

SS&C Technologies Holdings Inc  
Form 10-Q  
November 05, 2014  
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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
**Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

x **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2014**

.. **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_**

**Commission File Number 001-34675**

**SS&C TECHNOLOGIES HOLDINGS, INC.**

**(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)**

**Delaware**  
**(State or other jurisdiction of**  
**incorporation or organization)**

**71-0987913**  
**(I.R.S. Employer**  
**Identification No.)**

**80 Lamberton Road**  
**Windsor, CT 06095**

**(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)**

**860-298-4500**

**(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

There were 83,666,540 shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding as of November 3, 2014.

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This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. For this purpose, any statements contained herein that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. Without limiting the foregoing, the words "believes", "anticipates", "plans", "expects", "estimates", "projects", "forecasts", "may" and "should" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The important factors discussed under the caption "Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 27, 2014, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated by forward-looking statements made herein and presented elsewhere by management from time to time. The Company does not undertake an obligation to update its forward-looking statements to reflect future events or circumstances.

**Table of Contents****Part I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****SS&C TECHNOLOGIES HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS****(In thousands, except per share data)****(unaudited)**

|   | <b>September 30,<br/>2014</b> | <b>December 31,<br/>2013</b> |
|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>   |                               |                              |
| Current assets:   |                               |                              |
| Cash  | \$ 75,080                     | \$ 84,470                    |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$2,687 and \$2,500, respectively      | 90,122                        | 91,221                       |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets   | 13,384                        | 16,567                       |
| Prepaid income taxes  | 14,863                        | 19,932                       |
| Deferred income taxes   | 3,925                         | 6,526                        |
| Restricted cash   | 1,477                         | 2,460                        |
| <b>Total current assets</b>   | <b>198,851</b>                | <b>221,176</b>               |
| Property, plant and equipment:  |                               |                              |
| Land  | 2,655                         | 2,655                        |
| Building and improvements   | 27,204                        | 30,053                       |
| Equipment, furniture, and fixtures  | 75,406                        | 65,977                       |
|   | 105,265                       | 98,685                       |
| Less: accumulated depreciation  | (51,758)                      | (46,988)                     |
| <b>Net property, plant and equipment</b>  | <b>53,507</b>                 | <b>51,697</b>                |
| Deferred income taxes   | 1,506                         | 1,077                        |
| Goodwill  | 1,523,971                     | 1,541,386                    |
| Intangible and other assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$398,847 and \$338,888, respectively | 392,024                       | 459,988                      |
| <b>Total assets</b>   | <b>\$ 2,169,859</b>           | <b>\$ 2,275,324</b>          |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY</b>  |                               |                              |
| Current liabilities:  |                               |                              |
| Current portion of long-term debt (Note 5)  | \$ 21,641                     | \$ 23,212                    |
| Accounts payable  | 9,606                         | 8,368                        |
| Income taxes payable  |                               | 2,169                        |

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|   |                     |                     |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| Accrued employee compensation and benefits  | 35,036              | 44,664              |
| Other accrued expenses  | 23,445              | 26,028              |
| Deferred maintenance and other revenue  | 57,550              | 62,561              |
| <b>Total current liabilities</b>  | <b>147,278</b>      | <b>167,002</b>      |
| Long-term debt, net of current portion (Note 5)   | 579,910             | 751,295             |
| Other long-term liabilities   | 18,617              | 14,913              |
| Deferred income taxes   | 95,954              | 110,406             |
| <b>Total liabilities</b>  | <b>841,759</b>      | <b>1,043,616</b>    |
| Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)  |                     |                     |
| Stockholders' equity (Notes 2 and 3):   |                     |                     |
| Common stock:   |                     |                     |
| Class A non-voting common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, 5,000 shares authorized; 2,704 shares issued and outstanding   | 27                  | 27                  |
| Common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, 100,000 shares authorized; 81,734 shares and 80,478 shares issued, respectively, and 80,948 shares and 79,967 shares outstanding, respectively, of which 19 and 25 are unvested, respectively | 817                 | 804                 |
| Additional paid-in capital  | 949,133             | 913,816             |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income  | 8,140               | 30,374              |
| Retained earnings   | 387,969             | 293,449             |
|   | 1,346,086           | 1,238,470           |
| Less: cost of common stock in treasury, 786 and 511 shares, respectively  | (17,986)            | (6,762)             |
| <b>Total stockholders' equity</b>   | <b>1,328,100</b>    | <b>1,231,708</b>    |
| <b>Total liabilities and stockholders' equity</b>   | <b>\$ 2,169,859</b> | <b>\$ 2,275,324</b> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****SS&C TECHNOLOGIES HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME****(In thousands, except per share data)**

|   | <b>Three Months Ended</b> |                  | <b>Nine Months Ended</b> |                  |
|---|---------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
|   | <b>September 30,</b>      |                  | <b>September 30,</b>     |                  |
|   | <b>2014</b>               | <b>2013</b>      | <b>2014</b>              | <b>2013</b>      |
| <b>Revenues:</b>  |                           |                  |                          |                  |
| Software-enabled services   | \$ 149,285                | \$ 138,123       | \$ 440,215               | \$ 411,909       |
| Software licenses   | 9,196                     | 8,184            | 26,561                   | 20,880           |
| Maintenance   | 25,595                    | 26,178           | 76,812                   | 77,603           |
| Professional services   | 8,522                     | 7,020            | 23,542                   | 19,788           |
| <b>Total revenues</b>   | <b>192,598</b>            | <b>179,505</b>   | <b>567,130</b>           | <b>530,180</b>   |
| <b>Cost of revenues:</b>  |                           |                  |                          |                  |
| Software-enabled services   | 84,978                    | 79,875           | 256,709                  | 240,847          |
| Software licenses   | 892                       | 1,286            | 2,549                    | 3,908            |
| Maintenance   | 9,990                     | 10,150           | 29,998                   | 30,953           |
| Professional services   | 5,523                     | 4,884            | 15,859                   | 14,689           |
| <b>Total cost of revenues</b>                                     | <b>101,383</b>            | <b>96,195</b>    | <b>305,115</b>           | <b>290,397</b>   |
| <b>Gross profit</b>   | <b>91,215</b>             | <b>83,310</b>    | <b>262,015</b>           | <b>239,783</b>   |
| <b>Operating expenses:</b>  |                           |                  |                          |                  |
| Selling and marketing   | 11,581                    | 10,849           | 35,682                   | 30,876           |
| Research and development  | 13,935                    | 13,117           | 41,461                   | 40,558           |
| General and administrative  | 11,336                    | 11,480           | 38,095                   | 33,197           |
| <b>Total operating expenses</b>                                   | <b>36,852</b>             | <b>35,446</b>    | <b>115,238</b>           | <b>104,631</b>   |
| <b>Operating income</b>   | <b>54,363</b>             | <b>47,864</b>    | <b>146,777</b>           | <b>135,152</b>   |
| Interest expense, net   | (6,071)                   | (9,036)          | (19,738)                 | (33,325)         |
| Other income (expense), net                                       | 1,532                     | (110)            | 787                      | 2,406            |
| <b>Income before income taxes</b>                                 | <b>49,824</b>             | <b>38,718</b>    | <b>127,826</b>           | <b>104,233</b>   |
| Provision (benefit) for income taxes                              | 8,997                     | (4,748)          | 33,306                   | 13,219           |
| <b>Net income</b>   | <b>\$ 40,827</b>          | <b>\$ 43,466</b> | <b>\$ 94,520</b>         | <b>\$ 91,014</b> |
| <b>Basic earnings per share</b>                                   | <b>\$ 0.49</b>            | <b>\$ 0.53</b>   | <b>\$ 1.14</b>           | <b>\$ 1.13</b>   |
| <b>Basic weighted average number of common shares outstanding</b> | <b>83,532</b>             | <b>81,784</b>    | <b>83,127</b>            | <b>80,779</b>    |
| <b>Diluted earnings per share</b>                                 | <b>\$ 0.47</b>            | <b>\$ 0.51</b>   | <b>\$ 1.08</b>           | <b>\$ 1.07</b>   |

