

BARCLAYS PLC
Form 6-K
November 10, 2009

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER
PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-16 OR 15D-16
UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

10 November 2009

Barclays PLC and
Barclays Bank PLC

(Names of Registrants)

1 Churchill Place

London E14 5HP

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England

(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1): _____

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7): _____

THIS REPORT ON FORM 6-K SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE IN THE REGISTRATION STATEMENTS ON FORM F-3 (NO. 333-145845) AND FORM S-8 (NOS. 333-112796, 333-112797, 333-149301 AND 333-149302) OF BARCLAYS BANK PLC AND THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-8 (NO. 333-153723) OF BARCLAYS PLC AND TO BE A PART THEREOF FROM THE DATE ON WHICH THIS REPORT IS FURNISHED, TO THE EXTENT NOT SUPERSEDED BY DOCUMENTS OR REPORTS SUBSEQUENTLY FILED OR FURNISHED.

This Report is a joint Report on Form 6-K filed by Barclays PLC and Barclays Bank PLC. All of the issued ordinary share capital of Barclays Bank PLC is owned by Barclays PLC.

The Report comprises:

The Interim Management Statement dated 10 November 2009.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, each of the registrants has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorised.

BARCLAYS PLC
(Registrant)

Date: November 10, 2009

By: /s/ David Blizzard
Name: David Blizzard
Title: Assistant Secretary

BARCLAYS BANK PLC
(Registrant)

Date: November 10, 2009

By: /s/ David Blizzard
Name: David Blizzard
Title: Assistant Secretary

BARCLAYS PLC AND BARCLAYS BANK PLC

This document includes portions from the previously published Interim Management Statement relating to the nine month period ended September 30, 2009, as amended to comply with the requirements of Regulation G and Item 10(e) of Regulation S-K promulgated by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). The purpose of this document is to delete certain information that may not be in compliance with SEC regulations. This document does not update or otherwise supplement the information contained in the previously published Interim Management Statement.

An audit opinion has not been rendered in respect of this Interim Management Statement.

10th November 2009

Barclays PLC

Interim Management Statement

Group Unaudited Results

	Nine Months Ended 30.09.09 ¹	Nine Months Ended 30.09.08 ¹	% Change
	£m	£m	
Total income net of insurance claims	23,786	18,830	26
Impairment charges and other credit provisions	(6,214)	(3,762)	65
Operating expenses	(13,226)	(11,091)	19
Own credit (charge)/gain	(1,298)	1,951	nm
Gains on acquisitions and disposals	178	1,589 ²	nm
Gains on debt buy-backs	1,249	9	nm
Profit before tax	4,542	5,595	(19)
Profit after tax	3,413	4,463	(24)
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent	2,730	3,825	(29)
Profit Before Tax			
Global Retail and Commercial Banking	2,181	3,108	(30)
Investment Banking and Investment Management ^{1,2}	1,966	3,151	(38)
Head Office Functions and Other Operations	395	(664)	nm
Basic earnings per share	25.3p	56.4p	(55)
Diluted earnings per share	23.9p	54.7p	(56)
Dividend per share	1.0p ³	22.5p	nm

1 Both periods include the results of Barclays Global Investors (BGI), which is being sold to BlackRock with completion anticipated during December 2009. Profit before tax attributable to the relevant discontinued operations for the 9 months ended 30th September 2009 was £435m (2008: £673m). The equivalent profit after tax was £252m (2008: £471m).

2 Includes gains on acquisition of Lehman Brothers North America of £1,500m, being the preliminary estimate reflected in the October 2008 Interim Management Statement.

3 Interim dividend in respect of the second half of 2009. Q3 2009 basic earnings per share were 7.8p.

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Performance Summary

Profit before tax for the nine months ended 30th September 2009 of £4,542m

Income for the nine months up 26% year on year

Positive cost:income jaws of 7%

Impairment for the full year is currently expected to be around the bottom end of the previously referenced 2009 consensus range of £9.0bn to £9.6bn

Continued strengthening of capital and liquidity positions

Interim dividend of 1p per share

Group Performance

Group profit before tax for the nine months ended 30th September 2009 was £4,542m (2008: £5,595m), a decrease year on year of 19% (£1,053m). This reflected a charge on own credit of £1,298m (2008: gain of £1,951m), gains on acquisitions and disposals of £178m (2008: £1,589m), and gains on debt buy-backs of £1,249m (2008: £9m).

Income growth was partially offset by significantly increased impairment charges of £6,214m (2008: £3,762m).

Operating expenses increased reflecting the impact of acquisitions during 2008, partially offset by a one-off credit of £371m resulting from the closure of the UK final salary pension scheme to existing members. Profit before tax also reflected credit market writedowns taken through income of £4,251m (2008: £3,221m). Total credit market writedowns were £5,675m (2008: £4,781m). Performance for the third quarter is summarised in the table in Appendix I.

