MULTI COLOR Corp Form 10-Q August 09, 2013 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2013

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission File Number 0-16148

Multi-Color Corporation

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

OHIO (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) 31-1125853 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

4053 Clough Woods Dr.

Batavia, Ohio 45103

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Registrant s Telephone Number (513) 381-1480

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, a accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (Check one):

Large accelerated Filer "Accelerated Filer Smaller reporting company Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common shares, no par value 16,357,517 (as of July 31, 2013)

MULTI-COLOR CORPORATION

FORM 10-Q

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This report contains certain statements that are not historical facts that constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and that are intended to be covered by the safe harbors created by that Act. Reliance should not be placed on forward-looking statements because they involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied. Such forward-looking statements speak only as of the date made. The Company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which they are made.

Statements concerning expected financial performance, on-going business strategies, and possible future actions which the Company intends to pursue in order to achieve strategic objectives constitute forward-looking information. Implementation of these strategies and the achievement of such financial performance are each subject to numerous conditions, uncertainties and risk factors. Factors which could cause actual performance by the Company to differ materially from these forward-looking statements include, without limitation, factors discussed in conjunction with a forward-looking statement; changes in general economic and business conditions; the ability to consummate and successfully integrate acquisitions; ability to recognize the benefits of acquisitions, including potential synergies and cost savings; failure of an acquisition or acquired company to achieve its plans and objectives generally; risk that proposed or consummated acquisitions may disrupt operations or pose difficulties in employee retention or otherwise affect financial or operating results; ability to manage foreign operations; currency exchange rate fluctuations; the success and financial condition of the Company s significant customers; competition; acceptance of new product offerings; changes in business strategy or plans; quality of management; the Company s ability to maintain an effective system of internal control; availability, terms and development of capital and credit; cost and price changes; raw material cost pressures; availability of raw materials; ability to pass raw material cost increases to its customers; business abilities and judgment of personnel; changes in, or the failure to comply with, government regulations, legal proceedings and developments; risk associated with significant leverage; increases in general interest rate levels affecting the Company s interest costs; ability to manage global political uncertainty; and terrorism and political unrest. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. In addition to the factors described in this paragraph, Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form

10-K for the year ended March 31, 2013 contains a list and description of uncertainties, risks and other matters that may affect the Company.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) MULTI-COLOR CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Mo	onths Ended
	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012
Net revenues	\$ 166,843	\$ 165,010
Cost of revenues	136,411	134,087
Gross profit	30,432	30,923
Selling, general and administrative expenses	14,333	13,652
Operating income	16,099	17,271
Interest expense	5,176	5,565
Other (income) expense, net	386	(101)
Income before income taxes	10,537	11,807
Income tax expense	3,865	3,911
Net income	\$ 6,672	\$ 7,896
Weighted average shares and equivalents outstanding:		
Basic	16,278	16,116
Diluted	16,527	16,276
Basic earnings per common share	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.49
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.49
Dividends per common share	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.05

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

MULTI-COLOR CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(unaudited)

(in thousands)

	Three Months Ended		ded
	June 30, 2013 June 30, 2		30, 2012
Net income	\$ 6,672	\$	7,896
Other comprehensive income (loss):			
Unrealized foreign currency translation loss (1)	(12,399)		(7,420)
Unrealized gain (loss) on interest rate swaps, net of tax (2)	803		(870)
Total other comprehensive loss	(11,596)		(8,290)
Comprehensive loss	\$ (4,924)	\$	(394)

⁽¹⁾ Amount is not net of tax as the earnings are reinvested within foreign jurisdictions. The amount for the three months ended June 30, 2012 includes a tax impact of \$574 related to the settlement of a Euro denominated loan.

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

²⁾ Amount is net of tax of \$503 and \$556 for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

MULTI-COLOR CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share data)

	Jui	ne 30, 2013	Mar	ch 31, 2013
ASSETS	9	,		
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,740	\$	15,737
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$1,941 and \$1,652 at June 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013,		,		- ,
respectively		100,219		102,996
Other receivables		4,822		4,257
Inventories, net		50,752		48,734
Deferred income tax assets		9,772		9,796
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		7,005		9,024
		.,		-,
Total current assets		188,310		190,544
Assets held for sale		60		60
Property, plant and equipment, net		182,366		178,552
Goodwill		342,838		347,671
Intangible assets, net		114,234		116,785
Deferred financing fees and other non-current assets		4,778		5,271
Deferred income tax assets		569		667
Total assets	\$	833,155	\$	839,550
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LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Current portion of long-term debt	\$	28,575	\$	23,946
Accounts payable		64,579		61,759
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		31,753		36,732
		- ,		/
Total current liabilities		124,907		122,437
Long-term debt		372,324		378,910
Deferred income tax liabilities		45,056		43,115
Other liabilities		19,425		20,064
		,		,
Total liabilities		561,712		564,526
Commitments and contingencies		201,712		301,320
Stockholders equity:				
Preferred stock, no par value, 1,000 shares authorized, no shares outstanding				
Common stock, no par value, stated value of \$0.10 per share; 25,000 shares authorized, 16,427 and				
16,246 shares issued at June 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively		980		971
Paid-in capital		128,284		126,174
Treasury stock, 89 shares at cost at June 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013		(1,114)		(1,114)
Restricted stock		(567)		(591)
Retained earnings		152,972		147,100
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		(9,112)		2,484
Accumulated outer comprehensive meetine (1955)		(2,112)		2,707
Total steelshalders equity		271 442		275 024
Total stockholders equity		271,443		275,024

Total liabilities and stockholders equity

\$ 833,155

839,550

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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MULTI-COLOR CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited)

(in thousands)

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2013 June 30, 20		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net income	\$ 6,672	\$	7,896
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	6,903		6,765
Amortization of intangible assets	2,204		2,258
Amortization of deferred financing costs	495		495
Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	51		211
Stock based compensation expense	335		291
Excess tax benefit from stock based compensation	(91)		(16)
Deferred income taxes, net	1,403		877
Net decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	2,146		(656)
Net increase in inventories	(2,597)		(3,380)
Net decrease in prepaid expenses and other	1,239		227
Net increase in accounts payable	3,958		771
Net decrease in accrued expenses and other liabilities	(4,231)		(1,994)
Net cash provided by operating activities	18,487		13,745
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Capital expenditures	(12,609)		(4,283)
Investment in acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(7,495)		(15,979)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	77		6
Net cash used in investing activities	(20,027)		(20,256)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Borrowings under revolving lines of credit	90,521		72,544
Payments under revolving lines of credit	(86,425)		(39,050)
Borrowings of long-term debt	1,751		
Repayment of long-term debt	(5,095)		(4,125)
Payment of York deferred payment			(14,380)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	1,716		128
Excess tax benefit from stock based compensation	91		16
Dividends paid	(813)		(807)
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,746		14,326
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash	(203)		(216)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	3		7,599
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	15,737		10,014
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 15,740	\$	17,613

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

See Note 16 for supplemental cash flow disclosures.

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MULTI-COLOR CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share data)

1. Description of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

The Company

Multi-Color Corporation (Multi-Color, MCC, We, Us, Our or the Company), headquartered in Cincinnati, Ohio, is a leader in global label solutions supporting a number of the world s most prominent brands including leading producers of home & personal care, wine & spirit, food & beverage, healthcare and specialty consumer products. MCC serves international brand owners in North, Central and South America, Europe, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and China with a comprehensive range of the latest label technologies in Pressure Sensitive, Glue-Applied (Cut and Stack), In-Mold, Shrink Sleeve and Heat Transfer.

Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by the Company, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Although certain information and footnote disclosures, normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP), have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company s 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The information furnished in these condensed consolidated financial statements reflects all estimates and adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to present fairly the results for the interim periods reported.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. Certain prior period balances have been reclassified to conform to current year classifications.

Use of Estimates in Financial Statements

In preparing financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP, management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue on sales of products when the customer receives title to the goods, which is generally upon shipment or delivery depending on sales terms, persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the sales price is fixed or determinable and collectibility is reasonably assured. Revenues are generally denominated in the currency of the country from which the product is shipped and are net of applicable returns and discounts.

Shipping fees billed to customers are included in net revenues and shipping costs are included in cost of revenues in the consolidated statements of income. Taxes collected from customers and remitted to governmental authorities in applicable jurisdictions are excluded from net revenues.

Accounts Receivable

Our customers are primarily major consumer product, food & beverage, and wine & spirit companies and container manufacturers. Accounts receivable consist of amounts due from customers in connection with our normal business activities and are carried at sales value less allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance for doubtful accounts is established to reflect the expected losses of accounts receivable based on past

collection history, age, account payment status compared to invoice payment terms and specific individual risks identified. The delinquency of a receivable account is determined based on these factors. The Company does not accrue interest on aged accounts receivable. Allowances are recorded and charged to expense when an account is determined to be uncollectible.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market value and are maintained using the FIFO (first-in, first-out) or specific identification method. Excess and obsolete cost reductions are generally established based on inventory age.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost.

Depreciation expense, which includes the amortization of assets recorded under capital leases, is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, or the remaining terms of the leases, as follows:

Buildings	20-39 years
Machinery and equipment	3-15 years
Computers	3-5 years
Furniture and fixtures	5-10 years

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Goodwill and Other Acquired Intangible Assets

Goodwill is not amortized and the Company tests goodwill for impairment annually, as of the last day of February of each fiscal year. Impairment is also tested when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the assets carrying values may be greater than the fair values. Intangible assets with definite useful lives are amortized over periods of up to twenty years based on a number of assumptions including estimated period of economic benefit and utilization. Intangible assets are also tested for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the assets carrying values may be greater than their fair values.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

We review long-lived assets for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that assets might be impaired and the related carrying amounts may not be recoverable. The determination of whether impairment exists involves various estimates and assumptions, including the determination of the undiscounted cash flows estimated to be generated by the assets involved in the review. The cash flow estimates are based upon our historical experience, adjusted to reflect estimated future market and operating conditions. Measurement of an impairment loss requires a determination of fair value. We base our estimates of fair values on quoted market prices when available, independent appraisals as appropriate and industry trends or other market knowledge. Changes in market conditions and/or losses of a production line could have a material impact on the condensed consolidated statements of income.

Income Taxes

The Company is subject to income taxes in both the United States and numerous foreign jurisdictions. Income taxes are recorded based on the current year amounts payable or refundable. Deferred income taxes are recognized at the enacted tax rates for the expected future tax consequences related to temporary differences between amounts reported for income tax purposes and financial reporting purposes as well as any tax attributes. Deferred income taxes are not provided for the undistributed earnings of subsidiaries operating outside of the U.S. that have been permanently reinvested in foreign operations.

We regularly review our deferred income tax balances for each jurisdiction to estimate whether these deferred income tax balances are more likely than not to be realized based on the information currently available. Projected future taxable income is based on forecasted results and assumptions as to the jurisdiction in which the income will be earned. The timing of reversals of any existing temporary differences is based on our methods of accounting for income taxes and current tax legislation. Unless the deferred tax balances are more likely than not to be realized, a valuation allowance is established to reduce the carrying values of any deferred tax balances until circumstances indicate that realization becomes more likely than not.

The Company establishes reserves for income tax related uncertainties based on estimates of whether it is more likely than not that the tax uncertainty would be sustained upon challenge by the appropriate tax authorities which would then result in additional taxes, penalties and interest due. Provisions for and changes to these reserves and any related net interest and penalties are included in income tax expense in the condensed consolidated statements of income. Significant judgment is required when evaluating our tax provisions and determining our provision for income taxes. We regularly review our tax positions and we adjust the reserves as circumstances change.

Earnings per Common Share

Basic earnings per common share (EPS) is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income by the sum of the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period plus if dilutive, potential common shares outstanding during the period. Potential common shares outstanding during the period consist of restricted shares and the incremental common shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options and are reflected in diluted EPS by application of the treasury stock method.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company accounts for derivative financial instruments by recognizing derivative instruments as either assets or liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets at fair value and recognizing the resulting gains or losses as adjustments to the condensed consolidated statements of income or accumulated other comprehensive income. The Company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

The Company manages interest costs using a mixture of fixed rate and variable rate debt. Additionally, the Company enters into interest rate swaps (Swaps) whereby it agrees to exchange with a counterparty, at specified intervals, the difference between fixed and variable interest

amounts calculated by reference to an agreed upon notional principal amount.

The Company s Swaps have been designated as effective cash flow hedges at inception. The Company evaluates effectiveness on an ongoing quarterly basis and therefore, any changes in fair value are recorded in other comprehensive income. If a hedge or portion thereof were determined to be ineffective, any changes in fair value would be recorded in other income and expense in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

The Company manages foreign currency exchange rate risk of foreign currency denominated firm commitments to purchase presses and other equipment by entering into forward currency contracts. The forward contracts have been designated as effective fair value hedges at inception. The Company evaluates effectiveness on an ongoing quarterly basis and therefore, any changes in fair value are recorded in other income and expense in the condensed consolidated statements of income to offset the foreign currency effect of the transactions.

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Fair Value Measurements

The carrying value of financial instruments approximates fair value.

The Company defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. To increase consistency and comparability in fair value measurements, the Company uses a three-level hierarchy that prioritizes the use of observable inputs. The three levels are:

- Level 1 Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs

The determination of where an asset or liability falls in the hierarchy requires significant judgment.

The Company has three non-amortizing interest rate Swaps with a total notional amount of \$125,000 at June 30, 2013 to convert variable interest rates on a portion of outstanding debt to fixed interest rates. The Company adjusts the carrying value of these derivatives to their estimated fair values and records the adjustment in accumulated other comprehensive income.

The Company has entered into multiple forward contracts to fix the purchase price in U.S. dollars of foreign currency denominated firm commitments to purchase presses and other equipment. The forward contracts are designated as fair value hedges. The Company adjusts the carrying value of the derivative to the estimated fair value and records the adjustment other income and expense in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

Fair value measurements of nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities are primarily used in goodwill, other intangible assets and long-lived assets impairment analyses, the valuation of acquired intangibles and in the valuation of assets held for sale. The Company tests goodwill for impairment annually, as of the last day of February of each fiscal year. Impairment is also tested when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the assets carrying values may be greater than the fair values.

