DAVITA INC Form 424B3 September 27, 2012 Table of Contents

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MERGER PROPOSED YOUR VOTE IS VERY IMPORTANT

Dear Members of HealthCare Partners Holdings, LLC:

You are cordially invited to attend a special meeting of members of HealthCare Partners Holdings, LLC, a California limited liability company (HCP), to be held at HCP sheadquarters at 19191 South Vermont Avenue, Suite 200, Torrance, California 90502, on October 30, 2012, at 6:00 p.m., local time.

As previously announced, DaVita Inc., a Delaware corporation (DaVita), and HCP have entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger as amended by the Amendment to Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Merger Agreement) that provides for the merger of a wholly owned subsidiary of DaVita with and into HCP (the Merger), with HCP continuing as the surviving entity and as a wholly owned subsidiary of DaVita. DaVita is a leading provider of kidney care services for those diagnosed with chronic kidney disease. Following the Merger, DaVita will be renamed DaVita HealthCare Partners Inc.

Before we can complete the Merger, we must obtain the approval of the members of HCP (the HCP Members and, individually, an HCP Member) holding a majority of the issued and outstanding Class B Common Units of HCP (HCP Common Units). Accordingly, at the special meeting, you will be asked to vote upon a proposal to approve the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement with DaVita. Only holders of record of HCP Common Units on the date of the special meeting are entitled to notice of and to vote at the special meeting. No vote of the DaVita stockholders is required to complete the Merger.

If the Merger is completed, the total merger consideration (not including any potential earn-out payment) to be paid to the holders of HCP Common Units and vested and unvested options to purchase HCP Common Units (the HCP Options) is an aggregate of \$3,660,000,000 in cash and 9,380,312 shares of DaVita common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (DaVita Common Stock), subject to certain adjustments (including a potential reduction in the merger consideration as a result of an estimated shortfall in working capital, if any, at the time of closing and a post-closing final working capital adjustment). The value of merger consideration per fully diluted HCP Common Unit, based upon the closing price of \$100.30 per share of DaVita Common Stock on September 25, 2012, the last practicable day prior to the date of this prospectus, and assuming no reduction to the total merger consideration as a result of an estimated working capital adjustment at the time of closing, would be \$44.29. Each holder of HCP Common Units may elect to receive, in exchange for each HCP Common Unit held by such HCP Member, the merger consideration per fully diluted HCP Common Unit in the form of cash or stock, or a combination thereof, subject to adjustment and proration.

The Merger Agreement provides that, notwithstanding the election by an HCP Member to receive all cash or all stock, or a combination thereof, an HCP Member may receive a combination of cash or stock that is different from what such HCP Member may have elected, depending on the elections made by other HCP Members, in order to ensure that the aggregate merger consideration of \$3,660,000,000 in cash and 9,380,312 shares of DaVita Common Stock, subject to certain adjustments, is fully allocated and paid in the Merger. No fractional shares of DaVita Common Stock will be issued in the Merger.

Regardless of whether an HCP Member elects cash or stock, or a combination thereof, a portion of each HCP Member s and optionholder s pro rata portion of the total merger consideration will be withheld from payment and contributed to three escrow accounts that support a potential working capital adjustment to the merger consideration, certain indemnification obligations, certain contingent payments, and certain costs and expenses that may be incurred by the member representative. The withheld consideration will be comprised of cash and DaVita Common Stock having an aggregate value of \$574,375,000 as of the closing of the Merger, or approximately \$5.45 per fully diluted HCP Common Unit. Funds will be released from these escrow accounts in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement.

In addition to the merger consideration payable at the closing of the Merger and amounts that may be released over time from the escrow accounts, HCP Members and holders of HCP Options may receive up to \$275,000,000 of additional cash consideration in the form of two separate earn-out payments that are based on the financial performance of HCP for fiscal years 2012 and 2013. The payment of the earn-out

amounts is subject to the terms and conditions for such earn-outs set forth in the Merger Agreement. Assuming payment of the entire \$275,000,000 earn-out, each HCP Member and each holder of HCP Options would receive an additional approximately \$2.61 per fully diluted HCP Common Unit.

We may also permit certain individuals or entities who receive shares of DaVita Common Stock in connection with the Merger to use this prospectus to cover resale of up to 9,140,799 shares. If this happens, we will not receive any proceeds from such sales. See Selling Security Holders on page 210 for information relating to resale of our securities pursuant to this prospectus.

DaVita Common Stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol DVA . On September 25, 2012, the last practicable day before the date of this prospectus, the closing sale price of DaVita Common Stock was \$100.30 per share.

The accompanying prospectus provides you with detailed information about the Merger and the special meeting. We encourage you to read the entire prospectus and the Merger Agreement carefully, including the <u>Risk Factors</u> beginning on page 38. A copy of the Merger Agreement and the Amendment to the Merger Agreement are attached as Annex A-1 and Annex A-2 to the accompanying prospectus.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities regulator has approved or disapproved of the transactions described in this prospectus or the securities to be issued pursuant to the Merger or determined if the information contained in this prospectus is accurate or adequate. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This prospectus is dated September 27, 2012, and is first being mailed to HCP Members on or about October 1, 2012.

After careful consideration of the Merger and the terms of the Merger Agreement, the board of managers of HCP (the HCP Board) has determined that the Merger is fair, advisable, and in the best interests of HCP and the HCP Members. Accordingly, the HCP Board unanimously recommends that the HCP Members approve the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement.

In considering the recommendation of the HCP Board, you should be aware that some of the members of the HCP Board and HCP s executive officers have interests in the Merger that are different from, or in addition to, the interests of the HCP Members generally.

Dr. Robert Margolis, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Matthew Mazdyasni, our Executive Vice President and Chief Financial and Administrative Officer, Dr. William Chin, our Executive Medical Director, and Dr. Thomas Paulsen, our Executive Medical Director, California, have each entered into a support agreement with DaVita and HCP, whereby they have agreed to elect to receive closing consideration in the form of stock in exchange for at least 33% of the HCP Common Units owned, whether directly or indirectly, by them.

You should also be aware that HealthCare Partners Medical Group, an HCP Member and a California general partnership, Drs. Margolis, Chin, and Paulsen, and Mr. Mazdyasni collectively own, directly or indirectly, 74,143,125.7 HCP Common Units, which represent approximately 74% of the outstanding HCP Common Units, and they have each entered into an agreement with DaVita pursuant to which they have agreed to vote all of the HCP Common Units owned or controlled by them in favor of the approval of the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement by the HCP Members is assured.

We are excited about the opportunities the Merger may bring to HCP and the HCP Members, and we look forward to the successful completion of the Merger.

Sincerely,

Robert Margolis, M.D.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

HealthCare Partners Holdings, LLC

This prospectus incorporates by reference important business and financial information about DaVita that is not included or delivered with this document. This information is available without charge to HCP Members upon written or oral request. You can obtain the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus by requesting them in writing or by telephone at the following address and telephone number: HealthCare Partners Holdings, LLC, 19191 South Vermont Avenue, Suite 200, Torrance, California 90502, (310) 354-4200.

To obtain timely delivery of requested documents prior to the special meeting, you must request them no later than October 23, 2012, which is five business days prior to the special meeting.

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HEALTHCARE PARTNERS HOLDINGS, LLC

19191 South Vermont Avenue, Suite 200

Torrance, California 90502

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF THE HCP MEMBERS TO BE HELD ON OCTOBER 30, 2012

To Members of HealthCare Partners Holdings, LLC:

HealthCare Partners Holdings, LLC, a California limited liability company (HCP), has entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of May 20, 2012 as amended by the Amendment to Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Merger Agreement), by and among HCP, DaVita Inc., a Delaware corporation (DaVita), Seismic Acquisition LLC, a California limited liability company and a wholly owned subsidiary of DaVita (Merger Sub), and Robert D. Mosher, as the member representative (the Member Representative), pursuant to which Merger Sub will be merged with and into HCP, and HCP will continue as the surviving entity and as a wholly owned subsidiary of DaVita.

A special meeting of the members of HCP (the HCP Members and, individually, an HCP Member) will be held at HCP s headquarters at 19191 South Vermont Avenue, Suite 200, Torrance, California 90502, on Tuesday, October 30, 2012, at 6:00 p.m., local time, for the following purposes:

to approve the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement; and

to transact any other business that may properly come before the special meeting.

These proposals are more fully described in this prospectus, which we encourage you to read carefully, including the Risk Factors beginning on page 38. We have included a copy of the Merger Agreement and the Amendment to the Merger Agreement as Annex A-1 and Annex A-2 to this prospectus.

Approval of the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement requires the affirmative vote of the HCP Members holding a majority of the issued and outstanding Class B Common Units of HCP (HCP Common Units).

As of September 25, 2012, HealthCare Partners Medical Group, an HCP Member and a California general partnership, Drs. Margolis, Chin and Paulsen and Mr. Mazdyasni collectively owned, directly or indirectly, 74,143,125.7 HCP Common Units, which represented approximately 74% of the outstanding HCP Common Units, and they have each entered into an agreement with DaVita and HCP pursuant to which they have agreed to vote all of the HCP Common Units owned or controlled by them in favor of the approval of the principal terms of the Merger Agreement. Accordingly, the approval of the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement by the HCP Members is assured.

Only holders of record of HCP Common Units on the date of the special meeting are entitled to notice of and to vote at the special meeting.

A summary of the dissenters rights that may be available to you are described in HCP Member Dissenters Rights on page 103.

After careful consideration of the Merger and the terms of the Merger Agreement, the board of managers of HCP (the HCP Board) has determined that the Merger is fair, advisable and in the best interests of HCP and the HCP Members. Accordingly, the HCP Board unanimously recommends that the HCP Members approve the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement.

By Order of the Board of Managers,

Robert Margolis, M.D.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

October 1, 2012

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

This prospectus incorporates by reference important business and financial information about DaVita from documents that are not included in or delivered with this prospectus. For a more detailed description of the information incorporated by reference into this prospectus and how you may obtain it, see Additional Information Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 236.

You can obtain any of the documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus without charge from DaVita, or from the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, which we refer to as the SEC, through the SEC s website at www.sec.gov. You may request a copy of such documents in writing or by telephone by contacting:

DaVita Inc.

2000 16th Street

Denver, Colorado 80202

(888) 484-7505

Attention: Investor Relations

You may also consult DaVita s website for more information at www.davita.com.

We are providing the information about how you can obtain certain documents that are incorporated by reference into this prospectus at these websites only for your convenience. Information included on DaVita s website is not incorporated by reference in this prospectus.

In order for you to receive timely delivery of the documents in advance of the special meeting of the HCP Members, DaVita must receive your request no later than five business days prior to the date of the special meeting.

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QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THE SPECIAL MEETING OF THE HCP MEMBERS

The following are some questions that you, as an HCP Member, may have regarding the special meeting of the HCP Members, which we refer to as the special meeting, and brief answers to those questions. For more detailed information about the matters discussed in these questions and answers, see The Special Meeting of the HCP Members beginning on page 78. HCP and DaVita encourage you to read carefully the remainder of this prospectus because the information in this section does not provide all of the information that might be important to you with respect to the Merger and the other matters being considered at the special meeting. Additional important information is also contained in the Annexes to and in the documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

Q: Why am I receiving this prospectus?

A: The HCP Board is using this prospectus to solicit votes of the HCP Members pursuant to the Merger Agreement. In addition, DaVita is using this document as a prospectus for DaVita because DaVita is offering, as a portion of the consideration to be paid by DaVita in the Merger, shares of DaVita common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (DaVita Common Stock), to be issued in exchange for HCP Common Units. In order to complete the Merger, the HCP Members holding a majority of the issued and outstanding HCP Common Units must vote to approve the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement.