Capital, Leverage and Liquidity

As at 30th June 2009, the Group reported a Core Tier 1 ratio of 8.8% and a Tier 1 ratio of 11.7% on a pro forma basis to reflect the impact of the sale of Barclays Global Investors to BlackRock, Inc. On 20th October 2009 warrants were exercised resulting in the issue of 379m new shares in Barclays PLC for a consideration of £750m. This would have the impact of adding an estimated 19bps to the pro forma Core Tier 1 and Tier 1 ratios as at 30th June 2009, giving pro forma ratios of 8.9% and 11.8% respectively.

Adjusted gross leverage and risk weighted assets as at 30th September 2009 are broadly consistent with the position as at 30th June 2009.

During the third quarter, the Group continued to build liquidity in anticipation of the future introduction of new FSA rules, with Group surplus liquidity of £110bn as at 30th September 2009 (30th June 2009: £88bn).

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Business Commentary

Global Retail and Commercial Banking

Global Retail and Commercial Banking income grew by 11% in the nine months ended 30th September 2009, primarily driven by the international businesses following rapid expansion in prior years. This was well ahead of cost growth of 4%. Impairment for the nine months was significantly above the prior year period. As a result profit before tax declined to £2,181m for the nine months ended 30th September 2009 (2008: £3,108m).

Profit before tax at **UK Retail Banking** for the nine months decreased significantly, impacted by the current economic conditions. Income decreased reflecting the impact of liability margin compression, which more than offset higher income from Home Finance. Impairment charges for the nine months were higher than for the previous year; mortgage impairment charges remained low. Costs were managed lower through continued tight control of discretionary spending.

Profit before tax at **Barclays Commercial Bank** for the nine months decreased, primarily driven by higher impairment charges over the period, reflecting higher default rates and declines in asset values. There was solid income growth, with the impact of margin compression on deposit products offset by growth in debt net interest income, net fee and commission income, and a gain from the repurchase of securitised debt.

Profit before tax at **Barclaycard** for the nine months was ahead of the prior year. Income grew very strongly year on year with improved margins, and with the international businesses in particular benefiting from higher customer balances. This was largely offset by a higher impairment charge compared to the corresponding period last year, reflecting growth in portfolio balances and continued economic deterioration in key markets.

Profit before tax for **Global Retail and Commercial Banking – Western Europe** for the nine months was ahead of the prior year and benefited significantly from the gain of £153m on the sale of the 50 per cent stake in Barclays Vida y Pensiones Compania de Seguros to CNP Assurances SA. Income growth was very strong across all markets, as was the growth in customer deposits, following the expansion of the distribution network in 2007 and 2008. Impairment charges for the nine months increased significantly year on year, particularly in Spain, as economic conditions remained difficult.

Global Retail and Commercial Banking – Emerging Markets posted a loss before tax for the nine months compared to a profit in the same period last year. Very strong income growth was driven by prior year investment in new markets, particularly in UAE, and continued growth in the established markets in Africa and the Indian Ocean. Impairment continued to increase with higher retail charges in UAE and India as a result of the difficult economic environment.

Profit before tax at **Global Retail and Commercial Banking – Absa** decreased for the nine months. In Rand terms, income was slightly ahead of the prior year. Coupled with a reduction in costs, reflecting tight cost management, this led to an improvement in the cost:income ratio.

Investment Banking and Investment Management

Barclays Capital profit before tax for the nine months was £1,416m. Top-line income (income prior to credit market writedowns taken through income and own credit charges/gains) was £14.2bn for the nine months, almost double the prior year, driven by excellent growth in the US and Europe and strong performances in the Fixed Income, Commodities and Currency (FICC), Equities and Prime Services businesses. Third quarter top-line income of £3.7bn was up on the third quarter of 2008 but down on the second quarter of 2009, reflecting the normal seasonal slowdown in the third quarter and tighter spreads.

Year to date credit market writedowns taken through income increased 32% to £4,251m. Impairment charges for the nine months of £2,220m included £1,424m relating to credit market writedowns in impairment. Costs for the nine months increased year on year with the inclusion of the acquired Lehman business.

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Strong growth in profit before tax at **Barclays Global Investors** for the nine months was driven by a significant reduction in liquidity support costs and appreciation in the average value of the US Dollar against Sterling. There were net asset inflows of £87bn in the nine month period.

In difficult market conditions, **Barclays Wealth** underlying income for the nine months was broadly in line with 2008 when adjusted for the impact of the sale of the closed life business in 2008 and the acquired Lehman North American businesses. Profit before tax decreased significantly due to the impact of these transactions. Total client assets were in line with 31st December 2008.

Head Office Functions and Other Operations

The increase in profit before tax in **Head Office Functions and Other Operations** for the nine months was driven by gains on debt extinguishment of £1,164m partially offset by increased costs in central funding activity due to money market dislocation in the early months of the year.