Foreign Exchange

The functional currency of each of the Company subsidiaries is generally the currency of the country in which the subsidiary operates. Assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated using period end exchange rates, and revenues and expenses are translated using average exchange rates during each period. Translation gains and losses are reported in accumulated other comprehensive income as a component of stockholders equity. Transaction gains and losses are reported in other income and expense in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

Stock Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock based compensation based on the fair value of the award, which is recognized as expense over the requisite service period. The Company s stock based compensation expense for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 was \$335 and \$291, respectively.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued revised accounting guidance on the reporting of reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income. The amendment requires an entity to present, either on the face of the statement where net income is presented or in the notes, significant amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by the respective line items of net income if the amount is required to be reclassified to net income in its entirety in the same reporting period. For other amounts that are not required to be reclassified in their entirety to net income, an entity is required to cross-reference to other disclosures that provide additional detail about those amounts. This guidance is effective prospectively for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2012, which for the Company was the fiscal year beginning April 1, 2013. This guidance did not have a material impact on the Company.

2. Earnings Per Common Share

The following is a reconciliation of the number of shares used in the basic EPS and diluted EPS computations:

	Three Months Ended			
	June 3	June 30, 2013		0, 2012
		Per Share		Per Share
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount
Basic EPS	16,278	\$ 0.41	16,116	\$ 0.49
Effect of dilutive stock options and restricted shares	249	(0.01)	160	
Diluted EPS	16,527	\$ 0.40	16,276	\$ 0.49

The Company excluded 169 and 606 options to purchase shares in the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, from the computation of diluted EPS because these shares would have an anti-dilutive effect.

3. Inventories

The Company s inventories consisted of the following:

	June 30, 2013	March 31, 2013
Finished goods	\$ 29,417	\$ 26,839
Work-in-process	6,766	7,918
Raw materials	18,355	18,533
Total inventories, gross	54,538	53,290
Inventory reserves	(3,786)	(4,556)
Total inventories, net	\$ 50,752	\$ 48,734

4. Debt

The components of the Company s debt consisted of the following:

	Jur	ne 30, 2013	Mar	ch 31, 2013
U.S. Revolving Credit Facility, 3.95% weighted variable interest rate at June 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, due in 2016	\$	55,200	\$	88,125
Term Loan Facility, 3.78% variable interest rate at June 30, 2013	φ	33,200	φ	00,123
and March 31, 2013, due in quarterly installments from 2013 to 2016		305,250		309,375
Australian Sub-Facility, 6.37% variable interest rate at June 30, 2013, due in 2016		34,184		
Capital leases		2,185		2,747
Other subsidiary debt		4,080		2,609
Total debt		400,899		402,856
Less current portion of debt		(28,575)		(23,946)
Total long-term debt	\$	372,324	\$	378,910

The following is a schedule of future annual principal payments as of June 30, 2013:

	Debt	Capi	tal Leases	Total
July 2013 - June 2014	\$ 27,179	\$	1,396	\$ 28,575
July 2014 - June 2015	34,045		689	34,734
July 2015 - June 2016	41,747		100	41,847
July 2016 - June 2017	295,672			295,672
July 2017 - June 2018	40			40
Thereafter	31			31
Total	\$ 398,714	\$	2,185	\$ 400,899

On February 29, 2008, the Company executed a five year \$200,000 credit agreement with a consortium of bank lenders (Credit Facility) with an original expiration date in 2013. As a result of the first through fifth amendments, which were executed in fiscal 2011 through fiscal 2013, the following current provisions are in place for the Credit Facility. The expiration date is August 2016. The Credit Facility contains an election to

increase the facility by up to an additional \$100,000, subject to agreement by one or more lenders to increase its commitment. The consolidated leverage ratio permitted is 4.50 to 1.00 for December 31, 2012 through March 31, 2013 with scheduled step downs to 3.50 to 1.00 in future periods, and the consolidated interest coverage ratio is not to be less than 4.00 to 1.00.

The Credit Facility may be used for working capital, capital expenditures and other corporate purposes. Loans under the U.S. Revolving Credit Facility and Term Loan Facility bear interest either at: (i) base rate (as defined in the credit agreement) plus the applicable margin for such loans which ranges from 1.00% to 2.50%; or (ii) the applicable London interbank offered rate, plus the applicable margin for such loans which ranges from 2.00% to 3.50% based on the Company s leverage ratio at the time of the borrowing. Loans under the Australian Sub-Facility bear interest at the BBSY Rate plus the applicable margin for such loans, which ranges from 2.00% to 3.50% based on the Company s leverage ratio at the time of the borrowing.

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At June 30, 2013, the aggregate commitment amount of \$475,250 under the Credit Facility is comprised of the following: (i) a \$130,000 revolving Credit Facility that allows the Company to borrow in alternative currencies up to the equivalent of \$50,000 (U.S. Revolving Credit Facility); (ii) the Australian dollar equivalent of a \$40,000 revolving Credit Facility (Australian Sub-Facility); and (iii) a \$305,250 term loan facility (Term Loan Facility) which amortizes quarterly based on an escalating percentage of the initial aggregate value of the Term Loan Facility. The Term Loan Facility amortizes quarterly based on the following schedule: (i) June 30, 2013 through December 31, 2013 amortization of \$4,125, (ii) March 31, 2014 through December 31, 2015 amortization of \$8,250 and (iii) March 31, 2016 through June 30, 2016 amortization of \$12,375, with the balance due at maturity.

The Company incurred \$8,562 of debt issuance costs in fiscal 2012 related to the debt modification, which are being deferred and amortized over the life of the amended Credit Facility. In conjunction with the modification to our debt in the third amendment to the Credit Facility, we analyzed the new loan costs related to the amended Credit Facility and the existing unamortized loan costs related to the prior agreement allocated to the revolving line of credit, prior term loan and amended term loan separately to determine the amount of costs to be capitalized and the amount to be expensed. As a result of the analysis, the Company recorded a charge to interest expense of \$490 in fiscal 2012 to write-off certain deferred financing fees, which were paid to originate the prior agreement, including the unamortized portion of the loan costs allocated to creditors no longer participating in the amended Credit Facility. The unamortized portion of loan costs allocated to creditors participating in both the original and amended Credit Facility are being amortized over the term of the modified agreement.

The Company recorded \$495 in interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 in the condensed consolidated statements of income to amortize deferred financing costs.

Available borrowings under the Credit Facility at June 30, 2013 consisted of \$74,800 under the U.S. Revolving Credit Facility and \$5,816 under the Australian Sub-Facility. The Company also has various other uncommitted lines of credit available at June 30, 2013 in the amount of \$8,748.

The Credit Facility contains customary representations and warranties as well as customary negative and affirmative covenants which require the Company to maintain the following financial covenants at June 30, 2013: (i) a minimum consolidated net worth; (ii) a maximum consolidated leverage ratio of 4.25 to 1.00 and (iii) a minimum consolidated interest charge coverage ratio of 4.00 to 1.00. The Credit Facility contains customary mandatory and optional prepayment provisions, customary events of default, and is secured by the capital stock of subsidiaries, intercompany debt and all of the Company s property and assets, but excluding real property. The Company is in compliance with all covenants under the Credit Facility as of June 30, 2013.

Capital Leases

The present value of the net minimum payments on the capitalized leases is as follows:

	June	30, 2013	Marc	h 31, 2013
Total minimum lease payments	\$	2,268	\$	2,858
Less amount representing interest		(83)		(111)
Present value of net minimum lease payments		2,185		2,747
Current portion		(1,396)		(1,693)
Capitalized lease obligations, less current portion	\$	789	\$	1,054

The capitalized leases carry interest rates from 2% to 9% and mature from fiscal 2014 to fiscal 2016.