HCP will hold a special meeting of the HCP Members to obtain this approval. This prospectus contains important information about the Merger Agreement, the Merger, and the special meeting of the HCP Members, and you should read it carefully. **Your vote is important.**

- Q: When and where will the special meeting of the HCP Members be held?
- A: The special meeting will take place at HCP s headquarters at 19191 South Vermont Avenue, Suite 200, Torrance, California 90502, on Tuesday, October 30, 2012, at 6:00 p.m., local time.
- Q: Who can attend and vote at the special meeting?
- A: Only holders of record of HCP Common Units on the date of the special meeting are entitled to notice of and to vote at the special meeting. As of September 25, 2012, there were 100,131,969.2 HCP Common Units outstanding and entitled to vote at the special meeting, held by approximately 36 holders of record. Each HCP Member is entitled to one vote for each unit owned of record.
- Q: What constitutes a quorum?
- A: The presence at the special meeting in person of the holders of a majority of the HCP Common Units outstanding on the date of the special meeting will constitute a quorum for the purpose of considering the proposals at the special meeting. In the event that a quorum is not present, or if there are insufficient votes to approve the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement at the time of the special meeting, it is expected that the special meeting will be adjourned or postponed.
- Q: What vote of the HCP Members is required to approve the proposal to approve the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement?

A:

The approval by the HCP Members of the proposal to approve the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement requires the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the issued and outstanding HCP Common Units entitled to vote at the special meeting. If you abstain from voting or fail to vote, it will have the same effect as voting against the proposal to approve the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement.

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- O: How does the HCP Board recommend that the HCP Members vote?
- A: The HCP Board has unanimously determined that the Merger Agreement, the Merger, and the other transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement are advisable, fair to, and in the best interests of HCP and the HCP Members. Accordingly, the HCP Board has unanimously approved the Merger Agreement and the completion of the transactions contemplated thereby, including the Merger. The HCP Board unanimously recommends that the HCP Members vote **FOR** the proposal to approve the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement.
- Q: What should the HCP Members do in order to vote on the proposals being considered at the special meeting?
- A: Holders of record of HCP Common Units on the date of the special meeting may vote in person by attending the special meeting, where they will be given a ballot to vote.
- Q: What will happen if I abstain from voting or fail to vote?
- A: An abstention or the failure of an HCP Member to vote will have the same effect as voting against the proposal to approve the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement.
- Q: Have any HCP Members already agreed to vote in favor of the Merger?
- A: Yes. HealthCare Partners Medical Group, an HCP Member and a California general partnership (HCP Medical Group), and Drs. Margolis, Chin, and Paulsen, and Mr. Mazdyasni (collectively, the Substantial Members) collectively own, directly or indirectly, 74,143,125.7 HCP Common Units, which represent approximately 74% of the outstanding HCP Common Units, and they have each entered into an agreement with DaVita and HCP pursuant to which they have agreed to vote all of the HCP Common Units owned or controlled by them in favor of the approval of the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement. Accordingly, the approval of the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement by the HCP Members is assured.
- Q: Do any managers or executive officers of HCP have different interests?
- A: Some of HCP s managers and executive officers have interests in the Merger that are different from, or in addition to, your interests as an HCP Member, and that may present actual or potential conflicts of interests. These interests include, among others:

the appointment of Dr. Margolis to fill a newly created directorship as co-chairman of the board of directors of DaVita upon completion of the Merger for a minimum period of four consecutive annual meetings of stockholders of DaVita;

the entry into employment and noncompetition and nonsolicitation agreements with DaVita (for periods ranging from three years to seven years after the closing of the Merger) by Drs. Margolis and Chin, Mr. Mazdyasni, and Zan Calhoun, the Chief Operating Officer of HCP;

the beneficial ownership of approximately 74% of the outstanding HCP Common Units and a substantial number of HCP Options (all of which options, as with all HCP Options, will be cashed out at the completion of the Merger); and

the right to indemnification and coverage under directors and officers liability insurance for a six-year coverage period commencing at the effective time of the Merger.

The HCP Board was aware of these interests and considered them, among other matters, prior to making its determination to recommend the approval of the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement to the HCP Members. For a more complete discussion of the interests of the HCP managers and executive officers in the Merger, see The Merger Interests of HCP s Managers and Executive Officers in the Merger beginning on page 98.

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Q: If the Merger is approved and consummated, what will I receive in the Merger?

A: Each HCP Common Unit (whether or not subject to restriction) issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time (other than (1) HCP Common Units directly or indirectly owned by DaVita, Merger Sub, or HCP and (2) dissenting units) will be converted into the right to receive the merger consideration in the form of cash or stock, or a combination thereof, subject to proration and certain adjustments (including a potential reduction in the merger consideration as a result of an estimated shortfall in working capital, if any, at the time of closing and a post-closing final working capital adjustment). Each HCP Option that is outstanding immediately prior to the effective time will accelerate and become fully vested and exercisable as of immediately prior to the effective time and, to the extent unexercised, will be cancelled, extinguished and automatically converted into the right to receive a cash payment for each HCP Common Unit subject to such HCP Option equal to the excess of (a) the merger consideration per fully diluted HCP Common Unit over (b) the per unit exercise price payable in respect of such HCP Common Unit issuable under such HCP Option. The value of the merger consideration per fully diluted HCP Common Unit, based upon the closing price of \$100.30 per share of DaVita Common Stock on September 25, 2012, the last practicable day prior to the date of this prospectus, and assuming no reduction to the total merger consideration as a result of an estimated working capital adjustment at the time of closing, would be \$44.29. See The Merger Agreement The Merger Consideration; Conversion or Cancellation of Units beginning on page 117.

You will not receive the full amount of your merger consideration at the time of the consummation of the Merger. A portion of the merger consideration will be withheld from payment and contributed to three escrow accounts that support a potential working capital adjustment, certain indemnification obligations, certain contingent payments, and certain costs and expenses that may be incurred by the Member Representative. The withheld consideration will be comprised of cash and DaVita Common Stock having an aggregate value of \$574,375,000 as of the closing of the Merger, or approximately \$5.45 per fully diluted HCP Common Unit. Funds will be released from these escrow accounts in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement. With respect to HCP Members who contribute shares of DaVita Common Stock to the escrow, such HCP Members should be aware that as a result of fluctuations in the market value of DaVita Common Stock, the value of such shares on the closing date may be greater than, or less than, their value on the date that such shares are released from escrow, if they are released at all. See The Merger Agreement Escrowed Merger Consideration beginning on page 120.

In addition to the merger consideration payable upon the consummation of the Merger and the amounts that may be released from the three escrow accounts over time, HCP Members and holders of HCP Options may receive up to \$275,000,000 of additional cash consideration in the form of two separate earn-out payments that are based on the financial performance of HCP for fiscal years 2012 and 2013. To the extent that any earn-out payment is made, you will be entitled to receive for each HCP Common Unit you held as of the consummation of the Merger, an amount equal to such earn-out payment divided by the number of fully diluted HCP Common Units. Assuming payment of the entire \$275,000,000 earn-out, each HCP Member and each holder of HCP Options would receive an additional approximately \$2.61 per fully diluted HCP Common Unit. See The Merger Agreement Earn-Out beginning on page 123.

Q: How do I elect the form of consideration I receive in the Merger?

A: An election form and other appropriate transmittal materials will be mailed not less than 30 days prior to the anticipated effective time of the Merger to each holder of HCP Common Units as of five days prior to the mailing date of such election form and transmittal materials. Each election form will permit such holder, subject to certain allocation, proration, and election procedures, (i) to elect to receive cash for all of the HCP Common Units held by such holder, (ii) to elect to receive DaVita Common Stock for all of such HCP Common Units, (iii) to elect to receive a combination of cash and DaVita Common Stock, or (iv) to indicate that such record holder has no preference as to the receipt of cash or DaVita Common Stock for such HCP Common Units. See Election and Exchange Procedures Election Procedures beginning on page 108.

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Q: Can I dissent and require appraisal of my shares?

A: Yes. Under California law, if the Merger is completed, you have the right to seek appraisal of the fair market value of your HCP Common Units as determined by a California court and receive such amount in cash, but only if (i) you do not vote in favor of approving the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement or you vote against the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement and (ii) you comply with the requirements of California law. See The Merger HCP Member Dissenters Rights beginning on page 103.

Q: Is the Merger expected to be taxable to me?

A: The Merger will be a taxable transaction to the HCP Members for U.S. federal income tax purposes. In general, an HCP Member who exchanges its HCP Common Units for cash and/or DaVita Common Stock pursuant to the Merger will recognize a gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between (i) such HCP Member s amount realized, calculated as the sum of (A) the amount of any cash received, (B) the fair market value of any DaVita Common Stock received, and (C) such HCP Member s share, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, of HCP s liabilities immediately prior to the Merger and (ii) such HCP Member s adjusted tax basis in the HCP Common Units exchanged therefor. An HCP member s amount realized will include any earn-out payments received and any cash and DaVita Common Stock that is placed in escrow and actually or constructively received. If an HCP Member receives DaVita Common Stock and recognizes gain in the Merger, such HCP Member may incur a tax liability without a corresponding receipt of cash sufficient to pay such liability. For a more detailed description of the tax consequences of the exchange of HCP Common Units in the Merger, including the application of the installment method to any gain recognized by an HCP member, please see Material United States Federal Income Tax Consequences beginning on page 232. Tax matters can be complicated, and the tax consequences of the Merger to you will depend on your particular tax situation. HCP Members should consult their tax advisors for a full understanding of the Merger s tax consequences.

Q: When can I expect to receive the merger consideration?

A: Promptly following the effective time of the Merger, but in no event later than ten days thereafter, you will receive a letter of transmittal with instructions informing you how to effect the surrender of your HCP Common Units in exchange for the merger consideration.

Q: Where can I find more information on DaVita?

A: DaVita files annual, quarterly, and current reports, proxy statements, and other information with the SEC. DaVita s SEC filings are available to the public from the SEC s website at http://www.sec.gov. Information about DaVita, including its SEC filings, is also available through its website at http://www.davita.com.

Q: Who can help answer my questions?

A: If you have any questions about the Merger, or if you need additional copies of this prospectus or voting instructions, you should contact: Matthew Mazdyasni

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial and Administrative Officer

HealthCare Partners Holdings, LLC

19191 South Vermont Avenue, Suite 200

Torrance, California 90502

(310) 354-4200

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SUMMARY

The following is a summary that highlights information contained in this prospectus. This summary does not contain all of the information that might be important to you. For a more complete description of the Merger Agreement and the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement, including the Merger and the issuance of shares of DaVita Common Stock to HCP Members, we encourage you to read carefully this entire prospectus, including the attached Annexes. In addition, we encourage you to read carefully the information incorporated by reference into this prospectus. You may obtain the information incorporated by reference into this prospectus without charge by following the instructions in the section entitled Additional Information Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 236.

Information About the Companies

DaVita Inc.

2000 16th Street

Denver, Colorado 80202

(888) 484-7505

DaVita Inc., which we refer to as DaVita, is a leading provider of kidney dialysis services in the United States for patients suffering from chronic kidney failure, also known as end stage renal disease, or ESRD. As of June 30, 2012, DaVita provided dialysis and other related services through a network of 1,884 outpatient dialysis centers located in the United States throughout 43 states and the District of Columbia, serving a total of approximately 149,000 patients. In addition, as of June 30, DaVita provided outpatient dialysis and administrative services to a total of 19 outpatient dialysis centers located in four countries outside of the United States. DaVita s centers offer outpatient hemodialysis treatments and other ESRD-related services, such as the administration of physician-prescribed pharmaceuticals, including erythropoietin, or EPO, vitamin D analogs, and iron supplements. DaVita also provides services for home dialysis patients, vascular access, disease management services, and laboratory services related to ESRD. As of June 30, DaVita also provided acute inpatient dialysis services in approximately 960 hospitals and related laboratory services throughout the United States. DaVita is a Delaware corporation, incorporated in the State of Delaware in 1994.

DaVita s U.S. dialysis and related lab services business accounts for approximately 92% of its consolidated net operating revenues for the twelve months ended June 30, 2012. Other ancillary services and strategic initiatives accounted for approximately 8% of its consolidated net operating revenues for the same period and relate primarily to its core business of providing kidney dialysis services. For the twelve months ended June 30, 2012, DaVita generated consolidated net operating revenues of \$7.365 billion, Adjusted EBITDA of \$1.585 billion, and net income attributable to DaVita of \$519 million. For an explanation of Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to Net Income, see Selected Historical Financial and Other Data beginning on page 178.

Additional information about DaVita is included in the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus. See Additional Information Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 236.

