GOLD FIELDS LTD
Form 6-K
May 09, 2008
FORM 6-K
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
Report of Foreign Private Issuer
Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the month of May 2008
Commission File Number 1-31318
Gold Fields Limited
(Translation of registrant's name into English)
24 St. Andrews Rd.
Parktown, 2193
South Africa
(Address of principal executive offices)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under
cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.
Form 20-Fx Form 40-F
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as
permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as
permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):
Indicate by check mark whether by furnishing the information contained in this Form
the registrant is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to
Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
Yes Nox
If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in
connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-

MINE TRAGEDIES OVERSHADOW GROUP RESULTS

JOHANNESBURG. 9 May 2008, Gold Fields Limited (NYSE & JSE: GFI) today announced headline earnings for the March 2008 quarter of R1,246 million, compared with headline earnings of R456 million and R228 million for the December 2007 and the March 2007 quarters respectively. In US dollar terms headline earnings for the March 2008 quarter were US\$176 million, compared with earnings of US\$67 million and US\$32 million for the December 2007 and the March 2007 quarters respectively.

March 2008 quarter salient features:

- · Attributable gold production decreased 14 per cent to 827,000 ounces largely due to power disruptions in South Africa;
- Total cash costs increased 21 per cent from R101,532 per kilogram (US\$467 per ounce) to R122,920 per kilogram (US\$513 per ounce) mainly due to the loss of production at the South African operations;
- · Agreement was reached with Mvela whereby the number of GFL shares to be exchanged for 15 per cent of GFIMSA will be fixed at 50 million shares;
- · Cerro Corona on track for production of concentrate during the September 2008 quarter;
- · Nick Holland takes over as the new Chief Executive Officer from Ian Cockerill and Terence Goodlace appointed Chief Operating Officer, effective from 1 May 2008.

An interim dividend declared of 65 SA cents per share payable on 2 June 2008.

Statement by Nick Holland, Chief Executive Officer of Gold Fields:

"It is with deep regret that subsequent to quarter end three separate accidents resulted in the death of 14 of our colleagues. On 28 April a seismic event at Driefontein's 10 shaft resulted in the death of four colleagues and at South Deep one colleague lost his life in a fall of ground accident on 29 April. On 1 May at South Deep nine colleagues died when a winder rope apparently broke and a conveyance fell 59 metres to the bottom of the 215 metre long ancillary ventilation raise hole between 100 and 110A levels. In all instances full investigations are currently underway. Gold Fields also intends to commission an external, full safety review at all its operations.

From an operational perspective the March quarter was characterised by two important developments.

The first was the power disruptions in South Africa which had a significantly negative impact on Group production and costs.

The second was the 29 per cent increase in the average rand/gold price received from R170,488 to R220,612 per kilogram as a result of a 17 per cent increase in the US dollar price of gold, combined with a 10 per cent weakening of the South African rand quarter on quarter. Despite the negative impact of the power disruptions in South Africa, the Group margin

increased from 38 per cent in the December 2007 quarter to 42 per cent in the March 2008 quarter. This demonstrates the benefits of a higher gold price combined with the shielding effect of the weakening currency on Gold Fields' earnings which, combined with cost leadership in a very challenging inflationary environment globally, should enable Gold Fields to capture some of the higher price received for the benefit of shareholders going forward.

The Group should benefit over the next three quarters as production in South Africa normalises at stable power supply levels and, in particular, as production increases from the international operations with the commissioning of the Cerro Corona mine in the September 2008 quarter and the completion of the Tarkwa CIL plant expansion during the December 2008 quarter. This, combined with the reduction in capital expenditure as these projects are completed, is expected to bolster free cash flow and earnings."

Stock data

JSE Limited - (GFI)

Number of shares in issue

Range - Quarter

ZAR99.00 - ZAR135.00

- at end March 2008

653,023,547

Average Volume - Quarter

3,450,315 shares / day

- average for the quarter

652,691,549

NYSE - (GFI)

Free Float

100%

Range - Quarter

ADR Ratio

1:1

Average Volume - Quarter

8,938,220 shares / day

Bloomberg / Reuters

GFISJ / GFLJ.J

US\$13.22 -US\$17.61

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Health and safety

We deeply regret to report that five fatal accidents occurred in the quarter at the South African operations. Kloof and Beatrix had two accidents each and Driefontein had one. Three of the fatal accidents related to fall-of-rock related accidents, while the other two included a heat stroke incident and a ventilation door accident. The fatal injury frequency rate for the March quarter improved to 0.13 per million hours worked, compared with the previous quarter's 0.32. The lost time injury frequency rate improved from 6.9 to 6.4, the serious injury frequency rate improved from 4.0 to 3.1, and the days lost injury frequency rate improved from 248 to 241. In addition, Beatrix and Driefontein achieved 1,000,000 fatality free shifts in the month of January 2008. A full explanation of the safety terms used in this report is available on our web site.

Following the March quarter, it is with regret that we report on three separate incidents in which 14 colleagues lost their lives. A seismic event at Driefontein resulted in the death of four colleagues and at South Deep one colleague lost his life in a fall of ground accident. The tragedy at South Deep cost the lives of nine of our colleagues. As a result of the recent spate of accidents Gold Fields is to commission an external, full safety review at all of its operations.

The Presidential Audit initiative continued during this quarter. Beatrix, Kloof and Driefontein have been audited. South Deep will be audited at the beginning of the June quarter.

Gold Fields remains committed to pursuing the Mine Health and Safety Council milestones in South Africa. These milestones are based on rate improvements for fatalities, noise induced hearing losses and silicosis with the objective of aligning with international norms.

Financial review

Quarter ended 31 March 2008 compared with quarter ended 31 December 2007

Discontinued operations

The Venezuelan assets (including Choco 10) which were sold during the December quarter are classed as discontinued operations for accounting purposes, and as such all prior periods have been restated to exclude results from this operation.

Revenue

Attributable gold production for the March 2008 quarter amounted to 827,000 ounces, compared with 960,000 ounces in the December quarter, a decrease of 14 per cent. Production at the South African operations decreased from 657,000 ounces to 520,000 ounces largely due to power disruptions. Attributable production at the international operations increased from 303,000 ounces to 307,000 ounces. At the South African operations gold production was adversely affected by reduced power supply from Eskom which resulted in almost a week's lost production at the end of January and reduced production over the remaining period – more detail is provided under the South African operations section below. As a result of the loss of production, a press release on 25 February 2008 gave an updated guidance which forecast a decrease in production at the South African operations of

between 20 and 25 per cent for the March guarter and between 15 and 20 per cent for the June quarter, when compared with the December quarter. The actual decrease for the March quarter was 21 per cent. Kloof, Beatrix and South Deep's gold production was more or less in line with the guidance given on 25 February, while Driefontein achieved 10 per cent above guidance, mainly due to increased surface production and higher underground grades fed to the mill. At the international operations, gold production at Tarkwa increased 4 per cent due to higher processed volumes. At Damang, gold production increased by 19 per cent due to increased processed volumes at a higher grade. Gold production at St Ives decreased by 6 per cent due to a decrease in underground volumes at a lower grade. At Agnew, gold production was similar to the December quarter, with the increase in high grade underground ore mined and delivered to the mill offset by lower average grades from the Songvang stockpile. At Songvang the high grade stockpile was depleted mid-quarter and the low grade stockpile is now being processed.

The average quarterly US dollar gold price achieved increased from US\$784 per ounce in the December quarter to US\$921 per ounce in the March quarter, a 17 per cent increase. The average rand/US dollar exchange rate averaged R7.45, compared with the R6.76 achieved in the December quarter. As a result of the above factors, the rand gold price improved from R170,488 per kilogram to R220,612 per kilogram, a 29 per cent increase. The Australian dollar gold price increased quarter on quarter from A\$886 per ounce to A\$1,008 per ounce.

The increase in the rand gold price achieved more than offset the decrease in production. Revenue in rand terms amounted to R6,109 million (US\$820 million), compared with the previous quarter's R5,430 million (US\$801 million), an increase of 13 per cent.

Operating costs

Operating costs increased by 5 per cent from R3,341 million (US\$494 million) in the December quarter to R3,503 million (US\$470 million) in the March quarter. Total cash costs increased by 21 per cent from R101,532 per kilogram (US\$467 per ounce) in the December quarter to R122,920 per kilogram (US\$513 per ounce) in the March quarter. This increase was mostly due to the loss of production as a result of the power disruptions in South Africa.

At the South African operations, operating costs decreased from R2,174 million (US\$321 million) to R2,126 million (US\$285 million), a decrease of 2 per cent. This decrease was mainly due to the lower

South African Rand
Salient features
United States Dollars
Nine months to
Quarter
Quarter
Nine months to
March
2007

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March
2008
March
2007
#
Dec
2007
March
2008
March
2008
Dec
2007
March
2007
March
2008
March
2007
93,592
86,258
30,530
                  25,736 kg Gold
         29,861
produced*
ΟZ
(000)
827
960
        981
                2,773
2,967
84,987
106,902
92,172 101,532 122,920 R/kg
Total cash costs
$/oz
513
467
        398
                 468
366
38,495
37,356
13,191
         12,630
                  12,376 000
                                      Tons milled
                                                          000
12,376
12,630
        13,191
                  37,356
38,495
145,936
180,270
151,175
         170,488 220,612 R/kg
                                                         $/oz
                                        Revenue
921
784
        652
                  789
628
226
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271				
235	265	283 R/ton	Operating costs	\$/ton
38	203	203 101011	Operating costs	ψποπ
39	33	38		
31	33	50		
5,771				
6,320				
1,846	2,037	2,566 Rm	Operating profit	\$m
347	2,007	2,000 11111	operating prom	ΨΠ
300	256	886		
798	200	000		
40				
38				
37	38	42 %	Operating margin	%
42	30	12 /0	operating margin	70
38	37	38		
40	31			
1,835				
3,615				
370	1,938	1,248 Rm		
Net earn		1,2 10 1011		
\$m	111165			
167				
281	52	508		
254	32			
337				
554				
60	297	191 SA c.p.s.		
US c.p.s		23 2 311 0. p.s.		
26	•			
43	8	78		
47				
1,682				
2,112				
228	456			
1,246				
	e earnings			
\$m				
176				
67	32	301		
233				
309				
324				
37	70	191 SA c.p.s.		
US c.p.s	S.			
27				
10	5	46		
43				
1,810				
2,019				
512	603			

1,009 Rm Net earnings excluding gains and losses on foreign exchange, financial instruments, exceptional items and discontinued operations \$m 138 88 71 284 250 333 309 83 93 155 SA c.p.s. US c.p.s. 21 13 11 44 46

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Prior period operational results have been restated to exclude the discontinued assets sold during the December 2007 quarter i.e. the Venezuelan assets (Choco 10).

^{*} Attributable – All companies wholly owned except for Ghana (71.1%).

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volumes mined and processed because of the one week closure and constrained production flowing from the power disruptions during the quarter. In the short term mining costs are mostly of a fixed nature, resulting in an increase in unit costs as a consequence of the lost production. As a result total cash costs at the South African operations increased from R101,170 per kilogram (US\$465 per ounce) to R125,181 per kilogram (US\$523 per ounce).

Operating costs at the international operations, including gold-inprocess movements, amounted to R1,417 million (US\$190 million), compared with R1,219 million (US\$180 million) in the December quarter, an increase of 16 per cent, of which 10 per cent is due to the weaker rand. Approximately half of the total dollar increase at the international operations occurred at Tarkwa, which reflected an increase in costs of US\$5 million or 7 per cent due to the increase in production, together with fuel and power tariff increases. At Damang, costs increased by US\$2 million or 9 per cent as a consequence of increased volumes mined from the Damang pit cutback and an increase in on-mine exploration. At St Ives, operating costs in Australian dollar terms, including gold-in-process movements, increased by A\$5 million or 8 per cent, mainly as a result of increased maintenance costs associated with a planned mill shutdown and an increase in royalty charges due to the higher gold price. At Agnew, operating costs decreased by A\$2 million or 8 per cent mainly due to the decrease in processed ore from Songvang. Total cash costs at the international operations increased from US\$470 per ounce to US\$500 per ounce quarter on quarter.

Operating margin

The net effect of the changes in revenue and costs, after taking into account gold-in-process movements, was an operating profit of R2,566 million (US\$344 million). This represented a 26 per cent increase when compared with the R2,037 million (US\$300 million) achieved in the December quarter. The Group operating margin increased from 38 per cent to 42 per cent. The margin at the South African operations increased from 37 per cent to 41 per cent, and the margin at the international operations increased from 38 per cent to 44 per cent.

Amortisation

Amortisation decreased from R763 million (US\$113 million) in the December quarter to R714 million (US\$95 million) in the March quarter. This decrease was mainly due to the lower amortisation charge at the South African operations which reduced from R463 million (US\$68 million) to R376 million (US\$50 million) because of the loss of production. This was partially offset by an increase at the international operations in line with the increased production.

Other

Net interest paid was similar at R88 million (US\$12 million) when compared with the December quarter.

The gain on foreign exchange of R38 million (US\$6 million), compares with a loss of R5 million (US\$1 million) in the December quarter. Both result from the conversion of offshore cash holdings into the functional

currency i.e. rands.

The gain on financial instruments for the quarter at R262 million (US\$38 million) compares with a loss of R188 million (US\$27 million) for the December quarter. The gain of R262 million (US\$38 million) in the March quarter mainly comprises R136 million (US\$18 million) due to the reversal of previous marked to market unrealised losses on the Myela floor and cap. The reversal was as a result of the Myela floor and cap falling away and being replaced by a fixed number of 50 million shares. The 50 million shares is accounted for as an equity instrument and does not need to be marked to market through the income statement. Also included in the R262 million (US\$38 million) was a R45 million (US\$6 million) marked to market gain on the share warrants included in the Group's investment portfolio. Added to this was a gain of R83 million (US\$11 million) on US\$90 million of South African rands/US dollar currency hedges closed out – refer hedging/derivatives on page 15. The loss of R188 million (US\$27 million) in the December quarter comprises a R168 million (US\$24 million) mark to market unrealised loss arising from the derivative instrument created as a result of the agreement with Mvela Resources. Also included is a R30 million (US\$4 million) unrealised mark to market loss on share warrants as mentioned above, partly offset by a R10 million (US\$1 million) gain on a diesel hedge in Ghana, which has since expired.

Exploration

Exploration expenditure, decreased from R79 million (US\$12 million) in the December quarter to R58 million (US\$8 million) in the March quarter. The main reason for this decline was expenditure at Essakane, sold in the December quarter, no longer being incurred. Please refer to the Exploration and Corporate Development section for more detail.

Exceptional items

The exceptional loss in the March quarter amounted to R42 million (US\$11 million) compared with a gain of R1,417 million (US\$205 million) in the December quarter. The loss in the March quarter mainly relates to a provision for costs at Driefontein with respect to the suspension of the 9 shaft project of R45 million (US\$6 million). This project was suspended due to the lack of power supply. The gain in the December quarter mainly comprised, profit on the sale of Essakane of R1,389 million (US\$201 million), and profit on the sale of investments of R26 million (US\$4 million).

Taxation

Taxation for the quarter amounted to R567 million (US\$77 million) compared with R418 million (US\$61 million) in the December quarter. This increase reflects the increase in profit before taxation and exceptional items for the quarter. The tax provision includes normal and deferred taxation on all operations together with government royalties at the international operations.

Discontinued operations

During the December quarter the assets in Venezuela, which included the mine Choco 10, were sold, and its results, including those of prior periods were accounted for as discontinued operations. As the sale was concluded in the December quarter no amount is reported in the March quarter. In the December quarter the gross proceeds from the sale of the Venezuelan assets amounted to R2,799 million (US\$413 million) and comprised cash of R1,219 million (US\$180 million) and shares in Rusoro Mining Limited of R1,580 million (US\$233 million). This sale has necessitated the restatement of prior period's salient features and financial results as required by IFRS 5. Salient features and financial results of continued and discontinued operations are detailed in the operating and financial results from page 16. The net profit from the sale of the Venezuelan assets in the December quarter amounted to R74 million (US\$11 million). Income from Choco 10 for the two months ended November 2007, the effective date of sale, of R45 million (US\$6 million) was also accounted for in the December quarter.

Earnings

Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders amounted to R1,248 million (US\$167 million) or 191 SA cents per share (US\$0.26 per share), compared with R1,938 million (US\$281 million) or 297 SA cents per share (US\$0.43 per share) in the previous quarter. Headline earnings i.e. earnings less the after tax effect of asset sales, impairments, the sale of investments and discontinued operations, was R1,246 million (US\$176 million) or 191 SA cents per share (US\$0.27 per share), compared with earnings of R456 million (US\$67 million) or 70 SA cents per share (US\$0.10 per share) last quarter. Earnings excluding exceptional items as well as net gains and losses on foreign exchange, financial instruments and discontinued operations, amounted to R1,009 million (US\$138 million) or 155 SA cents per share (US\$0.21 per share), compared with earnings of R603 million (US\$88 million) or 93 SA cents per share (US\$0.13 per share) reported last quarter.

Balance sheet

The increase in investments compared with the June 2007 balance sheet is mainly due to the 41.7 million shares valued at R333 million (US\$49 million) received from Orezone Resources Incorporated as part payment for the Essakane disposal and the 140.0 million shares valued at R1,580 million (US\$233 million) received from Rusoro Mining Limited as part payment for the Venezuelan disposal. Added to this are marked to market gains on listed investments.

Cash flow

Cash inflow from operating activities for the quarter was R3,039 million (US\$408 million), compared with R1,148 million (US\$175 million) in

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the December quarter. This quarter on quarter increase of R1,891 million (US\$233 million) is mostly due to the increase in operating profit and a working capital inflow of R794 million (US\$115 million) in the March quarter compared with an outflow of R571 million (US\$83 million) in the December quarter due to timing of gold sales and the payment of creditors.

Capital expenditure decreased from R2,476 million (US\$364 million) in the December quarter to R2,086 million (US\$277 million) in the March quarter. The majority of this decrease is due to two factors; firstly, the payment in the December quarter of R400 million (US\$60 million) in return for various parties agreeing to relinquish their rights to the Uncle Harry's ground adjoining Kloof and South Deep and secondly, a reduction of capital expenditure at Cerro Corona as this project approaches completion. Approximately half of the capital expenditure during the March quarter was spent on growth projects.

At the South African operations capital expenditure decreased from R839 million (US\$124 million) in the December quarter to R785 million (US\$105 million) in the March quarter. This decrease of R54 million includes R32 million for Driefontein's 9 shaft project, due to the suspension of this project, and R23 million at Kloof, mainly on reduced expenditure on mining equipment and the suspension of the KEA project. Expenditure on ore reserve development at Driefontein, Kloof, and Beatrix accounted for R100 million (US\$13 million), R136 million (US\$18 million), and R70 million (US\$9 million) respectively. Expenditure on the 9 shaft project at Driefontein and expenditure on the new mine development project at South Deep amounted to R61 million and R89 million respectively.

