,419	\$304,397	\$3,262,816	\$2,959,504	\$295,664	\$3,255,168	

⁽¹⁾ Includes acquired credit-impaired loans.

5. Investments in Securities

Trading Securities

Trading securities are recorded at fair value with subsequent changes in fair value recorded as "Fair value gains (losses), net" in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income. The following table displays our investments in trading securities.

As of	
March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
(Dollars in	millions)
\$1,583	\$1,467
3,158	3,503
1,054	1,306
5,795	6,276
35,020	35,502
84	89
35,104	35,591
\$40,899	\$41,867
	March 31, 2019 (Dollars in \$1,583 3,158 1,054 5,795 35,020 84 35,104

The following table displays information about our net trading gains.

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 2018 (Dollars in millions)

Net trading gains	\$92	\$98
Net trading gains recognized in the period related to securities still held at period end	89	76

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Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Investments in Securities

Available-for-Sale Securities

We record available-for-sale ("AFS") securities at fair value with unrealized gains and losses, recorded net of tax, as a component of "Other comprehensive loss" and we recognize realized gains and losses from the sale of AFS securities in "Investment gains, net" in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.

The following table displays the gross realized gains and proceeds on sales of AFS securities.

	For the
	Three
	Months
	Ended
	March 31,
	2019 2018
	(Dollars in millions)
Gross realized gains	\$61 \$363
Total proceeds (excludes initial sale of securities from new portfolio securitizations)	131 635

The following tables display the amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses, and fair value by major security type for AFS securities.

	As of March 31, 2019								
	Total Amortized Cost ⁽¹⁾	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses ⁽²⁾	Total Fair Value					
	(Dollars in	n millions)							
Fannie Mae	\$1,689	\$82	\$(19)	\$1,752					
Other agency	225	17	—	242					
Alt-A and subprime private-label securities	246	206	—	452					
Mortgage revenue bonds	416	13	(4)	425					
Other mortgage-related securities	334	9	—	343					
Total	\$2,910	\$ 327	\$(23)	\$3,214					
	As of December 31, 2018								
	As of Dec	ember 31, 20	18						
	Total	ember 31, 20 Gross I Unrealized Gains	18 Gross Unrealized Losses ⁽²⁾	Total Fair Value					
	Total Amortized Cost ⁽¹⁾	Gross Unrealized	Gross Unrealized	Fair					
Fannie Mae	Total Amortized Cost ⁽¹⁾	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized	Fair					
Fannie Mae Other agency	Total Amortized Cost ⁽¹⁾ (Dollars in	Gross I Unrealized Gains n millions)	Gross Unrealized Losses ⁽²⁾	Fair Value					
	Total Amortized Cost ⁽¹⁾ (Dollars in \$1,754	Gross Unrealized Gains millions) \$ 69	Gross Unrealized Losses ⁽²⁾	Fair Value \$1,797					
Other agency	Total Amortized Cost ⁽¹⁾ (Dollars in \$1,754 239	Gross Unrealized Gains millions) \$ 69 17	Gross Unrealized Losses ⁽²⁾	Fair Value \$1,797 256					
Other agency Alt-A and subprime private-label securities	Total Amortized Cost ⁽¹⁾ (Dollars in \$1,754 239 325	Gross Unrealized Gains millions) \$ 69 17 267	Gross Unrealized Losses ⁽²⁾ \$ (26) 	Fair Value \$1,797 256 592					

Amortized cost consists of unpaid principal balance, unamortized premiums, discounts and other cost basis adjustments, as well as net ⁽¹⁾ other-than-temporary impairments ("OTTI") recognized in "Investment gains, net" in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.

Represents the gross unrealized losses on securities for which we have not recognized OTTI, as well as the noncredit component of OTTI and (2) cumulative changes in fair value of securities for which we previously recognized the credit component of OTTI in "Accumulated other comprehensive income" in our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Gannie Mae (In conservatorship) First Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Investments in Securities

The following tables display additional information regarding gross unrealized losses and fair value by major security type for AFS securities in an unrealized loss position.

	As of March 31, 2019							
			12 Consecutive					
	Consec		Months or					
	Months Gross Unreali Losses	Fair zed Value	Longer Gross Unrealize Losses	ed Value				
	(Dollars	s in milli	ions)					
Fannie Mae	\$—	\$ —	\$(19)	\$372				
Mortgage revenue bonds	(1)	15	(3)	3				
Total	\$(1)	\$ 15	\$(22)	\$375				

	As of December 31, 2018							
	Less Th Consec Months Gross Unrealia Losses	utive	12 Conse Months o Longer Gross Unrealize Losses	or				
	(Dollars	in milli	ons)					
Fannie Mae	\$—	\$ —	\$(26)	\$487				
Mortgage revenue bonds Total	(1) \$(1)	24 \$ 24	(3) \$(29)	19 \$ 506				

Other-Than-Temporary Impairments

The unrealized credit loss component of AFS debt securities held by us and recognized in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income was \$323 million and \$635 million as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018,

respectively. The decrease in the first three months of 2019 was primarily driven by securities for which we had a change in intent and it was more likely than not we would sell them before recovery of our amortized cost basis.

The unrealized credit loss component of AFS debt securities held by us and recognized in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income was \$729 million and \$1.1 billion as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The decrease in the first three months of 2018 was primarily driven by securities that we no longer hold in our portfolio.

Maturity Information

The following table displays the amortized cost and fair value of our AFS securities by major security type and remaining contractual maturity, assuming no principal prepayments. The contractual maturity of mortgage-backed securities is not a reliable indicator of their expected life because borrowers generally have the right to prepay their obligations at any time. As of March 31, 2019

	Total	otal Total One Year or AmortizedFair Cost Value Amorti <i>E</i> adr				After Five Years e Through Ten		After Ten Years		
	Cost				Years Amor Cost		Years Amorti Cost	zeFoalir Value	Amortize Cost	edFair Value
	(Dollars	in millior								
Fannie Mae	\$1,689	\$1,752	\$—	\$ —	\$14	\$ 15	\$114	\$ 124	\$1,561	\$1,613
Other agency	225	242	—	_	23	24	29	32	173	186
Alt-A and subprime private-label securities	246	452	—	_	_	_	1	1	245	451

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Mortgage revenue bonds	416	425	2	2	30	30	52	54	332	339
Other mortgage-related securities	334	343	—	—	—	—	28	31	306	312
Total	\$2,910	\$3,214	\$2	\$2	\$67	\$ 69	\$224	\$ 242	\$2,617	\$2,901

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Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Financial Guarantees

6. Financial Guarantees

We recognize a guaranty obligation for our obligation to stand ready to perform on our guarantees to unconsolidated trusts and other guaranty arrangements. These off-balance sheet guarantees expose us to credit losses primarily relating to the unpaid principal balance of our unconsolidated Fannie Mae MBS and other financial guarantees. The remaining contractual terms of our

guarantees range from 1 day to 34 years; however, the actual term of each guaranty may be significantly less than the contractual term based on the prepayment characteristics of the related mortgage loans. The following table displays our off-balance sheet maximum exposure, guaranty obligation recognized in our condensed consolidated balance sheets and the potential maximum recovery from third parties through available credit enhancements and recourse related to our financial guarantees.

