

BARCLAYS PLC
Form 6-K
August 02, 2011

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER
PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-16 OR 15D-16
UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

August 2, 2011

Barclays PLC and
Barclays Bank PLC
(Names of Registrants)

1 Churchill Place

London E14 5HP
England

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports
under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information
contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the
Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes No

If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant
in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b):

This Report is a joint Report on Form 6-K filed by Barclays PLC and Barclays
Bank PLC. All of the issued ordinary share capital of Barclays Bank PLC is
owned by Barclays PLC.

This Report comprises:

Information given to The London Stock Exchange and furnished pursuant to
General Instruction B to the General Instructions to Form 6-K.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Half Yearly Report dated 2nd August 2011

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, each of the registrants has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BARCLAYS PLC
(Registrant)

Date: August 2, 2011

By: /s/ Patrick Gonsalves

Patrick Gonsalves
Deputy Secretary

BARCLAYS BANK PLC
(Registrant)

Date: August 2, 2011

By: /s/ Patrick Gonsalves

Patrick Gonsalves
Joint Secretary

Barclays Bank PLC
Interim Results Announcement

30 June 2011

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BARCLAYS BANK PLC, 1 CHURCHILL PLACE, LONDON, E14 5HP, UNITED KINGDOM. TELEPHONE:
+44 (0) 20 7116 1000. COMPANY NO. 1026167

The term 'Barclays PLC Group' means Barclays PLC together with its subsidiaries and the term 'Barclays Bank PLC Group' or 'Group' means Barclays Bank PLC together with its subsidiaries. 'Barclays' is used to refer to either of the preceding groups when the subject matter is identical. The term 'Parent Company' or 'Parent' refers to Barclays PLC and the term 'Bank' or 'Company' refers to Barclays Bank PLC. In this report, the abbreviations '£m' and '£bn' represent millions and thousands of millions of pounds sterling respectively; the abbreviations 'US\$m' and 'US\$bn' represent millions and thousands of millions of US Dollars respectively and '€m' and '€bn' represent millions and thousands of millions of euros respectively. Information relates to the Group unless otherwise stated.

Unless otherwise stated, the income statement analyses compare the six months to 30 June 2011 to the corresponding six months of 2010 and balance sheet comparisons relate to the corresponding position at 31 December 2010.

Adjusted profit before tax and adjusted performance metrics have been presented to provide a more consistent basis for comparing business performance between periods. These measures exclude: the impact of own credit; the provision for PPI redress; and gains and losses on acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates, joint ventures and strategic investments.

Relevant terms that are used in this document but are not defined under applicable regulatory guidance or International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) are explained in the glossary on pages 109 to 116.

In accordance with Barclays policy to provide meaningful disclosures that help investors and other stakeholders understand the financial position, performance and changes in the financial position of the Group for the year, and having regard to the BBA Disclosure Code, the information provided in this report goes beyond minimum requirements. Barclays continues to develop its financial reporting considering best practice and welcomes feedback from investors, regulators and other stakeholders on the disclosures that investors would find most useful.

The information in this announcement, which was approved by the Board of Directors on 1 August 2011, does not comprise statutory accounts within the meaning of Section 434 of the Companies Act 2006. Statutory accounts for the year ended 31 December 2010, which included certain information required for the Joint Annual Report on Form 20-F of Barclays PLC and Barclays Bank PLC to the US Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and which contained an unqualified audit report under Section 495 of the Companies Act 2006 and which did not make any statements under Section 498 of the Companies Act 2006, have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies in accordance with Section 441 of the Companies Act 2006.

