

TRUMP ENTERTAINMENT RESORTS, INC.

Form 10-K

March 16, 2007

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**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

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**FORM 10-K**

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**x ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**  
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006

or

**.. TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**  
For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

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**TRUMP ENTERTAINMENT RESORTS, INC.**

**TRUMP ENTERTAINMENT RESORTS HOLDINGS, L.P.**

**TRUMP ENTERTAINMENT RESORTS FUNDING, INC.**

(Exact name of registrants as specified in their charters)

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Delaware	1-13794	13-3818402
Delaware	33-90786	13-3818407
Delaware	33-90786-01	13-3818405
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(Commission File Numbers)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	1000 Boardwalk at Virginia Avenue	
	Atlantic City, New Jersey 08401	
	(609) 449-6515	

# Edgar Filing: TRUMP ENTERTAINMENT RESORTS, INC. - Form 10-K

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of principal executive offices)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

## Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Registrant	Title of Each Class	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered
Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc.	Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC
Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P.	None	None
Trump Entertainment Resorts Funding, Inc.	None	None

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if each registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if each registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether each registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrants' knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether each registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc.			
Large Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated Filer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Non-Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	
Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P.			
Large Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Non-Accelerated Filer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Trump Entertainment Resorts Funding, Inc.			
Large Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Non-Accelerated Filer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Indicate by check mark whether each registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrants have filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes  No

The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. held by non-affiliates as of June 30, 2006 was approximately \$590,171,053, based upon the closing price of \$20.15 for the common stock in the Over-the-Counter Market on that date. The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity of Trump Entertainment Resorts Funding, Inc. held by non-affiliates as of June 30, 2006 was \$0. The common stock of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. has been trading on the Nasdaq National Market since September 20, 2005 under the ticker symbol TRMP.

As of March 14, 2007, there were 31,067,978 shares of common stock and 900 shares of class B common stock (having a voting equivalency of 9,377,484 shares of common stock) of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. outstanding. As of March 14, 2007, there were 100 shares of common stock of Trump Entertainment Resorts Funding, Inc. outstanding.

## DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE:

Certain portions of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc.'s definitive proxy statement pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in connection with the 2007 annual meeting of stockholders of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. are incorporated by reference into Part III of this Report.



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In this Report, TER means Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc., a Delaware corporation. The words we, us, our and similar terms collectively refer to TER and its subsidiaries, including, but not limited to, Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership of which TER is the sole general partner and an indirect limited partner ( TER Holdings ), and Trump Entertainment Resorts Funding, Inc., a Delaware corporation wholly-owned by TER Holdings ( TER Funding ).

We are the successors to Trump Hotels & Casino Resorts, Inc., a Delaware corporation formed in 1995 ( THCR ), and its subsidiaries.

**The Company**

*General.* We own and operate three casino hotel properties in Atlantic City, New Jersey: Trump Taj Mahal Casino Resort ( Trump Taj Mahal ), Trump Plaza Hotel and Casino ( Trump Plaza ), and Trump Marina Hotel Casino ( Trump Marina ). Our company is the sole vehicle through which Donald J. Trump, the Chairman of our board of directors (the Board ) and our largest individual stockholder, conducts gaming activities and strives to provide customers with outstanding casino resort and entertainment experiences consistent with the Donald J. Trump standard of excellence. Our company is separate and distinct from Mr. Trump's real estate and other holdings.

The following is a summary of our casino properties at December 31, 2006:

Casino Property	2006 Net Revenues (000s)	Number of Rooms/Suites	Approximate Number of Gaming Tables	Approximate Number of Slot Machines
Trump Taj Mahal	\$ 502,650	1,250	200	3,770
Trump Plaza	278,765	900	90	2,280
Trump Marina	244,747	728	70	2,020
Total	\$ 1,026,162	2,878	360	8,070

*Emergence from Bankruptcy.* On May 20, 2005 (the Effective Date ), we emerged from reorganization proceedings voluntarily commenced by THCR and certain of its subsidiaries (the Debtors ) on November 21, 2004 under chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. On the Effective Date, all material conditions to our plan of reorganization (the Plan ) were satisfied, and we recapitalized and renamed our company, Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc., merged and/or dissolved certain of THCR's subsidiaries, consolidated our indebtedness and substantially reduced our debt service requirements. For a more comprehensive overview of the reorganization, see Emergence from Bankruptcy below.

*Sale of Trump Indiana.* In December 2005, we sold one of our subsidiaries, Trump Indiana, Inc., through which we owned and operated Trump Casino Hotel, a riverboat casino and hotel at Buffington Harbor, in Gary, Indiana ( Trump Indiana ) for a gross purchase price of \$253 million, subject to certain adjustments. The sale resulted in approximately \$227 million in net proceeds to us after accounting for certain taxes, fees and other closing costs and expenses incurred in conjunction with the sale. The sale also included our 50% interest in all common land-based and waterside operations in support of Trump Indiana, including our interests in a parking garage at the site.

Our consolidated financial statements included in this Report reflect Trump Indiana as a discontinued operation for all periods presented.

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### **Investor Information**

We are a public company and are subject to the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). Accordingly, we file periodic reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC). Such reports, proxy statements and other information may be obtained by visiting the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, NE, Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549 or by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. In addition, the SEC maintains a website (<http://www.sec.gov>) that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding us and other issuers that file electronically.

Our website address is <http://www.trumpcasinos.com>. We make available, without charge, through our website, copies of our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, as soon as reasonably practicable after such reports are filed with or furnished to the SEC. References in this document to our website are not and should not be considered part of this Report, and the information on our website is not incorporated by reference in this Report.

Our Corporate Governance Guidelines, Code of Business Conduct, Code of Ethics for Principal Officers and Directors, and the charters of our Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee and Executive Committee, are available free of charge on our website under the Board and Board Committee Charters link in the Corporate Information section.

The certifications of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 about the disclosures contained in this Report are attached hereto and available on our website.

### **Business and Marketing Strategy**

*General.* Following our reorganization in May 2005, we set out to transform our company from an organization struggling to survive to a company poised for growth. In 2005, we focused a large majority of our corporate efforts on establishing a solid business foundation and developing our strategic agenda for business turnaround. In 2006, we concentrated our efforts on implementing our strategic plan and delivering meaningful results. Our strategic plan to improve our operating results across our Company includes a wide variety of aggressive initiatives that range from physical plant improvements to cultural change and technological advancements. In outlining our plan, we have set forth five core growth strategies that, we believe, provide the foundation for our Company's growth. Our core growth strategies are:

1. Re-establish the Company as an industry-leading casino operator by delivering an improved entertainment experience to our new and existing customers;
2. Strengthen the Company financially by establishing a free cash flow discipline, improving margins and committing to a strong balance sheet;
3. Capitalize on the worldwide prominence of the Trump brand by exploring and exploiting opportunities for profitable growth;
4. Create a culture built around customer satisfaction and employee accountability by supporting our staff with the necessary tools and training to excel; and
5. Set benchmarks and measure progress by focusing on operational expertise, relationship marketing, facility innovation and brand building to elevate the customer experience.

*Re-establish the Company as an industry-leading casino operator by delivering an improved entertainment experience to our new and existing customers.* In December 2005, we announced a \$110 million capital plan as the first phase of a multi-year effort to update and improve our three existing properties. Recently, we announced



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the second phase of this capital improvement plan, during which we will invest an additional \$140 million through approximately March 2008.

At Trump Taj Mahal in 2006, we began renovating the entrance corridor from the parking garage into a new retail and restaurant promenade called Spice Road. In the next phase of Spice Road, which we expect to complete in mid-2007, we will complete the project by adding several new food and retail outlets, including Candy, a candy and confections store; Burger, a quick service gourmet hamburger outlet; Freeze, serving frozen alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages; and Plate, a new 24 hour bistro-themed restaurant. On the casino floor, we added the new Ego Lounge, featuring entertainment, a new high-end Asian themed gaming area, and The Rim, a new noodle bar. We are also renovating our penthouse suites at the Trump Taj Mahal. In addition, we plan to renovate our casino floor area, extensively renovate our buffet, and add one or more branded gourmet restaurants.

At Trump Plaza, in 2006 we made changes to the entrance and lobby area to enhance the sense of arrival to our property, completed the total renovation of the casino floor and replaced the New Yorker restaurant with the new 24 Central Cafe. In addition, we began the renovation of our suites, including the completion of 6 penthouse suites. Also in 2006, we completed a new casino lounge, named Jezebel's. Our plans for the second phase of renovations include upgrading our buffet, renovating the transportation center and installing a new energy management system. Additionally, we are currently exploring development options for the East Tower casino area, including the possibility of a new, branded restaurant concept.

At Trump Marina, we recently opened Finestra, our newly remodeled Italian restaurant, and are in the process of renovating our facilities. Renovations include meeting and convention space, improvements to the casino floor, suites, food venues and new retail offerings. In 2006, we completed the renovation of all standard hotel rooms.

Additionally, we have begun a program to upgrade the slot product on our casino floor. We anticipate that we will have changed approximately 40% of our slot machines in 2006 and 2007, either through newly purchased equipment or conversion kits. In 2006, we also completed the renovation of virtually all of the standard hotel rooms at our three properties.

In addition to the renovation capital, we broke ground in 2006 on a new 786-room hotel tower at Trump Taj Mahal. Our current cost estimate for this project is approximately \$250 million, including infrastructure improvements and connections necessary to integrate the new tower with the existing facility. We anticipate that the tower will open in the third quarter of 2008. We are also exploring a master plan to add room towers at Trump Plaza and/or Trump Marina over the next several years, and believe we have the land capacity to add approximately 4,000 new rooms to the Company's properties.

In 2006, we also initiated what will be an ongoing process of surveying Atlantic City customers to determine the attributes most important to them in selecting which casinos to visit. We also asked these customers to rank factors upon which they base casino selection and compare us against our competitors in performance of these attributes. We are using the results of this research to design our operating, marketing and capital plans around the needs of our customers.

*Strengthen the Company financially by establishing a free cash flow discipline, improving margins and committing to a strong balance sheet.* Our efforts to improve operating margins were a primary focus of our operations in 2006. These initiatives included reductions in promotional spending and payroll. Since mid-2006, we have reduced staffing by over 400 full-time equivalents and such labor initiatives have yielded net \$4.8 million in cost savings, adjusted for benefit and other cost increases. Going forward, we expect that our various operating and technology initiatives will further impact margins, and we continue to look for areas where we can combine or centralize functions.



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Our goal is to achieve margins commensurate with the rest of the casinos in Atlantic City during the second half of 2007. In order to achieve this goal, we must aggressively utilize the technology and marketing initiatives discussed below and continue to streamline our operations.

We have instituted a value added investment discipline to evaluate capital investments. We target capital projects that provide returns at targeted levels and pass on opportunities that we feel will not provide the requisite returns.

*Capitalize on the worldwide prominence of the Trump brand by exploring and exploiting opportunities for profitable growth.* We feel the Trump brand is a tremendous asset. We plan to execute the initiatives above to allow us to take advantage of the Trump brand and expand our asset base. We are continually looking for opportunities to grow our business and diversify our cash flows. We plan to dedicate the necessary resources to identify those opportunities that best match up with our brand and which could generate attractive returns for our shareholders. In addition to new-build development opportunities, we are currently exploring options for joint-venture developments, branding, licensing and management agreements to grow our brand and diversify our cash flows.

In 2006, we applied for, but did not receive, a gaming license in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. We also explored opportunities in Rhode Island and Mississippi. In Rhode Island, we were unsuccessful in our efforts to obtain an open bidding process for casino licenses and voters subsequently rejected a constitutional amendment to allow additional gaming. In Mississippi, we ultimately decided not to pursue the opportunity for strategic reasons.

*Create a culture built around customer satisfaction and employee accountability by supporting our staff with the necessary tools and training to excel.* Our Company has made significant progress in developing and delivering a service culture based on accountability, performance excellence, training and integrity. To accomplish these goals, we are utilizing employee communications, new staffing solutions, educational and development initiatives and new performance measurement systems.

In 2006, we launched the Acknowledge, Connect and Thank ( ACT ) program, creating a task force of more than 100 departmental trainers to train our 7,000 front-line service employees on delivering customer courtesy based on these three simple principles of behavior. Additionally, we have employed a third-party mystery shopper service to measure the effectiveness of the program through our BestMark scoring system. Through this system, we research and score customer service behavior each month at our properties and at the properties of our key competitors in the marketplace.

Also in 2006, we began our Trump Leaders program, which aims to increase professional development among our 400 managers, directors and officers. The assessment process measures 24 leadership competencies, and provides personalized coaching and professional development and education plans.

We will continue to identify ways to improve our operations with a focus on becoming recognized as one of the premier operators in the industry. We plan to introduce new customer service and leadership development programs in 2007 to reward our employees for displaying those attributes that are most important to customers and to provide our managers with the tools necessary to become more dynamic and effective leaders capable of executing our strategies for the future.

*Set benchmarks and measure progress focusing on operational expertise, relationship marketing, facility innovation and brand building to elevate the customer experience.* As a Company, we are utilizing new technology and marketing initiatives aimed at fully utilizing the physical changes to the properties through higher levels of operational effectiveness.

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In late 2006, we installed a data warehouse that will allow us to benefit from increased analytical ability to target our marketing dollars towards higher value customers. Also in late 2006, we introduced a new yield management system that will allow us to properly yield our hotel rooms across the enterprise to maximize cash sales and the ability to accommodate high-value customers. The system is currently able to provide decision support to our operational team, and is gathering data historically and in real time to organize the process. The yield management system will help us establish the proper mix of customers in our hotel rooms at the right times and at the right prices. We believe this will help us to improve cash hotel revenue and increase our gaming revenue. In 2007, we will also standardize our casino management systems through the development of the Trump Casino Management System.

The standardized casino management system and data warehouse analytical abilities will be integral to our plan to introduce a common players card in mid-2007, which will allow customers the ability to earn and redeem their promotional offers and complimentary at any of our casinos. This new system will replace our current player tracking system, which records play only at individual properties. We plan to utilize this system to drive cross-property play as well as introduce a value-added club component to attract new customers to our properties and to the marketplace.

We have initiated several steps to improve our marketing efforts to ensure that we are providing the offers that appeal to the desired casino customers and that we are able to measure the profitability of these programs. Our goal is to focus our marketing spending on those programs that have the highest impact on our profitability and to shift our emphasis to attracting the right quality of customer as opposed to the quantity of customers. We believe that these new marketing and technology initiatives will provide improved results in 2007 through new marketing efficiencies and innovations.

### **Casino Properties**

*Trump Taj Mahal Casino Resort.* Trump Taj Mahal, located on the northern end of Atlantic City's boardwalk (the Boardwalk), is located on 39.4 acres and features 1,250 hotel rooms, including 240 suites, 13 dining locations, including nine restaurants that can accommodate approximately 3,000 diners at any given time, and approximately 140,000 square feet of ballroom, meeting room and pre-function area space. The property also features approximately 158,500 square feet of gaming space that includes approximately 200 table games (including poker tables), approximately 3,770 slot machines and an approximately 12,000 square-foot Poker, Keno and Race Simulcasting room and an Asian-themed table game area offering popular Asian table games. Trump Taj Mahal also features the following: an approximately 20,000 square foot multi-purpose entertainment complex known as the Xanadu Theater, with seating capacity for up to approximately 1,200 people, which can be used as a theater, concert hall, boxing arena or exhibition hall; the Casbah nightclub; the Mark G. Etess Arena, featuring approximately 63,000 square feet of exhibition and entertainment space which can accommodate over 5,000 people; and a health club, spa and fitness center with an Olympic style indoor pool. Trump Taj Mahal also has a parking garage for approximately 6,950 cars, a 6 bay bus terminal and a roof-top helipad.

*Trump Plaza Hotel and Casino.* Trump Plaza is located at the center of the Boardwalk at the end of the Atlantic City Expressway (the main highway into the city) covering 10.9 acres with direct access to Boardwalk Hall (an entertainment and sporting venue owned and operated by the New Jersey Sports and Exposition Authority that can accommodate up to approximately 13,000 people). Trump Plaza features approximately 900 hotel rooms, including approximately 110 suites, approximately 96,000 square feet of casino space with approximately 2,280 slot machines and approximately 90 table games. Amenities include approximately 18,000 square feet of conference space, an approximately 800-seat cabaret theater, three cocktail lounges, nine restaurants, a player club, health spa, an indoor pool, arcade and retail outlets. Trump Plaza's parking garage can accommodate 13 buses and approximately 2,700 cars.

*Trump Marina Hotel Casino.* Trump Marina covers an approximate 14 acres in Atlantic City's marina district, overlooks the Senator Frank S. Farley State Marina and features a 27-story hotel with 728 guest rooms, including 153 suites, 97 of which are luxury suites. The casino offers approximately 79,000 square feet of

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gaming space, approximately 2,020 slot machines, approximately 70 table games, a simulcast racetrack facility and approximately 58,000 square feet of convention, ballroom and meeting space. Trump Marina also features an approximately 540-seat cabaret-style theater, a nightclub, two player clubs, two retail outlets, seven restaurants, a cocktail lounge, a recreation deck complete with a health spa, outdoor pool, tennis courts, basketball courts, jogging track and a pool side snack bar. To facilitate access to the property, Trump Marina has a nine-story parking garage capable of accommodating approximately 3,000 cars. Trump Marina also has an 11 bay bus terminal and a roof-top helipad.

### **Competition**

*Atlantic City Market.* The Atlantic City market primarily serves the New York-Philadelphia-Baltimore-Washington, D.C. corridor with nearly 30 million adults living within a three-hour driving radius, and has historically generated consistent growth in gaming revenues. The Atlantic City market is the second largest gaming market in the United States, after Las Vegas. In 2006, the casinos in the Atlantic City market generated \$5.2 billion in casino revenue. Our three casinos combined have approximately 22% of the gaming positions and 20% of the hotel rooms in the Atlantic City market and generate approximately 20.7% of the market gaming revenue.

Competition in Atlantic City is intense and is increasing. At the present time, the 11 casino hotels located in Atlantic City, including our three properties, compete with each other on the basis of customer service, quality and extent of amenities and promotional offers. For this reason, we and our competitors require substantial capital expenditures to compete effectively. In the past few years, our existing competitors in Atlantic City and new entrants to the Atlantic City market have announced or completed new development and expansion projects.

Recently announced or completed projects in Atlantic City include the following:

The Borgata Casino Hotel and Spa completed its first expansion phase in spring 2006, which included additional gaming space, restaurants and a nightclub. The Borgata has commenced its second phase, expected to be completed by early 2008, which will include a new 800-room hotel tower, resort condominiums, a spa, retail shops, and meeting space.

Harrah's opened the Pier at Caesars Atlantic City in mid-2006 which includes 90 upscale retail, restaurant and entertainment venues.

Harrah's Atlantic City has started construction of a major expansion project which is expected to include approximately 172,000 square feet of retail and entertainment space, a spa which is expected to open in 2007 and an approximate 965 room hotel tower which is expected to open in 2008.

Pinnacle Gaming acquired and closed the Sands casino during late 2006 and has announced plans to demolish the property and build a new casino resort property. If completed, this project is anticipated to open sometime after 2010.

MGM Mirage recently announced that its board of directors approved \$20 million to design a megaresort that if built, would be situated in the marina district on an approximate 70-acre parcel of land between Harrah's Atlantic City and Borgata Hotel Casino & Spa.

In addition, we believe that there are several other sites on the Boardwalk, in the marina district and possibly at Bader Field, if that area is someday zoned for gaming, on which casino hotels could be built in the future. Various applications for casino licenses have been filed and announcements with respect thereto have been made from time to time in these areas. Proposed and future developments and expansions may have a material adverse effect on our business and operations.

We cannot ascertain at this time the effects that any of the above-mentioned new projects will have on the Atlantic City gaming market. However, the added strength of these competitors and resulting economies-of-scale could diminish our market share in the market in which we compete.

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*Pennsylvania.* In July 2004, the Pennsylvania legislature enacted the Race Horse Development and Gaming Act which authorizes the Control Board to permit a total of up to 61,000 slot machines in up to 14 different licensed locations in Pennsylvania, seven at racetracks (each with up to 5,000 slot machines), and five at slot parlors (two in Philadelphia, one in Pittsburgh and two elsewhere, each with up to 5,000 slot machines) and two at established resorts (each with up to 500 slot machines). Three of the racetracks and the two Philadelphia slot parlors are located in our market area. Slot machine operations commenced in late 2006 at the racetracks and it is possible that by 2008, up to 15,000 slot machines could be operating at these locations. Competition from the Pennsylvania area slot machine facilities could adversely impact Atlantic City casinos, including our casinos.

*New York.* Pursuant to legislation enacted in 2001, the Division of the Lottery of the State of New York is authorized to permit the installation of video lottery terminals ( VLTs ) at various horse racing facilities in New York. During 2004, VLT operations commenced at each of four upstate and western New York racetracks and at a fifth racetrack in Sullivan County, which is considerably closer (approximately 95 miles) to Manhattan. The VLT facility at Yonkers Raceway opened in late 2006 and the VLT facility at Aqueduct Racetrack is expected to open in 2007. These locations are less than fifteen miles from Manhattan. When fully operational, these facilities are expected to operate 10,000 VLTs. The 2001 legislation also authorized the Governor of New York to negotiate compacts authorizing the operation of up to six Native American casino facilities including slot machine gaming. A compact negotiated in 2002 authorized three such facilities located in the western part of New York and outside of our primary market area. The remaining three Native American casinos, if developed, are required by law to be located in either Sullivan County or Ulster County, adjoining counties approximately 100 miles northwest of Manhattan. Competition from the VLT facilities at Aqueduct and Yonkers and from such Native American casinos as may be authorized and operated in Sullivan or Ulster County could adversely impact our casinos.

*Meadowlands Racino.* During 2003, bills were introduced in the New Jersey Legislature to authorize the New Jersey Lottery Commission to permit the operation of VLT at the at the Meadowlands Racetrack. The Meadowlands is located approximately 125 miles north of Atlantic City and less than ten miles from midtown Manhattan. While there is currently a moratorium until 2009, slot machines or VLT gaming at the Meadowlands could adversely affect Atlantic City casinos, including our casinos.

*Native American Tribes.* Our properties also face considerable competition from casino facilities operated by federally recognized Native American tribes, such as Foxwoods Resort Casino in Ledyard, Connecticut and Mohegan Sun Casino Resort in Uncasville, Connecticut. Pursuant to the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (the IGRA ), which was passed by Congress in 1988, any state that permits casino-style gaming, even if only for limited charity purposes, is required to negotiate gaming compacts with federally recognized Native American tribes. Under the IGRA, Native American tribes enjoy comparative freedom from regulation and taxation of gaming operations, which provides them with an advantage over their competitors, including our properties.

In addition, Native American nations have sought or are seeking federal recognition, land and gaming compacts in New York, Pennsylvania, Connecticut and other states near Atlantic City. If successful, additional casinos built in or near this portion of the United States could have a material adverse effect on the business and operations of our properties.

There could be further competition in our markets as a result of the upgrading or expansion of facilities by existing market participants, the entrance of new gaming participants into a market or legislative changes. We expect each market in which we participate, both current and prospective, to be highly competitive.

## **Regulatory and Licensing**

*Gaming Regulation.* The gaming industry is highly regulated, and we must maintain our casino licenses and pay gaming taxes to continue our gaming operations. Each of our casinos is subject to extensive regulation under the statutes and regulations of the State of New Jersey. Also, since February 2004, we have been a registered publicly traded corporation with the Nevada Gaming Control Board (the NGCB ) under the Nevada Gaming Control Act and are subject to the licensing and regulatory control of the Nevada Gaming Commission, the

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NGCB and the Clark County Liquor and Gaming Licensing Board. These statutes and regulations generally concern the financial stability of the casino licensee, the good character of the owners, managers and employees and of other persons with financial interests in the gaming operations (including those with certain ownership levels of a casino licensee's securities) and the procedures and controls which govern those gaming operations. A more detailed description of New Jersey and Nevada laws and regulations to which we are subject is contained in Exhibit 99.1 to this Report and is incorporated by reference herein. Gaming operations that we may undertake in the future in other jurisdictions will also subject us and such operations to regulations by such other jurisdictions.

*Other Regulation.* In addition to gaming regulations, our business is subject to various other federal, state and local laws and regulations, including but not limited to, restrictions and conditions concerning taxation, treasury regulations, building code and land use requirements, environmental matters and local licenses and permits. United States Department of Treasury ( DOT ) regulations require casinos to report currency transactions involving more than \$10,000 per patron per gaming day. Treasury Financial Crimes Enforcement Network regulations further require casinos to report certain gaming patron transactions involving suspicious activity. We have established internal control procedures to comply with these DOT regulations, including: (i) computer exception reporting; (ii) review of currency and suspicious activity transactions and reporting by committees comprised of casino operations, marketing and administration executives; (iii) internal audit testing of DOT regulation compliance; (iv) training employees to comply with DOT regulations; and (v) a disciplinary program for employee violations. Pursuant to the provisions of the Casino Control Act, we must either obtain investment tax credits in an amount equivalent to 1.25% of our gross casino revenues, as defined in the Casino Control Act, or pay an alternative tax of 2.5% of our gross casino revenues. Investment tax credits may be obtained by making qualified investments, or by depositing funds which may be converted to bonds by the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority ( CRDA ). Certain of our subsidiaries are required to make quarterly deposits with the CRDA to satisfy their investment obligations.

We believe that all required licenses, permits and other approvals necessary to conduct our business have been obtained for our operations in the State of New Jersey and elsewhere. Material changes in these laws or regulations or in the interpretation of the same by courts or administrative agencies could adversely affect our company, including its operating results.

*Smoking Ban.* On January 9, 2006, the New Jersey Legislature adopted the New Jersey Smoke-Free Air Act, which was effective on April 15, 2006. The law prohibits the smoking of tobacco in structurally enclosed indoor public places and workplaces in New Jersey, including licensed casino hotels. The law permits smoking within the perimeter of casino and casino simulcasting areas, and permits 20% of hotel guest rooms to be designated as smoking rooms.