Seismic Acquisition LLC

2000 16th Street

Denver, Colorado 80202

(888) 484-7505

Seismic Acquisition LLC, which we refer to as Merger Sub, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of DaVita and was formed solely for the purpose of consummating the Merger. Merger Sub has not carried on any activities to date, except for activities incidental to its formation and activities undertaken in connection with the Merger.

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HealthCare Partners Holdings, LLC

19191 South Vermont Avenue, Suite 200

Torrance, California 90502

(310) 354-4200

HealthCare Partners Holdings, LLC, together with its subsidiaries and affiliated physician groups, which we refer to as HCP (unless the context indicates otherwise), is a patient- and physician-focused, integrated health care delivery and management company with nearly three decades of providing coordinated, outcomes-based medical care in a cost-effective manner. Through capitation contracts with some of the nation s leading health plans, as of June 30, 2012, HCP had approximately 669,400 current members under its care in southern California, central and south Florida and Las Vegas, Nevada. Of these, approximately 190,700 individuals represented patients enrolled in Medicare Advantage. The remaining approximately 478,700 individuals represented managed care members whose health coverage is provided through their employer or who have individually acquired health coverage directly from a health plan or as a result of their eligibility for Medicaid benefits. In addition, during 2011, HCP (through its affiliated physicians, physician groups and IPAs) provided care to over 412,000 fee-for-service patients.

The patients of HCP s affiliated physicians, physician groups, and IPAs benefit from an integrated approach to medical care that places the physician at the center of patient care. As of June 30, 2012, HCP delivered services to its members via a network of over 1,800 affiliated group and other network primary care physicians, 139 network hospitals, and several thousand affiliated group and network specialists. Together with hundreds of case managers, registered nurses and other care coordinators, these medical professionals utilize a comprehensive data analysis engine, sophisticated risk management techniques, and clinical protocols to provide high-quality, cost effective care to HCP s members. HCP is a California limited liability company, formed in the State of California in 2005 in connection with a reorganization of its subsidiaries.

HealthCare Partners Affiliates Medical Group, or HCPAMG, one of HCP s affiliated physician groups, was formed in 1994 and is organized as a California general partnership with 30 general partners. HCPAMG and its affiliates provide managed health care and related services through regional delivery systems and a joint venture to approximately 586,000 enrollees in southern California under contracts with various health plans and to privately insured individuals. Under a management services agreement, HCP earns a management fee from HCPAMG equal to a percentage of HCPAMG s revenues. HCPAMG provides professional medical services to the HCP-managed medical facilities that are located in California, and employs physicians or contracts with various other independent physicians, physician groups and independent practice associations, or IPAs, to provide the professional medical services in California. HCP obtains professional medical services from HCPAMG in California, rather than provide such services directly or through subsidiaries, in order to comply with California s prohibition against the corporate practice of medicine. Through the management services agreement, HCP has exclusive authority over all non-medical decision making related to the ongoing business operations of HCPAMG.

The Merger (see page 80)

DaVita and HCP have agreed to a business combination under the terms and conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement, which we describe in this prospectus. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, Merger Sub will merge with and into HCP, with HCP continuing as the surviving entity and as a wholly-owned subsidiary of DaVita. We refer to this as the Merger. Following the Merger, DaVita will be renamed DaVita HealthCare Partners Inc. (DaVita Healthcare Partners). We have attached the Merger Agreement and the Amendment to the Merger Agreement as Annex A-1 and Annex A-2 to this prospectus. We encourage you to carefully read the Merger Agreement and the Amendment to the Merger Agreement in their entirety. We currently expect that the Merger will be completed during the fourth quarter of 2012. However, we cannot predict the actual timing of the completion of the Merger.

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The Special Meeting of the HCP Members (see page 78)

Date, Time and Place

The special meeting of the HCP Members will be held at HCP s headquarters at 19191 South Vermont Avenue, Suite 200, Torrance, California 90502, on October 30, 2012, at 6:00 p.m., local time. At the special meeting, you will be asked:

to approve the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement; and

to transact any other business that may properly come before the special meeting.

Units Entitled to Vote

You may vote at the special meeting if you own HCP Common Units on the date of the special meeting. You may cast one vote for each HCP Common Unit that you own as of that date.

As of the close of business on September 25, 2012, there were 100,131,969.2 HCP Common Units outstanding and entitled to vote.

Vote Required

Approval of the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement requires the affirmative vote of HCP Members holding a majority of the issued and outstanding HCP Common Units entitled to vote at the special meeting. As more fully described under Other Agreements Voting Agreement and Other Agreements Support Agreements beginning on page 155 and page 156, respectively, HCP Medical Group and the Substantial Members collectively owned, directly or indirectly, 74,143,125.7 HCP Common Units as of September 25, 2012, which represented approximately 74% of the outstanding HCP Common Units, and they have each entered into an agreement with DaVita pursuant to which they have agreed to vote all of the HCP Common Units owned or controlled by them in favor of the approval of the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement. Accordingly, the approval of the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement by the HCP Members is assured.

Ownership of DaVita After the Merger (see page 94)

Based on the number of outstanding HCP Common Units and the number of outstanding shares of DaVita Common Stock as of June 30, 2012, DaVita anticipates that HCP Members will own approximately 9.0% of the outstanding shares of DaVita Common Stock following the Merger.

HCP s Reasons for the Merger; Recommendation of the HCP Board (see page 96)

After careful consideration of the Merger and the terms of the Merger Agreement, the HCP Board has determined that the Merger is fair, advisable and in the best interests of HCP and the HCP Members. Accordingly, the HCP Board unanimously recommends that the HCP Members approve the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement. For a discussion of the material factors considered by the HCP Board in reaching its conclusions, see The Merger HCP s Reasons for the Merger; Recommendation of the HCP Board beginning on page 96.

The HCP Board recommends that you vote FOR the approval of the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement.

Fairness Opinion (see page 97)

The HCP Board did not receive a fairness opinion regarding the fairness of the merger consideration to the HCP Members from a financial point of view, or with respect to projections, estimates and other forward-looking statements about the future earnings or other measures of the future performance of HCP.

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Interests of HCP s Managers and Executive Officers in the Merger (see page 98)

In considering the recommendations of the HCP Board, you should be aware that some of HCP s managers and executive officers have interests in the Merger that are different from, or in addition to, your interests as an HCP Member, and that may present actual or potential conflicts of interests. These interests include, among others:

the appointment of Dr. Margolis to fill a newly created directorship as co-chairman of the DaVita Board upon completion of the Merger for a minimum period of four consecutive annual meetings of stockholders of DaVita;

the entry into employment and noncompetition and nonsolicitation agreements with DaVita (for periods ranging from three years to seven years after the closing of the Merger) by Drs. Margolis and Chin and Messrs. Mazdyasni and Calhoun;

the beneficial ownership of approximately 74% of the outstanding HCP Common Units and a substantial number of HCP Options (all of such options, as with all HCP Options, will be cashed out at the completion of the Merger); and

the right to indemnification and coverage under directors and officers liability insurance for a six-year coverage period commencing at the effective time of the Merger.

The HCP Board was aware of these interests and considered them, among other matters, prior to making its determination to recommend the approval of the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement to the HCP Members. For a more complete discussion of the interests of the HCP managers and executive officers in the Merger, see The Merger Interests of HCP s Managers and Executive Officers in the Merger beginning on page 98.

Treatment of HCP Options in the Merger (see page 101)

The Merger Agreement provides that each HCP Option that is outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger will accelerate and become fully vested and exercisable as of immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger and, to the extent unexercised, will be cancelled, extinguished, and automatically converted into the right to receive a cash payment for each HCP Common Unit subject to such HCP Option equal to the excess of (a) the merger consideration per fully diluted HCP Common Unit over (b) the per unit exercise price payable in respect of such HCP Common Unit issuable pursuant to such HCP Option.

A portion of the merger consideration will be withheld from payment and contributed to three escrow accounts that support a potential working capital adjustment, certain indemnification obligations, certain contingent payments, and certain costs and expenses that may be incurred by the Member Representative. Funds will be released from these escrow accounts in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement. For further discussion of the escrowed merger consideration, see The Merger Agreement Escrowed Merger Consideration, The Merger Agreement Member Representative Escrow, and The Merger Agreement Nevada Escrow beginning on pages 120, 124 and 125, respectively.

In addition to the closing merger consideration payable upon the consummation of the Merger and the amounts that may be released from the three escrow accounts over time, HCP Members and holders of HCP Options may receive additional cash consideration in the form of two separate earn-out payments that are based on the financial performance of HCP for fiscal years 2012 and 2013. To the extent that any earn-out payment is made, HCP Members and holders of HCP Options will be entitled to receive for each HCP Common Unit and each HCP Common Unit subject to an HCP Option held as of the consummation of the Merger, an amount equal to such earn-out payment divided by the number of fully diluted HCP Common Units. See The Merger Agreement Earn-Out beginning on page 123.

Accounting Treatment (see page 102)

The Merger will be accounted for using the purchase method of accounting in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board's, or FASB's, Accounting Standard Codification Topic 805, Business Combinations, and the resultant goodwill and other intangible assets will be accounted for under Accounting Standard Codification Topic 350, Intangibles Goodwill and Other. The total purchase price has been preliminarily allocated based on information available to DaVita as of the date of this prospectus to the tangible and intangible assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and contingent earn-out consideration based on management's preliminary estimates of their current fair values. These estimates and assumptions of fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed and contingent earn-out consideration and related operating results are subject to change that could result in material differences between the actual amounts and those reported in the unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements.

HCP Member Dissenters Rights (see page 103)

Under Sections 17601-17605 of the California Corporations Code, record holders of HCP Common Units who do not vote for the approval of the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement, or who vote against approval of the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement, who properly demand and exercise their dissenters—rights and who comply with the terms of Sections 17601-17605 of the California Corporations Code will be entitled to obtain payment in cash for the judicially determined fair value of their HCP Common Units if the Merger is completed, in lieu of receiving the merger consideration. The relevant provisions of the California Corporations Code are included as Annex F to this prospectus. HCP Members are encouraged to read these provisions carefully and in their entirety. Moreover, due to the complexity of the procedures for exercising dissenters—rights, HCP Members who are considering exercising such rights are encouraged to seek the advice of legal counsel. Failure to strictly comply with the applicable California Corporations Code provisions will result in the loss of dissenters—rights. See

The Merger—HCP Member Dissenters—Rights—beginning on page 103. In addition, DaVita may terminate the Merger Agreement if at the time of termination holders of more than 5% of the outstanding HCP Common Units have validly exercised their dissenters—rights (and not withdrawn such exercise or otherwise become ineligible to effect such exercise) in respect of the Merger.

Board of Directors and Executive Officers of DaVita After the Merger (see page 107)

The Merger Agreement provides that at the closing the DaVita Board will be increased in size by one member, and Dr. Margolis will be appointed to fill the newly created directorship as Co-Chairman . In addition, for a minimum period of four consecutive annual meetings of stockholders of DaVita, Dr. Margolis will hold the office of Co-Chairman until the expiration of his term of office or until his successor is duly elected and qualified, subject to his earlier death, resignation, disqualification, or removal in accordance with DaVita s bylaws and/or applicable law.

Information about the current DaVita directors and executive officers can be found in the documents listed under the heading Additional Information Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 236.