Forward-looking Statements

This document contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the US Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 27A of the US Securities Act of 1933, as amended, with respect to certain of the Group's plans and its current goals and expectations relating to its future financial condition and performance. Barclays cautions readers that no forward-looking statement is a guarantee of future performance and that actual results could differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate only to historical or current facts. Forward-looking statements sometimes use words such as "may", "will", "seek", "continue", "aim", "anticipate", "target", "estimate", "intend", "plan", "goal", "believe" or other words of similar meaning. Examples of forward-looking statements include, among others, statements regarding the Group's future financial position, income growth, assets, impairment charges, business strategy, capital ratios, leverage, payment of dividends, projected levels of growth in the banking and financial markets, projected costs, estimates of capital expenditures, and plans and objectives for future operations and other statements that are not historical fact. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to future events and circumstances, including, but not limited to, UK domestic and global economic and business conditions, the effects of continued volatility in credit markets, market related risks such as changes in interest rates and exchange rates, effects of changes in valuation of credit market exposures, changes in valuation of issued notes, the policies and actions of governmental and regulatory authorities, including requirements regarding capital and Group structures, changes in legislation, the further development of standards and interpretations under IFRS applicable to past, current and future periods, evolving practices with regard to the interpretation and application of standards under IFRS, the outcome of pending and future litigation, the success of future acquisitions and other strategic transactions and the impact of competition - a number of such factors being beyond the Group's control. As a result, the Group's actual future results may differ materially from the plans, goals, and expectations set forth in the Group's forward-looking statements.

Any forward-looking statements made herein speak only as of the date they are made. Except as required by the UK Financial Services Authority (FSA), the London Stock Exchange or applicable law, Barclays expressly disclaims any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statements contained in this announcement to reflect any change in Barclays expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based. The reader should, however, consult any additional disclosures that Barclays has made or may make in documents it has filed or may file with the SEC.

Basis of Preparation

This document together with the addendum that represents the Barclays PLC consolidated interim financial statements represent the Barclays Bank PLC (the "Group") consolidated financial statements.

Barclays Bank PLC is a wholly owned subsidiary of Barclays PLC, which is the Group's ultimate parent company. The consolidated results and financial position of Barclays Bank PLC Group and Barclays PLC Group are materially the same, with the key differences being that, in accordance with IFRS:

- Barclays PLC shares held by the Group in employee share schemes totalling £482m (31 December 2010: £330m) and those held for trading purposes totalling £60m (31 December 2010: £63m) are deducted from reserves in Barclays PLC but recognised as available for sale and trading portfolio assets within Barclays Bank PLC;
-

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Preference shares issued by Barclays Bank PLC of £5,868m (31 December 2010: £5,868m) are included within share capital and share premium in the Barclays Bank PLC Group but represent non-controlling interests in the Barclays PLC Group; and

- Certain issuances of reserve capital instruments and capital notes by Barclays Bank PLC totalling £1,195m (31 December 2010: £2,069m) are included within other shareholders' equity in the Barclays Bank PLC Group, but represent non-controlling interests in Barclays PLC.

More extensive disclosures are contained in the Barclays PLC Annual Report for the year ended 31st December 2010, including risk exposures and business performance, which are materially the same as those in Barclays Bank PLC.

These consolidated interim financial statements do not comprise the Group's statutory accounts. The Group's statutory accounts, for the year ended 31 December 2010, on which the auditors issued an unmodified audit opinion, have been filed with the Registrar of Companies.

The Group's consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting, using the same accounting policies and methods of computation as those used in the 2010 Barclays Bank PLC Annual Report.

There have been no accounting developments since those disclosed in the 2010 Annual Report that we would expect to have a material impact on the Group's 2011 results.

Going Concern

The Group's business activities and financial position, the factors likely to affect its future development and performance, and its objectives and policies in managing the financial risks to which it is exposed and its capital are discussed in the Results by Business, Risk Management and Capital and Performance Management sections of the Barclays PLC Interim Results Announcement.

The Directors have assessed, in the light of current and anticipated economic conditions, the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Directors confirm they are satisfied that the Group has adequate resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the 'going concern' basis for preparing accounts.

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors confirm to the best of their knowledge that the condensed consolidated interim financial statements set out on pages 4 to 8 have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting', as adopted by the European Union, and that the interim management report herein includes a fair review of the information required by Disclosure and Transparency Rules 4.2.7 and 4.2.8 namely:

- an indication of important events that have occurred during the six months ended 30th June 2011 and their impact on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, and a description of the principal risks and uncertainties for the remaining six months of the financial year; and
- material related party transactions in the six months ended 30th June 2011 and any material changes in the related party transactions described in the last Annual Report.

