FTI CONSULTING INC
Form 10-Q
October 27 2016

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2016

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 001-14875

FTI CONSULTING, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Maryland 52-1261113 (State or Other Jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer

Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)

1101 K Street NW,

Washington, D.C. 20005 (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(202) 312-9100

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web Site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class Outstanding at October 20, 2016 Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share 42,376,005

FTI CONSULTING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

FTI Consulting, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(in thousands, except per share data)

Item 1. Financial Statements

Assets	September 30, 2016 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2015
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 225,184	\$ 149,760
Accounts receivable:		
Billed receivables	416,960	405,000
Unbilled receivables	326,297	280,538
Allowance for doubtful accounts and unbilled services	(195,669	(185,754)
Accounts receivable, net	547,588	499,784
Current portion of notes receivable	32,490	36,115
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	58,804	55,966
Total current assets	864,066	741,625
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	66,422	74,760
Goodwill	1,188,230	1,198,298
Other intangible assets, net of amortization	54,493	63,935
Notes receivable, net of current portion	112,364	106,882
Other assets	56,043	43,518
Total assets	\$ 2,341,618	\$ 2,229,018
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other	\$ 97,144	\$ 89,845
Accrued compensation	229,611	227,783
Billings in excess of services provided	38,774	29,449
Total current liabilities	365,529	347,077
Long-term debt, net	470,339	494,772
Deferred income taxes	170,768	139,787
Other liabilities	103,397	99,779
Total liabilities	1,110,033	1,081,415
Commitments and contingent liabilities (note 10)		
Stockholders' equity		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; shares authorized — 5,000; none		
outstanding	_	_
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; shares authorized — 75,000;	423	412

shares issued and outstanding — 42,367 (2016) and 41,234 (2015)

Additional paid-in capital	429,902	400,705
Retained earnings	933,900	855,481
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(132,640)	(108,995)
Total stockholders' equity	1,231,585	1,147,603
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 2,341,618	\$ 2,229,018

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

FTI Consulting, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Month September 3	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues	\$438,042	\$455,470	\$1,368,474	\$1,336,945
Operating expenses				
Direct cost of revenues	293,702	301,609	902,532	872,108
Selling, general and administrative expenses	106,220	105,058	318,074	316,317
Special charges		_	6,811	_
Acquisition-related contingent consideration	201	159	1,541	(1,145)
Amortization of other intangible assets	2,845	2,900	8,041	8,919
	402,968	409,726	1,236,999	1,196,199
Operating income	35,074	45,744	131,475	140,746
Other income (expense)				
Interest income and other	3,213	2,027	9,895	2,840
Interest expense	(6,304)	(11,696)	(18,836	(36,537)
Loss on early extinguishment of debt		(19,589)		(19,589)
	(3,091)	(29,258)	(8,941	(53,286)
Income before income tax provision	31,983	16,486	122,534	87,460
Income tax provision	10,292	6,177	44,115	31,756
Net income	\$21,691	\$10,309	\$78,419	\$55,704
Earnings per common share — basic	\$0.53	\$0.25	\$1.92	\$1.37
Earnings per common share — diluted	\$0.52	\$0.25	\$1.88	\$1.34
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax				
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax expense				
of \$0	\$(4,478)	\$(17,229)	\$(23,645	\$(24,412)
Total other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(4,478)	(17,229)		(24,412)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$17,213	\$(6,920)		\$31,292

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

FTI Consulting, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

			Additional		Accumulated Other	
	Commor	Stock	Paid-in	Retained	Comprehensiv	ve
	Shares	Amount		Earnings	Loss	Total
Balance at December 31, 2015	41,234		\$400,705	\$855,481	\$ (108,995) \$1,147,603
Net income	<u> </u>	·		\$78,419		\$78,419
Other comprehensive income (loss):						
Foreign currency translation adjustment	_	_	_	_	(23,645) (23,645)
Issuance of common stock in connection with:						
Exercise of options, net of income tax						
benefit						
from share-based awards of \$1,145	693	7	21,472		_	21,479
Restricted share grants, less net settled						
shares						
of 106	525	5	(3,953)	_	_	(3,948)
Stock units issued under incentive						
compensation						
1			1.040			1.040
plan	<u> </u>		1,842		<u> </u>	1,842
Purchase and retirement of common stock	(85)	(1)	(2,902)	—		(2,903)
Share-based compensation	_	_	12,738	_	_	12,738
Balance at September 30, 2016	42,367	\$ 423	\$429,902	\$933,900	\$ (132,640) \$1,231,585

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

FTI Consulting, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Nine Mont September 2016	
Operating activities Net income	\$78,419	\$55,704
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating	\$ 70,419	\$33,704
activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	25,359	22,569
Amortization and impairment of other intangible assets	8,041	8,919
Acquisition-related contingent consideration	1,541	(1,145)
Provision for doubtful accounts	5,903	10,364
Non-cash share-based compensation	13,381	14,356
Non-cash interest expense	1,489	2,029
Loss on early extinguishment of debt		19,589
Other	(1,159)	(674)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from		
acquisitions:		
Accounts receivable, billed and unbilled	(67,318)	(84,411)
Notes receivable	(3,674)	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(3,575)	
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other	10,900	10,158
Income taxes	28,204	15,371
Accrued compensation	4,486	(19,518)
Billings in excess of services provided	9,578	(5,278)
Net cash provided by operating activities	111,575	43,303
Investing activities	,	- ,
Payments for acquisition of businesses, net of cash received	(56)	(575)
Purchases of property and equipment	(22,855)	
Other	74	94
Net cash used in investing activities	(22,837)	-
Financing activities	(==,== :)	(==,===)
Borrowings (repayments) under revolving line of credit, net	(25,000)	220,000
Payments of long-term debt	_	(425,671)
Payments of debt issue costs	_	(3,701)
Deposits	2,806	2,406
Purchase and retirement of common stock	(2,903)	•
Net issuance of common stock under equity compensation plans	18,394	13,931
Other	357	124

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Net cash used in financing activities	(6,346)	(192,911)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(6,968)	(3,943)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	75,424	(178,706)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	149,760	283,680
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$225,184	\$104,974
Supplemental cash flow disclosures		
Cash paid for interest	\$12,590	\$37,031
Cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds	15,909	16,386
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Issuance of stock units under incentive compensation plans	1,842	2,124

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

FTI Consulting, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(dollar and share amounts in tables in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of FTI Consulting, Inc., including its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company," "we," "our," or "FTI Consulting"), presented herein, have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") and under the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for interim financial information. Some of the information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. In management's opinion, the interim financial statements reflect all adjustments that are necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods presented. All adjustments made were normal recurring accruals. Results of operations for the interim periods presented herein are not necessarily indicative of results of operations for a full year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the SEC.

2. Earnings Per Common Share

Basic earnings per common share are calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share adjust basic earnings per common share for the effects of potentially dilutive common shares. Potentially dilutive common shares include the dilutive effects of shares issuable under our equity compensation plans, including stock options and restricted stock using the treasury stock method.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Mor Septembe	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Numerator—basic and diluted				
Net income	\$21,691	\$10,309	\$78,419	\$55,704
Denominator				
Weighted average number of common shares				
outstanding — basic	41,239	41,094	40,856	40,771
Effect of dilutive stock options	350	426	266	418

Effect of dilutive restricted shares	476	462	483	493
Weighted average number of common shares				
outstanding — diluted	42,065	41,982	41,605	41,682
Earnings per common share — basic	\$0.53	\$0.25	\$1.92	\$1.37
Earnings per common share — diluted	\$0.52	\$0.25	\$1.88	\$1.34
Antidilutive stock options and restricted shares	753	1,360	1,595	1,685

3. New Accounting Standards

In August 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments, which clarifies how cash receipts and cash payments are classified in the statement of cash flows. This standard is effective January 1, 2018, although early adoption is permitted. We do not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting. This standard makes several modifications to Topic 718, including the accounting for forfeitures, employer tax withholding on share-based compensation and income tax consequences, which are intended to simplify various aspects of the accounting for share-based compensation. ASU 2016-09 also clarifies the statement of cash flows presentation for certain components of share-based awards. The standard is effective beginning January 1, 2017, although early adoption is permitted. We do not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), that replaces existing lease guidance. Under this ASU, leases will be required to record right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities on the balance sheet. This guidance is effective

beginning January 1, 2019. The new standard is required to be applied with a modified retrospective approach to each prior reporting period presented. We have not yet determined the impact that the adoption of this guidance will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). Under this ASU and subsequently issued amendments, revenue is recognized at the time when goods or services are transferred to a customer in an amount that reflects the consideration it expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. Companies may use either a full retrospective or a modified retrospective approach to adopt this ASU. This guidance is effective beginning January 1, 2018. We are currently evaluating how the adoption of this accounting standard will impact our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures, including the transition approach.

4. Special Charges

There were no special charges recorded during the three months ended September 30, 2016.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, we recorded special charges of \$6.8 million related to the employee terminations in the health solutions practice of our Forensic and Litigation Consulting segment and employee terminations in our Technology segment.

Activity related to the liability for special charges recorded prior to 2016 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 is as follows:

	Employee	Lease	
	Termination	Termination	l
	Costs	Costs	Total
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 7,768	\$ 4,045	\$11,813
Additions (1)	7,023		7,023
Payments	(6,799	(663) (7,462)
Foreign currency translation adjustment and other	(3) 148	145
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$ 7,989	\$ 3,530	\$11,519

⁽¹⁾ Excludes \$0.2 million in net non-cash expense reversals.

A liability for the current and noncurrent portions of the amounts to be paid is included in "Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other" and "Other liabilities," respectively, on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. Of the \$11.5 million liability for special charges, \$1.9 million is expected to be paid during the remainder of 2016, \$4.1 million is expected to be paid in 2017, \$2.6 million is expected to be paid in 2018, \$1.2 million is expected to be paid in 2019 and the remaining balance of \$1.7 million is expected to be paid between 2020 and 2026.

5. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts and Unbilled Services

We record adjustments to the allowance for doubtful accounts and unbilled services as a reduction in revenue when there are changes in estimates of fee reductions that may be imposed by bankruptcy courts and other regulatory institutions, for both billed and unbilled receivables. The allowance for doubtful accounts and unbilled services is also adjusted after the related work has been billed to the client and we discover that collectability is not reasonably assured. These adjustments are included in "Selling, general and administrative expenses" on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income and totaled \$1.6 million and \$5.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively, and \$3.8 million and \$10.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively.

6. Research and Development Costs

Research and development costs related to software development totaled \$4.5 million and \$13.0 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively, and \$4.0 million and \$14.7 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. Research and development costs are included in "Selling, general and administrative expenses" on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

7. Financial Instruments

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

We consider the recorded value of certain financial assets and liabilities, which consist primarily of cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable, to approximate the fair value of the respective assets and liabilities at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, based on the short-term nature of the assets and liabilities. The fair value of our long-term debt at September 30, 2016 was \$490.8 million compared to a carrying value of \$475.0 million. At December 31, 2015, the fair value of our long-term debt was \$513.5 million compared to a carrying value of \$500.0 million. We determine the fair value of our 6% Senior Notes Due 2022 ("2022 Notes") primarily based on quoted market prices. The fair value of our borrowings on our \$550.0 million senior secured bank revolving credit facility ("Senior Bank Credit Facility") approximates the carrying amount. The fair value of our long-term debt is classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, because it is traded in less active markets.