DaVita Financing (see page 106)

DaVita expects to finance the cash portion of the merger consideration through a combination of borrowings under new senior secured facilities and new senior notes. DaVita and Merger Sub have agreed to use their reasonable best efforts to take, or cause to be taken, all actions and to do, or cause to be done, all things necessary to arrange and obtain the financing required to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement as promptly as practicable after the date of the Merger Agreement. On August 28, 2012, DaVita issued \$1.25 billion of 5.75% senior notes due 2022. The proceeds of the senior notes were placed in escrow

pending the consummation of the Merger and the satisfaction of certain other conditions. On August 24, 2012, DaVita, its subsidiary guarantors and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, entered into an amendment of its senior secured credit agreement to permit or facilitate, among other things, \$3.0 billion of additional term loans under the senior secured facilities, the Merger and the new senior notes. The effectiveness of the amendment is subject to various conditions, including the commitments of lenders for the full \$3.0 billion of additional term loans. DaVita currently anticipates that the additional term loans will consist of a new five year term loan A-3 in the principal amount of \$1.35 billion and a new seven year term loan B-2 in the principal amount of \$1.65 billion. DaVita has obtained commitments for the new five year term loan A-3, which are subject to various conditions, including the receipt of commitments for the new seven year term loan B-2 which are not expected to be received until immediately prior to the closing of the Merger. No assurance can be given that unconditional binding commitments for the full amount of the new term loans will be obtained, that the amendment will become effective or that the conditions to the release of the proceeds of the 5.75% senior notes will be satisfied. In the event that neither DaVita nor Merger Sub can obtain all of the financing required for the Merger, each party to the Merger generally has the right to terminate the Merger Agreement and HCP may be entitled to a termination fee. For additional information, please see The Merger Agreement Termination of the Merger Agreement and The Merger Agreement Termination Fee beginning on page 151 and page 152, respectively.

The Merger Agreement (see page 116)

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Merger Agreement and in accordance with California law, on the closing date, Merger Sub, a wholly owned subsidiary of DaVita and a party to the Merger Agreement, will merge with and into HCP. HCP will survive the Merger as a wholly owned subsidiary of DaVita, and the separate existence of Merger Sub will cease.

The closing of the Merger will occur at 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on a date to be specified by the parties to the Merger Agreement, which will be no later than the third business day after the satisfaction or waiver of all of the conditions to the closing provided in the Merger Agreement (other than conditions that by their nature are to be satisfied at the closing of the Merger, but subject to the satisfaction or waiver of such conditions at the closing), unless another time, date, or place is agreed to in writing by DaVita and HCP. For further discussion on the conditions to the Merger, see Conditions to Completion of the Merger below.

The description of the Merger Agreement and the Amendment to the Merger Agreement contained in this prospectus is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Merger Agreement, which are attached as Annex A-1 and Annex A-2 to this prospectus. We encourage you to read the Merger Agreement because it, and not any description of the Merger Agreement contained in this prospectus, is the principal document governing the Merger.

The Merger Consideration; Conversion or Cancellation of Units (see page 117)

HCP Common Units

The Merger Agreement provides that, upon the closing, each HCP Common Unit (whether or not subject to restriction) issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time (other than (1) HCP Common Units directly or indirectly owned by DaVita, Merger Sub, or HCP and (2) dissenting units) will be converted into the right to receive, at the election of the holder, the following consideration, subject to the portion of consideration being held back in the three escrow accounts and to any adjustment to the merger consideration (including a potential reduction in the merger consideration as a result of an estimated shortfall in working capital, if any, at the time of closing and a post-closing final working capital adjustment):

for each HCP Common Unit with respect to which a cash election has been effectively made and not revoked or lost, cash, without interest, in an amount equal to the amount obtained by dividing (a) the sum of (i) the product of 9,380,312 shares of DaVita Common Stock multiplied by the one day DaVita

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volume-weighted average stock price on the last trading day prior to the closing date (the aggregate closing stock consideration), (ii) \$3,660,000,000 (the aggregate closing cash consideration), and (iii) the aggregate per unit exercise price of all HCP Options by (b) the Total Outstanding HCP Units (as defined in The Merger Agreement The Merger Consideration; Conversion or Cancellation of Units below) (the Per Unit Closing Consideration);

for each HCP Common Unit with respect to which a stock election has been effectively made and not revoked or lost, that number of shares of DaVita Common Stock (the Per Unit Closing Stock Consideration) as is equal to the amount obtained by dividing (i) the Per Unit Closing Consideration by (ii) the one day DaVita volume-weighted average stock price on the last trading day prior to the closing date (the Exchange Ratio); or

for each HCP Common Unit other than units as to which a cash election, a stock election, or a combination of stock and cash election has been effectively made and not revoked or lost, the Per Unit Closing Consideration or Per Unit Closing Stock Consideration as is determined in accordance with the Merger Agreement.

See The Merger Agreement Escrowed Merger Consideration, The Merger Agreement Member Representative Escrow, The Merger Agreement Nevada Escrow and The Merger Agreement Estimated Amounts Included in Closing Merger Consideration beginning on pages 120, 124, 125 and 119, respectively.

The per unit value of merger consideration to be received by HCP Members and holders of HCP Options will be based on the one day DaVita volume-weighted average stock price as of the trading day immediately prior to the closing date. Based upon the closing price of \$100.30 per share of DaVita Common Stock on, September 25, 2012, the last practicable day prior to the date of this prospectus, and assuming no estimated working capital adjustment at the time of closing, the consideration in the Merger would be \$44.29 per fully diluted HCP Common Unit.

An HCP Member may elect to receive the merger consideration represented by HCP Common Units in the form of cash or stock, or a combination thereof. However, notwithstanding any such election, an HCP Member may receive a combination of cash or stock that is different from what such HCP Member may have elected, depending on the elections made by other HCP Members, in order to ensure that the aggregate merger consideration of \$3.66 billion in cash and 9,380,312 shares of DaVita Common Stock, subject to certain adjustments, is fully allocated and paid in the Merger. No fractional shares of DaVita Common Stock will be issued in the Merger.

Drs. Margolis, Chin and Paulsen, and Mr. Mazdyasni have each entered into a support agreement with DaVita and HCP, whereby they have agreed to elect to receive merger consideration in the form of stock in exchange for at least 33% of the HCP Common Units owned, whether directly or indirectly, by them.

In addition, pursuant to the Merger Agreement, each HCP Common Unit may be entitled to the following consideration, to the extent that any such payments are made as described in The Merger Agreement Escrowed Merger Consideration, The Merger Agreement Post-Closing Merger Consideration Adjustment Determination, The Merger Agreement Earn-Out, The Merger Agreement Member Representative Escrow, and The Merger Agreement Nevada Escrow beginning on pages 120, 122, 123, 124 and 125, respectively:

payable upon the occurrence of those events specified in the Merger Agreement, an amount of cash (without interest) equal to the amount obtained by dividing (x) the post-closing adjustment amount by (y) the Total Outstanding HCP Units;

payable upon the occurrence of those events specified in the Merger Agreement, an amount of cash (without interest) equal to the amount obtained by dividing (x) each earn-out payment by (y) the Total Outstanding HCP Units;

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a non-transferable, contingent right to distributions of Escrow Payment (as defined in The Merger Agreement The Merger Consideration; Conversion or Cancellation of Units) attributable to each HCP Common Unit, such distributions to be paid in accordance with the Merger Agreement;

a non-transferable, contingent right to distributions of MR Escrow Payment (as defined in The Merger Agreement The Merger Consideration; Conversion or Cancellation of Units) attributable to each HCP Common Unit, such distributions to be paid in accordance with the Merger Agreement; and

a non-transferable, contingent right to distributions of Nevada Escrow Payment (as defined in The Merger Agreement The Merger Consideration; Conversion or Cancellation of Units) attributable to each HCP Common Unit, such distributions to be paid in accordance with the Merger Agreement.

HCP Options

DaVita will not assume or otherwise replace any HCP Options in connection with the transactions. Upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement, each HCP Option that is outstanding immediately prior to the effective time will accelerate and become fully vested and exercisable as of immediately prior to the effective time and, to the extent unexercised, will be cancelled, extinguished, and automatically converted into the right to receive, for each HCP Common Unit subject to such HCP Option, in consideration of such cancellation, the following consideration, subject to the portion of the consideration being held back in the three escrow accounts described in The Merger Agreement Escrowed Merger Consideration, The Merger Agreement Member Representative Escrow, and The Merger Agreement Nevada Escrow beginning on pages 120, 124 and 125, respectively, and to any adjustment to the closing merger consideration described in The Merger Agreement Estimated Amounts Included in Closing Merger Consideration beginning on page 119:

payable upon the closing, an amount of cash (without interest) equal to the excess of the Per Unit Closing Consideration over the applicable per unit exercise price.

In addition, pursuant to the Merger Agreement, each HCP Common Unit subject to such HCP Option may be entitled to the following consideration, to the extent that any such payments are made as described in The Merger Agreement Escrowed Merger Consideration, The Merger Agreement Post-Closing Merger Consideration Adjustment Determination, The Merger Agreement Earn-Out, The Merger Agreement Member Representative Escrow, and The Merger Agreement Nevada Escrow beginning on pages 120, 122, 123, 124, and 125, respectively:

payable upon the occurrence of those events specified in the Merger Agreement, an amount of cash (without interest) equal to the amount obtained by dividing (x) the post-closing adjustment amount by (y) the Total Outstanding HCP Units;

payable upon the occurrence of those events specified in the Merger Agreement, an amount of cash (without interest) equal to the amount obtained by dividing (x) each earn-out payment by (y) the Total Outstanding HCP Units;

a non-transferable, contingent right to distributions of Escrow Payment attributable to each HCP Common Unit subject to such HCP Option, such distributions to be paid in accordance with the Merger Agreement;

a non-transferable, contingent right to distributions of MR Escrow Payment attributable to each HCP Common Unit subject to such HCP Option, such distributions to be paid in accordance with the Merger Agreement; and

a non-transferable, contingent right to distributions of Nevada Escrow Payment attributable to each HCP Common Unit subject to such HCP Option, such distributions to be paid in accordance with the Merger Agreement.

The merger consideration may be subject to an estimated working capital adjustment at the time of closing. If the estimated net working capital minus the estimated indebtedness amount is less than negative \$149,000,000 (such deficiency stated as a positive number, the Estimated Shortfall Amount), then the Closing Merger Consideration (as defined in the Merger Agreement) will be decreased by an amount equal to the deficiency, and the Per Unit Closing Consideration will be decreased by an amount equal to such deficiency divided by the Total Outstanding HCP Units.

Post-Closing Merger Consideration Adjustment Determination

The merger consideration also may be subject to a post-closing working capital adjustment that may cause the merger consideration to be more or less than what is described above. The amount of any final post-closing negative adjustment in the aggregate merger consideration will be satisfied from the Escrow Fund (as defined The Merger Agreement Indemnification below) in cash and DaVita Common Stock. The amount of any final post-closing positive adjustment in the aggregate merger consideration will be paid by DaVita to the HCP Members and the holders of HCP Options, pro rata based on the fully diluted HCP Common Units held by such HCP Members or attributable to HCP Options held by such holders of HCP Options as of immediately prior to the closing relative to the Total Outstanding HCP Units, as soon as reasonably practicable after the determination of such adjustment and, in any event with respect to any such payment made to the HCP Members, within five business days thereafter; provided that any such payments made to the holders of HCP Options will be subject to certain withholding provisions set forth in the Merger Agreement. See The Merger Agreement Post-Closing Merger Consideration Adjustment Determination beginning on page 122.

Earn-Out

As additional merger consideration, a total of up to \$275,000,000, divided into two tranches, the first of which will consist of \$137,500,000 (the First Tranche) and the second of which will consist of \$137,500,000 (the Second Tranche), will be payable to the HCP Members, holders of HCP Options, and pursuant to the Nevada Settlement Agreements (as defined below) as set forth below:

If the Earn-Out EBITDA (as defined in The Merger Agreement Earn-Out below) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 is equal to or greater than \$550,000,000, then DaVita will pay to the HCP Members and holders of HCP Options the First Tranche in cash, which will be allocated among the HCP Members and holders of HCP Options pro rata based on the fully diluted HCP Common Units held by such HCP Members or attributable to HCP Options held by such holders of HCP Options as of immediately prior to the closing relative to the Total Outstanding HCP Units; provided that any such payments made to the holders of HCP Options will be subject to certain withholding provisions set forth in the Merger Agreement.

If the Earn-Out EBITDA for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 is equal to or greater than \$600,000,000, then (x) DaVita will pay to the HCP Members and holders of HCP Options the Second Tranche (less the aggregate amount payable pursuant to clause (y) below) in cash, which will be allocated among the HCP Members and the holders of HCP Options pro rata based on the fully diluted HCP Common Units held by such HCP Members or attributable to HCP Options held by such holders of HCP Options as of immediately prior to the closing relative to the Total Outstanding HCP Units; provided that any such payments made to the holders of HCP Options will be subject to certain withholding provisions set forth in the Merger Agreement, and (y) DaVita will pay, or cause to be paid, any transaction settlement payment that is due and payable pursuant to each of the Nevada Settlement Agreements.