In February 2007, Atlantic City's city council adopted an ordinance which extends the smoking ban to casino and casino simulcasting areas beginning April 15, 2007. Under provisions of the ordinance, casinos may, under certain conditions, operate up to 25% of the casino floor as a smoking area.

In addition, legislation was recently introduced in the New Jersey Senate that, if enacted, would ban smoking in 100% of the casino. These smoking bans on smoking in indoor public places and for casino and casino simulcasting areas could have a material adverse effect on the Atlantic City gaming market, including our casinos.

*CAFRA Agreement* Trump Taj Mahal received a permit under the Coastal Area Facilities Review Act ( CAFRA ) (which is included as a condition of Trump Taj Mahal casino license) that initially required Trump Taj Mahal to begin construction of certain improvements on the Steel Pier by October 1992, at an estimated cost of \$30 million. In March 1993, Taj Associates obtained a modification of its CAFRA permit providing for an extension of the required commencement and completion dates of the improvements to the Steel Pier for one year, which has been renewed annually, based upon an interim use of the Steel Pier as an amusement park. The pier sublease, pursuant to which Trump Taj Mahal leases the Steel Pier to an amusement park operator,

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terminates on December 31, 2007. The conditions of the CAFRA permit renewal thereafter are under discussion with the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection.

**Employees and Labor Relations**

*Number of Employees.* The table below sets forth the approximate number of our full-time equivalent employees working at each of our properties as of December 31, 2006:

<b>Property</b>	<b>Number of Full-Time Equivalent Employees</b>
Trump Taj Mahal	3,400
Trump Plaza	2,100
Trump Marina	1,800
 Total	 7,300

*Collective Bargaining Agreements.* Certain of our casino hotel employees are subject to collective bargaining agreements. Approximately 2,749 of our employees are covered by a collective bargaining agreement with Local 54, UNITE-HEREIU (Hotel Employees and Restaurant Employees International Union) which was effective September 15, 2004 and is set to expire on September 14, 2009. Approximately 198 of our employees are covered by a collective bargaining agreement with the International Union of Operating Engineers, Local 68 which was effective May 1, 2001 and expires on April 30, 2010. Approximately 76 of our employees are covered by a collective bargaining agreement with the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, Local 623 which was effective May 1, 2001 and expires on April 30, 2010. Approximately 23 of our employees are covered by a collective bargaining agreement with the International Union of Painters & Allied Trades, District Council 711 which was effective May 1, 2001 and expires on April 30, 2010. Approximately 31 of our employees are covered by a collective bargaining agreement with the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees, Local 917 which was effective July 1, 2001 and expired on June 30, 2006. Approximately 10 of our employees are covered by a collective bargaining agreement with the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Local 331 which was effective March 1, 2005 and expired on February 28, 2007. We are currently in the process of renegotiating the collective bargaining agreements with the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees, Local 917 and the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Local 331. A certification election, requesting representation by the United Auto Workers, for our dealers at Trump Plaza has been scheduled for March 31, 2007. We believe we have established productive and professional relationships with all of our collective bargaining partners as well as our represented and unrepresented employees.

*Licensing Requirements.* Certain of our employees are required to be licensed by, or registered with the New Jersey Casino Control Commission, depending upon the nature of their employment. Casino employees are subject to more stringent licensing requirements than non-casino employees, and are required to meet applicable standards pertaining to such matters as financial responsibility, good character, ability, casino training, experience and in-state residency. These regulations have resulted in significant competition for eligible employees.

**Seasonality**

Our cash flows from operating activities are seasonal in nature. Spring and summer are traditionally the peak seasons for our properties, with autumn and winter being non-peak seasons. Consequently, our operating results for the two quarters ending in March and December are not historically as profitable as the two quarters ending in June and September. Any excess cash flow achieved from operations during peak seasons is used to subsidize non-peak seasons. Performance in non-peak seasons is usually dependent on favorable weather and a long-weekend holiday calendar. In the event that we are unable to generate excess cash flows in one or more peak seasons, we may not be able to subsidize non-peak seasons, if necessary.

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### **Emergence from Bankruptcy**

On April 5, 2005, the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of New Jersey entered an order confirming the Plan, which became effective on May 20, 2005 (the Effective Date). Upon effectiveness, all material conditions to the Plan were satisfied and the Debtors emerged from chapter 11. Pursuant to the Plan, we recapitalized and renamed our company, merged and/or dissolved certain of our subsidiaries, consolidated our indebtedness and substantially reduced our debt service requirements.

As part of the Plan, our capital structure changed significantly. We implemented a 1,000 for 1 reverse stock split of THCR's common stock, (THCR Common Stock) such that each 1,000 shares of THCR Common Stock immediately prior to the reverse stock split were consolidated into one share of common stock of TER (TER Common Stock), resulting in the distribution of approximately 19,944 shares of TER Common Stock (approximately 0.05% on a fully diluted basis for holders other than Mr. Trump), in aggregate, to holders of THCR Common Stock. Holders of THCR Common Stock received approximately \$0.88 for each share of THCR Common Stock beneficially owned by each holder and also obtained a pro rata share of the net proceeds from the sale of the former World's Fair site in Atlantic City, which was sold at auction for a purchase price of \$25.15 million in September 2005. All options to acquire THCR Common Stock were cancelled, and holders (other than Mr. Trump) of THCR Common Stock also received Class A Warrants to purchase up to approximately 2,207,260 shares of TER Common Stock (approximately 5.34% on a fully diluted basis) and an aggregate of \$17.5 million in cash. The Class A Warrants were either exercised by or converted to shares under the Plan on May 22, 2006.

On the Effective Date, TER Holdings and TER Funding issued \$1.25 billion aggregate principal amount of 8.5% Senior Secured Notes due 2015 (the Senior Notes) in connection with the Plan. In addition, we implemented a debt restructuring whereby pro-rata distributions of cash, Senior Notes, or TER Common Stock were made to:

holders of \$1.3 billion aggregate principal amount of 11.25% First Mortgage Notes of Trump Atlantic City Associates, Trump Atlantic City Funding, Inc., Trump Atlantic City Funding II, Inc. and Trump Atlantic City Funding III, Inc.;

holders of approximately \$435 million aggregate principal amount of 11.625% First Priority Mortgage Notes due 2010 of Trump Casino Holdings, LLC and Trump Casino Funding, Inc.; and

holders of \$54.6 million aggregate principal amount of 17.625% of Second Priority Notes due 2010.

We also entered into a \$500 million credit facility (the Credit Facility) on the Effective Date with a syndicate of bank lenders. Our obligations under the Credit Facility are guaranteed by each of our direct and indirect restricted subsidiaries, and are secured by a first priority security interest in substantially all of these subsidiaries' assets. Proceeds from the Credit Facility were used to repay up to \$100 million in debtor-in-possession financing that the debtors had obtained on November 22, 2004 during the chapter 11 cases.

### **Item 1A. Risk Factors**

*Our business is subject to a number of risks. You should carefully consider the following risk factors, together with all of the other information included or incorporated by reference in this annual report, before you decide whether to purchase TER securities. The risks set out below are not the only risks we face. If any of the following risks occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected. In such case, the trading price of TER securities could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.*

*We remain highly leveraged and our ability to generate cash depends on many factors beyond our control.*

Although we have consolidated our long-term indebtedness and significantly reduced our debt service obligations through our reorganization, we remain a highly-leveraged company. Our aggregate long-term indebtedness totaled approximately \$1.4 billion as of December 31, 2006. TER is a holding company and TER Holdings conducts substantially all of its operations through its subsidiaries. As a result, our ability to meet our





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debt service obligations, including debt service obligations on the Senior Notes and the Credit Facility, substantially depends on our properties ability to generate sufficient cash flow. This ability is, however, subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative, regulatory and other factors that may be unforeseeable and/or beyond our control. This risk is highlighted by the fact that all of our current operations are concentrated in one market and any downturn in the Atlantic City market or any region from which we draw patrons may adversely impact our business, operations, results of operations and financial condition.

In the event any of these risks materialize, we cannot assure you that our business will generate sufficient cash flow from operations or that future borrowings will be available to us under the Credit Facility in an amount sufficient to enable us to pay our indebtedness or that future borrowings will be available to us under the Credit Facility in an amount sufficient to enable us to pay our indebtedness or to fund our other liquidity needs.

*We need to increase capital expenditures to compete effectively and the terms of our indebtedness restrict our operating flexibility.*

The gaming industry market is highly competitive and is expected to become more competitive in the future. Many of our existing competitors in Atlantic City have recently completed or announced significant development projects. In addition, new entrants to the Atlantic City market have announced plans to develop casinos in the future. Capital expenditures, such as room refurbishments, amenity upgrades and new gaming equipment, are necessary from time to time to enhance the competitiveness of our properties. While we have formulated and have begun to implement a strategic capital expenditure plan at each of our properties, including the construction of a hotel tower at Trump Taj Mahal which commenced in June 2006, the Senior Notes and the Credit Facility limit our ability to:

incur additional debt;

raise capital;

pay dividends or make other distributions;

make investments;

sell assets;

engage in mergers or consolidations;

enter into affiliate transactions; or

grant liens, among other things.

Should any new projects fail to generate projected cash flows, our operating performance, revenues and earnings may be materially adversely affected. In addition, the Credit Facility imposes certain financial covenants that require us to comply with specified financial ratios and tests based on our cash flows and leverage position. These covenants restrict, to a certain degree, our financial and operating flexibility. Any failure to comply with any of these obligations could result in an event of default under the Senior Notes and our Credit Facility which, if not cured or waived, could result in the acceleration of the Senior Notes and amounts due under our Credit Facility then outstanding.

*Our capital improvements are susceptible to delays, cost overages, business interruptions and other uncertainties, which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.*

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We have announced a series of capital improvements for all three of our properties, including the construction of a 786-room hotel tower at Trump Taj Mahal which commenced in June 2006. Such development and capital improvement projects are susceptible to various risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to the following:

market conditions and consumer demand for the completed project;

general construction risks, such as cost overages, plan changes or specification modifications, shortages of equipment, materials or skilled labor, labor disputes, unforeseen environmental, engineering or

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geological problems, work stoppages, fire and other natural disasters, construction scheduling problems and weather interferences;

changes and concessions required by governmental or regulatory authorities;

delays in obtaining, or the inability to obtain, all licenses, permits and authorizations required to complete the project; and

disruption of our existing operations.

Any failure or delay to complete any new development or expansion project as planned, within budget or in a manner that generates anticipated revenue, could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

*Gaming is a regulated industry and changes in the law could have a material adverse effect on our operations.*

Gaming in New Jersey is regulated extensively by federal and state regulatory bodies, including the New Jersey Casino Control Commission and state and federal taxing, law enforcement and liquor control agencies. We and several of our officers and other qualifiers have received the licenses, permits and authorizations required to operate our properties. Failure to maintain or obtain the requisite casino licenses would have a material adverse effect on our business.

The Casino Control Commission consolidated and renewed our licenses to operate Trump Taj Mahal, Trump Plaza and Trump Marina until June 2007.

If new gaming regulations are adopted in the jurisdictions in which we operate, such regulations could impose restrictions or costs that could have a significant adverse effect on us. From time to time, various proposals have been introduced by the legislatures of New Jersey that, if enacted, could adversely affect the tax, regulatory, operations or other aspects of the gaming industry and our financial performance. Legislation of this type may be enacted in the future.

*Pennsylvania and New York have enacted gaming legislation that may harm us, and other states may do so in the future.*

In 2004, the Pennsylvania legislature enacted the Race Horse Development and Gaming Act. It authorizes the operation of slot machines in up to fourteen licensed locations in Pennsylvania, seven at racetracks (each with up to 5,000 slot machines), five at slot parlors (two in Philadelphia, one in Pittsburgh and two elsewhere, each with up to 5,000 slot machines) and two at established resorts (each with up to 500 slot machines). Three of the racetrack sites, Pocono Downs, Philadelphia Park and Chester Downs and three slot parlors, two in Philadelphia and one in Bethlehem, are located in our market area. Operations commenced at three of the five Philadelphia area locations in late 2006 or early 2007. When fully operational, the Philadelphia area locations could operate up to 15,000 slot machines.

In 2001, the New York Legislature authorized the installation of VLTs at various horse racing facilities in the State. The VLT facility at Yonkers Raceway opened in late 2006 and the VLT facility at Aqueduct Racetrack is expected to open in 2007. These locations are less than fifteen miles from Manhattan. When fully operational, these facilities are expected to operate 10,000 VLTs. The 2001 legislation also authorized the Governor of New York to negotiate compacts to allow up to six Native American casinos in the State including slot machines. Three have now been located in the western part of New York and outside of our primary market area but the remaining three, if approved and developed, are required by law to be located in either Sullivan or Ulster County, areas approximately 100 miles northwest of Manhattan.

Recently, West Virginia legislature approved a bill which would allow for the addition of table games at West Virginia casinos (which currently only allow slot machines). If approved by the Governor, the bill requires passage of local referenda in the counties which have casinos before table games betting could begin.

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In addition, other states near New Jersey, including Maryland, either have or are currently contemplating gaming legislation. The net effect of gaming facilities in such other states, when operational, on the Atlantic City gaming market, including our properties, cannot be predicted. Since our market is primarily a drive-in market, legalized gaming in one or more states neighboring or within close proximity to New Jersey could have a material adverse effect on the Atlantic City gaming market overall, including our properties.

*Other enacted legislation, including local regulations may have an adverse impact on our operations.*

During February 2007, the Atlantic City Council passed an ordinance limiting smoking in casinos to an area not greater than 25% of the casino floor effective April 2007. This ordinance includes a phase-in period for the completion of the separation of the facility and ventilation systems between the smoking and nonsmoking areas of the casino.

Limitations on smoking could adversely impact our operations. Additionally, should we decide to proceed with the physical separation of the casino floor and ventilations systems, our funding for such capital expenditures could reduce our ability to fund other capital projects or increase our overall indebtedness.

*We might not be successful in pursuing additional gaming ventures in existing or emerging gaming markets*

We are continuously looking to grow our business and diversify our cash flow by actively pursuing opportunities to capitalize on the Trump brand and expand our asset base in additional gaming markets. Competition for gaming opportunities that are or are expected to become available in additional jurisdictions, is expected to be intense, and many of our known or anticipated competitors for available gaming licenses have greater resources and economies of scale than we do. We can not assure you that we will be successful in pursuing additional gaming ventures or developing additional gaming facilities.

Even if we are successful in gaining entry into any new gaming jurisdiction, our Credit Facility and the indenture governing the Senior Notes contain certain operating and financial restrictions which would prevent us from developing gaming facilities other than by entering into a joint venture arrangement or other arrangement with one or more third parties, whereby we would co-develop or manage the facility.

*Our business is subject to a variety of other risks and uncertainties.*

In addition to the risk factors described above, our financial condition and results of operations could be affected by many events that are beyond our control, such as:

capital market conditions that could affect our ability to raise capital and access capital markets and raise our financing costs in connection with refinancing debt or pursuing other alternatives;

war, future acts of terrorism and their impact on capital markets, the economy, consumer behavior and operating expenses;

competition from existing and potential new competitors in Atlantic City and other markets (including online gaming), which is likely to increase over the next several years;

regulatory changes;

state tax law changes that increase our tax liability; and

other risks described from time to time in periodic reports filed by us with the SEC.

Occurrence of any of these risks would materially adversely affect our operations and financial condition.

**Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments**

Not applicable.

**Table of Contents****Item 2. Properties**

See Business Casino Properties and Other Ventures for a brief description of the location and general character of each of our properties.

*General.* Substantially all of the real and personal property (other than cash) of each of our properties, including their respective hotel and casino facilities and the parcels of land on which they are situated, secure our indebtedness under the Credit Facility and Senior Notes on a first and second priority basis, respectively. Each of our properties has financed or leased and, from time to time, will finance or lease its acquisition of furniture, fixtures and equipment, including slot machines. The lien in favor of any such lender or lessor may be superior to the liens securing the indebtedness owing under the Credit Facility and the Senior Notes.

Each of our properties leases space to various retailers and food and beverage outlets in their respective facilities.

The following table lists our significant land holdings:

Property	Total Approximate Acreage			Available for Development
	Owned	Leased	Utilized	
Trump Taj Mahal (including Steel Pier)	39.4		27.5	11.9
Trump Plaza	9.4	1.5	7.4	3.5
Trump Marina	14.0		12.0	2.0

*Trump Taj Mahal.* We currently own the approximately 39.4 acres of land that comprise the Trump Taj Mahal site, including the 24 acres on which the facility is situated and 11.9 acres of land suitable for development. The Trump Taj Mahal site also includes the Steel Pier comprised of approximately 3.5 acres and related property located on the opposite side of the Boardwalk from Trump Taj Mahal. We currently lease the Steel Pier to an amusement park operator pursuant to a lease agreement which we and the operator have mutually agreed to extend until December 2007. Excluded from the table is an off-site warehouse location located on 18.0 acres. During 2006, we began construction of a new \$250.0 million, 786 room hotel tower at the Trump Taj Mahal.

*Trump Plaza.* We own and lease approximately 10.9 acres of land, including several parcels of land in and around Atlantic City. We lease one of four parcels of land on which Trump Plaza is situated from Plaza Hotel Management Company ( PHMC ) pursuant to a non-renewable ground lease expiring in December 2078 (the PHMC Lease ). We are responsible for the payment of fixed rent, as well as all other costs and expenses with respect to the use, operation and ownership of the leased tract and the improvements thereon, or which may in the future be located thereon, including, but not limited to, all maintenance and repair costs, insurance premiums, real estate taxes, assessments and utility charges. The improvements located on the leased tract are owned by us through the duration of the term of the PHMC Lease, and upon the expiration of the term of the PHMC Lease (for any reason), ownership of such improvements will then shift to PHMC. We have the option to purchase the leased parcel at certain times during the term of such PHMC Lease under certain circumstances.

We also lease, pursuant to the PHMC Lease, an approximately 11,800 square foot parcel of land located near the intersection of Mississippi and Pacific Avenues and own a 5,750 square foot parcel of land adjacent to it.

We also own five parcels of land, aggregating approximately 43,300 square feet, and lease one parcel consisting of approximately 3,125 square feet. All of such parcels are contiguous and are located along Atlantic Avenue, on the same block as Trump Plaza s garage. These parcels of land are used for signage and surface parking and are encumbered by the Senior Notes.

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*Trump Marina.* We own Trump Marina's hotel and casino facility and the approximate 14.0-acre, triangular-shaped parcel of land on which it is situated, which includes 1.5 acres of adjacent land suitable for development. We also own an employee parking lot located on Route 30, approximately two miles from Trump Marina, which can accommodate approximately 1,000 cars.

*Trump Tower, New York.* We lease office space in Trump Tower located in New York, New York for general, executive and administrative purposes pursuant to a lease, dated November 1, 1996, as amended, with Trump Tower Commercial, LLC, an entity owned by Donald J. Trump. The Trump Tower lease expires on August 31, 2010.

**Item 3. Legal Proceedings**

*South Jersey Transportation Authority Settlement* During 2006, we reached a settlement with respect to a complaint we filed against the South Jersey Transportation Authority. General and administrative expenses include a \$1.75 million reduction to reflect the amount of the settlement.

*Pequot Tribe Litigation* On May 28, 2003, one of our indirect subsidiaries, Trump Entertainment Resorts Development Company, LLC ( TER Development ), filed a complaint against, among others, the Paucatuck Eastern Pequot Indian Tribal Nation (the Pequot Tribe ) and Eastern Capital Development, Inc. ( ECD ) in the Superior Court of New London, Connecticut. In that complaint, TER Development alleged fraud, breach of contract, conspiracy, violation of the Connecticut Unfair Trade Practices Act and intentional interference with contractual relations by ECD in connection with certain contractual arrangements between our subsidiary and the Pequot Tribe. Pursuant to such arrangements, TER Development had agreed, among other things, to support the efforts of the Pequot Tribe to obtain federal recognition, and together they had agreed to exercise commercially reasonable efforts to pursue the operation of a tribal gaming facility to be managed by our subsidiary. In the complaint, TER Development seeks, among other things, compensatory and punitive damages, attorney fees and a finding by the court that ECD has interfered with TER Development's business relationship with the tribe and that certain members of the Pequot Tribe Tribal Counsel are in default under the aforementioned contractual arrangements in the sum of approximately \$10 million. The Pequot Tribe filed a motion to dismiss most aspects of the case. However, this motion was recently denied by the Superior Court. The Pequot Tribe has appealed this decision, and discovery has commenced with respect to the case. On October 12, 2005, the Bureau of Indian Affairs, U.S. Department of Interior (BIA) denied the application of the Pequot Tribe for federal recognition, a prerequisite for developing a gaming facility. The parties are engaged in mediation and settlement discussions.

*Power Plant Litigation* On December 30, 2004, TER Development filed a complaint against Richard T. Fields, Coastal Development, LLC, Power Plant Entertainment, LLC, Native American Development, LLC, Joseph S. Weinberg and The Cordish Company (collectively, the Power Plant Group ) in the Circuit Court of the 17th Judicial District for Broward County, Florida, in which TER Development alleged that Power Plant Entertainment, LLC improperly obtained certain agreements with the Seminole Tribe of Florida. TER Development asserts claims for fraud, breach of fiduciary duty, conspiracy, violation of the Florida Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act and interference with prospective business relationship as a result of the Power Plant Group's actions. We have commenced discovery, including ongoing depositions, in connection with this case. At this time, we cannot predict the outcome of such litigation.

*Chapter 11 Cases* Although we have emerged from bankruptcy, we still are in the process of resolving various claims and other litigation in connection with the Plan, which may continue for the foreseeable future.

On July 18, 2005, the Bankruptcy Court considered a motion brought by a certain group of persons alleging that they had held shares of THCR Common Stock on the record date for distributions under the Plan (and who subsequently sold their shares prior to the distribution date) but did not receive any distributions under the Plan, which they believe were wrongly made to the beneficial holders of our stock on the distribution date. The

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movants had sought an order compelling us to make distributions to them under the Plan. After additional briefing and a court hearing with respect to the issue on October 8, 2005, the Bankruptcy Court denied the movants' motion on February 17, 2006. The movants filed an appeal from the judgment entered in the Bankruptcy Court in favor of the Predecessor Company. The movants appealed this motion to the United States District Court for the district of New Jersey. Briefs have been filed. On January 26, 2007 oral argument occurred, and further briefing was ordered.

*Federal Income Tax Examination* Certain of our subsidiaries are currently involved in examinations with the Internal Revenue Service ( IRS ) concerning their tax returns for the tax years 1998 through 2005. While any adjustments resulting from this examination could affect their specific state income tax returns, we do not believe that adjustments, if any, will have a material adverse effect on their financial condition or results of operations.

*New Jersey State Income Taxes* State income taxes for our New Jersey operations are computed under the alternative minimum assessment method. We believe our New Jersey partnerships are exempt from these taxes and, as such, have not remitted payments of the amounts provided. The New Jersey Division of Taxation has issued an assessment to collect the unpaid taxes for the tax years 2002 and 2003. At December 31, 2006, we have accrued \$23.8 million for taxes and interest relating to this alternative minimum tax assessment for 2002 and 2003, as well as the open years 2004 through 2006. We are currently in discussions with the New Jersey Division of Taxation regarding settlement of these assessments.

*Other Litigation* In addition to the foregoing, we and certain of our employees are involved from time to time in other legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of our business. While any proceeding or litigation contains an element of uncertainty, we believe that the final outcomes of these other matters are not likely to have a material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition. In general, we have agreed to indemnify our employees and directors against any and all losses, claims, damages, expenses (including reasonable costs, disbursements and counsel fees) and liabilities (including amounts paid or incurred in satisfaction of settlements, judgments, fines and penalties) incurred by them in any legal proceedings absent a showing of such persons' gross negligence or malfeasance.

#### **Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders**

None.



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Reorganized Company**

*TER Common Stock.* From the Effective Date to September 19, 2005, TER Common Stock traded on the Over-the-Counter (the "OTC") Bulletin Board under the ticker symbol DJTCQ.OB. Since September 20, 2005, TER Common Stock has been trading on the Nasdaq Global Market (formerly, the Nasdaq National Market System) under the ticker symbol TRMP.

The following table reflects the high and low sales prices, or high and low bid prices, as applicable, rounded to the nearest penny, of TER Common Stock as reported by the OTC Bulletin Board and the Nasdaq National Market System, as applicable, for each quarterly period in 2005 (beginning on the Effective Date when TER Common Stock was issued) and the subsequent interim quarterly period (through March 14, 2007). OTC market quotations reflect inter-dealer quotations and do not include retail markups, markdowns or commissions and may not necessarily represent actual transactions.

	<b>High</b>	<b>Low</b>
<b>2005:</b>		
Second Quarter (beginning May 20, 2005)	\$ 14.50	\$ 10.00
Third Quarter	\$ 21.50	\$ 13.50
Fourth Quarter	\$ 21.98	\$ 15.75
<b>2006:</b>		
First Quarter	\$ 21.38	\$ 15.85
Second Quarter	\$ 22.40	\$ 17.60
Third Quarter	\$ 20.41	\$ 16.76
Fourth Quarter	\$ 23.80	\$ 16.51
<b>2007:</b>		
First Quarter (through March 14, 2007)	\$ 19.45	\$ 16.15

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**COMPARISON OF 19 MONTH CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN\***

Among Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc., The S & P 500 Index

And The Dow Jones US Gambling Index

\* \$100 invested on 5/20/05 in stock or on 4/30/05 in index-including reinvestment of dividends. Fiscal year ending December 31.

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*Holdings.* As of March 14, 2007, there were approximately 2,850 holders of record of TER Common Stock.