We estimate the fair value of acquisition-related contingent consideration based on the present value of the consideration expected to be paid during the remainder of the earn-out period, based on management's assessment of the acquired operations' forecasted earnings. This fair value measure is based on significant inputs not observed in the market and thus represents a Level 3 measurement. The fair value of future expected acquisition-related contingent consideration obligations was \$5.2 million at September 30, 2016, with payment dates extending through 2018.

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurements of our acquisition-related contingent consideration include our measures of the future profitability and related cash flows of the acquired business or assets, impacted by appropriate discount rates. Significant increases (decreases) in any of these inputs in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement. Generally, a change in the assumptions used for the discount rates is accompanied by a directionally opposite change in the fair value measurement and a change in the assumptions used for the future cash flows is accompanied by a directionally similar change in the fair value measurement. The fair value of the contingent consideration is reassessed on a quarterly basis by the Company using additional information as it becomes available.

Any change in the fair value of an acquisition's contingent consideration liability results in a remeasurement gain or loss that is recorded as income or expense, respectively, and is included in "Acquisition-related contingent consideration" on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. There was no remeasurement gain or loss recorded during the three months ended September 30, 2016. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, we recorded a \$1.0 million expense related to the increase in the liability for future expected contingent consideration payments, driven by improved business results in the current period as well as expected results during the remainder of the earn-out period. No remeasurement gain or loss was recorded for the three months ended September 30, 2015. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we recorded a \$1.7 million gain related to the change in fair value of future contingent consideration payments, of which \$1.5 million related to a termination of a contingent consideration arrangement for which no future payments will be made.

8. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill

The changes in the carrying amounts of goodwill by operating segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Corporate Finance & Restructuring	Forensic and Litigation g Consulting	Economic	Technology	Strategic Communicat	tionsTotal
Balance at December 31, 2015			υ			
Goodwill	\$ 441,548	\$ 235,211	\$269,341	\$ 117,888	\$ 328,449	\$1,392,437
Accumulated goodwill impairment	_	_	_	_	(194,139) (194,139)
Goodwill, net at December 31, 2015	441,548	235,211	269,341	117,888	134,310	1,198,298
Foreign currency translation adjustment and						
other	1,203	(2,850) (700)	(202)	(7,519) (10,068)
Goodwill	442,751	232,361	268,641	117,686	320,930	1,382,369
Accumulated goodwill impairment	_	_	_	_	(194,139) (194,139)
Goodwill, net at September 30, 2016	\$ 442,751	\$ 232,361	\$ 268,641	\$ 117,686	\$ 126,791	\$1,188,230
9						

Other Intangible Assets

Other intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over their estimated useful lives. For intangible assets with finite lives, we recorded amortization expense of \$2.8 million and \$8.0 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively, and \$2.9 million and \$8.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 respectively. Based solely on the amortizable intangible assets recorded as of September 30, 2016, we estimate amortization expense to be \$2.5 million during the remainder of 2016, \$9.4 million in 2017, \$7.8 million in 2018, \$7.2 million in 2019, \$7.0 million in 2020, \$6.5 million in 2021 and \$8.5 million in years after 2021. Actual amortization expense to be reported in future periods could differ from these estimates as a result of new intangible asset acquisitions, finalization of asset valuations for newly acquired assets, changes in useful lives, changes in value due to foreign currency translation, and other factors.

9. Long-Term Debt

The components of debt obligations are presented in the table below:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2016	2015
2022 Notes	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000
Senior Bank Credit Facility	175,000	200,000
Total debt	475,000	500,000
Less deferred debt issue costs	(4,661	(5,228)
Long-term debt, net	\$ 470,339	\$ 494,772

There were \$175.0 million in borrowings outstanding under the Company's Senior Bank Credit Facility as of September 30, 2016. The Company has classified these borrowings as long-term debt in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as the Company has the intent and ability, as supported by availability under the credit agreement entered into as of June 26, 2015 which expires on June 26, 2020, to refinance these borrowings for more than one year from the applicable balance sheet date. Additionally, \$1.4 million of the borrowing limit was utilized for letters of credit (and, therefore, unavailable) as of September 30, 2016.

For further information on our 2022 Notes and Senior Bank Credit Facility, see footnote "12. Long-Term Debt" in Part II, Item 8 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC for the year ended December 31, 2015.

10. Commitments and Contingencies

Contingencies

We are subject to legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In management's opinion, we believe we have adequate legal defenses and/or insurance coverage with respect to the eventuality of such actions. We do not believe any settlement or judgment relating to any pending legal action would materially affect our financial position or results of operations.

11. Share-Based Compensation

Share-based Awards and Share-based Compensation Expense

During the three months ended September 30, 2016, we awarded 19,053 shares of restricted stock. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, we granted stock options exercisable for up to 118,865 shares, and awarded 515,389 shares of restricted stock, 64,948 restricted stock units and 83,914 performance stock units. These awards are recorded as equity on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. During the three months ended September 30, 2016, stock options exercisable for up to 1,084 shares and 8,277 shares of restricted stock were forfeited prior to compliance with the applicable vesting requirements.

Total share-based compensation expense, net of forfeitures, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 is detailed in the following table:

			Nine Months		
	Three Months Ended		Ended		
	September 30,		September 30,		
Income Statement Classification	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Direct cost of revenues	\$ 2,243	\$ 2,263	\$8,370	\$8,396	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	2,617	2,308	7,825	7,484	
Special charges			105		
Total share-based compensation expense	\$ 4,860	\$ 4,571	\$16,300	\$15,880	

12. Segment Reporting

We manage our business in five reportable segments: Corporate Finance & Restructuring, Forensic and Litigation Consulting, Economic Consulting, Technology and Strategic Communications.

Our Corporate Finance & Restructuring segment focuses on the strategic, operational, financial and capital needs of businesses around the world and provides consulting and advisory services on a wide range of areas, such as restructuring (including bankruptcy), interim management, financings, mergers and acquisitions ("M&A"), M&A integration, valuations and tax issues, as well as financial, operational and performance improvement. Our distressed service offerings generally include corporate restructurings and interim management, and our non-distressed service offerings generally include all other services mentioned above.

Our Forensic and Litigation Consulting segment provides law firms, companies, government clients and other interested parties with dispute advisory, investigations, forensic accounting, business intelligence assessments, data analytics, risk mitigation and interim management services, as well as performance improvement services for our health solutions practice clients, as well as interim management services.

Our Economic Consulting segment provides law firms, companies, government entities and other interested parties with analysis of complex economic issues for use in legal, regulatory and international arbitration proceedings, strategic decision making and public policy debates in the U.S. and around the world.

Our Technology segment provides e-discovery and information governance, hosting and consulting services and software to its clients. It provides products, services and consulting to companies, law firms, courts and government agencies worldwide. Its comprehensive suite of software and services help clients locate, review and produce electronically stored information ("ESI"), including e-mail, computer files, voicemail, instant messaging, cloud and social media data, as well as financial and transactional data.

Our Strategic Communications segment provides advice and consulting services relating to financial and corporate communications, investor relations, reputation management, brand communications, public affairs, business consulting, digital design and marketing.

We evaluate the performance of our operating segments based on Adjusted Segment EBITDA. We define Adjusted Segment EBITDA as a segment's share of consolidated operating income before depreciation, amortization of intangible assets, remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, special charges and goodwill impairment charges. We define Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA, a non-GAAP financial measure, as the total of Adjusted Segment EBITDA for all segments, which excludes unallocated corporate expenses. We use Adjusted Segment EBITDA to internally evaluate the financial performance of our segments because we believe it reflects current core operating performance and provides an indicator of the segment's ability to generate cash.

The table below presents Revenues, Adjusted Segment EBITDA and Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA for our reportable segments:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months September 3	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues				
Corporate Finance & Restructuring	\$110,617	\$113,487	\$369,915	\$328,812
Forensic and Litigation Consulting	115,045	116,158	352,242	365,554
Economic Consulting	122,480	114,541	371,217	329,320
Technology	44,072	55,568	134,235	172,048
Strategic Communications	45,828	55,716	140,865	141,211
Total revenues	\$438,042	\$455,470	\$1,368,474	\$1,336,945
Adjusted Segment EBITDA				
Corporate Finance & Restructuring	\$17,762	\$26,662	\$81,406	\$71,174
Forensic and Litigation Consulting	16,554	13,406	51,552	55,456
Economic Consulting	18,354	16,654	55,054	43,502
Technology	7,398	10,813	20,256	33,052
Strategic Communications	7,509	8,717	22,057	20,100
Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA	\$67,577	\$76,252	\$230,325	\$223,284

The table below reconciles Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA to income before income tax provision:

	Three Months Ended Nine Mo			onths Ended	
	September	· 30,	September	30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA	\$67,577	\$76,252	\$230,325	\$223,284	
Segment depreciation expense	(7,920)	(6,733)	(22,128)	(20,237)	
Amortization of intangible assets	(2,845)	(2,900)	(8,041)	(8,919)	
Special charges	_	_	(6,811)		
Unallocated corporate expenses, excluding special charges	(21,738)	(20,875)	(60,890)	(55,057)	
Interest income and other	3,213	2,027	9,895	2,840	
Interest expense	(6,304)	(11,696)	(18,836)	(36,537)	
Loss on early extinguishment of debt		(19,589)	_	(19,589)	
Remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent					
consideration	_	_	(980)	1,675	
Income before income tax provision	\$31,983	\$16,486	\$122,534	\$87,460	

13. Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Guarantor and Non-Guarantor Financial Information

Substantially all of our domestic subsidiaries are guarantors of borrowings under our Senior Bank Credit Facility and 2022 Notes. The guarantees are full and unconditional and joint and several. All of our guarantors are wholly owned, direct or indirect, subsidiaries.

The following financial information presents condensed consolidating balance sheets, statements of comprehensive income (loss) and statements of cash flows for FTI Consulting, all the guarantor subsidiaries, all the non-guarantor subsidiaries and the eliminations necessary to arrive at the consolidated information for FTI Consulting and its subsidiaries. For purposes of this presentation, we have accounted for our investments in our subsidiaries using the equity method of accounting. The principal eliminating entries eliminate investment in subsidiary and intercompany balances and transactions

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet Information as of September 30, 2016

	FTI	Guarantor	Non-Guarantor		
	Consulting, Inc.	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 86,467	\$161	\$ 138,556	\$—	\$ 225,184
Accounts receivable, net	180,723	177,972	188,893	_	547,588
Intercompany receivables	_	981,561	29,452	(1,011,013)	_
Other current assets	44,938	24,953	21,403	_	91,294
Total current assets	312,128	1,184,647	378,304	(1,011,013)	864,066
Property and equipment, net	28,112	14,358	23,952	_	66,422
Goodwill	558,978	416,053	213,199	_	1,188,230
Other intangible assets, net	22,905	13,932	36,556	(18,900)	54,493
Investments in subsidiaries	2,060,592	502,698		(2,563,290)	_
Other assets	46,734	72,451	49,222	_	168,407
Total assets	\$ 3,029,449	\$2,204,139	\$ 701,233	\$(3,593,203)	\$ 2,341,618
Liabilities					
Intercompany payables	\$ 975,871	\$—	\$ 35,142	\$(1,011,013)	_
Other current liabilities	141,881	118,292	105,356	_	365,529
Total current liabilities	1,117,752	118,292	140,498	(1,011,013)	365,529
Long-term debt, net	470,339	_	_	_	470,339
Other liabilities	209,773	15,131	49,261		274,165
Total liabilities	1,797,864	133,423	189,759	(1,011,013)	1,110,033
Stockholders' equity	1,231,585	2,070,716	511,474	(2,582,190)	1,231,585
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 3,029,449	\$2,204,139	\$ 701,233	\$(3,593,203)	\$2,341,618