Impairment

	Nine Months Ended 30.09.09 £m	Nine Months Ended 30.09.08 £m
Impairment charges on loans and advances	5,537	3,263
Charges in respect of undrawn facilities and guarantees	26	246
Impairment charges on loans and advances and other credit provisions	5,563	3,509
Impairment charges on AFS and reverse repurchase agreements	651	253
Impairment charges and other credit provisions	6,214	3,762

Impairment charges increased by 65% (£2,452m) to £6,214m for the nine months (2008: £3,762m). Approximately a quarter of this increase was attributable to foreign exchange movements with the majority of the balance being driven by economic deterioration and portfolio maturation. These charges represented an annualised loan loss rate on loans and advances and other credit provisions of 151 basis points (six months ended 30th June 2009: 165 basis points). The loan loss rate was 136 basis points (six months ended 30th June 2009: 144 basis points) when measured against constant year-end loans and advances balances and constant foreign exchange rates. We currently expect impairment for the full year to be around the bottom end of the previously referenced 2009 consensus range of £9.0bn to £9.6bn.

Barclays Capital Credit Market Exposures

During the nine months ended 30th September 2009, credit market exposures have been reduced by £14,442m, including net sales and paydowns of £6,892m, gross writedowns of £5,675m and a decrease of £1,875m due to other movements and currency depreciation over the nine month period of the US Dollar and the Euro relative to Sterling of 9% and 5% respectively. In addition to this reduction, on 16th September 2009 £5,087m credit market exposures and £2,367m other assets were sold to Protium Finance LP, funded by a £7.7bn loan extended by Barclays (see Appendix II Note D).

Detailed information relating to credit market exposures is set out in the Appendix II to this statement.

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October Trading, Recent Developments and Outlook

October trading was generally consistent with the overall trend for the first nine months of the year.

On 6th August 2009 shareholders approved BlackRock's offer to purchase the Barclays Global Investors business. We expect to complete this transaction in December 2009.

On 26th October 2009 the Group announced an agreement to acquire Standard Life Bank Plc from Standard Life Plc for a consideration of £226m, payable in cash upon completion.

On 3rd November 2009 the Group announced the broadening of its Executive Committee and changes to its structure and senior management responsibilities. These changes will be reflected in our financial reporting from 2010.

Dividends

As previously announced, it will be our policy to declare and pay dividends on a quarterly basis. In respect of the second half of 2009, we will pay an interim cash dividend of 1p per share on 11th December 2009. A final cash dividend for the half year will be declared at the time of the Preliminary Results Announcement on 16th February 2010 and paid in March. We are committed to maintaining strong capital ratios. We therefore expect that the proportion of profits after tax distributed through dividends will be significantly lower than the 50% level which was maintained in recent years.

Notes

1. Key trends in the income statement set out above, unless stated otherwise, relate to the nine months to 30th September 2009, and are compared to the corresponding nine months of 2008.
2. Trends in income, unless stated otherwise, are expressed after the deduction of net claims and benefits on insurance contracts.
3. The financial information on which this interim management statement is based, and the credit market exposures and other data set out in the appendices to this statement, are unaudited and have been prepared in accordance with Barclays previously stated accounting policies described in the 2008 Annual Report.
4. For qualifying US and Canadian resident ADR holders, the interim dividend of 1p per ordinary share becomes 4p per ADS (representing four shares). The ADR depository will mail the interim dividend on 11th December 2009 to ADR holders on the record on 20th November 2009.

Shareholders may have their dividends reinvested in Barclays PLC shares by participating in the Barclays Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRIP). The DRIP is available to all shareholders, including members of Barclays Sharestore, provided that they neither live in nor are subject to the jurisdiction of any country where their participation in the DRIP would require Barclays or The Plan Administrator to Barclays DRIP to take action to comply with local government or regulatory procedures or any similar formalities. Any shareholder wishing to obtain details and a form to join the DRIP should contact The Plan Administrator to Barclays DRIP by writing to: The Plan Administrator to Barclays DRIP, Aspect House, Spencer Road, Lancing, West Sussex, BN99 6DA, United Kingdom, or, by telephoning 0871 384 2055 (calls to this number are charged at 8p per minute if using a BT landline. Other telephony provider costs may vary). The completed form should be returned to The Plan Administrator to Barclays DRIP on or before 20th November 2009 for it to be effective in time for the payment of the dividend on 11th December 2009. Shareholders who are already in the DRIP need take no action unless they wish to change their instructions in which case they should write to The Plan Administrator to Barclays DRIP.