Assuming payment of the entire \$275,000,000 earn-out, each HCP Member would receive an additional approximately \$2.61 per fully diluted HCP Common Unit.

DaVita s obligation to pay each of the per unit earn-out payments to the HCP Members and holders of HCP Options is an independent obligation of DaVita and is not otherwise conditioned or contingent upon the satisfaction of any conditions precedent to any preceding or subsequent per unit earn-out payment, and the obligation to pay a per unit earn-out payment to the HCP Members and holders of HCP Options will not obligate DaVita to pay any preceding or subsequent per unit earn-out payment. See The Merger Agreement Earn-Out beginning on page 123.

Escrows

Escrowed Merger Consideration. A portion of the closing merger consideration equal to \$559,375,000 (collectively with any earnings or dividends thereon, if any, the Escrowed Merger Consideration), or approximately \$5.31 per fully diluted HCP Common Unit, will be withheld from the closing merger consideration otherwise deliverable to the HCP Members and holders of HCP Options on the closing date and contributed to escrow to serve as security for the benefit of DaVita (on behalf of itself or any other DaVita Indemnified Party (as defined in The Merger Agreement Indemnification below)) against (x) the indemnification afforded the DaVita Indemnified Parties in the Merger Agreement and (y) any reduction in the merger consideration payable to HCP Members and holders of HCP Options as a result of any post-closing adjustment to the merger consideration. The Escrowed Merger Consideration will consist of cash and DaVita Common Stock in the ratio of the number of HCP Common Units being converted to cash plus the number of HCP Options over the number of HCP Common Units being converted to DaVita Common Stock (the Escrow Proportion).

If any payment is required to be made to DaVita from the Escrowed Merger Consideration, such payment will be comprised of a mixture of cash and shares of DaVita Common Stock in the Escrow Proportion, with each share of DaVita Common Stock valued at the one day DaVita volume-weighted average stock price on the last trading day prior to such distribution date. Portions of the Escrowed Merger Consideration not subject to claims for indemnification by any DaVita Indemnified Party will be released, if available, to the HCP Members and holders of HCP Options periodically, with the first such release occurring on the second anniversary of the closing of the Merger and the last occurring in October 2017. On each release date, (i) the DaVita Common Stock being released, along with the aggregate amount of dividends or other distributions made on such stock or earnings on such dividends or other distributions, will be released to HCP Members who received DaVita Common Stock as merger consideration pro rata based on the number of shares of DaVita Common Stock contributed to escrow and (ii) the remaining cash being released, including all earnings on such cash, will be released to HCP Members and holders of HCP Options who received cash merger consideration pro rata based on the amount of cash contributed to escrow. You should be aware that as a result of fluctuations in the market value of DaVita Common Stock, the value of such shares on the closing date may be greater than, or less than, their value on the date that such shares are released from escrow, if they are released at all. For further information regarding the escrow distribution schedule, see The Merger Agreement Escrowed Merger Consideration beginning on page 120.

Member Representative Escrow. A portion of the closing merger consideration equal to \$5,000,000, or approximately \$0.05 per fully diluted HCP Common Unit, consisting entirely of cash, will be withheld from the closing merger consideration otherwise deliverable to the HCP Members and holders of HCP Options on the closing date to fund, if necessary, (i) the HCP Members—share of the neutral accountant is fees and expenses; fees, costs, and expenses (other than taxes on any earnings) attributable to the establishment and maintenance of the Nevada escrow account; the HCP Members—share of the purchase price allocation accounting firm—s fees and expenses; and any and all costs and expenses of the Member Representative, (ii) the expenses incurred by the Member Representative acting in such capacity, and (iii) any other expense described in the Merger Agreement as being paid from the Member Representative escrow account. See—The Merger Agreement Member Representative Escrow—beginning on page 124.

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Nevada Escrow. A portion of the closing merger consideration equal to \$10,000,000, or approximately \$0.10 per fully diluted HCP Common Unit, consisting entirely of cash, will be withheld from the closing merger consideration otherwise deliverable to the HCP Members and holders of HCP Options on the closing date to fund, if applicable, certain transaction settlement payments that may become due and payable pursuant to (i) that certain Settlement Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2012, by and between JSA Healthcare Nevada, L.L.C. and Sherif W. Abdou, M.D. and (ii) that certain Settlement Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2012, by and between JSA Healthcare Nevada, L.L.C. and Amir Bacchus, M.D. (collectively, the Nevada Settlement Agreements). See The Merger Agreement Nevada Escrow beginning on page 125.

No Solicitation of or Discussions Relating to Competing Transaction (see page 130)

The Merger Agreement contains provisions prohibiting HCP from seeking or discussing an alternative proposal to the transactions. Under these no solicitation provisions, HCP has agreed that it will not, and will cause each Business Entity and Related Consolidated Entity and its and their respective directors, officers, employees, agents, advisors, or other representatives not to, directly or indirectly, (a) initiate, solicit, or encourage any proposal or any inquiry that may reasonably be expected to lead to any proposal concerning a competing transaction, which includes the sale of any Business Entity or Related Consolidated Entity or any business thereof or a sale of any material assets of any Business Entity or Related Consolidated Entity, or (b) hold any discussions or enter into any contracts or other arrangements with, or provide any information or respond to, any third party concerning a proposed competing transaction or cooperate in any way with, agree to, assist or participate in, solicit, consider, entertain, facilitate, or encourage any effort or attempt by any third party to do or seek any of the foregoing.

HCP has also agreed in the Merger Agreement that if it or any of its affiliates is approached in any manner by a third party concerning a competing transaction, it will promptly, and in any event within 24 hours after contact, inform such third party of the restrictions relating to competing transactions set forth in the Merger Agreement and inform DaVita regarding such contact.

Conditions to Completion of the Merger (see page 138)

The obligations of HCP, DaVita, and Merger Sub to consummate the Merger are subject to the fulfillment or written waiver, at or prior to the closing, of each of the following conditions:

any waiting period and any extensions applicable to the Merger under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder (the HSR Act) must have expired or have been terminated (effective July 3, 2012, early termination has been granted);

no governmental authority will have enacted, issued, promulgated, enforced, or entered any law (whether temporary, preliminary, or permanent) that has the effect of prohibiting or making illegal the transactions;

the registration statement (as amended or supplemented) of which this prospectus forms a part must have been declared effective and must be effective under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act), at the effective time, no stop order suspending effectiveness must have been issued, and there must be no action, suit, proceeding, or investigation seeking a stop order or to suspend the effectiveness of the registration statement pending before or threatened by the SEC; and

the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement must have been approved, authorized, and adopted by the affirmative vote of the HCP Members holding a majority of the issued and outstanding HCP Common Units.

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In addition to the conditions for all parties to the Merger Agreement, the obligations of DaVita and Merger Sub to consummate the Merger are subject to the fulfillment or written waiver, at or prior to the closing, of each of the following conditions:

the representations and warranties of HCP contained in Merger Agreement, after disregarding all qualifications relating to materiality or Material Adverse Effect (as defined in The Merger Agreement below), must be true and correct at and as of the date of the Merger Agreement and at and as of the closing, as though made at and as of the closing (or, if made as of a specific date, on and as of such date), except where the failure of all such representations and warranties to be so true and correct has not had, and would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect;

HCP must have complied, in all material respects, with all covenants and agreements required to be complied with by it under the Merger Agreement on or before the closing;

the receipt of an officer s certificate, dated as of the closing date, executed by a duly authorized officer of HCP, certifying that the two preceding conditions have been satisfied;

each of the Substantial Members must have complied, in all material respects, with the covenants and agreements required to be complied with by them under their respective agreements with DaVita and HCP on or before the closing;

HCP Medical Group must have complied, in all material respects, with the covenants and agreements required to be complied with by it on or before the closing under the voting agreement that HCP Medical Group entered into with DaVita and HCP;

there shall not be threatened, instituted or pending any order, action or proceeding, before any court or other governmental authority with jurisdiction over material operations of HCP s business:

challenging or seeking to make illegal, or to delay, in any material respect, the consummation of the transactions or seeking to obtain material damages in connection with the transactions,

imposing or seeking to impose material limitations on the ability of DaVita or any of its affiliates to acquire or hold or to exercise full rights of ownership of any securities of HCP and its subsidiaries (the Business Entities),

seeking to prohibit direct or indirect ownership or operation by DaVita or any of its affiliates of all or any material portion of the business or assets of the Business Entities, or to compel DaVita or any of its affiliates or the entities through which HCP conducts its business (other than the Business Entities) and that are consolidated with the Business Entities in the audited financial statements and The Magan Medical Group and California Medical Group Insurance Company, Risk Retention Group (collectively, the Related Entities) to dispose of or to hold separately all or a material portion of the business or assets of DaVita and its affiliates or of the Business Entities, as a result of the transactions,

materially restricting or materially prohibiting the operations of the Related Entities respective businesses after the closing in any geographic or product market or in any Program (as defined in The Merger Agreement Conditions to Completion of the Merger , or

seeking to invalidate or render unenforceable any material provision of the Merger Agreement or any of the other transaction documents;

the receipt by DaVita of documentation evidencing certain consents and authorizations;

each of HCP, the Member Representative, and an escrow agent must have executed and delivered to DaVita and Merger Sub the transaction documents to which it is a party and such other certificates, documents, and instruments as DaVita may reasonably request related to the transactions;

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the agreements and other documents related to HCPAMG, HealthCare Partners Medical Group, Inc., a California professional corporation (HCPMGI), and Seismic Medical Group, Inc., a California professional corporation (SMG), must be in full force and effect, valid and binding on the applicable Business Entities and any Related Entities that are parties thereto, and must not have been amended or otherwise modified since the date of the Merger Agreement; and

the receipt from HCP of one or more affidavits, as appropriate, allowable, and necessary under applicable law and under penalties of perjury, providing DaVita with written documentation that (i) no interest in any Business Entity either was or is a United States real property holding corporation either prior to or as of the closing date (in form and substance required under Treasury Regulation Section 1.897-2(h) or under Treasury Regulations issued pursuant to Section 1445 of the Code) or that (ii) no HCP Member is a foreign person (in form and substance required under Treasury Regulations issued pursuant to Section 1445 of the Code).

In addition to the conditions for all parties to the Merger Agreement, the obligations of HCP to consummate the Merger are subject to the fulfillment or written waiver, at or prior to the closing, of each of the following conditions:

the representations and warranties of DaVita and Merger Sub contained in Merger Agreement, after disregarding all qualifications relating to materiality or DaVita Material Adverse Effect (as defined in The Merger Agreement below), must be true and correct at and as of the date of the Merger Agreement and at and as of the closing, as though made at and as of the closing (or, if made as of a specific date, on and as of such date), except where the failure of all such representations and warranties to be so true and correct has not had, and would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a DaVita Material Adverse Effect;

DaVita and Merger Sub must have complied, in all material respects, with all covenants and agreements required to be complied with by them under the Merger Agreement on or before the closing;

the receipt of an officer s certificate, dated as of the closing date, executed by a duly authorized officer of DaVita, certifying that the two preceding conditions have been satisfied;

there shall not be threatened, instituted, or pending any order, action, or proceeding, before any court or other governmental authority with jurisdiction over material operations of HCP s business:

challenging or seeking to make illegal, or to delay, in any material respect, the consummation of the transactions or seeking to obtain material damages in connection with the transactions,

imposing or seeking to impose material limitations on the ability of DaVita or any of its affiliates to acquire or hold or to exercise full rights of ownership of any securities of the Business Entities,

seeking to prohibit direct or indirect ownership or operation by DaVita or any of its affiliates of all or any material portion of the business or assets of the Business Entities, or to compel DaVita or any of its affiliates or the Related Entities to dispose of or to hold separately all or a material portion of the business or assets of DaVita and its affiliates or of the Business Entities, as a result of the transactions,

materially restricting or materially prohibiting the operations of the Related Entities respective businesses after the closing in any geographic or product market or in any Program, or

seeking to invalidate or render unenforceable any material provision of the Merger Agreement or any of the other transaction documents; and

each of DaVita, the Member Representative, and an escrow agent must have executed and delivered to DaVita and Merger Sub the transaction documents to which it is a party and such other certificates, documents, and instruments as HCP may reasonably request related to the transactions.