	March 31, 2019		December 31, 2018		
	Maximum Guaranty Exposure Obligation (Dollars in millions)	Maximum Recovery ⁽¹⁾	Maximum Guaranty Exposure Obligation	Maximum Recovery ⁽¹⁾	
Unconsolidated Fannie Mae MBS	,	\$ 6,699	\$7,278 \$ 30	\$ 6,811	
Other guaranty arrangements ⁽²⁾	13,626 141	2,709	13,847 130	2,711	
Total	\$20,728 \$ 170	\$ 9,408	\$21,125 \$ 160	\$ 9,522	

Recoverability of such credit enhancements and recourse is subject to, among other factors, our mortgage insurers' and financial guarantors' (1) ability to meet their obligations to us. For information on our mortgage insurers and financial guarantors, see "Note 13, Concentrations of Credit

Risk" in our2018 Form 10-K and "Note 11, Concentrations of Credit Risk" in this report.

⁽²⁾ Primarily consists of credit enhancements and long-term standby commitments.

7. Short-Term and Long-Term Debt Short-Term Debt

The following table displays our outstanding short-term debt (debt with an original contractual maturity of one year or less) and weighted-average interest rates of this debt.

As of March 31, 2019 December 31, 2018 Weighted-Outstanding Interest Rate⁽¹⁾ Rate⁽¹⁾

Short-term debt of Fannie Mae **\$23,071 2.33** % \$24,896 2.29 % ⁽¹⁾ Includes the effects of discounts, premiums and other cost basis adjustments.

Intraday Line of Credit

We use a secured intraday funding line of credit provided by a large financial institution. We post collateral which, in some circumstances, the secured party has the right to repledge to third parties. As this line of credit is an uncommitted intraday loan facility, we may be unable to draw on it if and when needed. The line of credit under this facility was \$15.0 billion as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Fannie Mae (In conservatorship) **69**st Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Short-Term and Long-Term Debt

Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt represents debt with an original contractual maturity of greater than one year. The following table displays our outstanding long-term debt.

	As of							
	March 31, 201			December 31				
	Maturities	Outstanding	Weighted- Average Interest Rate ⁽¹⁾		Maturities	Outstanding	Weight Averag Interes Rate ⁽¹⁾	ge st
	(Dollars in mi	llions)						
Senior fixed:								
Benchmark notes and bonds	2019 - 2030	\$97,710	2.46	%	2019 - 2030	\$103,206	2.36	%
Medium-term notes ⁽²⁾	2019 - 2026	57,220	1.48		2019 - 2026	61,455	1.48	
Other ⁽³⁾	2019 - 2038	6,675	4.61		2019 - 2038	6,683	4.62	
Total senior fixed		161,605	2.20			171,344	2.13	
Senior floating:								
Medium-term notes ⁽²⁾	2020 - 2020	5,574	2.47		2019 - 2020	4,174	2.36	
Connecticut Avenue Securities ⁽⁴⁾	2023 - 2031	25,064	6.13		2023 - 2031	25,641	5.97	
Other ⁽⁵⁾	2020 - 2037	376	7.85		2020 - 2037	351	10.19	
Total senior floating		31,014	5.50			30,166	5.52	
Subordinated debentures	2019	5,502	9.67		2019	5,617	9.64	
Secured borrowings ⁽⁶⁾	2021 - 2022	46	2.06		2021 - 2022	51	1.96	
Total long-term debt of Fannie Mae ⁽⁷⁾		198,167	2.93			207,178	2.83	
Debt of consolidated trusts	2019 - 2058	3,173,772	3.06		2019 - 2058	3,159,846	3.03	
Total long-term debt		\$3,371,939	3.06	%		\$3,367,024	3.02	%

⁽¹⁾ Includes the effects of discounts, premiums and other cost basis adjustments.

Ac of

⁽²⁾ Includes long-term debt with an original contractual maturity of greater than 1 year and up to 10 years, excluding zero-coupon debt.

(3) Includes other long-term debt with an original contractual maturity of greater than 10 years and foreign exchange bonds. Credit risk-sharing securities that transfer a portion of the credit risk on specified pools of single-family mortgage loans to the investors in these

(4) securities, a portion of which is reported at fair value. Represents Connecticut Avenue Securities issued prior to the implementation of our CAS REMIC structure in November 2018. See "Note 2, Consolidations and Transfers of Financial Assets" in our 2018 Form 10-K for more information about our CAS REMIC structure.

⁽⁵⁾ Consists of structured debt instruments that are reported at fair value.

(6) Represents our remaining liability resulting from the transfer of financial assets from our condensed consolidated balance sheets that did not qualify as a sale under the accounting guidance for the transfer of financial instruments.

(7) Includes unamortized discounts and premiums, other cost basis adjustments and fair value adjustments of \$213 million and \$413 million as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

8. Derivative Instruments

Derivative instruments are an integral part of our strategy in managing interest rate risk. Derivative instruments may be privately-negotiated, bilateral contracts, or they may be listed and traded on an exchange. We refer to our derivative transactions made pursuant to bilateral contracts as our over-the-counter ("OTC") derivative transactions and our derivative transactions accepted for clearing by a derivatives clearing organization as our cleared derivative transactions. We typically do not settle the notional amount of our risk management derivatives; rather, notional amounts provide the basis for calculating actual payments or settlement amounts. The derivative contracts we use for interest rate risk management purposes consist primarily of interest rate swaps and interest rate options.

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We enter into various forms of credit risk-sharing agreements that we account for as derivatives, including some of our credit risk transfer transactions and swap credit enhancements. The majority of our credit-related derivatives are credit risk transfer transactions, whereby a portion of the credit risk associated with losses on a reference pool of mortgage loans is transferred to a third party. Additionally, we enter into derivative transactions that are associated with some of our other credit risk transfer transactions, whereby we manage investment risk to guarantee that certain unconsolidated VIEs have sufficient cash flows to pay their contractual obligations.

Fannie Mae (In conservatorship) F0st Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Derivative Instruments

We enter into forward purchase and sale commitments that lock in the future delivery of mortgage loans and mortgage-related securities at a fixed price or yield. Certain commitments to purchase mortgage loans and purchase or sell mortgage-related securities meet the criteria of a derivative. We typically settle the notional amount of our mortgage commitments that are accounted for as derivatives.

We recognize all derivatives as either assets or liabilities in our condensed consolidated balance sheets at their fair value on a trade date basis. Fair value amounts, which are netted to the extent a legal right of offset exists and is enforceable by law at the counterparty level and are inclusive of the right or obligation associated with the cash collateral posted or received, are recorded in "Other assets" or "Other liabilities" in our condensed consolidated balance sheets. See "Note 13, Fair Value" for additional information on derivatives recorded at fair value. We present cash flows from derivatives as operating activities in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

Notional and Fair Value Position of our Derivatives

The following table displays the notional amount and estimated fair value of our asset and liability derivative instruments.