Nine hundred shares of our class B common stock are also issued and outstanding, all of which are owned by Donald J. Trump. No established trading market exists for our class B common stock and our class B common stock is not permitted to receive any dividends or distributions (other than certain distributions upon liquidation) with respect to our equity. The issued and outstanding 900 shares of class B common stock held by Mr. Trump have the voting equivalency of 9,377,484 shares of TER Common Stock and represent the shares of TER Common Stock issuable upon the conversion of Mr. Trump's limited partnership interest in TER Holdings. The shares of class B common stock are redeemable at par to the extent the limited partnership interests in TER Holdings are converted by Mr. Trump.

We currently beneficially own an approximately 76.5% profits interest in TER Holdings, as both a general and limited partners of TER Holdings, and Mr. Trump owns directly and indirectly an approximately 23.5% profits interest in TER Holdings, as a limited partner.

*Dividends.* We have never paid a dividend on TER Common Stock and do not anticipate paying one in the foreseeable future. The payment of any future dividends will be at the discretion of our Board and will depend upon, among other things, our financial condition and capital needs, legal restrictions on the payment of dividends, contractual restrictions in financing agreements and on other factors deemed pertinent by our Board. It is the current policy of our Board to retain earnings, if any, for use in our properties' operations. Pursuant to the terms of the Credit Facility and Senior Notes, TER Holdings and its subsidiaries are restricted from paying dividends and making distributions. See Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations' Financial Condition.

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**Predecessor Company**

*THCR Common Stock.* From September 28, 2004 to the Effective Date, THCR Common Stock traded on the OTC Bulletin Board. On the Effective Date and in connection with the Plan described elsewhere in this Report, THCR Common Stock was cancelled following a 1,000 for one reverse stock split and the issuance of TER Common Stock.

The following table reflects the high and low sales prices, or high and low bid prices, as applicable, rounded to the nearest penny, of the THCR Common Stock as reported by the OTC Bulletin Board for each quarterly period 2005 (through May 19, 2005). OTC market quotations reflect inter-dealer quotations and do not include retail markups, markdowns or commissions and may not necessarily represent actual transactions.

	<b>High</b>	<b>Low</b>
<b>2005:</b>		
First Quarter	\$ 2.04	\$ 0.65
Second Quarter (through May 19, 2005)	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.42

**COMPARISON OF 41 MONTH CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN\***

Among Trump Hotels & Casino Resorts, Inc., The S & P 500 Index

And The Dow Jones US Gambling Index

\* \$100 invested on 12/31/01 in stock or index-including reinvestment of dividends.

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*Equity Compensation Plan Information*

The following table summarizes information regarding our equity compensation plans as of December 31, 2006. All outstanding awards relate to TER Common Stock.

Plan Category	Equity Compensation Plan Information		
	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	300,000(1)	\$ 17.75	3,192,538(2)
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders			
<b>Total</b>	<b>300,000</b>	<b>\$ 17.75</b>	<b>3,192,538</b>

(1) Options granted under our 2005 Incentive Award Plan.

(2) Excludes 300,000 securities to be issued upon the exercise of outstanding options and 507,462 shares of restricted stock granted pursuant to our 2005 Incentive Award Plan.

**Table of Contents****Item 6. Selected Financial Data**

The following table sets forth certain of our historical financial information for the year ended December 31, 2006 and the period from May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005 (Reorganized Company) and for the period from January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005 and the years ended December 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002 (Predecessor Company). All financial information should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto referenced elsewhere in this Form 10-K.

	Reorganized Company Year Ended December 31, 2006	May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005	January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005	Predecessor Company Year Ended December 31,		
				2004	2003	2002
<b>Revenues:</b>						
Gaming	\$ 1,079,245	\$ 663,140	\$ 398,409	\$ 1,069,463	\$ 1,083,467	\$ 1,147,554
Rooms	78,211	48,257	26,360	75,996	75,660	78,421
Food and beverage	123,091	77,806	44,198	127,348	122,285	125,114
Other	42,365	26,833	12,809	42,608	36,448	38,065
	1,322,912	816,036	481,776	1,315,415	1,317,860	1,389,154
Less promotional allowances	(296,750)	(188,254)	(117,337)	(312,477)	(288,750)	(286,831)
Net revenues	1,026,162	627,782	364,439	1,002,938	1,029,110	1,102,323
<b>Costs and expenses:</b>						
Gaming	494,411	307,384	186,545	498,449	502,490	515,738
Rooms	31,227	17,922	9,805	27,040	28,355	30,280
Food and beverage	41,945	26,592	13,767	41,887	42,158	42,221
General and administrative	286,579	176,763	92,957	247,793	243,347	248,009
General and administrative related party	2,363	9,819	775	2,733	2,096	6,339
Depreciation and amortization	68,091	37,434	35,753	95,091	87,118	77,484
Reorganization expense (income) and related costs		9,058	(25,967)	59,281		
Debt renegotiation costs				2,857	2,951	2,998
	924,616	584,972	313,635	975,131	908,515	923,069
Income from operations	101,546	42,810	50,804	27,807	120,595	179,254
<b>Non-operating income (expense):</b>						
Interest income	10,363	2,151	836	1,105	1,101	1,398
Interest expense	(130,144)	(79,602)	(85,678)	(225,119)	(224,683)	(215,373)
Gain on debt refinancing, net					2,892	
Interest expense related party			(1,184)	(2,941)	(2,654)	(1,683)
Other non-operating income, net		97		1,076	45	743
	(119,781)	(77,354)	(86,026)	(225,879)	(223,299)	(214,915)
Loss before income taxes, minority interests, discontinued operations and extraordinary item	(18,235)	(34,544)	(35,222)	(198,072)	(102,704)	(35,661)
Provision for income taxes	(6,451)	(11,421)	(2,074)	(5,697)	(5,305)	(4,968)
Minority interests	5,617	9,631			10,786	14,858
Loss from continuing operations	(19,069)	(36,334)	(37,296)	(203,769)	(97,223)	(25,771)
<b>Income from discontinued operations:</b>						
Trump Indiana	678	15,658	142,959	20,857	12,374	23,090
Provision for income taxes	56	(2,839)	(24,211)	(21,858)		
Minority interest	(172)	(3,013)			(4,525)	(8,444)
Trump Indiana, net of income taxes and minority interests	562	9,806	118,748	(1,001)	7,849	14,646
Trump 29				7,480	3,283	(1,330)

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Gain on termination of Trump 29 management contract				6,000		
Minority interest					(1,200)	486
Income from discontinued operations	562	9,806	118,748	12,479	9,932	13,802
(Loss) income before extraordinary item	(18,507)	(26,528)	81,452	(191,290)	(87,291)	(11,969)
Extraordinary gain on extinguishment of debt			196,932			
<b>Net (loss) income</b>	\$ (18,507)	\$ (26,528)	\$ 278,384	\$ (191,290)	\$ (87,291)	\$ (11,969)

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	Reorganized Company			Predecessor Company		
	Year Ended December 31, 2006	May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005	January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005	Year Ended December 31,		
				2004	2003	2002
Continuing operations	\$ (0.62)	\$ (1.19)	\$ (1.25)	\$ (6.82)	\$ (3.77)	\$ (1.17)
Discontinued operations	0.02	0.32	3.97	0.42	0.38	0.63
Extraordinary gain on extinguishment of debt			6.59			
<b>Basic and diluted net (loss) income per share</b>	\$ (0.60)	\$ (0.87)	\$ 9.31	\$ (6.40)	\$ (3.39)	\$ (0.54)
<b>Weighted Average Shares Outstanding:</b>						
<b>Basic and diluted</b>	30,920,616	30,533,041	29,904,764	29,904,764	25,773,545	22,010,027
<b>Balance Sheet Data (at end of period):</b>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 100,007	\$ 228,554		\$ 105,266	\$ 95,672	\$ 116,072
Property and equipment	1,535,852	1,463,142		1,700,311	1,737,813	1,786,056
Total assets	2,260,496	2,329,763		1,983,755	2,031,433	2,196,129
Total long-term debt, net of current maturities	1,396,170	1,407,952		1,827,743	1,796,923	1,913,026
Minority interests	125,395	129,708				5,061
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	412,768	427,158		(185,713)	5,577	77,273

**Table of Contents****Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations  
Forward-Looking Statements**

*This Report contains statements that we believe are, or may be considered to be, forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this Report regarding the prospects of our industry or our prospects, plans, financial position or business strategy, may constitute forward-looking statements. In addition, forward-looking statements generally can be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as may, will, expect, intend, estimate, foresee, project, anticipate, believe, plans, forecasts, continue or could or the negatives of these terms or variations of them or similar terms. Furthermore, such forward-looking statements may be included in various filings that we make with the SEC, or press releases or oral statements made by or with the approval of one of our authorized executive officers. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot assure you that these expectations will prove to be correct. These forward-looking statements are subject to certain known and unknown risks and uncertainties, as well as assumptions, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those reflected in these forward-looking statements. Factors that might cause actual results to differ include, but are not limited to, those discussed in the section entitled Risk Factors beginning on page 10 of this Report. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements contained herein, which reflect management's opinions only as of the date hereof. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to revise or publicly release the results of any revision to any forward-looking statements. You are advised, however, to consult any additional disclosures we make in our reports to the SEC. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained in this Report.*

*Overview*

We own and operate the Trump Taj Mahal Casino Resort, the Trump Plaza Hotel and Casino and the Trump Marina Hotel Casino in Atlantic City, New Jersey.

During 2006 we focused on property and operational changes. We commenced the \$110 million first phase of our renovation capital program, began construction of a new, \$250 million, 786-room hotel tower at the Taj Mahal, completed the installation of a Company-wide data warehouse, and completed the installation of a hotel yield management system. We also introduced several labor efficiency programs and increased cash room, food and beverage revenues by approximately \$10 million.

The results of our operations were negatively impacted during the year ended December 31, 2006 due to the closure of our casino operations as a result of the State of New Jersey government closure for three days during early July 2006. While our hotel and some of our food and beverage operations remained open, the closure of our casino operations for this three-day period reduced our overall casino revenues. Additionally, we believe our casino and other revenues for the two-week period after this closing were also negatively impacted due to the closure.

*Basis of Presentation*

The consolidated financial statements for periods from the filing of the Chapter 11 petition through the emergence from Chapter 11 were prepared in accordance with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Statement of Position 90-7, Financial Reporting by Entities in Reorganization under the Bankruptcy Code (SOP 90-7). SOP 90-7 required separate reporting of certain expenses relating to the Predecessor Company's Chapter 11 filings as reorganization items.

Upon emergence from Chapter 11, we adopted fresh-start reporting in accordance with SOP 90-7. Under fresh-start reporting, a new entity was deemed to have been created for financial reporting purposes and the recorded amounts of assets and liabilities were adjusted to reflect their estimated fair values.



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As a result of the adoption of fresh-start reporting, the Reorganized Company's post-emergence financial statements are generally not comparable with the financial statements of the Predecessor Company prior to its emergence from bankruptcy, including the historical financial statements included in this Report. Due to the adoption of fresh-start reporting, the Predecessor and Reorganized Company financial statements are prepared on different bases.

For the purposes of management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations, we have combined the period from January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005 (Predecessor Company) and the period from May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005 (Reorganized Company) into the year ended December 31, 2005. This combination was performed as we believe it provides for the best comparison of our operating performance for the respective periods.

Differences occurring in the periods which were caused by the financial statements being prepared on different bases of accounting are indicated in the following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations.

## **Financial Condition**

### *Liquidity and Capital Resources*

*General.* Cash flows from the operating activities of our casino properties along with borrowings under our revolving credit facility generally constitute our primary source of liquidity. We achieved a significant increase in financial flexibility and a meaningful reduction in interest expense as a result of our May 20, 2005 debt restructuring and emergence from bankruptcy. Our management has implemented programs to improve operating cash flow and will continue to attempt to implement such programs in the upcoming years. These programs include, among others, labor savings through headcount reductions, a more efficient management structure and employee scheduling, changes to our marketing programs and better management of our hotel room blocks. Based upon our current implementation of these programs and current and planned capital expenditures, we expect continued improvement in our cash flows from operations over time resulting in positive cash flows from operations. However, we cannot assure you that these programs will be successful or sustainable.

Cash flow provided by operating activities was \$28.8 million during 2006 compared to cash flow used by operating activities of \$26.1 million during 2005. This increase in our cash flow from operations reflects improved operating results and lower interest expense following our reorganization.

During 2006, we used \$124.6 million for investing activities primarily for capital expenditures relating to renovation and updating of our facilities. These capital expenditures were funded by our available cash and cash flow from operations. Our cash flows provided by investing activities for 2005 included \$227.5 million in proceeds from the sale of Trump Indiana. Following our sale of Trump Indiana, \$45.0 million of the proceeds were deposited in a cash escrow account pending the finalization of certain adjustments under the sale agreement. Excluding the proceeds from the sale of Trump Indiana and the change in restricted cash, cash used in investing activities increased by \$73.0 million in 2005, primarily as a result of increases in our capital expenditures.

We used \$32.7 million for financing activities during 2006 primarily to repay our capital leases and a term loan under our Credit Facility (the Term Loan). During 2005, we generated \$78.0 million from financing activities, including \$150.0 million from the Term Loan, \$55.0 million contributed by Mr. Trump as a part of our Reorganization, less net repayments of debt of \$71.9 million, distributions as a part of our Reorganization of \$41.1 million and payment of deferred financing costs of \$14.0 million. These cash flows from financing sources were used to fund our operations and capital expenditures.

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At December 31, 2006, we had approximately \$100.0 million in cash and cash equivalents. Our cash and cash equivalents do not include \$27.4 million in restricted cash representing a portion of the proceeds from the sale of Trump Indiana placed in escrow. Any remaining funds in the escrow account will become unrestricted following the settlement of IRS tax audits of Trump Indiana for the years 1998 to 2004.

At December 31, 2006, we had no outstanding borrowings under our Senior Secured Line of Credit, a \$147.8 million outstanding term loan on our Credit Facility and \$1,249.0 million of Senior Notes. At December 31, 2006, we had outstanding letters of credit of \$2.5 million. As of March 14, 2007, subject to the limitations imposed by our debt incurrence covenant, availability under the Credit Facility was approximately \$341.2 million. In 2007, we expect to utilize available cash on hand, cash flow from operations, and borrowings under our Credit Facility to fund additional capital expenditures. Included in the Credit Facility availability is a \$150.0 million term loan restricted for the Trump Taj Mahal new hotel tower construction.

In order to increase the competitiveness of our casino properties, we have made significant capital expenditures to renovate, update and expand our casinos. For example, we have spent approximately \$65 million of a \$2500 million capital improvement program to renovate and update our three casino properties. Construction continues on an estimated \$250 million new 786-room hotel tower and connecting structure to expand our existing facility at the Trump Taj Mahal. We expect to complete this new hotel tower by mid-2008.

We also implemented a recurring maintenance capital program. Capital expenditures toward the aforementioned projects in 2007 are expected to be as follows:

Renovation and updating capital	\$ 130 to \$140 million
Taj Mahal tower	\$ 100 to \$110 million
Maintenance and technology	\$ 45 to \$ 50 million
2007 estimated range	\$ 275 to \$300 million

We believe that cash on hand, available borrowing capacity and cash flows from operations will be sufficient to fund our operating, capital expenditure and debt service obligations. While we believe that our sources of liquidity are sufficient to meet our cash obligations during the next twelve months, our ability to meet our operating and debt service obligations depends on a number of factors, including our existing cash on hand, cash flows generated by our operating subsidiaries and compliance with our debt covenants. We continuously seek investment opportunities in an effort to expand our business beyond our existing properties. If we decide to pursue additional capital projects or invest in additional opportunities, we will need to obtain additional financing in the future.

Failure to achieve consistent profitability or maintain or achieve various other financial performance levels could diminish our ability to meet financial covenants, obtain additional funds or make required payments on our indebtedness. In addition, given the restrictions on incurring additional indebtedness imposed under the Credit Facility and the indenture governing the Senior Notes, we cannot assure you that other sources of funds will be available to us, or if available, at terms favorable to us.

TER has minimal operations, except for its ownership of TER Holdings and its subsidiaries. TER depends on the receipt of sufficient funds from its subsidiaries to meet its financial obligations. In addition, the terms of TER's subsidiaries' indebtedness limit the payment of dividends and other distributions to TER under many circumstances. The ability of our subsidiaries to make payments to TER Holdings may also be restricted by the New Jersey Casino Control Commission.

Under the terms of the Credit Facility, we are subject to certain affirmative and negative covenants, including limitations on liens, incurrence of indebtedness, mergers, sales of assets, investments, restricted payments, capital expenditures, agreements with affiliates, our activities and amendment of the indenture

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governing the Senior Notes, among other limitations. In addition, we must comply with certain financial covenants, including the ratio of consolidated indebtedness to EBITDA, consolidated first lien debt to EBITDA and EBITDA to cash interest expense. We were in compliance with such covenants as of December 31, 2006.

Contractual obligations, as of December 31, 2006, mature as follows (in thousands):

	One year and less	2-3 years	3-5 years	After 5 years	Total
Long-term debt	\$ 1,500	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 1,390,170	\$ 1,397,670
Interest on long-term debt (1)	117,731	235,108	234,636	483,370	1,070,845
Construction commitments (2)	110,000	100,000			210,000
Services Agreement (3)	2,000	4,000	2,833		8,833
Capital leases	10,227	979			11,206
Operating leases	7,380	11,131	8,352	78,153	105,016
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 248,838</b>	<b>\$ 354,218</b>	<b>\$ 248,821</b>	<b>\$ 1,951,693</b>	<b>\$ 2,803,570</b>

- (1) Estimated interest payments on long-term debt are based on principal amounts outstanding, required principal repayments and interest rates at December 31, 2006.
  - (2) Construction commitments include amounts due under the Right of First Offer Agreement, as amended and restated, between the Company and Trump Organization LLC.
  - (3) Represents obligations under a services agreement between the Company and Mr. Trump.
- Off Balance Sheet Arrangements*

We have not entered into any transactions with unconsolidated entities whereby we have financial guarantees, subordinated retained interest, derivative instruments or other contingent arrangements that expose us to material continuing risks, contingent liabilities or any other obligation under a variable interest in an unconsolidated entity that provides financing, liquidity, market risk or credit risk support to us.

*Results of Operations: Operating Revenues and Expenses*

Our primary business activities are conducted by Trump Taj Mahal, Trump Plaza and Trump Marina.

The following tables include selected data of our casino properties (in millions).

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2006	2005	2004
Gaming revenues			
Trump Taj Mahal	\$ 525.4	\$ 512.8	\$ 496.3
Trump Plaza	298.2	299.6	312.9
Trump Marina	255.6	249.1	260.3
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,079.2</b>	<b>\$ 1,061.5</b>	<b>\$ 1,069.5</b>
Net revenues			
Trump Taj Mahal	\$ 502.7	\$ 477.7	\$ 470.0
Trump Plaza	278.8	273.4	284.8
Trump Marina	244.7	241.1	248.1
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,026.2</b>	<b>\$ 992.2</b>	<b>\$ 1,002.9</b>



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	Year Ended December 31,		
	2006	2005	2004
<b>Income (loss) from operations</b>			
Trump Taj Mahal	\$ 80.4	\$ 173.4	\$ 58.5
Trump Plaza	20.8	32.2	15.6
Trump Marina	35.9	(11.2)	17.7
Corporate and other	(35.6)	(100.8)	(64.0)
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 101.5</b>	<b>\$ 93.6</b>	<b>\$ 27.8</b>
<b>Depreciation and amortization (1)</b>			
Trump Taj Mahal	\$ 33.9	\$ 38.5	\$ 49.3
Trump Plaza	20.0	18.8	23.5
Trump Marina	14.0	15.7	22.2
Corporate and other	0.2	0.2	0.1
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 68.1</b>	<b>\$ 73.2</b>	<b>\$ 95.1</b>
<b>Reorganization (income) expense and other related expenses</b>			
Trump Taj Mahal	\$	\$ (104.5)	\$ 2.7
Trump Plaza		(17.4)	1.8
Trump Marina		42.1	10.7
Corporate and other		62.9	44.1
	\$	\$ (16.9)	\$ 59.3

(1) Depreciation and amortization for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 reflect an overall reduction due to the write-down of property and equipment to its appraised value in conjunction with our fresh-start accounting.

*Results of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005*

The following is a discussion of each of our properties' operating results:

*Trump Taj Mahal* Net revenues increased 5.2% to \$502.7 million as a result of a \$22.8 million increase in our total revenues and a \$2.1 million reduction in promotional allowances. Our revenues reflect year over year improvement in all areas of operations including increases in gaming revenues of \$12.7 million, room revenues of \$2.8 million, food and beverage revenues of \$3.3 million and other revenues of \$4.0 million. Before consideration of reorganization income of \$104.5 million recorded in 2005, our operating expenses increased by \$13.4 million, comprised of increases in general and administrative expenses of \$7.8 million and increases in all other expenses of \$10.2 million partially offset by a \$4.6 million decrease in depreciation due to the \$49.4 million write-down of net fixed assets during 2005 to reflect fresh-start accounting. The increase in general and administrative costs is principally due to increases in entertainment expenses of \$4.0 million, insurance costs of \$1.8 million, payroll and related expenses of \$1.6 million and advertising expenses of \$1.2 million partially offset by reductions in customer comp costs and lower utility costs. The increase in our other expenses reflects increased casino operating costs of \$6.5 million, primarily due to higher promotional spending targeted to increase casino revenues, \$3.7 million in increased rooms and food and beverage costs relating to the increased revenues and \$2.4 million in allowances for doubtful accounts offset by decreases in payroll costs.

*Trump Plaza* A \$1.5 million decrease in gaming revenues, a \$2.4 million decrease in food and beverage revenues and a \$1.1 million decrease in rooms and other revenues were offset by a \$10.4 million reduction in promotional allowances resulting in increased net revenues of \$5.4 million. Our gaming revenue decreased \$1.4 million reflecting a decrease in slot revenue of \$7.1 million driven by the reduction in slot marketing and coin offers offset by an increase in table games revenues of \$5.7 million. Food, beverage and other revenues decreased \$2.4 million principally due to the closure of a restaurant for remodeling for eight weeks during 2006.

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The \$10.4 million decrease in promotional allowances is primarily a result of a \$6.3 million decrease in complimentary food and rooms and a \$3.6 million decrease in slot coin marketing offers. Before consideration of reorganization income of \$17.4 million recorded in 2005, our total costs and expenses decreased \$0.6 million. This decrease reflects a \$6.4 million decrease in casino and other operating expenses principally due to payroll reductions of \$1.7 million and reductions of casino promotions and complimentary expenses of \$4.1 million partially offset by increases in general and administrative expenses of \$3.7 million primarily due to increased payroll, severance and other related expenses of \$2.2 million and increased marketing and advertising costs of \$1.3 million, and increased rooms expense of \$1.2 million. Our depreciation expense increased by \$1.3 million due to the completion of our casino renovation and other completed capital expenditures.

*Trump Marina* Net revenues in 2006 increased \$3.6 million compared to 2005. Total revenues increased \$7.3 million principally due to a \$6.5 million increase in gaming revenues. The higher revenues were driven by a \$3.6 million increase in promotional allowances which include \$3.1 million in additional slot coin offers targeted to increase our slot revenues. General and administrative expenses decreased by \$0.6 million reflecting the benefit of a \$1.7 million settlement with the South Jersey Transportation Authority, a \$1.1 million reduction in payroll costs and a \$1.1 million reduction in utility costs due to the full-year benefit of investments in energy saving initiatives which commenced in late 2005 offset by increases in insurance expenses of \$1.2 million, payroll and related expenses of \$0.8 million, advertising of \$0.6 million, property taxes of \$0.6 million and other increases of \$0.2 million. Depreciation expense decreased \$1.8 million reflecting the write-down of fixed assets during 2005 to reflect fresh-start accounting. During 2005, fresh-start accounting expense totaled \$42.1 million.

*Corporate and Other Expenses* Before consideration of fresh-start accounting and reorganization expenses of \$62.9 million and a charge of \$8.0 million for ten-year warrants issued to Mr. Trump in connection with the services agreement between the Company and Mr. Trump incurred during 2005, corporate and other expenses increased by approximately \$5.7 million for 2006. This increase is due to a \$2.3 million increase in development costs principally associated with our unsuccessful efforts to obtain a gaming license in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, a \$2.2 million increase in stock-based compensation and a \$1.2 million increase in payroll and other costs.

*Interest Income* Interest income increased \$7.4 million principally due to higher average cash balances during 2006 as a result of the proceeds received from the sale of Trump Indiana in December 2005.

*Interest Expense* Interest expense decreased by approximately \$36.3 million, or 21.8%, from the comparable period in 2005. The decrease in interest expense during 2006 was due to the reorganization of our long-term debt in 2005, which resulted in lower principal amounts due and significantly reduced interest rates, repayment of long-term debt of \$29.8 million and the capitalization of \$1.2 million in interest expense related to our capital construction projects.

*Minority Interests* Following our reorganization, minority interests for the Reorganized Company principally consist of the 23.5% limited partnership interest in TER Holdings owned directly and indirectly by Mr. Trump. Minority interests in our loss from continuing operations in 2006 are comprised of \$5.5 million relating to Mr. Trump's ownership interest in TER Holdings and \$0.1 million for other minority ownership interests in TER Holdings subsidiaries.

*Provision for Income Taxes* Our provision for income taxes on continuing operations reflects an expense of \$6.5 million. This provision consists of state income taxes of \$4.6 million and a non-cash charge in lieu of income taxes of \$1.9 million.

*Discontinued Operations* Income from discontinued operations in 2006 reflects the settlement of liabilities assumed in connection with the December 2005 sale of our Trump Indiana riverboat casino.