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For further discussion on the conditions to the Merger, see The Merger Agreement Conditions to Completion of the Merger beginning on page 138.

Remedies; Specific Performance (see page 149)

Following the closing, other than certain specific performance obligations (subject to certain limits on indemnification):

the indemnification provisions set forth in the Merger Agreement will be the sole and exclusive remedies of the parties for any breach of the representations and warranties contained in the Merger Agreement and for any failure to perform or comply with any covenant or agreement in the Merger Agreement or of the EQ Representations (as defined in The Merger Agreement Indemnification); and

any and all claims arising out of or in connection with the transactions must be brought under and in accordance with the terms of the Merger Agreement.

In addition, in the event of a breach or a threatened breach by a party, any non-breaching party will be entitled to equitable relief, including a temporary restraining order, an injunction, specific performance, and any other relief that may be available from a court of competent jurisdiction. For the avoidance of doubt, HCP and the Member Representative will not have the right to obtain a temporary restraining order, an injunction, specific performance, or any other equitable relief that may be available from a court of competent jurisdiction to cause the consummation of the closing if:

DaVita has complied with its financing covenants,

despite such compliance, the proceeds of the financing are not available to DaVita or Merger Sub, and

upon termination of the Merger Agreement, the termination fee is due and payable by DaVita to HCP in accordance with the Merger Agreement. See The Merger Agreement Remedies; Specific Performance beginning on page 149.

Termination of the Merger Agreement (see page 151)

Termination by HCP or DaVita

DaVita and HCP may terminate the Merger Agreement by mutual written consent. Either DaVita or HCP may terminate the Merger Agreement at any time prior to the closing:

if the closing has not occurred by November 30, 2012 (the Termination Date); provided, however, that the right to terminate the Merger Agreement after the Termination Date will not be available to any party whose breach or failure to fulfill any obligation under the Merger Agreement was the cause of, or resulted in, the failure of the closing to occur on or prior to such date;

in the event that any governmental order enjoining or otherwise prohibiting the transactions becomes final and nonappealable;

upon written notice to the other party, if the approval of the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement by HCP Members holding a majority of the issued and outstanding HCP Common Units has not been obtained;

in the event that one or more of the conditions to closing cannot be satisfied as of the closing date; provided, however, that the right to terminate the Merger Agreement for this reason will not be available to any party in breach of the Merger Agreement or whose failure to fulfill any obligation under the Merger Agreement was the cause of, or resulted in, such condition not to be satisfied as of the closing date; or

in the event that neither DaVita nor Merger Sub has received the financing at any time following the satisfaction or waiver of all the conditions to DaVita and Merger Sub s obligations to consummate the transactions (other than those conditions that, by their nature, cannot be satisfied until the closing date, but which conditions could be satisfied if the closing date were the date of such termination); provided that the right to terminate the Merger Agreement for this reason will not be available to any party in breach of the Merger Agreement or whose failure to fulfill any obligation under the financing covenants of the Merger Agreement was the cause of, or resulted in, such failure of DaVita or Merger Sub to receive financing.

Termination by DaVita

DaVita may terminate the Merger Agreement if:

a breach of any representation, warranty, covenants or agreement on the part of HCP set forth in the Merger Agreement (including an obligation to consummate the transactions) has occurred that would, if occurring or continuing on the closing date, cause any of the conditions to DaVita and Merger Sub s obligations to consummate the transactions not to be satisfied, and such breach is not cured, or is incapable of being cured, within 30 days (but no later than the Termination Date) of receipt of written notice by DaVita to HCP of such breach; provided that DaVita is not then in breach of the Merger Agreement so as to cause any of the conditions to HCP s obligations to consummate the transactions not to be satisfied; or

upon written notice to HCP within five business days after obtaining the approval of the principal terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement by HCP Members holding a majority of the issued and outstanding HCP Common Units, if at the time of termination holders of more than 5% of the outstanding HCP Common Units have validly exercised their dissenters—rights (and not withdrawn such exercise or otherwise become ineligible to effect such exercise) in respect of the transactions.

Termination by HCP

HCP may terminate the Merger Agreement if:

a breach of any representation, warranty, covenant, or agreement on the part of DaVita or Merger Sub set forth in the Merger Agreement (including an obligation to consummate the transactions) has occurred that would, if occurring or continuing on the closing date, cause any of the conditions to HCP s obligation to consummate the transactions not to be satisfied, and such breach is not cured, or is incapable of being cured, within 30 days (but no later than the Termination Date) of receipt of written notice by HCP to DaVita of such breach; provided that HCP is not then in breach of the Merger Agreement so as to cause any of the conditions to DaVita and Merger Sub s obligations to consummate the transactions not to be satisfied.

Termination Fee (see page 152)

The Merger Agreement provides that DaVita is required to pay HCP a \$125 million termination fee in the event that the Merger Agreement is terminated under certain circumstances. For a description of such circumstances, see
The Merger Agreement Termination Fee beginning on page 152.

Fees and Expenses (see page 153)

Generally, all fees and expenses incurred in connection with the Merger Agreement and the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement will be paid by the party incurring those expenses, subject to the specific exceptions discussed in this prospectus.

Government Regulations (see page 173)

DaVita s dialysis operations are subject to extensive federal, state and local, and foreign governmental regulations that require DaVita to meet various standards relating to, among other things, government payment programs, dialysis facilities and equipment, management of centers, personnel qualifications, maintenance of proper records, and quality assurance programs and patient care. Such regulations include licensure and certifications from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), the federal anti-kickback statute contained in the Social Security Act, the Ethics in Patient Referral Act, commonly known as the Stark Law, state laws governing fraud and abuse, The False Claims Act, and The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996. For a more detailed discussion of the governmental regulations that DaVita is subject to, see Information about HCP Government Regulations beginning on page 173.

In addition to those regulations described in relation to DaVita, HCP s business is subject to certain additional laws and regulations, including state laws with respect to the corporate practice of medicine and fee-splitting, the California Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975 and other state laws regarding risk arrangements, Medicare and Medicaid regulations and the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (the Health Reform Acts), as well as numerous federal, state and local licensing laws, and regulations, relating to, among other things, professional credentialing and professional ethics. For a more detailed discussion of the governmental regulations to which HCP is subject, see Information about HCP Government Regulations beginning on page 173.

Risk Factors (see page 38)

In evaluating the Merger, the Merger Agreement or the issuance of shares of DaVita Common Stock pursuant to the Merger Agreement, you should carefully read this prospectus and especially consider the factors discussed or referred to in the section entitled Risk Factors beginning on page 38. Such factors include, among other things:

the risk that average rates that commercial payors pay DaVita could decline significantly, which would have a material adverse effect on revenues, earnings and cash flows;

the fact that, if the number of patients with higher-paying commercial insurance declines, then DaVita s revenues, earnings and cash flows would be substantially reduced;

the risk that health care reform or changes in state Medicaid or other non-Medicare government-based programs or payment rates could substantially reduce DaVita s revenues, earnings and cash flows;

the fact that HCP will no longer be an independent company and that it will not have autonomy in its decision-making;

the risk that the Merger could compromise or diminish HCP s distinctive physician-owned, physician-led culture and business model, including the potential impact on current employees, affiliated physicians and physician group and IPA consolidation opportunities;

the fact that the number of shares of DaVita Common Stock offered as consideration is fixed and therefore the total merger consideration at the time of closing may have a greater or lesser value than at the time the Merger Agreement was signed;

the risk that, while the Merger is expected to be completed, there can be no assurance that all conditions to the parties obligations to complete the Merger will be satisfied, and as a result, it is possible that the Merger may not be completed even if it is approved by the HCP Members;

HCP s inability to seek specific performance to require DaVita to complete the Merger if (i) DaVita has complied with its financing covenants, (ii) despite such compliance, the proceeds of the financing are not available to DaVita or the Merger Sub, and (iii) upon termination of the Merger Agreement, the termination fee is due and payable by DaVita to HCP in accordance with the Merger Agreement, and

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the fact that HCP s sole remedy in connection with DaVita s failure to close under this circumstance would be limited to a termination fee of \$125 million:

the risks and costs to HCP if the Merger does not close, including the diversion of management and employee attention and the potential effect on HCP s business and its relationships with payors and physicians;

the restrictions on the conduct of HCP s business prior to the completion of the Merger, which may delay or prevent HCP from undertaking business opportunities that may arise and certain other actions it might otherwise take with respect to its operations pending completion of the Merger;

the risk that the cost of providing services under HCP s agreements will exceed its compensation;

the risk that laws regulating the corporate practice of medicine could restrict the manner in which HCP conducts its business;

the risk that reductions in reimbursement rates and future regulations may negatively impact HCP s business, revenue and profitability;

the risk that HCP may not be able to successfully establish a presence in new geographic regions;

the risk that reductions in the quality ratings of health maintenance organization plan customers of HCP could have an adverse effect on HCP s business;

the fact that HCP faces certain competitive threats that could reduce its profitability; and

the risk that a disruption in HCP s healthcare provider networks could have an adverse effect on HCP s operations and profitability. **DaVita s Dividend Policy** (see page 36)

DaVita has never paid a cash dividend on DaVita Common Stock and has no present intention to commence the payment of cash dividends. It is possible that the DaVita board of directors (the DaVita Board) could determine in the future, based on DaVita s financial and other relevant circumstances at that time, to pay cash dividends. DaVita s senior secured credit agreement contains covenants that, among other things, limit DaVita s ability to pay dividends on its capital stock.

Comparison of Rights of DaVita Stockholders and HCP Members (see page 221)

HCP is a limited liability company organized under the laws of the State of California and, accordingly, the rights of HCP Members are governed by the California Limited Liability Company Act. DaVita is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware and, accordingly, the rights of the stockholders of DaVita are governed by the Delaware General Corporation Law (the DGCL). Therefore, upon completion of the Merger, the rights of the former HCP Members will be governed by the DGCL, the certificate of incorporation of DaVita, as amended, and the bylaws of DaVita, as amended. Certain differences between the current rights of the DaVita stockholders and the current rights of the HCP Members are described in detail under Comparison of Rights of DaVita Stockholders and HCP Members beginning on page 221.

Material United States Federal Income Tax Consequences (see page 232)

The Merger will be a taxable transaction to the HCP Members for U.S. federal income tax purposes. In general, an HCP Member who exchanges its HCP Common Units for cash and/or DaVita Common Stock pursuant to the Merger will recognize a gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between (i) such HCP Member s amount realized, calculated as the sum of (A) the amount of any cash received, (B) the fair market value of any DaVita Common Stock received, and (C) such HCP Member s share, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, of

HCP s liabilities immediately prior to the Merger and (ii) such HCP Member s adjusted tax basis in the HCP Common Units exchanged therefor. An HCP member s amount realized will include any earn-out payments received and any cash and DaVita Common Stock that is placed in escrow and actually or constructively received. If an HCP Member receives DaVita Common Stock and recognizes gain in the Merger, such HCP Member may incur a tax liability without a corresponding receipt of cash sufficient to pay such liability. For a more detailed description of the tax consequences of the exchange of HCP Common Units in the Merger, including the application of the installment method to any gain recognized by an HCP member, please see Material United States Federal Income Tax Consequences beginning on page 232.

Tax matters can be complicated, and the tax consequences of the Merger to you will depend on your particular tax situation. HCP Members should consult their tax advisors for a full understanding of the Merger s tax consequences.

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Summary Historical Financial and Operating Data for DaVita and HCP

DaVita

The following summary historical financial information was derived from DaVita s audited historical financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2010, and 2011 and unaudited financial information for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2012 and the trailing twelve months ended June 30, 2012, incorporated by reference in this prospectus. Effective January 1, 2012, DaVita adopted FASB s ASU No 2011-07 Health Care Entities Presentation and Disclosure of Patient Service Revenue, Provision for Bad Debts, and the Allowance for Doubtful Accounts. Upon adoption of this standard, DaVita was required to change the presentation of its provision for uncollectible accounts related to patient service revenue as a deduction from patient service operating revenues. These consolidated financial results have been revised for all prior periods presented to reflect the retrospective application of adopting these new presentation and disclosure requirements for the provision for uncollectible accounts. You should read the information set forth below in conjunction with DaVita s historical consolidated financial statements and related notes, incorporated herein by reference, and Selected Historical Financial and Other Data DaVita and Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Information included in this prospectus beginning on pages 178 and 211, respectively.