5. Major Customers

During the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, sales to major customers (those exceeding 10% of the Company s net revenues in one or more of the periods presented) approximated 15% and 13%, respectively, of the Company s consolidated net revenues. All of these sales were made to the Procter & Gamble Company.

In addition, accounts receivable balances from the Procter & Gamble Company approximated 5% of the Company s total accounts receivable balance at June 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013. The loss or substantial reduction of the business of this major customer could have a material

adverse impact on the Company s results of operations and cash flows.

6. Income Taxes

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, various foreign jurisdictions and various state and local jurisdictions where the statutes of limitations generally range from three to five years. At June 30, 2013, the Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal examinations by tax authorities for years before fiscal 2009. The Company is no longer subject to state and local examinations by tax authorities for years before fiscal 2008. In foreign jurisdictions, the Company is no longer subject to examinations by tax authorities for years before fiscal 1999.

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The benefits of tax positions are not recorded unless it is more likely than not the tax position would be sustained upon challenge by the appropriate tax authorities. Tax benefits that are more likely than not to be sustained are measured at the largest amount of benefit that is cumulatively greater than a 50% likelihood of being realized.

As of June 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, the Company had liabilities of \$3,415 and \$3,411, respectively, recorded for unrecognized tax benefits for U.S. federal, state and foreign tax jurisdictions. During the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, the Company recognized \$76 and \$(20), respectively, of interest and penalties in income tax expense in the condensed consolidated statements of income. The liability for the gross amount of interest and penalties at June 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, was \$1,644 and \$1,568, respectively. The liability for unrecognized tax benefits is classified in other noncurrent liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheets for the portion of the liability where payment of cash is not anticipated within one year of the balance sheet date. During the three months ended June 30, 2013, the Company did not release any reserves, including interest and penalties, related to uncertain tax positions that have been settled. The Company believes it is reasonably possible that approximately \$229 of unrecognized tax benefits as of June 30, 2013 will decrease within the next 12 months due to the lapse of statute of limitations and settlements of certain foreign income tax matters. The liability for these unrecognized tax benefits is classified in accrued expenses and other liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would favorably impact the effective tax rate are \$3,415.

7. Financial Instruments

Historically, the Company has used interest rate swap agreements (Swaps) in order to manage its exposure to interest rate fluctuations under variable rate borrowings. Swaps involve the exchange of fixed and variable rate interest payments and do not represent an actual exchange of the underlying notional amounts between the two parties. The Swaps have been designated as cash flow hedges, with the effective portion of the gains and losses, net of tax, recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income.

In April 2008, the Company entered into two Swaps, a \$40,000 non-amortizing Swap and a \$40,000 amortizing Swap, to convert variable interest rates on a portion of outstanding debt to fixed interest rates. The Swaps expired in February 2013 and resulted in interest payments based on fixed rates of 3.45% for the non-amortizing Swap and 3.04% for the amortizing Swap, plus the applicable margin per the requirements in the Credit Facility ranging from 2.00% to 3.50% based on the Company s leverage ratio.

In October 2011, in connection with the draw down of the \$315,000 term loan for the acquisition of York Label Group, the Company entered into three forward starting non-amortizing Swaps for a total notional amount of \$125,000 to convert variable rate debt for fixed rate debt. The Swaps became effective October 2012 and expire in August 2016. The Swaps result in interest payments based on an average fixed rate of 1.396% plus the applicable margin per the requirements in the Credit Facility.

The Swaps are designated as highly effective cash flow hedges, with the effective portion of gains and losses, net of tax, recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income and measured on an ongoing basis. At June 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, the fair value of the Swaps was a net liability of \$2,159 and \$3,465, respectively, and was included in other long-term liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. See Note 10 for additional information on the fair value of the Swaps.

Foreign currency exchange risk arises from our international operations in Australia, Europe, South America, Canada, China and South Africa as well as from transactions with customers or suppliers denominated in foreign currencies. The functional currency of each of the Company s subsidiaries is generally the currency of the country in which the subsidiary operates. At times, the Company uses forward currency contracts to manage the impact of fluctuations in currency exchange rates.

At June 30, 2013, the Company has entered into multiple foreign currency forward contracts to fix the purchase price in U.S. dollars of foreign currency denominated firm commitments to purchase presses and other equipment. The forward contracts are designated as fair value hedges and changes in the fair value of the contracts are recorded in other income and expense in the condensed consolidated statements of income in the same period during which the related item affects the condensed consolidated statements of income. The net fair value of the contracts is an asset of \$20 and a liability of \$73 at June 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively. See Note 10 for additional information on the fair value of the contracts.

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8. Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities

The Company s accrued expenses and other liabilities consisted of the following:

	June 30, 2013	March 31, 2013
Deferred payment (1)	\$ 6,929	\$ 6,929
Accrued payroll and benefits	14,895	15,076
Unrecognized tax benefits (including interest and penalties)	229	225
Accrued income taxes	2,153	1,152
Professional fees	380	482
Accrued taxes other than income taxes	1,239	1,205
Deferred lease incentive	493	518
Accrued interest	107	197
Accrued severance	307	580
Customer rebates	944	1,061
Deferred press payments	1,290	4,418
Other	2,787	4,889
	·	
Total accrued expenses and other liabilities	\$ 31,753	\$ 36,732

(1) The balance at June 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013 consisted of a deferred payment of \$6,929 related to the acquisition of York Label Group that was to be paid on April 1, 2012. This \$6,929 related to the acquisition of York Label Group is subject to dispute as further described in Note 15 and was placed in an escrow account controlled by the Company.

9. Acquisitions

Labelgraphics (Holdings) Ltd. (Labelgraphics) Summary

On April 2, 2012, the Company acquired 100% of Labelgraphics, a wine & spirit label specialist located in Glasgow, Scotland. The acquisition expanded MCC s global presence in the wine & spirit label market, particularly in the United Kingdom. The results of Labelgraphics operations were included in the Company s condensed consolidated financial statements beginning April 2, 2012.

The purchase price for Labelgraphics consisted of the following:

Cash from proceeds of borrowings	\$ 16,024
Deferred payment	5,149
Contingent consideration	3,461
D 1 ' 1 C 114 1	21/21
Purchase price, before debt assumed	24,634
Net debt assumed	24,634
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The cash portion of the purchase price was funded through borrowings under the Credit Facility (see Note 4 for details of the Credit Facility). Assumed net debt includes \$757 of bank debt and capital leases less \$45 of cash acquired. The purchase price includes a future performance based earn out of approximately 15% of the above total which will be paid out in July 2014 assuming certain financial targets are met. The Company spent \$394 in acquisition expenses related to the Labelgraphics acquisition, which was recorded in selling, general and administrative expense in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

Purchase Price Allocation and Other Items

The determination of the final purchase price and its allocation to specific assets acquired and liabilities assumed for Labelgraphics was finalized during the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2013 once independent fair value appraisals of assets and liabilities and valuation of tax liabilities were finalized. There were no material changes to the preliminary purchase price or related allocation for Labelgraphics.