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Timetable

Event	Date
Ex Dividend Date	Wednesday, 18th November 2009
Dividend Record Date	Friday, 20th November 2009
Dividend Payment Date	Friday, 11th December 2009
2009 Preliminary Results Announcement	Tuesday, 16th February 2010

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Forward Looking Statements

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This document contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the US Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 27A of the US Securities Act of 1933, as amended, with respect to certain of the Group's plans and its current goals and expectations relating to its future financial condition and performance. Barclays cautions readers that no forward-looking statement is a guarantee of future performance and that actual results could differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate only to historical or current facts. Forward-looking statements sometimes use words such as may, will, seek, continue, aim, anticipate, target, expect, estimate, intend, plan, goal, or believe, or similar meaning. Examples of forward-looking statements include, among others, statements regarding the Group's future financial position, income growth, assets, impairment charges, business strategy, capital ratios, leverage, payment of dividends, projected levels of growth in the banking and financial markets, projected costs, estimates of capital expenditures, and plans and objectives for future operations and other statements that are not historical fact. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to future events and circumstances, including, but not limited to, UK domestic and global economic and business conditions, the effects of continued volatility in credit markets, market related risks such as changes in interest rates and exchange rates, effects of changes in valuation of credit market exposures, changes in valuation of issued notes, the policies and actions of governmental and regulatory authorities, changes in legislation, the further development of standards and interpretations under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) applicable to past, current and future periods, evolving practices with regard to the interpretation and application of standards under IFRS, the integration of the Lehman Brothers North American businesses into the Group's business and the quantification of the benefits resulting from such acquisition, the proposed disposal of Barclays Global Investors and the impact on the Group, the outcome of pending and future litigation, the success of future acquisitions and other strategic transactions and the impact of competition – a number of which factors are beyond the Group's control. As a result, the Group's actual future results may differ materially from the plans, goals, and expectations set forth in the Group's forward-looking statements.

Any forward-looking statements made herein speak only as of the date they are made. Except as required by the UK Financial Services Authority (FSA), the London Stock Exchange or applicable law, Barclays expressly disclaims any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statements contained in this announcement to reflect any change in Barclays expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based. The reader should, however, consult any additional disclosures that Barclays has made or may make in documents it has filed or may file with the SEC.

Q309 IMS Appendix I Quarterly Results Summary***Quarterly Results Summary***

Set out below is a summary of the Group's results by quarter since the start of 2008:

Group Unaudited Results	Q309 £m	Q308 £m
Top line income	8,682	6,884
Credit market writedowns	(744)	(996)
Own credit	(405)	1,099
Total income net of insurance claims	7,533	6,987
Impairment charges and other credit provisions	(1,404)	(862)
Impairment charges – credit market writedowns	(254)	(452)
Operating expenses	(4,479)	(4,338)
Share of results of associates & JVs	5	6
Profit on disposal of subsidiaries, associates & JVs	157	
Gains on acquisitions		1,500
Profit before tax	1,558	2,841
Profit after tax	1,075	2,329
Basic earnings per share (p)	7.8	29.4

Q309 IMS Appendix II Barclays Capital Credit Market Exposures**Barclays Capital Credit Market Exposures**

Barclays Capital's credit market exposures primarily relate to commercial real estate and leveraged finance. The exposures include both positions subject to fair value movements in the profit and loss account and positions that are classified as loans and advances and as available for sale.

The exposures and gross writedowns to 30th September 2009 are set out by asset class below:

	Notes	As at	As at	As at	As at	As at	As at	Nine Months Ended 30.09.09		
		30.09.09	30.06.09	31.12.08	30.09.09	30.06.09	31.12.08	Fair Value Losses	Impairment Charge	Gross Losses
		\$m ¹	\$m ¹	\$m ¹	£m ¹	£m ¹	£m ¹	£m	£m	£m
US Residential Mortgages										
ABS CDO Super Senior	A1	3,539	3,709	4,526	2,216	2,255	3,104		499	499
Other US sub-prime and Alt-A	A2	2,295	6,618	11,269	1,437	4,024	7,729	525	549	1,074
Monoline wrapped US RMBS	A3	11	2,092	2,389	7	1,272	1,639	288		288
Commercial Mortgages										
Commercial real estate	B1	13,173	14,354	16,882	8,246	8,728	11,578	2,238		2,238
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	B1	987	954	1,072	618	580	735	32		32
Monoline wrapped CMBS	B2	61	2,577	2,703	38	1,567	1,854	479		479
Other Credit Market										
Leveraged Finance	C1	11,434	11,394	15,152	7,158	6,928	10,391		341	341
SIVs, SIV Lites and CDPCs	C2	944	1,100	1,622	591	669	1,113	73	35	108
Monoline wrapped CLO and other	C3	5,179	7,396	7,202	3,242	4,497	4,939	616		616
Total gross writedowns								4,251	1,424	5,675
Loan to Protium	D	12,657			7,923					

During the nine months ended 30th September 2009, credit market exposures have been reduced by £14,442m, including net sales and paydowns of £6,892m, gross writedowns of £5,675m and a decrease of £1,875m due to other movements and currency depreciation over the nine month period of the US Dollar and the Euro relative to Sterling of 9% and 5% respectively. In addition to this reduction, on 16th September 2009 £5,087m credit market exposures and £2,367m other assets were sold to Protium Finance LP, funded by a £7.7bn loan extended by Barclays.

Net sales and paydowns also included a £3,056m leveraged finance exposure which was repaid at par, £1,628m Alt-A, £987m US sub-prime assets and £811m commercial mortgages.