At the international operations capital expenditure increased from R597 million (US\$88 million) to R708 million (US\$95 million). In Ghana the increase was mainly at Tarkwa as a result of increased expenditure on the CIL plant from US\$20 million to US\$28 million. In Australia capital expenditure was similar at A\$38 million (US\$34 million), mainly on development and exploration drilling. Capital expenditure at the Cerro Corona mine in Peru amounted to R576 million (US\$77 million) in the March quarter compared with R649 million (US\$96 million) in the December quarter. Refer to the Capital and Development Project section for more detail.

In the December quarter cash proceeds from the sale of Essakane amounted to R1,042 million (US\$150 million) and cash proceeds from the sale of the Venezuelan assets is reflected in the cash flow as discontinued operations and amounts to R1,219 million (US\$176 million) less capital expenditure of R26 million (US\$4 million), giving a net inflow of R1,193 million (US\$172 million).

Purchase of investments of R258 million (US\$36 million) includes the purchase of 4.7 million Sino shares, at a cost of R185 million (US\$27 million) and R75 million (US\$10 million) expenditure on the exercise of 2,292,172 Mvela options granted to Gold Fields as part of an agreement with Mvelaphanda Resources.

Net cash outflow from financing activities amounted to R214 million (US\$29 million). Loans received amounted to R1,535 million (US\$210

million), which includes US\$43 million (R314 million) drawn down on an offshore finance facility, and preference shares issued amounting to R1,200 million (US\$173 million). Loans repaid of R1,788 million (US\$244 million) includes the repayment of an offshore loan of R1,194 million (US\$172 million) and local loans repaid of R585 million (US\$73 million). Net cash outflow from financing activities in the December quarter amounted to R1,069 million (US\$152 million). Loan repayments of R1,808 million (US\$262 million) include the repayment of an offshore loan of R1,394 million (US\$200 million) and the repayment of a local loan of R414 million (US\$62 million). Loans received in the December quarter amounted to R727 million (US\$108 million) and include a local loan facility draw down of R514 million (US\$76 million) and the draw down on an offshore finance facility of R213 million (US\$32 million).

Net cash inflow for the quarter was R470 million (US\$55 million) compared with a net cash outflow of R143 million (US\$15 million) in the December quarter. After accounting for a translation gain of R154 million (loss of US\$1 million), the cash balance at the end of March was R1,944 million (US\$243 million). The cash balance at the end of December was R1,321 million (US\$189 million).

Detailed and operational review

Cost and revenue optimisation initiatives

Project 500

Project 500 was initiated at the South African operations in September 2003 to increase revenue and reduce costs through two sub-projects i.e. Project 400 (increase in revenue) and Project 100 (reduction in costs). These projects have proved successful and led to additional projects, Project 100+ (new projects to further reduce costs) and Project Beyond (strategic supply chain management and procurement) as detailed below.

Project 400

Project 400 was aimed at improving revenue such that an additional R400 million (US\$55 million) per annum could be generated on a sustainable basis. This was to be achieved through a basket of productivity initiatives; by eliminating non-contributing production and replacing low-grade surface material with higher margin underground material - all aimed at improved quality volumes. Operational Excellence, a change programme, was initiated in April 2005 to create the required skills, behaviour and environment to improve efficiencies. Due to the skills shortage, The Mining School of Excellence was initiated at the Gold Fields Academy to train core skills such as miners, operators, rock drill operators and production supervisors. The "Jurasic to Joystick" challenge initiative was launched with the focus on a greater use of technology to improve safety and productivity. The theory of constraints initiative (to identify bottlenecks and to improve the flow of resources and material) has been rolled out at all the South African shafts and there is an increased focus on improving the flow of men, material, equipment and ore. The objective of these initiatives is to increase mining volumes whilst maintaining yields as close as possible to life of mine reserve yields. All these initiatives have been implemented and are ongoing.

Project 100+

Project 100+ consists of a number of discrete projects focused on ongoing cost reduction through eliminating inefficiencies and inward investments. Examples of these are:

The Eskom demand side management (DSM) project, which consists of 32 sub-projects, is progressing well. Ten operating sub-projects have shifted more than 60MW of load out of the daily peak tariff period, delivering savings of approximately R2 million in the March quarter. A further 18 projects are underway, with at least 5 of them due to provide savings during this financial year. The estimated savings for financial 2008 will exceed R10 million, growing to R20 million in financial 2009. The conversion from diesel to battery power for underground locomotives is progressing as planned. The delivery of locomotives and the preparation of battery charging bays, together with the training of personnel, is underway. The project will deliver long term cost savings from the higher efficiency of battery locomotives, and has the added benefit of improving underground environmental conditions. An underground rail-track upgrade project, which will improve tramming efficiency underground, is progressing to plan.

The pump efficiency monitoring project is in the monitoring phase, allowing maintenance practices to be modified to initiate maintenance based on pump efficiency. The first pump station monitored indicates that the anticipated efficiency improvement of 5 per cent can be expected. This project will deliver R10 million per annum savings from reduced electricity consumption due to improved efficiency, and from a reduction in pump repair costs.

On the labour management front, the roll-out of a module which sets standards and norms for effective labour management continues. A human resource shared services centre is in the process of being established for the West Wits area. The intent is to reduce shifts lost as a result of inefficient practices around engagement, medical examinations and training, as well as improving upon the administration processes currently practiced.

The cost reporting and management benchmark module is progressing well. In addition, we have re-introduced a budget control system to enhance our control and accountability of commodity costs.

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Project Beyond: Group Integrated Supply chain and Strategic Sourcing Optimisation

SA Project Beyond Strategic Sourcing and Supply Initiatives

The March quarter started with the power crisis late in January, followed by the rapid devaluation of the rand against all major currencies. We also saw the beginning of a series of unprecedented steel price increases. From January monthly steel price adjustments were announced with increases in excess of 60 per cent up to and including May. Record levels of inflation were experienced in the March quarter due to these steel price increases impacting a large number of our supply contracts and spend value. Added inflation pressure also came from areas such as timber, fuel/diesel, transport, food, chemicals and grinding balls.

The year to date inflation impact on contracted supply and services is estimated at around 10 per cent. This is largely due to the steel and timber price increases. To put the steel increases in context, the projected fiscal year 2009 impact of steel alone on the total supply and service spend is in excess of 10 per cent. The increase on the total basket of supply and service spend in fiscal 2009 is estimated at between 20 and 30 per cent.

Supply chain strategy has had to focus on guaranteeing supply, with potential shortages across certain commodities being identified because of the impact of power supply shortages on the SA economy. Appropriate strategies were adopted, such as additional storage and stocking up on critical items.

Despite the magnitude of issues presented this quarter there were some highlights. Project Beyond initiatives delivered savings through competitive tendering and negotiations in cables, paper, fittings and spares, resulting in around R5 million annualised savings for the quarter. Cumulative contracted benefits for the financial year to date are standing at R21 million. In addition, inflation cost avoidance was also achieved during the quarter across areas such as oils and lubes, piping, backfill slagment, explosives and cement, estimated around R9 million. Cumulative annualised cost avoidance for fiscal year 2008 to date is estimated at around R30 million.

The June quarter will have a continued strong focus on mitigating risk and guaranteed supply strategies. Cost savings initiatives will continue to optimise the total cost baseline, quality and efficiencies.

International Operations Strategic Sourcing and Integrated Supply Chain Initiatives

During the March quarter continued global inflation pressures were experienced across our Australian and Ghanaian operations in areas such as diesel, grinding balls, cyanide, cement and chemicals. Continued global demand growth has also resulted in double digit inflation during fiscal year 2008 for the International operations, including capital projects supply. Fiscal year 2009 is expected to reflect the full compounded price increase impact of the global double digit commodity inflation boom from the 2008 base.

Integrated strategic sourcing and supply initiatives in Australia delivered around US\$2 million in new and multi-year carry-over contracted benefits. New cost reduction benefits were achieved over and above the US\$2 million in categories such as crusher feed and pastefil haulage scope consolidations, together with tendering of steel sections and ventilation bags. Cumulative contracted total cost and carry over benefits for fiscal year to date stand at around US\$5 million. Some cost avoidance in Ghana was achieved in keeping in-land logistics costs down in spite of high general inflation. Ghana also managed formally to secure a base supply of tyres in a long-term Group arrangement for between 60 and 70 per cent of supply over the next 5 years and increased focus was given on guaranteed supply in critical stock areas. Furthermore increased focus on fuel consumption and quality management has started showing results in the form of reduced truck stoppages.

For the June quarter, in Ghana, continued focus will be on fuel depot and quality management, guaranteed supply and finalising the case and contract for an emulsion production facility at the Tarkwa operations. Australia will continue with cost optimization initiatives and Peru will continue to focus on contract transition planning and staff recruitment. Also in Peru, we will finalise shipping line strategy and negotiations for outbound concentrate.

South African Operations

Royalty bill

On 6 December 2007 the National Treasury released the third draft of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Royalty Bill, for a final round of public comment and parliamentary review. This draft of the Bill confirms gross sales as the tax base, but takes into account the process of beneficiation which in the case of gold mines is a deduction of 0.4 per cent. The new royalty rate structure will be based on a formula that takes into account profitability. The application of the new formula on this quarter would result in an effective royalty rate of approximately 3.3 per cent for the South African operations on a proforma basis using this quarter's rand gold price of R220,000 per kilogram. This compares with a fixed rate of 1.5 per cent applied in the previous draft. The gold industry has made submissions to the National Treasury on this matter.

Power shortages

As a result of the Eskom power crisis which commenced end January 2008 Gold Fields issued a statement on 25

th

February 2008 indicating

the impact of these disruptions on the South African operations. Based upon the information at the time the following guidance was given and this has been updated to include the latest guidance for the June quarter:

Description

Guidance

given on 25

Feb for

March

quarter Actual for March quarter # Guidance given on 25 Feb for June quarter Latest guidance for June quarter **Driefontein:** Gold production (kg) 5,900 6,530 6,800 6,800 Total cash costs (R/kg) 116,250 104,870 102,150 104,000 Power consumption (Average % of historical) 90 90 84 95 available Shafts affected (numbers) 6,7 & 9 6,7 & 9 6,7 & 9 6,7 & 9 People affected (No) 2,600 2,600 2,600 Recruiting to fill vacancies **Kloof** Gold production (kg) 5,450 5,458 5,910 5,600 Total cash costs (R/kg) 115,200 112,514

104,061

rgag. a.a.
ed and the mine
wer allocation

250,000

Power consumption (Average

% of historical)

90 95 90

90

available

Shafts affected (numbers)

There were no people or shafts directly affected and the mine would and has worked within the power allocation constraint. Downscaling is necessary as a result of the depletion of the VCR reef horizon above 95 level. This affects some 2,000 people. There is an opportunity for redeployment of many of these employees to other mines.

People affected (No)

At the South African operations, the aggregate March quarter usage amounted to approximately 88 per cent of average historic power consumption.

On the 7

th

March 2008 the Department of Minerals and Energy announced that following representations by the Chamber of Mines and consultations with all stakeholders, the mining industry had been allocated an additional 260 Mw in electrical power. On the evening of the 14

th

March 2008 Gold Fields was informed that it could consume an additional 26 Mw, split between Driefontein and Kloof. This power was to be used to minimise job losses and resume operations on the shafts indicated in the table above. There were no additional power allocations given to Beatrix and South Deep. Power remains a critical issue for South Africa as it enters the winter months and Gold Fields operations will continue with a strategy to reduce consumption through power conservation initiatives.

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The latest guidance for the June quarter given above assumes continuous production and incorporates, along with the affected shafts as mentioned above, the following:

Driefontein Production is expected to be impacted by safety related stoppages at 10 shaft and a review of pillar mining across the operation.

Kloof

Production is expected to be impacted by lower grades at 7 shaft and a review of pillar mining across the operation.

Beatrix

Production is forecast lower than the 25 February guidance due to a poor labour turnout over the two long weekends in April.

South Deep Production is expected to be impacted by the DME Section 54 stoppage due to the ancillary ventilation raise hole accident and the slow build-up thereafter, as well as potential disruptions arising from the mine restructuring.

Power supply costs

Eskom announced that power costs will increase by 14.2 per cent effective from 1 April 2008, with an additional increase of 2 cents per kilowatt hour announced in the Minister of Finance budget speech, which equates to a further 12 per cent increase from 1 July 2008. Eskom has requested an additional increase which could be as much as 53 per cent over the next year. When added to the recent above inflation price increases in steel, fuel, timber and food, and the effect the weakening rand is having on imported goods, these Eskom increases will have a significant detrimental effect on future cash costs. Clarity still needs to be given on the pricing mechanism as it relates to the power conservation programmes. This will have no effect on the June quarter as any penalties are only expected to be applicable after 1 July 2008.

Driefontein

March

2008

December

2007

Gold produced

- kg

6,530

7,451

- 000'ozs

209.9

239.6

Yield - underground

- g/t

8.6

7.7

- combined
- g/t

4.6

5.0

Total cash costs

- R/kg

104,870

94,390

- US\$/oz

438

434

Gold production decreased 12 per cent from 239,600 ounces in the December quarter to 209,900 ounces in the March quarter. The slow start-up after the traditional extended Christmas break and the power rationing, as described earlier, had a detrimental impact on mining operations. Increased seismicity also impacted negatively during the quarter. The shortfall in production was directly attributable to the inability to utilise the full capacity of infrastructure due to the Eskom power crisis. The restricted power supply resulted in the stopping of the lower grade 6 and 7 shafts, with the result that the underground yield increased from 7.7 grams per ton to 8.6 grams per ton for the quarter. Underground tonnage reduced from 920,000 tons in the December quarter to 669,000 tons in the March quarter, offset by an increase in surface tonnage from 558,000 tons to 757,000 tons in an effort to ameliorate the effect of the reduction in underground ore caused by the power rationing. Surface yield improved from 0.7 grams per ton in the December quarter to 1.1 grams per ton in the March quarter. The Eskom power restrictions resulted in approximately 46,000 ounces of lost production during the quarter. Main development decreased by 23 per cent for the quarter and onreef development decreased 32 per cent as a result of the power rationing and also due to increased seismicity. Development values increased 150 per cent mainly due to higher values intersected in the Multi Band Carbon Leader Reef at 5 shaft, in the Single Band Carbon

Operating costs decreased by 3 per cent from R744 million (US\$110 million) to R723 million (US\$97 million) mainly due to a decrease in consumables, incentive payments and electricity costs. Total cash costs which were negatively affected by the lower production, increased 11 per cent in rand terms and 1 per cent in US dollar terms, from R94,390 per kilogram to R104,870 per kilogram and from US\$434 per ounce to US\$438 per ounce respectively. The increase in unit costs was due to the 4-day mine wide stoppage and the subsequent power rationing. A corresponding reduction in costs was not realised due to the fixed nature of costs, particularly labour costs. Operating profit increased from R523 million (US\$77 million) in the December quarter to R736 million (US\$99 million) in the March quarter as a result of the higher gold price, which more than offset the decrease in production.

Leader Reef at 1 shaft and in the Ventersdorp Contact Reef in the

shaft pillar area at 4 shaft.

Capital expenditure decreased from R267 million (US\$39 million) to R227 million (US\$30 million) quarter on quarter. This decrease was mainly due to the suspension of the 9 sub-vertical shaft deepening

project.

Gold production for the June guarter is forecast to increase by around 4 per cent to 218,000 ounces due to the partial restoration of power. This is similar to the guidance given on 25 February 2008. Production at 6 and 7 shafts is still expected to be adversely impacted due to the shortage of labour, which is in the process of being employed. The original labour at 6 and 7 shafts, before the reduction of power, has replaced the contractors terminated during the quarter. Once steady state is achieved and production fully restored at 6 and 7 shafts Driefontein should revert back to around 225,000 ounces per quarter. The quarter will also be affected by a safety related stoppage at 10 shaft and a review of pillar mining. Total cash costs should be similar in the June quarter as the higher anticipated production will be offset by higher electricity costs due to price increases and higher commodity price increases. Capital expenditure is planned to increase to approximately R300 million (US\$38 million) mainly due to additional spend on safety and other sustaining projects.

Kloof

March

2008

December

2007

Gold produced

- kg

5,458

7,179

- 000'ozs

175.5

230.8

Yield - underground

- g/t

9.9

8.4

- combined

- g/t

6.8

7.1

Total cash costs

- R/kg

112,514

91,029

- US\$/oz

470

419

All mining activity during the March quarter was adversely affected by Eskom's power rationing, the slow start-up in January after the traditional Christmas break, which accounted for approximately 2,000 ounces, and other business interruptions, which included safety related production stoppages at 2 sub-vertical shaft following a fatality and a subsequent fire at the same shaft, which, together, accounted for a further 8,000 ounces. The Eskom power restrictions resulted in

approximately 45,000 ounces of lost production during the quarter. Gold production decreased by 24 per cent from 230,800 ounces in the December quarter to 175,500 ounces in the March quarter. This was due to a 38 per cent decrease in underground tonnage from 839,000 tons to 521,000 tons due to the business interruptions noted above. The underground yield improved 18 per cent from 8.4 grams per ton to 9.9 grams per ton due to cessation of mining in low grade areas as a result of the reduced power supply and improved sweepings and vampings, which resulted in a higher than normal mine call factor. Surface tons partially replaced the lost underground tonnage, increasing from 169,000 tons to 287,000 tons. This included an increase in toll milling at South Deep to make use of spare plant capacity. The surface grade of waste tons treated was 1.1 grams per ton due to selective screening compared with 0.9 grams per ton in the previous quarter.

Main development decreased by 29 per cent quarter on quarter, with on-reef development decreasing by 20 per cent due to the reduced mining activity. Average grades were in line with historic levels. Operating costs decreased from R689 million (US\$102 million) in the December quarter to R647 million (US\$87 million) in the March quarter. This was mainly due to the impact of Eskom's power rationing

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that resulted in a decrease in consumables and incentive payments due to lower mining activity. As a consequence of the lower gold production, total cash cost increased 24 per cent from R91,029 per kilogram to R112,514 per kilogram. In US dollar terms, total cash costs increased 12 per cent from US\$419 to US\$470 per ounce. A corresponding reduction in costs was not realized due to the fixed nature of costs, particularly labour costs.

Operating profit increased from R528 million (US\$78 million) in the December quarter to R555 million (US\$75 million) in the March quarter as a result of the higher gold price and reduction in operating costs, notwithstanding the lower production.

Capital expenditure at R212 million (US\$28 million) decreased by 6 per cent compared with the previous quarter's expenditure of R226 million (US\$33 million) mainly due to lower spend on the 1 shaft pillar extraction and the terminated KEA project.