	As of March 31, 2019				As of December 31, 2018					
	Asset Der	rivatives	Liability D	Derivativ	es	Asset Der	rivatives	Liability Derivativ		es
	Notional Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Notional Amount	Estimat Fair Value	ed	Notional Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Notional Amount	Estimat Fair Value	ted
	(Dollars in	n millions)								
Risk management derivatives:										
Swaps:										
Pay-fixed	\$70,599	\$ 171	\$22,538	\$ (823)	\$71,416	\$ 438	\$21,253	\$ (740)
Receive-fixed	89,157	1,037	53,059	(541)	88,799	1,113	58,399	(860)
Basis	273	129	_	_		250	104	624	_	
Foreign currency	226	35	228	(66)	221	22	223	(72)
Swaptions:										
Pay-fixed	5,350	46	5,625	(45)	10,375	191	1,000	(4)
Receive-fixed	1,100	51	6,375	(287)	500	20	7,375	(338)
Futures ⁽¹⁾	21,594	_	_	_		16,631	_	_	_	
Total gross risk management derivatives	188,299	1,469	87,825	(1,762)	188,192	1,888	88,874	(2,014)
Accrued interest receivable (payable)	_	395	_	(462)	_	400	_	(419)
Netting adjustment ⁽²⁾	_	(1,781)	_	2,126		_	(2,266)	_	2,315	
Total net risk management derivatives	\$188,299	\$83	\$87,825	\$ (98)	\$188,192	\$ 22	\$88,874	\$ (118)
Mortgage commitment derivatives:										
Mortgage commitments to purchase whole loans	\$3,901	\$ 26	\$2,153	\$ (3)	\$4,370	\$ 29	\$57	\$ —	
Forward contracts to purchase mortgage-related securities	53,514	403	9,649	(10)	40,650	349	1,045	(3)
Forward contracts to sell mortgage-related securities	10,547	10	86,515	(653)	292	1	70,593	(645)
Total mortgage commitment derivatives	67,962	439	98,317	(666)	45,312	379	71,695	(648)
Credit enhancement derivatives	32,745	62	2,874	(29)	33,431	57	919	(11)
Derivatives at fair value	\$289,006	•	\$189,016	\$ (793)	\$266,935	\$ 458	\$161,488	\$ (777)

⁽¹⁾ Futures have no ascribable fair value because the positions are settled daily.

The netting adjustment represents the effect of the legal right to offset under legally enforceable master netting arrangements to settle with the (2) same counterparty on a net basis, including cash collateral posted and received. Cash collateral posted was \$882 million and \$713 million as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. Cash collateral received was \$537 million and \$664 million as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. (In conservatorship) First Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Derivative Instruments

We record all derivative gains and losses, including accrued interest, in "Fair value gains (losses), net" in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income. The following table displays, by type of derivative instrument, the fair value gains and losses, net on our derivatives.

	For the Months March 3	Ended	
	2019	2018	
	(Dollars	s in millior	ıs)
Risk management derivatives:			
Swaps:			
Pay-fixed	\$(1,33	5) \$2,78	3
Receive-fixed	1,281	(2,387	7)
Basis	24	(23)
Foreign currency	19	16	
Swaptions:			
Pay-fixed	(177) 129	
Receive-fixed	7	(16)
Futures	59	8	
Net accrual of periodic settlements	(266) (215)
Total risk management derivatives fair value gains (losses), net	(388) 295	
Mortgage commitment derivatives fair value gains (losses), net	(300) 564	
Credit enhancement derivatives fair value gains (losses), net	(7) 4	
Total derivatives fair value gains (losses), net	\$(695)\$863	

Derivative Counterparty Credit Exposure

Our derivative counterparty credit exposure relates principally to interest rate derivative contracts. We are exposed to the risk that a counterparty in a derivative transaction will default on payments due to us, which may require us to seek a replacement derivative from a different counterparty. This replacement may be at a higher cost, or we may be unable to find a suitable replacement. We manage our derivative counterparty credit exposure relating to our risk management derivative transactions mainly through enforceable master netting arrangements, which allow us to net derivative assets and liabilities with the same counterparty or clearing organization and clearing member. For our OTC derivative transactions, we require counterparties to post collateral, which may include cash, U.S. Treasury securities, agency debt and agency mortgage-related securities. See "Note 12. Netting Arrangements" for information on our rights to offset assets and liabilities.

Fannie Mae (In conservatorship) Fitst Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Segment Reporting

9. Segment Reporting

We have two reportable business segments: Single-Family and Multifamily. Results of our two business segments are intended to reflect each segment as if it were a stand-alone business. The sum of the results for our two business segments equals our condensed consolidated results of operations.

Segment Allocations and Results

The majority of our revenues and expenses are directly associated with either our single-family or our multifamily business segment and are included in determining that segment's operating results. Other revenues and expenses, including administrative expenses, that are not directly attributable to a particular business segment are allocated based on the size of each segment's total book of business. The substantial majority of our gains and losses associated with our risk management derivatives are allocated to our single-family business segment.

The following table displays our segment results.

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,							
	2019			2018				
	Single-Fa	n Mly ltifamily	y Total	Single-F	Single-Family family			
	(Dollars i	n millions)						
Net interest income ⁽¹⁾	\$4,039	\$ 694	\$4,733	\$4,561	\$ 671	\$5,232		
Fee and other income ⁽²⁾	106	121	227	158	162	320		
Net revenues	4,145	815	4,960	4,719	833	5,552		
Investment gains, net ⁽³⁾	94	39	133	242	8	250		
Fair value gains (losses), net ⁽⁴⁾	(887)	56	(831)	1,034	11	1,045		
Administrative expenses	(631)	(113)	(744)	(643)	(107)	(750)		
Credit-related income (expense) ⁽⁵⁾								
Benefit (provision) for credit losses	661	(11)	650	196	21	217		
Foreclosed property income (expense)	(143)	3	(140)	(162)	_	(162)		
Total credit-related income (expense)	518	(8)	510	34	21	55		
TCCA fees ⁽⁶⁾	(593)	_	(593)	(557)	_	(557)		
Other expenses, net	(337)	(71)	(408)	(132)	(71)	(203)		
Income before federal income taxes	2,309	718	3,027	4,697	695	5,392		
Provision for federal income taxes	(484)	(143)	(627)	(1,016)	(115)	(1,131)		
Net income	\$1,825	\$ 575	\$2,400	\$3,681	\$ 580	\$4,261		

Net interest income primarily consists of guaranty fees received as compensation for assuming and managing the credit risk on loans underlying Fannie Mae MBS held by third parties for the respective business segment, and the difference between the interest income earned on the

(1) respective business segment's mortgage assets in our retained mortgage portfolio and the interest expense associated with the debt funding those assets. Revenues from single-family guaranty fees include revenues generated by the 10 basis point increase in guaranty fees pursuant to the TCCA, the incremental revenue from which is remitted to Treasury and not retained by us.

Single-Family fee and other income primarily consists of compensation for engaging in structured transactions and providing other lender (2) services, and income resulting from settlement agreements resolving certain claims relating to private-label securities we purchased or that we have guaranteed. Multifamily fee and other income consists of fees associated with multifamily business activities, including yield maintenance income.

(3) Investment gains and losses primarily consists of gains and losses on the sale of mortgage assets for the respective business segment. Single-Family fair value gains and losses primarily consist of fair value gains and losses on risk management and mortgage commitment

(4) derivatives, trading securities and other financial instruments associated with our single-family total book of business. Multifamily fair value gains and losses primarily consist of fair value gains and losses on MBS commitment derivatives, trading securities and other financial instruments associated with our multifamily total book of business.

Credit-related income or expense is based on the guaranty book of business of the respective business segment and consists of the applicable ⁽⁵⁾ segment's benefit or provision for credit losses and foreclosed property income or expense on loans underlying the segment's guaranty book of business.

⁽⁶⁾ Consists of the portion of our single-family guaranty fees that is remitted to Treasury pursuant to the TCCA.

Fannie Mae (In conservatorship) F3st Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Equity

10. Equity

The following table displays our accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI"), net of tax, by major categories.

	AS OT		
	March	December	
	31,	31,	
	2019	2018	
	(Dollars	in millions)	
Net unrealized gains on AFS securities for which we have not recorded OTTI	\$67	\$ 52	
Net unrealized gains on AFS securities for which we have recorded OTTI	173	224	
Other	43	46	
Accumulated other comprehensive income	\$283	\$ 322	

The following table displays changes in AOCI, net of tax.