Based on fair value estimates, the final purchase price for Labelgraphics has been allocated to individual assets acquired and liabilities assumed as follows:

	Labe	elgraphics
Assets Acquired:		
Accounts receivable	\$	3,275
Inventories		1,794
Property, plant and equipment		8,680
Intangible assets		10,319
Goodwill		9,786
Other assets		2,679
Total assets acquired		36,533
Liabilities Assumed:		
Accounts payable		6,954
Accrued income taxes payable		693
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		375
Net debt assumed		712
Deferred tax liabilities		3,165
Total liabilities assumed		11,899
Net assets acquired	\$	24,634

The estimated fair value of identifiable intangible assets and their estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Labelgi	raphics
	Fair	Useful
	Value	Lives
Customer relationships	\$ 9,775	20 years
Trademarks	320	2 years
Non-compete agreements	224	5 years
Total identifiable intangible assets	\$ 10,319	

Identifiable intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives based on a number of assumptions including the estimated period of economic benefit and utilization.

The goodwill for Labelgraphics is attributable to access to the UK spirit label market and the acquired workforce. None of the goodwill arising from the Labelgraphics acquisitions is deductible for income tax purposes. Below is a roll-forward of the acquisition goodwill from acquisition date to June 30, 2013:

	Labelgraphics
Balance at acquisition date	\$ 9,786
Foreign exchange impact	(496)
Balance at June 30, 2013	\$ 9,290

The accounts receivable acquired as part of the Labelgraphics acquisition had a fair value of \$3,275 at the acquisition date. The gross contractual value of the receivables prior to any adjustments was \$3,403 and the estimated contractual cash flows that are not expected to be collected are \$128.

Other Acquisition Activity

During the three months ended June 30, 2013, the Company completed acquisitions in Australia and France for \$7,495. In Adelaide, Australia, MCC acquired Labelmakers Wine Division. In the Champagne region of France, MCC acquired Imprimerie Champenoise, which increases our ability to support local champagne producers in the region. The results of operations of these acquired businesses have been included in the condensed consolidated financial statements since the date of acquisition and have been determined to be individually and collectively immaterial for further disclosure.

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On October 3, 2011, the Company acquired York Label Group (York), including its joint venture in Santiago, Chile, for \$329,204 plus net debt assumed of \$9,870. York, which was headquartered in Omaha, Nebraska, is a leader in the home & personal care, food & beverage and wine & spirit label markets with manufacturing facilities in the U.S., Canada and Chile.

As part of the purchase price, the Company issued 2,664 shares of its common stock, valued at \$46,684, to York with a restriction on sale or transfer within two years of the closing date. All shares are restricted from sale until the one year anniversary of the closing date of the transaction and 50% of the shares are restricted from sale from the one year anniversary date to the two year anniversary date of the closing of the transaction

Of the purchase price, \$21,309 was to be paid on April 1, 2012 and of this amount, \$2,500 was required to be deposited into an escrow account to satisfy DLJ South American Partners, L.P. (DLJ) sindemnification obligations with respect to the transaction. On April 1, 2012, the Company paid DLJ \$11,880 and deposited \$2,500 into escrow in accordance with the Purchase Agreement. The balance due DLJ (\$6,929) is subject to dispute as further described in Note 15 and was placed into a separate escrow account controlled by the Company.

On July 1, 2011, the Company acquired Warszawski Dom Handlowy (WDH), a consumer products and spirit label company located in Warsaw, Poland, for \$7,760 plus net debt assumed of \$4,019. The purchase price included a contingent payment to be made to the selling shareholders if certain financial targets were reached. The financial targets were reached in calendar year 2011 and the contingent payment and deferred payment were made in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012. The Company had \$382 and \$390 in escrow at June 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively, which is deferred for three years after the closing date. Any change in escrow amounts would represent an offset to additional assumed liabilities with no change in the purchase price.

On May 2, 2011, the Company entered into agreements to buy 70% ownership in two label operations in Latin America; one in Santiago, Chile and the other in Mendoza, Argentina with a regional partner owning the remaining 30%. MCC s investment including debt assumed was approximately \$3,900. These companies focus on providing premium labels to the expanding Latin American wine & spirit markets. In September 2011, the Company bought the regional partner s 30% ownership interest in the two label operations in Latin America for 40 shares of Multi-Color common stock. As a result, MCC now owns 100% of the label operations in Chile and Argentina.

On April 1, 2011, the Company acquired La Cromografica, an Italian wine label specialist located in Florence, Italy, for \$9,880 payable in cash plus net debt assumed of \$1,628.

On October 1, 2010, the Company acquired Monroe Etiquette, a French wine label specialist, for \$9,896 plus net debt assumed of \$506. The seller received approximately 89% of the proceeds in the form of cash on October 1, 2010. The remaining 11% of the purchase price will be paid in cash, but is deferred for five years after the closing date.

On July 1, 2010, the Company acquired Guidotti CentroStampa. The Company had \$4,086 and \$4,025 at June 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively, in an escrow account related to this acquisition. The escrow will be released from the first to the fifth anniversary of the date of closing in the amount of 2% of the purchase price per year in accordance with the provisions of the escrow agreement.

10. Fair Value Measurements

The Company defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. To increase consistency and comparability in fair value measurements, the Company uses a three-level hierarchy that prioritizes the use of observable inputs. The three levels are:

- Level 1 Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs

The determination of where an asset or liability falls in the hierarchy requires significant judgment.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company has three non-amortizing interest rate Swaps with a total notional amount of \$125,000 at June 30, 2013 to convert variable interest rates on a portion of outstanding debt to fixed interest rates. The Company adjusts the carrying value of these derivatives to their estimated fair values and records the adjustment in accumulated other comprehensive income. See Note 7 for additional information on the Swaps.

The Company has entered into multiple foreign currency forward contracts to fix the purchase price in U.S. dollars of foreign currency denominated firm commitments to purchase presses and other equipment. The forward contracts are designated as fair value hedges and changes in the fair value of the contracts are recorded in other income and expense in the condensed consolidated statements of income in the same period during which the related item affects the condensed consolidated statements of income. See Note 7 for additional information on the foreign currency forward contracts.

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At June 30, 2013, the Company carried the following financial assets and liabilities at fair value:

			Fair Value Measurer	nent Using
		Quoted Prices i	n	
	A	ctive Markets f	or	
		Identical		
		Assets	Significant Other	Significant
	Fair Value at	(Level	Observable Inputs	Unobservable Inputs
	June 30, 2013	1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Interest rate swaps	\$ (2,159)		\$ (2,159)	
Foreign currency forward contracts	\$ 20		20	

At March 31, 2013, the Company carried the following financial assets and liabilities at fair value:

		Fair Value Measurement Using			
		Quoted Prices in			
	A	active Markets for	or		
		Identical			
		Assets	Significant Other	Significant	
	Fair Value at	(Level	Observable Inputs	Unobservable Inputs	
	March 31, 2013	1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Interest rate swaps	\$ (3,465)		\$ (3,465)		
Foreign currency forward contracts	(73)		(73)		

The Company values interest rate Swaps using proprietary pricing models based on well recognized financial principles and available market data. The Company values foreign currency forward contracts by using spot rates at the date of valuation.