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*Results of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004*

The following is a discussion of each of our properties' operating results:

*Trump Taj Mahal* Net revenues increased by \$7.7 million, or 1.6%, to \$477.7 million as a result of increased casino revenues of \$16.4 million offset by reductions in room, food, beverage and other revenues of \$4.5 million and increases in promotional allowances of \$4.2 million. This increase in casino revenues was primarily due to an increase in the table game revenues of \$20.4 million, offset by a reduction in slot revenues of \$4.0 million. Before consideration of the fresh-start accounting benefit of \$104.8 million recorded in 2005 and the \$2.4 million decrease in 2005 over 2004 reorganization expenses, costs and expenses increased by \$0.1 million, comprised of an increase in general and administrative costs of \$11.0 million due primarily to increased utility costs of \$4.6 million and other general increases in contract entertainment, maintenance expenses and severance provisions for terminated employees, offset by a \$10.7 million reduction in depreciation due to the write-down of net fixed assets by \$49.4 million to reflect fresh-start accounting.

*Trump Plaza* A decrease in casino revenues of \$13.2 million, or 4.2%, resulted in a decrease in net revenues of \$11.4 million to \$273.4 million. This decrease in casino revenues is due primarily to a decrease in slot revenues as a result of a more competitive marketplace, anticipated disruptions from renovations to the casino and the impact of planned reductions in slot coin marketing offers. Before consideration of the fresh-start accounting benefit of \$17.5 million recorded in 2005 and a \$1.7 million decrease in 2005 over 2004 reorganization expenses, costs and expenses decreased by \$8.7 million, comprised primarily of a \$4.8 million reduction in depreciation due to the write-down of net fixed assets by \$40.2 million to reflect fresh-start accounting and a decrease in general and administrative costs of \$3.4 million due primarily to 2004 general and administrative expenses including expense for an \$8.0 million real estate tax receivable reserve offset by increased utility expenses during 2005.

*Trump Marina* A decrease in casino revenues of \$11.1 million, or 4.3%, and a decrease in food and beverage revenues of \$3.0 million were offset by a decrease in promotional allowances of \$8.2 million resulting in a reduction in net revenues of \$7.0 million, or 2.8%, to \$241.1 million. The decrease in gaming revenues is due primarily to a decrease in slot revenues as a result of a more competitive marketplace and the impact of planned reductions in slot coin marketing offers. Before consideration of fresh-start accounting expense of \$42.0 million recorded in 2005 and a \$10.6 million decrease in 2005 over 2004 reorganization expenses, costs and expenses decreased by \$9.5 million, comprised primarily of a \$6.5 million reduction in depreciation due to the write-down of net fixed assets by \$119.9 million to reflect fresh-start accounting and a decrease in gaming costs of \$4.4 million, or 3.7%, relating to the decrease in casino revenues.

*Corporate and Other Expenses* Before consideration of fresh-start accounting expenses of \$4.9 million, a \$8.4 million decrease in 2005 over 2004 reorganization expense and a \$19.4 decrease in debt renegotiation costs in 2005 over 2004, corporate and other expenses increased by approximately \$20.9 million. This increase is due primarily to \$8.0 million for 10-year warrants issued to Mr. Trump in connection with a services agreement, \$4.9 million associated with our proposed Philadelphia project, \$2.7 million associated with our stock award plan and \$2.3 million in executive recruiting, relocation and severance costs.

*Interest Expense* Interest expense decreased by approximately \$59.8 million, or 27.0%, from the comparable period in 2004. The decrease in interest expense was due to our reorganization of our long-term debt which resulted in lower principal amounts due and the associated significantly reduced interest rates.

*Minority Interest* Following reorganization, minority interest for the reorganized company represents the 23.5% limited partnership interest in TER Holdings owned directly and indirectly by Mr. Trump. Our minority interest expense reflects an expense or benefit for the proportionate share of income or loss.

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*Provision for Income Taxes* Our provision for income taxes on continuing operations reflects an expense for income taxes of \$13.5 million. This provision consists of state income taxes of \$4.8 million and a non-cash charge in lieu of taxes of \$8.7 million.

*Discontinued Operations* Income from discontinued operations includes income from our Trump Indiana riverboat casino sold in December 2005. This pretax income of \$158.6 million for 2005 includes a fresh-start benefit of \$134.7 million. This pretax income is reduced by a provision for income taxes of \$27.0 million and a minority interest expense of \$3.0 million.

*Extraordinary Gain on Extinguishment of Debt* This gain of \$196.9 million is a result of the extinguishment of debt in connection with our reorganization.

*Critical Accounting Estimates*

*General* Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, which requires our management to make estimates and assumptions about the effects of matters that are inherently uncertain. Of our accounting estimates, we believe the following may involve a higher degree of judgment and complexity.

*Goodwill* We have approximately \$226.5 million of goodwill recorded on our balance sheet at December 31, 2006. We regularly evaluate our businesses for potential impairment indicators. Additionally, we perform impairment testing at least annually. Our judgments regarding the existence of impairment indicators are based on, among other things, the regulatory and competitive status and operational performance of each of our businesses. Future events, such as the failure to meet or exceed our operating plans, increased competition or the enactment of increased gaming tax rates, could significantly impact our judgments and any resulting impairment loss could have a material adverse impact on our financial condition and results of operations.

*Property and Equipment* Our operations are capital intensive and we make capital investments at each of our properties in the form of maintenance capital and, from time to time, expansion and product enhancement capital. At December 31, 2006, we have approximately \$1,535.9 million of net property and equipment recorded on our balance sheet. We depreciate our assets on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimates of the useful lives are based on the nature of the assets as well as our current operating strategy. Future events, such as property expansions, new competition and new regulations, could result in a change in the manner in which we use certain assets requiring a change in the estimated useful lives of such assets. In assessing the recoverability of the carrying value of property and equipment, we must make assumptions regarding estimated future cash flows and other factors. If these estimates or the related assumptions change in the future, we may be required to record impairment charges for these assets.

*Insurance Accruals* Our insurance policies for employee health, workers' compensation and general patron liabilities have significant deductible levels on an individual claim basis. We accrue a liability for known workers' compensation and general patron liabilities based upon a review of individual claims. Additionally, we accrue an amount for incurred but not reported claims based on our historical experience and other factors. Our employee health insurance benefit accrual is based on our historical claims experience rate including an estimated lag factor. These accruals involve complex estimates and could be significantly affected should current claims vary from historical levels. Management reviews our insurance accruals for adequacy at the end of each reporting period.

*Income Taxes* We account for income taxes in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ( SFAS ) No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. Our income tax returns are subject to examination by various taxing authorities. We regularly assess the potential outcomes of these examinations in determining the adequacy of our provision for income taxes and our income tax liabilities. Inherent in our determination of any necessary reserves are assumptions based on past experiences and judgments about potential actions by



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taxing authorities. Our estimate of the potential outcome for any uncertain tax issue is highly judgmental. We believe we have adequately provided for any reasonable and foreseeable outcome related to uncertain tax matters. When actual results of tax examinations differ from our estimates, we adjust the income tax provision in the period in which the examination issues are settled.

*Inflation*

There was no significant impact on operations as a result of inflation during 2006, 2005 or 2004.

**Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

The market risk inherent in our financial instruments is the potential loss in fair value arising from adverse changes in interest rates. The following table provides information about our debt obligations that are sensitive to changes in interest rates. The following table also presents principal cash flows and related weighted average interest rates by expected maturity date of our debt obligations.

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	Thereafter	Total
Fixed rate debt maturities	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,248,962	\$ 1,248,962
Average interest rate	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%	
Variable rate debt maturities	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,500	\$ 140,250	\$ 147,750
Average interest rate	7.87%	7.87%	7.87%	7.87%	7.87%	7.87%	

We currently have no outstanding interest rate swaps. From time to time, we enter into interest rate swap agreements to change the proportion of fixed to variable rate debt within parameters established by management. In accordance with these parameters, the agreements are used to manage interest rate risks and cost inherent in our debt portfolio.

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**Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data**

The following consolidated financial statements are included in this report:

Reports of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Consolidated Balance Sheets of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 (Reorganized Company)

Consolidated Statements of Operations of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2006 and the period from May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005 (Reorganized Company) and for the period from January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005 and the year ended December 31, 2004 (Predecessor Company)

Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2006 and the period from May 20, 2005 to December 31, 2005 (Reorganized Company) and for the period from January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005 and the year ended December 31, 2004 (Predecessor Company)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2006 and the period from May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005 (Reorganized Company) and for the period from January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005 and the year ended December 31, 2004 (Predecessor Company)

Consolidated Balance Sheets of Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P. as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 (Reorganized Company)

Consolidated Statements of Operations of Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P. for the year ended December 31, 2006 and the period from May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005 (Reorganized Company) and for the period from January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005 and the year ended December 31, 2004 (Predecessor Company)

Consolidated Statement of Partners' Capital of Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P. for the year ended December 31, 2006 and the period from May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005 (Reorganized Company) and for the period from January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005 and the year ended December 31, 2004 (Predecessor Company)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows of Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P. for the year ended December 31, 2006 and the period from May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005 (Reorganized Company) and for the period from January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005 and the year ended December 31, 2004 (Predecessor Company)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Financial Statement Schedule

Schedule II Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. and Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P. Valuation and Qualifying Accounts for the year ended December 31, 2006 and the period from May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005 (Reorganized Company) and for the period from January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005 and the year ended December 31, 2004 (Predecessor Company)

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**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

Board of Directors

Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. as of December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2006, the period from May 20, 2005 to December 31, 2005, the period from January 1, 2005 to May 19, 2005 (Predecessor Company), and for the year ended December 31, 2004 (Predecessor Company). Our audits also included the financial statement schedule listed in the index at Item 15(a). These financial statements and schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. at December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2006, the period from May 20, 2005 to December 31, 2005, the period from January 1, 2005 to May 19, 2005 (Predecessor Company), and for the year ended December 31, 2004 (Predecessor Company), in conformity with U. S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the effectiveness of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated February 19, 2007, expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, effective May 20, 2005, the Company received final clearance of all significant contingencies related to the implementation of its plan of reorganization, which had been confirmed on April 5, 2005, by the United States Bankruptcy Court. The Company officially emerged from bankruptcy as of May 20, 2005. In connection with its reorganization, the Company applied fresh-start reporting as of May 20, 2005. The accompanying consolidated balance sheets of the Company at December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005 and the consolidated results of operations of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2006 and the period from May 20, 2005 to December 31, 2005 reflect the impact of the adjustments required under fresh-start reporting. As a result, the consolidated financial statements of the Company are presented on a basis different from those of the Predecessor Company and therefore are not comparable to prior periods.

As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, in connection with the application of fresh-start reporting as of May 20, 2005, the Company early adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 123R, Share-Based Payment.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

February 19, 2007

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**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

Partners

Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings L.P.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings L.P. as of December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, and the related consolidated statements of operations, partners' capital and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2006, the period from May 20, 2005 to December 31, 2005, the period from January 1, 2005 to May 19, 2005 (Predecessor Company), and for the year ended December 31, 2004 (Predecessor Company). Our audits also included the financial statement schedule listed in the index at Item 15(a). These financial statements and schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform an audit of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings L.P. at December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2006, the period from May 20, 2005 to December 31, 2005, the period from January 1, 2005 to May 19, 2005 (Predecessor Company), and for the year ended December 31, 2004 (Predecessor Company), in conformity with U. S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.

As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, effective May 20, 2005, the Company received final clearance of all significant contingencies related to the implementation of its plan of reorganization, which had been confirmed on April 5, 2005, by the United States Bankruptcy Court. The Company officially emerged from bankruptcy as of May 20, 2005. In connection with its reorganization, the Company applied fresh-start reporting as of May 20, 2005. The accompanying consolidated balance sheets of the Company at December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005 and the consolidated results of operations of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2006 and the period from May 20, 2005 to December 31, 2005 reflect the impact of the adjustments required under fresh-start reporting. As a result, the consolidated financial statements of the Company are presented on a basis different from those of the Predecessor Company and therefore are not comparable to prior periods.

As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, in connection with the application of fresh-start reporting as of May 20, 2005, the Company early adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 123R, Share-Based Payment.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

February 19, 2007

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**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

Board of Directors

Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc.

We have audited management's assessment, included in Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and appearing in the accompanying Item 9A Controls and Procedures, that Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (the COSO criteria). Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc.'s management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management's assessment and an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, evaluating management's assessment, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, management's assessment that Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006, is fairly stated, in all material respects, based on the COSO criteria. Also, in our opinion, Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006, based on the COSO criteria.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. as of December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2006, the period from May 20 to December 31, 2005, the period from January 1, 2005 to May 19, 2005 (Predecessor Company), and for the year ended December 31, 2004 (Predecessor Company) and our report dated February 19, 2007 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

February 19, 2007

**Table of Contents****TRUMP ENTERTAINMENT RESORTS, INC.****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

	<b>Reorganized Company December 31,</b>	
	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
<b>Current assets:</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 100,007	\$ 228,554
Restricted cash	27,375	45,005
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$13,032 and \$14,153, respectively	45,519	37,128
Accounts receivable, other	8,823	8,612
Inventories	10,816	10,716
Deferred income taxes	10,351	2,289
Other current assets	13,049	12,178
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>215,940</b>	<b>344,482</b>
<b>Net property and equipment</b>	<b>1,535,852</b>	<b>1,463,142</b>
<b>Other assets:</b>		
Goodwill	226,480	238,045
Trademarks	197,000	197,000
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$2,787 and \$1,172, respectively	7,730	9,345
Deferred financing costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$4,279 and \$1,648, respectively	17,914	20,725
Other assets, net of reserve of \$36,203 and \$31,847, respectively	59,580	57,024
<b>Total other assets</b>	<b>508,704</b>	<b>522,139</b>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 2,260,496</b>	<b>\$ 2,329,763</b>
<b>Current liabilities:</b>		
Accounts payable	\$ 30,495	\$ 39,136
Accrued payroll and related expenses	28,099	26,553
Income taxes payable	24,904	36,765
Partnership distribution payable	260	3,041
Accrued interest payable	13,645	11,517
Self-insurance reserves	13,299	12,398
Other current liabilities	34,767	42,748
Current maturities of long-term debt	11,263	30,007
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>156,732</b>	<b>202,165</b>
<b>Long-term debt, net of current maturities</b>	<b>1,396,170</b>	<b>1,407,952</b>
<b>Deferred income taxes</b>	<b>152,414</b>	<b>144,352</b>
<b>Other long-term liabilities</b>	<b>17,017</b>	<b>18,428</b>
<b>Minority interest</b>	<b>125,395</b>	<b>129,708</b>
<b>Stockholders' equity:</b>		
Preferred stock, \$1 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding		
Common stock, \$.001 par value; 75,000,000 shares authorized, 30,990,902 and 27,177,696 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	31	27
Class B Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 1,000 shares authorized, 900 shares issued and outstanding		
Additional paid-in capital	457,772	453,659
Accumulated deficit	(45,035)	(26,528)
<b>Total stockholders' equity</b>	<b>412,768</b>	<b>427,158</b>

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<b>Total liabilities and stockholders equity</b>	\$ 2,260,496	\$ 2,329,763
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See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****TRUMP ENTERTAINMENT RESORTS, INC.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

	Reorganized Company Year Ended December 31, 2006	May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005	Predecessor Company January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005	Year Ended December 31, 2004
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Gaming	\$ 1,079,245	\$ 663,140	\$ 398,409	\$ 1,069,463
Rooms	78,211	48,257	26,360	75,996
Food and beverage	123,091	77,806	44,198	127,348
Other	42,365	26,833	12,809	42,608
	1,322,912	816,036	481,776	1,315,415
Less promotional allowances	(296,750)	(188,254)	(117,337)	(312,477)
Net revenues	1,026,162	627,782	364,439	1,002,938
<b>Costs and expenses:</b>				
Gaming	494,411	307,384	186,545	498,449
Rooms	31,227	17,922	9,805	27,040
Food and beverage	41,945	26,592	13,767	41,887
General and administrative	279,118	171,561	92,544	245,897
General and administrative related party	2,363	9,819	775	2,733
Development costs	7,461	5,202	413	1,896
Depreciation and amortization	68,091	37,434	35,753	95,091
Reorganization expense (income) and related costs		9,058	(25,967)	59,281
Debt renegotiation costs				2,857
	924,616	584,972	313,635	975,131
Income from operations	101,546	42,810	50,804	27,807
<b>Non-operating income (expense):</b>				
Interest income	10,363	2,151	836	1,105
Interest expense	(130,144)	(79,602)	(85,678)	(225,119)
Interest expense related party			(1,184)	(2,941)
Other non-operating income, net		97		1,076
	(119,781)	(77,354)	(86,026)	(225,879)
Loss before income taxes, minority interests, discontinued operations and extraordinary item	(18,235)	(34,544)	(35,222)	(198,072)
Provision for income taxes	(6,451)	(11,421)	(2,074)	(5,697)
Minority interests	5,617	9,631		
Loss from continuing operations	(19,069)	(36,334)	(37,296)	(203,769)
<b>Income from discontinued operations:</b>				
Trump Indiana	678	15,658	142,959	20,857
Provision for income taxes	56	(2,839)	(24,211)	(21,858)
Minority interests	(172)	(3,013)		
Trump Indiana, net of income taxes and minority interest	562	9,806	118,748	(1,001)
Trump 29, net of minority interest				7,480



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Gain on termination of Trump 29 management contract				6,000
Income from discontinued operations	562	9,806	118,748	12,479
(Loss) income before extraordinary item	(18,507)	(26,528)	81,452	(191,290)
Extraordinary gain on extinguishment of debt			196,932	
<b>Net (loss) income</b>	<b>\$ (18,507)</b>	<b>\$ (26,528)</b>	<b>\$ 278,384</b>	<b>\$ (191,290)</b>
Continuing operations	\$ (0.62)	\$ (1.19)	\$ (1.25)	\$ (6.82)
Discontinued operations	0.02	0.32	3.97	0.42
Extraordinary gain on extinguishment of debt			6.59	
<b>Basic and diluted net (loss) income per share</b>	<b>\$ (0.60)</b>	<b>\$ (0.87)</b>	<b>\$ 9.31</b>	<b>\$ (6.40)</b>
<b>Weighted average shares outstanding:</b>				
<b>Basic and diluted</b>	30,920,616	30,533,041	29,904,764	29,904,764

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****TRUMP ENTERTAINMENT RESORTS, INC.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY**

(In thousands except share data)

	Shares	Common Stock	Shares	Class B Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Treasury Stock	Total Stockholders Equity
<b>Predecessor Company:</b>								
Balance at December 31, 2003	32,101,493	\$ 321	1,000	\$	\$ 470,566	\$ (445,110)	\$ (20,200)	\$ 5,577
Net (loss)						(191,290)		(191,290)
Balance at December 31, 2004	32,101,493	321	1,000		470,566	(636,400)	(20,200)	(185,713)
Net income						278,384		278,384
Balance at May 19, 2005	32,101,493	\$ 321	1,000	\$	\$ 470,566	\$ (358,016)	\$ (20,200)	\$ 92,671
<b>Reorganized Company:</b>								
Capitalization on May 20, 2005	27,089,849	\$ 27	900	\$	\$ 445,432	\$	\$	\$ 445,459
Compensatory stock warrants expense, net of minority interest of \$1,879					6,121			6,121
Warrants converted	52,847							
Stock-based compensation expense, net of minority interest of \$647					2,106			2,106
Issuance of restricted stock	35,000							
Net (loss)						(26,528)		(26,528)
Balance at December 31, 2005	27,177,696	27	900		453,659	(26,528)		427,158
Warrants converted	3,377,553	3			(3)			
Stock-based compensation expense, net of minority interest of \$1,221					3,976			3,976
Issuance of restricted stock, net	472,462	1			(1)			
Other	(36,809)				141			141
Net (loss)						(18,507)		(18,507)
Balance at December 31, 2006	30,990,902	\$ 31	900	\$	\$ 457,772	\$ (45,035)	\$	\$ 412,768

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****TRUMP ENTERTAINMENT RESORTS, INC.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(In thousands)

	Reorganized Company Year Ended December 31, 2006	May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005	Predecessor Company January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005	Year Ended December 31, 2004
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>				
Net (loss) income	\$ (18,507)	\$ (26,528)	\$ 278,384	\$ (191,290)
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Deferred income taxes	1,930	8,687		
Minority interest in net loss	(5,445)	(6,618)		
Depreciation and amortization	68,091	40,071	38,486	102,705
Amortization of deferred financing costs	2,631	1,519	665	5,740
Provisions for losses on receivables	5,168	2,330	1,445	5,473
Stock-based compensation expense	5,197	2,753		
Valuation allowance CRDA investments	4,478	2,907	1,731	4,592
Compensatory stock warrants		8,000		
Non-cash reorganization (income) expense, net			(210,117)	39,533
Extraordinary gain on extinguishment of debt			(196,932)	
Accretion of discounts on mortgage notes				2,354
Issuance of debt in satisfaction of accrued interest				4,089
Loss on sale of assets				717
Other	(683)	(256)	755	10,479
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in receivables	(13,528)	(9,505)	546	(9,043)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	(100)	1,219	(485)	174
(Increase) decrease in other current assets	(871)	1,427	(2,143)	(918)
Decrease (increase) in other assets	6,235	1,543	(816)	(6,560)
(Decrease) increase in due to affiliates, net		(2,767)	(538)	1,075
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities	(26,556)	(16,327)	60,847	795
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable	2,128	(73,012)	68,866	73,872
(Decrease) increase in other long-term liabilities	(1,411)	(6,026)	3,835	390
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities including discontinued operations	28,757	(70,583)	44,529	44,177
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>				
Purchases of property and equipment, net	(128,959)	(58,752)	(39,033)	(24,585)
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash	17,630	(45,005)		
Purchases of CRDA investments	(13,269)	(7,307)	(6,115)	(13,445)
Cash proceeds from sale of Trump Indiana		227,526		
Other				(136)
Net cash flows (used in) provided by investing activities	(124,598)	116,462	(45,148)	(38,166)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>				
Borrowings from term loan		150,000		
Repayments of term loan	(1,500)	(750)		
Repayment of other long-term debt	(28,042)	(21,873)		

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Payment of deferred financing costs	(597)	(11,078)	(2,926)	
Partnership distributions	(3,020)			
Contributed capital from reorganization		55,000		
Cash distributions to noteholders and stockholders		(41,120)		
(Repayments of) borrowings from DIP facility, net		(53,958)	18,172	35,786
Repayment of long-term debt, subject to compromise			(13,439)	(32,203)
Other	453			
Net cash flows (used in) provided by financing activities	(32,706)	76,221	1,807	3,583
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(128,547)	122,100	1,188	9,594
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	228,554	106,454	105,266	95,672
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 100,007	\$ 228,554	\$ 106,454	\$ 105,266

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****TRUMP ENTERTAINMENT RESORTS HOLDINGS, L.P.****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(In thousands)

	<b>Reorganized Company December 31,</b>	
	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
<b>Current assets:</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 99,094	\$ 228,550
Restricted cash	27,375	45,005
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$13,032 and \$14,153, respectively	45,519	37,128
Accounts receivable, other	8,823	8,612
Inventories	10,816	10,716
Deferred income taxes	672	904
Other current assets	13,049	12,178
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>205,348</b>	<b>343,093</b>
<b>Net property and equipment</b>	<b>1,535,852</b>	<b>1,463,142</b>
<b>Other assets:</b>		
Goodwill	129,024	139,289
Trademarks	197,000	197,000
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$2,787 and \$1,172, respectively	7,730	9,345
Deferred financing costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$4,279 and \$1,648, respectively	17,914	20,725
Other assets, net of reserve of \$36,203 and \$31,847, respectively	59,580	57,024
<b>Total other assets</b>	<b>411,248</b>	<b>423,383</b>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 2,152,448</b>	<b>\$ 2,229,618</b>
<b>Current liabilities:</b>		
Accounts payable	\$ 30,495	\$ 39,136
Accrued payroll and related expenses	28,099	26,553
Income taxes payable	24,904	36,765
Accrued partner distributions	260	3,041
Accrued interest payable	13,645	11,517
Self-insurance reserves	13,299	12,398
Other current liabilities	34,767	42,748
Current maturities of long-term debt	11,263	30,007
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>156,732</b>	<b>202,165</b>
<b>Long-term debt, net of current maturities</b>	<b>1,396,170</b>	<b>1,407,952</b>
<b>Deferred income taxes</b>	<b>38,992</b>	<b>39,224</b>
<b>Other long-term liabilities</b>	<b>17,013</b>	<b>18,424</b>
<b>Partners capital:</b>		
Partners capital	594,230	590,012
Accumulated deficit	(50,689)	(28,159)
<b>Total partners capital</b>	<b>543,541</b>	<b>561,853</b>

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<b>Total liabilities and partners capital</b>	\$ 2,152,448	\$ 2,229,618
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See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****TRUMP ENTERTAINMENT RESORTS HOLDINGS, L.P.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

(In thousands)

	Reorganized Company Year Ended December 31, 2006	May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005	Predecessor Company January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005	Year Ended December 31, 2004
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Gaming	\$ 1,079,245	\$ 663,140	\$ 398,409	\$ 1,069,463
Rooms	78,211	48,257	26,360	75,996
Food and beverage	123,091	77,806	44,198	127,348
Other	42,365	26,833	12,809	42,608
	1,322,912	816,036	481,776	1,315,415
Less promotional allowances	(296,750)	(188,254)	(117,337)	(312,477)
Net revenues	1,026,162	627,782	364,439	1,002,938
<b>Costs and expenses:</b>				
Gaming	494,411	307,384	186,545	498,449
Rooms	31,227	17,922	9,805	27,040
Food and beverage	41,945	26,592	13,767	41,887
General and administrative	279,118	171,561	92,544	245,897
General and administrative related party	2,363	9,819	775	2,733
Development costs	7,461	5,202	413	1,896
Depreciation and amortization	68,091	37,434	35,753	95,091
Reorganization (income) expense and related costs		9,058	(25,967)	59,281
Debt renegotiation costs				2,857
	924,616	584,972	313,635	975,131
Income from operations	101,546	42,810	50,804	27,807
<b>Non-operating income (expense):</b>				
Interest income	10,335	2,151	836	1,105
Interest expense	(130,144)	(79,602)	(85,678)	(225,119)
Interest expense related party			(1,184)	(2,941)
Other non-operating income, net		97		1,076
	(119,809)	(77,354)	(86,026)	(225,879)
Loss before income taxes, minority interest, discontinued operations and extraordinary item	(18,263)	(34,544)	(35,222)	(198,072)
Provision for income taxes	(5,151)	(6,434)	(2,074)	(5,697)
Minority interest	150			
Loss from continuing operations	(23,264)	(40,978)	(37,296)	(203,769)
<b>Income (loss) from discontinued operations:</b>				
Trump Indiana	678	15,658	142,959	20,857
Provision for income taxes	56	(2,839)	(24,211)	(21,858)

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Trump Indiana, net of income taxes	734	12,819	118,748	(1,001)
Trump 29				7,480
Gain on termination of Trump 29 management contract				6,000
<b>Income from discontinued operations</b>	<b>734</b>	<b>12,819</b>	<b>118,748</b>	<b>12,479</b>
(Loss) income before extraordinary item	(22,530)	(28,159)	81,452	(191,290)
Extraordinary gain on extinguishment of debt			196,932	
<b>Net (loss) income</b>	<b>\$ (22,530)</b>	<b>\$ (28,159)</b>	<b>\$ 278,384</b>	<b>\$ (191,290)</b>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.