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet Information as of December 31, 2015

	FTI	Guarantor	Non-Guarantor	
	Consulting, Inc.	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Eliminations Consolidated
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,211	\$ 165	\$ 114,384	\$— \$149,760
Accounts receivable, net	159,121	169,488	171,175	
Intercompany receivables	_	936,452	62,651	(999,103) —
Other current assets	44,086	25,627	22,368	— 92,081
Total current assets	238,418	1,131,732	370,578	(999,103) 741,625
Property and equipment, net	33,699	13,409	27,652	
Goodwill	558,978	416,053	223,267	— 1,198,298
Other intangible assets, net	25,863	15,571	43,542	(21,041) 63,935
Investments in subsidiaries	1,995,409	486,462	_	(2,481,871) —
Other assets	40,359	72,981	37,060	— 150,400
Total assets	\$ 2,892,726	\$2,136,208	\$ 702,099	\$(3,502,015) \$2,229,018
Liabilities				
Intercompany payables	\$ 930,066	\$8,921	\$ 60,116	\$(999,103) \$—
Other current liabilities	135,421	107,188	104,468	
Total current liabilities	1,065,487	116,109	164,584	(999,103) 347,077
Long-term debt, net	494,772	_	_	— 494,772
Other liabilities	184,864	12,562	42,140	— 239,566
Total liabilities	1,745,123	128,671	206,724	(999,103) 1,081,415
Stockholders' equity	1,147,603	2,007,537	495,375	(2,502,912) 1,147,603
Total liabilities and stockholders'				
equity	\$ 2,892,726	\$2,136,208	\$ 702,099	\$(3,502,015) \$2,229,018

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2016

	FTI	Guarantor	Non-Guarantor	•	
	Consulting, Inc	. Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Eliminations	s Consolidated
Revenues	\$ 159,431	\$ 153,986	\$ 126,995	\$ (2,370	\$ 438,042
Operating expenses					
Direct cost of revenues	107,579	104,109	84,313	(2,299) 293,702
Selling, general and administrative					
expenses	47,388	30,704	28,199	(71) 106,220
Special charges	_	_	_	_	_
Acquisition-related contingent					
consideration	_	201	_	_	201
Amortization of other intangible assets	986	541	1,823	(505) 2,845
	155,953	135,555	114,335	(2,875) 402,968
Operating income	3,478	18,431	12,660	505	35,074
Other (expense) income	(6,913) (794)	4,616	_	(3,091)
Income (loss) before income tax provision	(3,435	17,637	17,276	505	31,983

Income tax provision	(1,402) 8,194	3,500		10,292	
Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries	23,724	11,878	_	(35,602) —	
Net income	\$ 21,691	\$ 21,321	\$ 13,776	\$ (35,097) \$ 21,691	
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax:						
Foreign currency translation adjustments	,					
net of						
_ + _			(4.450		(4.450	`
tax expense of \$0	_	_	(4,478) —	(4,478)
tax expense of \$0 Total other comprehensive loss, net of tax	- x: —	<u> </u>	(4,478 (4,478) —) —	(4,478)
•	x: — \$ 21,691	 \$ 21,321) —) — \$ (35,097)
Total other comprehensive loss, net of ta		<u> </u>	(4,478) —) — \$ (35,097	(4,478)
Total other comprehensive loss, net of ta		<u> </u>	(4,478) —) — \$ (35,097	(4,478)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2015

	FTI	Guarantor	Non-Guarantor		
	Consulting, Inc.	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Elimination	s Consolidated
Revenues	\$ 166,290	\$ 168,307	\$ 124,288	\$ (3,415) \$ 455,470
Operating expenses					
Direct cost of revenues	106,366	113,660	84,939	(3,356) 301,609
Selling, general and administrative					
expenses	45,973	30,449	28,695	(59) 105,058
Acquisition-related contingent					
consideration	6	153	<u> </u>	_	159
Amortization of other intangible assets	986	715	2,085	(886) 2,900
	153,331	144,977	115,719	(4,301) 409,726
Operating income	12,959	23,330	8,569	886	45,744
Other (expense) income	(32,412)	(735)	3,889		(29,258)
Income (loss) before income tax provision	(19,453)	22,595	12,458	886	16,486
Income tax provision	(6,663)	9,481	3,359	_	6,177
Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries	23,099	7,899	_	(30,998) —
Net income	\$ 10,309	\$ 21,013	\$ 9,099	\$ (30,112) \$ 10,309
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:					
Foreign currency translation adjustments,					
net of					
tax expense of \$0	_	_	_	(17,229) (17,229)
Total other comprehensive income, net of					
tax:	_			(17,229) (17,229)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 10,309	\$ 21,013	\$ 9,099	\$ (47,341) \$ (6,920)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016

	FTI Consulting, Inc.	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries		S	Consolidated
Revenues	\$ 517,703	\$ 463,152	\$ 394,618	\$ (6,999)	\$1,368,474
Operating expenses						
Direct cost of revenues	337,262	312,921	259,184	(6,835)	902,532
Selling, general and administrative						
expenses	138,038	92,490	87,710	(164)	318,074
Special charges	1,750	4,563	498	_		6,811
Acquisition-related contingent						
consideration	6	1,535				1,541
Amortization of other intangible assets	2,958	1,639	5,584	(2,140)	8,041
	480,014	413,148	352,976	(9,139)	1,236,999
Operating income	37,689	50,004	41,642	2,140		131,475

Other (expense) income	(18,882) (3,063) 13,004	_	(8,941)
Income before income tax provision	18,807	46,941	54,646	2,140	122,534	
Income tax provision	9,781	21,918	12,416	_	44,115	
Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries	69,393	38,867	_	(108,260) —	
Net income	\$ 78,419	\$ 63,890	\$ 42,230	\$ (106,120	\$78,419	
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax:						
Foreign currency translation adjustments,						
net of						
tax expense of \$0			(23,645) —	(23,645)
Total other comprehensive loss, net of tax	: —	_	(23,645) —	(23,645)
Comprehensive income	\$ 78,419	\$ 63,890	\$ 18,585	\$ (106,120) \$54,774	
_						
15						

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015

	FTI	Guarantor	Non-Guarantor	•	
	Consulting, Inc.	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Eliminations	s Consolidated
Revenues	\$ 508,324	\$ 601,877	\$ 371,624	\$ (144,880) \$1,336,945
Operating expenses					
Direct cost of revenues	317,946	448,433	250,277	(144,548) 872,108
Selling, general and administrative					
expenses	137,561	91,288	87,800	(332) 316,317
Acquisition-related contingent					
consideration	(1,414)	269	_	_	(1,145)
Amortization of other intangible assets	2,958	2,146	6,468	(2,653) 8,919
	457,051	542,136	344,545	(147,533) 1,196,199
Operating income	51,273	59,741	27,079	2,653	140,746
Other (expense) income	(57,987)	(3,798)	8,499	_	(53,286)
Income (loss) before income tax provision	(6,714)	55,943	35,578	2,653	87,460
Income tax provision	24	23,474	8,258	_	31,756
Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries	62,442	24,575	_	(87,017) —
Net income	\$ 55,704	\$ 57,044	\$ 27,320	\$ (84,364) \$55,704
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax:					
Foreign currency translation adjustments,					
net of					
tax expense of \$0	_	_	_	(24,412) (24,412)
Total other comprehensive loss, net of tax:	_			(24,412) (24,412)
Comprehensive income	\$ 55,704	\$ 57,044	\$ 27,320	\$ (108,776) \$31,292

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016

	FTI Consulting, Inc.	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guaranto Subsidiaries	or Consolidated
Operating activities				
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 16,670	\$ 70,744	\$ 24,161	\$ 111,575
Investing activities				
Payments for acquisition of businesses, net of cash				
received	_		(56) (56)
Purchases of property and equipment	(2,714)	(16,145)	(3,996) (22,855)
Other	74	_		74
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,640)	(16,145)	(4,052) (22,837)
Financing activities				
Repayments under revolving line of credit, net	(25,000)	_	_	(25,000)
Deposits	_	_	2,806	2,806
Purchase and retirement of common stock	(2,903)	_	_	(2,903)
	18,394		_	18,394

Net issuance of common stock under equity compensation

plans							
Other	930	(573)	_		357	
Intercompany transfers	45,805	(54,030)	8,225			
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	37,226	(54,603)	11,031		(6,346)
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash							
equivalents	_			(6,968)	(6,968)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	51,256	(4)	24,172		75,424	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	35,211	165		114,384		149,760	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 86,467	\$ 161	9	3 138,556	(\$ 225,184	

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015

	FTI Consulting,	C	Guarantor		Non-Guaranto	or		
	Inc.	S	Subsidiarie	S	Subsidiaries	(Consolidate	d
Operating activities								
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$8,976	\$	26,113		\$ 8,214	,	\$ 43,303	
Investing activities								
Payments for acquisition of businesses, net of cash								
received	_		_		(575)	(575)
Purchases of property and equipment	(7,800))	(12,877)	(3,997)	(24,674)
Other	24		_		70		94	
Net cash used in investing activities	(7,776))	(12,877)	(4,502)	(25,155)
Financing activities								
Borrowings under revolving line of credit, net	220,000		_		_		220,000	
Payments of long-term debt	(425,671))	_		_		(425,671)
Payments of debt financing fees	(3,701))	_		_		(3,701)
Net issuance of common stock under equity compensation								
plans	13,931		_		_		13,931	
Deposits	_		_		2,406		2,406	
Other	336		(212)			124	
Intercompany transfers	40,181		(13,027)	(27,154)	_	
Net cash used in financing activities	(154,924))	(13,239)	(24,748)	(192,911)
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash								
equivalents	_		_		(3,943)	(3,943)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(153,724))	(3)	(24,979)	(178,706)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	171,090		159		112,431		283,680	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$17,366	\$	156		\$ 87,452	,	\$ 104,974	

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
The following is a discussion and analysis of our consolidated financial condition and results of operations for the
three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 and significant factors that could affect our prospective
financial condition and results of operations. This discussion should be read together with the accompanying
unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes and with our Annual Report on Form 10-K
for the year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). In addition to
historical information, the following discussion includes forward-looking statements based on current expectations
that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions, such as our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions. Although
we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements contained herein are reasonable, these
expectations or any of the forward-looking statements could prove to be incorrect, and actual results could differ
materially from those projected or assumed in the forward-looking statements.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

FTI Consulting is a global business advisory firm, dedicated to helping organizations manage change, mitigate risk and resolve disputes: financial, legal, operational, political and regulatory, reputational and transactional. Individually, each of our practices are staffed with experts recognized for the depth of their knowledge and a track record of making an impact. Collectively, FTI Consulting offers a comprehensive suite of services designed to assist clients across the business cycle, from proactive risk management to rapid response to unexpected events and dynamic environments.

We report financial results for the following five reportable segments:

Our Corporate Finance & Restructuring ("Corporate Finance") segment focuses on the strategic, operational, financial and capital needs of businesses around the world and provides consulting and advisory services on a wide range of areas, such as restructuring (including bankruptcy), interim management, financings, Mergers & Acquisitions ("M&A"), M&A integration, valuations and tax issues, as well as financial, operational and performance improvement. Our distressed service offerings generally include corporate restructurings and interim management, and our non-distressed service offerings generally include all other services mentioned above.