|  |           |           |           |           |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Diluted weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding | 87,392    | 86,068    | 87,125    | 85,126    |
| Net income   | \$ 40,827 | \$ 43,466 | \$ 94,520 | \$ 91,014 |
| Other comprehensive income:  |           |           |           |           |
| Foreign currency exchange translation adjustment                                   | (31,850)  | 21,807    | (22,234)  | (19,403)  |
| Total comprehensive (loss) income  | (31,850)  | 21,807    | (22,234)  | (19,403)  |
| Comprehensive income   | \$ 8,977  | \$ 65,273 | \$ 72,286 | \$ 71,611 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.



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**SS&C TECHNOLOGIES HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(In thousands)

|  | <b>Nine Months Ended September 30,</b> |                  |
|--|--|------------------|
|  | <b>2014</b>                            | <b>2013</b>      |
| <b>Cash flow from operating activities:</b>  |  |                  |
| Net income   | \$ 94,520                              | \$ 91,014        |
| <b>Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:</b> |  |                  |
| Depreciation and amortization  | 74,493                                 | 74,441           |
| Amortization and write-offs of loan origination costs                                    | 4,397                                  | 4,408            |
| Income tax benefit related to exercise of stock options                                  | (10,735)                               | (11,796)         |
| Deferred income taxes  | (11,661)                               | (10,049)         |
| Stock-based compensation expense   | 8,554                                  | 6,010            |
| Provision for doubtful accounts  | 672                                    | 528              |
| Loss on sale or disposition of property and equipment                                    | 672                                    | 316              |
| <b>Changes in operating assets and liabilities, excluding effects from acquisitions:</b> |  |                  |
| Accounts receivable  | (395)                                  | 5,911            |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets  | (5,302)                                | (8,405)          |
| Income taxes prepaid and payable   | 13,715                                 | 8,854            |
| Accounts payable   | 636                                    | 5,189            |
| Accrued expenses   | (637)                                  | (7,611)          |
| Deferred maintenance and other revenue   | (4,664)                                | (4,534)          |
| <b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>   | <b>164,265</b>                         | <b>154,276</b>   |
| <b>Cash flow from investing activities:</b>  |  |                  |
| Additions to property and equipment  | (11,879)                               | (9,933)          |
| Proceeds from sale of property and equipment   | 27                                     | 61               |
| Additions to capitalized software  | (2,688)                                | (1,570)          |
| Net changes in restricted cash   | 983                                    |                  |
| <b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>   | <b>(13,557)</b>                        | <b>(11,442)</b>  |
| <b>Cash flow from financing activities:</b>  |  |                  |
| Repayments of debt   | (174,000)                              | (177,000)        |
| Income tax benefit related to exercise of stock options                                  | 10,735                                 | 11,796           |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options  | 16,070                                 | 22,360           |
| Purchase of common stock for treasury  | (11,223)                               |                  |
| Payment of fees related to refinancing activities  | (512)                                  | (1,917)          |
| <b>Net cash used in financing activities</b>   | <b>(158,930)</b>                       | <b>(144,761)</b> |

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|   |           |           |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash | (1,168)   | (2,658)   |
| Net decrease in cash                    | (9,390)   | (4,585)   |
| Cash, beginning of period               | 84,470    | 86,160    |
| Cash, end of period                     | \$ 75,080 | \$ 81,575 |

Supplemental disclosure of non-cash activities:

|  |    |           |
|--|----|-----------|
| Excess tax benefit related to stock option exercises | \$ | \$ 10,279 |
|--|----|-----------|

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**SS&C TECHNOLOGIES HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*SS&C Technologies Holdings, Inc., or Holdings, is our top-level holding company. SS&C Technologies, Inc., or SS&C, is our primary operating company and a wholly-owned subsidiary of SS&C Technologies Holdings, Inc. The Company means SS&C Technologies Holdings, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries, including SS&C.*

**1. Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ( GAAP ). These accounting principles were applied on a basis consistent with those of the audited consolidated financial statements contained in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC ) on February 27, 2014 (the 2013 Form 10-K ). In the opinion of the Company, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments, except as noted elsewhere in the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements) necessary for a fair statement of its financial position as of September 30, 2014, the results of its operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 and its cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013. These statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for annual financial statements. The financial statements contained herein should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and footnotes as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, which were included in the 2013 Form 10-K. The December 31, 2013 consolidated balance sheet data were derived from audited financial statements but do not include all disclosures required by GAAP for annual financial statements. The results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the expected results for any subsequent quarters or the full year.

***Recent Accounting Pronouncements***

In August 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) issued Accounting Standards Update ( ASU ) No. 2014-15, Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity s Ability to Continue as a Going Concern ( ASU 2014-15 ). This ASU establishes specific guidance to an organization s management on their responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about the organization s ability to continue as a going concern. The provisions of ASU 2014-15 are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. This ASU is not expected to have an impact on the Company s financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) ( ASU 2014-09 ). The objective of ASU 2014-09 is to clarify the principles for recognizing revenue by removing inconsistencies and weaknesses in revenue requirements; providing a more robust framework for addressing revenue issues; improving comparability of revenue recognition practices across entities, industries, jurisdictions and capital markets; and providing more useful information to users of financial statements through improved revenue disclosure requirements. The provisions of ASU 2014-09 are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this standard on its financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

In July 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-11, Income Taxes (Topic 740) Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists ( ASU 2013-11 ). The objective of ASU 2013-11 is to end some inconsistent practices with regard to the presentation on the

balance sheet of unrecognized tax benefits. ASU 2013-11 is effective for financial statement periods beginning after December 15, 2013, with early adoption permitted. The adoption of this standard in the first quarter of 2014 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