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**TRUMP ENTERTAINMENT RESORTS HOLDINGS, L.P.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PARTNERS CAPITAL**

(In thousands)

	Partners Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Treasury Stock	Total Partners Capital
<b>Predecessor Company:</b>				
Balance at December 31, 2003	\$ 667,503	\$ (641,387)	\$ (20,200)	\$ 5,916
Net (loss)		(191,290)		(191,290)
Balance at December 31, 2004	667,503	(832,677)	(20,200)	(185,374)
Net income		278,384		278,384
Balance at May 19, 2005	\$ 667,503	\$ (554,293)	\$ (20,200)	\$ 93,010
<b>Reorganized Company:</b>				
Capitalization of partnership on May 20, 2005	\$ 582,300	\$	\$	\$ 582,300
Stock-based compensation expense	2,753			2,753
Compensatory stock warrants	8,000			8,000
Partnership distributions	(3,041)			(3,041)
Net (loss)		(28,159)		(28,159)
Balance at December 31, 2005	590,012	(28,159)		561,853
Stock-based compensation expense	5,197			5,197
Partnership distributions	(979)			(979)
Net (loss)		(22,530)		(22,530)
Balance at December 31, 2006	\$ 594,230	\$ (50,689)	\$	\$ 543,541

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****TRUMP ENTERTAINMENT RESORTS HOLDINGS, L.P.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(In thousands)

	Reorganized Company Year Ended December 31, 2006	May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005	Predecessor Company January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005	Year Ended December 31, 2004
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>				
Net (loss) income	\$ (22,530)	\$ (28,159)	\$ 278,384	\$ (191,290)
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Deferred income taxes	630	3,700		
Minority interest in net loss	(150)			
Depreciation and amortization	68,091	40,071	38,486	102,705
Amortization of deferred financing costs	2,631	1,519	665	5,740
Provisions for losses on receivables	5,168	2,330	1,445	5,473
Stock-based compensation expense	5,197	2,753		
Valuation allowance CRDA allowance	4,478	2,907	1,731	4,592
Compensatory stock warrants		8,000		
Non-cash reorganization income, net			(210,117)	39,533
Extraordinary gain on extinguishment of debt			(196,932)	
Accretion of discounts on mortgage notes				2,354
Issuance of debt in satisfaction of accrued interest				4,089
Loss on sale of assets				717
Other	(683)	(256)	755	10,479
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in receivables	(13,528)	(9,505)	546	(9,043)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	(100)	1,219	(485)	174
(Increase) decrease in other current assets	(871)	1,427	(2,143)	(918)
Decrease (increase) in other assets	6,235	1,543	(816)	(6,560)
(Decrease) increase in due to affiliates, net		(2,767)	(538)	1,075
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities	(26,556)	(16,323)	60,847	795
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable	2,128	(73,012)	68,866	73,872
(Decrease) increase in other long-term liabilities	(1,411)	(6,030)	3,835	390
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities including discontinued operations	28,729	(70,583)	44,529	44,177
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>				
Purchases of property and equipment, net	(128,959)	(58,752)	(39,033)	(24,585)
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash	17,630	(45,005)		
Purchases of CRDA investments	(13,269)	(7,307)	(6,115)	(13,445)
Cash proceeds from sale of Trump Indiana		227,526		
Other				(136)
Net cash flows (used in) provided by investing activities	(124,598)	116,462	(45,148)	(38,166)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>				
Borrowings from term loan		150,000		
Repayments of term loan	(1,500)	(750)		
Repayment of other long-term debt	(28,042)	(21,873)		
Payment of deferred financing costs	(597)	(11,078)	(2,926)	
Partnership distributions	(3,760)			
Contributed capital from reorganization		55,000		
Cash distributions to noteholders and stockholders		(41,120)		

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(Repayments of) borrowings from DIP facility, net		(53,958)	18,172	35,786
Repayment of long-term debt, subject to compromise			(13,439)	(32,203)
Other	312			
Net cash flows (used in) provided by financing activities	(33,587)	76,221	1,807	3,583
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(129,456)	122,100	1,188	9,594
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	228,550	106,450	105,262	95,668
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 99,094	\$ 228,550	\$ 106,450	\$ 105,262

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****(in thousands, except share and per share data)****(1) Organization**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include those of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. ( TER, formerly Trump Hotels & Casino Resorts, Inc.), a Delaware corporation, its majority-owned subsidiary, Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P. ( TER Holdings, formerly Trump Hotels & Casino Resorts Holdings, L.P. THCR ), a Delaware limited partnership, and their respective subsidiaries. Except where otherwise noted, the words we, us, our and similar terms, as well as Company, refer to TER and all of its subsidiaries. Through TER Holdings and its wholly owned subsidiaries we own and operate the Trump Taj Mahal Casino Resort ( Trump Taj Mahal ), Trump Plaza Hotel and Casino ( Trump Plaza ) and Trump Marina Hotel Casino ( Trump Marina ) each in Atlantic City, New Jersey. During September 2005, TER Keystone Development Co., LLC ( TER Keystone ) was formed by TER Holdings to pursue a gaming license in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, see Note 18. Prior to the December 2005 sale of our former subsidiary Trump Indiana, Inc. ( Trump Indiana ), we also owned and operated a riverboat casino in Gary, Indiana. See Note 14 for additional information regarding this discontinued operation.

TER beneficially owns an approximate 76.5% profits interest in TER Holdings, as both a general and limited partner, and Donald J. Trump ( Mr. Trump ) owns directly and indirectly an approximate 23.5% profits interest in TER Holdings, as a limited partner. Mr. Trump 's limited partnership interests are exchangeable at Mr. Trump 's option into 9,377,484 shares of TER 's Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the TER Common Stock ) (subject to certain adjustments), which, if exchanged, would give Mr. Trump an aggregate ownership of approximately 26.3% of the TER Common Stock (including shares currently held directly by Mr. Trump) or approximately 28.8% assuming currently exercisable warrants held by Mr. Trump were exercised. Mr. Trump also holds 900 shares of TER 's Class B Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the Class B Common Stock ). The Class B Common Stock has the voting equivalency of the 9,377,484 shares of TER Common Stock for which his limited partnership interests in TER Holdings may be exchanged, and generally votes on all matters with the TER Common Stock as a single class. The Class B Common Stock is redeemable at par to the extent that Mr. Trump exchanges his limited partnership interests in TER Holdings for TER Common Stock and is not entitled to receive any dividends.

**(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

*Basis of Presentation* The consolidated financial statements include our accounts and those of our controlled subsidiaries and partnerships. We have eliminated all significant intercompany transactions. We view each casino property as an operating segment and all such operating segments have been aggregated into one reporting segment.

*Reorganization and Emergence from Chapter 11* On November 21, 2004, Trump Hotels & Casino Resorts, Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively, the Debtors ) filed voluntary petitions for relief under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of New Jersey (the Bankruptcy Court ), as part of a prearranged plan of reorganization. While in bankruptcy, the Debtors continued to manage their properties and operate their businesses as debtors-in-possession under the jurisdiction of the Bankruptcy Court. The term Predecessor Company refers to the Company and its subsidiaries for periods prior to and including May 19, 2005, and the term Reorganized Company refers to the Company and its subsidiaries for periods on and subsequent to May 20, 2005.

On April 5, 2005, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order confirming the Second Amended and Restated Joint Plan of Reorganization, dated March 30, 2005, of the Debtors, as amended (the Plan ). The Plan became effective on May 20, 2005 (the Effective Date ), at which time all material conditions to the Plan were satisfied and the Debtors emerged from Chapter 11.

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From the filing of the Chapter 11 petition to the Effective Date, our Predecessor Company operated as debtors-in-possession under the jurisdiction of the Bankruptcy Court. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements for periods from the filing of the Chapter 11 petition through the emergence from Chapter 11 were prepared in accordance with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Statement of Position 90-7, Financial Reporting by Entities in Reorganization under the Bankruptcy Code ( SOP 90-7 ). SOP 90-7 required the reporting of pre-petition liabilities subject to compromise separately on the balance sheet at an estimate of the amount ultimately allowable by the Bankruptcy Court. SOP 90-7 also required separate reporting of certain expenses relating to the Debtors' Chapter 11 filings as reorganization items. See Note 10 for a summary of reorganization expenses.

Upon emergence from Chapter 11, we adopted fresh-start reporting in accordance with SOP 90-7. Under fresh-start reporting, a new entity was deemed to have been created for financial reporting purposes and the recorded amounts of assets and liabilities were adjusted to reflect their estimated fair values.

As a result of the adoption of fresh-start reporting, the Reorganized Company's post-emergence financial statements are generally not comparable with the financial statements of the Predecessor Company prior to its emergence from bankruptcy, including the historical financial statements included in this annual report. Due to the adoption of fresh-start reporting, the Predecessor and Reorganized Company financial statements are prepared on different bases. See Note 10 for a condensed balance sheet which shows the impact of fresh-start accounting at May 20, 2005.

Under the terms of the Plan, any of the Reorganized Company's Senior Secured Notes, cash, common stock or Class A Warrants issued to the Plan's disbursing agent and not distributed as of May 20, 2006, reverted to the Reorganized Company. Undistributed amounts included \$1,038 in Senior Secured Notes, \$414 in cash and 36,809 shares of TER Common Stock. Goodwill has been reduced by \$1,442 and our Senior Secured Notes have been reduced by \$1,038 to reflect this matter.

*Use of Estimates* The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

*Cash and Cash Equivalents* We consider cash and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

*Restricted Cash* Restricted cash represents a portion of the proceeds from the sale of Trump Indiana placed in an escrow account pending the payment and resolution of various liabilities relating to the sold entity.

*Revenue Recognition and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts* The majority of our revenue is derived from gaming activities. As our gaming revenues are primarily generated from cash transactions, our revenues do not typically require the use of estimates. Gaming revenues represent the difference between amounts of gaming wins and losses. Revenues from hotel and other services are recognized at the time the related services are performed. We extend credit on a discretionary basis to certain qualified patrons. Our casino properties establish credit limits for approved casino customers following investigations of creditworthiness. We maintain an allowance for doubtful accounts based on a specific review of customer accounts as well as a review of the history of write-offs of returned markers. Management believes that the reserve recorded is reasonable; however, these estimates could change based on the actual collection experience with each returned marker.

*Inventories* Inventories of provisions and supplies are carried at the lower of cost (weighted average) or market value.

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*Property and Equipment* The carrying value of property and equipment acquired prior to May 20, 2005, is based on its allocation of reorganization value and is being depreciated on the straight-line method using rates based on the estimated remaining useful lives. Property and equipment acquired on or after May 20, 2005, is recorded at cost. Property and equipment is depreciated on the straight-line method using rates based on the estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings and building improvements	40 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 - 10 years

Depreciation expense includes amortization of assets under capital lease obligations.

*Capitalized Interest* We capitalize interest for associated borrowing costs of construction projects. Capitalization of interest ceases when the asset is substantially complete and ready for its intended use. Interest capitalized during the year ended December 31, 2006 was \$1,215.

*Impairment of Long-lived Assets* When events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of long-lived assets to be held and used might not be recoverable, the expected future undiscounted cash flows from the assets are estimated and compared with the carrying amount of the assets. If the sum of the estimated undiscounted cash flows was less than the carrying amount of the assets, an impairment loss would be recorded. The impairment loss would be measured on a location by location basis by comparing the fair value of the asset with its carrying amount. Long-lived assets that are held for disposal are reported at the lower of the assets' carrying amount or fair value less costs related to the assets' disposition.

*Intangible Assets* We amortize intangible assets over their estimated useful lives. Our trademarks have indefinite lives and are subject to impairment testing at least annually.

*Goodwill* Goodwill represents our reorganization value in excess of amounts allocable to identifiable assets. Goodwill is subject to impairment testing at least annually. Goodwill was allocated to our operating entities based primarily upon an independent appraisal.

*Deferred Financing Costs* Financing costs, including underwriters' discounts and direct transactional fees associated with the issuance of debt, are capitalized as deferred financing costs and are amortized to interest expense over the terms of the related debt.

*Self-insurance Reserves* Self-insurance reserves represent the estimated amounts of uninsured claims related to employee health medical costs, workers' compensation and personal injury claims that have occurred in the normal course of business. These reserves are established by management based upon specific review of open claims, with consideration of incurred but not reported claims as of the balance sheet date. The costs of the ultimate disposition of these claims may differ from these reserve amounts.

*Promotional Allowances* The retail value of accommodations, food, beverage and other services provided to patrons without charge is included in revenues and deducted as promotional allowances. The estimated costs of providing such promotional allowances are included in gaming costs and expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and consist of the following:

	Reorganized Company		Predecessor Company	
	Year Ended December 31, 2006	May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005	January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005	Year Ended December 31, 2004
Rooms	\$ 26,950	\$ 18,332	\$ 11,479	\$ 29,117
Food and beverage	74,396	45,787	28,343	73,077
Other	9,886	5,335	2,630	8,133
	\$ 111,232	\$ 69,454	\$ 42,452	\$ 110,327

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Cash discounts based upon a negotiated amount with each affected patron are recognized as promotional allowances on the date the related revenue is recorded. Cash-back program awards that are given to patrons based upon earning points for future awards are accrued as the patron earns the points. The amounts are recorded as promotional allowances in the statements of operations.

*Advertising Expense* We expense advertising costs as they are incurred. Advertising expense was \$14,038, \$7,232, \$4,378 and \$11,937 for the year ended December 31, 2006, the period from May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005, the period from January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005 and the year ended December 31, 2004, respectively.

*Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* We account for derivative instruments and hedging activities under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ( SFAS ) No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, and SFAS No. 138, Accounting for Certain Derivatives Instruments and Certain Hedging Activities an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 133. We recognize derivatives on the balance sheet at fair value.

We currently have no outstanding interest rate swaps. From time to time, we enter into interest rate swap agreements to change the proportion of fixed to variable rate debt within parameters established by management. In accordance with these parameters, the agreements are used to manage interest rate risks and cost inherent in our debt portfolio.

*Income Taxes* The provision for income taxes included in the respective statements of operations of TER and TER Holdings differs because of the tax status of these entities. TER Holdings provision for income taxes includes only state income tax provisions and balances because of its status as a partnership for federal tax purposes.

*Minority Interests* TER reports Mr. Trump s direct and indirect 23.5% limited partnership interest in TER Holdings and other parties interests in its less than 100%-owned, consolidated subsidiaries as minority interests. Minority interests are adjusted by the proportionate share of the less than 100%-owned subsidiaries earnings (losses) and partner distributions to the minority interest holders.

*Stock-based Compensation* Effective May 20, 2005, we adopted SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), Share-Based Payment ( SFAS 123R ). SFAS 123R requires the fair value of equity awards for new awards and previously granted awards that are not yet fully vested on the adoption date to be recognized in the financial statements. Compensation expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.

Our Predecessor Company followed the provisions of Accounting Principles Board ( APB ) Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees ( APB 25 ) and related interpretations in accounting for its stock-based compensation awards. Under APB 25, no compensation expense was reflected in net income as all stock options granted had an exercise price equal to the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant.

*Reclassifications* Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior years financial statements to conform to the current year presentation.

*Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements* In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements, ( SFAS 157 ). SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The provisions of this standard apply to other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements. The provisions of SFAS 157 are effective for our fiscal year beginning January 1, 2008. We are currently evaluating the impact, if any, of the provisions of SFAS 157.

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In September 2006, the SEC issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108 *Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements* (SAB 108). SAB 108 provides interpretive guidance on how the effects of the carryover or reversal of prior year misstatements should be considered when quantifying a current year misstatement. The provisions of SAB 108 were effective for our fiscal year ended December 31, 2006 and did not have an effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48 (FIN 48), *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*, which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in the financial statements in accordance with FASB Statement No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. FIN 48 provides guidance on the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FIN 48 also provides guidance on classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosures, and transition. FIN 48 is effective for our fiscal year beginning January 1, 2007. We do not expect that the adoption of FIN 48 will have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

**(3) Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment consists of the following:

	December 31,	
	2006	2005
Land and land improvements	\$ 467,069	\$ 463,239
Building and building improvements	972,314	927,959
Furniture fixtures and equipment	155,532	101,105
Construction in progress	43,073	7,254
	1,637,988	1,499,557
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(102,136)	(36,415)
Net property and equipment	\$ 1,535,852	\$ 1,463,142

**(4) Intangible Assets and Goodwill**

Intangible assets consist of the following:

	As of December 31, 2006			As of December 31, 2005		
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount
<b>Indefinite-lived intangible assets:</b>						
Trademarks	\$ 197,000		\$ 197,000	\$ 197,000		\$ 197,000
<b>Other intangible assets:</b>						
Leasehold interests (weighted average useful life 1.6 years)	\$ 517	\$ (479)	\$ 38	\$ 517	\$ (292)	\$ 225
Customer relationships (weighted average useful life 7 years)	10,000	(2,308)	7,692	10,000	(880)	9,120
Total other intangible assets	\$ 10,517	\$ (2,787)	\$ 7,730	\$ 10,517	\$ (1,172)	\$ 9,345

These intangible assets were recorded at May 20, 2005, as a part of our fresh-start reporting, see Note 10. We recorded amortization expense of \$1,615 for the year ended December 31, 2006 and \$1,172 for the period from May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005.



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Future amortization expense of our amortizable intangible assets for each of the years ended December 31, is as follows:

2007	\$ 1,436
2008	1,436
2009	1,436
2010	1,436
2011	1,436
Thereafter	550

A rollforward of goodwill for the period from May 20, 2005 to December 31, 2006 is as follows:

	<b>TER</b>	<b>TER Holdings</b>
Balance, May 20, 2005	\$ 372,932	\$ 274,176
Adjustment to pre-acquisition contingencies	(20,000)	(20,000)
Adjustment to reflect sale of Trump Indiana	(104,029)	(104,029)
Charge in lieu of income taxes	(8,687)	(8,687)
Other	(2,171)	(2,171)
Balance, December 31, 2005	238,045	139,289
Undistributed amounts in connection with Predecessor Company's reorganization plan	(1,442)	(1,442)
Reduction in Trump Indiana income tax accrual	(8,193)	(8,193)
Charge in lieu of income taxes	(1,930)	(630)
Balance, December 31, 2006	\$ 226,480	\$ 129,024

The difference in goodwill between TER Holdings and TER is primarily related to the recognition of an additional federal deferred tax liability due to TER's status as a corporation.

**(5) Long-term Debt**

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	<b>December 31,</b>	
	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
Long-term debt:		
Senior Secured Credit Facility:		
Senior Secured Line of Credit, expires May 20, 2010, interest payable at least quarterly at either LIBOR or prime plus a margin	\$	\$
Term Loan, matures May 20, 2012, interest and principal payments due quarterly at either LIBOR and/or prime plus a margin (7.87% at December 31, 2006)	147,750	149,250
	147,750	149,250
Senior Secured Notes, due June 1, 2015, interest payable semi-annually at 8.5%, interest payments due June 1 and December 1	1,248,962	1,250,000
Other:		
Capitalized lease obligations, payments due at various dates from 2007 through 2009, secured by slot and other equipment, interest at 4.3% to 20.0%	10,721	38,709

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Total long-term debt	1,407,433	1,437,959
Less: current maturities	(11,263)	(30,007)
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	\$ 1,396,170	\$ 1,407,952

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*Senior Secured Credit Facility* On May 20, 2005, TER and TER Holdings entered into an agreement for a \$500,000 senior secured credit facility, as amended, (the *Credit Facility* ) with a group of lenders. Pursuant to the *Credit Facility*, the lenders have agreed to provide TER Holdings (i) a revolving credit facility in the amount of \$200,000, (ii) a single-draw term loan facility in the amount of \$150,000, which was drawn on the Effective Date, and (iii) a delayed draw term loan facility in the amount of \$150,000, which may be drawn in multiple borrowings through May 20, 2007. The *Credit Facility* also includes a sub-facility for letters of credit in an amount of up to \$70,000. At December 31, 2006, we have outstanding letters of credit of \$2,483 under the *Credit Facility*.

Some of the proceeds from the term loans were utilized to pay off amounts outstanding under the debtor-in-possession financing, which occurred on the Effective Date and the remaining proceeds may be used to (i) fund the construction of a new tower at the Trump Taj Mahal, (ii) pay fees and expenses in connection with our restructuring, and (iii) provide for ongoing working capital and general corporate needs; provided that \$150,000 of the term loan is restricted to fund construction of the new tower at the Trump Taj Mahal. The revolving portion of the *Credit Facility* may be used to fund ongoing working capital requirements of TER Holdings and its subsidiaries and other general corporate purposes. The revolving credit facility matures on May 20, 2010. The term loan matures on May 20, 2012, and must be repaid during the final year of such loans in equal quarterly amounts, subject to amortization of approximately 1.0% per year prior to the final year.

Borrowings under the *Credit Facility* are secured by a first priority security interest on substantially all the assets of TER Holdings and its subsidiaries. TER Holdings' obligations under the *Credit Facility* are guaranteed by TER and each of its direct and indirect subsidiaries except TER Keystone. We and our subsidiaries are subject to a number of affirmative and negative covenants and must comply with certain financial covenants including maintenance of a leverage ratio of 8.75 to 1, a first lien coverage ratio of 2.25 to 1 and an interest coverage ratio of 1.35 to 1. The *Credit Facility* restricts our ability to make certain distributions or pay dividends. At December 31, 2006, we were in compliance with the covenants.

*Senior Secured Notes* On the Effective Date, TER Holdings and its wholly owned finance subsidiary, Trump Entertainment Resorts Funding, Inc. ( *TER Funding* ), issued \$1,250,000 of Senior Secured Notes ( *Senior Notes* ). These Senior Notes were used to pay distributions under the Plan. The Senior Notes due June 1, 2015, bear interest at 8.5% per annum. \$1,038 of the Senior Secured Notes were returned to us under the terms of the Predecessor Company's Bankruptcy Plan and retired during 2006.

\$730,000 of the aggregate principal amount of the Senior Notes is nonrecourse to the issuers and to the partners of TER Holdings (the *Qualified Portion* ). \$520,000 of the aggregate principal amount of the Senior Notes is recourse to the issuers and to TER, in its capacity as general partner of TER Holdings (the *Non-Qualified Portion* ).

The *Non-Qualified Portion* and *Qualified Portion* are recalculated on a periodic basis no less frequently than annually based on certain tax considerations, provided that in no event will the *Qualified Portion* exceed \$730,000 in aggregate principal amount of Senior Notes.

TER Holdings and TER Funding are co-issuers of the Senior Notes. All other subsidiaries of TER Holdings, except TER Keystone (the *Guarantors* ), are guarantors of the Senior Notes on a joint and several basis.

The Senior Notes are senior obligations of the issuers and are guaranteed on a senior basis by the Guarantors and rank senior in right of payment to the issuers' and Guarantors' future subordinated indebtedness. The Senior Notes are secured by substantially all of our real property and incidental personal property, subject to liens securing amounts borrowed under the *Credit Facility* and certain permitted prior liens. Because amounts borrowed under the *Credit Facility* are secured by substantially all the assets of the issuers and the Guarantors on a priority basis, the Senior Notes are effectively subordinated to amounts borrowed under the *Credit Facility*.

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The issuers and Guarantors of the Senior Notes are subject to certain covenants under the indenture governing the Senior Notes. Under these covenants, TER Holdings and its guarantor subsidiaries are subject to limitations on the incurrence of additional indebtedness and payment of dividends. In addition, the ability of Trump Taj Mahal, Trump Plaza or Trump Marina to make payments to TER may be restricted by the New Jersey Casino Control Commission (the CCC).

*Mortgage Notes (Predecessor Company)* Prior to the filing of the Chapter 11 petition, we and certain of our subsidiaries had issued first and second mortgage notes (Mortgage Notes). On May 20, 2005, these Mortgage Notes were cancelled as a result of the reorganization described in Note 2. Upon consummation of the Plan, the Mortgage Notes were exchanged for cash, Senior Notes and TER Common Stock (subject to an election mechanism whereby holders of such notes could maximize the Senior Notes or TER Common Stock received by such holders). Holders of first Mortgage Notes were also entitled to receive the proceeds of the exercise of Class A Warrants issued on the Effective Date, or, to the extent Class A Warrants are not exercised, the shares of TER Common Stock reserved for issuance upon exercise of such warrants, as well as other consideration pursuant to the Plan. The difference between the carrying value of the Mortgage Notes and the value received in exchange has been recorded as an extraordinary gain in the Predecessor Company's statement of operations for the period January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005.