Our Forensic and Litigation Consulting ("FLC") segment provides law firms, companies, government clients and other interested parties with dispute advisory, investigations, forensic accounting, business intelligence assessments, data analytics, risk mitigation and interim management services, as well as performance improvement services for our health solutions practice clients, as well as interim management services.

Our Economic Consulting segment provides law firms, companies, government entities and other interested parties with analysis of complex economic issues for use in legal, regulatory and international arbitration proceedings, strategic decision making and public policy debates in the U.S. and around the world.

Our Technology segment provides e-discovery and information governance, hosting and consulting services and software to its clients. It provides products, services and consulting to companies, law firms, courts and government agencies worldwide. Its comprehensive suite of software and services help clients locate, review and produce ESI, including e-mail, computer files, voicemail, instant messaging, cloud and social media data, as well as financial and transactional data.

Our Strategic Communications segment provides advice and consulting services relating to financial and corporate communications, investor relations, reputation management, brand communications, public affairs, business consulting, digital design and marketing.

We derive substantially all of our revenues from providing professional services to both U.S. and global clients. Most of our services are rendered under time-and-expense arrangements that obligate the client to pay us a fee for the hours that we incur at agreed upon rates. Under this arrangement, we typically bill our clients for reimbursable expenses, which may include the cost of producing our work product and other direct expenses that we incur on behalf of the client, such as travel costs. We also render services for which certain clients may be required to pay us a fixed-fee or recurring retainer. These arrangements are generally cancellable at any time. Some of our engagements contain performance-based arrangements in which we earn a success fee when and if certain predefined outcomes occur. This type of success fee may supplement a time-and-expense or fixed-fee arrangement. Success fee revenues may cause variations in our revenues and operating results due to the timing of achieving the performance-based criteria. In our Technology segment, certain clients are also billed based on the amount of data stored on our electronic systems, the volume of information processed or the number of users licensing our Ringtail® software products for use or installation within their own environments. We license certain products directly to end users, as well as indirectly through our channel partner relationships. Unit-based revenue is defined as revenue billed on a per-item, per-page, or some other unit-based method and includes revenue from data

processing and hosting, software usage and software licensing. Unit-based revenue includes revenue associated with our proprietary software that is made available to customers, either via a web browser ("on-demand") or installed at our customer or partner locations ("on-premise"). On-demand revenue is charged on a unit or monthly basis and includes, but is not limited to, processing and review related functions. On-premise revenue is comprised of up-front license fees, with recurring support and maintenance. Seasonal factors, such as the timing of our employees' and clients' vacations and holidays, impact the timing of our revenues.

Our financial results are primarily driven by:

- the number, size and type of engagements we secure;
- the rate per hour or fixed charges we charge our clients for services;
- the utilization rates of the revenue-generating professionals we employ;
- the number of revenue-generating professionals;
- fees from clients on a retained basis or other;
- dicensing of our software products and other technology services;
- the types of assignments we are working on at different times;
- the length of the billing and collection cycles; and
- the geographic locations of our clients or locations in which services are rendered.

We define acquisition growth as revenue of acquired companies in the first twelve months following the effective date of an acquisition. Our definition of organic growth is the change in revenue excluding the impact of all such acquisitions.

When significant, we identify the estimated impact of foreign currency translation driven by our businesses with functional currencies other than the U.S. dollar, on the period-to-period performance results. The estimated impact of foreign currency translation is calculated as (i) the difference between the prior period results multiplied by (ii) the change in average foreign currency exchange rates in the current period and the average foreign currency rates in the prior period.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In the accompanying analysis of financial information, we sometimes use information derived from consolidated and segment financial information that may not be presented in our financial statements or prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). Certain of these measures are considered "non-GAAP financial measures" under the SEC rules. Specifically, we have referred to the following non-GAAP financial measures:

- **T**otal Segment Operating Income (Loss)
- Adjusted EBITDA
- Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA
- Adjusted EBITDA Margin
- Adjusted Net Income (Loss)
- Adjusted Earnings per Diluted Share

We have included the definitions of Segment Operating Income (Loss) and Adjusted Segment EBITDA below in order to more fully define the components of certain non-GAAP financial measures in the accompanying analysis of financial information. As described in Note 12 – Segment Reporting in Part 1, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, we evaluate the performance of our operating segments based on Adjusted Segment EBITDA, and Segment Operating Income (Loss) is a component of the definition of Adjusted Segment EBITDA.

We define Segment Operating Income (Loss) as a segment's share of consolidated operating income (loss). We define Total Segment Operating Income (Loss), which is a non-GAAP financial measure, as the total of Segment Operating Income (Loss) for all segments, which excludes unallocated corporate expenses. We use Segment Operating Income (Loss) for the purpose of calculating Adjusted Segment EBITDA. We define Adjusted Segment EBITDA as a segment's share of consolidated operating income (loss) before depreciation, amortization of intangible assets, remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, special charges and goodwill impairment charges. We use Adjusted Segment EBITDA to internally evaluate the financial performance of our

segments because we believe it reflects current core operating performance and provides an indicator of the segment's ability to generate cash. We define Adjusted Segment EBITDA Margin as Adjusted Segment EBITDA as a percentage of a segment's revenues.

We define Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, as the total of Adjusted Segment EBITDA for all segments, which excludes unallocated corporate expenses. We define Adjusted EBITDA, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, as consolidated net income (loss) before income tax provision, other non-operating income (expense), depreciation, amortization of intangible assets, remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, special charges, goodwill impairment charges and losses on early extinguishment of debt. We believe that the non-GAAP financial measures, which exclude the effects of remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, special charges and goodwill impairment charges, when considered together with our GAAP financial results and GAAP measures, provide management and investors with a more complete understanding of our operating results, including underlying trends. In addition, EBITDA is a common alternative measure of operating performance used by many of our competitors. It is used by investors, financial analysts, rating agencies and others to value and compare the financial performance of companies in our industry. Therefore, we also believe that these measures, considered along with corresponding GAAP measures, provide management and investors with additional information for comparison of our operating results to the operating results of other companies.

We define Adjusted Net Income (Loss) and Adjusted Earnings per Diluted Share ("Adjusted EPS"), which are non-GAAP financial measures, as net income (loss) and earnings per diluted share, respectively, excluding the impact of remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, special charges, goodwill impairment charges and losses on early extinguishment of debt. We use Adjusted Net Income (Loss) for the purpose of calculating Adjusted EPS. Management uses Adjusted EPS to assess total company operating performance on a consistent basis. We believe that this non-GAAP financial measure, which excludes the effects of the remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, special charges, goodwill impairment charges and losses on early extinguishment of debt, when considered together with our GAAP financial results, provides management and investors with an additional understanding of our business operating results, including underlying trends.

Non-GAAP financial measures are not defined in the same manner by all companies and may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies. Non-GAAP financial measures should be considered in addition to, but not as a substitute for or superior to, the information contained in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. Reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures are included elsewhere in this filing.

EXECUTIVE HIGHLIGHTS

	Three Month September 30		Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2016	2015	2016	2015		
	(dollar amou	(dollar amounts in thousands,		(dollar amounts in thousands,		
	except per sh	except per share data)		except per share data)		
Revenues	\$ 438,042	\$ 455,470	\$ 1,368,474	\$ 1,336,945		
Special charges (1)	\$ —	\$ —	\$6,811	\$ <i>-</i>		
Loss on early extinguishment of debt (1)	\$ —	\$ (19,589	\$	\$ (19,589)		
Net income	\$ 21,691	\$ 10,309	\$ 78,419	\$ 55,704		
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 47,229	\$ 56,102	\$ 172,666	\$ 170,559		

Earnings per common share — diluted	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.25	\$ 1.88	\$ 1.34	
Adjusted earnings per common share — dilu	ted\$ 0.52	\$ 0.53	\$ 2.00	\$ 1.60	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 70,942	\$ 74,034	\$ 111,575	\$43,303	
Total number of employees	4,767	4,703	4,767	4,703	

(1) Excluded from non-GAAP financial measures.

Third Quarter 2016 Executive Highlights

Revenues

Revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2016 decreased \$17.4 million, or 3.8%, to \$438.0 million, which included a \$8.4 million, or 1.8%, estimated negative impact of foreign currency translation ("FX"). Excluding the estimated impact of FX, revenues decreased \$9.0 million, or 2.0%. The decrease in revenues was largely due to a decline in demand for M&A related second request activity and litigation services in our Technology segment and lower pass-through revenues in our Strategic Communications segment, partially offset by higher revenues from non-M&A related antitrust services in North America in our Economic Consulting segment.

Special charges

There were no special charges recorded during the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Loss on early extinguishment of debt

In order to more effectively utilize the Company's growing cash balances, maintain financial flexibility and reduce interest expense, we retired our \$400 million principal amount of 6 3/4% senior notes due 2020 ("2020 Notes") during the three months ended September 30, 2015. We recognized a \$19.6 million loss on early extinguishment of debt for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, consisting primarily of a redemption premium of \$14.3 million and a \$4.9 million non-cash write-off of unamortized deferred financing costs. There was no loss on early extinguishment of debt during the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Net income

Net income for the three months ended September 30, 2016 increased \$11.4 million, or 110.4%, to \$21.7 million compared to \$10.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015. This increase was due to the absence of the loss on early extinguishment of debt from the debt restructuring recorded in the third quarter of 2015 and lower interest expense in 2016 resulting from the 2015 debt restructuring, partially offset by lower operating results in the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA for the three months ended September 30, 2016 decreased \$8.9 million, or 15.8%, to \$47.2 million compared to \$56.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015. Adjusted EBITDA was 10.8% of revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to 12.3% of revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease in Adjusted EBITDA was driven by a decline in profits in our Corporate Finance segment as a result of higher costs related to the ramp up of new hires and in our Technology segment as a result of reduced demand and lower pricing for managed review services. This was partially offset by favorable operating results in our Economic Consulting and Strategic Communications segments.

Earnings per diluted share and Adjusted EPS

Earnings per diluted share for the three months ended September 30, 2016 increased \$0.27 to \$0.52 compared to \$0.25 for the three months ended September 30, 2015, which included an impact from loss on extinguishment of debt, reducing Earnings per diluted share by \$0.28.

Adjusted EPS for the three months ended September 30, 2016 decreased \$0.01 to \$0.52 compared to \$0.53 for the three months ended September 30, 2015. Adjusted EPS for the three months ended September 30, 2015 excludes the \$0.28 per share impact of the loss on early extinguishment of debt described above.

Liquidity and capital allocation

Cash provided by operating activities for the three months ended September 30, 2016 decreased \$3.1 million, or 4.2%, to \$70.9 million compared to \$74.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease was primarily due to lower cash collections and increased funding of employee notes receivables, partially offset by lower payments for interest expense. Days sales outstanding ("DSO"), which is one measure of the collections cycle, was 106 days at September 30, 2016 compared to 105 days at September 30, 2015.

Financing activities in the three months ended September 30, 2016 included a \$25.0 million repayment of borrowings under the Company's senior secured bank revolving credit facility ("Senior Bank Credit Facility"). Total debt outstanding as of September 30, 2016 was \$475.0 million, down from \$520.0 million as of September 30, 2015.