	2009	Year ended December 31, 2010 (audited)		2011 (dollars in		ended J 2011		nonths June 30, 2012 (unaudited)		Twelve months ended June 30, 2012	
Statement of operations data:					(donars in		0113)				
Net dialysis patient service revenues, less provision											
for uncollectible accounts	\$ 5,601	\$	5,877	\$	6,273	\$	2.992	\$	3,465	\$	6,745
Other revenue	343		395		519		232		332		620
Net operating revenues	5,944		6,272		6,792		3,224		3,797		7,365
Operating expenses and charges:											
Patient care costs	4,242		4,467		4,681		2,277		2,575		4,979
General and administrative	531		579		691		315		422		798
Depreciation and amortization	228		234		267		126		154		294
Provision for uncollectible accounts	5		4		7		3		4		8
Goodwill impairment charge ⁽¹⁾					24		24				
Legal proceeding contingency accrual and related expenses ⁽²⁾									78		78
Equity investment income	(2)		(9)		(9)		(4)		(5)		(10)
Total operating expenses and charges	5,004		5,275		5,661		2,742		3,228		6,147
Operating income	940		997		1,131		482		569		1,218
Debt expense	(186)		(182)		(241)		(118)		(122)		(245)
Refinancing and debt redemption charges ⁽³⁾			(74)								
Other income	4		3		3		1		2		3
Income from continuing operations before income											
taxes	758		744		893		365		449		976
Income tax expense	278		260		316		130		164		349
Income from continuing operations	480		484		577		235		285		627
Discontinued operations ⁽⁴⁾					(4)		1				(4)
					(1)						(1)
Net income	480		484		573		236		285		623
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling	400		707		373		230		203		023
interests	(57)		(78)		(95)		(41)		(49)		(104)
	(57)		(,3)		(20)		(.1)		(.)		(101)
Net income attributable to DaVita Inc.	\$ 423	\$	406	\$	478	\$	195	\$	236	\$	519

	20	Yea 109		December 2010 (doll	<u> </u>	2011 millions, e		2011		ded June 30, 2012	Twelve months ended June 30, 2012
Earnings per share:(5)				,		ĺ	• •		ĺ		
Basic income from continuing operations per share attributable to DaVita Inc.	\$	4.07	\$	3.99	\$	5.09	\$	2.03	\$	2.51	5.58
Basic net income attributable to DaVita Inc.	\$	4.08	\$	4.00	\$	5.05	\$	2.03	\$	2.51	5.54
Diluted income from continuing operations per share attributable to DaVita Inc.	\$	4.05	\$	3.93	\$	4.99	\$	1.98	\$	2.46	5.48
Diluted net income attributable to DaVita Inc.	\$	4.06	\$	3.94	\$	4.96	\$	1.99	\$	2.46	5.44
Weighted average shares for earnings per share: ⁽⁵⁾											
Basic	103,0	504,000	101	,504,000	94	,658,000	95,	872,000		93,970,000	93,717,000
Diluted	104,168,000		103,059,000		96,532,000		98,014,000			95,866,000	95,468,000
Amounts attributable to DaVita Inc. Income from continuing											
operations Discontinued operations	\$	423	\$	406	\$	482 (4)	\$	194 1	\$	236	523 (4)
Net income	\$	423	\$	406	\$	478	\$	195	\$	236	519
Balance sheet data (at end of period):											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	539	\$	860	\$	394	\$	730	thereof case a and av on the hereof the for are su chang (possi retroa effect) differi interp which affect	E. All of regoing bject to e bly with ctive	

tax consequences described herein.

INVESTORS SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS REGARDING THE TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE ACQUISITION, OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF THE NOTES, INCLUDING THE APPLICATION TO THEIR PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS DISCUSSED BELOW, AS WELL AS THE APPLICATION OF U.S. FEDERAL ESTATE, GIFT AND ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX LAWS, U.S. STATE AND LOCAL TAX LAWS AND FOREIGN TAX LAWS.

Payments of Interest and Additional Amounts

Payments of interest on a note (which may include additional amounts) generally will be taxable to a U.S. Holder as ordinary interest income when such interest is accrued or received, in accordance with the U.S. Holder s regular method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

A U.S. Holder that uses the cash method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes and that receives a payment of stated interest will be required to include in ordinary income the U.S. dollar value of the euro (foreign currency) interest payment determined on the date such payment is received, regardless of whether the payment is in fact converted to U.S. dollars. A cash method U.S. Holder will not recognize exchange gain or loss with respect to the receipt of such payment, but may have exchange gain or loss attributable to the actual disposition of the foreign currency so received.

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A U.S. Holder that uses the accrual method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes will be required to include in income the U.S. dollar value of the amount of stated interest income in foreign currency that has accrued with respect to a note during an accrual period. The U.S. dollar value of such accrued income will be determined by translating such income at the average rate of exchange for the accrual period or, with respect to an accrual period that spans two taxable years, at the average rate for the partial period within the taxable year. A U.S. Holder may elect, however, to translate such accrued interest income using the spot rate on the last day of the accrual period or, with respect to an accrual period that spans two taxable years, using the spot rate on the last day of the taxable year. If the last day of an accrual period is within five business days of the date of receipt of the accrued interest, a U.S. Holder may translate such interest using the spot rate on the date of receipt. The above election will apply to other obligations held by the U.S. Holder and may not be changed without the consent of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

A U.S. Holder that uses the accrual method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes will recognize exchange gain or loss with respect to accrued interest income on the date such interest is received. The amount of exchange gain or loss recognized will equal the difference, if any, between the U.S. dollar value of the foreign currency payment received (determined at the spot rate on the date such payment is received) in respect of such accrual period and the U.S. dollar value of interest income that has accrued during such accrual period (as determined above).

Exchange gain or loss generally, (i) will constitute ordinary income or loss, (ii) will not be treated as an adjustment to interest income received on the notes and (iii) will be treated as U.S. source income or as an offset to U.S. source income, respectively.

Interest income in respect of the notes generally will constitute foreign-source income for purposes of computing the foreign tax credit allowable under the U.S. federal income tax laws. The limitation on foreign income taxes eligible for credit is calculated separately with respect to specific classes of income. Such income generally will constitute passive category income for foreign tax credit purposes. The calculation and availability of foreign tax credits and, in the case of a U.S. Holder that elects to deduct foreign income taxes, the availability of such deduction involves the application of complex rules that depend on the U.S. Holder s particular circumstances. In addition, foreign tax credits generally will not be allowed for certain short-term or hedged positions in the notes.

U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the availability of foreign tax credits or deductions in respect of foreign taxes and the treatment of additional amounts.

A Non-U.S. Holder generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax on interest income earned in respect of notes so long as such income is not effectively connected with the conduct by the Non-U.S. Holder of a trade or business in the United States. Non-U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors in the event interest income with respect to the notes is effectively connected with their trade or business in the United States.

Sale or Disposition of Notes

A U.S. Holder generally will recognize capital gain or loss upon the sale, exchange, retirement or other taxable disposition of a note in an amount equal to the difference between the U.S. dollar value of the amount realized upon such disposition (other than amounts attributable to accrued but unpaid interest, which will be taxed as ordinary income to the extent not previously included in gross income) and such U.S. Holder s tax basis in the note as determined in U.S. dollars. A U.S. Holder s tax basis in the note will generally equal such U.S. Holder s purchase price of the Note. Subject to the discussion in the next paragraph, gain or loss realized by a U.S. Holder on the disposition of a Note generally will be long-term capital gain or loss if, at the time of the disposition, the Note has been held for more than one year. The net amount of long-term capital gain realized by an individual U.S. Holder generally is subject to tax at a reduced rate which rates currently are scheduled to increase on January 1, 2013. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Any gain or loss realized upon a sale, exchange, retirement or other taxable disposition of a note that is attributable to fluctuations in currency exchange rates will be ordinary income or loss and will generally be treated as U.S. source income or as an offset to U.S. source income, respectively. In addition, upon the sale, exchange, retirement or other taxable disposition of a note, an accrual method U.S. Holder may realize exchange gain or loss attributable to amounts received in respect of accrued and unpaid interest. However, a U.S. Holder will realize exchange gain or loss with respect to principal and accrued interest only to the extent of the total gain or loss realized on the disposition.

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Capital gain or loss recognized by a U.S. Holder generally will be U.S.-source gain or loss. Consequently, if any such gain is subject to foreign withholding tax, a U.S. Holder may not be able to credit the tax against its U.S. federal tax liability unless such credit can be applied (subject to the applicable limitation) against tax due on other income treated as derived from foreign sources. U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors as to the foreign tax credit implications of a disposition of the notes.

A Non-U.S. Holder generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax on gain realized on the sale or other taxable disposition of notes so long as (i) such gain is not effectively connected with the conduct by the Non-U.S. Holder of a trade or business in the United States or (ii) in the case of gain realized by an individual, such Non-U.S. Holder is not present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year of the disposition. Non-U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors in the event either of the foregoing conditions applies.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting

Payments in respect of the notes that are paid within the United States or through certain U.S.-related financial intermediaries are subject to information reporting, and may be subject to backup withholding, unless the U.S. Holder (i) is a corporation or other exempt recipient, and demonstrates this fact when so required, or (ii) provides a correct taxpayer identification number, certifies that it is not subject to backup withholding and otherwise complies with applicable requirements of the backup withholding rules. The amount of any backup withholding collected from a payment to a U.S. Holder will be allowed as a credit against the U.S. Holder s U.S. federal income tax liability, and may entitle the U.S. Holder to a refund, provided that certain required information is timely furnished to the IRS.

Although Non-U.S. Holders generally are exempt from backup withholding, a Non-U.S. Holder may, in certain circumstances, be required to comply with certification procedures to prove entitlement to this exemption.

U.S. Holders may be subject to other U.S. information reporting requirements. Holders should consult their own advisors regarding the application of U.S. information reporting rules in light of their particular circumstances.

Brazilian Tax Considerations

The following discussion is a summary of the Brazilian tax considerations relating to an investment in the notes by a non-resident of Brazil. This discussion is based on the tax laws of Brazil as in effect on the date of this prospectus supplement and is subject to any change in Brazilian law that may come into effect after such date. The information set forth below is intended to be a general discussion only and does not address all possible tax consequences relating to an investment in the notes.

PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISERS AS TO THE CONSEQUENCES OF PURCHASING THE NOTES, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, THE CONSEQUENCES OF THE RECEIPT OF INTEREST AND THE SALE OR OTHER DISPOSITION OF THE NOTES OR COUPONS.

Payments in Respect of the Notes, and Sale or Other Disposition of Notes

Generally, an individual, entity, trust or organization that is domiciled for tax purposes outside Brazil (a Non-Resident) is subject to income tax in Brazil only when income is derived from Brazilian source or when the transaction giving rise to such earnings involves assets located in Brazil. Therefore, based on the fact that PifCo is considered to be domiciled abroad for tax purposes, any interest (including original issue discount, if any), gains, fees, commissions, expenses and any other income paid by PifCo in respect of the notes it issues to Non-Resident holders should not, under Brazilian law, be regarded as payable by a Brazilian obligor. Accordingly, no Brazilian income or withholding taxes should apply to payments made by the issuer, provided that such payments are made with funds held by PifCo outside of Brazil.

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Any capital gains generated outside Brazil as a result of a transaction between two Non-Resident holders with respect to assets not located in Brazil are generally not subject to tax in Brazil. If the assets are located in Brazil, then capital gains realized thereon are subject to income tax, according to Law No. 10,833, enacted on December 29, 2003. Since the notes will be issued and registered abroad, the notes should not fall within the definition of assets located in Brazil for purposes of Law No. 10,833. Therefore, gains realized on the sale or other disposition of the notes made outside Brazil by a Non-Resident holder to another non-Brazilian resident should not be subject to Brazilian taxes. Notwithstanding the foregoing, considering the general and unclear scope of this legislation and the absence of judicial guidance in respect thereof, we cannot assure prospective investors that such interpretation will prevail in the courts of Brazil.