Long-term debt and capital lease obligations mature as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Long-term debt	Capital lease obligations	Total
2007	\$ 1,500	\$ 10,227	\$ 11,727
2008	1,500	958	2,458
2009	1,500	21	1,521
2010	1,500		1,500
2011	1,500		1,500
Thereafter	1,389,212		1,389,212
Total	1,396,712	11,206	1,407,918
Less: amount representing interest		(485)	(485)
Total	\$ 1,396,712	\$ 10,721	\$ 1,407,433

**(6) Income Taxes**

Our income tax provision (benefit) attributable to continuing operations and discontinued operations is as follows:

	Reorganized Company		Predecessor Company	
	Year Ended December 31, 2006	May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005	January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005	Year Ended December 31, 2004
Continuing operations	\$ 6,451	\$ 11,421	\$ 2,074	\$ 5,697
Discontinued operations	(56)	2,839	24,211	21,858
	\$ 6,395	\$ 14,260	\$ 26,285	\$ 27,555

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The income tax provision attributable to income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes is as follows:

	Reorganized Company		Predecessor Company	
	Year Ended December 31, 2006	May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005	January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005	Year Ended December 31, 2004
Current federal	\$	\$	\$	\$
Deferred federal				
<b>Provision for federal income taxes</b>				
Current state	4,521	2,734	2,074	5,697
Deferred state				
Provision for state income taxes	4,521	2,734	2,074	5,697
Non-cash charge in lieu of taxes	1,930	8,687		
	\$ 6,451	\$ 11,421	\$ 2,074	\$ 5,697

Our current federal income tax provision reflects the utilization of net operating loss carryforwards and our deferred income tax provision reflects the impact of changes to the valuation allowances. The non-cash charge in lieu of taxes represents the utilization of pre-reorganization tax benefits that are reflected as a reduction to goodwill. The difference between TER's and TER Holdings' tax provision is due to a federal non-cash charge-in-lieu of taxes of \$1,300 because of TER's status as a corporation for federal income taxes.

A reconciliation of our federal income tax at the federal statutory rate to our income tax provision from continuing operations is as follows:

	Reorganized Company		Predecessor Company	
	Year Ended December 31, 2006	May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005	January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005	Year Ended December 31, 2004
Federal statutory rate	\$ (6,382)	\$ (12,090)	\$ (12,328)	\$ (69,325)
State taxes, net of federal benefit	2,939	1,777	1,348	3,703
Permanent differences, net	1,170	14,051	12,583	8,344
Non-cash charge-in-lieu of income taxes	1,930	8,687		
Valuation allowance	6,794	(1,123)	414	62,975
Other, net		119	57	
	\$ 6,451	\$ 11,421	\$ 2,074	\$ 5,697

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The tax effects of significant temporary differences representing deferred tax assets and liabilities, subject to valuation allowances are as follows:

	TER December 31,		TER Holdings December 31,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Deferred tax assets:				
Accruals and prepayments	\$ 58,745	\$ 68,680	\$ 15,620	\$ 18,081
NOL carryforwards	75,817	74,798	35,225	41,328
	134,562	143,478	50,845	59,409
Less: Valuation allowance	(90,815)	(132,858)	(41,455)	(56,544)
	43,747	10,620	9,390	2,865
Deferred tax liabilities:				
Basis differences on property and equipment, net	(117,501)	(83,836)	(29,283)	(22,614)
Trademarks and other	(68,309)	(68,847)	(18,427)	(18,571)
	(185,810)	(152,683)	(47,710)	(41,185)
Net deferred income tax liability	\$ (142,063)	\$ (142,063)	\$ (38,320)	\$ (38,320)

*Net Operating Loss Carryforwards*

Utilization of Predecessor Company federal net operating loss carryforwards ( NOLs ) available to the Reorganized Company is limited pursuant to Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code. As of December 31, 2006, we have federal NOLs of approximately \$143,100 available to offset future taxable income of which approximately \$60,300 are limited to approximately \$6,300 annually for five years and approximately \$2,000 annually thereafter. The federal NOLs expire from 2011 through 2026.

Under the New Jersey Casino Control Act, Trump Taj Mahal, Trump Plaza and Trump Marina are required to file New Jersey corporation business tax returns. As of December 31, 2006, Trump Taj Mahal, Trump Plaza and, Trump Marina had NOLs of approximately \$39,500, \$250,900 and \$100,900, respectively, for New Jersey state income tax purposes. The New Jersey state NOLs expire from 2007 through 2013.

Predecessor Company net operating losses utilized to offset taxable income of the Reorganized Company will be recorded in our provision for income taxes as a non-cash charge in lieu of taxes and as a reduction to goodwill, if available, and additional paid-in-capital to the extent goodwill would be reduced to zero.

*Federal and State Income Tax Audits*

Certain of our subsidiaries are currently involved in examinations with the Internal Revenue Service ( IRS ) concerning their federal partnership income tax returns for the tax years 2002 through 2004. While any adjustments resulting from this examination could affect their specific state income tax returns, we do not believe that adjustments, if any, will have a material adverse effect on their financial condition or results of operations.

At December 31, 2006, we have accrued \$4,700 to reflect Trump Indiana's expected federal and state income tax amounts due (including interest) related to Trump Indiana's IRS audit for the years 1996 through 2004 and the impact on the period from January 1, 2005 through December 21, 2005, the date of the sale of Trump Indiana to Majestic Star Casino, LLC ( Majestic Star ). In accordance with the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement with Majestic Star (the Stock Purchase Agreement ), TER Holdings has retained the liability for expected federal and state income taxes (including interest) related to Trump Indiana, Inc. for the tax



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years 1995 through December 21, 2005. In June 2006, we reached a settlement with the IRS for the years 1995 through 1997. Based upon this settlement and additional discussions with the IRS, management reduced the estimated accrual by \$8,193 for the years 1995 through 2005 and has reduced goodwill accordingly.

State income taxes for our New Jersey operations are computed under the alternative minimum assessment method. We believe our New Jersey partnerships are exempt from these taxes and, as such, have not remitted payments of the amounts provided. The New Jersey Division of Taxation has issued an assessment to collect the unpaid taxes for the tax years 2002 and 2003. At December 31, 2006, we have accrued \$23,800 for taxes and interest relating to this alternative minimum tax assessment for 2002 and 2003, as well as the open years 2004 through 2006. We are currently in discussions with the New Jersey Division of Taxation regarding settlement of these assessments.

*Tax Distributions*

TER Holdings partnership agreement requires distributions to its partners, TER and Mr. Trump, sufficient in amount to cover all federal, state and local income taxes incident to their ownership of TER Holdings, including special allocations of income, gains, losses, deductions and credits. TER Holdings has recorded distributions of \$979 for the year ended December 31, 2006 and \$3,041 for the period May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005. In addition, the partnership agreement contains an indemnification clause which may result in additional payments to Mr. Trump upon the disposition of the Trump Taj Mahal Casino Resort property, Trump Plaza Hotel and Casino property or Trump Marina Hotel Casino property. The amount of these indemnification payments would be sufficient in amount to cover the impact of the disposition on Mr. Trump's federal, state and local income tax positions up to \$100,000 and would only be due if Mr. Trump does not consent to the transaction.

**(7) Earnings Per Share**

The computations of basic and diluted (loss) earnings per share are as follows:

	(in thousands, except share and per share data)			
	Reorganized Company		Predecessor Company	
	Year Ended December 31, 2006	May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005	January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005	Year Ended December 31, 2004
<b>Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share:</b>				
Loss from continuing operations	\$ (19,069)	\$ (36,334)	\$ (37,296)	\$ (203,769)
Income from discontinued operations	562	9,806	118,748	12,479
Extraordinary gain on extinguishment of debt			196,932	
Net (loss) income	\$ (18,507)	\$ (26,528)	\$ 278,384	\$ (191,290)
<b>Denominator:</b>				
Denominator for basic and diluted earnings per share				
Weighted average shares outstanding including Class A Warrants	30,920,616	30,533,041	29,904,764	29,904,764
<b>Basic and diluted net (loss) income per share:</b>				
Continuing operations	\$ (0.62)	\$ (1.19)	\$ (1.25)	\$ (6.82)
Discontinued operations	0.02	0.32	3.97	0.42
Extraordinary gain on extinguishment of debt			6.59	
Net (loss) income	\$ (0.60)	\$ (0.87)	\$ 9.31	\$ (6.40)



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Potentially dilutive common shares excluded from the computation of diluted (loss) earnings per share due to anti-dilution are as follows:

	Reorganized Company		Predecessor Company	
	December 31, 2006	May 20, 2005 Through December 31, 2005	January 1, 2005 Through May 19, 2005	December 31, 2004
Potentially dilutive common shares:				
Class B Common Stock	9,377,484	9,377,484	13,918,723	13,918,723
Ten year warrants	1,446,706	1,446,706		
Restricted stock		265,000		
Employee stock options	300,000	300,000	2,474,500	2,474,500
Total	11,124,190	11,389,190	16,393,223	16,393,223

The minority interest recorded in our statement of operations would be added to our net income to calculate diluted earnings per share should the Class B Common Stock become dilutive.

The shares attributable to our Class A Warrants are considered outstanding for both basic and diluted earnings per share, for all periods from May 20, 2005 through May 20, 2006 (date shares were issued) as there were no events precluding their eventual issuance.

**(8) Stock-based Compensation Plans***Reorganized Company*

Our shareholders have approved the 2005 Incentive Award Plan (the 2005 Stock Plan ) allowing for incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, restricted stock, stock appreciation rights, performance shares and other stock-based awards to our officers, employees, consultants and independent directors. A total of 4,000,000 shares of Common Stock has been reserved for the issuance of awards available for grant under the 2005 Stock Plan.

In accordance with the provisions of SFAS 123R, general and administrative expenses include compensation expense for our stock option and restricted stock awards of \$5,197 and \$2,753 for the year ended December 31, 2006 and the period from May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005, respectively.

A summary of activity under the 2005 Stock Plan for restricted stock for the period from May 20, 2005 to December 31, 2006, is as follows:

	Shares	Weighted Average
		Grant Date Fair
		Value Per Share
		\$
Outstanding May 20, 2005		
Granted	350,000	18.05
Vested	(35,000)	17.75
Outstanding December 31, 2005	315,000	18.07
Granted	158,400	20.37
Vested	(175,833)	18.83
Forfeited	(1,238)	20.13
Outstanding December 31, 2006	296,329	18.86

*Restricted Stock* At December 31, 2006, the remaining unrecognized compensation expense for nonvested restricted stock to be recognized over the remaining contractual life was \$2,389. The weighted-average remaining contractual life of outstanding restricted stock grants at December 31, 2006 was 1.0 year.

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Subsequent to December 31, 2006, 77,376 shares of additional restricted stock were awarded to employees with unrecognized compensation expense of \$1,370 to be recognized over the contractual life. The weighted-average contractual life of these grants was 2 years.

*Stock Options* The following table summarizes stock option information at December 31, 2006:

Range of Exercise Prices	Outstanding	Weighted-average	Outstanding	Exercisable	Exercisable
	as of December 31, 2006	Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted-average Exercise Price	as of December 31, 2006	Weighted-average Exercise Price
\$17.75	300,000	8.7 years	\$ 17.75		\$

These stock options, which were granted during the period from May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005, vest in 100,000 share increments on July 1, 2007, 2008 and 2009. At December 31, 2006, the remaining unrecognized compensation expense for nonvested stock options to be recognized over the remaining contractual life was \$1,638.

The following table sets forth information about the fair value of the option grant on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and the weighted-average assumptions used for the grant during the period from May 20, 2005 to December 31, 2005:

Weighted-average fair value of options granted	\$ 8.19
Dividend yields	0.0%
Expected volatility	40.5%
Risk-free interest rates	4.5%
Expected lives	2.4 to 4.6 years

*Predecessor Company*

Our Predecessor Company had adopted the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan (the 1995 Stock Plan ) allowing for incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, phantom stock and performance share awards to our officers, employees, consultants and independent directors. A total of 4,000,000 shares of Common Stock had been reserved for the issuance of awards available for grant under the 1995 Stock Plan. Effective with our reorganization, all remaining outstanding grants under the 1995 Stock Plan were cancelled.

A summary of activity under the 1995 Stock Plan for our Predecessor Company follows:

	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share
Outstanding December 31, 2004	2,474,500	\$ 3.15
Forfeited and cancelled	(2,474,500)	3.15
Outstanding May 20, 2005		\$

Pro forma results of operations if our Predecessor Company had accounted for its stock plans under the fair value method of SFAS 123R would not be materially different from the reported results of operations.

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Supplemental cash flow information for TER and TER Holdings follows:

	Reorganized Company		Predecessor Company	
	Year Ended December 31, 2006	May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005	January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005	Year Ended December 31, 2004
Cash paid for interest	\$ 126,603	\$ 153,264	\$ 16,129	\$ 142,485
Cash paid for income taxes	5,172	19,486	6,014	1,050
Equipment purchased under capital leases	277	10,468	122	40,221
Debt of Reorganized Company issued in exchange for debt and accrued interest of Predecessor Company	(1,038)	1,250,000		
Stock and minority interest of Reorganized Company issued in exchange for debt and accrued interest of Predecessor Company		527,300		
Increase in accounts payable for accrued purchases of property and equipment	9,350			

**(10) Fresh-Start Reporting, Capitalization of the Reorganized Company and Reorganization Expenses**

*Fresh-Start Accounting* We adopted fresh-start reporting upon our emergence from Chapter 11 on the Effective Date in accordance with SOP 90-7. We were required to apply the fresh-start provisions of SOP 90-7 to our financial statements because (i) the reorganization value of the assets of the emerging entity immediately before the date of confirmation was less than the total of all post-petition liabilities and allowed claims and (ii) the holders of shares of the common stock of the Predecessor Company (the Old Common Stock) received less than 50 percent of the voting shares of the Reorganized Company. Under SOP 90-7, application of fresh-start reporting is required on the date on which the plan of reorganization is confirmed by a bankruptcy court and all material conditions to the Plan are satisfied. All material conditions to the Plan were satisfied as of Effective Date.

Fresh-start reporting required us to adjust the historical cost bases of our assets and liabilities to their fair value as determined by the reorganization value of the Company as set forth in the Plan. To facilitate the calculation of the reorganized company's enterprise value, we developed financial projections. Based on these projections and with the assistance of an independent appraiser, the Reorganized Company enterprise value was determined using various valuation methods, including (i) a comparison of the Reorganized Company and its projected performance to the market values of comparable companies, (ii) a review and analysis of several recent transactions of companies within our industry and (iii) a calculation of the present value of the future cash flows under these projections. Based upon the valuations determined by the independent appraiser, which ranged from \$1,800,000 to \$2,000,000, we estimated the enterprise value to be \$2,000,000. After deducting the total debt of the Reorganized Company, less excess cash, the equity value of the reorganized company, including minority interest, was \$582,300.

The reorganization value, as stated in the disclosure statement relating to the Plan, was allocated among the reorganized entity's net assets in conformity with procedures specified by SFAS No. 141, Business Combinations (SFAS 141). We engaged an independent appraiser to assist us in the allocation of reorganization value to our assets and liabilities and we used the independent appraiser's analysis and other information to make the allocations as of the Effective Date. Our intangible assets include trademarks (including a perpetual, exclusive royalty-free license of the Trump name and certain derivatives thereof, subject to certain terms and conditions), customer relationships, leasehold interests and goodwill.

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The adoption of fresh-start reporting resulted in the following adjustments to our consolidated balance sheet (including Trump Indiana, Inc.) as of May 20, 2005:

	Predecessor Company May 20, 2005	Restructuring of Debt and Equity	Fresh-start Adjustments	Reorganized Company May 20, 2005
<b>Current assets:</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 106,454	\$	\$	\$ 106,454
Accounts receivable, net	39,611	49		39,660
Other current assets	26,540		4,489	31,029
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>172,605</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>4,489</b>	<b>177,143</b>
<b>Net property and equipment</b>	<b>1,701,156</b>		<b>(223,037)</b>	<b>1,478,119</b>
<b>Other long-term assets:</b>				
Intangible assets			257,517	257,517
Goodwill			372,932	372,932
Other assets, net	129,091	(17,921)	18,108	129,278
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 2,002,852</b>	<b>\$ (17,872)</b>	<b>\$ 430,009</b>	<b>\$ 2,414,989</b>
<b>Current liabilities:</b>				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 213,938	\$ (25,431)	\$	\$ 188,507
Accrued interest payable	172,778	(172,778)		
Due to affiliates, net	2,767			2,767
Current maturities of long-term debt	83,455	(52,458)		30,997
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>472,938</b>	<b>(250,667)</b>		<b>222,271</b>
<b>Deferred income taxes</b>			166,552	166,552
<b>Long-term debt, net of current maturities</b>	<b>1,816,835</b>	<b>(397,423)</b>		<b>1,419,412</b>
<b>Other long-term liabilities</b>	<b>27,457</b>		<b>(3,003)</b>	<b>24,454</b>
<b>Minority Interest</b>		136,841		136,841
<b>Stockholders' Equity:</b>				
Predecessor Company common stock and warrants	(314,378)	314,378		
Reorganized Company common stock, warrants and additional paid-in capital		178,999	266,460	445,459
<b>Total stockholders' (deficit) equity</b>	<b>(314,378)</b>	<b>493,377</b>	<b>266,460</b>	<b>445,459</b>
<b>Total liabilities, minority interest and stockholders' (deficit) equity</b>	<b>\$ 2,002,852</b>	<b>\$ (17,872)</b>	<b>\$ 430,009</b>	<b>\$ 2,414,989</b>

TER Holdings' reorganized balance sheet as of May 20, 2005 differs from TER's reorganized balance sheet as of May 2005, due to the recognition of TER's additional deferred income tax liability and related goodwill of \$103,743. Additionally, TER's minority interest is included in TER Holdings' partners' capital.

The net reorganization gain for the period from January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005, includes \$210,117 related to fresh-start adjustments to assets and liabilities pursuant to SOP 90-7. Net reorganization gain of \$75,367 relating to our continuing operations is included as reorganization expense (income) and related costs and net reorganization gain of \$134,750 is included in income from our Trump Indiana discontinued operations. The extraordinary gain from reorganization of debt of \$196,932 relates to the settlement of long-term debt and accrued interest at an amount less than the historical recorded value. This gain resulted from the bankruptcy recapitalization and, as such, was unusual and infrequent in nature, it has been reflected as an extraordinary gain pursuant to APB Opinion No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations—Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions," and SFAS No. 145, "Rescission of FASB Statements No. 4, 44, and 64, Amendment of FASB Statement No. 13, and Technical Corrections."

*Capitalization of the Reorganized Company* On May 20, 2005, the Reorganized Company was capitalized with non-cash transactions in accordance with the Plan as follows:

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*Common Stock* We issued 27,089,849 shares of Common Stock in accordance with the Plan. We effected a reverse stock split and the Predecessor Company Common Stock Holders received one share of

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Common Stock of the Reorganized Company for each 1,000 shares of the Predecessor Company Common Stock.

*Class B Common Stock* We issued 900 shares of Class B Common Stock in accordance with the Plan approved by the Bankruptcy Court to Mr. Trump, which have the voting equivalency of 9,377,484 shares of TER Common Stock.

*Class A Warrants* We issued one-year Class A Warrants to purchase up to 2,207,260 shares of TER Common Stock, at an exercise price of \$14.60 per share on a pro rata basis to holders of Old Common Stock and issued one-year Class A Warrants to purchase up to 1,217,933 shares of TER Common Stock to Mr. Trump at an exercise price of \$14.60, in each case subject to certain anti-dilution provisions. On May 20, 2006, holders of First Mortgage Notes of the Predecessor Company received, on a pro rata basis, the cash proceeds from the exercise of Class A Warrants issued to holders of Old Common Stock and to Mr. Trump, plus any interest accrued thereon. In addition, the holders of the First Mortgage Notes received 220,379 shares of TER Common Stock relating to Class A Warrants not exercised.

*Ten Year Warrants* Mr. Trump also received ten-year warrants to purchase 1,446,706 shares of TER Common Stock, at an exercise price of \$21.90 per share, subject to certain anti-dilution provisions. These ten-year warrants were granted in connection with a services agreement entered into on the Effective Date. This services agreement is for a three-year rolling term, subject to certain terms and conditions. The ten-year warrants were fully vested on the date of grant and Mr. Trump does not need to perform any services under the terms of the service agreement in order to retain the rights to such warrants. As such, we have recorded the \$8,000 fair value of the ten-year warrants as a non-cash charge to compensation expense on the Effective Date in the Reorganized Company's statement of operations. The fair value of these warrants was determined using the Black-Scholes valuation method.

*Limited Partnership Interests in TER Holdings* As a result of the transactions that took place on the Effective Date, Mr. Trump owns, directly and indirectly, an approximately 23.5% profits interest in TER Holdings, as a limited partner. Such limited partnership interests are exchangeable at Mr. Trump's option into 9,377,484 shares of TER Common Stock, subject to certain adjustments.

*Reorganization Expenses and Related Costs* Reorganization expenses (income) and related costs are as follows:

	Reorganized Company		Predecessor Company	
	Year Ended	May 20, 2005	January 1, 2005	Year Ended
	December 31,	through	through	December 31,
	2006	December 31, 2005	May 19, 2005	2004
<b>Continuing operations:</b>				
Write-off of deferred financing costs	\$	\$	\$	\$ 18,731
Accretion of unamortized debt discount				18,866
Professional fees and other expenses		9,058	49,400	21,684
Revaluation of assets and liabilities pursuant to SOP 90-7			(75,367)	
	\$	\$ 9,058	\$ (25,967)	\$ 59,281
<b>Discontinued operations</b>				
Write-off of deferred financing costs	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,936
Professional fees and other expenses				197
Revaluation of assets and liabilities pursuant to SOP 90-7			(134,750)	
	\$	\$	\$ (134,750)	\$ 2,133

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**(11) Employee Benefit Plans**

We have a 401(k) Plan for our non-union employees. Eligible employees may contribute up to 30% of their earnings, subject to certain limitations, to the 401(k) Plan. We match a portion of participants' contributions on an annual basis as determined by management. Matching contributions under the 401(k) Plan were \$3,786, \$2,379, \$1,497 and \$4,023 during the year ended December 31, 2006, the period May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005, the period January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005 and the year ended December 31, 2004, respectively.

We also make payments to various multi-employer pension plans under industry-wide union agreements. Under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act, we may be liable for our share of unfunded liabilities, if any, if the plans are terminated. Pension expense for the year ended December 31, 2006, the period May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005, the period January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005 and the year ended December 31, 2004 was \$7,120, \$4,277, \$2,445 and \$6,157, respectively.

**(12) Transactions with Affiliates**

*Services and Executive Agreements* We have entered into a services agreement with Mr. Trump whereby Mr. Trump serves as Chairman of the Board of Directors as well as provides other services as defined therein. The initial term of the services agreement is three years, with automatic renewal options. Our Predecessor Company had an executive agreement with Mr. Trump whereby he agreed to act as President and Chief Executive Officer as well as Chairman of the Board of Directors. This executive agreement was terminated with the execution of the services agreement. Expenses incurred under these agreements were \$1,878, \$1,565, \$692 and \$1,935 during the year ended December 31, 2006, the period from May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005, the period from January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005 and the year ended December 31, 2004, respectively.

*Trademark License Agreement and Trademark Security Agreement* Under a trademark license agreement dated as of the Effective Date, we have a perpetual, exclusive and royalty-free license to use Mr. Trump's name and likeness in connection with our casino and gaming activities, subject to certain terms and conditions. Mr. Trump's obligations under the trademark license agreement are secured by an amended and restated trademark security agreement, pursuant to which Mr. Trump has granted us a first priority security interest in the licensed marks in connection with casino services and gaming activities, subject to certain terms and conditions.

If the services agreement is terminated by us other than for cause, as defined, or if it is terminated by Mr. Trump for good reason, as defined (in each case other than as a result of Mr. Trump's death or permanent disability) and we do not offer terms to Mr. Trump pursuant to a new services agreement at least as favorable to Mr. Trump as his existing services agreement, then we will have the option to convert the trademark license into a royalty-bearing license with a ten-year term.

*Use of Trump Facilities* In the normal course of business, we engage in various transactions with other entities owned by Mr. Trump including leasing certain office space and periodic use of Mr. Trump's airplane. During the year ended December 31, 2006, the period from May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005, the period from January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005, and the year ended December 31, 2004, we incurred approximately \$485, \$254, \$83, and \$798, respectively, relating to such transactions.

*Right of First Offer Agreement* During September 2006, we amended the Right of First Offer Agreement ( "ROFO Agreement" ) with Trump Organization LLC, an entity controlled by Mr. Trump. The amended ROFO



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Agreement pertains to construction projects greater than \$35,000. Under the terms of the amended ROFO Agreement we paid \$1,051, including minimum monthly fees of \$350 and cost saving commissions of \$701, paid to Trump Organization LLC during the year ended December 31, 2006.

**(13) Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

The carrying amounts of financial instruments included in current assets and current liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature. The carrying amounts of Casino Reinvestment Development Authority bonds and deposits approximate their fair values as a result of allowances established to give effect to below-market interest rates.

The estimated fair values of other financial instruments at December 31, 2006 are as follows:

	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Term Loan	\$ 147,750	\$ 148,489
Senior Secured Notes	1,248,962	1,242,717
Other long-term debt	10,721	10,721

The fair values of the Term Loan and Senior Secured Notes are based on quoted market prices. The carrying amounts of the remainder of our long-term debt and capital lease obligations approximate fair value.