On June 2, 2016, our Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase program (the "Stock Repurchase Program") under which FTI Consulting may repurchase up to \$100.0 million of its outstanding common stock. No time limit has been established for the completion of the program, and the program may be suspended, discontinued or replaced by the Board of Directors at any time without prior notice. As of September 30, 2016, we have \$100.0 million available under this program to repurchase additional shares.

Headcount

As of September 30, 2016, our total net headcount of 4,767 increased by 133 from 4,634 as of December 31, 2015.

We increased the number of non-billable employees by 31, from 1,118 as of December 31, 2015 to 1,149 as of September 30, 2016. Net change to billable headcount for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 is summarized in the table below.

	Corporate										
	Finance &	Forens Litigat Consu		Econo	mic			Strategic			
Billable Headcount	Restructuring		iting	Consu	lting	Techno	logy	Commun	ications	Total	
December 31, 2015	838	1,13	1	599	Ŭ	349		599		3,510	6
Additions (reductions), net	19	1		8		(36)	2		(6)
March 31, 2016	857	1,132	2	607		313		601		3,510	0
Additions (reductions), net	(4)	(15)	(3)	(12)	5		(29)
June 30, 2016	853	1,11	7	604		301		606		3,48	1
Additions (reductions), net	51	28		43		(3)	18		137	
September 30, 2016	904	1,145	5	647		298		624		3,618	8
Percentage change in headcount from											
December 31, 2015	7.9	6 1.2	%	8.0	%	-14.6	%	4.2	%	2.9	%
Percentage change in headcount from											
September 30, 2015	8.9	6 -5.3	%	8.9	%	-15.8	%	5.1	%	1.0	%

⁽¹⁾There were 71 revenue-generating professionals as of September 30, 2015 related to a business in Latin America that was disposed at the end of 2015. Excluding these professionals, percentage growth in headcount from September 30, 2015 to September 30, 2016 would have been 0.6%.

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Segment and Consolidated Operating Results:

	September	30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2016	2015	2016	2015				
	(in thousar	nds, except p	oer share data)				
Revenues								
Corporate Finance & Restructuring	\$110,617	\$113,487	\$369,915	\$328,812				
Forensic and Litigation Consulting	115,045	116,158	352,242	365,554				
Economic Consulting	122,480	114,541	371,217	329,320				
Technology	44,072	55,568	134,235	172,048				
Strategic Communications	45,828	55,716	140,865	141,211				
Total revenues	\$438,042	\$455,470	\$1,368,474	\$1,336,945				
Operating income (loss)								
Corporate Finance & Restructuring	\$16,182	\$25,112	\$76,740	\$67,782				
Forensic and Litigation Consulting	14,867	11,944	45,005	50,894				
Economic Consulting	16,888	15,498	51,390	40,076				
Technology	2,869	6,830	2,569	21,493				
Strategic Communications	6,006	7,235	16,661	15,558				
Segment operating income	56,812	66,619	192,365	195,803				
Unallocated corporate expenses	(21,738)	(20,875)	(60,890	(55,057)				
Operating income	35,074	45,744	131,475	140,746				
Other income (expense)								
Interest income and other	3,213	2,027	9,895	2,840				
Interest expense	(6,304)	(11,696)	(18,836	(36,537)				
Loss on early extinguishment of debt	_	(19,589)		(19,589)				
Other income (expense)	(3,091)	(29,258)	(8,941	(53,286)				
Income before income tax provision	31,983	16,486	122,534	87,460				
Income tax provision	10,292	6,177	44,115	31,756				
Net income	\$21,691	\$10,309	\$78,419	\$55,704				
Earnings per common share — basic	\$0.53	\$0.25	\$1.92	\$1.37				
Earnings per common share — diluted	\$0.52	\$0.25	\$1.88	\$1.34				

Reconciliation of Net Income to Adjusted EBITDA:

	Three Mo	nths Ended	Nine Mon	ths Ended
	Septembe	September 30, September 3		r 30,
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	(in thousa	nds)	(in thousa	nds)
Net income	\$21,691	\$ 10,309	\$78,419	\$55,704

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Add back:				
Income tax provision	10,292	6,177	44,115	31,756
Other income (expense), net	3,091	9,669	8,941	33,697
Depreciation and amortization	9,310	7,458	25,359	22,569
Amortization of other intangible assets	2,845	2,900	8,041	8,919
Special charges	_	_	6,811	
Loss on early extinguishment of debt		19,589		19,589
Remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent				
consideration	_	_	980	(1,675)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$47,229	\$ 56,102	\$172,666	\$170,559

Reconciliation of Net Income to Adjusted Net Income and Earnings Per Share to Adjusted Earnings Per Share:

	Three Mo Septembe 2016 (in thousa except per data)	2015 nds,	Nine Mod Ended September 2016 (in thousa except per data)	er 30, 2015 ands,
Net income	\$21,691	\$10,309	\$78,419	\$55,704
Add back:				
Special charges, net of tax (1)	_	_	4,328	_
Loss on early extinguishment of debt, net of tax (2)	_	11,881	_	11,881
Remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, net of tax (3)	_	_	600	(1,005)
Adjusted net income	\$21,691	\$ 22,190	\$83,347	\$66,580
Earnings per common share — diluted	\$0.52	\$0.25	\$1.88	\$1.34
Add back:	Ψ 0.52	φ 0.23	φ1.00	Ψ1.51
Special charges, net of tax (1)	_	_	0.10	_
Loss on early extinguishment of debt, net of tax (2)		\$0.28	_	\$0.28
Remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent		·		·
consideration, net of tax (3)	_	_	0.02	(0.02)
Adjusted earnings per common share — diluted	\$0.52	\$ 0.53	\$2.00	\$1.60
Weighted average number of common shares				
outstanding — diluted	42,065	41,982	41,605	41,682

⁽¹⁾The tax effect takes into account the tax treatment and related tax rates that apply to each adjustment in the applicable tax jurisdiction. As a result, the effective tax rates for the adjustments related to special charges for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was 36.5%. The tax expense related to the adjustments for special charges for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$2.5 million, or \$0.06 impact on Adjusted EPS. There were no special charges for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015.

⁽²⁾The tax effect takes into account the tax treatment and related tax rates that apply to each adjustment in the applicable tax jurisdiction. As a result, the effective tax rate for the loss on early extinguishment of debt for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 was 39.3%. The tax expense related to the loss on early extinguishment of debt for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 was \$7.7 million, or \$0.18 impact on Adjusted EPS. There were no adjustments related to the early extinguishment of debt in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016.

⁽³⁾ The tax effect takes into account the tax treatment and related tax rates that apply to each adjustment in the applicable tax jurisdiction. As a result, the effective tax rate for the adjustments related to the remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 were 38.8% and 40.0%, respectively. The tax expense related to the adjustment for the remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 were \$0.4 million, or \$0.01 impact on Adjusted EPS, and \$0.7 million, or a \$0.02 impact on Adjusted EPS, respectively. There were no

adjustments related to the remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration in the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2016 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2015

Revenues and operating income

See "Segment Results" for an expanded discussion of segment revenues and operating income.

Unallocated corporate expenses

Unallocated corporate expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2016 increased \$0.9 million, or 4.1%, to \$21.7 million compared to \$20.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015. The increase was primarily due to higher outside legal costs and higher costs for infrastructure departments largely to support growth in the business and new initiatives. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in corporate costs compared to the third quarter of 2015. In the third quarter of 2015, we transferred to our segments previously recognized cost favorability related to our self-insured benefit plans.

Interest income and other

Interest income and other, which includes foreign currency transaction gains and losses, increased \$1.2 million to income of \$3.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to income of \$2.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015. The increase was due, in part, to an acquisition-related liability, as well as an increase in net unrealized foreign currency transaction gains, resulting principally from the weakening of the British Pound. Transaction gains and losses, both realized and unrealized, relate to the remeasurement or settlement of monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than an entity's functional currency. These monetary assets and liabilities include both client and current intercompany receivables and payables.

Interest expense

Interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2016 decreased \$5.4 million, or 46.1%, to \$6.3 million compared to \$11.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015. Interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2016 was favorably impacted by lower average interest rates and borrowings subsequent to the debt restructuring completed in the third quarter of 2015.

Income tax provision

The effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2016 was 32.2% compared to 37.5% for the three months ended September 30, 2015. The effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2016 was favorably impacted by higher foreign earnings in 2016.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015

Revenues and operating income

See "Segment Results" for an expanded discussion of segment revenues and operating income.

Unallocated corporate expenses

Unallocated corporate expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased \$5.8 million, or 10.6%, to \$60.9 million compared to \$55.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The increase was primarily due to higher outside legal costs and higher costs for infrastructure departments to support growth in the business and new initiatives.

Interest income and other

Interest income and other, which includes foreign currency transaction gains and losses, increased \$7.1 million to income of \$9.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to income of \$2.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The increase was due, in part, to an adjustment of an acquisition-related liability, as well as an increase in net unrealized foreign currency transaction gains. These foreign currency transaction gains were \$5.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, resulting principally from the weakening of the British Pound, compared to a \$1.0 million loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. Transaction gains and losses, both realized and unrealized, relate to the remeasurement or settlement of monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than an entity's functional currency. These monetary assets and liabilities include both client and current intercompany receivables and payables.

Interest expense

Interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 decreased \$17.7 million, or 48.4%, to \$18.8 million compared to \$36.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. Interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was favorably impacted by lower average interest rates and borrowings subsequent to the debt restructuring completed in the third quarter of 2015.

Income tax provision

The effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was 36.0% compared to 36.3% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was favorably impacted by higher foreign earnings and lower state taxes, partially offset by the impact of discrete items in 2016.

SEGMENT RESULTS

Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA

We evaluate the performance of our operating segments based on Adjusted Segment EBITDA. The following table reconciles Net income to Total segment operating income and Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA, which are non-GAAP financial measures, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

		nths Ended		
	Septembe 2016	2015	September 2016	2015
Net income	\$21,691	\$10,309	\$78,419	\$55,704
Add back:				
Income tax provision	10,292	6,177	44,115	31,756
Other income (expense), net	3,091	9,669	8,941	33,697
Loss on early extinguishment of debt	_	19,589	_	19,589
Unallocated corporate expenses	21,738	20,875	60,890	55,057
Total segment operating income	56,812	66,619	192,365	195,803
Add back:				
Segment depreciation expense	7,920	6,733	22,128	20,237
Amortization of other intangible assets	2,845	2,900	8,041	8,919
Segment special charges	_	_	6,811	
Remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent				
consideration	_	_	980	(1,675)
Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA	\$67,577	\$76,252	\$230,325	\$223,284

Other Segment Operating Data

	Three Months Ended				Nine Months				
				l	Ended				
	Septem	ber 3	30,		September 30,				
	2016		2015		2016		2015		
Number of revenue-generating professionals:									
(at period end)									
Corporate Finance & Restructuring	904		830		904		830		
Forensic and Litigation Consulting (1)	1,145		1,209		1,14	5	1,20	9	
Economic Consulting	647		594		647		594		
Technology (2)	298		354		298		354		
Strategic Communications	624		594		624		594		
Total revenue-generating professionals	3,618		3,581		3,61	8	3,58	1	
Utilization rates of billable professionals: (3)									
Corporate Finance & Restructuring	61	%	69	%	68	%	71	%	
<u> </u>									

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Forensic and Litigation Consulting	57	% 60	% 60	% 65	%
Economic Consulting	69	% 71	% 74	% 72	%
Average billable rate per hour: (4)					
Corporate Finance & Restructuring	\$ 379	\$ 390	\$388	\$382	
Forensic and Litigation Consulting	\$ 330	\$318	\$329	\$315	
Economic Consulting	\$ 534	\$ 523	\$516	\$506	

⁽¹⁾There were 71 revenue-generating professionals as of September 30, 2015 related to a business in Latin America that was disposed at the end of 2015. Excluding these professionals, the total number of revenue-generating professionals of our Forensic and Litigation Consulting segment would have been 1,138 as of September 30, 2015.