Gold production for the June quarter is forecast 3 per cent higher than that achieved in the March quarter to around 180,000 ounces, due to the partial restoration of power. This is 5 per cent below the 25 February 2008 guidance as Kloof is still constrained at 3 and 8 shafts due to a decision not to mine remnant pillars for safety reasons, lower planned grades being experienced at 7 shaft and a labour shortfall similar to that at Driefontein. Total cash cost will increase in the June quarter as result of the higher electricity costs due to price increases and higher commodity price increases. Capital expenditure is planned to increase to around R240 million (US\$30 million) mainly due to additional spend on safety and other sustaining projects.

Beatrix

March

2007

December

2007

Gold produced

- kg

2,542

3,698

- 000'ozs

81.7

118.9

Yield - underground

- g/t

3.9

4.3

Total cash costs

- R/kg

160,071

108,031

- US\$/oz

668

497

Gold production at Beatrix decreased from 118,900 ounces in the December guarter to 81,700 ounces in the March guarter. Tons milled decreased from 868,000 tons to 656,000 tons and yield decreased from 4.3 grams per ton to 3.9 grams per ton for the March quarter. The overall reduction in gold and tonnage throughput is primarily as a result of the impacts of the Eskom electricity supply disruptions, and the lower volumes in the January month arising from the traditional Christmas break. Production volumes at the West section, the deepest and highest energy user, were the most affected. The Eskom power restriction resulted in approximately 14,500 ounces of lost production in this quarter with the balance due to a poor mine call factor and the traditionally slow start up in January. The drop in yield was adversely impacted by the low mine call factor due to increased blasting fragmentation. Implementation of external mine call factor review recommendations to convert explosives type and review drilling and blasting practices continued. This issue still remains a technical challenge at the Beatrix North section.

The energy crisis also impacted on the development volumes, with total main development down by 13 per cent, quarter on quarter and main on-reef development decreasing by 22 per cent in the March quarter. Main development values declined by 8 per cent to 1,040 cm.g/t as a result of raises traversing and opening-up varying grade areas as anticipated by local geological models.

Operating costs quarter on quarter increased by 2 per cent from R420 million (US\$62 million) to R429 million (US\$59 million). The increase in costs was mainly due to the longer March working quarter, annual salary increases, increased maintenance over the Christmas break and higher than inflationary commodity prices offset by savings on overtime, production incentives and consumables. Total cash costs increased 48 per cent (34 per cent in US dollar terms) from R108,031 per kilogram (US\$497 per ounce) in the December quarter to R160,071 per kilogram in (US\$668 per ounce) the March quarter, mainly due to the lower gold output.

Operating profit in the March quarter at R146 million (US\$20 million) was lower than the R209 million (US\$31 million) in the December quarter, as the higher gold price was more than offset by lower gold production.

Capital expenditure increased by 6 per cent from R142 million (US\$21 million) in the December quarter to R150 million (US\$20 million) in the March quarter mainly due to higher expenditure on the 3 shaft project and high density residential upgrades.

Gold production for the June quarter is forecast to increase by approximately 30 per cent compared with the March quarter to around 106,000 ounces. However, this is 12 per cent below the guidance given on 25 February 2008 mainly due to a poor turnout for voluntary shifts over the two long weekends in April. Total cash cost compared with the February guidance will increase in the June quarter as a result of the lower anticipated production and the higher electricity costs due to price increases and higher commodity price increases. Capital expenditure in the June quarter should be approximately R170 million (US\$21 million).

South Deep

March

2008

December

2007

Gold produced

- kg

1,637

2,104

- 000'ozs

52.6

67.6

Yield - underground

- g/t

6.4

6.2

- combined

- g/t

5.9

5.1

Total cash costs

- R/kg

194,258

147,719

- US\$/oz

811

680

Gold production at South Deep decreased by 22 per cent from 67,600 ounces in the December quarter to 52,600 ounces in the March quarter. The decrease in gold production was mainly due to the stopping of VCR mining above 95 level which has gradually reduced production since the December 2007 quarter to final depletion in the March 2008 quarter. Underground tons reduced from 330,000 tons to 250,000 tons quarter on quarter. The traditional Christmas break and the interruptions to the Eskom power supply also contributed to the lower gold production. The Eskom power restrictions resulted in approximately 4,500 ounces of lost production during the quarter. Surface ore processed decreased from 83,000 tons to 26,000 tons in the March quarter and is essentially depleted. The increased yield is due to a higher mine call factor and is unlikely to be sustainable. Development decreased 37 per cent for the March quarter mainly due to the cessation of conventional VCR mining and reduced trackless mining due to seismicity. Capital metres were similar but will increase over the next two quarters as the mobilisation of the mechanised crews to develop the below 95 level infrastructure starts to build momentum.

Operating costs at R327 million (US\$54 million) increased by 2 per cent compared with the December quarter's cost of R320 million (US\$47 million). This was mainly due to the cessation of capital development for the VCR mining and the consequent expenditure of the underlying costs, and the effects of inflationary increases in

commodity prices. The operation is now overstaffed by approximately 2,000 employees due to the cessation of the conventional VCR mining. As a result of the decreased gold production the total cash cost increased by 32 per cent (19 per cent in US dollar terms) from R147,719 per kilogram (US\$680 per ounce) in the December quarter to R194,258 per kilogram (US\$811 per ounce) in the March quarter. Operating profit in the March quarter at R37 million (US\$5 million) was similar to the December quarter, as the increased gold price was offset by the lower gold production.

Capital expenditure decreased from R204 million (US\$30 million) in the December quarter to R196 million (US\$26 million) in the March quarter, mainly due to scheduled delays on the ventilation shaft and exploration and drilling projects offset by spending on the trackless fleet.

Gold production for the June quarter is forecast to be in line with the guidance given on 25 February 2008, at approximately 40,000 ounces. The lower guidance compared with the March quarter is mainly due to the stopping of the VCR and operational restructuring. Post the restructuring of South Deep the operation will not pursue conventional

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mining and will be fully mechanised in its stoping and development. The focus into the future will be on speeding up development of the ore body, completing the Twin shaft infrastructure and increasing the rate of de-stress mining. Until finalisation of the above activities, production is expected to be maintained at approximately 50,000 ounces per quarter. Total cash costs per ounce will increase on the assumption that restructuring initiatives are not yet completed by the end of the quarter, as a consequence of the stopping of the VCR as well as increases in electricity and commodity prices. The mine is in consultation with the trade unions to restructure South Deep to reduce this over complement. Capital expenditure in the June quarter is forecast to increase to approximately R220 million (US\$28 million) with the delivery of the equipment for the mechanised development above 95 level and also the equipment for the mechanisation of the de-stress mining areas.

As a result of the fatal accident on 1 May it has been decided that no capital shaft development work be undertaken below 95 level until such time as a second means of egress can be re-established. Planning is being advanced to replace the winder in the ancillary ventilation raise hole where the accident occurred and the redeployment of Murray and Roberts crews above 95 level. This is expected to take approximately three months to install after which capital development can resume.

International Operations

Ghana

Tarkwa

March

2008

December

2007

Gold produced

- 000'ozs

165.1

158.3

Yield - heap leach

- g/t

0.7

0.7

- CIL plant

- g/t

1.5

1.4

- combined

- g/t

0.9

0.9

Total cash costs

- US\$/oz

436

413

Gold production increased by 4 per cent from 158,300 ounces in the December quarter to 165,100 ounces in the March quarter. Plant throughput (CIL and HL) increased by 3 per cent from 5.59 million tons to 5.77 million tons. Yield at the CIL improved from 1.40 gram per ton to 1.48 gram per ton contributing significantly to the higher quarterly production.

Total tons mined, including capital stripping, reduced from 30.5 million tons to 29.2 million tons. Ore mined decreased from 5.5 million tons to 4.9 million tons in the March quarter mainly due to increased fleet standing times due to poor tyre quality together with reduced availability of mining equipment as a result of scheduled equipment maintenance, exacerbated by unplanned breakdowns. The mined grade of 1.24 gram per ton was unchanged quarter on quarter. The overall strip ratio for the quarter was 4.96 compared with 4.59 in the December quarter.

Total feed to the heap leach section was 4.32 million tons compared with 4.17 million tons for the December quarter. Heap leach yield for the quarter was 0.68 grams per ton compared with 0.70 for the December quarter. The heap leach section produced 94,700 ounces, compared with 94,000 ounces in the December quarter. The total feed to the CIL plant was 1.45 million tons compared with 1.42 million tons in the December quarter. The increased throughput, coupled with the improved yield, resulted in gold production of 70,400 ounces in the March quarter compared with 64,300 ounces in the December quarter. There was a net gold-in-process build-up of 5,800 ounces for the quarter (CIL released 3,500 ounces offset by a build-up at the Heap leach of 9,300 ounces, mainly due to slow leaching at the South heap, which moved to its sixth lift during the quarter.)

Operating costs, including gold-in-process movements, increased from US\$67 million (R453 million) in the December quarter to US\$72 million (R533 million) in the March quarter. The increase in operating costs was markedly influenced by a higher fuel price, higher explosives costs and increased maintenance costs during the quarter. Total cash costs increased from US\$413 per ounce to US\$436 per ounce.

Operating profit increased 29 per cent from US\$61 million (R414 million) in the December quarter to US\$78 million (R582 million) in the March quarter.

Capital expenditure increased from US\$46 million (R314 million) in the December quarter to US\$54 million (R397 million) in the current quarter, with expenditure on the Phase 5 heap leach project and the CIL expansion project at US\$8 million and US\$28 million respectively. The CIL expansion project construction continues and remains on track for first rock into the mill during the September quarter. The Heap Leach project is ahead of schedule on construction and the total project cost is expected to be slightly below the approved US\$49 million. Expenditure on the pre-stripping at the Teberebie cutback (US\$12 million) continued.

Gold production for the June quarter is forecast to be similar to the March quarter. Total cash costs are expected to increase marginally in the June quarter as a result of increases in the fuel price and increased power tariffs.

Damang

March

2008

December

2007

Gold produced

- 000'ozs

52.6

44.2

Yield

- g/t

1.3

1.2

Total cash costs

- US\$/oz

546

605

Gold production exceeded expectation for the March quarter with an increase of 19 per cent from 44,200 ounces in the December quarter to 52,600 ounces. This increase is attributable to a 12 per cent increase in throughput and an increase in yield to 1.3 grams per ton, compared with 1.2 grams per ton in the December quarter. The increase in yield was due to higher grade ore from the Damang pit cutback.

Total tons mined, including capital stripping, increased by 14 per cent from 8.0 million tons in the December quarter to 9.1 million tons in the March quarter. This increase was mainly as a result of pre-strip activity at Huni pit. Ore mined increased from 978,000 tons to 1,081,000 tons in the March quarter. The resultant strip ratio was 7.46 compared with the 7.20 in December quarter.

The mill throughput increased from 1.10 million tons in the December quarter to 1.23 million tons in the March quarter. This increase was due to improved fragmentation and crusher availability, coupled with a slightly longer quarter.

Operating costs, including gold-in-process movements, increased from US\$27 million (R183 million) in the December quarter to US\$29 million (R232 million) in the March quarter. The main factors contributing to the increase in operating costs were the increased mining volume, a higher diesel price and increased brownfields exploration drilling activities. Total cash costs reduced from US\$605 per ounce to US\$546 per ounce reflecting the increase in production.

Operating profit for the quarter at US\$19 million (R138 million) was significantly higher than the US\$9 million (R58 million) achieved in the December quarter.

Capital expenditure at US\$8 million (R56 million) was similar to that spent in the previous quarter, with the majority of this expenditure on Huni pit pre-waste mining.

Gold production in the June quarter is expected to be similar to the March quarter. Total cash costs will increase slightly due to the increasing fuel price and mining contractor cost.

Australia

St Ives

March

2008

December

2007

Gold produced - 000'ozs

103.9

110.0

Yield - heap leach

- g/t

0.6

0.7

- milling - g/t **2.4**

2.6

- combined

- g/t

1.7

1.8

Total cash costs

- A\$/oz

655

584

- US\$/oz

592

521

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Gold produced decreased from 110,000 ounces in the December quarter to 103,900 ounces in the March quarter. This was mainly due to a decrease in yield from 1.8 grams per ton to 1.7 grams per ton. Processed tons and plant recovery were marginally higher quarter on quarter.

Gold produced from the Lefroy mill decreased from 95,200 ounces to 91,300 ounces. Tons milled increased slightly from 1.15 million tons to 1.19 million tons. However, this was offset by a decrease in yield from 2.6 grams per ton to 2.4 grams per ton due to the reduction of available higher grade underground ore. This resulted in the processing of additional lower grade open pit material. Gold produced from heap leach decreased from 14,800 ounces in the December quarter to 12,600 ounces in the March quarter. Tons treated from heap leach decreased from 708,200 tons to 698,000 tons and recoveries decreased from 72 per cent to 69 per cent as a result of a decrease in the proportion of oxide ore mined from the Leviathan pit cutback as depths increase.

Open pit operations mined 1.4 million tons of ore for the quarter, the same as the December quarter. Grade decreased from 1.7 grams per ton to 1.5 grams per ton. Ore volumes increased from the Leviathan cutback, Cave Rocks and North Revenge pits, while less ore was produced from the NRK pit and the Bahama pit, which is nearing completion. The average strip ratio including capital waste was 5.4 in the March quarter, compared with 5.7 in the December quarter. Underground operations mined 217,000 tons of ore at 5.0 grams per ton for the quarter, compared with 254,000 tons at 5.4 grams per ton in the December quarter. At Argo, ore production was negatively impacted by delays in paste filling. The paste fill issues have subsequently been resolved but the full benefit of this will only be seen in the September quarter.

Operating costs, including gold-in-process movements, increased from A\$65 million (R394 million) in the December quarter to A\$70 million (R472 million) in the March quarter. This increase was mainly due to processing higher cost stockpiled ore which replaced production from underground operations and increased third party royalty charges due to the higher gold price. Total cash costs increased from A\$584 per ounce (US\$521 per ounce) in the December quarter to A\$655 per ounce (US\$592 per ounce) in the March quarter.

Operating profit increased from A\$32 million (R192 million) to A\$34 million (R231 million) due to the higher gold price.

Capital expenditure was similar at A\$30 million (R175 million) quarter on quarter. Mine development capital of A\$20 million (R135 million) included increased development activity at the Cave Rocks underground mine, the continuation of development of the Argo and Belleisle underground mines and waste stripping at the future Agamemnon South pit. Infrastructure development continued at Cave Rocks and Belleisle. Exploration expenditure was marginally lower. Gold production for the June quarter is expected to be similar to the March quarter, while total cash costs are expected to increase as a

result of St Ives achieving the cumulative 3.3 million ounces of production required to trigger the volume based royalties included as part of the St Ives acquisition. Development of the new underground mines at Cave Rocks and Belleisle remains a focus to return production to an average of 110,000 ounces to 120,000 ounces per quarter for F2009.

Agnew

March

2008

December

2007

Gold produced

- 000'ozs

49.0

49.2

Yield - g/t **4.6**

4.9

Total cash costs

- A\$/oz

523

470

- US\$/oz

473

419

Gold production was similar to the December quarter at 49,000 ounces. The 5 per cent increase in processing volumes from 313,000 tons in the December quarter to 329,000 tons in the March quarter, was offset by a 6 per cent decrease in yield, from 4.9 grams per ton to 4.6 grams per ton. The lower yield was due to the depletion of the high grade Songvang open pit stockpiles and the consequent substitution with low grade Songvang open pit stockpiles from February.

Ore mined from underground increased 48 per cent from 89,000 tons at 9.1 grams per ton in the December quarter to 132,000 tons at a grade of 8.2 grams per ton in the March quarter. Difficulties in opening-up new stopes due to poor underground conditions at Waroonga's Kim South continued in January and February. However, by March consistent stope production resulted in record ore tons being achieved and production from Waroonga's Main Lode continued to improve. Total capital and ore reserve development increased 36 per cent compared with the December quarter.

Operating costs, including gold-in-process, decreased from A\$31 million (R188 million) in the December quarter to A\$29 million (R194 million) in the March quarter. Mining costs increased by A\$5 million (R48 million) due to higher underground volumes, with a commensurate increase in ore production of 48 per cent. This was offset by a reduction in gold-in-process charges, from A\$14 million (R82 million) to A\$6 million (R40 million) as a result of a reduction in the draw-down of Songvang stockpiles which were replaced with underground ore mined during the quarter. As expected, total cash costs increased from A\$470 per ounce (US\$419 per ounce) to A\$523

per ounce (US\$473 per ounce). The increase in total cash costs was attributable to the completion of processing the Songvang high grade ore stockpile and its substitution with higher cost Songvang low grade ore stockpiles midway through the quarter.

Operating profit increased from A\$13 million (R76 million) for the December quarter to A\$21 million (R141 million) in the March quarter. This was due primarily to the higher gold price received. Capital expenditure for the March quarter was A\$8 million (R56 million), which was marginally lower than the December quarter. This was mainly due to lower underground capital development. Gold production for the June quarter is expected to be at similar levels when compared with the March quarter. Total cash costs per ounce are expected to increase by approximately 10 per cent due to the replacement of Songvang high grade stockpiles depleted in February 2008, with higher cost Songvang low grade stockpiles and the effect of this on a full quarter.

Quarter ended 31 March 2008 compared with quarter ended 31 March 2007

Group attributable gold production decreased from 981,000 ounces for the quarter ended March 2007 to 827,000 ounces in the March 2008 quarter.

At the South African operations gold production decreased from 657,000 to 519,800 ounces. Kloof's production decreased from 220,000 ounces to 175,500 ounces. Driefontein's production decreased from 251,200 ounces to 209,900 ounces and Beatrix from 119,200 ounces to 81,700 ounces. The majority of these decreases were due to the stoppages and reduced production emanating from the power shortage in the March 2008 quarter. At South Deep production decreased from 66,700 ounces to 52,600 ounces due to the power constraints and the closure of the VCR section due to the intersection of the major fault.

At the international operations total gold production decreased from 388,800 ounces in March quarter 2007 to 370,500 ounces in March quarter 2008. In Ghana, Tarkwa's gold production decreased from 174,300 ounces to 165,100 due to a reduction in high grade ore tonnages. At Damang, gold production increased from 48,500 ounces to 52,600 ounces due to an increase in ore from the high grade Damang pit cutback. In Australia, St Ives' gold production decreased from 119,400 ounces to 103,900 ounces due to lower underground high grade volumes, partly offset by increased surface tonnages at lower grades. At Agnew, gold produced increased from 46,600 ounces to 49,000 ounces due to high volumes mined from the high grade Kim mine.