Other Fair Value Measurements

Fair value measurements of nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities are primarily used in goodwill, other intangible assets and long-lived assets impairment analyses, the valuation of acquired intangibles and in the valuation of assets held for sale. The Company tests goodwill for impairment annually, as of the last day of February of each fiscal year. Impairment is also tested when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the assets carrying values may be greater than the fair values. In fiscal year 2013 and 2012, the Company did not adjust goodwill or intangible assets to their fair values on a nonrecurring basis. Goodwill and intangible assets are valued using Level 3 inputs.

As part of the recent acquisitions, the Company acquired presses that were appraised and adjusted to their fair value as part of the purchase price accounting. See Note 9 for further information regarding the acquisitions. The carrying value of cash and equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and debt approximate fair value. The fair value of long-term debt is based on observable inputs, including quoted market prices for similar instruments (Level 2).

11. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The components of the Company s accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) consisted of the following:

	June 30, 2013	March	n 31, 2013
Net unrealized foreign currency translation adjustments	\$ (7,326)	\$	5,073
Net unrealized loss on interest rate swaps, net of tax	(1,318)		(2,121)
Minimum pension liability, net of tax	(468)		(468)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (9,112)	\$	2,484

12. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Below is a roll-forward of the Company s goodwill:

Balance at March 31, 2013	\$ 347,671
Acquisitions	4,730
Currency translation	(9,563)
Balance at June 30, 2013	\$ 342,838

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The Company s intangible assets consisted of the following:

	ance at cost March 31, 2013	Acq	uisitions	Foreign Exchange	Intangibles at Cost	cumulated nortization	Intangibles June 30, 2013
Customer relationships	\$ 136,321	\$	888	\$ (1,900)	\$ 135,309	\$ (23,352)	\$ 111,957
Technologies	1,598			(37)	1,561	(1,198)	363
Trademarks	1,012				1,012	(898)	114
Licensing intangible	2,408			16	2,424	(1,469)	955
Non-compete agreements	214		784	(98)	900	(55)	845
Total	\$ 141,553	\$	1,672	\$ (2,019)	\$ 141,206	\$ (26,972)	\$ 114,234

The amortization expense of intangible assets for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 was \$2,204 and \$2,258, respectively.

13. Facility Closures

In January 2012, the Company announced plans to consolidate its manufacturing facility located in Kansas City, Missouri into our other existing facilities. In connection with the consolidation of the Kansas City facility, the Company incurred charges of \$855 in fiscal 2013 (\$573 and \$282 in the three months ended June 30, 2012 and September 30, 2012, respectively) primarily for employee severance and other termination benefits, non-cash charges related to asset impairments and relocation and other costs. The transition from the Kansas City facility has been completed, and all related employee severance and other termination benefits have been paid. In September 2012, the Kansas City facility was sold for net proceeds of \$625.

In the third quarter of fiscal 2013, the Company consolidated the two operations located in Montreal, Canada into one manufacturing facility. The Company incurred charges of \$676 in fiscal 2013 (\$178 and \$498 in the three months ended September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2012, respectively) related to fixed asset write-offs and relocation costs in conjunction with the plant consolidation.

14. Geographic Information

During the three months ended June 30, 2013, the Company completed the acquisition of Labelmakers Wine Division in Adelaide, Australia and Imprimerie Champenoise in the Champagne region of France. On April 2, 2012, the Company acquired Labelgraphics. All of these acquisitions expanded the Company s geographic presence. For further information regarding these acquisitions, see Note 9 to the Company s condensed consolidated financial statements. The Company now manufactures labels in the United States, Australia, South Africa, France, Italy, Poland, Scotland, China, Canada, Chile and Argentina. Net revenues, based on the geographic area from which the product is shipped, for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 and long-lived assets by geographic area as of June 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013 are as follows:

	Three Mo	Three Months Ended June 30, 2013 June 30, 2012		
	June 30, 2013			
Net revenues:				
United States	\$ 108,926	\$	107,269	
Australia	17,293		14,841	
Italy	14,377		15,409	
Other International	26,247		27,491	
Total	\$ 166,843	\$	165,010	
	June 30, 2013	Mar	rch 31, 2013	
Long-lived assets:				
United States	\$ 348,416	\$	346,274	

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Australia	103,416	111,711
Italy	59,678	58,815
Other International	132,766	131,539
Total	\$ 644,276	\$ 648,339

15. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The Company is a party in a case styled <u>DLJ South American Partners, L.P. (DLJ) v. Multi-Color Corporation, et</u> al., Case No. C.A. No. 7417-CS which is pending in the Delaware Court of Chancery. In a complaint filed on April 13, 2012, DLJ alleges that the Company failed to make certain payments required by the Merger and Stock Purchase Agreement (the Merger Agreement) entered into by the Company with Adhesion Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation, DLJ, and Diamond Castle Partners IV, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, (Diamond Castle), pursuant to which the Company acquired York Label Group. Ari J. Benacerraf and Simon T. Roberts, who are affiliated with Diamond Castle, are current members of the Company s Board of Directors.

DLJ seeks the payment of \$6,939 and interest, legal fees and other equitable relief that the Company is unable to reasonably estimate at this time. On May 18, 2012, the Company filed an answer, counterclaim and third party complaint asserting various causes of action against DLJ, Diamond Castle and affiliated entities arising out of their breaches of the Merger Agreement and other actions.

The Company is also subject to various legal claims and contingencies that arise out of the normal course of business, including claims related to commercial transactions, product liability, health and safety, taxes, environmental, employee-related matters and other matters. Litigation is subject to numerous uncertainties and the outcome of individual claims and contingencies is not predictable. It is possible that some legal matters for which reserves have not been established could result in an unfavorable outcome for the Company and any such unfavorable outcome could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

16. Supplemental Cash Flow Disclosures

Supplemental disclosures with respect to cash flow information and non-cash investing and financing activities are as follows:

	Three months ended		
	June 30, 2013	Jun	e 30, 2012
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:			
Interest paid	\$ 4,324	\$	4,812
Income taxes paid, net of refunds	632		776
Supplemental Disclosures of Non-Cash Activities:			
Change in interest rate swap fair value	\$ 1,306	\$	(1,426)
Business combinations accounted for as a purchase:			
Assets acquired (excluding cash)	\$ 8,535	\$	35,950
Liabilities assumed	(1,040)		(11,361)
Liabilities for deferred payments			(8,610)
Net cash paid	\$ 7,495	\$	15,979

17. Subsequent Events

On July 24, 2013, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire 100% of Flexo Print S.A. De C.V., based in Guadalajara, Mexico. The acquisition was completed on August 1, 2013.

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Information included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains certain forward-looking statements that involve potential risks and uncertainties. Multi-Color Corporation s future results could differ materially from those discussed herein. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed herein and those discussed in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2013. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements that speak only as of the date thereof. Results for interim periods may not be indicative of annual results.

Refer to Forward-Looking Statements following the index in this Form 10-Q. In the discussion that follows, all amounts are in thousands (both tables and text), except per share data and percentages.