⁽²⁾The number of revenue-generating professionals for the Technology segment excludes as-needed professionals who we employ based on demand for the segment's services. We employed an average of 258 as-needed employees during the three months ended September 30, 2016, as compared to 411 as-needed employees during the three months ended September 30, 2015.

- (3) We calculate the utilization rate for our billable professionals by dividing the number of hours that all of our billable professionals worked on client assignments during a period by the total available working hours for all of our billable professionals during the same period. Available hours are determined by the standard hours worked by each employee, adjusted for part-time hours, local country standard work weeks and local country holidays. Available working hours include vacation and professional training days, but exclude holidays. Utilization rates are presented for our segments that primarily bill clients on an hourly basis. We have not presented utilization rates for our Technology and Strategic Communications segments as most of the revenues of these segments are not generated on an hourly basis.
- ⁽⁴⁾For engagements where revenues are based on number of hours worked by our billable professionals, average billable rate per hour is calculated by dividing revenues (excluding revenues from success fees, pass-through and outside consultants) for a period by the number of hours worked on client assignments during the same period. We have not presented average billable rates per hour for our Technology and Strategic Communications segments as most of the revenues of these segments are not based on billable hours.

CORPORATE FINANCE & RESTRUCTURING

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2016 2015 (dollars in thousands,				Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 2015 (dollars in thousands,			
	except ra	te p	er hour)		except ra	ate p	er hour)	
Revenues	\$110,617	7	\$113,487	7	\$369,91	5	\$328,812	2
Percentage change in revenues from prior year	-2.5	%	13.4	%	12.5	%	10.3	%
Operating expenses:								
Direct cost of revenues	73,444		68,650		229,76	9	200,65	1
Selling, general and administrative expenses	20,109		18,852		60,915		59,075	
Acquisition-related contingent consideration	_		_		_		(1,438)
Amortization of other intangible assets	882		873		2,491		2,742	
	94,435		88,375		293,17	5	261,030	0
Segment operating income	16,182		25,112		76,740		67,782	
Percentage change in segment operating income								
from prior year	-35.6	%	87.3	%	13.2	%	73.4	%
Add back:								
Depreciation and amortization of intangible assets	1,580		1,550		4,666		4,883	
Remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent								
consideration			_		_		(1,491)
Adjusted Segment EBITDA	\$17,762		\$26,662		\$81,406		\$71,174	
Gross profit (1)	\$37,173		\$44,837		\$140,14	6	\$128,16	1
Percentage change in gross profit from prior year	-17.1	%	32.8	%	9.4	%	27.8	%
Gross profit margin (2)	33.6	%	39.5	%	37.9	%	39.0	%
Adjusted Segment EBITDA margin	16.1	%	23.5	%	22.0	%	21.6	%
Number of revenue-generating professionals (at period								
end)	904		830		904		830	
Percentage change in number of revenue-generating	8.9	%	15.0	%		%		%

professionals from prior year

Utilization rates of billable professionals	61	% 69	% 68	% 71	%
Average billable rate per hour	\$379	\$390	\$388	\$382	

⁽¹⁾ Revenues less direct cost of revenues

Three Months Ended September 30, 2016 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2015

Revenues decreased \$2.9 million, or 2.5%, to \$110.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016, which included a 1.6% estimated negative impact from FX. Excluding the estimated impact of FX, revenues decreased by \$1.0 million, or 0.9%.

⁽²⁾ Gross profit as a percent of revenues

Gross profit decreased \$7.7 million, or 17.1%, to \$37.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. Gross profit margin decreased 5.9 percentage points for the three months ended September 30, 2016. The decrease was primarily due to lower utilization and higher costs related to the ramp up of experienced hires, which contributed to 5.2 percentage points of the gross profit margin decrease.

Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expense increased \$1.3 million, or 6.7%, to \$20.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. SG&A expense was 18.2% of revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to 16.6% for the three months ended September 30, 2015. This increase in SG&A expense was due to higher infrastructure support costs and recruiting expense to support additional headcount.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015

Revenues increased \$41.1 million, or 12.5%, to \$369.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, which included a 1.6% estimated negative impact from FX. Excluding the estimated impact of FX, revenues increased by \$46.5 million, or 14.1%. This increase was primarily due to higher demand and higher success fees in distressed service offerings in North America and higher demand in distressed, tax and transaction advisory services in Europe, Middle East and Africa ("EMEA").

Gross profit increased \$12.0 million, or 9.4%, to \$140.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Gross profit margin decreased 1.1 percentage points for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. The decrease was primarily due to lower utilization with increased headcount in North America, partially offset by improved utilization in EMEA.

SG&A expense increased \$1.8 million, or 3.1%, to \$60.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. SG&A expense was 16.5% of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to 18.0% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The increase in SG&A expense was due to higher infrastructure support costs and recruiting expense to support additional headcount. This increase was partially offset by collections of prior period bad debts.

FORENSIC AND LITIGATION CONSULTING

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2016 2015 (dollars in thousands,				Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 2015 (dollars in thousands,			
	except ra	ite j	per hour)		except ra	ite į	per hour)	
Revenues	\$115,04		\$116,158	3	\$352,242		\$365,55	4
Percentage change in revenues from prior year	-1.0	%	-4.6	%	-3.6	%	0.9	%
Operating expenses:								
Direct cost of revenues	77,140		81,322		238,693	3	241,60	6
Selling, general and administrative expenses	22,554		22,349		65,269		71,330	
Special charges			_		1,750			
Acquisition-related contingent consideration	_		6		6		24	
Amortization of other intangible assets	484		537		1,519		1,700	
· ·	100,178	8	104,214	1	307,23	7	314,660	0
Segment operating income	14,867		11,944		45,005		50,894	
Percentage change in segment operating income								
from prior year	24.5	%	-41.1	%	-11.6	%	-23.5	%
Add back:								
Depreciation and amortization of intangible assets	1,687		1,462		4,797		4,562	
Special charges					1,750			
Adjusted Segment EBITDA	\$16,554		\$13,406		\$51,552		\$55,456	
Gross profit (1)	\$37,905		\$34,836		\$113,549	9	\$123,94	8
Percentage change in gross profit from prior year	8.8	%	-18.3	%	-8.4	%	-7.5	%
Gross profit margin (2)	32.9	%	30.0	%	32.2	%	33.9	%
Adjusted Segment EBITDA margin	14.4	%	11.5	%	14.6	%	15.2	%
Number of revenue-generating professionals (at period								
end)	1,145		1,209		1,145		1,209	
Percentage change in number of revenue-generating	-,		-,		-,		-,	
professionals from prior year	-5.3	%	6.5	%	-5.3	%	6.5	%
Utilization rates of billable professionals	57	%	60	%	60	%	65	%
Average billable rate per hour	\$330		\$318		\$329		\$315	

⁽¹⁾ Revenues less direct cost of revenues.

Revenues decreased \$1.1 million, or 1.0%, to \$115.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016, and were flat to the prior year excluding the estimated impact of FX. Higher success fees were offset by lower demand in our health solutions practice.

⁽²⁾ Gross profit as a percent of revenues.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2016 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2015

Gross profit increased \$3.1 million, or 8.8%, to \$37.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. Gross profit margin increased 2.9 percentage points for the three months ended September 30, 2016. This increase was primarily due to higher success fees realized in our health solutions practice.

SG&A expense increased \$0.2 million, or 0.9%, to \$22.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. SG&A expense was 19.6% of revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to 19.2% for the three months ended September 30, 2015.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015

Revenues decreased \$13.3 million, or 3.6%, to \$352.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, which included a 1.0% estimated negative impact from FX. Excluding the estimated impact of FX, revenues decreased by \$9.5 million, or 2.6%, due to lower demand in our health solutions and global dispute advisory services practices. These decreases were partially offset by higher demand in our financial and enterprise data analytics and global risk and investigations practices.

Gross profit decreased \$10.4 million, or 8.4%, to \$113.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Gross profit margin decreased 1.7 percentage points for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. This decrease was primarily due to lower demand and lower utilization in our health solutions practice, partially offset by higher utilization in our global financial and enterprise data analytics practice.

SG&A expense decreased \$6.1 million, or 8.5%, to \$65.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. SG&A expense was 18.5% of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to 19.5% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease in SG&A expense was a result of higher severance expenses recorded in 2015 related to the departure of a senior managing director and lower bad debt expense, partially offset by higher infrastructure support costs.

ECONOMIC CONSULTING

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2016 2015 (dollars in thousands, except rate per hour)			Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 2015 (dollars in thousands, except rate per hour)				
Revenues	\$122,480)	\$114,541		\$371,217	7	\$329,320	C
Percentage change in revenues from prior year	6.9	%	-4.9	%	12.7	%	-4.4	%
Operating expenses:								
Direct cost of revenues	88,682		83,176		268,517	7	242,549	9
Selling, general and administrative expenses	16,745		15,538		50,775		45,897	
Acquisition-related contingent consideration	11		21		43		(126)
Amortization of other intangible assets	154		308		492		924	
	105,592	2	99,043		319,827	7	289,24	4
Segment operating income	16,888		15,498		51,390		40,076	
Percentage change in segment operating income								
from prior year	9.0	%	-10.1	%	28.2	%	-13.8	%
Add back:								
Depreciation and amortization of intangible assets	1,466		1,156		3,664		3,610	
Remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent								
consideration	_		_		_		(184)
Adjusted Segment EBITDA	\$18,354		\$16,654		\$55,054		\$43,502	
Gross profit (1)	\$33,798		\$31,365		\$102,700)	\$86,771	
Percentage change in gross profit from prior year	7.8	%	-5.6	%	18.4	%	-8.2	%
Gross profit margin (2)	27.6	%	27.4	%	27.7	%	26.3	%
Adjusted Segment EBITDA margin	15.0	%	14.5	%	14.8	%	13.2	%
Number of revenue-generating professionals (at period								
end)	647		594		647		594	
Percentage change in number of revenue-generating								
-								
professionals from prior year	8.9	%	7.8	%	8.9	%	7.8	%

Utilization rates of billable professionals	69	% 71	% 74	% 72	%
Average billable rate per hour	\$534	\$523	\$516	\$506	

⁽¹⁾ Revenues less direct cost of revenues

Three Months Ended September 30, 2016 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2015

Revenues increased \$7.9 million, or 6.9%, to \$122.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016, which included a 2.5% estimated negative impact from FX. Excluding the estimated impact of FX, revenues increased by \$10.8 million, or 9.4%, primarily due to higher demand and higher average realization in non-M&A antitrust services in North America, partially offset by lower average realization in financial economics services in North America.

Gross profit increased \$2.4 million, or 7.8%, to \$33.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. Gross profit margin increased 0.2 percentage points for the three months ended September 30, 2016. This increase was due to improved utilization in North America, partially offset by lower utilization in EMEA.