Revenue increased by 23 per cent in rand terms from R4,955 million (US\$687 million) to R6,109 million (US\$820 million). The higher average gold price of R220,612 per kilogram (US\$921 per ounce) compared with R151,175 per kilogram (US\$652 per ounce) achieved

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in 2007 more than offset the lower production. The rand/US dollar exchange rate weakened 3 per cent from an average of R/US\$7.21 to R/US\$7.45 quarter on quarter.

Operating costs, including gold-in-process movements, increased from R3,109 million (US\$431 million) to R3,543 million (US\$476 million), an increase of R434 million (US\$45 million) or 14 per cent.

At the South African operations, operating costs increased by 4 per cent from R2,047 million (US\$284 million) in the quarter ended March 2007 to R2,126 million (US\$285 million) in the quarter ended March 2008. This well below inflation increase is due to the lower production reported this quarter because of the power rationing experienced from late January 2008. Total cash costs increased from R94,644 per kilogram (US\$408 per ounce) to R125,181 per kilogram (US\$523 per ounce) an increase of 32 per cent due to the lower production and the fixed nature of operating costs.

At the international operations net operating costs increased from R1,062 million (US\$147 million) to R1,417 million (US\$190 million). Total cash costs increased by 32 per cent from US\$379 per ounce to US\$500 per ounce, mainly due to higher power costs in Ghana due to tariff increases, increased maintenance costs of the mining fleet at Tarkwa, and the combined effect of higher stripping ratios and lower grades, together with the increased cost of inputs driven by the commodities boom. This was exacerbated by the 5 per cent decrease in gold output from the international operations.

Operating profit increased from R1,846 million (US\$256 million) to R2,566 million (US\$344 million), with the benefit of the higher gold price partially offset by the lower production and the increase in costs. After accounting for taxation, sundry items and the gain on financial instruments reported this quarter, net earnings increased from R370 million (US\$52 million) in the March 2007 quarter to R1,248 million (US\$167 million) in the March 2008 quarter.

Earnings excluding gains and losses on foreign exchange, financial instruments, exceptional items and discontinued operations increased from R512 million (US\$71 million) in March quarter 2007 to R1,009 million (US\$138 million) in the March 2008 quarter.

Capital and development projects

Cerro Corona

During the March quarter, 2.71 million man hours were worked with four Lost Time Accidents and eight Medically Treated Incidents, all involving construction personnel. Management has installed several programmes, including significant contractor cost penalties to reverse this adverse trend. Project staffing levels have remained at over 3,000 per day throughout the period, but are expected to drop in the June quarter as construction completion is achieved. There were no reportable environmental incidents during the period. Final operational permitting activities advanced during the quarter which included approval of the contractor's EIA for storage, transport, and ship loading of concentrate at the Port of Salaverry, Project EIA

general revision, as well as the mine Closure Plan.

As Cerro Corona prepares to transition from permitting and construction phases, a plan for broader participation in district and regional issues is being developed and implemented. Similarly, public interest and integration of community/desires into Cerro Corona operational plans are being actively undertaken. The initial steps involve a focused discussion into ways of maximising positive operational impacts within the affected communities as well as resolution of long standing societal deficiencies for the long term District benefit as well as that of Peru.

Mining activities focused on generating construction material for the Las Gordas tailing dam and in further oxide and waste mining to enable sulphide ore mining in the June quarter. A total of 3.4 million tons were mined and at the end of the March quarter, accumulated oxide ore in stockpiles was 3.4 million tons with an average gold grade of 1.47 grams per ton. Accumulated mixed ore in stockpile is 0.84 million tons with average gold and copper grades of 1.35 grams per ton and 0.53 per cent, respectively. This material represents seven weeks of plant production at full capacity.

Cumulative construction progress through to the end of the March quarter was 81.0 per cent. The Las Gordas Stage I Starter Dam embankment construction productivity improved significantly due to changes implemented in construction materials, placement methods and Tailings Management Facility (TMF) organisational structure. A staged water filling plan has been implemented which allows the water level in the TMF reservoir to be increased at regular intervals as the embankment reaches pre-determined elevation milestones. This is important to progressively capture rainfall from the remainder of the current wet season. Approximately 150,000 cubic metres of water is currently stored in the reservoir and it is anticipated that an adequate supply of water (500,000 cubic metres) will be stored in the reservoir to support planned process plant start-up and continued plant operations during the coming dry season with little or no pumping from the mine dewatering wells. The TMF return water system is now advancing well following a slow start; various contractor changes were made to ensure progress. Tailing pipeline construction is also advancing well with piping corridors being completed, installation of difficult drop-pipe structures and HDPE piping systems commenced. The quarterly Internal Geotechnical and Tailing Review Board (IGTRB) review sessions were held and have provided valuable input and recommendations from independent industry experts. Several major project milestones were achieved during the quarter, including:

- Energisation of the 220kV power line and Cerro Corona Substation;
- Mechanical completion of Crusher (pending minor punch list and unit substation energisation);
- Mechanical Completion of Concentrate Filtration and Storage Areas (pending minor punch list and unit substation energisation);
- Established camp operations on line power;
 Initiated stage water storage behind TMF embankment;
 Completion of detail Plant Operation and Commissioning

Procedures;

- · Contracting of a Commissioning Manager and key commissioning leads through a third party engineering firm;
- Establishment of Project-Operational transition teams for all aspects of Cerro Corona on a go forward basis.

Pre-commissioning activities have commenced on an area-by-area basis as mechanical, piping and electrical equipment and systems are completed. Commissioning activities will commence in late-April and the project is expected to commence ore treatment in June 2008, with shipment of concentrates in the September quarter. The greatest schedule risk is completion of the Reclaim Water System installations. Total cumulative capital expenditure through the end of the quarter reached US\$390 million which is US\$10 million less than the project cash flow on the basis of the revised project value of US\$421 million (November 2007). Cumulative project commitments reached ~US\$420 million. Project forecast cost at completion increased during the period to ~US\$450 million, including ~US\$20 million for contractor claims and contingencies due to extensions in time for completion of construction activities.

Exploration and corporate development Greenfields Exploration

At the Sankarani joint venture project in south-western Mali, operated by partner Glencar Mining plc (AIM: "GEX"), litho-geochemical sampling by means of air core drilling has been completed on the Bokoro and Sanioumale A & B targets. A high resolution airborne magnetics and radiometric survey was flown over the three exploration licenses. With the completion of this programme, Gold Fields has earned a 51 per cent interest in the joint venture.

At the 80 per cent owned Kisenge project in the southern DRC, the third phase of drilling was completed at the Kajimba, Mpokoto, Lungenda, Weji and Katompe targets. A reconnaissance stream sediment and soil sampling survey was completed over a majority of the exploration licenses. The Kisenge Mining Convention is subject to the country-wide review by the Ministry of Mines. The joint venture partners have responded to all the questions raised in a Notification Letter received 21 February 2008.

In Kyrgyzstan, Lero Gold Corp (TSX-V: "LER") has informed Gold Fields that it's portion of equity funding has been expended and that it now has a 3-month option to joint venture the Talas Project. The

GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q3F2008

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possibility of a US\$8 million equity injection is under review, of which \$5 million is pending as an aggressive programme of additional induced-polarisation geophysics followed by additional diamond drilling is planned at Talas.

At the Gobondery joint venture in New South Wales, where Gold Fields is earning an 80 per cent stake from joint venture partner Clancy Exploration Limited (ASX: "CLY"), initial diamond drilling was completed on two blind porphyry targets and target definition work is in progress on eight other priority target areas.

In South Australia at the Delamarian project, aircore drilling to sample the basement regolith continued and initial target definition will be completed by June 2008.

In Northern Queensland at the Mt Carton joint venture with Conquest Mining Limited (ASX: "CQT"), where Gold Fields is earning a 51 per cent stake in eight exploration tenements surrounding Conquest's Silver Hill discovery, results of the airborne geophysics, soil geochemistry surveys and initial diamond drilling completed to date have been very encouraging. Diamond drilling will be accelerated as new targets are defined in the June quarter. Post quarter end an additional 25.9 million shares in Conquest Mining Limited were purchased for A\$9 million. Gold Fields has thus increased its holding from 25.8 million shares or 9.5 per cent to a total of 51.7 million shares or 19.1 per cent of the share capital of the Company.

At the Dominican Republic joint venture where Gold Fields is earning a 60 per cent initial interest in a portfolio of properties with partner GoldQuest Mining Corp (TSX-V: "GQC"), scout drilling was completed at the Piedra Iman and Josefina targets and results are currently being compiled and interpreted. Target identification field work consisting of mapping, sampling and geophysical surveys is in progress on the Los Jengibres and Loma Viejo Pedro epithermal targets.

In Peru at the Consolidada de Hualgayoc joint venture with Compania de Minas Buenaventura SA (NYSE: "BVN"), scout drilling is in progress on the Quijote target.

Near Mine Exploration

In Australia, Gold Fields is aggressively exploring at its Agnew and St Ives operations. Ongoing drilling programmes at the Athena and Nelson's Fleet discoveries at St. Ives are continuing to deliver promising results.

In Ghana, the near-mine exploration team is being strengthened and will focus on Damang and other promising targets in the general vicinity of the Tarkwa and Damang operations.

Corporate

Mvela Resources and Gold Fields Agrees on 50 million shares should "flip-up" proceed

On 17 March 2008 Gold Fields Limited and Mvelaphanda Resources Limited (Mvela) decided that Mvela will receive a fixed 50 million Gold Fields shares if and when Mvela's future stake of 15 per cent in GFI Mining South Africa (Proprietary) Limited (GFIMSA) is exchanged at the instance of either Gold Fields or Mvela, for shares in Gold Fields.

GFIMSA is the vehicle that owns and houses the South African assets of Gold Fields.

The exact number of shares, within the range of the floor and cap (45 and 55 million shares respectively), which Mvela would have received was highly variable because of the volatility of the changes in the input parameters for a Discounted Cash Flow valuation, and the complex nature of the formula, and agreeing the number of shares now gives certainty on an equitable basis to both parties.

Leadership changes at Gold Fields

On 31 March 2008, the Board of Gold Fields Limited announced that, after a distinguished nine years with Gold Fields, the last six as Chief Executive Officer, Ian Cockerill had decided to step down. He will be heading-up Anglo American's coal division.

Ian is succeeded by Nick Holland who has been the Chief Financial Officer of Gold Fields since its inception in 1998. In a complementary move, Terence Goodlace, Executive Vice President and Head of South African Operations, was appointed to the new position of Chief Operating Officer, and as a member of the Gold Fields Board. A new Chief Financial Officer will be recruited to replace Nick. Paul Schmidt, Senior Manager Finance, will act as Chief Financial Officer in the interim. Vishnu Pillay, currently Vice President and Head of Operations at Driefontein has been appointed in Terence's position as Executive Vice President and Head of South African operations. Glenn Baldwin, Head of West Africa and Australia and Juan Luis Kruger, Head of South American Operations as well as Vishnu, will report to Terence Goodlace.

To fill the position vacated by Vishnu, Peter Turner, currently Vice President and Head of Operations of Kloof Gold Mine has moved to Driefontein Gold Mine in the same position. To fill Peter's position at Kloof Gold Mine, Rodney Hart, currently, Senior Manager: Operations at that mine, is promoted to the position of Vice President and Head of Operations of Kloof Gold Mine. Phillip Tobias was promoted to Vice President and Head of Operations of Beatrix Gold Mine to fill the position of Phillip Schoeman who assumed the position of Vice President of Technology at Corporate office.

The Board also wishes to announce that, unrelated to Ian's resignation, John Munro, Executive Vice President of Corporate Development, has resigned to take up the position of Chief Executive Officer of a new uranium company. John's executive responsibilities for Corporate Development are assumed by Jimmy Dowsley, Senior Vice President for Business Development.

All of these changes are effective as from 1 May 2008.

Dividend

No interim dividend was declared at the end of the December 2007 quarter as a result of the uncertainty pertaining to the supply of power to the South African operations. As a result of a stable power supply and the gold price being maintained at about R220,000 per kilogram, it has been decided to declare an interim dividend this quarter relating to the six month period ended 31 December 2007. The final dividend declared at year end will depend on the continued supply of power in the June quarter.

- interim dividend number 68:
- 65 SA cents per share
- last date to trade cum-dividend:

Friday

- 23 May 2008
- sterling and US dollar conversion date:

Monday

26 May 2008

- trading commences ex-dividend:

Monday

26 May 2008

- record date:

Friday

30 May 2008

- payment date:

Monday

2 June 2008

Share certificates may not be dematerialised or rematerialised between Monday, 26 May 2008 and Friday, 30 May 2008, both dates inclusive.

Outlook

At the South African operations, subject to the sustainable supply of power, and our ability to man the operations at the required level, production for the June quarter is likely to be between 2 and 4 per cent higher than the March quarter. Cash costs should be slightly lower with the higher production partially offset by increases in power and commodities. At the international operations gold production is forecast to be similar to the March quarter, with costs slightly higher due to increases in power and diesel input costs and an increased royalty charge at St Ives.

Basis of accounting

The unaudited results for the quarter have been prepared on the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) basis. The detailed financial, operational and development results for the March 2008 quarter are submitted in this report.

These consolidated quarterly statements are prepared in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting. The accounting policies used in the preparation of this report are consistent with those applied in the previous financial year except for the adoption of applicable revised and/or new standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

N.J. Holland

Chief Executive Officer

9 May 2008

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Income statement

International Financial Reporting Standards Basis

Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated

South African Rand

Quarter

Nine months to

March

2008

December

2007

March

2007

March

2008

March

2007

Revenue

6,109.2

5,429.7 4,955.2 **16,557.1**

14,366.8

Operating costs, net

3,543.3

3,392.4 3,109.3 **10,237.6**

8,596.0

- Operating costs

3,502.6

3,341.2 3,100.6 **10,135.7**

8,690.9

- Gold inventory change

40.7

51.2 8.7

101.9

(94.9)

Operating profit

2,565.9

2,037.3 1,845.9 **6,319.5**

5,770.8

Amortisation and depreciation

713.9

762.7 697.3

2,247.7

2,096.5

Net operating profit

1,852.0

1,274.6 1,148.6 **4,071.8**

3,674.3

Net interest paid

(88.4)

(92.2) (111.9) (275.7)

(121.8)

Gain/(loss) o 38.4	on foreign exc	hange
(5.1)	(379.7)	
21.0	(31).11)	
(119.0)		
	on financial in	struments
262.3		3 41 4111 411
(187.6)	(35.2)	83.6
(63.8)	, ,	
Other		
(32.3)		
(10.2)	(25.8)	(53.8)
(126.3)		
Exploration		
(57.5)		
(78.7)	(75.6)	(220.8)
(206.1)		
	e tax and exc	eptional item
1,974.5		
900.8	520.4	
3,626.1		
3,037.3	<i>a</i>	
Exceptional	(loss)/gain	
(41.6)	102.0	
1,416.6	192.0	
1,404.3		
208.5 Profit befor	a tavatian	
	e taxation	
1,932.9 2,317.4	712.4	
5,030.4	/12.4	
3,245.8		
	income taxation	าท
566.5	теоте шхин	311
418.4	268.9	
1,274.0	200.9	
1,181.7		
- Normal tax	cation	
349.4		
284.5	232.5	857.7
743.6		
- Deferred ta	axation	
217.1		
133.9	36.4	416.3
438.1		
_	rom continue	d operations
1,366.4		
1,899.0	443.5	
3,756.4		
2,064.1	1	
Income from	n discontinued	operations

45.2 (6.8)37.0 (26.0)Profit on sale of Venezuelan assets 74.2 74.2 Net profit 1,366.4 2,018.4 436.7 3,867.6 2,038.1 Attributable to: - Ordinary shareholders 1,248.0 1,938.0 370.4 3,614.6 1,835.0 - Minority shareholders 118.4 80.4 66.3 253.0 203.1 **Exceptional items:** Profit on sale of investments 1,414.7 182.3 1,414.7 187.4 Profit on sale of assets 3.2 1.9 10.0 34.4 21.1 Driefontein 9 shaft closure costs (44.8)(44.8)Other (0.3)**Total exceptional items (41.6)** 1,416.6 192.0 1,404.3 208.5 **Taxation**