Following is a discussion and analysis of the financial statements and other statistical data that management believes will enhance the understanding of the company s financial condition and results of operations:

Executive Overview

We are a leader in global label solutions supporting a number of the world s most prominent brands including leading producers of home & personal care, wine & spirit, food & beverage, healthcare and specialty consumer products. MCC serves international brand owners in North, Central and South America, Europe, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and China with a comprehensive range of the latest label technologies in Pressure Sensitive, Glue-Applied (Cut and Stack), In-Mold, Shrink Sleeve and Heat Transfer.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended June 30, 2013 compared to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2012:

Net Revenues

			\$	%
	2013	2012	Change	Change
Net Revenues	\$ 166,843	\$ 165.010	\$ 1,833	1%

Net revenues increased 1% to \$166,843 from \$165,010 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2012. Acquisitions occurring after the beginning of fiscal 2013 accounted for \$971 of the increase.

Cost of Revenues and Gross Profit

				\$	%
	2013	2012	C	hange	Change
Cost of Revenues	\$ 136,411	\$ 134,087	\$	2,324	2%
% of Net Revenues	82%	81%			
Gross Profit	\$ 30,432	\$ 30,923	\$	(491)	-2%
% of Net Revenues	18%	19%			

Cost of revenues increased 2% or \$2,324 compared to the prior year quarter due primarily to unusually high costs related to press transfers and installations and charges for inventory write-offs. The cost of revenues in the prior year quarter was impacted by a one-time charge of \$458 related to the step-up of finished goods and work-in-process inventory in the purchase price accounting for Labelgraphics.

Gross profit decreased 2% or \$491 compared to the prior year quarter and gross profit as a percentage of net revenue decreased from 19% in the prior year quarter to 18% in the current quarter primarily due to unusually high costs related to press transfers and installations and charges for inventory write-offs.

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Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

			\$	%
	2013	2012	Change	Change
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses	\$ 14,333	\$ 13,652	\$ 681	5%
% of Net Revenues	9%	8%		

Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses increased \$681 compared to the prior year quarter due primarily to integration expenses related to acquisitions made after June 30, 2012. In the current quarter, the Company incurred \$999 of expenses related to the integration of the Labelmakers Wine Division in Australia, as well as related acquisition expenses of \$382. In the prior year quarter, the Company incurred \$573 in costs related to the closure of the Kansas City facility, \$272 in integration expenses related to the York acquisition and \$128 in acquisition related expenses. SG&A expenses as a percentage of net revenues increased from 8% in the prior year quarter to 9% in the current quarter as a result.

Interest Expense and Other (Income) Expense, Net

			\$	%
	2013	2012	Change	Change
Interest Expense	\$ 5,176	\$ 5,565	\$ (389)	(7%)
Other (Income) Expense, net	\$ 386	\$ (101)	\$ 487	482%

Interest expense decreased by \$389 compared to the prior year quarter primarily due to lower overall debt levels in the current quarter. The Company had \$400,899 of debt outstanding at June 30, 2013 compared to \$431,640 outstanding at June 30, 2012.

Other expense increased \$487 due primarily to higher realized losses on foreign exchange during the three months ended June 30, 2013, including \$312 in losses related to the repatriation of foreign currency.

Income Tax Expense

			\$	%
	2013	2012	Change	Change
Income Tax Expense	\$ 3,865	\$ 3,911	\$ (46)	(1%)

Our effective tax rate increased from 33% in the three months ending June 30, 2012 to 37% in the three months ending June 30, 2013 due primarily to a shift in the geographical mix of forecasted worldwide earnings and a reduction to the tax benefit associated with certain permanent tax deductions in foreign jurisdictions during the current quarter. The Company expects its annual effective tax rate to be approximately 38% in fiscal year 2014.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Comparative Cash Flow Analysis

Through the three months ended June 30, 2013, net cash provided by operating activities was \$18,487 compared to \$13,745 in the same period of the prior year. The cash provided by operating activities came from net income adjusted primarily for non-cash expenses of depreciation and amortization, stock-based compensation expense and changes in deferred taxes and working capital. The increase in cash provided by operating activities in the three months ended June 30, 2013, compared to the same period of the prior year, of \$4,742 was primarily due to a decrease in cash generated from earnings and changes in deferred taxes and working capital. Changes in working capital provided (used) cash from operating activities was \$515 and \$(5,032) in the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Through the three months ended June 30, 2013, net cash used in investing activities was \$20,027 compared to \$20,256 in the same period of the prior year. Investing activities in the current year include capital expenditures of \$12,609 and investments in acquisitions of \$7,495. Cash used in investing activities in the prior year period included capital expenditures of \$4,283 cash used for the acquisition of Labelgraphics of \$15,979.

Capital expenditures of \$12,609 and \$4,283 in the three months ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012, respectively, were funded primarily from cash flows from operations. Capital expenditures in the three months ended June 30, 2013 were related primarily to the purchase new presses. The projected amount of capital expenditures for fiscal year 2014 is \$31,000.

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Through the three months ended June 30, 2013, net cash provided by financing activities was \$1,746 compared to \$14,326 in the same period of the prior year. During the three months ended June 30, 2013, we had net debt additions of \$752, proceeds from issuance of common stock of \$1,716 and dividends paid were \$813 compared to net debt additions of \$29,369, proceeds from issuance of common stock of \$128 and dividends paid of \$807 in the same period of the prior year. Financing activities include net debt additions to finance the acquisition of Labelgraphics in the first quarter of fiscal 2013. Net cash used in financing activities for the three months ended June 30, 2012 includes a deferred payment related to the York acquisition of \$14,380, which the Company paid on April 1, 2012.

Capital Resources

On February 29, 2008, the Company executed a five year \$200,000 credit agreement with a consortium of bank lenders (Credit Facility) with an original expiration date in 2013. As a result of the first through fifth amendments, which were executed in fiscal 2011 through fiscal 2013, the following current provisions are in place for the Credit Facility. The expiration date is August 2016. The Credit Facility contains an election to increase the facility by up to an additional \$100,000, subject to agreement by one or more lenders to increase its commitment. The consolidated leverage ratio permitted is 4.50 to 1.00 for December 31, 2012 through March 31, 2013 with scheduled step downs to 3.50 to 1.00 in future periods, and the consolidated interest coverage ratio is not to be less than 4.00 to 1.00.

The Credit Facility may be used for working capital, capital expenditures and other corporate purposes. Loans under the U.S. Revolving Credit Facility and Term Loan Facility bear interest either at: (i) base rate (as defined in the credit agreement) plus the applicable margin for such loans which ranges from 1.00% to 2.50%; or (ii) the applicable London interbank offered rate, plus the applicable margin for such loans which ranges from 2.00% to 3.50% based on the Company s leverage ratio at the time of the borrowing. Loans under the Australian Sub-Facility bear interest at the BBSY Rate plus the applicable margin for such loans, which ranges from 2.00% to 3.50% based on the Company s leverage ratio at the time of the borrowing.

At June 30, 2013, the aggregate commitment amount of \$475,250 under the Credit Facility is comprised of the following: (i) a \$130,000 revolving Credit Facility that allows the Company to borrow in alternative currencies up to the equivalent of \$50,000 (U.S. Revolving Credit Facility); (ii) the Australian dollar equivalent of a \$40,000 revolving Credit Facility (Australian Sub-Facility); and (iii) a \$305,250 term loan facility (Term Loan Facility) which amortizes quarterly based on an escalating percentage of the initial aggregate value of the Term Loan Facility. The Term Loan Facility amortizes quarterly based on the following schedule: (i) June 30, 2013 through December 31, 2013 amortization of \$4,125, (ii) March 31, 2014 through December 31, 2015 amortization of \$8,250 and (iii) March 31, 2016 through June 30, 2016 amortization of \$12,375, with the balance due at maturity.