⁽²⁾ Gross profit as a percent of revenues

SG&A expense increased \$1.2 million, or 7.8%, to \$16.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. SG&A expense was 13.7% of revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to 13.6% for the three months ended September 30, 2015. The increase in SG&A expense was primarily due to higher outside services and depreciation expense.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015

Revenues increased \$41.9 million, or 12.7%, to \$371.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, which included a 1.6% estimated negative impact from FX. Excluding the estimated impact of FX, revenues increased by \$47.1 million, or 14.3%, primarily due to higher demand for our M&A related antitrust services and financial economics services in North America, and due to higher demand for non-M&A antitrust services in North America and in EMEA.

Gross profit increased \$15.9 million, or 18.4%, to \$102.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Gross profit margin increased 1.4 percentage points for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. This increase was primarily due to higher average realization in EMEA and higher utilization in North America.

SG&A expense increased \$4.9 million, or 10.6%, to \$50.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. SG&A expense was 13.7% of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to 13.9% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The increase in SG&A expense was driven primarily by higher outside services and infrastructure support costs.

TECHNOLOGY

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended			
	September 30,		September :	30,		
	2016	2015	2016	2015		
	(dollars in					
	thousands)		(dollars in t	housands)		
Revenues	\$44,072	\$55,568	\$134,235	\$172,048		
Percentage change in revenues from prior year	-20.7 %	-10.9 %	-22.0 %	-6.1 %		
Operating expenses:						
Direct cost of revenues	25,666	31,153	78,526	96,256		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	15,129	17,386	47,354	53,709		
Special charges			5,061			
Amortization of other intangible assets	408	199	725	590		
	41,203	48,738	131,666	150,555		
Segment operating loss (income)	2,869	6,830	2,569	21,493		
Percentage change in segment operating income						
from prior year	-58.0 %	-50.3 %	-88.0 %	-43.0 %		
Add back:						
Depreciation and amortization of intangible assets	4,529	3,983	12,626	11,559		
Special charges	_	_	5,061	_		
Adjusted Segment EBITDA	\$7,398	\$10,813	\$20,256	\$33,052		
Gross profit (1)	\$18,406	\$24,415	\$55,709	\$75,792		
Percentage change in gross profit from prior year	-24.6 %	-21.2 %	-26.5 %	-14.0 %		

41.8	%	43.9	%	41.5	%	44.1	%
16.8	%	19.5	%	15.1	%	19.2	%
298		354		298		354	
-15.8	%	5.7	%	-15.8	%	5.7	%
	16.8	16.8 %	16.8 % 19.5 298 354	16.8 % 19.5 % 298 354	16.8 % 19.5 % 15.1 298 354 298	16.8 % 19.5 % 15.1 % 298 354 298	16.8 % 19.5 % 15.1 % 19.2 298 354 298 354

⁽¹⁾ Revenues less direct cost of revenues

⁽²⁾ Gross profit as a percent of revenues

⁽³⁾ Includes personnel involved in direct client assistance and revenue generating consultants

Three Months Ended September 30, 2016 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2015

Revenues decreased \$11.5 million, or 20.7%, to \$44.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016, due to a decline in M&A related second request activity and reduced demand for services related to litigations.

Gross profit decreased \$6.0 million, or 24.6%, to \$18.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. Gross profit margin decreased 2.1 percentage points for the three months ended September 30, 2016. The decrease was primarily due to lower demand and realized pricing for managed review services.

SG&A expense decreased \$2.3 million, or 13.0%, to \$15.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. SG&A expense was 34.3% of revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to 31.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease in SG&A expense was due to lower infrastructure support and occupancy costs, lower bad debt expense, and lower costs realized from the headcount reduction taken in the first quarter of 2016. Research and development expense related to software was \$4.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to \$4.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015

Revenues decreased \$37.8 million, or 22.0%, to \$134.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, which included a 1.1% estimated negative impact from FX. Excluding the estimated impact of FX, revenues decreased by \$35.9 million, or 20.9%, largely due to declines in M&A related second request activity and in large cross-border investigations.

Gross profit decreased \$20.1 million, or 26.5%, to \$55.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Gross profit margin decreased 2.6 percentage points for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. The decrease in gross profit margin was due to lower demand and pricing for managed review and consulting services.

SG&A expense decreased \$6.4 million, or 11.8%, to \$47.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. SG&A expense was 35.3% of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to 31.2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease in SG&A expense was due to lower costs realized from the headcount reduction taken in the first quarter of 2016, as well as lower occupancy costs, infrastructure support costs and research and development expense. Research and development expense related to software was \$13.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to \$14.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

STRATEGIC COMMUNICATIONS

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2016 2015 (dollars in			Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 2015				
	thousand				(dollars i	n th	ousands))
Revenues	\$45,828	5)	\$55,716		\$140,865		\$141,21	
Percentage change in revenues from prior year		%	19.7	%		%		%
Operating expenses:								
Direct cost of revenues	28,770		37,308		87,027		91,046	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	9,945		10,058		32,871		31,249	
Remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent	,		,		,		,	
consideration					980			
Acquisition-related contingent consideration	190		132		512		395	
Amortization of other intangible assets	917		983		2,814		2,963	
·	39,822		48,481		124,204	1	125,65	3
Segment operating income	6,006		7,235		16,661		15,558	
Percentage change in segment operating income								
from prior year	-17.0	%	48.4	%	7.1	%	57.0	%
Add back:								
Depreciation and amortization of intangible assets	1,503		1,482		4,416		4,542	
Special charges								
Remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent								
consideration	_		_		980			
Adjusted Segment EBITDA	\$7,509		\$8,717		\$22,057		\$20,100	
Gross profit (1)	\$17,058		\$18,408		\$53,838		\$50,165	
Percentage change in gross profit from prior year	-7.3	%	6.5	%		%	-1.7	%
Gross profit margin (2)		%	33.0	%		%	35.5	%
Adjusted Segment EBITDA margin	16.4	%	15.6	%	15.7	%	14.2	%
Number of revenue-generating professionals (at period								
end)	624		594		624		594	
Percentage change in number of revenue-generating								
			_		_			
professionals from prior year	5.1	%	8.2	%	5.1	%	8.2	%

⁽¹⁾ Revenues less direct cost of revenues

Three Months Ended September 30, 2016 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2015

Revenues decreased \$9.9 million, or 17.7%, to \$45.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016, which included a 3.8% estimated negative impact from FX. Excluding the estimated impact of FX, revenues decreased by

⁽²⁾ Gross profit as a percent of revenues

\$7.8 million, or 14.0%. This decline was primarily due to an \$8.5 million reduction in pass-through revenues.

Gross profit decreased \$1.4 million, or 7.3%, to \$17.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. Gross profit margin increased 4.2 percentage points for the three months ended September 30, 2016. The increase was primarily due to lower pass-through revenues in the three months ended September 30, 2016. Excluding the impact of net pass-through revenues, gross profit margin declined 2.0 percentage points due to higher costs related to ramp up of new hires.

SG&A expense decreased \$0.1 million, or 1.1%, to \$9.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. SG&A expense was 21.7% of revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to 18.1% for the three months ended September 30, 2015.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015

Revenues decreased \$0.3 million, or 0.2%, to \$140.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, which included a 3.2% estimated negative impact from FX. Excluding the estimated impact of FX, revenues increased by \$4.2 million, or 3.0%, primarily due to higher project-based revenues in North America and higher retainer and project-based revenues in EMEA,

predominantly in public affairs and financial communications-related engagements. These increases were partially offset by a \$7.2 million reduction in pass-through revenues.

Gross profit increased \$3.7 million, or 7.3%, to \$53.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Gross profit margin increased 2.7 percentage points for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Excluding the impact of net pass-through revenues, gross profit margin improved 0.9% due to the mix of higher margin large project engagements with improved utilization across North America.

SG&A expense increased \$1.6 million, or 5.2%, to \$32.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. SG&A expense was 23.3% of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to 22.1% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The increase in SG&A expense was primarily due to higher infrastructure support costs and compensation, partially offset by lower legal costs.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based on our condensed consolidated financial statements, which we have prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the SEC describes the significant accounting policies and methods used in preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements. We evaluate our estimates, including those related to bad debts, goodwill, income taxes and contingencies on an ongoing basis. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances. These results form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. The accounting policies that reflect our more significant estimates, judgments and assumptions and which we believe are the most critical to aid in fully understanding and evaluating our reported financial results include the following:

- Revenue recognition
- Allowance for doubtful accounts and unbilled services
- Goodwill and other intangible assets
- Share-based compensation
- Income taxes

There have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates from the information provided in "Critical Accounting Policies" in Part II, Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the SEC.

Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

On a quarterly basis, we monitor the key drivers of fair value to detect events or other changes that would warrant an interim impairment test of our goodwill and intangible assets. Factors we consider important that could trigger an interim impairment review include, but are not limited to, the following: significant underperformance relative to historical or projected future operating results; a significant change in the manner of our use of the acquired asset or strategy for our overall business; a significant negative industry or economic trend; and our market capitalization

relative to net book value. When we evaluate these factors and determine that a triggering event has occurred, we perform an interim impairment analysis.

As of October 1, 2015, the date of our last annual goodwill impairment test, the estimated fair value of each of our reporting units significantly exceeded their respective carrying values and no further testing was required. Through our quarterly assessment, we determined that there were no events or circumstances that more likely than not would reduce the fair value of any of our reporting units below their carrying value.

There can be no assurance that the estimates and assumptions used in our goodwill impairment testing will prove to be accurate predictions of the future. If our assumptions regarding forecasted cash flows are not achieved, we may be required to perform the two-step quantitative goodwill impairment analysis prior to our next annual impairment test. In addition, if the aforementioned factors have the effect of changing one of the critical assumptions or estimates we use to calculate the value of our goodwill or intangible assets, we may be required to record goodwill and/or intangible asset impairment charges in future periods, whether in connection with our next annual impairment test or if a triggering event occurs outside of the quarter during which the annual goodwill impairment test is

performed. It is not possible at this time to determine if any future impairment charge would result or, if it does, whether such charge would be material.

SIGNIFICANT NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

See "Note 3 – New Accounting Standards" in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash Flows

	Nine Months Ended					
	September 30,					
Cash flows	2016 2015					
	(dollars in thousands)					
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$111,575 \$43,303					
Net cash used in investing activities	\$(22,837) \$(25,155)					
Net cash used in financing activities	\$(6,346) \$(192,911)					
DSO	106 105					

We have generally financed our day-to-day operations, capital expenditures and acquisition-related contingent payments through cash flows from operations. Generally, during our first quarter of each fiscal year, our cash needs exceed our cash flows from operations due to the payments of annual incentive compensation and acquisition-related contingent payments. Our operating cash flows generally exceed our cash needs in the second half of each year.

Our operating assets and liabilities consist primarily of billed and unbilled accounts receivable, notes receivable from employees, accounts payable, accrued expenses and accrued compensation expense. The timing of billings and collections of receivables as well as payments for compensation arrangements affect the changes in these balances.

DSO is a performance measure used to assess how quickly revenues are collected by the Company. We calculate DSO at the end of each reporting period by dividing net accounts receivable reduced by billings in excess of services provided, by revenue for the quarter, adjusted for changes in foreign exchange rates. We multiply the result by the number of days in the quarter. Our DSO typically reaches its lowest point at December 31st each year and has consistently increased during the following quarters.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015

Cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$111.6 million compared to \$43.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The increase was primarily due to higher cash collections and lower payments for interest expense and other operating expenses, which were partially offset by increased payments for compensation. DSO was 106 days at September 30, 2016 compared to 105 days at September 30, 2015.