18.7

		Edgar Filling: GOLD FIELDS LT
(8.3) (55.0)	(49.2)	(0.8)
` '	otional items af	ter tax and minorities
(22.9)		
1,408.3	142.8	
1,403.5		
153.5		
Net earnin	ngs	
1,248.0		
1,938.0	370.4	
3,614.6		
1,835.0		
Net earning	ngs per share (ce	ents)
191		
297	60 554	
337		
Diluted ea	arnings per share	e (cents)
178		
277	57	517
314		
Headline	earnings	
1,245.7		
455.5	227.6	
2,111.7		
1,681.5		
Headline	earnings per sha	ire (cents)
191		
70	37	324
70 309		
70 309 Net earnin	ngs excluding ga	ains and losses on foreign exchange,
70 309 Net earnin financial	ngs excluding ga	
70 309 Net earning financial in 1,008.6	ngs excluding gainstruments, exc	ains and losses on foreign exchange,
70 309 Net earnin financial i 1,008.6 602.9	ngs excluding ga	ains and losses on foreign exchange,
70 309 Net earning financial 1,008.6 602.9 2,019.2	ngs excluding gainstruments, exc	ains and losses on foreign exchange,
70 309 Net earning financial in 1,008.6 602.9 2,019.2 1,810.0	ngs excluding gainstruments, exc	ains and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued operations
70 309 Net earning financial in 1,008.6 602.9 2,019.2 1,810.0 Net earning	ngs excluding gainstruments, exc 512.0	ains and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued operations cluding gains and losses on foreign
70 309 Net earnin financial i 1,008.6 602.9 2,019.2 1,810.0 Net earnin exchange	ngs excluding gainstruments, exc 512.0 ngs per share exc financial instru	ains and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued operations
70 309 Net earning financial in 1,008.6 602.9 2,019.2 1,810.0 Net earning exchange operations	ngs excluding gainstruments, exc 512.0 ngs per share exc financial instru	ains and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued operations cluding gains and losses on foreign
70 309 Net earning financial in 1,008.6 602.9 2,019.2 1,810.0 Net earning exchange operations 155	ngs excluding gainstruments, exc 512.0 ngs per share exc financial instrus (cents)	eins and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued operations cluding gains and losses on foreign aments, exceptional items and discontinued
70 309 Net earning financial in 1,008.6 602.9 2,019.2 1,810.0 Net earning exchange operations 155 93	ngs excluding gainstruments, exc 512.0 ngs per share exc financial instru	ains and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued operations cluding gains and losses on foreign
70 309 Net earning financial in 1,008.6 602.9 2,019.2 1,810.0 Net earning exchange operations 155 93 333	ngs excluding gainstruments, exc 512.0 ngs per share exc financial instruss (cents)	eins and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued operations cluding gains and losses on foreign aments, exceptional items and discontinued
70 309 Net earning financial in 1,008.6 602.9 2,019.2 1,810.0 Net earning exchange operations 155 93 333 Gold sold	ngs excluding gainstruments, exc 512.0 ngs per share exc financial instrus (cents)	eins and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued operations cluding gains and losses on foreign aments, exceptional items and discontinued
70 309 Net earning financial in 1,008.6 602.9 2,019.2 1,810.0 Net earning exchange operations 155 93 333 Gold sold kg	ngs excluding gainstruments, exc 512.0 ngs per share exc financial instruss (cents)	eins and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued operations cluding gains and losses on foreign aments, exceptional items and discontinued
70 309 Net earning financial if 1,008.6 602.9 2,019.2 1,810.0 Net earning exchange operations 155 93 333 Gold sold kg 27,692	ngs excluding gainstruments, exc 512.0 ngs per share exc financial instrus s (cents) 83	eptional items and discontinued operations cluding gains and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued operations and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued 309
70 309 Net earning financial if 1,008.6 602.9 2,019.2 1,810.0 Net earning exchange operations 155 93 333 Gold sold kg 27,692 31,848	ngs excluding gainstruments, exc 512.0 ngs per share exc financial instruss (cents)	eins and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued operations cluding gains and losses on foreign aments, exceptional items and discontinued
70 309 Net earning financial in 1,008.6 602.9 2,019.2 1,810.0 Net earning exchange operations 155 93 333 Gold sold kg 27,692 31,848 98,446	ngs excluding gainstruments, exc 512.0 ngs per share exc, financial instrus (cents) 83 - managed	eptional items and discontinued operations cluding gains and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued operations and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued 309
70 309 Net earning financial in 1,008.6 602.9 2,019.2 1,810.0 Net earning exchange operations 155 93 333 Gold sold kg 27,692 31,848 98,446 Gold price	ngs excluding gainstruments, exc 512.0 ngs per share exc financial instrus s (cents) 83	eptional items and discontinued operations cluding gains and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued operations and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued 309
70 309 Net earning financial if 1,008.6 602.9 2,019.2 1,810.0 Net earning exchange operations 155 93 333 Gold sold kg 27,692 31,848 98,446 Gold price R/kg	ngs excluding gainstruments, exc 512.0 ngs per share exc, financial instrus (cents) 83 - managed	eptional items and discontinued operations cluding gains and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued operations and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued 309
70 309 Net earning financial in 1,008.6 602.9 2,019.2 1,810.0 Net earning exchange operations 155 93 333 Gold sold kg 27,692 31,848 98,446 Gold price R/kg 220,612	ngs excluding gainstruments, exc 512.0 ngs per share exc financial instrustics (cents) 83 — managed 32,778 e received	ains and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued operations cluding gains and losses on foreign aments, exceptional items and discontinued 309 91,846
70 309 Net earning financial if 1,008.6 602.9 2,019.2 1,810.0 Net earning exchange operations 155 93 333 Gold sold kg 27,692 31,848 98,446 Gold price R/kg	ngs excluding gainstruments, exc 512.0 ngs per share exc, financial instrus (cents) 83 - managed	eptional items and discontinued operations cluding gains and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued operations and losses on foreign exchange, reptional items and discontinued 309

Total cash costs

R/kg 122,920

101,532 92,172 **106,902**

84,987

GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q3F2008

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Income statement

International Financial Reporting Standards Basis

Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated

United States Dollars

Ouarter

Nine months to

March

2008

December

2007

March

2007

March

2008

March

2007

Revenue

821.1

800.8 687.3

2,328.7

1,987.1

Operating costs, net

473.9

500.9 431.2

1,439.9

1,189.0

- Operating costs

468.4

493.5 430.0

1,425.6

1,202.1

- Gold inventory change

5.5

7.4 1.2 **14.3**

(13.1)

Operating profit

347.2

299.9 256.1 **888.8**

798.1

Amortisation and depreciation

94.8

112.7 96.7 **316.1**

290.0

Net operating profit

252.4

187.2 159.4 **572.7**

508.1

Net interest paid

(11.8)

(13.6) (16.8)	(15.5)	(38.8)
	on foreign ex	change
(0.8) 3.0	(52.7)	
(16.5)	on financial i	netrumante
37.6	on imanciai i	instruments
(27.1)	(4.9)	11.8
(8.8)		
Other (4.5)		
(1.5)	(3.4)	(7.6)
(17.3)		
Exploration (7.5)		
(7.5) (11.7)	(10.5)	(31.1)
(28.5)	(10.0)	(0.101)
	re tax and ex	cceptional item
271.7 132.5	72.4	510.0
420.2	12.4	510.0
Exceptional	(loss)/gain	
(11.1)		
204.5	26.5	197.5
28.8 Profit befor	no tovotion	
260.6	re taxation	
337.0	98.9	707.5
449.0		
	income taxat	tion
77.2	27.0	170.3
61.3 163.4	37.2	179.2
- Normal ta	xation	
47.3		
41.8	32.2	120.6
102.8	,.	
- Deferred t 29.9	axation	
19.5	5.0	58.6
60.6		
_	rom continu	ed operations
183.4	(1.7	539.3
275.7 285.6	61.7	528.3
	n discontinue	ed operations
(0.1)		1
6.5	(0.9)	5.2
(3.6)		

Profit on sale of	f Venezuelan	assets
(0.3)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	assets
10.7	_	
10.4		
-		
Net profit		
183.0		
292.9	60.8	543.9
282.0		
Attributable to:		
- Ordinary share	eholders	
166.8		
281.1	51.6	508.3
253.9		
- Minority share	eholders	
16.2		
11.8	9.2	35.6
28.1		
Exceptional ite	ems:	
Profit on sale of	f investments	
(5.1)		
204.1	25.2	199.0
25.9		
Profit on sale of	f assets	
0.3		
0.4	1.4	4.8
2.9		
Driefontein 9 sl	naft closure c	osts
(6.3)		
-	-	
(6.3)		
-		
Other		
-		
- (0.1))	
•		
-		
Total exception	nal items	
(11.1)		
204.5	26.5	197.5
28.8		
Taxation		
2.7		
	(6.8)	(0.1)
(7.6)		
	il items after	tax and minorities
(8.4)	10.7	107.4
203.3	19.7	197.4
21.2		
Net earnings		
166.8		

		_aga: :g: a=== : :====== : :
281.1	51.6	508.3
253.9		
Net earnings p	per share (cen	ts)
26		
43	8	78
47		
Diluted earnin	ngs per share ((cents)
24		
40	7	73
43		
Headline earn	ings	
175.5	24.0	200 5
67.1	31.9	300.5
232.7		
Headline earn	ings per share	e (cents)
27	-	46
10	5	46
43		
		ns and losses on foreign exchange,
1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 110	uments, excep	ptional items and discontinued operations
88.4	71.0	284.0
250.3	71.0	204.0
	per chare evel	uding gains and losses on foreign
		nents, exceptional items and discontinued
operations (ce		ients, exceptional nems and discontinued
21	11(3)	
13	11	44
46		•
	rand/United	States dollar conversion rate
7.45		
6.76	7.21	7.11
7.23		
South African	rand/Austral	ian dollar conversion rate
6.73		
6.03	5.66	6.26
5.52		
Gold sold – m	anaged	
ozs (000)		
890		
1,024	1,054	2,953
3,165		
Gold price rec	eived	
\$/oz		
921		
784	652	789
628		
Total cash cos	sts	
\$/oz		
513	200	460
467	398	468

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Balance sheet

International Financial Reporting Standards Basis

Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated

South African Rand

United States Dollars

March

2008

June

2007

March

2008

June

2007

Property, plant and equipment

43,173.3

37,312.8

5,389.9

5,218.6

Goodwill

4,458.9

4,458.9

556.7

623.6

Non-current assets

672.6

627.7

84.0

87.8

Investments

5,272.2

2,272.4

658.2

317.8

Discontinued operations

-

3,352.3

-

468.9

Current assets

5,996.5

5,877.0

748.6

822.0

- Other current assets

4,052.4

3,566.9

505.9

498.9

- Cash and deposits

1,944.1

2,310.1 242.7 323.1 **Total assets** 59,573.5 53,901.1 7,437.4 7,538.7 Shareholders' equity 41,966.8 37,106.3 5,239.3 5,189.7 Deferred taxation 5,299.4 4,651.4 661.6 650.5 Long-term loans 5,951.0 6,170.5 742.9 863.0 Environmental rehabilitation provisions 1,545.1 1,380.5 192.9 193.1 Post-retirement health care provisions 21.0 21.0 2.6 2.9 Current liabilities 4,790.2 4,571.4 598.1 639.5 - Other current liabilities 4,106.0 3,852.8 512.7 539.0 - Current portion of long-term loans 684.2 718.6 85.4 100.5 Total equity and liabilities 59,573.5 53,901.1

7,437.4 7,538.7 South African rand/US dollar conversion rate 8.01 7.15 South African rand/Australian dollar conversion rate 7.38 6.06 Condensed changes in equity International Financial Reporting Standards Basis Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated **South African Rand United States Dollars** March 2008 March 2007 March 2008 March 2007 Balance at the beginning of the financial year 37,106.3 19,851.5 5,189.7 2,671.8 Issue of share capital 0.4 77.8 0.1 10.8 Increase in share premium 59.8 18,196.3 8.4 2,527.3 Marked to market valuation of listed investments 729.3 184.4 102.6 25.6 Dividends paid (619.9)(1,130.9)(87.2)(157.1)Increase in share-based payment reserve 77.9 60.0 11.0

8.3

Edgai i iiiig. GOLD i
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders
3,614.6
1,835.0
508.3
253.9
Profit attributable to minority shareholders
253.0
203.1
35.6
28.1
Decrease in minority interests
(441.2)
(100.6)
(62.1)
(11.6)
Loss on transacting with minorities
(74.7)
(14.1)
(10.5)
(10.5)
- Currency translation adjustment and other
Currency translation adjustment and other 1,715.4
34.7
(392.7) 88.9
Reserves released on sale of Venezuelan assets
(454.1)
(131.1)
(63.9)
-
Balance as at the end of March
41,966.8
39,211.3
5,239.3
5,446.0
Reconciliation of headline earnings with net earnings
International Financial Reporting Standards Basis
Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated
South African Rand
United States Dollars
March
2008
December
2007
March
2007
March
2008
December
2007
2007

March

```
2007
Net earnings
1,248.0
1,938.0
             370.4
                           166.8
              51.6
281.1
Profit on sale of investments
(1,414.7)
              (182.3)
(204.1)
              (25.2)
Taxation effect of profit on sale of investments
       47.3
          6.5
Profit on sale of assets
(3.2)
(1.9)
          (10.0)
(0.3)
(0.4)
             (1.4)
Taxation effect of profit on sale of assets
0.9
           1.9
8.3
                        0.1
1.2
            0.3
Profit on sale of Venezuelan assets
       (74.2)
       (10.7)
Other exceptional items
0.3
8.9
          0.1
Headline earnings
1,245.7
455.5
            227.6
                         175.5
67.1
             31.9
Headline earnings per share – cents
191
70
           37
                        27
10
Based on headline earnings as given above divided by
652,691,549 for March 2008 (December 2007-652,412,191 and
March 2007 – 620,105,799) being the weighted average number of
```

ordinary shares in issue.

GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q3F2008 I 14 **Cash flow statement** International Financial Reporting Standards Basis Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated **South African Rand Ouarter** Nine months to March 2008 December 2007 March 2007 March 2008 March 2007 Cash flows from operating activities 3,038.5 1,147.8 (2,615.1)5,171.6 375.4 Profit before tax and exceptional items 1,974.5 900.8 520.4 3,626.1 3,037.3 Exceptional items **(41.6)** 192.0 1,416.6 1,404.3 208.5 Amortisation and depreciation 713.9 762.7 697.3 2,247.7 2,096.5 Change in working capital 794.2 (570.6)(131.9)(0.2)(442.8)Taxation paid (238.0)(129.7)(177.6)(728.8)(578.0)Settlement of Western Areas hedge

(3,893.8)

Other non-cash items

(3,893.8)

```
(164.5)
(1,352.1)
                    185.2
(1,503.9)
(84.5)
Discontinued operations
                 (6.7)
                                126.4
120.1
32.2
Dividends paid
          (585.5)
                           (619.9)
(1,141.4)
Ordinary shareholders
          (585.5)
                           (619.9)
(1,130.9)
Minority shareholders in subsidiaries
(10.5)
Cash flows from investing activities
(2,355.3)
(222.2)
               (1,419.8)
                                (4,510.3)
(12,862.8)
Capital expenditure – additions
(2,085.7)
(2,475.5)
                 (1,339.1)
                                  (6,489.1)
(3,773.5)
Capital expenditure – proceeds on disposal
3.1
1.8
               11.0
                               35.7
22.3
Sale/(purchase) of subsidiaries
1,042.1
                  (30.9)
1,042.1
(8,707.7)
Purchase of investments
(258.1)
(9.6)
              (349.6)
                               (270.1)
(548.5)
Proceeds on the disposal of investments
1.9
32.5
                                34.4
               305.7
314.8
Environmental and post-retirement health care payments
(16.5)
(6.5)
               (14.6)
                               (27.9)
(38.3)
Discontinued operations
```

1,193.0 (2.3)1,164.6 (131.9)Cash flows from financing activities (213.7)(1,068.5)5,500.4 (538.0)14,347.9 Loans received 1,535.3 727.4 4,439.9 3,171.3 13,497.8 Loans repaid (1,788.3)(1,808.2)(9,035.6)(3,769.5)(9,191.2)Minority shareholders loans repaid (90.1)Shares issued 39.3 12.3 10,096.1 60.2 10,131.4 **Net cash inflow/(outflow)** 469.5 (142.9)880.0 (496.6)719.1 Translation adjustment 154.0 (6.4)35.3 130.6 (8.8)Cash at beginning of period 1,320.6 1,469.9 1,412.5 2,310.1 1,617.5 Cash at end of period 1,944.1 1,320.6 1,944.1 2,327.8 2,327.8 **United States Dollars** Quarter Nine months to March 2008 December 2007 March

2007

```
March
2008
March
2007
Cash flows from operating activities
407.9
175.1
              (358.9)
                                714.1
57.6
Profit before tax and exceptional items
271.7
132.5
                72.4
510.0
420.2
Exceptional items
(11.1)
204.5
                26.5
197.5
28.8
Amortisation and depreciation
94.8
112.7
                96.7
316.1
290.0
Change in working capital
114.6
(83.1)
                (18.2)
(61.2)
Taxation paid
(43.5)
(13.7)
                (26.6)
(115.8)
(78.3)
Settlement of Western Areas hedge
         (534.6)
(534.6)
Other non-cash items
(18.2)
(195.1)
                  25.6
(211.5)
(11.7)
Discontinued operations
(0.4)
17.3
               (0.7)
                               17.8
4.4
Dividends paid
           (81.4)
                           (88.6)
```

(159.7)

Ordinary s	shareholders	
-	(81.4)	(88.6)
(158.2)	(01.4)	(00.0)
` ′	shareholders in s	uheidiaries
-	sitarcifolders in s	uosidiaries
_	_	
(1.5)		
	s from investin	g activities
(323.6)	22 022 227 00022	9 ••••••
(38.6)	(198.7)	(634.4)
(1,779.2)	,	
Capital ex	penditure – addi	tions
(277.3)	_	
(363.9)	(185.7)	(912.7)
(521.2)		
Capital ex	penditure – proc	eeds on disposal
0.3		
0.4	1.5	5.0
3.1		
	hase) of subsidia	aries
(3.8)	(7 .0)	4.4.5.5
150.4	(5.9)	146.6
(1,204.4)	C :	
	of investments	
(36.3) (1.4)	(48.4)	(38.0)
(75.9)	(40.4)	(38.0)
	on the disposal o	f investments
0.1	on the disposar o	1 mvestments
4.7	42.2	4.8
43.5		
Environm	ental and post-re	tirement health care payments
(2.3)	•	
(0.9)	(2.0)	(3.9)
(5.3)		
	ued operations	
(4.3)		
172.1	(0.4)	163.8
(19.0)		
	s from financin	g activities
(28.9)	77.60	(-)
(151.6)	756.0	(75.7)
1,993.6	1	
Loans rece	eivea	
209.9 108.1	609.4	446.0
1,875.1	009.4	440.0
Loans repa	aid	
(244.3)	uid	
(261.5)	(1,249.8)	(530.2)
(201.3)	(1,277.0)	(550.2)

(1,271.3)Minority shareholders loans repaid (11.5)Shares issued 5.5 1.8 1,396.4 8.5 1,401.3 **Net cash inflow/(outflow)** 55.4 117.0 (15.1)(84.6)112.3 Translation adjustment **(1.4)** (6.2)3.9 4.2 (6.7)Cash at beginning of period 188.7 210.0 202.4 323.1 217.7 Cash at end of period 242.7

323.3

188.7

323.3

242.7

15 I GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q3F2008

Hedging / Derivatives

The Group's policy is to remain unhedged to the gold price. However, hedges are sometimes undertaken on a project specific basis as follows:

- · to protect cash flows at times of significant expenditure,
- · for specific debt servicing requirements, and
- to safeguard the viability of higher cost operations.

Gold Fields may from time to time establish currency financial instruments to protect underlying cash flows.

Gold Fields has various currency financial instruments - those remaining are described in the schedule.

Position at end of March 2008

US Dollars / Rand forward purchases

As a result of the draw down under a bridge loan facility to settle the close-out of the Western Areas gold derivative structure, US dollars/rand forward

cover was purchased during the March 2007 quarter for the amount of US\$550.8 million for settlement on 6 August 2007. On 6 August 2007, this US

dollars/rand forward cover was extended to 6 November 2007. On 6 November 2007 the forward cover was extended to 6 December 2007 at an

average rate of R6.6315, based on a spot of R6.6000. On 6 December 2007 a partial repayment of US\$60.8 million was made against the loan and

subsequently the balance of US\$490 million forward cover was extended to 6 March 2008 at a rate of R6.9118, based on a spot rate of R6.8000.

On 31 December 2007 a further repayment of US\$172 million was made against the loan which resulted in an early drawdown of the same amount

under the forward cover. On 6 March 2008 the balance of US\$318 million was extended to 6 June 2008 at a rate of R7.9752, based on a spot of

R7.8052. For accounting purposes, this forward cover has been designated as a hedging instrument. The forward cover points have been accounted

for as part of interest.