	For the Three Months Ended March 3 2019 2018			ch 31,		
	AFS ⁽¹⁾ (Dollar			AFS ⁽¹⁾	Other	Total
Beginning balance	\$276	\$ 46	\$322	\$510	\$ 43	\$553
Reclassification of accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings resulting from the enactment of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act ⁽²⁾	—	_	_	110	7	117
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	8	—	8	(57)		(57)
Amounts reclassified from other comprehensive loss	(44)	(3)	(47)	(263)	(3)	(266)
Net other comprehensive loss	(36)	(3)	(39)	(320)	(3)	(323)
Ending balance	\$240	\$ 43	\$283	\$300	\$ 47	\$347

The amounts reclassified from AOCI represent the gain or loss recognized in earnings due to a sale of an AFS security or the recognition of net ⁽¹⁾ impairment in earnings, which are recorded in "Investment gains, net" in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.

(2) Reclassification from AOCI to retained earnings for the tax effects resulting from the enactment of tax legislation on December 22, 2017 that reduced the federal corporate income tax rate from 35% to 21% effective January 1, 2018.

11. Concentrations of Credit Risk Pick Characteristics of our Cuaranty Book of Busin

Risk Characteristics of our Guaranty Book of Business

One of the key measures by which we gauge our performance risk is the delinquency status of the mortgage loans in our guaranty book of business.

For single-family and multifamily loans, we use this information, in conjunction with housing market and economic conditions, to structure our pricing and our eligibility and underwriting criteria to reflect the current risk of loans with these higher-risk characteristics, and in some cases we decide to significantly reduce our participation in riskier loan product categories. Management also uses this data together with other credit risk measures to identify key trends that guide the development of our loss mitigation strategies.

Single-Family credit risk characteristics

For single-family loans, management monitors the serious delinquency rate, which is the percentage of single-family loans, based on the number of loans that are 90 days or more past due or in the foreclosure process, and loans that have higher risk characteristics, such as high mark-to-market LTV ratios.

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First Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Concentrations of Credit Risk

The following tables display the delinquency status and serious delinquency rates for specified loan categories of our single-family conventional guaranty book of business.

	As of									
	March 31, 2019 ⁽¹⁾			December 31, 2018 ⁽¹⁾						
	30 Days Delinqı	60 Da Delino Jent		Serious Delinqu		30 Days Delinqu	60 Day Delinquient		Seriou Delinq	
Percentage of single-family conventional guaranty book of business ⁽³⁾	1.15%	0.31	%	0.67	%	1.17%	0.32	%	0.69	%
Percentage of single-family conventional loans ⁽⁴⁾	1.32	0.35		0.74		1.37	0.38		0.76	

	As of					
	March 31, 2019 ⁽¹⁾ Percentage of Single-Family Conventional	Seriously Delinquent Rate ⁽²⁾		December 31, 2018 ⁽¹⁾ Percentage of Single-Family Conventional	Seriou Delinq Rate ⁽²⁾	uent
	Guaranty Book of Business ⁽³⁾	Thate()		Guaranty Book of Business ⁽³⁾	nate	
Estimated mark-to-market LTV ratio	:					
Greater than 100%	*	9.35	%	*	9.85	%
Geographical distribution:						
California	19	0.34		19	0.34	
Florida	6	1.03		6	1.16	
New Jersey	3	1.32		4	1.38	
New York	5	1.38		5	1.40	
All other states	67	0.72		66	0.75	
Product distribution:						
Alt-A	2	3.31		2	3.35	
Vintages:						
2004 and prior	3	2.68		3	2.69	
2005-2008	4	4.50		5	4.61	
2009-2019	93	0.33		92	0.34	

* Represents less than 0.5% of single-family conventional business volume or book of business.

(1) Consists of the portion of our single-family conventional guaranty book of business for which we have detailed loan level information, which constituted approximately 99% of our single-family conventional guaranty book of business as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

(2) Consists of single-family conventional loans that were 90 days or more past due or in the foreclosure process as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

(3) Calculated based on the aggregate unpaid principal balance of single-family conventional loans for each category divided by the aggregate unpaid principal balance of loans in our single-family conventional guaranty book of business.

(4) Calculated based on the number of single-family conventional loans that were delinquent divided by the total number of loans in our single-family conventional guaranty book of business.

Multifamily credit risk characteristics

For multifamily loans, management monitors the serious delinquency rate, which is the percentage of multifamily loans, based on unpaid principal balance, that are 60 days or more past due, and other loans that have higher risk characteristics, to determine our overall credit quality indicator. Higher risk characteristics include, but are not limited to, current debt service coverage ratio ("DSCR") below 1.0 and high original LTV ratios. We stratify multifamily loans into different internal risk categories based on the credit risk inherent in each individual loan.

₽ānnie Mae (In conservatorship) First Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Concentrations of Credit Risk

The following tables display the delinquency status and serious delinquency rates for specified loan categories of our total multifamily guaranty book of business.

		As of					
	March 31, 2019 ⁽¹⁾			December 31, 2018 ⁽¹⁾			
		30 Days Delinquent	Seriously Delinquent ⁽²⁾	30 Seriously Days Delinquent ⁽²⁾ Delinquent			
Percentage of multifamily g	guaranty book of busine	ess *	0.07 %	0.02% 0.06 %			
	As of						
	Percentage of Multifa heilg entage Guara ße riously Book Delinquent ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ of	December 31, 2018 Percentage of Multifa Peil gentage Guara Se riously Book Delinquent ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ of Business ⁽¹⁾					
Original LTV ratio:							
Greater than 80%	1 % — %	1 % — %					
Less than or equal to 80%	99 0.07	99 0.06					

Current DSCR below 1.0⁽⁴⁾ 2 0.62 2 1.38

* Represents less than 0.005% of multifamily loans that were 30 days delinquent.

- (1) Calculated based on the aggregate unpaid principal balance of multifamily loans for each category divided by the aggregate unpaid principal balance of loans in our multifamily guaranty book of business.
- ⁽²⁾ Consists of multifamily loans that were 60 days or more past due as of the dates indicated.
- (3) Calculated based on the unpaid principal balance of multifamily loans that were seriously delinquent divided by the aggregate unpaid principal balance of multifamily loans for each category included in our multifamily guaranty book of business.
- Our estimates of current DSCRs are based on the latest available income information for these properties. Although we use the most recently
- (4) available results of our multifamily borrowers, there is a lag in reporting, which typically can range from 3 to 6 months but in some cases may be longer.

Other Concentrations

Mortgage Insurers. Mortgage insurance "risk in force" refers to our maximum potential loss recovery under the applicable mortgage insurance policies in force and is generally based on the loan level insurance coverage percentage and, if applicable, any aggregate pool loss limit, as specified in the policy.

The following table displays our total mortgage insurance risk in force by primary and pool insurance, as well as the total risk in force mortgage insurance coverage as a percentage of the single-family guaranty book of business.

	As of						
	March 31, 2	2019	December 31, 2018				
	Risk in Force	Percentage of Single-Family Guaranty Book of Business	Risk in Force	Percentage of Single-Family Guaranty Book of Business			
	(Dollars in	(Dollars in millions)					
Mortgage insurance risk in							
force:							
Primary mortgage insurance	\$154,823		\$152,379				
Pool mortgage insurance	400		409				
Total mortgage insurance risk in force	\$155,223	5%	\$152,788	5%			

Fannie Mae (In conservatorship) First Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Concentrations of Credit Risk

The table below displays our mortgage insurer counterparties that provided approximately 10% or more of the risk in force mortgage insurance coverage on mortgage loans in our single-family guaranty book of business.