Net cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$22.8 million compared to net cash used in investing activities of \$25.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. Capital expenditures were \$22.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to \$24.7 million for the nine months

ended September 30, 2015.

Net cash used in financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$6.3 million compared to \$192.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. Cash used in financing activities in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 included a \$25.0 million repayment of borrowings under our Senior Bank Credit Facility and repayments in a total amount of \$2.9 million to settle repurchases of our common stock, partially offset by \$18.4 million in cash received from the issuance of common stock under our equity compensation plan and the receipt of \$2.8 million of refundable deposits related to one of our foreign entities. Our financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 included the retirement of the \$400 million principal amount of our 2020 Notes for \$414.7 million using cash on hand of \$164.7 million and borrowings under our Senior Bank Credit Facility of \$250 million. Subsequent to the debt retirement we repaid \$30 million of the borrowings under our Senior Bank Credit Facility. In addition, we repaid the final \$11.0 million in notes payable to former shareholders of an acquired business in 2015. Financing activities in 2015 also included \$13.9 million received from the issuance of common stock under our equity compensation plans and \$2.4 million of refundable deposits related to one of our foreign entities, offset by the payment of \$3.7 million in debt financing fees related to our Senior Bank Credit Facility.

Capital Resources

As of September 30, 2016, our capital resources included \$225.2 million of cash and cash equivalents and available borrowing capacity of \$373.6 million under our five-year \$550.0 million Senior Bank Credit Facility. As of September 30, 2016, we had \$175.0 million of borrowing outstanding under our Senior Bank Credit Facility and \$1.4 million of outstanding letters of credit, which reduced the availability of borrowings. We use letters of credit primarily in lieu of security deposits for our leased office facilities.

Future Capital Needs

We anticipate that our future capital needs will principally consist of funds required for:

- operating and general corporate expenses relating to the operation of our businesses;
- eapital expenditures, primarily for information technology equipment, office furniture and leasehold improvements;
- debt service requirements, including interest payments on our long-term debt;
- compensating designated executive management and senior managing directors under our various long-term incentive compensation programs;
- discretionary funding of the Stock Repurchase Program;
- contingent obligations related to our acquisitions;
- potential acquisitions of businesses that would allow us to diversify or expand our service offerings; and other known future contractual obligations.

For the full fiscal year ending December 31, 2016, we anticipate aggregate capital expenditures will range between \$30 million and \$33 million to support our organization, including direct support for specific client engagements. We currently anticipate capital expenditures will range between \$8 million and \$10 million for the fourth quarter of 2016. Our estimate takes into consideration the needs of our existing businesses but does not include the impact of any purchases that we make as a result of future acquisitions or specific client engagements that are not currently contemplated. Our capital expenditure requirements may change if our staffing levels or technology needs change significantly from what we currently anticipate, if we purchase additional equipment specifically to support a client engagement or if we pursue and complete future acquisitions.

Our cash flows from operations have generally exceeded our cash needs for capital expenditures and debt services requirements. We believe that our cash flows from operations, supplemented by borrowings under our Senior Bank Credit Facility, as necessary, will provide adequate cash to fund our cash needs from normal operations for at least the next twelve months.

Our conclusion that we will be able to fund our cash requirements by using existing capital resources and cash generated from operations does not take into account the impact of any future acquisition transactions or any unexpected significant changes in the number of employees or other expenditures that are currently not contemplated. The anticipated cash needs of our businesses could change significantly if we pursue and complete additional business acquisitions, if our business plans change, if economic conditions change from those currently prevailing or from those now anticipated, if our business does not perform at expected levels or is less profitable than expected, or if other unexpected circumstances arise that have a material effect on the cash flow or profitability of our business. Any of these events or circumstances, including any new business opportunities, could involve significant additional funding needs in excess of the identified currently available sources and could require us to raise additional debt or equity funding to meet those needs. Our ability to raise additional capital, if necessary, is subject to a variety of factors that we cannot predict with certainty, including:

our future profitability;

the quality of our accounts receivable;

our relative levels of debt and equity;

the volatility and overall condition of the capital markets; and

the market prices of our securities.

Any new debt funding, if available, may be on terms less favorable to us than our Senior Bank Credit Facility or the indenture that governs our 2022 Notes. See "Forward-Looking Statements" of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the SEC.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements, other than operating leases, and we have not entered into any transactions involving unconsolidated subsidiaries or special purpose entities.

Future Contractual Obligations

There have been no significant changes in our future contractual obligations information as disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the SEC.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, that involve uncertainties and risks. Forward-looking statements include statements concerning our plans, objectives, goals, strategies, future events, future revenues, future results and performance, future capital expenditures, expectations, plans or intentions relating to acquisitions and other matters, business trends and other information that is not historical. Forward-looking statements often contain words such as "estimates," "expects," "anticipates," "projects," "plans," "intends," "believes," "forecasts" and variations of such words or similar expressions. All forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, management's examination of operating trends, are based upon our historical performance and our current plans, estimates and expectations at the time we make them and various assumptions. There can be no assurance that management's expectations, beliefs and projections will result or be achieved. Our actual financial results, performance or achievements could differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, any forward-looking statements. The inclusion of any forward-looking information should not be regarded as a representation by us or any other person that the future plans, estimates or expectations contemplated by us will be achieved. Given these risks, uncertainties and other factors, you should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements.

There are a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained in, or implied by, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements we make in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q include those set forth under the heading "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the SEC. Important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements we make in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q include, but are not limited to, the following:

- changes in demand for our services;
- our ability to attract and retain qualified professionals and senior management;
- conflicts resulting in our inability to represent certain clients;
- our former employees joining or forming competing businesses;
- our ability to manage our professionals' utilization and billing rates and maintain or increase the pricing of our services and products;
- our ability to identify suitable acquisition candidates, negotiate favorable terms, take advantage of opportunistic acquisition situations and integrate the operations of acquisitions as well as the costs of integration;
- our ability to adapt to and manage the risks associated with operating in non-U.S. markets;
- our ability to replace key personnel, including former executives, officers, senior managers and practice and regional leaders who have highly specialized skills and experience;
- our ability to protect the confidentiality of internal and client data and proprietary and confidential information;
- legislation or judicial rulings, including rulings regarding data privacy and the discovery process;

periodic fluctuations in revenues, operating income and cash flows;

damage to our reputation as a result of claims involving the quality of our services;

fee discounting or renegotiation, lower pricing, less advantageous contract terms and unexpected terminations of client engagements;

competition for clients and key personnel;

general economic factors, industry trends, restructuring and bankruptcy rates, legal or regulatory requirements, capital market conditions, merger and acquisition activity, major litigation activity and other events outside of our control:

our ability to manage growth;

risk of non-payment of receivables;

the amount and terms of our outstanding indebtedness;

•risks relating to the obsolescence of, changes to, or the protection of, our proprietary software products and intellectual property rights;

• foreign currency disruptions and currency fluctuations between the U.S. dollar and foreign currencies; and

fluctuations in the mix of our services and the geographic locations in which our clients are located or our services are rendered.

There may be other factors that may cause our actual results to differ materially from our forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf apply only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements included herein. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances and do not intend to do so.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

For information regarding our exposure to certain market risks see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk" in Part II, Item 7A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the SEC. There have been no significant changes in our market risk exposure during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. An evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act), as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q was made under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. Based upon this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (a) were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is timely recorded, processed, summarized and reported and (b) included, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting. There have not been any changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2016 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time in the ordinary course of business, we are subject to claims, asserted or unasserted, or named as a party to lawsuits or investigations. Litigation, in general, and intellectual property and securities litigation in particular, can be expensive and disruptive to normal business operations. Moreover, the results of legal proceedings cannot be predicted with any certainty and in the case of more complex legal proceedings such as intellectual property and securities litigation, the results are difficult to predict at all. We are not aware of any asserted or unasserted legal proceedings or claims that we believe would have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of our operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There has been no material change in any risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on February 25, 2016. We may disclose changes to risk factors or disclose additional factors from time to time in our future filings with the SEC. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial also may impair our business operations.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds. Unregistered sales of equity securities.

None

Repurchases of our common stock.

The following table provides information with respect to purchases we made of our common stock during the three months ended September 30, 2016.

			Total Number of	Approximate
			Shares	Dollar Value
	Total	Average	Purchased as	that May Yet Be
	Numbe	nPoifce	Part of Publicly	Purchased
	Shares	Paid per	Announced	Under the
	Purchas		Program cept per share data	Program ⁽⁴⁾
July 1 through July 31, 2016		\$41.94	^ ^	\$ —
August 1 through August 31, 2016	23 (2)	\$44.58	_	<u> </u>
September 1 through September 30, 2016		\$42.35	_	100,000
Total	27		_	\$ 100,000

- Represents 3,057 shares of common stock withheld to cover payroll tax withholdings related to the lapse of restrictions on restricted stock.
- (2) Represents 22,705 shares of common stock withheld to cover payroll tax withholdings related to the lapse of restrictions on restricted stock.
- (3) Represents 649 shares of common stock withheld to cover payroll tax withholdings related to the lapse of restrictions on restricted stock.
- ⁽⁴⁾On June 2, 2016, our Board of Directors authorized the Stock Repurchase Program for up to \$100.0 million of our outstanding common stock. No shares of common stock were repurchased under the Stock Repurchase Program during the three months ended September 30, 2016. No time limit has been established for the completion of the program, and the program may be suspended, discontinued or replaced by the Board of Directors at any time without prior notice.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities. None

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures. Not Applicable

Item 5. Other Information. None

Item 6. Exhibits (a) Exhibits.

Exhibit

Number Exhibit Description

- 3.1 Articles of Incorporation of FTI Consulting, Inc., as amended and restated. (Filed with the SEC on May 23, 2003 as an exhibit to FTI Consulting, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 21, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference.)
- 3.2 Articles of Amendment of FTI Consulting, Inc. (Filed with the SEC on June 2, 2011 as an exhibit to FTI Consulting, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 1, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference.)
- 3.3 Bylaws of FTI Consulting, Inc., as amended and restated on June 1, 2011. (Filed with the SEC on June 2, 2011 as an exhibit to FTI Consulting, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 1, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference.)
- 3.4 Amendment No. 1 to Bylaws of FTI Consulting, Inc. (Filed with the SEC on December 16, 2013 as an exhibit to FTI Consulting, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 13, 2013 and incorporated herein by reference.)
- 3.5 Amendment No. 2 to Amended and Restated Bylaws of FTI Consulting, Inc. (Filed with the SEC on September 22, 2014 as an exhibit to FTI Consulting, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 17, 2014 and incorporated herein by reference.)
- 10.1* Offer of Employment Letter dated as of July 5, 2016, by and between FTI Consulting, Inc. and Ajay Sabherwal. (Filed with the SEC on July 18, 2016 as an exhibit to FTI Consulting, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 14, 2016 and incorporated herein by reference.)
- 31.1† Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)
- 31.2† Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)
- 32.1†** Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 (Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)
- 32.2†** Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 (Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)
- The following financial information from the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of FTI Consulting, Inc., included herewith, and formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Condensed

Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015; (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015; (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2016; (iv) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015; and (v) Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, tagged as blocks of text.

Filed herewith

- *Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.
- **This certification is deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: October 27, 2016

FTI CONSULTING, INC.

By: /s/ Catherine M. Freeman Catherine M. Freeman Senior Vice President, Controller and

Chief Accounting Officer (principal accounting officer)