## 2. Stock-based Compensation

For stock options and restricted stock, the total amount of stock-based compensation expense recognized in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income was as follows (in thousands):

| Statements of Comprehensive Income Classification | Three Months Ended    |                       | Nine Months Ended     |                       |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
|   | September 30,<br>2014 | September 30,<br>2013 | September 30,<br>2014 | September 30,<br>2013 |
| Cost of software-enabled services                 | \$ 924                | \$ 721                | \$ 2,932              | \$ 2,191              |
| Cost of maintenance                               | 61                    | 66                    | 218                   | 204                   |
| Cost of professional services                     | 108                   | 81                    | 324                   | 252                   |
| Total cost of revenues                            | 1,093                 | 868                   | 3,474                 | 2,647                 |
| Selling and marketing                             | 538                   | 375                   | 1,673                 | 981                   |
| Research and development                          | 279                   | 215                   | 862                   | 681                   |
| General and administrative                        | 874                   | 517                   | 2,545                 | 1,701                 |
| Total operating expenses                          | 1,691                 | 1,107                 | 5,080                 | 3,363                 |
| Total stock-based compensation expense            | \$ 2,784              | \$ 1,975              | \$ 8,554              | \$ 6,010              |

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A summary of stock option activity as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 is as follows:

|  | <b>Shares of Common<br/>Stock Underlying<br/>Options</b> |
|--|--|
| Outstanding at January 1, 2014           | 11,515,642   |
| Granted                                  | 116,000  |
| Cancelled/forfeited                      | (171,871)  |
| Exercised                                | (1,255,159)  |
| <b>Outstanding at September 30, 2014</b> | <b>10,204,612</b>  |

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company recorded \$10.7 million of income tax benefits related to the exercise of stock options. These amounts were recorded entirely to additional paid-in capital on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company recorded \$24.1 million of income tax benefits related to the exercise of stock options. Of this amount, \$3.6 million was recorded to goodwill and \$20.5 million was recorded to additional paid-in capital on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company realized \$13.8 million of cash savings through September 30, 2013 related to these benefits, of which a proportional amount relating to the additional paid in capital was recognized as cash inflows from financing activities while the remainder was recognized as cash inflows from operations on its Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

**3. Stock Repurchase Program**

In October 2013, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$100 million of the Company's common stock on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions. During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company repurchased 274,726 shares of common stock for approximately \$11.2 million. As of September 30, 2014, the Company had repurchased a total of 298,626 shares of common stock for approximately \$12.2 million. The Company uses the cost method to account for treasury stock purchases. Under the cost method, the price paid for the stock is charged to the treasury stock account.

**4. Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share**

Earnings per share (EPS) is calculated in accordance with the relevant accounting standards. Basic EPS includes no dilution and is computed by dividing income available to the Company's common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding during the period. Common equivalent shares consist of stock options and restricted stock using the treasury stock method. Common equivalent shares are excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share if the effect of including such common equivalent shares is anti-dilutive because their exercise prices together with other assumed proceeds exceed the average fair value of common stock for the period. The Company has two classes of common stock, each with identical participation rights to earnings and liquidation preferences, and therefore the calculation of EPS as described above is identical to the calculation under the two-class method.

The following table sets forth the weighted average common shares used in the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share (in thousands):

|   | <b>Three Months Ended</b> |             | <b>Nine Months Ended</b> |             |
|---|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|
|   | <b>September 30,</b>      |             | <b>September 30,</b>     |             |
|   | <b>2014</b>               | <b>2013</b> | <b>2014</b>              | <b>2013</b> |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding                              | 83,532                    | 81,784      | 83,127                   | 80,779      |
| Weighted average common stock equivalents options and restricted shares | 3,860                     | 4,284       | 3,998                    | 4,347       |
| Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding        | 87,392                    | 86,068      | 87,125                   | 85,126      |

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Options to purchase 1,721,503 and 94,587 shares were outstanding for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and options to purchase 1,790,459 and 40,007 shares were outstanding for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because the effect of including the options would be anti-dilutive.

**5. Debt**

At September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, debt consisted of the following (in thousands):

|  | <b>September 30,<br/>2014</b> | <b>December 31,<br/>2013</b> |
|--|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Credit facility, weighted-average interest rate of 2.96% and 3.09%, respectively | \$ 608,000                    | \$ 782,000                   |
| Unamortized original issue discount  | (6,449)                       | (7,493)                      |
|  | <b>601,551</b>                | <b>774,507</b>               |
| Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term debt                      | (21,641)                      | (23,212)                     |
| Long-term debt   | <b>\$ 579,910</b>             | <b>\$ 751,295</b>            |

Capitalized financing costs of \$1.1 million were amortized to interest expense in each of the three-month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2013. Capitalized financing costs of \$3.3 million and \$3.4 million were amortized to interest expense in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Additionally, the Company amortized to interest expense \$0.3 million of the original issue discount in each of the three-month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 and \$1.1 million and \$1.0 million of the original issue discount in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The unamortized balance of capitalized financing costs is included in intangible and other assets in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The estimated fair value of the Company's credit facility, which is a Level 2 liability, was \$603.5 million and \$783.6 million at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. These fair values were computed based on comparable quoted market prices.

In February 2014, the Company completed a repricing of its \$213.2 million term A-2 loans, which replaced these loans with new term A-2 loans at the same outstanding principal balance of \$213.2 million but at a different interest rate. The applicable interest rates were reduced to either LIBOR plus 2.0% or the base rate plus 1.0%. The maturity date of the new loans remains December 8, 2017, and no changes were made to the financial covenants or scheduled amortization.

The repricing of the debt was evaluated in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification 470-50, Debt Modifications and Extinguishments, for modification and extinguishment accounting. The Company accounted for the repricing as a debt modification with respect to amounts that remained in the syndicate and a debt extinguishment with respect to the amounts that exited the syndicate.

**6. Fair Value Measurements**

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The authoritative guidance relating to fair value measurements and disclosure establishes a valuation hierarchy for disclosure of the inputs to the valuations used to measure fair value. This hierarchy prioritizes the inputs into three broad levels as follows.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 inputs are quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, including interest rates, yield curves and credit risks, or inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data through correlation.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs based on the Company's own assumptions used to measure assets and liabilities at fair value.



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A financial asset's or liability's classification within the hierarchy is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

**Recurring Fair Value Measurements**

The table below segregates all financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (at least annually) into the most appropriate level within the fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used to determine their fair value at the measurement date (in thousands):

|                          | <b>Total Carrying<br/>Value at<br/>September 30, 2014</b> | <b>Level 1</b> | <b>Level 2</b> | <b>Level 3</b> |
|--------------------------|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Assets                   | \$  | \$             | \$             | \$             |
| Liabilities:             |   |                |                |                |
| Contingent consideration | \$ 900  | \$             | \$             | \$ 900         |
| Total liabilities        | \$ 900  | \$             | \$             | \$ 900         |

|                          | <b>Total Carrying<br/>Value at<br/>December 31, 2013</b> | <b>Level 1</b> | <b>Level 2</b> | <b>Level 3</b> |
|--------------------------|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Assets                   | \$   | \$             | \$             | \$             |
| Liabilities:             |  |                |                |                |
| Contingent consideration | \$ 500   | \$             | \$             | \$ 500         |
| Total liabilities        | \$ 500   | \$             | \$             | \$ 500         |

The Company determines the fair value of the contingent consideration liabilities associated with its acquisitions based on the potential payments of the liability associated with the unobservable input of the estimated post-acquisition financial results (the achievement of certain revenue and EBITDA targets) of the related acquisition through a certain date. As such, contingent consideration liabilities are a Level 3 liability. As of December 31, 2013, the Company's contingent consideration liability was measured at fair value using estimated future cash flows based on the potential payments of the liability based on the unobservable input of the estimated post-acquisition financial results of Prime Management Limited ( "Prime" ) through September 30, 2014. The Company increased this contingent consideration liability to its current fair value of \$0.9 million and recorded the adjustment of \$0.4 million to other expense in the second quarter of 2014.