At the end of March 2008 the mark to market value of the US\$318.0 million forward cover was positive by R54.7 million (US\$6.8 million). The quarter on

quarter marked to market movement was positive R271.4 million of which R309.4 million was offset against the R309.4 million foreign exchange loss on

the revaluation of the underlying loan being hedged. The balance of R38.0 million represents the forward cover cost which has been included in interest

paid in the income statement.

On 27 July 2007 US dollars/rand forward cover of US\$40 million was purchased to hedge future investments in Orogen, a 100 per cent owned

subsidiary, with maturity on 30 October 2007. On 30 October 2007 the forward cover was extended to 30 November 2007 at a rate of R6.5399, based

on a spot rate of R6.5091. On 30 November 2007 the forward cover was extended to 31 January 2008 at a rate of R7.0743, based on a spot of

R7.0000. On 31 January 2008 the forward cover of US\$40 million was extended to 30 April 2008 at a rate of R7.3101 based on a spot of R7.1650. For

accounting purposes this forward cover has been designated as a hedging instrument and the valuation thereof is included in shareholder equity.

On 4 October 2007 US dollars/rand forward cover of US\$50 million was purchased to hedge future investments in Orogen, a 100 per cent owned

subsidiary. The forward cover rate was R6.9949, based on a spot rate of R6.9474, with maturity on 21 November 2007. On 21 November 2007 the

forward cover was extended to 22 January 2008 at a rate of R6.7900, based on a spot rate of R6.7200. On 22 January 2008 the forward cover was

extended to 22 April 2008 at a rate of R7.1543 based on spot of R7.0200. For accounting purposes this forward cover has been designated as a

hedging instrument and the valuation thereof is included in shareholder equity.

In January 2008, the Board approved the funding of the balance of the Cerro Corona Capital Project from available offshore facilities. As a result of this

decision, the forward cover of US\$40 million and US\$50 million was cancelled for the respective dates of 30 April 2008 and 22 April 2008. For

accounting purposes, a cash inflow of R82.9 million was accounted for in the March quarter end.

Diesel Hedge

On 28 June 2007, Gold Fields Ghana Holdings (BVI) Ltd purchased a three month Asian style option in respect of 15 million litres of diesel, starting 1

July 2007. The call option resulted in a premium of US\$0.3 million, paid upfront, at a strike rate of US\$0.5572 per litre. The marked to market value at

the end of September 2007 was positive by US\$0.1 million. On 20 August 2007, Gold Fields Ghana Holdings (BVI) Ltd purchased a further three month

Asian style option in respect of 15 million litres of diesel, starting 1 October 2007. The call option resulted in a premium of US\$0.4 million, paid upfront,

at a strike rate of US\$0.5572 per litre. The marked to market value at the end of December 2007 was positive by US\$0.6million.

At the March 2008 quarter end, no Diesel Hedges were in place.

Amended Mvela Subscription and Exchange Agreement Election

Gold Fields, Mvela Gold, Mvela Resources and GFIMSA entered into an agreement on 17 March 2008 to provide that the number of Gold Fields shares

that Mvela Resources will acquire, should it elect to exchange it's equity interest in GFIMSA, shall be 50 million. The previous Collar agreement falls

away. The floor and cap derivative is therefore derecognised. The marked to market valuation of the floor and cap derivative was a negative of R136

million at the end of the December quarter. The 50 million shares are now accounted for as an equity instrument and not a standalone derivative.

GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q3F2008

I 16

Total cash costs

Gold Industry Standards Basis

Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated

Total Mine

Operations

South African Operations

International Operations

Discontinued

Operations

##

Total Driefontein

Kloof Beatrix

South

Deep

Total

Ghana Australia

#

Venezuela

Tarkwa

Damang

St Ives

Agnew

Choco 10

Operating costs

(1)

March 2008

3,502.6 2,126.3

723.3

646.5

429.4

327.1

1,376.3

540.3

230.5 451.4 154.1

-

December

2007 3,341.2 2,173.5

744.2

688.7

420.2

320.4

1,167.7

465.8

200.9 394.6 106.4

92.0

Financial year to date

10,135.7 6,413.8

2,191.0 1,995.8

1,265.1

```
961.9
3,721.9
1,460.3
603.2
          1,248.5
                        409.9
191.3
Gold-in-process and
March 2008
16.5
16.5
(0.8)
(12.8)
              15.2
                         14.9
inventory change*
December 2007
5.7
5.7
(9.4)
(17.6)
              0.3
32.4
22.1
Financial year to date
18.9
18.9
(12.3)
(47.0)
             23.6
                         54.6
8.6
Less:
March 2008
14.6
10.6
4.4
3.3
2.2
0.7
4.0
```

1.2

```
0.5
         2.3
Rehabilitation costs
December 2007
14.8
10.7
4.4
3.3
2.3
0.7
4.1
1.1
         2.4
                     0.6
Financial year to date
43.9
31.8
13.2
9.9
6.6
2.1
12.1
3.5
      6.9 1.7
Production taxes
March 2008
10.3
10.3
4.1
2.8
1.9
1.5
December
2007
10.4
10.4
4.2
2.7
2.1
1.4
```

Financial year to date 29.7 29.7 11.2 8.2 5.9 4.4 General and admin March 2008 153.6 91.9 34.1 29.1 20.3 8.4 61.7 36.0 5.4 16.1 4.2 December 2007 144.3 95.7 36.5 31.9 18.4 8.9 48.6 26.7 3.8 13.3 4.8 9.2 Financial year to date 428.1 270.8 100.9 86.9 57.7 25.3 157.3 85.3 13.5 14.5 44.0 30.0 **Exploration costs**

March 2008

```
17.8
17.8
9.4
            7.5
                        0.9
December 2007
9.4
9.4
2.0
            6.8
                        0.6
Financial year to date
36.3
36.3
            19.9
                         2.2
14.2
Cash operating costs
March 2008
3,322.8
            2,013.5
680.7
611.3
405.0
316.5
1,309.3
502.3
202.9
             440.7
                        163.4
December
2007
            3,168.0
                          2,056.7
699.1
650.8
397.4
309.4
1,111.3
428.6
```

```
177.5
                         132.8
             372.4
104.9
Financial year to date
9,616.6
            6,081.5
2,065.7 1,890.8
1,194.9
930.1
3,535.1
1,359.2
           1,201.3
528.5
                        446.1
169.9
Plus:
March 2008
10.3
10.3
4.1
2.8
1.9
1.5
Production taxes
December 2007
10.4
10.4
4.2
2.7
2.1
1.4
Financial year to date
29.7
29.7
11.2
8.2
5.9
4.4
```

Royalties March 2008 70.8 70.8 33.4 11.1 17.2 9.1 December 2007 55.2 55.2 26.1 7.4 15.1 6.6 3.4 Financial year to date 172.2 172.2 81.1 24.9 44.7 21.5 TOTAL CASH COSTS **(2)** March 2008 3,403.9 2,023.8 684.8 614.1 406.9 318.0 1,380.1 535.7 214.0 457.9 172.5 December 2007

3,233.6

2,067.1

```
703.3
653.5
399.5
310.8
1,166.5
454.7
                        139.4
184.9
            387.5
108.3
Financial year to date
            6,111.2
9,818.5
2,076.9 1,899.0
1,200.8
934.5
3,707.3
1,440.3
553.4
          1,246.0
                        467.6
175.9
Plus:
March 2008
689.2
            375.5
118.0
127.4
63.0
67.1
313.7
81.2
25.9
               206.6
Amortisation*
December 2007
775.1
            462.6
141.0
160.4
76.0
85.2
312.5
72.7
20.3
               219.5
5.6
Financial year to date
2,213.7
            1,274.6
403.9
446.9
202.9
220.9
939.1
228.6
60.3
               650.2
14.8
Rehabilitation
```

March 2008

71

```
14.6
10.6
4.4
3.3
2.2
0.7
4.0
1.2
             2.8
December
2007
14.8
10.7
4.4
3.3
2.3
0.7
4.1
1.1
             3.0
Financial year to date
43.9
31.8
13.2
9.9
6.6
2.1
12.1
3.5
             8.6
TOTAL PRODUCTION
COSTS
(3)
March 2008
            2,409.9
4,107.7
807.2
744.8
472.1
385.8
1,697.8
618.1
239.9
                839.8
December 2007
4,023.5
            2,540.4
848.7
817.2
477.8
```

```
396.7
1,483.1
528.5
205.2
                749.4
113.9
Financial year to date
12,076.1
            7,417.6
2,494.0 2,355.8
1,410.3
1,157.5
4,658.5
1,672.4
613.7
              2,372.4
190.7
Gold sold
March 2008
            519.8
890.3
209.9
175.5
81.7
52.6
370.5
165.1
52.6
          103.9
                       49.0
- thousand ounces December
2007
             656.9
1,023.9
239.6
230.8
118.9
67.6
367.0
162.7
45.2
          110.0
                       49.2
19.3
Financial year to date
           1,865.9
2,952.9
709.9
641.6
319.8
194.6
1,087.0
477.4
144.2
           316.2
                       149.1
33.2
TOTAL CASH COSTS
March 2008
513
523
```

438

```
470
668
811
500
436
546
           592
                      473
                      December 2007
- US$/oz
467
465
434
419
497
680
470
413
605
           521
                      419
830
Financial year to date
468
461
412
416
528
675
480
424
540
           554
                      441
745
TOTAL CASH COSTS
March 2008
122,920
           125,181
104,870 112,514
160,071
194,258
119,748
104,323
130,887
            141,721
                       113,189
- R/kg
                      December 2007
101,532
           101,170
94,390
91,029
108,031
147,719
102,181
89,844
131,508
            113,304
                        91,171
180,500
Financial year to date
106,902
           105,302
```

```
94,067
95,159
120,720
154,386
109,648
96,990
123,362
                      100,798
            126,678
170,281
TOTAL PRODUCTION
March 2008
619
622
516
570
775
984
615
503
613
               737
COSTS
                      December 2007
581
572
524
524
594
868
598
480
               697
672
873
- US$/oz
Financial year to date
575
559
494
516
620
837
603
493
599
               717
807
```

DEFINITIONS

Total cash costs and Total production costs are calculated in accordance with the Gold Institute Industry standard.

(1)

Operating costs – All gold mining related costs before amortisation/depreciation, changes in gold inventory, taxation and exceptional items.

(2)

Total cash costs – Operating costs less off-mine costs, which include general and administration costs, as detailed in the table above.

(3)

Total production costs – Total cash costs plus amortisation/depreciation and rehabilitation provisions, as detailed in the table above.

*

Adjusted for amortisation/depreciation (non-cash item) excluded from gold-in-process change.

#

As a significant portion of the acquisition price was allocated to tenements of St Ives and Agnew based on endowment ounces and also as these two Australian operations are

entitled to transfer and then off-set tax losses from one company to another, it is not meaningful to split the income statement below operating profit.

Discontinued operations are excluded from Total International and Total Mine Operations.

Average exchange rates are US\$1 = R7.45 and US\$1 = R6.76 for the March 2008 and December 2007 quarters respectively.

2,104

2,104

17 I GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q3F2008

Operating and financial results

South African Rand

Total Mine

Operations

South African Operations

Driefontein Total

Kloof Beatrix **South Deep**

Operating Results

Ore milled/treated (000 tons) March 2008

12,376

3,166 1,426 808 656 276

December 2007

12,630

3,767 1,478 1,008 868

413

Financial year to date

37,356

10,855 4,436 1,172 2,810 2,437

Yield (grams per ton)

March 2008

2.2

5.1 6.8 3.9 5.9 4.6

December 2007

2.5

5.1 5.4 5.0 7.1 4.3

Financial year to date

2.5

5.4 4.1 5.2 5.0 7.1

Gold produced (kilograms)

March 2008

27,692

16,167 6,530 5,458 2,542 1,637 December 2007

31,682

20,432 7,451 7,179 3,698

Financial year to date 91,846

58,035 22,079 19,956 9,947

6,053

Gold sold (kilograms)

March 2008

27,692

16,167 6,530 2,542 1,637 5,458 December 2007 31,848

7,179

3,698

20,432 7,451

Financial year to date 91,846

58,035 22,079 19,956 9,947

6,053				
Gold price	received (Ra	and per kilog	gram)	
March 200	08	, i		
220,612				
222,657	223,400	220,136	226,515	222,114
December			,	,
170,488				
	170,031	169,508	170,254	169,629
Financial y		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, .	,
180,270				
179,047	180 058	178,007	179,310	178,358
,	costs (Rand			1,0,000
March 200		per miogran		
122,920				
125,181	104,870	112,514	160,071	194,258
December		112,514	100,071	174,250
101,532	2007			
101,332	94,390	91,029		
101,170	147,719	71,027		
Financial y				
106,902	car to date			
100,902	94,067	95,159		
120,720	154,386	93,139		
		(Dand non lei	la amana)	
March 200	uction costs ((Kand per Ki	nogram)	
	08			
148,339	102 614	136,460	105 720	225 675
149,063 December	123,614	130,400	185,720	235,675
	2007			
126,361	112 004	112 022	120 205	100 544
124,384		113,832	129,205	188,546
Financial y	ear to date			
131,483	112.050	110.050	141.701	101 005
127,813		118,050	141,781	191,227
_	costs (Rand 1	per ton)		
March 200	08			
283	707	000		4.40
672	507	800	655	1,185
December	2007			
265				
577	504	683	484	776
Financial y	ear to date			
271				
591	494	710	519	821
	Results (Rai	nd million)		
Revenue			ľ	March 2008
6,109.2				
3,599.7	1,458.8	1,201.5	575.8	
363.6				
December	2007			
5,429.7				
3,470.3	1,266.9	1,216.9	629.6	

256.0					
356.9					
	year to date	2.075.5	2 550 2	1 702 6	1.070.6
16,557.1	10,391.0	3,975.5	3,332.3	1,783.6	1,079.6
Operating					
March 20	uð				
3,543.3	702.2	646.5	420.4	227.1	
2,126.3 December	723.3	040.5	429.4	327.1	
3,392.4	2007				
	744.2	688.7	420.2	320.4	
2,173.5	year to date	000.7	420.2	320.4	
10,237.6	year to date				
6,413.8	2,191.0	1,995.8	1,265.1		
961.9	2,171.0	1,773.0	1,203.1		
- Operating	g costs				
March 20					
3,502.6	00				
2,126.3	723.3	646.5	429.4	327.1	
December		0.1016	>,.	02/11	
3,341.2					
2,173.5	744.2	688.7	420.2	320.4	
	year to date				
10,135.7					
6,413.8	2,191.0	1,995.8	1,265.1		
961.9					
- Gold inv	entory change				
March 20	08				
40.7					
-	-		-		
December	2007				
51.2					
- -	- · · · · · · · ·		-		
	year to date				
101.9					
- O4'	- 		-		
Operating	· •				
March 20 2,565.9	ua				
1,473.4	735.5	555.0	146.4		
36.5	133.3	333.0	140.4		
December December	2007				
2,037.3	2007				
1,296.8	522.7	528.2	209.4		
36.5					
	year to date				
6,319.5					
3,977.2	1,784.5	1,556.5	518.5		
117.7					
Amortisati	on of mining	assets			
March 20	_				
665.0					

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375.5	118.0	127.4	63.0	
67.1				
December 729.6	r 2007			
462.6	141.0	160.4	76.0	
85.2	1.1.0	10011	, 0.0	
	year to date			
2,130.7	<i>y</i>			
1,274.6	403.9	446.9	202.9	220.9
	ating profit			
March 20	~ -			
1,900.9				
1,097.9	617.5	427.6	83.4	(30.6)
December	r 2007			
1,307.7				
834.2	381.7	367.8	133.4	(48.7)
Financial	year to date			
4,188.8				
2,702.6	1,380.6	1,109.6	315.6	(103.2)
Other inco	ome/(expense	e)		
March 20	008			
(107.6)				
(132.2)	(44.1)	(47.0)	(37.2)	
(3.9)				
December	r 2007			
1.0				
(35.9)	(17.5)	(9.6)	(7.7)	
(1.1)				
	year to date			
(134.7)				
(221.4)	(81.2)	(68.1)	(55.9)	(16.2)
	fore taxation	l		
March 20)08			
1,793.3	4	200.6	46.0	(2.4.5)
965.7	573.4	380.6	46.2	(34.5)
December 1,308.7	r 2007			
798.3	364.2	358.2	125.7	(49.8)
Financial	year to date			
4,054.1				
2,481.2	1,299.4	1,041.5	259.7	(119.4)
	nd income tax	ation		
March 20	008			
580.0				
312.9	182.3	126.8	17.5	(13.7)
December	r 2007			
439.2				
281.2	127.1	126.1	47.6	(19.6)
Financial	year to date			

1,354.7

			g	.g. 0.0
859.2 - Normal ta		356.9	98.2	(44.7)
March 200	08			
320.0				
217.5	135.4	81.9	0.2	
-				
December 259.7	2007			
174.7	87.1	87.3	0.3	
- Financial y 798.6	ear to date			
	320.1	228.8	0.8	
- Deferred	taxation			
March 200				
260.0	00			
95.4	46.9	44.9	17.3	(13.7)
December 1		77./	17.3	(13.7)
179.5	2007			
106.5	40.0	38.8	47.3	(19.6)
Financial y		30.0	47.5	(17.0)
556.1	car to date			
309.5	128.7	128.1	97.4	(44.7)
	ore exception		,,,,	(,)
March 200	_			
1.213.3				
652.8	391.1	253.8	28.7	(20.8)
December	2007			
869.5				
517.1	237.1	232.1	78.1	(30.2)
Financial y 2,699.4	vear to date			
1,622.0	850.6	684.6	161.5	(74.7)
Exceptiona	al items			
March 200	08			
(41.5)				
(41.9)	(44.7)			
-				
2.7				
0.1				
December	2007			
1.9				
1.9	-	0.5	0.5	0.9
Financial y (10.3)	ear to date			
(10.9)	0.0	2.5		
(23.0)	0.9	3.5	7.7	
Net profit March 200	08			

1,171.8

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610.9	346.4	253.8	31.4	(20.7)
December	2007			
871.4				
519.0	237.1	232.6	78.6	(29.3)
Financial y	year to date			
2,689.1				
1,611.1	827.6	685.5	165.0	(67.0)
Net profit	excluding ga	ins and loss	es on	
foreign ex	change, finar	ncial instrun	nents and	
exceptiona	al items			
March 20	08			
1,202.6				
636.3	374.2	253.7	29.7	(21.3)
December	2007			
858.6				
517.9	237.1	232.3	78.3	(29.3)
Financial y	year to date			
2,698.5				
1,624.6	841.9	684.9	162.8	(65.0)
-	xpenditure			
March 20	08			
1,492.5				
784.5	226.9	212.0	149.8	195.8
December	2007			
1,435.4				
838.5	267.3	225.8	141.7	203.7
Financial 3	year to date			
4,215.8				
2,362.8	713.5	655.3	425.3	568.7
Planned for	or next six mo	onths to Sep	tember 2008	
3,954.2				
1,965.1	540.4	536.4	372.6	515.7