	Percentage of Risk in Force Coverage by Mortgage Insure As of				
	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018			
Counterparty:(1)					
Arch Capital Group Ltd.	24 %	25 %			
Radian Guaranty, Inc.	21	21			
Mortgage Guaranty Insurance Corp.	18	18			
Genworth Mortgage Insurance Corp. ⁽²⁾	15	15			
Essent Guaranty, Inc.	12	12			
Others	10	9			
Total	100%	100 %			
(4)					

(1) Insurance coverage amounts provided for each counterparty may include coverage provided by affiliates and subsidiaries of the counterparty. Genworth Financial, Inc., the ultimate parent company of Genworth Mortgage Insurance Corp., is in the process of being acquired by China

(2) Oceanwide Holdings Group Co., Ltd. We have approved the acquisition subject to specified conditions, including Genworth Financial, Inc. receiving all required and outstanding regulatory approvals. Upon acquisition, Genworth Mortgage Insurance Corp. will continue to be subject to our ongoing review of financial and operational eligibility requirements.

Three of our mortgage insurer counterparties that are currently not approved to write new business are in run-off: PMI Mortgage Insurance Co. ("PMI"), Triad Guaranty Insurance Corporation ("Triad") and Republic Mortgage Insurance Company ("RMIC"). Entering run-off may close off a source of profits and liquidity that may have otherwise assisted a mortgage insurer in paying claims under insurance policies, and could also cause the quality and speed of its claims processing to deteriorate. These three mortgage insurers provided a combined \$4.4 billion, or 3%, of our risk in force mortgage insurance coverage of our single-family guaranty book of business as of March 31, 2019.

PMI and Triad have been paying only a portion of policyholder claims and deferring the remaining portion. PMI is currently paying 74.5% of claims under its mortgage insurance policies in cash and is deferring the remaining 25.5%, and Triad is currently paying 75% of claims in cash and deferring the remaining 25%. It is uncertain whether PMI or Triad will be permitted in the future to pay any remaining deferred policyholder claims and/or increase or decrease the amount of cash they pay on claims. RMIC is no longer deferring payments on policyholder claims and has paid us its previously outstanding deferred payment obligations as well as interest on those obligations; however, RMIC remains in run-off.

We have counterparty credit risk relating to the potential insolvency of, or non-performance by, mortgage insurers that insure single-family loans we purchase or guarantee. There is risk that these counterparties may fail to fulfill their obligations to pay our claims under insurance policies. If we determine that it is probable that we will not collect all of our claims from one or more of our mortgage insurer counterparties, it could increase our loss reserves, which could adversely affect our results of operations, liquidity, financial condition and net worth.

When we estimate the credit losses that are inherent in our mortgage loans and under the terms of our guaranty obligations we also consider the recoveries that we will receive on primary mortgage insurance, as mortgage insurance recoveries would reduce the severity of the loss associated with defaulted loans. We evaluate the financial condition of our mortgage insurer counterparties and adjust the contractually due recovery amounts to ensure that only probable losses as of the balance sheet date are included in our loss reserve estimate. As a result, if our assessment of one or more of our mortgage insurer counterparties' ability to fulfill their respective obligations to us worsens, it could increase our loss reserves. As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, our

estimated benefit from mortgage insurance reduced our loss reserves by \$665 million and \$691 million, respectively.

As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, we had outstanding receivables of \$699 million and \$745 million, respectively, recorded in "Other assets" in our condensed consolidated balance sheets related to amounts claimed on insured, defaulted loans excluding government-insured loans. As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, we assessed these outstanding receivables for collectibility, and established a valuation allowance of \$544 million and \$564 million, respectively, which reduces our claim

receivable to the amount considered probable of collection.

Mortgage Servicers and Sellers. Mortgage servicers collect mortgage and escrow payments from borrowers, pay taxes and insurance costs from escrow accounts, monitor and report delinquencies, and perform other required activities on our behalf. Our mortgage servicers and sellers may also be obligated to repurchase loans or foreclosed properties, reimburse us for losses or provide other remedies under certain circumstances, such as if it is determined that the mortgage loan did not meet our underwriting or eligibility requirements, if certain loan representations and warranties are violated or if mortgage insurers

Fannie Mae (In conservatorship) First Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Concentrations of Credit Risk

rescind coverage. Our representation and warranty framework does not require repurchase for loans that have breaches of certain selling representations and warranties if they have met specified criteria for relief.

Our business with mortgage servicers is concentrated. The table below displays the percentage of our single-family guaranty book of business serviced by our top five depository single-family mortgage servicers and top five non-depository single-family mortgage servicers, and identifies one servicer that serviced more than 10% of our single-family guaranty book of business based on unpaid principal balance.

Single- Guarar	Family nty Bo	у
March 31, 2019	Dece 31, 2	ember 018
18 %	18	%
15	16	
25	22	
58 %	56	%
	Single- Guarar Busine As of March 31, 2019 18 % 15 25	March 31, 2019 Dece 31, 31,2 18 % 18 15 16 25 22

There was an increase in the portion of our single-family guaranty book serviced by our top five non-depository servicers, particularly for our delinquent single-family loans. Compared with depository financial institutions, these institutions pose additional risks to us because they may not have the same financial strength or operational capacity, or be subject to the same level of regulatory oversight, as our largest mortgage servicer counterparties, which are mostly depository institutions. The table below displays the percentage of our multifamily guaranty book of business serviced by our top five multifamily mortgage servicers, and identifies two servicers that serviced 10% or more of our multifamily guaranty book of business based on unpaid

	Perce Multif Guara of Bus	amily inty B	Book
	As of		
	March 31, 2019	Decembe 31, 2018	
Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (together with its affiliates)	14%	14	%
Walker & Dunlop, LLC	12	12	
Remaining top five servicers	22	22	
Total	48%	48	%
If a aignificant mortgage convicer or coller countered	rtu or i		ahar a

If a significant mortgage servicer or seller counterparty, or a number of mortgage servicers or sellers, fails to meet their obligations to us, it could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. We mitigate these risks in several ways, including: establishing minimum standards and financial requirements for our servicers;

monitoring financial and portfolio performance as compared with peers and internal benchmarks; and

for our largest mortgage servicers, conducting periodic on-site and financial reviews to confirm compliance with servicing guidelines and servicing performance expectations.

We may take one or more of the following actions to mitigate our credit exposure to mortgage servicers that present a higher risk: require a guaranty of obligations by higher-rated entities;

transfer exposure to third parties;

require collateral;

principal balance

establish more stringent financial requirements;

work on-site with underperforming major servicers to improve operational processes; and

suspend or terminate the selling and servicing relationship if deemed necessary.

Derivative Counterparties. For information on credit risk associated with our derivative transactions and repurchase agreements see "Note 8, Derivative Instruments" and "Note 12, Netting Arrangements."