The fair values of cash, accounts receivable, net, short-term borrowings, and accounts payable approximate the carrying amounts due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

**7. Commitments and Contingencies****Millennium Actions**

Several actions (the Millennium Actions ) have been filed in various jurisdictions against GlobeOp alleging claims and damages with respect to a valuation agent services agreement performed by the Company's subsidiary, GlobeOp Financial Services S.A. ( GlobeOp ), for the Millennium Global Emerging Credit Fund, L.P. and Millennium Global Emerging Credit Fund Ltd. (the Millennium Funds ). These actions include (i) a putative class action in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York (the U.S. Class Action ) on behalf of a putative class of investors in the Millennium Funds filed in May 2012 asserting claims of \$844 million (the alleged aggregate value of assets under management by the Millennium Funds at the funds' peak valuation); (ii) an arbitration proceeding in the United Kingdom (the UK Arbitration ) on behalf of Millennium Global Investments Ltd. and Millennium Asset Management Ltd., the Millennium Funds' investment manager and administrative manager, respectively (together, the Millennium Managers ), which commenced with a request for arbitration in July 2011, seeking an indemnity of \$26.5 million for sums paid by way of settlement to the Millennium Funds in a separate arbitration to which GlobeOp was not a party, as well as an indemnity for any losses that may be incurred by the Millennium Managers in the U.S. Class Action; and (iii) a claim in the same arbitration proceeding by the liquidators on behalf of the Millennium Global Emerging Credit Master Fund Ltd. (the Master Fund ) against GlobeOp for damages alleged to be in excess of \$160 million. These actions allege that GlobeOp breached its contractual obligations and/or negligently breached a duty of care in the performance of services for the Millennium Fund and that, *inter alia*, GlobeOp should have discovered and reported a fraudulent scheme perpetrated by the portfolio manager employed by the investment manager. The U.S. Class Action also asserts claims against SS&C identical to the claims against GlobeOp in that action. In the arbitration, GlobeOp has asserted counterclaims against both the Millennium Managers and the Master Fund for indemnity, including in respect of the U.S. Class Action.

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Hearings on the merits of the claims asserted in the UK Arbitration were conducted in London in July and August 2013 and September 2014.

GlobeOp has secured insurance coverage that provides reimbursement of various litigation costs up to pre-determined limits. Since 2012, GlobeOp has been reimbursed for litigation costs under the applicable insurance policy.

In January 2014, GlobeOp, SS&C, the Millennium Managers and the plaintiff in the U.S. Class Action entered into a settlement agreement resolving all disputes and claims between and among the parties (including a separate mutual release between and among GlobeOp and SS&C, on the one hand, and the Millennium Managers on the other that covers claims asserted in the UK Arbitration). The settlement agreement was approved by the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York on July 7, 2014 and consummated in August 2014. Accordingly, the U.S. Class Action matter has been dismissed with prejudice and is now concluded. GlobeOp's insurers funded the entirety of the settlement amount contemplated to be contributed by GlobeOp. The resolution of the U.S. Class Action does not affect the claims, counterclaims and/or defenses as between GlobeOp and the Master Fund that have been asserted in the UK Arbitration.

The Company cannot predict the outcome of the UK Arbitration. The Company believes that it has strong defenses and is vigorously contesting the UK Arbitration (as described above, the U.S. Class Action has been concluded). The amount of any potential loss, if any at all, cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

In addition to the foregoing legal proceedings, from time to time, the Company is subject to other legal proceedings and claims. In the opinion of the Company's management, the Company is not involved in any other such litigation or proceedings with third parties that management believes would have a material adverse effect on the Company or its business.

**8. Goodwill**

The change in carrying value of goodwill as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 is as follows (in thousands):

|  |              |
|--|--------------|
| Balance at December 31, 2013           | \$ 1,541,386 |
| Effect of foreign currency translation | (17,415)     |
| Balance at September 30, 2014          | \$ 1,523,971 |

**9. Income Taxes**

The effective tax rate was 18% and (12%) for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and the effective tax rate was 26% and 13% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The change for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 was due to various discrete adjustments recorded in the prior year, return to accrual adjustments and a greater proportion of earnings generated in domestic versus foreign tax jurisdictions in the current year.

**Table of Contents****ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS****Results of Operations***Revenues*

Our revenues consist primarily of software-enabled services and maintenance revenues, and, to a lesser degree, software license and professional services revenues. As a general matter, fluctuations in our software-enabled services revenues are attributable to the number of new software-enabled services clients as well as total assets under management in our clients' portfolios and the number of outsourced transactions provided to our existing clients, while our software license and professional services revenues tend to fluctuate based on the number of new licensing clients. Maintenance revenues vary based on the rate by which we add or lose maintenance clients over time and, to a lesser extent, on the annual increases in maintenance fees, which are generally tied to the consumer price index.

The following table sets forth the percentage of our total revenues represented by each of the following sources of revenues for the periods indicated:

|                           | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |             | <b>Nine Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |             |
|---------------------------|---|-------------|--|-------------|
|                           | <b>2014</b>                                 | <b>2013</b> | <b>2014</b>                                | <b>2013</b> |
| <b>Revenues:</b>          |   |             |  |             |
| Software-enabled services | 78%   | 77%         | 78%  | 78%         |
| Software licenses         | 5   | 5           | 5  | 4           |
| Maintenance               | 13  | 14          | 13   | 14          |
| Professional services     | 4   | 4           | 4  | 4           |
| <b>Total revenues</b>     | <b>100%</b>                                 | <b>100%</b> | <b>100%</b>                                | <b>100%</b> |

The following table sets forth revenues (dollars in thousands) and percent change in revenues for the periods indicated:

|                           | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |                   |                     | <b>Nine Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |                   |                     |
|---------------------------|---|-------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------|---------------------|
|                           | <b>2014</b>                                 | <b>2013</b>       | <b>%<br/>Change</b> | <b>2014</b>                                | <b>2013</b>       | <b>%<br/>Change</b> |
| <b>Revenues:</b>          |   |                   |                     |  |                   |                     |
| Software-enabled services | \$ 149,285                                  | \$ 138,123        | 8%                  | \$ 440,215                                 | \$ 411,909        | 7%                  |
| Software licenses         | 9,196                                       | 8,184             | 12                  | 26,561                                     | 20,880            | 27                  |
| Maintenance               | 25,595                                      | 26,178            | (2)                 | 76,812                                     | 77,603            | (1)                 |
| Professional services     | 8,522                                       | 7,020             | 21                  | 23,542                                     | 19,788            | 19                  |
| <b>Total revenues</b>     | <b>\$ 192,598</b>                           | <b>\$ 179,505</b> | <b>7</b>            | <b>\$ 567,130</b>                          | <b>\$ 530,180</b> | <b>7</b>            |

*Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 versus 2013.* Our revenues increased primarily due to a continued increase in demand for our fund administration services from alternative investment managers, as well as revenues related to

Prime Management Limited, or Prime, which we acquired in October 2013 and contributed \$1.9 million for the period. Additionally, our software licenses revenues increased primarily due to the impact of a significant perpetual license in the period, and our professional services revenues increased due to a rise in the number of product implementation projects in the period.

*Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 versus 2013.* Our revenues increased primarily due to a continued increase in demand for our fund administration services from alternative investment managers, as well as revenues related to Prime, which contributed \$6.0 million in revenue for the period. Our software licenses revenues increased primarily due to the impact of a significant perpetual license in the period and increased demand for our Institutional software products. Additionally, professional services revenues increased due to a rise in the number of product implementation projects in 2014. These increases were partially offset by the unfavorable impact from foreign currency translation of \$1.3 million, which resulted from the strength of the U.S. dollar relative to currencies such as the Canadian dollar.

**Table of Contents***Cost of Revenues*

Cost of software-enabled services revenues consists primarily of the cost related to personnel utilized in servicing our software-enabled services clients and amortization of intangible assets. Cost of software license revenues consists primarily of amortization of completed technology, royalties, third-party software, and the costs of product media, packaging and documentation. Cost of maintenance revenues consists primarily of technical client support, costs associated with the distribution of products and regulatory updates and amortization of intangible assets. Cost of professional services revenues consists primarily of the cost related to personnel utilized to provide implementation, conversion and training services to our software licensees, as well as system integration and custom programming consulting services.

The following table sets forth each of the following cost of revenues as a percentage of their respective revenue source for the periods indicated:

|                                   | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |             | <b>Nine Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |             |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------------|--|-------------|
|                                   | <b>2014</b>                                 | <b>2013</b> | <b>2014</b>                                | <b>2013</b> |
| Cost of revenues:                 |   |             |  |             |
| Cost of software-enabled services | 57%   | 58%         | 58%  | 58%         |
| Cost of software licenses         | 10  | 16          | 10   | 19          |
| Cost of maintenance               | 39  | 39          | 39   | 40          |
| Cost of professional services     | 65  | 70          | 67   | 74          |
| Total cost of revenues            | 53  | 54          | 54   | 55          |
| Gross margin percentage           | 47  | 46          | 46   | 45          |

The following table sets forth cost of revenues (dollars in thousands) and percent change in cost of revenues for the periods indicated:

|                                   | <b>Three Months<br/>Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |             |                     | <b>Nine Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |             |                     |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------------|---------------------|--|-------------|---------------------|
|                                   | <b>2014</b>                                     | <b>2013</b> | <b>%<br/>Change</b> | <b>2014</b>                                | <b>2013</b> | <b>%<br/>Change</b> |
| Cost of revenues:                 |   |             |                     |  |             |                     |
| Cost of software-enabled services | \$ 84,978                                       | \$ 79,875   | 6%                  | \$ 256,709                                 | \$ 240,847  | 7%                  |
| Cost of software licenses         | 892   | 1,286       | (31)                | 2,549                                      | 3,908       | (35)                |
| Cost of maintenance               | 9,990   | 10,150      | (2)                 | 29,998                                     | 30,953      | (3)                 |
| Cost of professional services     | 5,523   | 4,884       | 13                  | 15,859                                     | 14,689      | 8                   |
| Total cost of revenues            | \$ 101,383                                      | \$ 96,195   | 5                   | \$ 305,115                                 | \$ 290,397  | 5                   |

*Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 versus 2013.* Our gross margins increased in 2014 primarily due to cost reduction synergies with respect to the businesses acquired since 2012. Our total cost of revenues increased in the first nine months of 2014 primarily as a result of an increase in cost of software-enabled services revenues to support the increased demand for our fund administration services for alternative investment managers, as well as our acquisition of Prime, which added \$1.3 million and \$3.9 million in costs, respectively, for the three and nine months

ended September 30, 2014. The decrease in cost of software licenses and cost of maintenance was primarily due to a decrease in amortization expense.

### *Operating Expenses*

Selling and marketing expenses consist primarily of the personnel costs associated with the selling and marketing of our products, including salaries, commissions and travel and entertainment. Such expenses also include amortization of intangible assets, the cost of branch sales offices, trade shows and marketing and promotional materials. Research and development expenses consist primarily of personnel costs attributable to the enhancement of existing products and the development of new software products. General and administrative expenses consist primarily of personnel costs related to management, accounting and finance, information management, human resources and administration and associated overhead costs, as well as fees for professional services.

The following table sets forth each of the following operating expenses as a percentage of our total revenues for the periods indicated:

|                            | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |             | <b>Nine Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |             |
|----------------------------|---|-------------|--|-------------|
|                            | <b>2014</b>                                 | <b>2013</b> | <b>2014</b>                                | <b>2013</b> |
| Operating expenses:        |   |             |  |             |
| Selling and marketing      | 6%  | 6%          | 6%   | 6%          |
| Research and development   | 7   | 7           | 7  | 8           |
| General and administrative | 6   | 7           | 7  | 6           |
| Total operating expenses   | 19  | 20          | 20   | 20          |

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The following table sets forth operating expenses (dollars in thousands) and percent change in operating expenses for the periods indicated:

|                                 | Three Months Ended |                    |          | Nine Months Ended  |                    |           |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|
|                                 | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | % Change | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | % Change  |
| Operating expenses:             |                    |                    |          |                    |                    |           |
| Selling and marketing           | \$ 11,581          | \$ 10,849          | 7%       | \$ 35,682          | \$ 30,876          | 16%       |
| Research and development        | 13,935             | 13,117             | 6        | 41,461             | 40,558             | 2         |
| General and administrative      | 11,336             | 11,480             | (1)      | 38,095             | 33,197             | 15        |
| <b>Total operating expenses</b> | <b>\$ 36,852</b>   | <b>\$ 35,446</b>   | <b>4</b> | <b>\$ 115,238</b>  | <b>\$ 104,631</b>  | <b>10</b> |

*Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 versus 2013.* The increase in total operating expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013 was primarily due to increases in research and development expenses and selling and marketing expenses. Selling and marketing expenses increased as we expanded the size of our sales force.

*Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 versus 2013.* The increase in total operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013 was primarily due an increase in general and administrative expenses as a result of legal expenses related to an IP infringement lawsuit, which was settled during the second quarter of 2014, and expenses associated with office consolidations. Additionally, selling and marketing expenses increased as we expanded the size of our sales force.

*Comparison of the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 for Interest, Taxes and Other*

*Interest expense, net.* We had net interest expense of \$6.1 million and \$19.7 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, compared to \$9.0 million and \$33.3 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively. The decrease in interest expense in 2014 reflects the lower average debt balance resulting from repayments of the credit facility and a decrease in average interest rates resulting from the 2013 and 2014 repricings. These facilities are discussed further in *Liquidity and Capital Resources* .