**(14) Discontinued Operations**

*Trump Indiana* On December 21, 2005, TER Holdings completed the sale of Trump Indiana under the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement. After accounting for certain taxes, fees and other closing costs and expenses, we received \$239,409 in net proceeds. Under the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement, \$45,005 of the proceeds was placed in escrow and classified as restricted cash pending resolution of certain adjustments. During 2006, we received distributions of \$17,630 from the escrow account following our settlement of IRS tax audits for the years 1995 through 1997. Any remaining balance of the restricted cash totaling \$27,375 as of December 31, 2006 will become unrestricted following the payment of taxes settling IRS tax audits for the years 1998 to 2004.

The operating results of Trump Indiana for all periods presented are shown as discontinued operations. Net revenues for Trump Indiana were \$81,558, \$52,160 and \$137,668 for the period from May 20, 2005 through December 21, 2005, the period from January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005 and for the year ended December 31, 2004, respectively. Included in income from discontinued operations is an allocation of interest expense based on Trump Indiana's nonrelated party debt assumed by the purchaser of Trump Indiana of \$123, \$17 and \$479 for the period from May 20, 2005 through December 21, 2005, the period from January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005 and the year ended December 31, 2004, respectively. Depreciation and amortization on assets of Trump Indiana ceased during the third quarter of 2005 in connection with our classification of Trump Indiana as a discontinued operation. Discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2006 include \$562 of income from Trump Indiana, net of income taxes and minority interest due to the favorable settlement of Trump Indiana liabilities retained by us on the date of sale.

*Twenty-Nine Palms Development* On December 22, 2004, our subsidiaries entered into the Memorandum of Understanding terminating the Trump 29 Management Agreement with a Native American casino for a \$6,000 fee, and other conditions. On January 21, 2005, the Bankruptcy Court approved the Memorandum of Understanding and we subsequently received the \$6,000 fee.

**(15) Other Non-operating Income, net**

Other non-operating income, net consists of miscellaneous income (loss) from events or transactions not resulting from our operations. Included in our non-operating income, net for the year ended December 31, 2004, was a \$2,100 gain from an insurance settlement and a \$717 loss on the sale of land.



**Table of Contents****(16) Subsidiary Guarantors**

TER Holdings and its wholly owned finance subsidiary, TER Funding, are co-issuers of our Senior Notes. TER Funding has no assets, operations, revenues or cash flows other than those related to the issuance, administration and repayment of our Senior Notes. As the assets, interest expense and cash flows relating to our Senior Notes are included in the column captioned TER Holdings in the following condensed consolidating financial statements, we have not shown TER Funding as a separate column in our subsidiary guarantor consolidating financial statements contained in this footnote. All other subsidiaries of TER Holdings, except TER Keystone (the Guarantors), are guarantors of the Senior Notes on a joint and several basis.

Condensed balance sheets as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

**December 31, 2006**

	TER		Non-		
	Holdings	Guarantors	Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
<b>Current assets:</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,977	\$ 85,117	\$	\$	\$ 99,094
Restricted cash	27,375				27,375
Other current assets	50,003	75,732	775	(47,631)	78,879
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>91,355</b>	<b>160,849</b>	<b>775</b>	<b>(47,631)</b>	<b>205,348</b>
<b>Property and equipment, net</b>	<b>3,694</b>	<b>1,532,158</b>			<b>1,535,852</b>
<b>Other assets:</b>					
Investment in subsidiaries	781,218			(781,218)	
Other, net	1,085,184	436,044		(1,109,980)	411,248
<b>Total other assets</b>	<b>1,866,402</b>	<b>436,044</b>		<b>(1,891,198)</b>	<b>411,248</b>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,961,451</b>	<b>\$ 2,129,051</b>	<b>\$ 775</b>	<b>\$ (1,938,829)</b>	<b>\$ 2,152,448</b>
<b>Current liabilities:</b>					
Accounts payable	\$ 4,538	\$ 25,550	\$ 407	\$	\$ 30,495
Other current liabilities	16,435	146,170		(47,631)	114,974
Current maturities of long-term debt	1,500	9,763			11,263
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>22,473</b>	<b>181,483</b>	<b>407</b>	<b>(47,631)</b>	<b>156,732</b>
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	1,395,212	1,110,938		(1,109,980)	1,396,170
Deferred income taxes		38,992			38,992
Other long-term liabilities	225	16,788			17,013
<b>Partners capital</b>					
Partners capital	594,230	728,817	11,190	(740,007)	594,230
Accumulated (deficit) earnings	(50,689)	52,033	(10,822)	(41,211)	(50,689)
<b>Total partners capital</b>	<b>543,541</b>	<b>780,850</b>	<b>368</b>	<b>(781,218)</b>	<b>543,541</b>
<b>Total liabilities and partners capital</b>	<b>\$ 1,961,451</b>	<b>\$ 2,129,051</b>	<b>\$ 775</b>	<b>\$ (1,938,829)</b>	<b>\$ 2,152,448</b>

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December 31, 2005

	TER Holdings	Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
<b>Current assets:</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 131,228	\$ 97,322	\$	\$	\$ 228,550
Restricted cash	45,005				45,005
Other current assets	9,172	66,597	488	(6,719)	69,538
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>185,405</b>	<b>163,919</b>	<b>488</b>	<b>(6,719)</b>	<b>343,093</b>
<b>Property and equipment, net</b>	<b>666</b>	<b>1,462,476</b>			<b>1,463,142</b>
<b>Other assets:</b>					
Investment in subsidiaries	742,001			(742,001)	
Other, net	1,085,814	437,569		(1,100,000)	423,383
<b>Total other assets</b>	<b>1,827,815</b>	<b>437,569</b>		<b>(1,842,001)</b>	<b>423,383</b>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 2,013,886</b>	<b>\$ 2,063,964</b>	<b>\$ 488</b>	<b>\$ (1,848,720)</b>	<b>\$ 2,229,618</b>
<b>Current liabilities:</b>					
Accounts payable	\$ 10,882	\$ 27,738	\$ 516	\$	\$ 39,136
Other current liabilities	41,676	98,065		(6,719)	133,022
Current maturities of long-term debt	1,500	28,507			30,007
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>54,058</b>	<b>154,310</b>	<b>516</b>	<b>(6,719)</b>	<b>202,165</b>
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	1,397,750	1,110,202		(1,100,000)	1,407,952
Deferred income taxes		39,224			39,224
Other long-term liabilities	225	18,199			18,424
<b>Partners capital (deficit)</b>					
Partners capital	590,012	726,632	3,814	(730,446)	590,012
Accumulated (deficit) earnings	(28,159)	15,397	(3,842)	(11,555)	(28,159)
<b>Total partners capital (deficit)</b>	<b>561,853</b>	<b>742,029</b>	<b>(28)</b>	<b>(742,001)</b>	<b>561,853</b>
<b>Total liabilities and partners capital (deficit)</b>	<b>\$ 2,013,886</b>	<b>\$ 2,063,964</b>	<b>\$ 488</b>	<b>\$ (1,848,720)</b>	<b>\$ 2,229,618</b>

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Condensed statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2006, the period from May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005, the period from January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005, and the year ended December 31, 2004 are as follows:

**Year Ended December 31, 2006 (Reorganized Company)**

	TER Holdings	Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Gaming	\$	\$ 1,079,245	\$	\$	\$ 1,079,245
Rooms, food, beverage and other		243,667			243,667
		1,322,912			1,322,912
Less promotional allowances		(296,750)			(296,750)
Net revenues		1,026,162			1,026,162
<b>Costs and expenses:</b>					
Gaming		494,411			494,411
Rooms, food, beverage and other		73,172			73,172
General and administrative	29,582	253,538	5,822		288,942
Depreciation and amortization	215	67,876			68,091
	29,797	888,997	5,822		924,616
Income (loss) from operations	(29,797)	137,165	(5,822)		101,546
<b>Non-operating income (expense)</b>					
Interest income	99,972	3,839	114	(93,590)	10,335
Interest expense	(124,190)	(99,217)	(327)	93,590	(130,144)
	(24,218)	(95,378)	(213)		(119,809)
(Loss) income before equity in net income (loss) of consolidated subsidiaries, income taxes, discontinued operations and extraordinary item	(54,015)	41,787	(6,035)		(18,263)
Equity in net income (loss) of consolidated subsidiaries	30,751			(30,751)	
Provision for income taxes		(5,151)			(5,151)
Minority interest			150		150
(Loss) income from continuing operations	(23,264)	36,636	(5,885)	(30,751)	(23,264)
Income from discontinued operations:					
Trump Indiana			678		678
Income tax benefit			56		56
Trump Indiana, net of income taxes			734		734
Equity in net income of discontinued operations	734			(734)	
Income from discontinued operations	734		734	(734)	734
Net (loss) income	\$ (22,530)	\$ 36,636	\$ (5,151)	\$ (31,485)	\$ (22,530)

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May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005 (Reorganized Company)

	TER			Eliminations	Consolidated
	Holdings	Guarantors	Non-Guarantors		
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Gaming	\$	\$ 663,140	\$	\$	\$ 663,140
Rooms, food, beverage and other		152,896			152,896
		816,036			816,036
Less promotional allowances		(188,254)			(188,254)
Net revenues		627,782			627,782
<b>Costs and expenses:</b>					
Gaming		307,384			307,384
Rooms, food, beverage and other		44,514			44,514
General and administrative	26,410	155,235	4,937		186,582
Depreciation and amortization	108	37,326			37,434
Reorganization expense and related costs	8,676	382			9,058
	35,194	544,841	4,937		584,972
Income (loss) from operations	(35,194)	82,941	(4,937)		42,810
<b>Non-operating income (expense)</b>					
Interest income	65,710	1,787		(65,346)	2,151
Interest expense	(74,009)	(62,994)	(7,945)	65,346	(79,602)
Other non-operating income		97			97
	(8,299)	(61,110)	(7,945)		(77,354)
(Loss) income before equity in net income (loss) of consolidated subsidiaries, income taxes, discontinued operations and extraordinary item	(43,493)	21,831	(12,882)		(34,544)
Equity in net income of consolidated subsidiaries	2,515			(2,515)	
Provision for income taxes		(6,434)			(6,434)
(Loss) income from continuing operations	(40,978)	15,397	(12,882)	(2,515)	(40,978)
Income from discontinued operations:					
Trump Indiana			15,658		15,658
Provision for income taxes			(2,839)		(2,839)
Trump Indiana, net of income taxes			12,819		12,819
Equity in net income of discontinued operations	12,819			(12,819)	
Income from discontinued operations	12,819		12,819	(12,819)	12,819
Net (loss) income	\$ (28,159)	\$ 15,397	\$ (63)	\$ (15,334)	\$ (28,159)

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For the Period from January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005 (Predecessor Company)

	TER		Non-		Consolidated
	Holdings	Guarantors	Guarantors	Eliminations	
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Gaming	\$	\$ 398,409	\$	\$	\$ 398,409
Rooms, food, beverage and other		83,367			83,367
		481,776			481,776
Less promotional allowances		(117,337)			(117,337)
Net revenues		364,439			364,439
<b>Costs and expenses:</b>					
Gaming		186,545			186,545
Rooms, food, beverage and other		23,572			23,572
Selling, general and administrative	5,929	87,373	430		93,732
Depreciation and amortization	64	35,689			35,753
Reorganization expense (income) and related costs	49,319	(80,186)	4,900		(25,967)
	55,312	252,993	5,330		313,635
Income (loss) from operations	(55,312)	111,446	(5,330)		50,804
<b>Non-operating income (expense):</b>					
Interest income	11	791	56,502	(56,468)	836
Interest expense	(1,841)	(75,767)	(65,722)	56,468	(86,862)
	(1,830)	(74,976)	(9,220)		(86,026)
(Loss) income before equity in net income (loss) of consolidated subsidiaries, income taxes, discontinued operations and extraordinary item	(57,142)	36,470	(14,550)		(35,222)
Equity in income from continuing operations of consolidated subsidiaries	19,846			(19,846)	
Provision for income taxes		(2,074)			(2,074)
(Loss) income from continuing operations	(37,296)	34,396	(14,550)	(19,846)	(37,296)
Income from discontinued operations:					
Trump Indiana			142,959		142,959
Provision for income taxes			(24,211)		(24,211)
Trump Indiana, net of income taxes			118,748		118,748
Equity in income from discontinued operations	118,748			(118,748)	
Income from discontinued operations	118,748		118,748	(118,748)	118,748
Income before extraordinary item	81,452	34,396	104,198	(138,594)	81,452
Equity in consolidated subsidiaries extraordinary gain on extinguishment of debt	196,932			(196,932)	
Extraordinary gain (loss) on extinguishment of debt		198,884	(1,952)		196,932
Net income	\$ 278,384	\$ 233,280	\$ 102,246	\$ (335,526)	\$ 278,384





**Table of Contents****Year ended December 31, 2004 (Predecessor Company)**

	TER Holdings	Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Gaming	\$	\$ 1,069,463	\$	\$	\$ 1,069,463
Rooms, food, beverage and other		245,952			245,952
		1,315,415			1,315,415
Less promotional allowances		(312,477)			(312,477)
Net revenues		1,002,938			1,002,938
<b>Costs and expenses:</b>					
Gaming		498,449			498,449
Rooms, food, beverage and other		68,927			68,927
General and administrative	15,106	233,606	1,814		250,526
Depreciation and amortization	82	95,009			95,091
Reorganization expense and related costs		15,214	44,067		59,281
Debt renegotiation costs			2,857		2,857
	15,188	911,205	48,738		975,131
Income (loss) from operations	(15,188)	91,733	(48,738)		27,807
<b>Non-operating income (expense)</b>					
Interest income	20	851	50,912	(50,678)	1,105
Interest expense	(355)	(201,758)	(76,625)	50,678	(228,060)
Other non-operating (expense) income	(404)	2,197	(717)		1,076
	(739)	(198,710)	(26,430)		(225,879)
(Loss) before equity in net (loss) of consolidated subsidiaries, income taxes, discontinued operations and extraordinary item	(15,927)	(106,977)	(75,168)		(198,072)
Equity in net (loss) of consolidated subsidiaries	(187,842)			187,842	
Provision for income taxes		(5,697)			(5,697)
Loss from continuing operations	(203,769)	(112,674)	(75,168)	187,842	(203,769)
<b>Income (loss) from discontinued operations:</b>					
Trump Indiana			20,857		20,857
Provision for income taxes			(21,858)		(21,858)
Trump Indiana, net of income taxes			(1,001)		(1,001)
Trump 29			7,480		7,480
Gain on termination of Trump 29 management contract			6,000		6,000
Trump 29			13,480		13,480
Equity in net income of discontinued operations	12,479			(12,479)	
Income from discontinued operations	12,479		12,479	(12,479)	12,479

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Net (loss) income	\$ (191,290)	\$ (112,674)	\$ (62,689)	\$ 175,363	\$ (191,290)
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Condensed statements of cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2006, the period from May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005, the period from January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005, and the year ended December 31, 2004 are as follows:

**Year Ended December 31, 2006 (Reorganized Company)**

	<b>TER Holdings</b>	<b>Guarantors</b>	<b>Non- Guarantors</b>	<b>Eliminations</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
<b>NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>	\$ (107,030)	\$ 142,190	\$ (6,431)	\$	\$ 28,729
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>					
Purchases of property and equipment	(2,955)	(126,004)			(128,959)
Decrease in restricted cash	17,630				17,630
Purchases of CRDA investments, net		(13,269)			(13,269)
Investments in and advances from (to) subsidiaries	(8,201)			8,201	
<b>Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities</b>	<b>6,474</b>	<b>(139,273)</b>		<b>8,201</b>	<b>(124,598)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>					
Repayment of term loan	(1,500)				(1,500)
Repayment of other long-term debt, net		(28,042)			(28,042)
Borrowing (advances) of intercompany debt	(11,000)	11,000			
Payment of deferred financing costs	(597)				(597)
Contributed capital		4,000	6,281	(10,281)	
Distributions by subsidiaries		(2,080)		2,080	
Partnership distributions	(3,760)				(3,760)
Other	162		150		312
<b>Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities</b>	<b>(16,695)</b>	<b>(15,122)</b>	<b>6,431</b>	<b>(8,201)</b>	<b>(33,587)</b>
<b>Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>(117,251)</b>	<b>(12,205)</b>			<b>(129,456)</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year</b>	<b>131,228</b>	<b>97,322</b>			<b>228,550</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, end of year</b>	<b>\$ 13,977</b>	<b>\$ 85,117</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 99,094</b>

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May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005 (Reorganized Company)

	TER		Non-		Consolidated
	Holdings	Guarantors	Guarantors	Eliminations	
<b>NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>	\$ (138,090)	\$ 76,346	\$ (8,839)	\$	\$ (70,583)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>					
Purchases of property and equipment	(197)	(54,164)	(4,391)		(58,752)
Proceeds from sale of Trump Indiana	227,526				227,526
Increase in restricted cash	(45,005)				(45,005)
Investments in and advances from (to) subsidiaries	(24,037)			24,037	
Purchases of CRDA investments, net		(7,307)			(7,307)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	158,287	(61,471)	(4,391)	24,037	116,462
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>					
Borrowings from revolving credit facility, net					
Borrowings from term loan, net	149,250				149,250
Repayment of DIP facility, net	(53,958)				(53,958)
Repayment of other long-term debt, net		(21,942)	69		(21,873)
Payment of deferred financing costs	(11,227)		149		(11,078)
Contributed capital	55,000	42,487	15,681	(58,168)	55,000
Distributions by subsidiaries		(22,246)	(11,885)	34,131	
Cash distributions to noteholders and stockholders	(41,120)				(41,120)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	97,945	(1,701)	4,014	(24,037)	76,221
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	118,142	13,174	(9,216)		122,100
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	13,086	84,148	9,216		106,450
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 131,228	\$ 97,322	\$	\$	\$ 228,550

**Table of Contents****January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005 (Predecessor Company)**

	<b>TER Holdings</b>	<b>Guarantors</b>	<b>Non- Guarantors</b>	<b>Eliminations</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
<b>NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>	\$ (692)	\$ 42,806	\$ 2,415	\$	\$ 44,529
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>					
Purchases of property and equipment	(17)	(36,128)	(2,888)		(39,033)
Investments in and advances (to) subsidiaries	(4,989)			4,989	
Purchases of CRDA investments, net		(6,115)			(6,115)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(5,006)	(42,243)	(2,888)	4,989	(45,148)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>					
Borrowings from DIP facility, net	18,172				18,172
Repayment of long-term debt, subject to compromise		(12,525)	(914)		(13,439)
Contributed capital	7,682	5,939	11,891	(25,512)	
Distributions by subsidiaries	(10,256)	(2,939)	(7,328)	20,523	
Other	1,650		(4,576)		(2,926)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	17,248	(9,525)	(927)	(4,989)	1,807
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	11,550	(8,962)	(1,400)		1,188
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	1,536	93,110	10,616		105,262
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 13,086	\$ 84,148	\$ 9,216	\$	\$ 106,450

**Year ended December 31, 2004 (Predecessor Company)**

	<b>TER Holdings</b>	<b>Guarantors</b>	<b>Non- Guarantors</b>	<b>Eliminations</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
<b>NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>	\$ (7,690)	\$ 74,308	\$ (22,441)	\$	\$ 44,177
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>					
Purchases of property and equipment	(620)	(21,143)	(2,822)		(24,585)
Investments in and advances (to) subsidiaries	(27,061)			27,061	
Purchases of CRDA investments, net		(13,445)			(13,445)
Other			(136)		(136)
Net cash (used in) investing activities	(27,681)	(34,588)	(2,958)	27,061	(38,166)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>					
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	35,786				35,786
Repayment of long-term debt		(28,689)	(3,514)		(32,203)
Contributed capital		36,363	33,102	(69,465)	
Distributions by subsidiaries		(35,419)	(6,985)	42,404	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	35,786	(27,745)	22,603	(27,061)	3,583

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Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	415	11,975	(2,796)	9,594
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,121	81,135	13,412	95,668
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,536	\$ 93,110	\$ 10,616	\$ 105,262

**Table of Contents****(17) Quarterly Financial Data (unaudited)**

	Reorganized Company			
	First	Second	Third	Fourth
<b>2006:</b>				
Net revenues	\$ 237,598	\$ 256,026	\$ 288,368	\$ 244,170
Income from operations	18,312	24,420	40,978	17,836
(Loss) income from continuing operations	(9,723)	(4,934)	5,833	(10,245)
Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes				562
Net (loss) income	\$ (9,723)	\$ (4,934)	\$ 5,833	\$ (9,683)
Basic and diluted net (loss) income per share:				
Continuing operations	\$ (0.32)	\$ (0.16)	\$ 0.19	\$ (0.33)
Discontinued operations				0.02
Net (loss) income	\$ (0.32)	\$ (0.16)	\$ 0.19	\$ (0.31)

	Predecessor Company		Reorganized Company		
	First	April 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005 Second	May 20, 2005 through June 30, 2005 Second	Third (3)	Fourth
<b>2005:</b>					
Net revenues	\$ 234,237	\$ 130,202	\$ 115,855	\$ 277,267	\$ 234,660
Income from operations	8,933	41,871	3,380	32,666	6,764
(Loss) income from continuing operations (1)	(46,905)	9,609	(8,924)	(1,306)	(26,104)
Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes and minority interest (1)(2)	1,512	117,236	1,308	4,540	3,958
Extraordinary gain on extinguishment of debt		196,932			
Net (loss) income	\$ (45,393)	\$ 323,777	\$ (7,616)	\$ 3,234	\$ (22,146)
Basic net (loss) income per share:					
Continuing operations	\$ (1.57)	\$ 0.32	\$ (0.29)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.86)
Discontinued operations	0.05	3.92	0.04	0.15	0.13
Extraordinary gain on extinguishment of debt		6.59			
Net (loss) income	\$ (1.52)	\$ 10.83	\$ (0.25)	\$ 0.11	\$ (0.73)
Diluted net (loss) income per share:					
Continuing operations	\$ (1.57)	\$ 0.22	\$ (0.29)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.86)
Discontinued operations	0.05	2.68	0.04	0.15	0.13
Extraordinary gain on extinguishment of debt		4.49			
Net (loss) income	\$ (1.52)	\$ 7.39	\$ (0.25)	\$ 0.11	\$ (0.73)

(1) The period from April 1, 2005 to May 19, 2005, includes a reduction in cost and expenses related to fresh-start adjustments made to assets and liabilities in accordance with SOP 90-7. Such adjustments included \$75,356 and \$134,761 to continuing operations and to discontinued operations, respectively. Professional fees and expenses recorded in continuing operations associated with our bankruptcy and reorganization were \$5,681, \$43,719, \$1,940, \$5,731 and \$1,387 for the first quarter of 2005, the period from April 1, 2005 through

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- May 19, 2005, the period May 20, 2005 through June 30, 2005, and the third and fourth quarters, respectively.
- (2) The period from April 1, 2005 to May 19, 2005, includes a provision for income taxes of \$20,000 for an income tax audit relating to prior tax years. The fourth quarter of 2005 includes a non-cash charge in lieu of income taxes of \$8,687.
  - (3) The per share amounts as shown for the Reorganized Company differ from the amounts as shown in our previously filed report on Form 10-Q to reflect the inclusion of the Class A Warrant Shares in the number of shares used to calculate basic and diluted earnings per share.



**Table of Contents****(18) Commitments and Contingencies**

*Operating Leases* We have entered into operating leases for certain land, office, warehouse space, certain parking space and various equipment. Rent expense during the year ended December 31, 2006, the period from May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005, the period from January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005 and the year ended December 31, 2004 was \$12,198, \$8,304, \$5,130 and \$12,135, respectively, of which \$79, \$45, \$35 and \$71, respectively, relates to affiliates.

Future minimum lease payments under noncancellable operating leases as of December 31, 2006, are as follows:

Years Ended December 31,	
2007	\$ 7,380
2008	5,716
2009	5,415
2010	5,499
2011	2,853
Thereafter	78,153
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 105,016</b>

*Philadelphia Option Agreements* On September 30, 2005, in connection with its pursuit of a gaming license in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, TER Keystone entered into an options agreement (the Options Agreement), relating to an approximate 18-acre parcel of land located in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania (the Philadelphia Site). Pursuant to the Options Agreement, TER Keystone was granted the right to either (i) lease the Philadelphia Site (the Lease Option) on and subject to the terms and conditions set forth in a form of ground lease or (ii) purchase the Philadelphia Site (the Purchase Option) on the terms and conditions set forth in the Options Agreement. During July 2006, TER Keystone entered into an option agreement for additional land adjacent to the original 18-acre parcel. On December 20, 2006, the Gaming Control Board of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania awarded gaming licenses to entities other than TER Keystone. TER Keystone terminated both options agreements, which resulted in a \$1,000 termination fee paid in January 2007. During the year ended December 31, 2006 and the period from May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005, fees totaling \$5,466 and \$4,937 relating to the option agreements and other expenses were recorded as development costs in the accompanying statements of operations.

*Casino Reinvestment Development Authority Obligations* Pursuant to the provisions of the Casino Control Act, we must either obtain investment tax credits in an amount equivalent to 1.25% of our gross casino revenues, as defined in the Casino Control Act, or pay an alternative tax of 2.5% of our gross casino revenues. Investment tax credits may be obtained by making qualified investments, or by depositing funds which may be converted to bonds by the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority (CRDA), both of which bear interest at two-thirds of market rates resulting in a fair value lower than cost. Certain of our subsidiaries are required to make quarterly deposits with the CRDA to satisfy their investment obligations.

Our qualified investments are classified as other long-term assets on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and are summarized as follows:

	December 31,	
	2006	2005
CRDA deposits, net of valuation allowance of \$20,347 and \$16,145, respectively	\$ 40,329	\$ 31,941
CRDA bonds, net valuation allowance of \$7,842 and \$7,688, respectively	7,838	8,160
	<b>\$ 48,167</b>	<b>\$ 40,101</b>

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During the year ended December 31, 2006, the period May 20, 2005 through December 31, 2005, the period from January 1, 2005 through May 19, 2005 and the year ended December 31, 2004, we charged to operations \$4,478, \$2,907, \$1,731 and \$4,592, respectively, to give effect to the below market interest rates associated with CRDA deposits and bonds. From time to time, we have elected to donate funds on deposit with the CRDA for various projects.