In the nine months ended 30th September 2009, there were gross writedowns of £5,675m (2008: £4,781m), before related income and hedges of £506m (2008: £721m) and own credit losses of £1,298m (2008: gain £1,951m). The gross writedowns, which included £1,424m (2008: £1,560m) in impairment charges, comprised: £1,861m (2008: £3,982m) against US residential mortgage exposures; £2,749m (2008: £396m) against commercial mortgage exposures; and £1,065m (2008: £402m) against other credit market exposures.

1 As the majority of exposure is held in US Dollars, the exposures above are shown in both US Dollars and Sterling

Q309 IMS Appendix II Barclays Capital Credit Market Exposures

A. US Residential Mortgages

A1. ABS CDO Super Senior

	As at 30.09.09 Total £m	As at 30.06.09 Total £m	As at 31.12.08 Total £m	As at 30.09.09 Marks ¹ %	As at 30.06.09 Marks ¹ %	As at 31.12.08 Marks ¹ %
2005 and earlier	1,071	1,052	1,226	77%	81%	90%
2006	428	418	471	16%	16%	37%
2007 and 2008	23	22	25	47%	48%	69%
Sub-prime	1,522	1,492	1,722	59%	62%	75%
2005 and earlier	781	768	891	48%	51%	77%
2006	237	245	269	64%	62%	75%
2007 and 2008	56	55	62	22%	23%	37%
Alt-A	1,074	1,068	1,222	50%	52%	74%
Prime	442	445	520	100%	100%	100%
RMBS CDO	358	351	402	0%	0%	0%
Sub-prime second lien	111	108	127	0%	0%	0%
Total US RMBS	3,507	3,464	3,993	54%	56%	68%
CMBS	38	37	44	100%	100%	100%
Non-RMBS CDO	407	397	453	55%	56%	56%
CLOs	32	31	35	100%	100%	100%
Other ABS	37	36	51	100%	100%	100%
Total Other ABS	514	501	583	65%	65%	66%
Total notional collateral	4,021	3,965	4,576	55%	57%	68%
Subordination	(394)	(400)	(459)			
Gross exposure pre-impairment	3,627	3,565	4,117			
Impairment allowances	(1,411)	(1,310)	(1,013)			
Net exposure	2,216	2,255	3,104			

ABS CDO Super Senior exposure at 30th September 2009 comprised five high grade liquidity facilities which were fully drawn and classified within loans and receivables.

During the nine months ended 30th September 2009, ABS CDO Super Senior exposures reduced by £888m to £2,216m (31st December 2008: £3,104m). Net exposures are stated after writedowns and charges of £499m incurred in 2009 (2008: £1,345m). There was a decline of £257m resulting from stronger Sterling and net amortisation of £132m in the period.

1 Marks above reflect the gross exposure after impairment and subordination.

Q309 IMS Appendix II Barclays Capital Credit Market Exposures*A2. Other US Sub-Prime and Alt-A*

	As at 30.09.09 £m	As at 30.06.09 £m	As at 31.12.08 £m	Marks at 30.09.09 %	Marks at 30.06.09 %	Marks at 31.12.08 %
Other US Sub-Prime						
Whole loans		714	1,565		48%	72%
Sub-prime securities (net of hedges)	182	490	929	39%	14%	25%
Other exposures with underlying sub-prime collateral:						
Derivatives	288	370	643	96%	95%	87%
Loans	60	123	195	29%	55%	70%
Real Estate		50	109		32%	46%
Total other direct and indirect exposure	530	1,033	1,876			
Total Other US Sub-Prime	530	1,747	3,441			
Alt-A						
Whole Loans		495	776		55%	67%
Alt-A Securities	652	1,522	3,112	37%	13%	16%
Residuals			2			6%
Derivative exposure with underlying Alt-A collateral	255	260	398	100%	99%	100%
Total Alt-A	907	2,277	4,288			
Total Other US Sub-Prime and Alt-A	1,437	4,024	7,729			

The majority of Other US Sub-Prime exposures are measured at fair value through profit and loss. Exposure reduced by £2,911m to £530m (31st December 2008: £3,441m), driven by the Protium sale of £993m, other net sales, paydowns and other movements of £922m and gross losses of £765m. Stronger Sterling resulted in a decline in exposure of £231m.

Counterparty derivative exposure to vehicles which hold sub-prime collateral was £288m (31st December 2008: £643m). The majority of this exposure was the most senior obligation of the vehicles.

The majority of Alt-A exposures are measured at fair value through profit and loss. Net exposure to the Alt-A market reduced by £3,381m to £907m (31st December 2008: £4,288m), driven by the Protium sale of £1,326m, other net sales, paydowns and other movements of £1,462m and gross losses of £309m in the period. Stronger Sterling resulted in a decline in exposure of £284m.

Counterparty derivative exposure to vehicles which hold Alt-A collateral was £255m (31st December 2008: £398m). The majority of this exposure was the most senior obligation of the vehicles.

Q309 IMS Appendix II Barclays Capital Credit Market Exposures*A3. US Residential Mortgage Backed Securities Exposure Wrapped by Monoline Insurers*

The table below shows RMBS assets where Barclays Capital held protection from monoline insurers at 30th September 2009. These are measured at fair value through profit and loss.