329

GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q3F2008

I 18

Operating and financial results

South African Rand

International Operations

Discontinued

Operations

##

Total

Ghana

Australia

#

Venezuela

Tarkwa

Damang

St Ives

Agnew

9,210

Choco 10

Operating Results

Ore milled/treated (000 tons)

5,765

1,232

1,884

March 2008

-					
December					
2007					
8,863	5,588	1,103	1,859	313 360	
Financial year	ar to date				
26,501	16,566	3,459	5,500		
976					
761					
Yield (grams	per ton)				
March 2008	•				
1.3	0.9	1.3	1.7	4.6	
-					
December 20	007				
1.3	0.9	1.2	1.8	4.9	1.6
Financial year	ar to date				
1.3	0.9	1.3	1.8	4.8	1.4
Gold produce	ed (kilograms	3)			
March 2008					
11,525	5,135	1,635	3,231	1,524	
-					
December					
2007					
11,250	4,925	1,376	3,420	1,529	563
Financial year	ar to date				
33,811	14,850	4,486	9,836	4,639	1,052
Gold sold (ki	ilograms)				
March 2008					
11,525	5,135	1,635	3,231	1,524	

December 2007					
11,416 Financial year	5,061	1,406	3,420	1,529	600
33,811	14,850	4,486	9,836	4,639	1,033
Gold price re March 2008		d per kilogram)		
217,744	217,235	217,798	217,487	219,948	
December					
2007 171,636	171,369	171,906	171,404	172,793	331,500
Financial yea 182,370	ar to date 182,108	183,170	181,751	183,746	290,029
Total cash co	osts (Rand pe		,	,	
March 2008 119,748	104,323	130,887	141,721	113,189	
-	104,323	130,007	141,721	113,107	
December 2007					
102,181	89,844	131,508			
113,304	91,171	180,500			
Financial yea		102.262			
109,648 126,678	96,990 100,798	123,362 170,281			
		and per kilogra	am)		
March 2008		una per knogre	,		
147,323	120,370	146,789			
176,614					
-					
December 2007					
2007 129,914	104,426	145,946			
151,425	104,420	143,540			
189,833					
Financial year	ar to date				
137,784	112,620	136,826			
163,896					
184,608 Operating co	ete (Rand ne	r ton)			
March 2008	_	t toll)			
149	94	187			
240	468	-			
December					
2007	92	102			
132 212	83 340	182 256			
Financial year		230			
140	88	174			
227	100	251			
221	420	251			

Financial Results (Rand million)						
Revenue March 2008	•					
2,509.5	1,115.5	356.1	702.7	335.2		
-	1,110.0	2237	, 020,	000.2		
December						
2007	0.67.2	241.7	506.0	264.2	100.0	
1,959.4 Financial year	867.3	241.7	586.2	264.2	198.9	
6,166.1	2,704.3	821.7	1,787.7	852.4	299.6	
Operating co		021.,	1,707.7	032.1	200.0	
March 2008	3					
1,417.0	533.4	217.8	471.9	193.9		
- December						
2007						
1,218.9	453.3	183.4	393.8	188.4	114.1	
Financial year	ar to date					
3,823.8	1,438.0	556.4	1,278.9	550.5	199.9	
- Operating of						
March 2008 1,376.3	540.3	230.5	451.4	154.1		
-	540.5	250.5	401,4	104.1		
December						
2007						
1,167.7	465.8	200.9	394.6	106.4	92.0	
Financial years, 3,721.9	ar to date 1,460.3	603.2	1,248.5	409.9	191.3	
- Gold inven			1,240.3	1 07.7	171.3	
March 2008						
40.7	(6.9)	(12.7)	20.5	39.8		
- D 1						
December 2007						
	(12.5)	(17.5)	(0.8)	82.0	22.1	
Financial year		(17.5)	(0.0)	02.0	22.1	
101.9	(22.3)	(46.8)	30.4	140.6		
8.6						
Operating p						
March 2008 1,092.5	582.1	138.3	230.8	141.3		
-	302.1	130.3	230.0	171.5		
December						
2007						
740.5	414.0	58.3	192.4	75.8	84.8	
Financial year 2,342.3	ar to date 1,266.3	265.3	508.8	301.9		
2,342.3 99.7	1,200.5	203.3	308.8	301.9		
Amortisation	n of mining	assets				
March 2008	_					
289.5	87.3	25.8				

176.4 December 2007 267.0 75.8 20.2 171.0 5.6 Financial year to date 238.6 856.1 60.1 557.4 14.8 Net operating profit March 2008 803.0 494.8 112.5 195.7 December 2007 38.1 473.5 338.2 97.2 79.2 Financial year to date 1,486.2 1,027.7 205.2 253.3 84.9 Other income/(expense) March 2008 24.6 (7.6)(0.7)32.9 December 2007 36.9 10.0 (0.4)27.3 (27.8)Financial year to date 86.7 3.4 (0.9)84.2 (29.6)**Profit before taxation** March 2008 827.6 487.2 111.8 228.6 December 2007 37.7 510.4 348.2 124.5 51.4 Financial year to date

1,572.9

1,031.1

204.3

337.5		
55.3		
Mining and	income taxat	ion
2008		
267.1	144.6	35.9
86.6		
-		
December 2	.007	
158.0	102.7	14.9
40.4		
3.2		
Financial ye		
495.5	293.3	67.1
135.1		
6.8		
- Normal tax		
March 2008		
102.5	55.9	20.2
26.4		
-		
December		
2007		
85.0	56.2	7.2
21.6		
3.2		
Financial ye		
248.9	148.6	34.1
66.2		
5.9		
- Deferred ta		
March 2008		
164.6	88.7	15.7
60.2		
-		
December		
2007		
73.0	46.5	7.7
18.8		
-		
Financial ye		
246.6	144.7	33.0
68.9		
0.9		
	re exceptiona	al items
March 2008	8	
560.5	342.6	75.9
142.0		
-		
December 2	007	
352.4	245.5	22.8

84.1

48.2 Financial yea 1,077.4 202.4 48.5	r to date 737.8	137.2		
Exceptional if March 2008 0.4 0.4	tems -	-		
December 2007				
Financial yea 0.6 0.6	r to date -	-		
Net profit March 2008 560.9 142.4	342.6	75.9		
December 2007 352.4 84.1 48.2	245.5	22.8		
Financial yea 1,078.0 203.0 48.5	737.8	137.2		
	cluding gains a ange, financial i tems			
566.3 143.6	348.7	74.0		
December 20 340.7 83.8 43.6	07 234.6	22.3		
Financial yea 1,073.9 207.1 47.4	732.3	134.5		
Capital expe March 2008 708.0	397.1	56.0	198.5	56.4

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_		

December	2007				
596.9	314.3	51.4	175.1	56.1	30.2
Financial y	ear to date				
1,853.0	1,018.1	159.5	525.1	150.3	
70.0					
Planned for	r next six mon	ths to Septem	ber 2008		
1,989.1	1,120.6	185.8	509.7	173.0	
_					

-#

As a significant portion of the acquisition price was allocated to tenements of St Ives and Agnew based on endowment ounces and also as these two Australian operations are entitled to

transfer and then off-set tax losses from one company to another, it is not meaningful to split the income statement below operating profit.

Discontinued operations are excluded from Total International Operations.

19 I GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q3F2008

Operating and financial results

United States Dollars

Total Mine

Operations

South African Operations

Driefontein **Total** Kloof **Beatrix South**

Deep

Operating Results

Ore milled/treated (000 tons)

March 2008

12,376 3.166

3,166	1,426	808	656	276
December	2007			
12,630				
3,767	1,478	1,008	868	413
Financial	year to date			
37,356				
10,846	4,436	2,810	2,437	1,172
Vield (our	nces ner ton)			

81.7

319.8

52.6

194.6

Yield (ounces per ton) March 2008

0.072

0.164	0.147	0.217	0.125	0.19
Decembe	r 2007			
0.081				
0.174	0.162	0.229	0.137	0.164
Financial	year to date			
0.079				
0.172	0.160	0.228	0.131	0.166
Gold prod	duced (000 o	unces)		

March 2008

209.9

890.3 519.8

December	2007			
1,018.6				
656.9	239.6	230.8	118.9	67.6
Financial	year to date			
2,952.9				
1,865.9	709.9	641.6	319.8	194.6
Gold sold	(000 ounces)	·		

175.5

March 2008

890.3				
519.8	209.9	175.5	81.7	52.6
Decembe	er 2007			
1,023.9				
656.9	239.6	230.8	118.9	67.6
Financial	year to date			
2,952.9				

1,865.9 709.9 641.6 Gold price received (dollars per ounce)

March 200 921) 8			
930	933	919	946	927
December 784		7.27	7.0	,_,
781	782	780	783	780
Financial y				
783	788	779	784	780
Total cash	costs (dollars			
March 200 513	08			
523	438	470	668	811
December 467	2007			
465	434	419	497	680
Financial y 468	ear to date			
461	412	416	528	675
	iction costs (dollars per o	unce)	
March 200	08			
619				004
622	516	570	775	984
December	2007			
581	504	504	504	0.00
572	524	524	594	868
Financial y 575	ear to date			
559	494	516	620	927
	eosts (dollars		020	837
March 200		per ton)		
90	68			
107 159	88			
December 39	2007			
85	74			
101	72			
115				
Financial y	ear to date			
38				
83	69			
100	73			
115				
Financial l	Results (\$ m	illion)		
Revenue March 200	08			

821.1 481.5

195.8

160.4

76.6

48.5

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December	2007			
800.8 512.3	187.2	179.5	92.9	52.7
	year to date	179.3	94.9	32.1
2,328.7	year to date			
1,461.5	559.1	499.6	250.9	151.
Operating	costs, net			
March 20	08			
473.9				
283.4	96.4	86.0	57.3	43.7
December	2007			
500.9	100.0	101.7	62.1	47.2
321.0	109.9 year to date	101.7	02.1	47.3
1,439.9	year to date			
902.1	308.2	280.7	177.9	135.3
- Operating				
March 20	_			
468.4				
283.4	96.4	86.0	57.3	43.7
December	2007			
493.5	100.0	101.7	(0.1	47.0
321.0	109.9	101.7	62.1	47.3
1,425.6	year to date			
902.1	308.2	280.7	177.9	135.3
	entory chan		177.7	133.3
March 20		6 -		
5.5				
-	-	-	-	-
December	2007			
7.4				
-	-	-	-	-
	year to date			
14.3				
- Operating	- v profit	-	-	-
March 20	- ·			
347.2				
198.1	99.6	74.4	19.2	4.9
December	2007			
299.9				
191.3	77.3	77.7	30.8	5.4
	year to date			
888.8	251.0	210.0	72.0	16.6
559.4	251.0	218.9	72.9	16.6
March 20	ion of minin 08	g assets		
88.1	00			
49.5	15.5	16.8	8.3	8.9
December				

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107.8	•		44.0	
68.2	20.9	23.7	11.2	12.5
Financial y 299.7	ear to date			
179.3	56.8	62.9	28.5	31.1
Net operat		02.7	20.3	31.1
March 200				
259.0				
148.6	84.1	57.7	10.9	(4.0)
December				(111)
192.2				
123.1	56.4	54.0	19.6	(7.1)
Financial y	ear to date			` ´
589.1				
380.1	194.2	156.1	44.4	(14.5)
Other inco	me/(expense	es)		
March 200	08			
(14.9)				
(18.2)	(6.0)	(6.6)	(5.2)	(0.5)
December	2007			
-				
(5.4)	(2.6)	(1.4)	(1.2)	(0.2)
Financial y	ear to date			
(18.9)				
(31.1)	(11.4)	(9.6)	(7.9)	(2.3)
Profit befo	ore taxation	1		
March 200	08			
244.1				
130.4	78.1	51.1	5.7	(4.5)
December	2007			
192.2				
117.7	53.7	52.7	18.4	(7.3)
Financial y	ear to date			
570.2				
349.0	182.8	146.5	36.5	(16.8)
_	d income tax	xation		
March 200	08			
78.7	24.6	4=0		(4.0)
41.9	24.6	17.0	2.1	(1.8)
December	2007			
64.5	10.0	10.6	<i>C</i> 0	(2.0)
41.4	18.9	18.6	6.9	(2.9)
Financial y 190.5	ear to date			
120.8	63.1	50.2	13.8	(6.3)
- Normal ta				(3.0)
March 200				
43.2				
29.3	18.3	11.0		
-				

93

December	2007			
38.3				
25.7	13.0	12.8		
-				
-				
Financial v	year to date			
112.3	,			
77.3	45.0	32.2	0.1	
-	15.0	32.2	0.1	
- Deferred	tavation			
March 20				
35.5	UO			
33.3 12.6	6.3	6.0	2.1	
	0.3	0.0	2.1	
(1.8)	2007			
December	2007			
26.2				
15.7	5.9	5.7	7.0	
(2.9)				
Financial y	year to date			
78.2				
43.5	18.1	18.0	13.7	(6.3)
Profit bef	ore excepti	onal items		
March 20	08			
165.5				
88.4	53.4	34.1	3.6	(2.7)
December	2007			` /
127.7				
76.1	35.0	34.1	11.4	(4.3)
Financial v	year to date			
379.7	, • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
228.0	119.5	96.3	22.7	(10.5)
Exception		70.5	22.1	(10.5)
March 20				
(5.7)	00			
	(6.2)			
(5.9)	(6.3) 0.4			
-	U .4			
- D 1	2007			
December	2007			
0.4				
0.4	-	-		
0.1				
0.2				
	year to date			
(1.4)				
(1.5)	(3.2)	0.1	0.5	1.1
Net profit				
March 20	08			
159.6				
82.5	47.1	34.1	4.0	(2.7)
December	2007			

128.1

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76.5	35.0	34.1	11.5	(4.1)
Financial	l year to date	•		
378.3				
226.5	116.3	96.4	23.2	(9.4)
Net profi	t excluding	gains and los	sses on	
foreign e	xchange, fin	ancial instru	ments and	
exception	nal items			
March 2	008			
163.8				
86.0	50.9	34.1	3.7	(2.7)
Decembe	er 2007			
126.1				
76.3	35.0	34.2	11.5	(4.4)
Financial	l year to date	•		
379.5				
228.5	118.4	96.3	22.9	(9.1)
_	expenditure			
March 2	008			
200.0				
104.5	30.2	28.2	20.0	26.2
Decembe	er 2007			
211.8				
123.6	39.3	33.4	21.0	30.0
	l year to date	>		
593.0				
332.3	100.4	92.2	59.8	80.0
Planned 1	for next six 1	months to Se	eptember 20	08
493.7				
245.3	67.5	67.0	46.5	64.4

Average exchange rates were US\$1 = R7.45 and US\$1 = R6.76 for the March 2008 and December 2007 quarters respectively. The Australian dollar exchange rates were A\$1 = R6.73 and A\$1 = R6.03 for the March 2008 and December 2007 quarters respectively. # As a significant portion of the acquisition price was allocated to tenements of St Ives and Agnew on endowment ounces and also as these two Australian operations are entitled to transfer and then off-set tax losses from one company to another, it is not meaningful to split the income statement below operating profit. Figures may not add as they are rounded independently. ## Discontinued operations are excluded from Total International and Total Mine Operations.

GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q3F2008

I 20

Operating and financial results

United States Dollars

International Operations

Australian Dollars

Discontinued

operations

Total

Ghana

Australia

#

Australia

#

Venezuela

##

Tarkwa

Damang

St Ives

Agnew

St Ives

Agnew

Choco 10

Operating Results

Ore milled/treated (000 tons)

March 2008

9,210 1,884	5,765 329	1,232	1,884	329
-				
December				
2007				
8.863	5,588	1,103	1,859	313
1,859	313			
360				
Financial y	ear to date			
26,501	16,566	3,459	5,500	
976				
5,500				
976				
761				
Yield (ound	ces per ton)			
March 200	*			
0.040	0.029	0.043	0.055	0.149
0.055	0.149			
-				
December 2	2007			
0.041	0.028	0.040	0.059	0.157

Financial year to date

0.157

0.059

0.050

0.041	0.029	0.042	0.057	0.153
0.057	0.153			
0.044				
Gold produced	(000 ounces)			
March 2008	(111)			
370.5	165.1	52.6	103.9	49.0
103.9	49.0			
December				
2007				
361.7	158.3	44.2	110.0	49.2
110.0	49.2			
18.1				
Financial year	to date			
1,087.0	477.4	144.2	316.2	149.1
316.2	149.1			
33.8				
Gold sold (000	ounces)			
March 2008				
370.5	165.1	52.6	103.9	49.0
103.9	49.0			
-				
December				
2007				
367.0	162.7	45.2	110.0	49.2
110.0	49.2			
19.3				
Financial year	to date			
1,087.0	477.4	144.2	316.2	149.1
316.2	149.1			
33.2				
Gold price rece	eived			
March 2008				
909	907	909	908	918 1,005
1,017				
-				
(dollars per ou				
December 200				
790	788	791	789	795
884	891	1,525		
Financial year		004	=0.5	224
798	797	801	795	804
903	913	1,269		
Total cash cost	T.S.			
March 2008	126	= A.C	502	450
500	436	546	592	473
655	523			
(1-11-	>			
(dollars per our				
December 200		605	521	410
470	413	605	521	419

		Lugai i i	iiig. GOLD i ii	
584 830	470			
Financial year	to date			
480	424	540	554	441
629	501			
745				
Total producti	on costs			
March 2008				
615 737	503	613		
816				
-				
(dollars per ou	ince)			
December 200)7			
598	480	672		
697				
781				
873				
Financial year				
603	493	599		
717				
814				
807	4			
Operating cos	ts			
March 2008	12	25	32	63
20 36	13 70	25	34	0.5
30	70			
(dollars per to	n)			
December 200				
19	12	27	31	50
35	56	21	31	30
38	50			
Financial year	to date			
20	12	25	32	59
36	67			
35				
Financial Res	sults (\$ millio	on)		
Revenue				
March 2008				
339.6	151.1	48.4	94.8	45.3
105.6	50.4			
-				
December				
2007				
288.7	127.7	35.7	86.3	39.0
97.1	43.8			
29.0				
Financial year	to date			
867.2	380.4	115.6	251.4	119.9

		 ugu	g. 0.0222	
285.6 42.1	136.2			
Operating cos March 2008	ts, net			
190.5	71.7	29.4	63.4	26.0
70.4	28.8	22	00.1	20.0
-	20.0			
December 200	07			
180.1	67.0	27.0	58.4	27.8
65.1	31.2		2011	27.0
16.7	- C 1 - 2			
Financial year	r to date			
537.6	202.3	78.3	180.0	77.4
204.3	87.9	70.5	100.0	, , , ,
28.1	07.7			
- Operating co	nete			
March 2008)3 . (3			
185.0	72.6	31.0	60.6	20.8
67.2	23.1	31.0	00.0	20.0
07.2	23.1			
December 200	77			
172.6	68.8	29.6	58.4	15.9
65.3	17.6	29.0	30.4	13.9
	17.0			
13.6				
Financial year		0.4.0	1757	577
523.6	205.4	84.8	175.7	57.7
199.4	65.5			
26.9	1			
- Gold invento	ory change			
March 2008	(0,0)	(1.7)	2.0	<i>5</i> 2
5.5	(0.9)	(1.7)	2.8	5.3
3.2	5.8			
December				
2007				
7.5				
(1.8)				
(2.6)				
-				
11.9				
(0.1)				
13.6				
3.1				
Financial year				
14.3	(3.1)	(6.6)	4.3	19.8
4.9	22.5			
1.2				
Operating pr	ofit			
March 2008				
149.1	79.4	19.0	31.5	19.3
35.2	21.5			