Fannie Mae (In conservatorship) **F8**st Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Netting Arrangements

12. Netting Arrangements

We use master netting arrangements, which allow us to offset certain financial instruments and collateral with the same counterparty, to minimize counterparty credit exposure. The tables below display information related to derivatives, securities purchased under agreements to resell or similar arrangements, and securities sold under agreements to repurchase or similar arrangements, which are subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement that are either offset or not offset in our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

As of March 31, 2019

	AS OF Mar	ch 31, 2018	1		
	Gross Amount	Gross Amount Offset ⁽¹⁾	Net Amount Presented in our Condensed Consolidated Balance	Amounts Not Offset in our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets Financial Instruments ⁽²⁾	
	(Dollare i	n millions)	Sheets		
Assets:		n minions)			
OTC risk management derivatives	\$1.864	\$(1,801)) \$63	\$— \$—	\$63
Cleared risk management derivatives	φ1,001 —	20	20	φ φ 	20
Mortgage commitment derivatives	439		439	(223) (14	202
Total derivative assets	2,303	(1,781		. , . ,	285
Securities purchased under agreements to resell or similar arrangements ⁽⁵⁾	39,850		39,850	— (39,850 <u>)</u>	
Total assets	\$42,153	\$(1,781)) \$40,372	\$(223) \$(39,864)	\$ 285
Liabilities:					
OTC risk management derivatives	\$(2,224)	\$2,143	\$(81)	\$— \$—	\$(81)
Cleared risk management derivatives	_	(17) (17)	— 10	(7)
Mortgage commitment derivatives	(666) —	(666)	223 416	(27)
Total derivative liabilities	(2,890) 2,126	(764) ⁽⁴⁾	223 426	(115)
Total liabilities	\$(2,890)	\$2,126	\$(764)	\$223 \$426	\$(115)
	As of Dece	ember 31, 2	018		
		Gross Amount Offset ⁽¹⁾	Net Amount Presented in our Condensed Consolidated	Amounts Not Offset in our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets	
	Gross Amount	Onsett	Balance Sheets	Financial Instruments ⁽²⁾	Net Amount
	(Dollars in	millions)			
Assets:					
OTC risk management derivatives	\$2,288	\$(2,273)	\$15	\$— \$—	\$15
Cleared risk management derivatives	—	7	7		7
Mortgage commitment derivatives	379	_	379	(153) (7)	219
Total derivative assets	2,667	(2,266)	401 (4)	(153) (7)	241
Securities purchased under agreements to resell or similar arrangements ⁽⁵⁾	48,288	_	48,288	— (48,288)	_
-					
Total assets Liabilities:	\$50,955	\$(2,266)	\$48,689	\$(153) \$(48,295)	\$ 241

Cleared risk management derivatives	— (27)) (27)	—	23	(4)
Mortgage commitment derivatives	(648) —	(648)	153	466	(29)
Total derivative liabilities	(3,081) 2,315	(766) ⁽⁴⁾	153	489	(124)
Total liabilities	\$(3,081) \$2,315	\$(766)	\$153	\$489	\$ (124)
Fannie Mae (In conservatorship) F9 st Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q						

- Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Netting Arrangements
- (1) Represents the effect of the right to offset under legally enforceable master netting arrangements to settle with the same counterparty on a net basis, including cash collateral posted and received and accrued interest.
- (2) Mortgage commitment derivative amounts reflect where we have recognized both an asset and a liability with the same counterparty under an enforceable master netting arrangement but we have not elected to offset the related amounts in our condensed consolidated balance sheets. Represents collateral received that has not been recognized and is not offset in our condensed consolidated balance sheets as well as collateral posted which has been recognized but not offset in our condensed consolidated balance sheets as well as collateral we
- pledged was \$1.8 billion and \$1.9 billion as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively, which the counterparty was permitted to sell or repledge. The fair value of non-cash collateral received was \$39.9 billion and \$48.4 billion, of which \$33.9 billion and \$45.7 billion could be sold or repledged as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. None of the underlying collateral was sold or repledged as of March 31, 2018.

Excludes derivative assets of \$62 million and \$57 million as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively, and derivative liabilities of

⁽⁴⁾ \$29 million and \$11 million recognized in our condensed consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively, that are not subject to enforceable master netting arrangements.

(5) Includes \$17.6 billion and \$15.4 billion in securities purchased under agreements to resell classified as "Cash and cash equivalents" in our condensed consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

Derivative instruments are recorded at fair value and securities purchased under agreements to resell or similar arrangements are recorded at amortized cost in our condensed consolidated balance sheets. For how we determine our rights to offset the assets and liabilities presented above with the same counterparty, including collateral posted or received, see "Note 14, Netting Arrangements" in our2018 Form 10-K.

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13. Fair Value

We use fair value measurements for the initial recording of certain assets and liabilities and periodic remeasurement of certain assets and liabilities on a recurring or nonrecurring basis.

Fair Value Measurement

Fair value measurement guidance defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and sets forth disclosures around fair value measurements. This guidance applies whenever other accounting guidance requires or permits assets or liabilities to be measured at fair value. The guidance establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs into the valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority, Level 1, to measurements based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. The next highest priority, Level 2, is given to measurements of assets and liabilities based on limited observable inputs or observable inputs for similar assets and liabilities. The lowest priority, Level 3, is given to measurements based on unobservable inputs.

Recurring Changes in Fair Value

The following tables display our assets and liabilities measured in our condensed consolidated balance sheets at fair value on a recurring basis subsequent to initial recognition, including instruments for which we have elected the fair value option.

	Fair Value Measurements as of March 31, 2019								
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Netting Adjustment ⁽¹⁾	Estimated Fair Value				
Desuming fair value measurementer	(Dollars in	millions)							
Recurring fair value measurements: Assets:									
Trading securities:									
Mortgage-related securities:									
Fannie Mae	\$—	\$1,516	\$ 67	\$ <i>—</i>	\$1,583				
Other agency	Ψ —	3,158	φ σ, —	↓ 	3,158				
Private-label and other mortgage securities		1,054	_	_	1,054				
Non-mortgage-related securities:		,			,				
U.S. Treasury securities	35,020	_	_		35,020				
Other securities	_	84	_	_	84				
Total trading securities	35,020	5,812	67	_	40,899				
Available-for-sale securities:									
Mortgage-related securities:									
Fannie Mae	—	1,553	199	—	1,752				
Other agency	—	242	—	_	242				
Alt-A and subprime private-label securities	—	429	23	_	452				
Mortgage revenue bonds	—	—	425	—	425				
Other	—	6	337		343				
Total available-for-sale securities	—	2,230	984		3,214				
Mortgage loans	—	7,818	934	—	8,752				
Other assets:									
Risk management derivatives:									
Swaps	—	1,633	134	_	1,767				

Fair Value Measurements as of March 31, 2019

Swaptions	_	97	_	_		97
Netting adjustment	_	_	_	(1,781)	(1,781)
Mortgage commitment derivatives	_	399	40	_		439
Credit enhancement derivatives	—	—	62	—		62
Total other assets	_	2,129	236	(1,781)	584
Total assets at fair value	\$35,020	\$17,989	\$ 2,221	\$ (1,781)	\$53,449
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	Fair Value Measurements as of March 31, 2019										
	Quoi Price										
	Activ Mark		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Netting Adjustment ⁽¹⁾	Estimated Fair Value						
	(Do	llars in millio	ons)								
Liabilities:											
Long-term debt:											
Of Fannie Mae:	•	* • • • • •		•	* • • • • •						
Senior floating	\$—	- \$6,306	\$ 376	\$ <i>—</i>	\$6,682						
Total of Fannie Mae		6,306	376	—	6,682						
Of consolidated trusts	—	22,826	224	—	23,050						
Total long-term debt	—	29,132	600	_	29,732						
Other liabilities:											
Risk management derivatives:											
Swaps	—	1,891	1	—	1,892						
Swaptions	—	332	_	_	332						
Netting adjustment	—	—	_	(2,126)	(2,126)						
Mortgage commitment derivatives	—	663	3	—	666						
Credit enhancement derivatives	—	—	29	—	29						
Total other liabilities	—	2,886	33	(2,126)	793						
Total liabilities at fair value	\$—	- \$32,018	\$ 633	\$ (2,126)	\$30,525						