By Rating of the Monoline	Notional £m	Fair Value of Underlying Asset £m	Fair Value Exposure £m	Credit Valuation Adjustment £m	Net Exposure £m
As at 30.09.09					
Non-investment grade	60	2	58	(51)	7
Total	60	2	58	(51)	7
As at 30.06.09					
Non-investment grade	2,281	348	1,933	(661)	1,272
Total	2,281	348	1,933	(661)	1,272
As at 31.12.08					
A/BBB	2,567	492	2,075	(473)	1,602
Non-investment grade	74	8	66	(29)	37
Total	2,641	500	2,141	(502)	1,639

Net exposure reduced by £1,632m to £7m (31st December 2008: £1,639m), of which £1,164m relates to the Protium sale.

Claims become due in the event of default of the underlying assets. At 30th September 2009, 100% of the underlying assets were rated investment grade.

There is uncertainty as to whether all of the monoline insurers will be able to meet liabilities if such claims were to arise. Certain monoline insurers have been subject to downgrades in 2009. A fair value loss of £288m was recognised in 2009 (2008: £194m). There have been no claims due under these contracts as none of the underlying assets defaulted in the period.

The notional value of the assets split by the rating of the underlying asset is shown below.

	As at 30.09.09 Non-Investment			As at 30.06.09 Non-Investment			As at 31.12.08 Non-Investment			Total £m
	A/BBB £m	Grade £m	Total £m	A/BBB £m	Grade £m	Total £m	AAA/AA £m	A/BBB £m	Grade £m	
2005 and earlier					117	117	143			143
2006					1,086	1,086			1,240	1,240
2007 and 2008					452	452			510	510
High Grade					1,655	1,655	143		1,750	1,893
Mezzanine - 2005 and earlier	60		60	301	284	585	31	330	338	699
CDO ² - 2005 and earlier					41	41			49	49

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US RMBS	60	60	301	1,980	2,281	174	330	2,137	2,641
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B. Commercial Mortgages

B1. Commercial Real Estate and Mortgage-Backed Securities

Commercial mortgages held at fair value include commercial real estate loan exposure of £8,246m (31st December 2008: £11,578m) and commercial mortgage-backed securities of £618m (31st December 2008: £735m). In the period there were gross losses of £2,270m, of which £1,481m relates to the US and £729m relates to Europe; Sterling movement decreased exposure by £857m. There were gross sales and paydowns of £460m in the US and £348m in the UK and Continental Europe.

The commercial real estate loan exposure comprised 51% US, 45% UK and Europe and 4% Asia.

Two large transactions comprised 42% of the total US exposure. The remaining 58% of the US exposure comprised 68 transactions. The remaining weighted average number of years to initial maturity of the US portfolio is 1 year (31st December 2008: 1.4 years).

The UK and Europe portfolio is well diversified with 61 transactions as at 30th September 2009. In Europe protection is provided by loan covenants and periodic LTV retests, which cover 83% of the portfolio. 47% of the German exposure relates to one transaction secured on residential assets.

Commercial Real Estate	As at 30.09.09	As at 30.06.09	As at 31.12.08	Marks at 30.09.09	Marks at 30.06.09	Marks at 31.12.08
Loan Exposure by Region	£m	£m	£m	%	%	%
US	4,245	4,703	6,329	67%	77%	88%
Germany	2,075	2,004	2,467	85%	88%	95%
France	215	216	270	78%	84%	94%
Sweden	215	210	265	84%	89%	96%
Switzerland	148	140	176	88%	89%	97%
Spain	73	73	106	55%	71%	92%
Other Continental Europe	385	425	677	59%	63%	90%
UK	534	597	831	65%	69%	89%
Asia	356	360	457	82%	91%	97%
Total	8,246	8,728	11,578			

Commercial Real Estate	As at 30.09.09						As at 30.06.09	As at 31.12.08
Loan Exposure by Industry	US £m	Germany £m	Other Europe £m	UK £m	Asia £m	Total £m	Total £m	Total £m
Residential	1,371	1,114		162	113	2,760	2,803	3,582
Office	1,297	262	609	122	103	2,393	2,818	3,656
Hotels	786		224	7	1	1,018	1,048	1,633
Retail	58	540	74	50	96	818	734	957
Industrial	433	112	111	31	10	697	726	887
Mixed/Others	174	47	18		33	272	298	375
Leisure				162		162	168	233
Land	130					130	135	232

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Hedges	(4)	(4)	(2)	23
Total	4,245	2,075	1,036	534 356 8,246 8,728 11,578

Commercial Mortgage Backed Securities	As at 30.09.09 £m	As at 30.06.09 £m	As at 31.12.08 £m	Marks ¹ at 30.09.09 %	Marks ¹ at 30.06.09 %	Marks ¹ at 31.12.08 %
(Net of Hedges)						
AAA securities	447	417	588	49%	46%	42%
Other securities	171	163	147	36%	35%	8%
Total	618	580	735			

1 Marks are based on gross collateral.

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B2. CMBS Exposure Wrapped by Monoline Insurers

The table below shows commercial mortgage backed security assets where Barclays Capital held protection from monoline insurers at 30th September 2009. These are measured at fair value through profit and loss.