As a result, gains realized by a Non-Resident holder from the sale or other disposition of the notes (i) in case the notes are deemed to be located in Brazil, to a Non-Resident, or (ii) to a resident of Brazil may be subject to income tax in Brazil at a rate of 15%, or 25% if such Non-Resident holder is located in a country that does not impose any income tax or which imposes income tax at a maximum rate lower than 20% or in a country or location where the local laws do not allow access to information related to the shareholding composition of legal entities, to their ownership or to the identity of the effective beneficiary of the income attributed to non-residents (a Low or Nil Tax Jurisdiction), unless a lower rate is provided for in an applicable tax treaty between Brazil and the country where the Non-Resident holder has its domicile.

Payments Made by Petrobras as Guarantor

Interest, fees, commissions, expenses and any other income payable by Petrobras as guarantor resident in Brazil to a Non-Resident holder are generally subject to income tax withheld at source. The rate of withholding in respect of interest payments is generally 15%, unless (i) the holder of the notes is resident or domiciled in a Low or Nil Tax Jurisdiction, in which case the applicable rate is 25%, or (ii) such other lower rate as provided for in an applicable tax treaty between Brazil and another country where the beneficiary is domiciled. In case the guarantor is required to assume the obligation to pay the principal amount of the notes, Brazilian tax authorities could attempt to impose withholding income tax as described above.

If the payments with respect to the notes are made by Petrobras as a guarantor, then Non-Resident holders will be indemnified so that, after payment of applicable Brazilian taxes imposed by deduction or withholding with respect to principal or interest payable with respect to the notes, subject to certain exceptions, as mentioned in Description of the Notes Covenants Additional Amounts, a Non-Resident holder will receive an amount equal to the amount that such Non-Resident holder would have received if no such taxes were imposed. See Description of the Notes Covenants Additional Amounts.

Low or Nil Tax Jurisdictions and Privileged Tax Regimes

On June 4, 2010, Brazilian tax authorities adopted Normative Instruction No. 1,037 listing (i) the countries and jurisdictions considered as Low or Nil Tax Jurisdictions and (ii) the privileged tax regimes, which definition is provided by Law No. 11,727, of June 23, 2008. Although we believe that the best interpretation of the current tax legislation could lead to the conclusion that the privileged tax regime concept should solely apply for purposes of Brazilian transfer pricing and thin capitalization rules, we cannot assure whether subsequent legislation or interpretations by the Brazilian tax authorities will not also make it applicable to a Non-Resident holder with respect to payments potentially made by a Brazilian source.

We recommend prospective investors to consult their own tax advisors from time to time to verify any possible tax consequences arising from Normative Instruction No. 1,037 and Law No. 11,727. If the Brazilian tax authorities determine that payments made to a Non-Resident holder are within the scope of a privileged tax regime, then the withholding income tax applicable to such payments could be up to 25%.

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Other Tax Considerations

Brazilian law imposes a tax on foreign exchange transactions (*Imposto sobre Operações de Crédito, Câmbio, Seguros e sobre Operações relativas à Títulos e Valores Mobiliários*) (the IOF/Exchange) on the conversion of *reais* into foreign currency and on the conversion of foreign currency into *reais*, including foreign exchange transactions in connection with payments made by a Brazilian guarantor under the guarantee to Non-Resident holders.

Currently, the IOF/Exchange rate is 0.38% for most foreign exchange transactions, including foreign exchange transactions in connection with payments by Petrobras to Non-Resident holders under the guarantee. However, the IOF/Exchange rate can be increased by the Brazilian Government at any time up to a maximum rate of 25%. Any such new rate would only apply to future foreign exchange transactions.

Generally, there are no inheritance, gift, succession, stamp, or other similar taxes in Brazil with respect to the ownership, transfer, assignment or other disposition of the notes by a Non-Resident, except for gift and inheritance taxes imposed by some Brazilian states on gifts or bequests by individuals or entities not domiciled or residing in Brazil to individuals or entities domiciled or residing within such states.

Cayman Islands Tax Considerations

The Cayman Islands currently have no exchange control restrictions and no income, corporate or capital gains tax, estate duty, inheritance tax, gift tax or withholding tax applicable to PifCo or any holder of notes issued by PifCo. Accordingly, payment of principal of (including any premium) and interest on, and any transfer of, the notes will not be subject to taxation in the Cayman Islands; no Cayman Islands withholding tax will be required on such payments to any holder of a note; and gains derived from the sale of notes will not be subject to Cayman Islands capital gains tax. The Cayman Islands are not party to any double taxation treaties, other than a double taxation agreement entered into between the governments of the United Kingdom and the Cayman Islands on June 15, 2009. The Cayman Islands government has recently entered into certain agreements with various governments in relation to information with respect to tax matters.

No stamp duties or similar taxes or charges are payable under the laws of the Cayman Islands in respect of the execution and issue of notes by PifCo unless they are executed in or brought within (for example, for the purposes of enforcement) the jurisdiction of the Cayman Islands, in which case stamp duty of 0.25% of the face amount of the notes may be payable on each Note (up to a maximum of 250 Cayman Islands Dollars (CI\$) (U.S.\$312.50)) unless stamp duty of CI\$500 (U.S.\$625.00) has been paid in respect of the entire issue of notes.

The foregoing conversions of Cayman Island Dollars to U.S. Dollars have been made on the currently applicable basis of U.S.1.25 = CI\$1.00.

European Union Savings Directive

Under Council Directive 2003/48/EC (the Directive) on the taxation of savings income, each Member State is required to provide to the tax or other relevant authorities of another Member State details of payments of interest (or similar income) paid by a person within its jurisdiction to, or collected by such a person for, an individual resident in that other Member State or to certain limited types of entities established in that other Member State. However, for a transitional period, Luxembourg and Austria will (unless during that period they elect otherwise) operate a withholding system in relation to such payments deducting tax at the rate of 35% (the ending of such transitional period being dependent upon the conclusion of certain other agreements relating to information exchange with certain other countries). A number of non-EU countries and territories including Switzerland have agreed to adopt similar measures (a withholding system in the case of Switzerland).

The European Commission has proposed certain amendments to the Directive, which may, if implemented, amend and broaden the scope of the requirement described above.

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DIFFICULTIES OF ENFORCING CIVIL LIABILITIES AGAINST NON-U.S. PERSONS

Petrobras is a *sociedade de economia mista* (mixed capital company), a public sector company with some private sector ownership, established under the laws of Brazil, and PifCo is an exempted limited liability company incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands. A substantial portion of the assets of Petrobras and PifCo are located outside the Unites States, and at any time all of their executive officers and directors, and certain advisors named in this prospectus supplement, may reside outside the United States. As a result, it may not be possible for you to effect service of process on any of those persons within the United States. In addition, it may not be possible for you to enforce a judgment of a United States court for civil liability based upon the United States federal securities laws against any of those persons outside the United States

For further information on potential difficulties in effecting service of process on any of those persons or enforcing judgments against any of them outside the United States, see Enforceability of Civil Liabilities in the accompanying prospectus.

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LEGAL MATTERS

Walkers, special Cayman Islands counsel for PifCo, will pass upon the validity of the notes and the indenture for PifCo as to certain matters of Cayman Islands law. Mr. Nilton Antonio de Almeida Maia, Petrobras general counsel, will pass upon, for PifCo and Petrobras, certain matters of Brazilian law relating to the notes, the indenture and the guaranties. The validity of the notes, the indenture and the guaranties will be passed upon for PifCo and Petrobras by Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP as to certain matters of New York law.

Mattos Filho Veiga Filho Marrey Jr. e Quiroga Advogados will pass upon the validity of the indenture and the guaranties for the underwriters as to certain matters of Brazilian law. Shearman & Sterling LLP will pass upon the validity of the notes, the indenture and the guaranties for the underwriters as to certain matters of New York law.

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EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements of Petrobras and its subsidiaries and of PifCo and its subsidiaries as of and for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, and management s assessments of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010, have been incorporated in this prospectus supplement by reference to the combined Petrobras and PifCo annual report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2010 in reliance upon the report of KPMG Auditores Independentes, an independent registered public accounting firm, and upon the authority of KPMG Auditores Independentes as experts in accounting and auditing.

With respect to the unaudited interim financial information of Petrobras and PifCo for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010, which are incorporated by reference herein, KPMG Auditores Independentes has reported that it applied limited procedures in accordance with professional standards for a review of such information. However, its reports included in the Petrobras Form 6-K furnished to the SEC on August 25, 2011, and PifCo Form 6-K furnished to the SEC on August 25, 2011, and incorporated by reference herein, state that it did not audit and it does not express an opinion on that interim financial information. Accordingly, the degree of reliance on its reports on such information should be restricted in light of the limited nature of the review procedures applied. KPMG Auditores Independentes is not subject to the liability provisions of Section 11 of the Securities Act for its reports on the unaudited interim financial information because those reports are not reports or a part of the registration statement prepared or certified by the accountants within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of the Securities Act.

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LISTING AND GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1. We have applied to list the notes on the official list of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and have them admitted to trading on the Euro MTF market of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.
- 2. The notes have been accepted for clearance through Euroclear and Clearstream. The ISIN numbers and Common Codes for the notes are as follows:

 Series of Notes
 ISIN Number
 Common Code

 2018 Notes
 XS0716979249
 071697924

 2022 Notes
 XS0716979595
 071697959

- 3. We have obtained all necessary consents, approvals and authorizations in connection with the issuance and performance of the notes. Resolutions of PifCo s board of directors, dated as of November 30, 2011, authorized the issuance of the notes. Resolutions of Petrobras board of directors and resolutions of Petrobras board of officers, dated as of August 15, 2011 and November 24, 2011, respectively, authorized the execution and delivery of the guarantees.
- 4. Except as described in this prospectus supplement, since September 30, 2011, there has been no change (or any development or event involving a prospective change of which we are or might reasonably be expected to be aware) which is materially adverse to our financial condition and that of our subsidiaries taken as a whole.
- 5. Except as described in this prospectus supplement, since September 30, 2011, there has been no change (or any development or event involving a prospective change of which Petrobras is or might reasonably be expected to be aware) which is materially adverse to Petrobras financial condition and that of its subsidiaries taken as a whole.
- 6. Except as described in this prospectus supplement, including the documents incorporated by reference herein, there are no pending actions, suits or proceedings against or affecting us or any of our subsidiaries or any of their respective properties, which, if determined adversely to us or any such subsidiary, would individually or in the aggregate have an adverse effect on our financial condition and that of our subsidiaries taken as a whole or would adversely affect our ability to perform our obligations under the notes or which are otherwise material in the context of the issue of the notes, and, to the best of our knowledge, no such actions, suits or proceedings are threatened.
- 7. For so long as any of the notes are outstanding and admitted for listing on the official list of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and trading on the Euro MTF market, copies of the following items in English will be available at the expense of PifCo from The Bank of New York Mellon, at its office at 101 Barclay Street, 4E, New York, New York, 10286:

Our audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 and for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, and any related notes to these items.

Petrobras audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 and for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, and any related notes to these items.

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For so long as any of the notes are outstanding and admitted for listing on the official list of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and trading on the Euro MTF market, copies of the current annual financial statements and unaudited financial information of PifCo and Petrobras may be obtained from our Luxembourg listing agent at its office listed above. PifCo and Petrobras currently publish their unaudited financial information on a quarterly basis.

During the same period, the base indenture, the eighth and ninth supplemental indentures and a copy of our by-laws and Petrobras by-laws will be available at the offices of the Bank of New York Mellon and The Bank of New York Mellon (Luxembourg) S.A.

- 8. Neither PifCo nor Petrobras have issued convertible debt securities, exchangeable debt securities or debt securities with warrants attached.
- 9. PifCo s principal executive office is located at Harbour Place, 103 South Church Street, \$\\Psi\$ Floor P.O. Box 1034GT-BWI, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands and its constitutive documents are available at the same address. Petrobras principal executive office is located at Avenida República do Chile, 65 20031-912 Rio de Janeiro, RJ, Brazil and its constitutive documents can be inspected at the same address.

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