*Other income (expense), net.* Other income, net for the three months ended September 30, 2014 consists primarily of foreign currency transaction gains. Other income, net for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 consists primarily of foreign currency transaction gains, partially offset by an increase to the contingent consideration liability for the Prime acquisition. Other expense, net for the three months ended September 30, 2013 consists primarily of foreign currency transaction losses while other income, net for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 consists primarily of foreign currency transaction gains.

*Provision (benefit) for Income Taxes.* The following table sets forth the provision (benefit) for income taxes (dollars in thousands) and effective tax rates for the periods indicated:



|                            | <b>Three Months Ended</b> |             | <b>Nine Months Ended</b> |             |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|
|                            | <b>September 30,</b>      |             | <b>September 30,</b>     |             |
|                            | <b>2014</b>               | <b>2013</b> | <b>2014</b>              | <b>2013</b> |
| Provision for income taxes | 8,997                     | (4,748)     | 33,306                   | 13,219      |
| Effective tax rate         | 18%                       | (12%)       | 26%                      | 13%         |

Our effective tax rates for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 differ from the statutory rate primarily due to the effect of our foreign operations. The increase in our effective tax rate for both periods was primarily due to certain benefits recorded in 2013 related to the release of an uncertain income tax position, an enacted rate change in the United Kingdom and return to accrual adjustments. Additionally in the current year, we generated a greater proportion of earnings in domestic versus foreign tax jurisdictions. Our effective tax rate includes the effect of operations outside the United States, which historically have been taxed at rates lower than the U.S. statutory rate. While we have income from multiple foreign sources, the majority of the Company's non-U.S. operations are in Canada, India and the United Kingdom, where we anticipate the statutory rates to be approximately 26.5%, 34.0% and 21.5%, respectively, in 2014. The consolidated expected effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2014 is forecasted to be between 26% and 27%. A future proportionate change in the composition of income before income taxes from foreign and domestic tax jurisdictions could impact our periodic effective tax rate.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our principal cash requirements are to finance the costs of our operations pending the billing and collection of client receivables, to fund payments with respect to our indebtedness, to invest in research and development and to acquire complementary businesses or assets. We expect our cash on hand and cash flows from operations to provide sufficient liquidity to fund our current obligations, projected working capital requirements and capital spending for at least the next twelve months.

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Our cash at September 30, 2014 was \$75.1 million, a decrease of \$9.4 million from \$84.5 million at December 31, 2013. The decrease in cash is due primarily to cash used for repayments of debt and capital expenditures, partially offset by cash provided by operations.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$164.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. Cash provided by operating activities was primarily due to net income of \$94.5 million adjusted for non-cash items of \$66.4 million and changes in our working capital accounts (excluding the effect of acquisitions) totaling \$3.4 million. The changes in our working capital accounts were driven by a change in income taxes prepaid and payable and increases in accounts payable, partially offset by increases in prepaid expenses and other assets and accounts receivable and decreases in deferred revenue and accrued expenses. The decrease in deferred revenues was primarily due to the recognition of annual maintenance fees. The decrease in accrued expenses was primarily due to the payment of annual employee bonuses in the first quarter of 2014. The increase in accounts receivable was primarily due to an increase in revenues, partially offset by the improvement in days sales outstanding from 45 days at December 31, 2013 to 42 days at September 30, 2014.

Investing activities used net cash of \$13.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, primarily related to \$11.9 million in cash paid for capital expenditures and \$2.7 million in cash paid for capitalized software, partially offset by the release of \$1.0 million in restricted cash previously held as collateral for a letter of credit.

Financing activities used net cash of \$158.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, representing \$174.0 million in repayments of debt, \$11.2 million in treasury stock repurchases and \$0.5 million in fees paid for refinancing activities, partially offset by proceeds of \$16.1 million from stock option exercises and realized income tax windfall benefits of \$10.7 million related to the exercise of stock options.

We have made a permanent reinvestment determination in certain non-U.S. operations that have historically generated positive operating cash flows. At September 30, 2014, we held approximately \$52.0 million in cash and cash equivalents at non-U.S. subsidiaries where we had made such a determination and in turn no provision for U.S. income taxes had been made. At September 30, 2014, we held approximately \$22.0 million in cash by subsidiaries of our foreign debt holder that will be used to facilitate debt servicing of our foreign debt holder. At September 30, 2014, we held approximately \$23.1 million in cash at our Indian operations that if repatriated to our foreign debt holder would incur distribution taxes of approximately \$3.9 million.

## ***Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements***

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to investors.

## ***Credit Facility***

On March 14, 2012, in connection with our acquisition of GlobeOp, we entered into a credit agreement with SS&C and SS&C Technologies Holdings Europe S.A.R.L., an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of SS&C, or SS&C Sarl, as the borrowers, which we refer to as the Credit Agreement. The Credit Agreement has four tranches of term loans: (i) a \$0 term A-1 facility with a five and one-half year term for borrowings by SS&C, (ii) a \$325.0 million term A-2 facility with a five and one-half year term for borrowings by SS&C Sarl, (iii) a \$725.0 million term B-1 facility with a seven year term for borrowings by SS&C and (iv) a \$75.0 million term B-2 facility with a seven year term for borrowings by SS&C Sarl. In addition, the Credit Agreement had a \$142.0 million bridge loan facility, of which \$31.6 million was immediately drawn, with a 364-day term available for borrowings by SS&C Sarl and has a revolving

credit facility with a five and one-half year term available for borrowings by SS&C with \$100.0 million in commitments. The revolving credit facility contains a \$25.0 million letter of credit sub-facility and a \$20.0 million swingline loan sub-facility. The bridge loan was repaid in July 2012 and is no longer available for borrowing.

The term loans and the revolving credit facility bear interest, at the election of the borrowers, at the base rate (as defined in the Credit Agreement) or LIBOR, plus the applicable interest rate margin for the revolving credit facility. The term A loans and the revolving credit facility initially bore interest at either LIBOR plus 2.75% or at the base rate plus 1.75%, and then were subject to a step-down at any time SS&C's consolidated net senior secured leverage ratio is less than 3.00 times, to 2.50% in the case of the LIBOR margin, and 1.50% in the case of the base rate margin. The term B loans initially bore interest at either LIBOR plus 4.00% or at base rate plus 3.00%, with LIBOR subject to a 1.00% floor.

In February 2014, we completed a repricing of our term A loans, which replaced these loans with new term A loans at the same outstanding principal balance, but at a different interest rate. The applicable interest rates were reduced to either LIBOR plus 2.0% or the base rate plus 1.0%. The maturity date of the new loans remains December 8, 2017, and no changes were made to the financial accounts or scheduled amortization. See Note 5 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

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In June 2013, we completed a repricing of our term B-1 loans and term B-2 loans, which replaced these loans with new term B-1 loans and term B-2 loans at the same outstanding principal balance, but at a different interest rate. The applicable interest rates were reduced to either LIBOR plus 2.75% or the base rate plus 1.75%, and the LIBOR floor was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%, subject to a step-down at any time that the consolidated net senior secured leverage ratio is less than 2.75 times, to 2.50% in the case of the LIBOR margin, and 1.50% in the case of the base rate margin. The maturity date of the new loans remains June 8, 2019, and no changes were made to the financial covenants or scheduled amortization.