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	Fair Value Measurements as of December 31, 2018 Quoted								
	Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) (Dollars in	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	•	Estimated) Fair Value				
Recurring fair value measurements:	· ·	,							
Assets:									
Cash equivalents ⁽²⁾	\$748	\$—	\$ —	\$—	\$748				
Trading securities:									
Mortgage-related securities:									
Fannie Mae	_	1,435	32	_	1,467				
Other agency	_	3,503	_	_	3,503				
Private-label and other mortgage securities	—	1,305	1	_	1,306				
Non-mortgage-related securities:									
U.S. Treasury securities	35,502	—	—	—	35,502				
Other Securities	—	89	—	—	89				
Total trading securities	35,502	6,332	33	—	41,867				
Available-for-sale securities:									
Mortgage-related securities:									
Fannie Mae	—	1,645	152	—	1,797				
Other agency	—	256	—	—	256				
Alt-A and subprime private-label securities	—	568	24	—	592				
Mortgage revenue bonds	—	—	434	—	434				
Other	—	8	342	—	350				
Total available-for-sale securities	—	2,477	952	—	3,429				
Mortgage loans	—	7,985	937	—	8,922				
Other assets:									
Risk management derivatives:									
Swaps	—	1,962	115	—	2,077				
Swaptions	—	211	—		211				
Netting adjustment	—	_	—	(2,266					
Mortgage commitment derivatives	—	342	37	—	379				
Credit enhancement derivatives	—	_	57		57				
Total other assets	<u> </u>	2,515	209	(2,266					
Total assets at fair value	\$36,250	\$19,309	\$ 2,131	\$ (2,266	\$55,424				

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	Fair Value Measurements as of December 31, 2018											
	Quot Price											
	for Ident Asse (Leve 1)	(Level 2) IS el	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Netting Adjustment	t(1)	Estimated Fair Value						
	(Do	llars in millio	ons)									
Liabilities:												
Long-term debt: Of Fannie Mae:												
Senior floating		\$6,475	\$ 351	\$ —		\$6,826						
Total of Fannie Mae	Ψ	6,475	351	ψ—		\$0,820 6,826						
Of consolidated trusts		23,552	201			0,020 23,753						
Total long-term debt	_	30,027	552	_		30,579						
Other liabilities:		00,027	55 <u>2</u>			00,070						
Risk management derivatives:												
Swaps		2,089	2	_		2,091						
Swaptions	_	342	_	_		342						
Netting adjustment	_	_	_	(2,315)	(2,315)						
Mortgage commitment derivatives		646	2		,	648						
Credit enhancement derivatives	_	_	11	_		11						
Total other liabilities	_	3,077	15	(2,315)	777						
Total liabilities at fair value	\$—	\$ 33,104	\$ 567	\$ (2,315)	\$31,356						

(1) Derivative contracts are reported on a gross basis by level. The netting adjustment represents the effect of the legal right to offset under legally enforceable master netting arrangements to settle with the same counterparty on a net basis, including cash collateral posted and received.

⁽²⁾ Cash equivalents are comprised of U.S. Treasuries that have a maturity at the date of acquisition of three months or less.

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The following tables display a reconciliation of all assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3). The tables also display gains and losses due to changes in fair value, including realized and unrealized gains and losses, recognized in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income for Level 3 assets and liabilities.

	Fair Value Measurements Using Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)												
	For the	(Realized/Unrealized) Ui Gi (L								Net Unrealized Gains (Losses)	Gains		
	Decembe 31, 2018	Income	Included in Total OCI Gain/(Loss)(1		ses(23ale	s(2)Issu	es(3)Settlemen	ts(3		s Transfers into Level 3	Balance, March 31, 2019	Included in Net Income Related to Assets and Liabilities Still Held as of March 31, 2019(5)(6)	(Losses) Included in OCI Related to Assets and Liabilities Still Held as of March 31, 2019(1)
Trading securities:	(Dollar	s in million	S)										
Mortgage-related:													
Fannie Mae	\$32	\$2	\$ —	\$	—\$	\$	_\$ _		\$ <i>—</i>	\$ 33	\$67	\$ 2	\$ —
Private-label and other mortgage	1			_			(1	١			_		_
securities	\$33	\$2 (6)(7)	ተ	\$	۴	¢		,	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ 33	\$67	\$ 2	\$ —
Total trading securities	φ 33	φ∠ (6)(7)	\$ —	Φ	—⊅	φ	—\$ (1)	⊅ —	Ф 33	Φ0 1	φ∠	ъ —
Available-for-sale securities:													
Mortgage-related:													
Fannie Mae	\$152	\$—	\$4	\$	—\$	\$	_\$		\$(41)	\$84	\$199	\$ —	\$ 2
Alt-A and subprime private-label securities	24	_	_	_	_	_	(1)	_	_	23	_	_
Mortgage revenue bonds	434	_	—	—	—	—	(9)	—	—	425	—	—
Other	342	7	(5)	—	—	—	(8)	—	1	337	—	(4)
Total available-for-sale securities	\$952	\$7 (7)(8)	\$ (1)	\$	—\$	-\$	—\$ (18)	\$(41)	\$85	\$984	\$ —	\$ (2)
Mortgage loans	\$937	\$14 (6)(7)	\$ —	\$	—\$	\$	\$ (34)	\$(28)	\$45	\$934	\$ 11	\$ —
Net derivatives	194	98 (6)	—	—	—	—	(89)	—	—	203	44	—
Long-term debt:													
Of Fannie Mae:													
Senior floating	(351)	(25)	_	—	—	—	—		—	—	(376)	(25)	_
Of consolidated trusts	(201)	(3)	_		_		5		49	(74)	(224)	(1)	_
Total long-term debt	\$(552)	\$(28)(6)	\$ —	\$	—\$	\$	— \$ 5		\$ 49	\$(74)	\$(600)	\$ (26)	\$ —

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Fair Value Measurements Using Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)