By Rating of the Monoline	Notional £m	Fair Value of Underlying Asset £m	Fair Value Exposure £m	Credit Valuation Adjustment £m	Net Exposure £m
As at 30.09.09					
AAA/AA	55	13	42	(4)	38
Non-investment grade	388	181	207	(207)	
Total	443	194	249	(211)	38
As at 30.06.09					
AAA/AA	57	13	44	(5)	39
Non-investment grade	3,263	920	2,343	(815)	1,528
Total	3,320	933	2,387	(820)	1,567
As at 31.12.08					
AAA/AA	69	27	42	(4)	38
A/BBB	3,258	1,301	1,957	(320)	1,637
Non-investment grade	425	181	244	(65)	179
Total	3,752	1,509	2,243	(389)	1,854

Net exposure reduced by £1,816m to £38m (31st December 2008: £1,854m), driven by the Protium sale of £1,208m.

Claims would become due in the event of default of the underlying assets. At 30th September 2009, 100% of the underlying assets were rated AAA/AA.

There is uncertainty as to whether all of the monoline insurers will be able to meet liabilities if such claims were to arise. Certain monoline insurers have been subject to downgrades in 2009. A fair value loss of £479m was recognised in 2009 (2008: £115m). There have been no claims due under these contracts as none of the underlying assets defaulted in the period.

The notional value of the assets split by the current rating of the underlying asset is shown below.

	As at 30.09.09			As at 30.06.09			As at 31.12.08	
	AAA/AA £m	A/BBB £m	Total £m	AAA/AA £m	A/BBB £m	Total £m	AAA/AA £m	Total £m
2005 and earlier					385	385	437	437
2006	55		55	333	206	539	613	613
2007 and 2008	388		388	2,396		2,396	2,702	2,702

CMBS

443

443

2,729

591

3,320

3,752

3,752

Q309 IMS Appendix II Barclays Capital Credit Market Exposures**C. Other Credit Market Exposures****C1. Leveraged Finance**

	As at 30.09.09	As at 30.06.09	As at 31.12.08
	£m	£m	£m
Leveraged Finance Exposure by Region			
UK	4,887	4,813	4,810
US	872	727	3,830
Europe	1,425	1,422	1,640
Asia	219	195	226
Total lending and commitments	7,403	7,157	10,506
Impairment	(245)	(229)	(115)
Net lending and commitments at period end	7,158	6,928	10,391

Leveraged loans are classified within loans and advances and are stated at amortised cost less impairment. The overall credit performance of the assets remains satisfactory with the majority of the portfolio performing to plan or in line with original stress tolerances. There is however a small number of deteriorating positions and as a result the impairment has increased.

At 30th September 2009, the gross exposure relating to leveraged finance loans was £7,403m (31st December 2008: £10,506m) following a repayment of £3,056m at par in January 2009.

C2. SIVs, SIV-Lites and CDPCs

SIV and SIV-lite exposure comprises liquidity facilities and derivatives. At 30th September 2009 exposure reduced by £393m to £570m (31st December 2008: £963m) and there were £107m of writedowns in the period.

Credit Derivative Product Companies (CDPCs) exposure at 30th September 2009 reduced by £129m to £21m (31st December 2008: £150m) driven by the termination of one facility rated A/BBB. At 30th September 2009 the remaining exposure is with counterparties rated AAA/AA.

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C3. CLO and Other Exposure Wrapped by Monoline Insurers

The table below shows Collateralised Loan Obligations (CLOs) and other assets where we held protection from monoline insurers at 30th September 2009.

By Rating of the Monoline	Notional £m	Fair Value of Underlying Asset £m	Fair Value Exposure £m	Credit Valuation Adjustment £m	Net Exposure £m
As at 30.09.09					
AAA/AA	7,556	5,362	2,194	(98)	2,096
Non-investment grade	10,322	8,317	2,005	(859)	1,146
Total	17,878	13,679	4,199	(957)	3,242
As at 30.06.09					
AAA/AA	7,319	4,893	2,426	(86)	2,340
Non-investment grade	11,268	7,968	3,300	(1,143)	2,157
Total	18,587	12,861	5,726	(1,229)	4,497
As at 31.12.08					
AAA/AA	8,281	5,854	2,427	(55)	2,372
A/BBB	6,446	4,808	1,638	(204)	1,434
Non-investment grade	6,148	4,441	1,707	(574)	1,133
Total	20,875	15,103	5,772	(833)	4,939

Net exposure reduced by £1,697m to £3,242m (31st December 2008: £4,939m), of which £396m related to the Protium sale.