*NJSEA Subsidy Agreement* On April 12, 2004, the 12 Atlantic City casinos (the *Casinos* ), executed an agreement (the *NJSEA Subsidy Agreement* ) with the New Jersey Sports & Exposition Authority ( *NJSEA* ) and the CRDA. The *NJSEA Subsidy Agreement* provides that the *Casinos*, on a pro rata basis according to their gross revenues, shall: (i) pay \$34,000 to the *NJSEA* in cash in four yearly payments through October 15, 2007, and donate \$52,000 to the *NJSEA* from the regular payment of their CRDA obligations for use by the *NJSEA* through 2008 to enhance purses, fund breeders awards and establish account wagering at New Jersey horse racing tracks; and (ii) donate \$10,000 from the regular payment of their CRDA obligations for use by the CRDA as grants to such other North Jersey projects as the CRDA shall determine. The donation of \$62,000 of CRDA obligations is conditioned upon the timely enactment and funding of the Casino Expansion Fund Act, which was enacted effective August 25, 2004, and established the Atlantic City Expansion Fund. The Casino Expansion Fund Act further identifies the casino hotel room occupancy fee as its funding source and directs the CRDA to provide the fund with \$62,000 and make that amount available, on a pro rata basis, to each casino licensee for investment. By statute, as amended as of January 26, 2005, such funds shall be invested in eligible projects in Atlantic City that, if approved by the CRDA, would add hotel rooms, retail, dining or non-gaming entertainment venues or other non-gaming amenities including, in certain circumstances, parking spaces or, if approved thereafter, additional hotel rooms. Our Atlantic City properties have estimated their portion of the industry obligation at approximately 23%.

The *NJSEA Subsidy Agreement* further provides for a moratorium until January 2009 on the conduct of casino gaming at any New Jersey racetrack (unless casinos controlling a majority of the hotel rooms operated by the casinos in Atlantic City otherwise agree). Violation of the moratorium terminates the *NJSEA Subsidy Agreement* and all further payment obligations to the *NJSEA* and requires the *NJSEA* to return all undistributed cash to the casinos and the CRDA to return all undistributed donated investment alternative tax obligation payments to the casinos.

*CAFRA Agreement* Trump Taj Mahal received a permit under the Coastal Area Facilities Review Act ( *CAFRA* ) (which is included as a condition of Trump Taj Mahal casino license) that initially required Trump Taj Mahal to begin construction of certain improvements on the Steel Pier by October 1992, at an estimated cost of \$30,000. In March 1993, Taj Associates obtained a modification of its *CAFRA* permit providing for an extension of the required commencement and completion dates of the improvements to the Steel Pier for one year, which has been renewed annually, based upon an interim use of the Steel Pier as an amusement park. The pier sublease, pursuant to which Trump Taj Mahal leases the Steel Pier to an amusement park operator, terminates on December 31, 2007. The conditions of the *CAFRA* permit renewal thereafter are under discussion with the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection.

**(19) Legal Proceedings**

We and certain of our employees are involved from time to time in legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of our business. While any proceeding or litigation contains an element of uncertainty, management believes that the final outcomes of these other matters are not likely to have a material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition. In general, we have agreed to indemnify our employees and our directors against any and all losses, claims, damages, expenses (including reasonable costs, disbursements and counsel fees) and liabilities (including amounts paid or incurred in satisfaction of settlements, judgments, fines and penalties) incurred by them in any legal proceedings absent a showing of such persons' gross negligence or malfeasance.

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*South Jersey Transportation Authority Settlement* During 2006, we reached a settlement with respect to a complaint we filed against the South Jersey Transportation Authority. General and administrative expenses include a \$1,750 reduction to reflect the amount of the settlement.

*Chapter 11 Cases* Although we have emerged from bankruptcy, we still are in the process of resolving various claims and other litigation in connection with the Plan, which may continue for the foreseeable future.

On July 18, 2005, the Bankruptcy Court considered a motion brought by a certain group of persons alleging that they had held shares of THCR Common Stock on the record date for distributions under the Plan (and who subsequently sold their shares prior to the distribution date) but did not receive any distributions under the Plan, which they believe were wrongly made to the beneficial holders of our stock on the distribution date. The movants had sought an order compelling us to make distributions to them under the Plan. After additional briefing and a court hearing with respect to the issue on October 8, 2005, the Bankruptcy Court denied the movants' motion on February 17, 2006. The movants filed an appeal from the judgment entered in the Bankruptcy Court in favor of the Predecessor Company. The movants appealed this motion to the United States District Court for the district of New Jersey. Briefs have been filed. On January 26, 2007 oral argument occurred, and further briefing was ordered.

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**TRUMP ENTERTAINMENT RESORTS, INC. SCHEDULE II**  
**VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006,**  
**THE PERIOD FROM MAY 20, 2005 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2005,**  
**THE PERIOD FROM JANUARY 1, 2005 THROUGH MAY 19, 2005 AND**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004**  
**(in thousands)**

	Balance at Beginning of Period	Charged to Costs and Expenses	Other Changes (Deductions)	Balance at End of Period
<b>Reorganized Company</b>				
<b>YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006</b>				
Allowances for doubtful accounts	\$ 14,153	\$ 5,168	\$ (6,289)(a)	\$ 13,032
Valuation allowance for CRDA investments	23,833	4,478	(122)(b)	28,189
Reserve for other receivables	8,014			8,014
Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	132,858		(42,043)	90,815
<b>PERIOD MAY 20, 2005 TO DECEMBER 31, 2005</b>				
Allowances for doubtful accounts	\$ 18,398	\$ 2,330	\$ (6,575)(a)	\$ 14,153
Valuation allowance for CRDA investments	21,202	2,907	(276)(b)	23,833
Reserve for other receivables	8,014			8,014
Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	135,657		(2,799)	132,858
<b>Predecessor Company</b>				
<b>PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2005 THROUGH MAY 19, 2005</b>				
Allowances for doubtful accounts	\$ 18,219	\$ 1,445	\$ (1,266)(a)	\$ 18,398
Valuation allowance for CRDA investments	19,787	1,731	(316)(b)	21,202
Reserve for other receivables	8,014			8,014
Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	198,559		(58,863)	139,696
<b>YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004</b>				
Allowances for doubtful accounts	\$ 17,928	\$ 5,473	\$ (5,182)(a)	\$ 18,219
Valuation allowance for CRDA investments	15,496	4,592	(301)(b)	19,787
Reserve for other receivables		8,014	(c)	8,014
Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	149,541		49,018	198,559

- (a) Write-off of uncollectible accounts.  
(b) Reversal of allowance applicable to contribution of CRDA investments.  
(c) Reserve against claim for real estate taxes from the City of Atlantic City.

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**TRUMP ENTERTAINMENT RESORTS HOLDINGS, L.P. SCHEDULE II**  
**VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006,**  
**THE PERIOD FROM MAY 20, 2005 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2005,**  
**THE PERIOD FROM JANUARY 1, 2005 THROUGH MAY 19, 2005 AND**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004**  
**(in thousands)**

	Balance at Beginning of Period	Charged to Costs and Expenses	Other Changes (Deductions)	Balance at End of Period
<b>Reorganized Company</b>				
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006				
Allowances for doubtful accounts	\$ 14,153	\$ 5,168	\$ (6,289)(a)	\$ 13,032
Valuation allowance for CRDA investments	23,833	4,478	(122)(b)	28,189
Reserve for other receivables	8,014			8,014
Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	56,544		(15,089)	41,455
PERIOD MAY 20, 2005 TO DECEMBER 31, 2005				
Allowances for doubtful accounts	\$ 18,398	\$ 2,330	\$ (6,575)(a)	\$ 14,153
Valuation allowance for CRDA investments	21,202	2,907	(276)(b)	23,833
Reserve for other receivables	8,014			8,014
Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	58,665		(2,121)	56,544
<b>Predecessor Company</b>				
PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2005 THROUGH MAY 19, 2005				
Allowances for doubtful accounts	\$ 18,219	\$ 1,445	\$ (1,266)(a)	\$ 18,398
Valuation allowance for CRDA investments	19,787	1,731	(316)(b)	21,202
Reserve for other receivables	8,014			8,014
Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	70,444		(18,143)	52,301
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004				
Allowances for doubtful accounts	\$ 17,928	\$ 5,473	\$ (5,182)(a)	\$ 18,219
Valuation allowance for CRDA investments	15,496	4,592	(301)(b)	19,787
Reserve for other receivables		8,014	(c)	8,014
Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	53,054		17,390	70,444

- (a) Write-off of uncollectible accounts.  
(b) Reversal of allowance applicable to contribution of CRDA investments.  
(c) Reserve against claim for real estate taxes from the City of Atlantic City.

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### **Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure**

Not applicable.

### **Item 9A. Controls and Procedures**

#### *Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures*

Based on their evaluation as of December 31, 2006, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) were sufficiently effective to ensure that the information required to be disclosed by us in this Report was recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and instructions for Form 10-K.

#### *Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting*

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act). Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006. In making this assessment, our management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission in Internal Control-Integrated Framework. Our management has concluded that, as of December 31, 2006, our internal control over financial reporting is effective based on these criteria. Our independent registered public accounting firm, Ernst & Young LLP, has issued an audit report on our assessment of our internal control over financial reporting, which is included in Item 8.

#### *Changes in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting*

There have been no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting during the quarter ended December 31, 2006 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal controls over financial reporting.

During January 2007, we implemented new general ledger and accounts payable systems. We anticipate these new systems will provide us with improved reporting and analysis capabilities to better manage our business. There have not been any significant changes in our internal controls as a result of this implementation.

#### *Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls*

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal controls will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within our company have been detected.

### **Item 9B. Other Information**

Not applicable.

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**PART III**

**Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrants**

The information required by Item 10 is incorporated herein by reference from our definitive proxy statement to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Exchange Act in connection with our 2007 Annual Stockholders Meeting (the Proxy Statement).

**Item 11. Executive Compensation**

The information required by Item 11 is incorporated herein by reference from our Proxy Statement.

**Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management**

The information required by Item 12 about our Company's securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans as of December 31, 2006 is included in Part I, Item 5 Market for Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters of this Report.

All other information required by Item 12 is incorporated herein by reference from our Proxy Statement.

**Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions**

The information required by Item 13 is incorporated herein by reference from our Proxy Statement.

**Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services**

The information required by Item 14 is incorporated herein by reference from our Proxy Statement.

**Table of Contents****PART IV****Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules**

The following documents are filed as part of this Form 10-K.

(a) Consolidated financial statements filed as part of this report are listed under Part II, Item 8.

(b) The exhibits listed on the Index to Exhibits are filed with this report or incorporated by reference as set forth below.

All other schedules are omitted because they are not applicable or not required, or because the required information is included in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto.

**INDEX TO EXHIBITS****Exhibit**

<b>No.</b>	<b>Description of Exhibit</b>	<b>Incorporated by Reference</b>
2.1	Second Amended Plan of Reorganization under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code, dated March 30, 2005, as amended	Filed as Exhibit T3E-2 to our Application for Qualification for Indenture on Form T-3, filed with the SEC on April 8, 2005
2.2	Order Confirming Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization	Filed as Exhibit 2.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 11, 2005
2.3	Amended Order Confirming Second Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization	Filed as Exhibit 2.3 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 11, 2005
2.4	Stipulation, dated as of April 8, 2005	Filed as Exhibit 2.4 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 11, 2005
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc.	Filed as Exhibit 3.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc.	Filed as Exhibit 3.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
3.3	Certificate of Limited Partnership of Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P. (formerly known as Trump Hotels & Casino Resorts, Inc.)	
3.4	Fourth Amended and Restated Partnership Agreement of Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P., dated as of May 20, 2005, by and among Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc., Donald J. Trump, Trump Casinos, Inc. and TCI 2 Holdings, LLC.	Filed as Exhibit 10.4 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
3.5	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Trump Entertainment Resorts Funding, Inc.	
4.1	Form of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. s common stock	
4.2	Form of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. s class B common stock	



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**Exhibit**

No.	Description of Exhibit	Incorporated by Reference
4.2	Indenture, dated as of May 20, 2005, by and among Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P. and Trump Entertainment Resorts Funding, Inc., as issuers, the guarantors named therein, and U.S. Bank National Association, as indenture trustee.	Filed as Exhibit 10.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
10.1**	Limited Liability Company Agreement by and between TER Keystone Development, LLC and the General Members, dated December 26, 2005 <sup>1</sup>	
10.2**	Management Agreement by and between TER Management Co., LLC and Keystone Redevelopment Partners, LLC, dated December 26, 2005 <sup>1</sup>	
10.3**	Trade Name and Trademark License Agreement, dated December 26, 2005, by and between Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P. and Keystone Redevelopment Partners, LLC <sup>1</sup>	
10.4	Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of November 3, 2005, by and among The Majestic Star Casino, LLC and Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P.	Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on November 9, 2005
10.5	Not used	
10.6	Not used	
10.7**	Options Agreement, dated as of September 30, 2005, by and between Hunting Fox Associates I, L.P. and TER Keystone Development, LLC (portions of this exhibit have been omitted pursuant to a request for confidential treatment on file with the SEC) <sup>2</sup>	Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2005
10.8**	Form of Ground Lease by and between Hunting Fox Associates I, L.P. and TER Keystone Development, LLC (portions of this exhibit have been omitted pursuant to a request for confidential treatment on file with the SEC) <sup>2</sup>	Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2005
10.9	Option Agreement, dated as of July 7, 2006, by and between Keystone Redevelopment Partners, LLC and Tasty Baking Company <sup>1</sup>	Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on August 9, 2006
10.10*	Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. 2005 Incentive Award Plan.	Filed as Annex A to our Definitive Proxy Statement filed on September 9, 2005

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**Exhibit**

<b>No.</b>	<b>Description of Exhibit</b>	<b>Incorporated by Reference</b>
10.11	Credit Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005 ( Credit Agreement ), by and among Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P., as borrower, Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc., as general partner, Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, as collateral agent, Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., as administrative agent, UBS Securities LLC, as syndication agent, Merrill Lynch Capital and Wells Fargo Foothill, Inc., as documentation agents, and Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc. and UBS Securities, LLC, as joint lead arrangers and joint book-runners.	Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
10.12	Amendment No. 1, dated as of December 7, 2005, to the Credit Agreement, by and among Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P., as borrower, Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc., as general partner, Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, as collateral agent, Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., as administrative agent, UBS Securities LLC, as syndication agent, Merrill Lynch Capital and Wells Fargo Foothill, Inc., as documentation agents, and Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc. and UBS Securities, LLC, as joint lead arrangers and joint book-runners.	Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 8, 2005
10.13	Amendment No. 2, dated as of September 29, 2006, to the Credit Agreement, by and among Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P., as borrower, Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc., as general partner, Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, as collateral agent, Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., as administrative agent, UBS Securities LLC, as syndication agent, Merrill Lynch Capital and Wells Fargo Foothill, Inc., as documentation agents, and Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc. and UBS Securities, LLC, as joint lead arrangers and joint book-runners.	Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on November 8, 2006
10.14	Amended and Restated Investment Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005, by and among Trump Hotels & Casino Resorts, Inc., Trump Hotels & Casino Resorts Holdings, L.P. and Donald J. Trump	Filed as Exhibit 10.3 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005

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**Exhibit**

No.	Description of Exhibit	Incorporated by Reference
10.15	Third Amended and Restated Exchange and Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005, by and among Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc., Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P., Donald J. Trump and Trump Casinos, Inc.	Filed as Exhibit 10.5 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
10.16	Services Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005, by and among Donald J. Trump, Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. and Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P.	Filed as Exhibit 10.6 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
10.17	Amended and Restated Trademark License Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005, by and among Donald J. Trump, Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P., Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc., Trump Taj Mahal Associates, LLC, Trump Plaza Associates, LLC, Trump Marina Associates, LLC and Trump Indiana, Inc.	Filed as Exhibit 10.7 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
10.18	Amended and Restated Trademark Security Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005, between Donald J. Trump and Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P.	Filed as Exhibit 10.8 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
10.19	Right of First Offer Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005 (the ROFO Agreement ), by and among Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc., Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P. and Trump Organization LLC.	Filed as Exhibit 10.9 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
10.20	Amendment, dated September 22, 2006, to the ROFO Agreement, by and among Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc., Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P. and Trump Organization LLC.	Filed as Exhibit 10.9 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 22, 2006
10.21	Voting Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005, by and between Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. and Donald J. Trump.	Filed as Exhibit 10.10 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
10.22	DJT Warrant Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005, between Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. and Donald J. Trump.	Filed as Exhibit 10.11 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
10.23	DJT Class A Warrant Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005, between Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. and Donald J. Trump.	Filed as Exhibit 10.12 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
10.24	Assignment and Assumption of Interest in Miss Universe Pageant Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005, by and among Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P., Trump Pageants, Inc. and Donald J. Trump.	Filed as Exhibit 10.13 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005

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**Exhibit**

No.	Description of Exhibit	Incorporated by Reference
10.25	Class 11 Class A Warrant Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005, between Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company.	Filed as Exhibit 10.14 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
10.26	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005, of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc.	Filed as Exhibit 10.15 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
10.27	Indemnity Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005, by and among Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc., Trump Plaza Associates, LLC, Trump Taj Mahal Associates, LLC, Trump Marina Associates, LLC, Trump Indiana, Inc. and Donald J. Trump.	Filed as Exhibit 10.17 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
10.28	Indemnity Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005, by and among Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc., Trump Plaza Associates, LLC, Trump Taj Mahal Associates, LLC, Trump Marina Associates, LLC, Trump Indiana, Inc. and Wallace B. Askins.	Filed as Exhibit 10.18 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
10.29	Indemnity Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005, by and among Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc., Trump Plaza Associates, LLC, Trump Taj Mahal Associates, LLC, Trump Marina Associates, LLC, Trump Indiana, Inc. and Edward H. D Alelio.	Filed as Exhibit 10.19 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
10.30	Indemnity Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005, by and among Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc., Trump Plaza Associates, LLC, Trump Taj Mahal Associates, LLC, Trump Marina Associates, LLC, Trump Indiana, Inc. and Don M. Thomas.	Filed as Exhibit 10.20 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
10.31	Indemnity Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005, by and among Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc., Trump Plaza Associates, LLC, Trump Taj Mahal Associates, LLC, Trump Marina Associates, LLC, Trump Indiana, Inc. and James J. Florio.	Filed as Exhibit 10.21 to Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
10.32	Indemnity Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005, by and among Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc., Trump Plaza Associates, LLC, Trump Taj Mahal Associates, LLC, Trump Marina Associates, LLC, Trump Indiana, Inc. and Cezar M. Froelich.	Filed as Exhibit 10.22 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005

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<b>No.</b>	<b>Description of Exhibit</b>	<b>Incorporated by Reference</b>
10.33	Indemnity Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005, by and among Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc., Trump Plaza Associates, LLC, Trump Taj Mahal Associates, LLC, Trump Marina Associates, LLC, Trump Indiana, Inc. and Morton E. Handel.	Filed as Exhibit 10.23 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
10.34	Indemnity Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005, by and among Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc., Trump Plaza Associates, LLC, Trump Taj Mahal Associates, LLC, Trump Marina Associates, LLC, Trump Indiana, Inc. and Michael Kramer.	Filed as Exhibit 10.24 to Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
10.35	Indemnity Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2005, by and among Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc., Trump Plaza Associates, LLC, Trump Taj Mahal Associates, LLC, Trump Marina Associates, LLC, Trump Indiana, Inc. and James B. Perry.	Filed as Exhibit 10.25 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 26, 2005
10.36	Settlement Agreement, dated March 23, 2005, between the Indiana Department of Revenue and Trump Indiana, Inc.	Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2005
10.37	Second Amended and Restated Casino Services Agreement, dated January 1, 1998, among Trump Plaza Associates, Trump Taj Mahal Associates, Trump Marina Associates, L.P., Trump Indiana, Inc. and Trump Casino Services, LLC	Filed as Exhibit 10.28 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003
10.38*	Employment Agreement, dated September 22, 2006, of Dale R. Black	Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 22, 2006
10.39*	Employment Agreement, dated September 22, 2006, of John P. Burke	Filed as Exhibit 10.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 22, 2006
10.40*	Employment Agreement, dated September 22, 2006, of Joseph A. Fusco	Filed as Exhibit 10.3 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 22, 2006
10.41*	Employment Agreement, dated September 22, 2006, of Craig D. Keyser	Filed as Exhibit 10.5 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 22, 2006
10.42*	Employment Agreement, dated September 22, 2006, of Virginia McDowell	Filed as Exhibit 10.6 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 22, 2006
10.43*	Employment Agreement, dated September 22, 2006, of Robert M. Pickus	Filed as Exhibit 10.7 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 22, 2006
10.44*	Employment Agreement, dated September 22, 2006, of Richard M. Santoro	Filed as Exhibit 10.8 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 22, 2006
10.45*	Employment Agreement, dated September 7, 2006, of Eric Hausler	Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 7, 2006
10.46*	Employment Agreement, dated September 14, 2005, of Rosalind Krause	Filed as Exhibit 10.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 23, 2005

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**Exhibit**

No.	Description of Exhibit	Incorporated by Reference
10.47*	Employment Agreement, dated September 12, 2005, of James Rigot	Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 23, 2005
10.48*	Employment Agreement, dated September 22, 2006, of Paul Keller	Filed as Exhibit 10.4 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 22, 2006
10.49*	Employment Agreement, dated July 19, 2005, of Mark Juliano	Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 20, 2005
10.50*	Employment Agreement, dated July 6, 2005, of James B. Perry	Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 11, 2005
10.51	Restructuring Support Agreement, dated October 20, 2004, by and among Trump Hotels and Casino Resorts, Inc., Trump Atlantic City Associates, each of the TAC Co-Issuers (as defined therein), Trump Casino Holdings, LLC, Trump Casino Funding, Inc., Donald J. Trump, and each of the holders of TAC Notes and/or TCH Notes signatory thereto.	Filed as Exhibit 99.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 21, 2004
10.52	Commitment Letter, dated December 17, 2004, between Trump Hotels & Casino Resorts, Inc., Trump Atlantic City Associates and Trump Casino Holdings, LLC, and Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., UBS Securities LLC and UBS Loan Finance LLC	Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 23, 2004
10.53	Loan and Security Agreement, dated November 22, 2004, by and between Trump Hotels & Casino Resorts, Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries and Beal Bank, S.S.B., as administrative agent for the lenders thereto.	Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 24, 2004
10.54	Memorandum of Understanding, dated as of December 20, 2004, among THCR Management Services, LLC, Trump Hotels & Casino Resorts Development Company, LLC, the Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Luiseno Mission Indians of California and the Twenty-Nine Palms Enterprises Corporation	Filed as Exhibit 99.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 28, 2004
10.55	Investment Agreement, dated January 25, 2005, by and between Trump Hotels & Casino Resorts, Inc. and Trump Hotels & Casino Resorts Holdings, L.P. and Donald J. Trump	Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 31, 2005
10.56	Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of November 3, 2005, by and among The Majestic Star Casino, LLC, Indiana Limited Liability Company, and Trump Entertainment Resorts Holdings, L.P.	Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 3, 2005
10.57+	Non-Employee Director Compensation	
21.1+	List of Subsidiaries of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc.	

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**Exhibit**

<b>No.</b>	<b>Description of Exhibit</b>	<b>Incorporated by Reference</b>
23+	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	
24+	Powers of Attorney of directors	
31.1+	Certification by the Chief Executive Officer of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15(d)-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Amended	
31.2+	Certification by the Chief Financial Officer of Trump Hotels & Casino Resorts, Inc. pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15(d)-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Amended	
32.1+	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	
32.2+	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	
99.1+	Description of Certain Governmental and Gaming Regulations	

<sup>1</sup> This agreement was terminated, as discussed on our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 20, 2006.

<sup>2</sup> This agreement was terminated, as disclosed on our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 15, 2007.

\* Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

+ Filed herewith

\*\* We have applied to the SEC for confidential treatment with respect to portions of this Exhibit. An unredacted version of this Exhibit has been submitted separately to the SEC.

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Act of 1934, each of the Registrants has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized on the 16th day of March 2007.

TRUMP ENTERTAINMENT RESORTS, INC.

By: /s/ JAMES B. PERRY  
 Name: **James B. Perry**  
 Title: **Chief Executive Officer and President**

TRUMP ENTERTAINMENT RESORTS HOLDINGS, L.P.

By: /s/ JAMES B. PERRY  
 Name: **James B. Perry**  
 Title: **Chief Executive Officer and President**

TRUMP ENTERTAINMENT RESORTS FUNDING, INC.

By: /s/ JAMES B. PERRY  
 Name: **James B. Perry**  
 Title: **Chief Executive Officer and President**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this Report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrants and in the capacities and on the date indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ JAMES B. PERRY	Director, Chief Executive Officer and President	March 16, 2007
<b>James B. Perry</b>	(Principal Executive Officer)	
/s/ DALE R. BLACK	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	March 16, 2007
<b>Dale R. Black</b>	(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	
*	Chairman of the Board	March 16, 2007
<b>Donald J. Trump</b>		
*	Director	March 16, 2007
<b>Wallace B. Askins</b>		
*	Director	March 16, 2007
<b>Edward H. D Alelio</b>		



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*	Director	March 16, 2007
<b>James J. Florio</b>		
*	Director	March 16, 2007
<b>Cezar M. Froelich</b>		

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<b>Signature</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Date</b>
*	Director	March 16, 2007
<b>Morton E. Handel</b>		
*	Director	March 16, 2007
<b>Michael A. Kramer</b>		
*	Director	March 16, 2007
<b>Don M. Thomas</b>		

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\* Dale R. Black, by signing his name hereto, does sign this document on behalf of the above-named individuals, pursuant to the powers of attorney duly executed by such individuals, which have been filed as an exhibit to this Report.

/s/ DALE R. BLACK  
Dale R. Black

*Attorney-in-Fact*