December 2007 108.5 60.6 8.7 27.9 11.2 31.9 12.5 12.3 Financial year to date 329.4 178.1 37.3 71.6 42.5 81.3 48.2 14.0 Amortisation of mining assets March 2008 11.8 38.6 3.6 23.4 25.8 December 2007 39.6 11.2 2.9 25.4 28.3 0.8 Financial year to date 120.4 33.6 8.5 78.4 89.0 2.1 **Net operating profit** March 2008 110.4 67.6 15.5 27.3 30.9 December 2007 69.1 49.5 5.7 13.8 16.2 11.5 Financial year to date 209.0 144.5 28.8 35.6 40.5 11.9 Other income/(expenses) March 2008 3.3 **(1.1)** 4.4 5.0

December			
2007			
5.4	1.5		
(0.1)	110		
4.0			
4.5			
(4.0)	. 1 .		
Financial year			
12.2	0.5		
(0.1)			
11.8			
13.5			
(4.2)			
Profit before t	taxation		
March 2008			
113.8	66.5	15.5	
31.8			
35.8			
•			
December			
2007			
74.4	51.0	5.6	
	31.0	5.0	
17.8			
20.7			
7.5			
Financial year			
221.3	145.0	28.8	
47.5			
53.9			
7.8			
Mining and inc	come taxati	on	March 2008
36.7	19.8	4.9	
12.0			
13.6			
-			
December			
2007			
23.1	15.1	2.2	
5.8	13.1	2,2	
6.7			
0.5			
Financial year			
69.7	41.3	9.4	
19.0			
21.6			
1.0			
- Normal taxat	ion		
March 2008			
13.9	7.5	2.8	
3.6			

4.0

		Lugar i iii ig. dol	۔ں
December 2007 12.5 3.1 3.6 0.5	8.3	1.1	
Financial year to 35.0 9.3 10.6 0.8 - Deferred taxati	20.9	4.8	
March 2008 22.9 8.4 9.6	12.3	2.1	
December 2007 10.5 2.7 3.1	6.8	1.1	
Financial year to 34.7 9.7 11.0 0.1	o date 20.4	4.7	
Profit before ex	ceptional items		
March 2008 77.1 19.8 22.2	46.8	10.5	
December 2007 51.3 12.0 13.9	35.9	3.4	
7.0 Financial year to 151.6 28.5 32.3 6.8	date 103.8	19.3	
Exceptional item March 2008 0.1 0.1	-	-	0.1

December 2007				
-				
-				
-				
Financial year to	date		0.1	
0.1 0.1	-	-	0.1	
-				
Net profit				
March 2008 77.1	46.8	10.5		
19.9	40.0	10.5		
22.3				
- -				
December 2007 51.3	35.9	3.4		
12.0	33.7	J. T		
13.9				
7.0				
Financial year to	o date			
151.7	103.8	19.3		
28.6				
32.4 7.0				
	ding gains and l	osses		
Net profit exclude on foreign excha	ange, financial			
Net profit exclude on foreign exchainstruments and	ange, financial			
Net profit exclude on foreign exchainstruments and March 2008	ange, financial exceptional iten	ns		
Net profit exclude on foreign exchainstruments and March 2008 77.8 19.9	ange, financial			
Net profit exclude on foreign exchainstruments and March 2008 77.8	ange, financial exceptional iten	ns		
Net profit exclude on foreign exchainstruments and March 2008 77.8 19.9 22.6	ange, financial exceptional iten	ns		
Net profit exclude on foreign exchainstruments and March 2008 77.8 19.9	ange, financial exceptional iten	ns		
Net profit exclude on foreign exchainstruments and March 2008 77.8 19.9 22.6 - December 2007 49.7 12.1	ange, financial exceptional iter	ns 10.2		
Net profit exclude on foreign exchainstruments and March 2008 77.8 19.9 22.6 - December 2007 49.7 12.1 13.9	ange, financial exceptional iter	ns 10.2		
Net profit exclude on foreign exchainstruments and March 2008 77.8 19.9 22.6 - December 2007 49.7 12.1 13.9 6.6	ange, financial exceptional item 47.6	ns 10.2		
Net profit exclude on foreign exchainstruments and March 2008 77.8 19.9 22.6 - December 2007 49.7 12.1 13.9 6.6 Financial year to 151.0	ange, financial exceptional item 47.6	ns 10.2		
Net profit exclude on foreign exchainstruments and March 2008 77.8 19.9 22.6 - December 2007 49.7 12.1 13.9 6.6 Financial year to 151.0 29.1	ange, financial exceptional item 47.6 34.4	10.2 3.3		
Net profit exclude on foreign exchainstruments and March 2008 77.8 19.9 22.6 - December 2007 49.7 12.1 13.9 6.6 Financial year to 151.0 29.1 33.1	ange, financial exceptional item 47.6 34.4	10.2 3.3		
Net profit exclude on foreign exchainstruments and March 2008 77.8 19.9 22.6 - December 2007 49.7 12.1 13.9 6.6 Financial year to 151.0 29.1	ange, financial exceptional item 47.6 34.4 date 103.0	10.2 3.3		
Net profit exclude on foreign exchainstruments and March 2008 77.8 19.9 22.6 - December 2007 49.7 12.1 13.9 6.6 Financial year to 151.0 29.1 33.1 6.7 Capital expend March 2008	ange, financial exceptional item 47.6 34.4 date 103.0	10.2 3.3		
Net profit exclude on foreign exchainstruments and March 2008 77.8 19.9 22.6 - December 2007 49.7 12.1 13.9 6.6 Financial year to 151.0 29.1 33.1 6.7 Capital expend March 2008 95.4	ange, financial exceptional item 47.6 34.4 date 103.0	10.2 3.3	26.8	7.6
Net profit exclude on foreign exchainstruments and March 2008 77.8 19.9 22.6 - December 2007 49.7 12.1 13.9 6.6 Financial year to 151.0 29.1 33.1 6.7 Capital expend March 2008 95.4	ange, financial exceptional item 47.6 34.4 date 103.0	10.2 3.3	26.8	7.6
Net profit exclude on foreign exchainstruments and March 2008 77.8 19.9 22.6 - December 2007 49.7 12.1 13.9 6.6 Financial year to 151.0 29.1 33.1 6.7 Capital expend March 2008 95.4	ange, financial exceptional item 47.6 34.4 date 103.0	10.2 3.3	26.8 25.8	7.6

29.0	9.3			
4.5				
Financial ye	ar to date			
260.6	143.2	22.4	73.9	21.2
83.9	24.0			
9.8				
Planned for	next six month	s to September 2008		
248.3	139.9	23.2	63.6	21.6
69.1	23.4			

21 I GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q3F2008

Underground and surface

South African rand and metric units

Operating Results

Total Mine

Operations

South African Operations

International Operations

Discontinued

Operations

Total Driefontein

Kloof Beatrix

South

Deep

Total

Ghana Australia

Venezuela

##

Tarkwa

Damang

St Ives

Agnew

Choco 10

Ore milled / treated (000 ton)

920

- underground

March 2008

2,468	
2,096	669
004	

234138

100

December

2007

3,349

2,957 302

90

90

Financial year to date

9,268

8,116 2,513

809 343

- surface

March 2008

9,908

1,070 757 287

8,838 26

5,765

1,232

521

839

2,253

656

868

2,437

250

330

913

372

392

1,152

1,650 191

-

			3						
December 2	2007								
9,281	550	1.60							
810	558	169							
	33	1 100	1 555	222					
8,471	5,588	1,103	1,557	223					
360	. 1 .								
Financial y	ear to date								
28,088	1.022	<i></i>							
	1,923	557		150 4.60	1	(22			
	59 25,3	349 16,5	3,4	4,69	91 (533			
761									
- total	.0								
March 200	8								
12,376	1 400	000	(5)	27.6	0.210	5 5 6 5	1 222	1 004	220
3,166	1,426	808	656	276	9,210	5,765	1,232	1,884	329
December 2	2007								
12,630	2007								
3,767	1,478	1,008	868	413	8,863	5,588	1,103	1,859	313
360	1,470	1,000	808	413	0,003	3,300	1,103	1,039	313
Financial y	ear to data								
37,356	car to date								
10,855	4,436	2,810	2,437	1,172	26,501	16,566	3,459	5,500	976
761	1,130	2,010	2,437	1,172	20,501	10,500	3,137	3,300	710
	ns per ton)								
- undergrou									
March 200									
6.9									
7.2	8.6	9.9	3.9	6.4	5.6	_			
4.5									
7.4									
-									
December									
2007									
6.5									
6.7	7.7	8.4	4.3	6.2	5.4	-	-		
4.4									
8.6									
-									
Financial y	ear to date								
6.7									
6.8	8.1	8.6	4.1	6.4	5.5	-	-		
4.4									
8.1									
-									
- surface									
March 200	8								
1.1				4.6		0.0	4.5		
1.1	1.1	1.1	-	1.2	1.1	0.9	1.3	1.3	2.6
•									
December									

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2007									
1.1 0.8	0.7	0.9		0.8	1.1	0.9	1.2	1.3	3.4
1.6	0.7	0.9	-	0.6	1.1	0.9	1.2	1.3	3.4
	year to date								
1.1	0.0	1.0		0.0		0.0	1.0	1.0	2.0
0.9 1.4	0.9	1.0	-	0.8	1.1	0.9	1.3	1.3	2.9
- combined	d								
March 20									
2.2	4.6		2.0	7 0	4.0	0.0	4.0		4.6
5.1	4.6	6.8	3.9	5.9	1.3	0.9	1.3	1.7	4.6
December	2007								
2.5									
5.4	5.0	7.1	4.3	5.1	1.3	0.9	1.2	1.8	4.9
1.6 Financial v	year to date								
2.5	y car to aate								
5.4	5.0	7.1	4.1	5.2	1.3	0.9	1.3	1.8	4.8
1.4	luced (kilog								
- undergro		i aiiis)							
March 20									
17,094	<i>5 5</i> 01	5 1 4 5	2.542	1.605	2.001				
15,013 1,056	5,721	5,145	2,542	1,605	2,081	-	-		
1,025									
-									
December 2007									
21,916									
19,806	7,050	7,024	3,698	2,034	2,110	-	-		
1,336									
774									
Financial v	year to date								
61,896									
55,582	20,380	19,419	9,94	7 5,836	6,314	-		-	
3,520 2.794									
-									
- surface	0.0								
March 20 10,598	08								
1,154	809	313							
-	32								
9,444	5,135	1,635	2,175	499					
- December									
December									

			J	J					
9,766									
626	401	155							
-	70								
9,140	4,925	1,376	2,084	755					
563									
Financial y	ear to date								
29,950									
2,453	1,699	537							
			850 4,	486 9,8	836 4,63	39			
1,052		, . , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	.,		.,02				
- total									
March 200	08								
27,692									
16,167	6,530	5,458	2,542	1,637	11,525	5,135	1,635	3,231	1,524
-	0,550	3,430	2,542	1,057	11,525	3,133	1,055	3,231	1,527
December	2007								
31,682	2007								
20,432	7,451	7,179	3,698	2,104	11,250	4,925	1,376	3,420	1,529
563	7,431	7,179	3,090	2,104	11,230	4,923	1,370	3,420	1,329
	vanta data								
Financial y	real to date								
91,846	22.070	10.056	0.047	6,053	33,811	14,850	1 106	0.026	4.620
58,035 1,052	22,079	19,956	9,947	0,055	33,611	14,630	4,486	9,836	4,639
	oosts (Do	nd per ton)							
		na per ton)							
- undergrou									
March 200	J 8								
941	004								
974	984								
1,206	655								
1,303	753	-	-						
725									
801									
• D									
December									
2007									
696	760	000	101	050	551				
715	760	808	484	958	554	-	-		
501									
730									
- E: : 1	4 . 1 .								
Financial y	ear to date								
748	011	970	510						
765	811	870	519						
1,038	626	-	-						
584									
724									
-									
- surface									
March 200	18								
119									
79	86	63	-	50	124	94	187	171	228

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-									
December									
2007									
109									
74	80	64	-	52	112	83	182	156	182
256									
Financial ye	ear to date								
114									
75	80	65	-	55	118	88	174	166	255
251									
- total									
March 200	8								
283									
283 672	507	800	655						
	507 149	800 94	655 187	240	468				
672 1,185	149			240	468				
672 1,185 - December 2	149			240	468				
672 1,185	149			240	468				
672 1,185 - December 2	149			240 776	468 132	83	182	212	340
672 1,185 - December 2 265	149	94	187			83	182	212	340
672 1,185 - December 2 265 577	149 2007 504	94	187			83	182	212	340
672 1,185 - December 2 265 577 256	149 2007 504	94	187			83	182	212	340
672 1,185 - December 2 265 577 256 Financial ye	149 2007 504	94	187			83	182 174	212	340 420

^{##} Discontinued operations are excluded from Total International and Total Mine Operations.

GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q3F2008

I 22

Development results

Development values represent the actual results of sampling and no allowance has been made for any adjustments which may be necessary when estimating ore

reserves. All figures below exclude shaft sinking metres.

Driefontein

March 2008 quarter

December 2007 quarter

9 months year to date F2008

Reef

Carbon

Leader

Main

VCR

Carbon

Leader

Main VCR

Carbon

Leader

Main VCR

Advanced (m)

3,622

674

1,533 4,619 958 1,993

12,800 3,021 5,100

Advanced on reef

(m)

566

342

202 748 590 286

2,106

1,504 802

Sampled (m)

462

309

138 741 588 192

1,947

1,263 585

Channel width

(cm)

56

56

89 56 37 87 57 40

73

Average value

(g/t)

46.3

6.3

40.2 17.2 14.0 15.1 24.6 11.5

```
25.0
(cm.g/t)
2,570
354
3,571
             957
521
1,314
1,396
                       1,816
           463
Kloof
March 2008 quarter
December 2007 quarter
9 months year to date F2008
Reef
         Cobble
Kloof
Main
VCR
Cobble Kloof
                  Main
                           VCR
Cobble Kloof
                  Main
                           VCR
Advanced (m)
17
271
1,284
4,859
          73
                 216
1,556
7,232
         120
                 847
4,557
20,276
Advanced on reef
(m)
1
79
357
712
        73
                 17
                         367
                                 974
                                        105
                                                 96
1,068
2,661
Sampled (m)
57
336
753
        84
                 21
                         333
                                 795
                                        105
                                                 78
                                                          939
2,353
Channel width
(cm)
121
68
103
        158
                121
                         124
                                  99
                                         175
                                                 121
                                                           97
                                                                   100
Average value
(g/t)
```

- 1.3 16.3								
18.2	6.1	2.4	10.6	20.6	5.5	1.5	12.2	21.0
- (cm.g/t) - 152								
1,103								
1,872	959	285						
1,319								
2,045	956	188						
1,187								
2,096								
Beatrix								
March 20	008 qu	arter						
Decembe	er 2007	quarter						
9 months	s year t	to date F	2008					
Reef								
Beatrix								
Kalkoenl	krans	Bea	trix					
Kalkoenl		Be	atrix					
Kalkoenl	krans							
Advanced	d (m)							
7,183								
2,058		8,372		2,281	2	3,947		7,198
Advanced	d on red	ef						
(m)								
1,525								
421		,273		222	5,5	568		810
Sampled	(m)							
1,668								
387		,079		204	5,4	481		759
Channel	width							
(cm)								
103								
124		103		129		97		119
Average	value							
-								
(g/t)								
8.6								
13.9		9.4		21.5		9.0		16.6
-								
(cm.g/t)								
881		0.7						
1,726		974						
2,778		873						
1,970								
South De								
March 2	008 qu	arter						

December 2007 quarter

```
9 months year to date F2008
Reef
VCR
Elsburg
                 VCR
Elsburg
                  VCR
Elsburg
Advanced (m)
534
697
              907
                               1,039
                                                2,071
                                                                   2,790
Advanced on reef
(m)
25
               67
537
                                942
                                                 221
2,164
Sampled (m)
15
             84
                                              201
Channel width
(cm)
24
1
67
           70
Average value
(g/t)
3.8
6.5
             33.2
                                5.2
                                                18.7
                                                                    5.9
(cm.g/t)
91
2
2,241
         1,319
1)
Full channel width not fully exposed in development, hence not reported.
Trackless development in the Elsburg reefs is evaluated by means of the block model.
```

23 I GOLD FIELDS RESULTS

O3F2008

Administration and corporate information

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Forward Looking Statements

Certain statements in this document constitute "forward looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the US Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the US Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Such forward looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that could cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the company to be materially different from the future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward looking statements. Such risks, uncertainties and other important factors include among others: economic, business and political conditions in South Africa; decreases in the market price of gold; hazards associated with underground and surface gold mining; labour disruptions; changes in government regulations, particularly environmental regulations; changes in exchange rates; currency devaluations; inflation and other macro-economic factors; and the impact of the AIDS crisis in South Africa. These forward looking statements speak only as of the date of this document.

The company undertakes no obligation to update publicly or release any revisions to these forward looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this document or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

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Gold Fields Limited

Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa

Registration number 1968/004880/06

Share code: GFI Issuer code: GOGOF ISIN – ZAE 000018123

Directors

A J Wright (Chairman)

N J Holland * (Chief Executive Officer)

T P Goodlace (Chief Operating Officer)

K Ansah

#

J G Hopwood

G Marcus

J M McMahon *

D N Murray

D M J Ncube

R L Pennant-Rea *

P J Ryan

C I von Christierson

* British

#

Ghanaian

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: 9 May 2008

GOLD FIELDS LIMITED

By:

Name: Mr W J Jacobsz

Title: Senior Vice President: Investor

Relations and Corporate Affairs