The initial proceeds of the borrowings under the Credit Agreement were used to satisfy a portion of the consideration required to fund our acquisition of GlobeOp and refinance amounts outstanding under SS&C's prior senior credit facility. As of September 30, 2014, there was \$162.6 million in principal amount outstanding under the term A-2 facility, \$403.6 million in principal amount outstanding under the term B-1 facility and \$41.8 million in principal amount outstanding under the term B-2 facility.

Holdings, SS&C and the material domestic subsidiaries of SS&C have pledged substantially all of their tangible and intangible assets to support the obligations of SS&C and SS&C Sarl under the Credit Agreement. In addition, SS&C Sarl has agreed, in certain circumstances, to cause subsidiaries in foreign jurisdictions to guarantee SS&C Sarl's obligations and pledge substantially all of their assets to support the obligations of SS&C Sarl under the Credit Agreement.

The Credit Agreement contains customary covenants limiting our ability and the ability of our subsidiaries to, among other things, pay dividends, incur debt or liens, redeem or repurchase equity, enter into transactions with affiliates, make investments, merge or consolidate with others or dispose of assets. In addition, the Credit Agreement contains a financial covenant requiring SS&C to maintain a consolidated net senior secured leverage ratio. As of September 30, 2014, we were in compliance with the financial and non-financial covenants.

The Credit Agreement contains various events of default (including failure to comply with the covenants contained in the Credit Agreement and related agreements) and upon an event of default, the lenders may, subject to various customary cure rights, require the immediate repayment of all amounts outstanding under the term loans, the bridge loans and the revolving credit facility and foreclose on the collateral.

### ***Covenant Compliance***

Under the Credit Agreement, we are required to satisfy and maintain a specified financial ratio and other financial condition tests. As of September 30, 2014, we were in compliance with the financial ratios and other financial condition tests. Our continued ability to meet this financial ratio and these tests can be affected by events beyond our control, and we cannot assure you that we will continue to meet this ratio and these tests. A breach of any of these covenants could result in a default under the Credit Agreement. Upon the occurrence of any event of default under the Credit Agreement, the lenders could elect to declare all amounts outstanding under the Credit Agreement to be immediately due and payable and terminate all commitments to extend further credit.

Consolidated EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure used in key financial covenants contained in the Credit Agreement, which is a material facility supporting our capital structure and providing liquidity to our business. Consolidated EBITDA is defined as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, or EBITDA, further adjusted to exclude unusual items and other adjustments permitted in calculating covenant compliance under the Credit Agreement. We believe that the inclusion of supplementary adjustments to EBITDA applied in presenting Consolidated EBITDA is appropriate to provide additional information to investors to demonstrate compliance with the specified financial ratio and other financial condition tests contained in the Credit Agreement.

Management uses Consolidated EBITDA to gauge the costs of our capital structure on a day-to-day basis when full financial statements are unavailable. Management further believes that providing this information allows our investors greater transparency and a better understanding of our ability to meet our debt service obligations and make capital expenditures.

Any breach of covenants in the Credit Agreement that are tied to ratios based on Consolidated EBITDA could result in a default under that agreement, in which case the lenders could elect to declare all amounts borrowed immediately due and payable and to terminate any commitments they have to provide further borrowings. Any default and subsequent acceleration of payments under the Credit Agreement would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position and cash flows. Additionally, under the Credit Agreement, our ability to engage in activities such as incurring additional indebtedness, making investments and paying dividends is also tied to ratios based on Consolidated EBITDA.

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Consolidated EBITDA does not represent net income or cash flow from operations as those terms are defined by generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP, and does not necessarily indicate whether cash flows will be sufficient to fund cash needs. Further, the Credit Agreement requires that Consolidated EBITDA be calculated for the most recent four fiscal quarters. As a result, the measure can be disproportionately affected by a particularly strong or weak quarter. Further, it may not be comparable to the measure for any subsequent four-quarter period or any complete fiscal year.

Consolidated EBITDA is not a recognized measurement under GAAP and investors should not consider Consolidated EBITDA as a substitute for measures of our financial performance and liquidity as determined in accordance with GAAP, such as net income, operating income or net cash provided by operating activities. Because other companies may calculate Consolidated EBITDA differently than we do, Consolidated EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. Consolidated EBITDA has other limitations as an analytical tool, when compared to the use of net income, which is the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, including:

Consolidated EBITDA does not reflect the provision of income tax expense in our various jurisdictions;

Consolidated EBITDA does not reflect the significant interest expense we incur as a result of our debt leverage;

Consolidated EBITDA does not reflect any attribution of costs to our operations related to our investments and capital expenditures through depreciation and amortization charges;

Consolidated EBITDA does not reflect the cost of compensation we provide to our employees in the form of stock option awards; and

Consolidated EBITDA excludes expenses that we believe are unusual or non-recurring, but which others may believe are normal expenses for the operation of a business.

The following is a reconciliation of net income to Consolidated EBITDA as defined in our senior credit facility.

|                               | <b>Three Months Ended</b> |             | <b>Nine months Ended</b> |             | <b>Twelve Months Ended</b> |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|
|                               | <b>September 30,</b>      |             | <b>September 30,</b>     |             | <b>September 30,</b>       |
|                               | <b>2014</b>               | <b>2013</b> | <b>2014</b>              | <b>2013</b> | <b>2014</b>                |
| Net income                    | \$ 40,827                 | \$ 43,466   | \$ 94,520                | \$ 91,014   | \$ 121,401                 |
| Interest expense, net         | 6,071                     | 9,036       | 19,738                   | 33,325      | 27,692                     |
| Income taxes                  | 8,997                     | (4,748)     | 33,306                   | 13,219      | 47,379                     |
| Depreciation and amortization | 24,661                    | 24,699      | 74,493                   | 74,441      | 99,832                     |

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|                                      |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| EBITDA                               | 80,556           | 72,453           | 222,057           | 211,999           | 296,304           |
| Purchase accounting adjustments (1)  |                  | (47)             | (27)              | (6)               | (73)              |
| Unusual or non-recurring charges (2) | (1,353)          | 217              | 5,231             | (2,315)           | 4,425             |
| Stock-based compensation             | 2,784            | 1,975            | 8,554             | 6,010             | 10,930            |
| Capital-based taxes                  |                  |                  | 6                 |                   | 188               |
| Other (3)                            | 118              | (38)             | 201               | 179               | 257               |
| <b>Consolidated EBITDA</b>           | <b>\$ 82,105</b> | <b>\$ 74,560</b> | <b>\$ 236,022</b> | <b>\$ 215,867</b> | <b>\$ 312,031</b> |

- (1) Purchase accounting adjustments include (a) an adjustment to increase rent expense by the amount that would have been recognized if lease obligations were not adjusted to fair value at the date of acquisitions and (b) an adjustment to increase revenues by the amount that would have been recognized if deferred revenue were not adjusted to fair value at the date of acquisitions.
- (2) Unusual or non-recurring charges include foreign currency gains and losses, severance expenses, proceeds from legal and other settlements and other one-time expenses, such as expenses associated with facilities consolidations, acquisitions and the sale of fixed assets.
- (3) Other includes the non-cash portion of straight-line rent expense.