	Balance, December 31, 2017	Three Mon Total Gains ((Realized/Un Included in Net Income	Losses) realized) Included in Total OCI (Loss)(1)		n 31, 2018 s(Spales(2)	lssues(3)Settlements	Transfers (3) ^{out} of Level 3(4)	Transfer: into Level 3	s Balance, March 31, 2018	Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) Included in Net Income Related to Assets and Liabilities Still Held as of March 31, 2018(5)(6)	Gains (Losses) Included in OCI Related to Assets and Liabilities Still Held as of March 31, 2019(1)
Trading securities:												
Mortgage-related:												
Fannie Mae	\$971	\$171	\$—	\$1	\$(1,060)	\$ —	\$ —	\$—	\$—	\$83	\$1	\$—
Other agency	35	(1)	—	_	_	_	(1) (33)	—	—	_	_
Private-label and other mortgage securities	195	(85)	—	—	—	—	(5) (104)	—	1	—	—
Total trading securities	\$1,201	\$85 ⁽⁶⁾⁽⁷	⁾ \$—	\$1	\$(1,060)	\$ —	\$ (6	\$(137)	\$—	\$84	\$1	\$—
Available-for-sale securities: Mortgage-related: Fannie Mae Alt-A and subprime private-label securities	\$208 77	\$— —	\$ (4) (45)	\$ —	\$— —	\$ — —	• () \$—) (4)	\$— —	\$202 27	\$ — —	\$ (3) 1
Mortgage revenue bonds	671	11	(13)	_	(11)	_	(119) —	_	539	_	(8)
Other	357	7	(2)	_	_	_	(11) —	_	351	_	_
Total available-for-sale securities	\$1,313	\$18 (7)(8) \$ (64)	\$ —	\$(11)	\$ —	\$ (133	\$(4)	\$—	\$1,119	\$ —	\$(10)
Mortgage loans Net derivatives Long-term debt: Of Fannie Mae:	\$1,116 134	\$17 (6)(7 (58)(6)) \$ — —	\$ — —	\$— —	\$ — —	\$ (48) 4) \$(36) 53	\$ 53 —	\$1,102 133	\$11 (22)	\$ — —
Senior floating	(376)	19	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(357)	19	_
Of consolidated trusts	(582)	3	_	_	_	1	10	154	(48)	(462)	1	_
Total long-term debt	\$(958)	\$22 (6)	\$—	\$ —	\$—	\$1	\$ 10	\$154	\$(48)	\$(819)	\$ 20	\$—

Gains (losses) included in other comprehensive loss are included in "Changes in unrealized gains on AFS securities, net of reclassification (1) adjustments and taxes" in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.

Purchases and sales include activity related to the consolidation and deconsolidation of assets of securitization trusts. For the three months (2) ended March 31, 2018, includes the dissolution of a Fannie Mae-wrapped private-label securities trust.

(3) Issues and settlements include activity related to the consolidation and deconsolidation of liabilities of securitization trusts.

Transfers out of Level 3 during the first quarter of 2018 consisted primarily of mortgage loans of consolidated trusts for which unobservable inputs used in valuations became less significant. Transfers out of Level 3 also included private-label mortgage-related securities backed by (4) Alt-A loans and subprime loans. Prices for these securities were available from multiple third-party vendors and demonstrated an increased and sustained level of observability over time.

(5)

Amount represents temporary changes in fair value. Amortization, accretion and OTTI are not considered unrealized and are not included in this amount.

- (6) Gains (losses) are included in "Fair value gains (losses), net" in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.
- ⁽⁷⁾ Gains (losses) are included in "Net interest income" in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.
- ⁽⁸⁾ Gains (losses) are included in "Investment gains, net" in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.

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The following tables display valuation techniques and the range and the weighted average of significant unobservable inputs for our Level 3 assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, excluding instruments for which we have elected the fair value option. Changes in these unobservable inputs can result in significantly higher or lower fair value measurements of these assets and liabilities as of the reporting date.

	Fair Value Measurements as of March 31, 2019						
	Value	Significant Valuation Techniques ars in millions)	Significant Unobservable Inputs ⁽¹⁾	Range ⁽¹⁾	Weighted - Average ⁽¹⁾		
Recurring fair value measurements:							
Trading securities:							
Mortgage-related securities:							
Agency ⁽²⁾	\$67	Various					
Available-for-sale securities:							
Mortgage-related securities:							
Agency ⁽²⁾	\$105	Consensus					
	94	Various					
Total agency	199						
Alt-A and subprime private-label securities	23	Various					
Mortgage revenue bonds	304	Single Vendor	Spreads (bps)	16.0-265.2	71.2		
	121	Various					
Total mortgage revenue bonds	425						
Other	289	Discounted Cash Flow	Default Rate (%)	4.1	4.1		
			Prepayment Speed (%)	4.6	4.6		
			Severity (%)	95.0	95.0		
			Spreads (bps)	68.2-290.0	289.4		
	48	Various					
Total other	337						
Total available-for-sale securities	\$984						
Net derivatives	\$132	Dealer Mark					
	71	Various					
Total net derivatives	\$203						
Fannie Mae (In conservatorship) Birst Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q							

	Fair Value	/alue Measurements as of D Significant Valuation Techniques ars in millions)	ecember 31, 2018 Significant Unobservable Inputs ⁽¹⁾	Range ⁽¹⁾	Weighted - Average ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
Recurring fair value measurements:					
Trading securities:					
Mortgage-related securities:					
Agency ⁽²⁾	\$32	Various			
Private-label securities and other	1	Various			
mortgage securities	I	various			
Total trading securities	\$33				
Available-for-sale securities:					
Mortgage-related securities:					
Agency ⁽²⁾	\$152	Various			
Alt-A and subprime private-label securities		Various			
Mortgage revenue bonds	349	Single Vendor	Spreads(bps)	(0.5)-332.8	59.0
	85	Various			
Total mortgage revenue bonds	434				
Other	294	Discounted Cash Flow	Default Rate(%)	4.7	4.7
			Prepayment Speed(%)	8.2	8.2
			Severity(%)	70.0	70.0
			Spreads(bps)	75.4 - 390.0	389.1
	48	Various			
Total other	342				
Total available-for-sale securities	\$952				
Net derivatives	\$113	Dealers Mark			
	81	Various			
Total net derivatives	\$194				

Valuation techniques for which no unobservable inputs are disclosed generally reflect the use of third-party pricing services or dealers, and the (1) range of unobservable inputs applied by these sources is not readily available or cannot be reasonably estimated. Where we have disclosed unobservable inputs for consensus and single vendor techniques, those inputs are based on our validations performed at the security level using

discounted cash flows.

 $\ensuremath{^{(2)}}$ Unobservable inputs were weighted by the relative fair value of the instruments.

In our condensed consolidated balance sheets certain assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis; that is, the instruments are not measured at fair value on an ongoing basis but are subject to fair value adjustments in certain circumstances (for example, when we evaluate loans for impairment). We had no Level 1 assets or liabilities held as of March 31, 2019 or December 31, 2018 that were measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. We held \$946 million and \$91 million in Level 2 assets, comprised of mortgage loans held for sale, and no Level 2 liabilities that were measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

Bannie Mae (In conservatorship) First Quarter 2019 Form 10-Q

The following table displays valuation techniques for our Level 3 assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. The significant unobservable inputs related to these techniques primarily relate to collateral dependent valuations. The related ranges and weighted averages are not meaningful when aggregated as they vary significantly from property to property.

		Fair Value Measurements as of	
	Valuation Techniques	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Nonrecurring fair value measurements:			
Mortgage loans held for sale, at lower of cost or fair value	Consensus	\$1,487	\$ 631
	Single Vendor	828	1,119
	Various	1	_
Total mortgage loans held for sale, at lower of cost or fair value		2,316	1,750
Single-family mortgage loans held for investment, at amortized cost	Internal Model	609	818
Multifamily mortgage loans held for investment, at amortized cost	Asset Manager Estimate	153	102
	Various	10	40
Total multifamily mortgage loans held for investment, at amortized cost Acquired property, net: ⁽¹⁾		163	142
Single-family	Accepted Offers	153	151
	Appraisals	346	419
	Walk Forwards	158	181
	Internal Model	147	219
	Various	37	41
Total single-family		841	1,011
Multifamily	Various	5	50
Other assets	Various	—	_
Total nonrecurring assets at fair value		\$3,934	\$ 3,771

(1) The most commonly used techniques in our valuation of acquired property are proprietary home price model and third-party valuations (both current and walk forward). Based on the number of properties measured as of March 31, 2019, these methodologies comprised approximately