The Company incurred \$8,562 of debt issuance costs in fiscal 2012 related to the debt modification, which are being deferred and amortized over the life of the amended Credit Facility. In conjunction with the modification to our debt in the third amendment to the Credit Facility, we analyzed the new loan costs related to the amended Credit Facility and the existing unamortized loan costs related to the prior agreement allocated to the revolving line of credit, prior term loan and amended term loan separately to determine the amount of costs to be capitalized and the amount to be expensed. As a result of the analysis, the Company recorded a charge to interest expense of \$490 in fiscal 2012 to write-off certain deferred financing fees, which were paid to originate the prior agreement, including the unamortized portion of the loan costs allocated to creditors no longer participating in the amended Credit Facility. The unamortized portion of loan costs allocated to creditors participating in both the original and amended Credit Facility are being amortized over the term of the modified agreement.

The Company recorded \$495 in interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 in the condensed consolidated statements of income to amortize deferred financing costs.

Available borrowings under the Credit Facility at June 30, 2013 consisted of \$74,800 under the U.S. Revolving Credit Facility and \$5,816 under the Australian Sub-Facility. The Company also has various other uncommitted lines of credit available at June 30, 2013 in the amount of \$8,748.

The Credit Facility contains customary representations and warranties as well as customary negative and affirmative covenants which require the Company to maintain the following financial covenants at June 30, 2013: (i) a minimum consolidated net worth; (ii) a maximum consolidated leverage ratio of 4.25 to 1.00 and (iii) a minimum consolidated interest charge coverage ratio of 4.00 to 1.00. The Credit Facility contains customary mandatory and optional prepayment provisions, customary events of default, and is secured by the capital stock of subsidiaries, intercompany debt and all of the Company s property and assets, but excluding real property. The Company is in compliance with all covenants under the Credit Facility as of June 30, 2013.

We believe that we have both sufficient short and long-term liquidity and financing at this time. We had a working capital position of \$63,403 and \$68,107 at June 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively, and were in compliance with our loan covenants and current in our principal and interest payments on all debt.

Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes the Company s contractual obligations as of June 30, 2013:

	Total	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	More than 5 years
Long-term debt	\$ 398,714	\$ 27,179	\$ 34,045	\$ 41,747	\$ 295,672	\$ 40	\$ 31
Capital leases	2,185	1,396	689	100			
Interest on long-term debt (1)	59,217	20,150	18,701	17,626	2,736	2	2
Rent due under operating leases	60,868	10,107	9,734	8,221	6,538	5,074	21,194
Unconditional purchase obligations	1,069	925	47	48	49		
Pension and post retirement obligations	1,064	13	42	65	78	90	776
Unrecognized tax benefits (2)							
Deferred purchase price	11,713	6,929	3,722	1,062			
Total contractual obligations	\$ 534,830	\$ 66,699	\$ 66,980	\$ 68,869	\$ 305,073	\$ 5,206	\$ 22,003

- (1) Interest on floating rate debt was estimated using projected forward LIBOR and BBSY rates as of June 30, 2013.
- (2) The table excludes \$3,415 of liabilities related to unrecognized tax benefits as the timing and extent of such payments are not determinable.

Recent Acquisitions

During the three months ended June 30, 2013, the Company completed acquisitions in Australia and France for \$7,495. In Adelaide, Australia, MCC acquired Labelmakers Wine Division. In the Champagne region of France, MCC acquired Imprimerie Champenoise, which increases our ability to support local champagne producers in the region.

On April 2, 2012, the Company acquired Labelgraphics (Holdings) Ltd., a wine & spirit label specialist located in Glasgow, Scotland, for \$24,634 plus net debt assumed of \$712. The purchase price includes a future performance based earn out of approximately 15% of the above total. The acquisition expanded MCC s global presence in the wine & spirit label market, particularly in the United Kingdom.

On October 3, 2011, the Company acquired York, including its joint venture in Santiago, Chile, for \$329,204 plus net debt assumed of \$9,870. York, which was headquartered in Omaha, Nebraska, is a leader in the home & personal care, food & beverage and wine & spirit label markets with manufacturing facilities in the U.S., Canada and Chile. The acquisition strengthened Multi-Color s presence in its core markets through the combination of the Company s existing customer relationships with York s customer base.

The Company plans to leverage York strength in pressure sensitive label technologies to expand into new market segments. In addition, Multi-Color can offer all label technologies including IML, Heat Transfer and Shrink Sleeve to York scustomers. The combined entities of Multi-Color and York anticipate opportunities to leverage raw material purchases and streamline suppliers.

On July 1, 2011, the Company acquired Warszawski Dom Handlowy (WDH), a consumer products and spirit label company located in Warsaw, Poland, for \$7,760 plus net debt assumed of \$4,019. The purchase price included a contingent payment to be made to the selling shareholders if certain financial targets were reached. The financial targets were reached in calendar year 2011 and the contingent payment and deferred payment were made in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012. WDH supplies a number of large consumer products companies and international brand owners in home & personal care markets, consistent with MCC s largest customers in the U.S.

On May 2, 2011, the Company entered into agreements to buy 70% ownership in two label operations in Latin America; one in Santiago, Chile and the other in Mendoza, Argentina with a regional partner owning the remaining 30%. MCC s investment including debt assumed was approximately \$3,900. These companies focus on providing premium labels to the expanding Latin American wine & spirit markets. In September 2011, the Company bought the regional partner s 30% ownership interest in the two label operations in Latin America for 40 shares of Multi-Color common stock. As a result, MCC now owns 100% of the label operations in Chile and Argentina.

On April 1, 2011, the Company acquired La Cromografica, an Italian wine label specialist, for \$9,880 payable in cash plus net debt assumed of \$1,628. La Cromografica is located in Florence, Italy and specializes in high quality wine labels for premium Italian wines.

On October 1, 2010, the Company acquired Monroe Etiquette, a French wine label specialist, for \$9,896 plus net debt assumed of \$506. The seller received approximately 89% of the proceeds in the form of cash on October 1, 2010. The remaining 11% of the purchase price will be paid in cash, but is deferred for five years after the closing date. Monroe Etiquette provides labels to the premium French wine market.

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Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. We continually evaluate our estimates, including, but not limited to, those related to revenue recognition, bad debts, inventories and any related reserves, income taxes, fixed assets, goodwill and intangible assets. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions believed to be reasonable under the facts and circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Our critical accounting policies and estimates are discussed in the Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates section of Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in Part II, Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2013. In addition, our significant accounting policies are discussed in Note 2 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2013.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company has no material changes to the disclosures made in the Company s Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2013.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer evaluated the Company s disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report pursuant to Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Their evaluation concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures are effective in connection with the filing of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2013.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2013, there were no changes in the Company s internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, MCC s internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Refer to Note 15 in this Form 10-Q for update on legal proceedings.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The Company had no material changes to the Risk Factors disclosed in the Company s Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2013.

Item 6.	Exhibits
31.1	Certification by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification by the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification by the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Multi-Color Corporation

(Registrant)

Date: August 9, 2013

By: /s/ Sharon E. Birkett

Sharon E. Birkett

Vice President, Chief Financial

and Accounting Officer, Secretary

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