Our covenant requirement for net senior secured leverage ratio and the actual ratio as of September 30, 2014 are as follows:

|   | <b>Covenant<br/>Requirement</b> | <b>Actual<br/>Ratio</b> |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Maximum consolidated net senior secured leverage to Consolidated EBITDA ratio (1) | 4.75x                           | 1.71x                   |

- (1) Calculated as the ratio of consolidated senior secured funded debt, net of cash and cash equivalents, to Consolidated EBITDA, as defined by the Credit Agreement, for the period of four consecutive fiscal quarters ended on the measurement date. Consolidated senior secured funded debt is comprised of indebtedness for borrowed money, notes, bonds or similar instruments, letters of credit, deferred purchase price obligations and capital lease obligations. This covenant is applied at the end of each quarter.

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**Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In August 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) issued Accounting Standards Update ( ASU ) No. 2014-15, Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern ( ASU 2014-15 ). This ASU establishes specific guidance to an organization's management on their responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about the organization's ability to continue as a going concern. The provisions of ASU 2014-15 are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. This ASU is not expected to have an impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) ( ASU 2014-09 ). The objective of ASU 2014-09 is to clarify the principles for recognizing revenue by removing inconsistencies and weaknesses in revenue requirements; providing a more robust framework for addressing revenue issues; improving comparability of revenue recognition practices across entities, industries, jurisdictions and capital markets; and providing more useful information to users of financial statements through improved revenue disclosure requirements. The provisions of ASU 2014-09 are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. We are currently evaluating the impact of this standard on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In July 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-11, Income Taxes (Topic 740) Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists ( ASU 2013-11 ). The objective of ASU 2013-11 is to end some inconsistent practices with regard to the presentation on the balance sheet of unrecognized tax benefits. ASU 2013-11 is effective for financial statement periods beginning after December 15, 2013, with early adoption permitted. The adoption of this standard in the first quarter of 2014 did not have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

**Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

We do not use derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes. We have invested our available cash in short-term, highly liquid financial instruments, having initial maturities of three months or less. When necessary, we have borrowed to fund acquisitions.

At September 30, 2014, we had total variable interest rate debt of \$608.0 million. As of September 30, 2014, a 1% increase in interest rates would result in an increase in interest expense of approximately \$3.4 million per year.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, approximately 33% of our revenues were from clients located outside the United States. A portion of the revenues from clients located outside the United States is denominated in foreign currencies, the majority being the Canadian dollar. While revenues and expenses of our foreign operations are primarily denominated in their respective local currencies, some subsidiaries do enter into certain transactions in currencies that are different from their local currency. These transactions consist primarily of cross-currency intercompany balances and trade receivables and payables. As a result of these transactions, we have exposure to changes in foreign currency exchange rates that result in foreign currency transaction gains and losses, which we report in other income (expense). These outstanding amounts were not material for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The amount of these balances can fluctuate in the future as we bill customers and buy products or services in currencies other than our functional currency, which could increase our exposure to foreign currency exchange rates. We continue to monitor our exposure to foreign exchange rates as a result of our acquisitions and changes in our operations. We do not enter into any market risk sensitive instruments for trading purposes.



The foregoing risk management discussion and the effect thereof are forward-looking statements. Actual results in the future may differ materially from these projected results due to actual developments in global financial markets. The analytical methods used by us to assess and minimize risk discussed above should not be considered projections of future events or losses.

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**Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

***Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures***

Our management, with the participation of our chief executive officer and chief financial officer (our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, respectively), evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2014. The term disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or Exchange Act, means controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives, and management necessarily applies its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. Based on the evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2014, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level.

***Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting***

There have not been any changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2014, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

**Table of Contents****PART II OTHER INFORMATION****ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

The information regarding certain legal proceedings in which we are involved as set forth in Note 7 Commitments and Contingencies of the Condensed Consolidated Notes to Financial Statements (Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q) is incorporated by reference into this Item 1.

**ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**

The following is a summary of our common stock repurchases in the third quarter of 2014:

| Period(1)                            | (a)<br>Total Number of<br>Shares<br>Purchased(2) | (b)<br>Average Price<br>Paid per<br>Share(3) | (c)  | (d)  |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|                                      |  |  | Total Number of<br>Shares Purchased<br>as Part of<br>Publicly<br>Announced<br>Plans<br>or<br>Programs(4) | Maximum Number (or<br>Approximate Dollar<br>Value) of Shares that<br>May Yet be Purchased<br>Under Plans or<br>Programs(5) |
| July 1, 2014 July 31, 2014           |  | \$   |  | \$ 91,670,583  |
| August 1, 2014 August 31, 2014       | 49,700   | \$ 43.17                                     | 49,700   | \$ 89,524,983  |
| September 1, 2014 September 30, 2014 | 39,000   | \$ 43.36                                     | 39,000   | \$ 87,834,080  |
| Total                                | 88,700   |  | 88,700   |  |

(1) Information is based on settlement dates of repurchase transactions.

(2) Consists of shares of our common stock, par value \$0.01 per share.

(3) Includes commissions paid.

(4) On October 31, 2013, we announced that our Board of Directors approved a one-year stock repurchase program for up to \$100.0 million of our common stock from time to time commencing in October 2013 on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions. See Note 3 to our condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

(5) Dollar amounts represented reflect \$100.0 million minus the total aggregate amount purchased as of the end of such month and aggregate commissions paid in connection therewith.

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

The exhibits listed in the Exhibit Index immediately preceding such exhibits are filed as part of this Report.

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**SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

SS&C TECHNOLOGIES HOLDINGS, INC.

By: /s/ Patrick J. Pedonti  
Patrick J. Pedonti

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(Duly Authorized Officer, Principal Financial and

Accounting Officer)

Date: November 5, 2014

**Table of Contents****EXHIBIT INDEX**

| <b>Exhibit<br/>Number</b> | <b>Description of Exhibit</b>   |
|---------------------------|---|
| 31.1                      | Certifications of the Registrant's Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002  |
| 31.2                      | Certifications of the Registrant's Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002  |
| 32                        | Certification of the Registrant's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (furnished and not filed for purposes of sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act and section 18 of the Exchange Act) |
| 101.INS                   | XBRL Instance Document.*  |
| 101.SCH                   | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.*   |
| 101.CAL                   | XBRL Taxonomy Calculation Linkbase Document.*   |
| 101.LAB                   | XBRL Taxonomy Label Linkbase Document.*   |
| 101.PRE                   | XBRL Taxonomy Presentation Linkbase Document.*  |
| 101.DEF                   | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.*  |

\* submitted electronically herewith

Attached as Exhibit 101 to this report are the following formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 and (iv) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.