Claims would become due in the event of default of the underlying assets. At 30th September 2009, 95% of the underlying assets have investment grade ratings and 42% were wrapped by monolines rated AAA/AA. 91% of the underlying assets were CLOs, 90% of which were rated AAA/AA.

There is uncertainty whether all of the monoline insurers would be able to meet all liabilities if such claims were to arise. Certain monoline insurers have been subject to downgrades in 2009. Consequently, a fair value loss of £616m was recognised in 2009 (2008: £175m). There have been no claims due under these contracts as none of the underlying assets defaulted in the period.

The notional value of the assets split by the current rating of the underlying asset is shown below.

	As at 30.09.09				As at 30.06.09				As at 31.12.08			
	Non-investment			Total £m	Non-investment			Total £m	Non-investment			Total £m
AAA/AA £m	A/BBB £m	Grade £m	AAA/AA £m		A/BBB £m	Grade £m	AAA/AA £m		A/BBB £m	Grade £m		
2005 and earlier	4,265	696		4,961	4,752	237	313	5,302	6,037		6,037	
2006	4,974	467		5,441	5,052	214		5,266	5,894		5,894	

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2007 and 2008	5,369	469		5,838	5,384	239		5,623	6,295		6,295
CLOs	14,608	1,632		16,240	15,188	690		313	16,191	18,226	18,226
2005 and earlier		57	57	114		629	139	768	862		862
2006	119	91	127	337	116	153	207	476	535		535
2007 and 2008	436		751	1,187	437		715	1,152	785	467	1,252
Other	555	148	935	1,638	553	782	1,061	2,396	2,182	467	2,649
Total	15,163	1,780	935	17,878	15,741	1,472	1,374	18,587	20,408	467	20,875

Q309 IMS Appendix II Barclays Capital Credit Market Exposures***D. Protium***

On 16th September 2009, Barclays Capital sold £7.5bn (\$12.3bn) assets, including £5.1bn (\$8.4bn) relating to exposures itemised in sections A to C, to Protium Finance LP, a newly established fund. The assets were sold at fair values and there was no gain or loss on sale.

As part of the transaction, Barclays extended a £7.7bn (\$12.6bn) 10 year loan to Protium Finance LP. The loan is classified within loans and receivables. It will be assessed for impairment over the term in accordance with the Group's accounting policies. The difference between the size of the loan and assets sold relates to cash and US treasuries held by Protium. The cash will be deployed at the discretion of Protium in third party credit assets.

The impact on each class of credit market exposure is detailed in each relevant category in sections A to C above.

There have been no material changes in the performance of the underlying cashflows. Fair value movements of the underlying assets are offset by the corresponding decrease in the monoline exposure from the date of completion to 30th September 2009.

For information purposes, the fair value of assets sold to Protium, including cash realised from sales and paydowns, is set out below:

	As at 30.09.09 \$m	As at 16.09.09 \$m	As at 30.06.09 \$m	As at 30.09.09 £m	As at 16.09.09 £m	As at 30.06.09 £m
US Residential Mortgages						
Other US sub-prime whole loans and real estate	1,104	1,124	1,256	691	682	764
Other US sub-prime securities	527	513	508	330	311	309
Total other US sub-prime	1,631	1,637	1,764	1,021	993	1,073
Alt-A	2,141	2,185	2,342	1,340	1,326	1,424
Monoline wrapped US RMBS	1,842	1,919	2,081	1,153	1,164	1,266
Commercial Mortgages						
Monoline wrapped CMBS	1,334	1,991	2,450	835	1,208	1,490
Other Credit Market						
Monoline wrapped CLO and other	654	652	752	410	396	457
Credit market related exposure	7,602	8,384	9,389	4,759	5,087	5,710
Fair value of underlying assets wrapped by monoline insurers	4,266	3,592	2,728	2,671	2,179	1,659
Other Assets	475	309	285	297	188	173
Total	12,343	12,285	12,402	7,727	7,454	7,542

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E. Own Credit

The carrying amount of issued notes that are designated under the IAS 39 fair value option is adjusted to reflect the effect of changes in own credit spreads. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in the income statement.

From 30th September 2007 to 30th June 2009, Barclays credit default swap spreads were used to calculate the carrying amount of issued notes, since there were insufficient observable own credit spreads through secondary trading in Barclays issued bonds. From 1st July 2009, the carrying amount of issued notes has been calculated using credit spreads derived from secondary trading in Barclays issued bonds.

At 30th September 2009, the own credit adjustment arose from the fair market valuation of £50.0bn of Barclays Capital structured notes (31st December 2008: £54.5bn). The current period effect on fair value of changes in own credit was a loss of £1,298m.

Barclays Capital uses credit default swap spreads to determine the impact of Barclays own credit quality on the fair value of derivative liabilities. At 30th September 2009, cumulative adjustment gains of £341m (31st December 2008: £1,176m) were netted against derivative liabilities. The impact of these adjustments in both periods was more than offset by the impact of the credit valuation adjustments to reflect counterparty creditworthiness that were netted against derivative assets.

-ENDS-