On behalf of the Board

Bob Diamond

Chief Executive

Chris Lucas

Group Finance Director

Independent Auditor's Review

Independent Auditors' Review Report to Barclays Bank PLC

Introduction

We have been engaged by Barclays Bank PLC to review the condensed consolidated interim financial statements in the interim results announcement for the six months ended 30th June 2011, which comprises the basis of preparation on page 1, the condensed consolidated income statement on page 4, condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 5, condensed consolidated balance sheet on page 6, condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 7, condensed consolidated cash flow statement on page 8 and related notes on page 9. We have read the other information contained in the interim results announcement and considered whether it contains any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the information in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Directors' Responsibilities

The interim results announcement is the responsibility of, and has been approved by, the Directors. The Directors are responsible for preparing the interim results announcement in accordance with the Disclosure and Transparency Rules of the United Kingdom's Financial Services Authority.

As disclosed in the 'Accounting Policies' section, the annual financial statements of the Group are prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements included in this interim results announcement have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting", as adopted by the European Union.

Our Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express to the company a conclusion on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements in the interim results announcement based on our review. This report, including the conclusion, has been prepared for and only for the company for the purpose of the Disclosure and Transparency Rules of the Financial Services Authority and for no other purpose. We do not, in producing this report, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements (UK and Ireland) 2410, 'Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity' issued by the Auditing Practices Board for use in the United Kingdom. A review of interim financial information consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the condensed consolidated interim financial statements in the interim results announcement for the six months ended 30th June 2011 are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 as adopted by the European Union and the Disclosure and Transparency Rules of the United Kingdom's Financial Services Authority.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants London,
United Kingdom
1 August 2011

1 The maintenance and integrity of the Barclays website is the responsibility of the Directors; the work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the website.

2 Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

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Condensed Consolidated Income Statement (Unaudited)

Continuing Operations	Notes ¹	Half Year Ended	Half Year Ended	Half Year Ended
		30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10
		£m	£m	£m
Net interest income		6,186	6,551	5,967
Net fee and commission income		4,419	4,677	4,194
Net trading income		3,897	2,448	5,632
Net investment income		602	961	529
Net premiums from insurance contracts		569	555	582
Other income		60	29	89
Total income		15,733	15,221	16,993
Net claims and benefits incurred on insurance contracts		(397)	(349)	(415)
Total income net of insurance claims		15,336	14,872	16,578
Impairment charges and other credit provisions		(1,828)	(2,592)	(3,080)
Net operating income		13,508	12,280	13,498
Staff costs		(6,110)	(6,104)	(5,812)
Administration and general expenses		(3,121)	(3,308)	(3,273)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		(351)	(382)	(408)
Amortisation of intangible assets		(197)	(213)	(224)
Goodwill impairment		(47)	(243)	-
Operating expenses excluding provision for PPI redress		(9,826)	(10,250)	(9,717)
Provision for PPI redress ²		(1,000)	-	-
Operating expenses		(10,826)	(10,250)	(9,717)
Share of post-tax results of associates and joint ventures		36	25	33
(Loss)/Profit on disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures		(65)	77	4
Gains on acquisitions		-	-	129
Profit before tax		2,653	2,132	3,947
Tax		(661)	(490)	(1,026)
Profit after tax		1,992	1,642	2,921
Attributable to:				
Equity holders of the parent		1,773	1,440	2,732
Non-controlling interest	1	219	202	189
Profit after tax		1,992	1,642	2,921

1 For notes specific to Barclays Bank PLC see page 9 and pages 87 to 106 for those that also relate to Barclays PLC.

2 Provision for the settlement of PPI claims pending as at, and those after, 9 May 2011, following the conclusion of the Judicial Review proceedings.

Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

	Half Year Ended 30.06.11	Half Year Ended 31.12.10	Half Year Ended 30.06.10
	£m	£m	£m
Profit after tax	1,992	1,642	2,921
Other Comprehensive Income			
Continuing operations			
Currency translation differences	(790)	129	1,048
Available for sale financial assets	315	815	(2,070)
Cash flow hedges	(88)	(577)	533
Other	23	32	27
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax, from continuing operations	(540)	399	(462)
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,452	2,041	2,459
Attributable to:			
Equity holders of the parent	1,463	1,482	2,127
Non-controlling interests	(11)	559	332
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,452	2,041	2,459

Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet (Unaudited)

		As at 30.06.11	As at 31.12.10	As at 30.06.10
	Notes ¹	£m	£m	£m
Assets				
Cash and balances at central banks		86,916	97,630	103,928
Items in the course of collection from other banks		1,317	1,384	961
Trading portfolio assets		181,859	168,930	167,087
Financial assets designated at fair value		39,122	41,485	42,764
Derivative financial instruments		379,854	420,319	505,210
Loans and advances to banks		58,751	37,799	45,924
Loans and advances to customers		441,983	427,942	448,266
Reverse repurchase agreements and other similar secured lending		196,867	205,772	197,050
Available for sale financial investments	3	82,319	65,440	53,276
Current and deferred tax assets		3,007	2,713	2,187
Prepayments, accrued income and other assets		6,156	5,269	6,185
Investments in associates and joint ventures		576	518	406
Goodwill and intangible assets		8,541	8,697	8,824
Property, plant and equipment		6,196	6,140	5,738
Total assets		1,493,464	1,490,038	1,587,806
Liabilities				
Deposits from banks		84,188	77,975	94,304
Items in the course of collection due to other banks		1,324	1,321	1,500
Customer accounts		373,384	345,802	360,993
Repurchase agreements and other similar secured borrowing		247,635	225,534	227,706
Trading portfolio liabilities		77,208	72,693	71,752
Financial liabilities designated at fair value		92,473	97,729	89,015
Derivative financial instruments		366,536	405,516	486,261
Debt securities in issue		144,871	156,623	151,728
Accruals, deferred income and other liabilities		12,952	13,233	13,812
Current and deferred tax liabilities		1,100	1,160	1,491
Subordinated liabilities		26,786	28,499	25,929
Provisions		2,074	947	807
Retirement benefit liabilities		412	365	788
Liabilities of disposal group		-	-	-
Total liabilities		1,430,943	1,427,397	1,526,086
Shareholders' Equity				
Shareholders' equity excluding non-controlling interests		59,167	59,174	58,704
Non-controlling interests	1	3,354	3,467	3,016
Total shareholders' equity		62,521	62,641	61,720

Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	1,493,464	1,490,038	1,587,806
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1 For notes specific to Barclays Bank PLC see page 9 and pages 87 to 106 for those that also relate to Barclays PLC.

Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (Unaudited)

	Called up Share Capital and Share Premium ¹	Other Reserves	Retained Earnings	Total Non-controlling Interests	Total Equity
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Half Year Ended 30.06.11					
Balance at 1 January 2011	14,494	3,230	41,450	59,174	62,641
Profit after tax	-	-	1,773	1,773	1,992
Other comprehensive income net of tax:					
Currency translation movements	-	(608)	-	(608)	(790)
Available for sale investments	-	323	-	323	315
Cash flow hedges	-	(48)	-	(48)	(88)
Other	-	14	9	23	23
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(319)	1,782	1,463	1,452
Equity settled share schemes	-	-	361	361	361
Vesting of Barclays PLC shares under share-based schemes	-	-	(423)	(423)	(423)
Dividends paid	-	-	(669)	(669)	(764)
Redemption of Reserve Capital Instruments	-	(887)	-	(887)	(887)
Other reserve movements	-	(1)	149	148	141
Balance at 30 June 2011	14,494	2,023	42,650	59,167	62,521
Half Year Ended 31.12.10					
Balance at 1 July 2010	14,494	3,747	40,463	58,704	61,720
Profit after tax	-	-	1,440	1,440	1,642
Other comprehensive income net of tax:					

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Currency translation movements	-	(193)	-	(193)	322	129
Available for sale investments	-	809	-	809	6	815
Cash flow hedges	-	(606)	-	(606)	29	(577)
Other	-	22	10	32	-	32
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	32	1,450	1,482	559	2,041
Equity settled share schemes	-	-	425	425	-	425
Vesting of Barclays PLC shares under share-based schemes	-	-	(384)	(384)	-	(384)
Dividends paid	-	-	(466)	(466)	(76)	(542)
Capital injection from Barclays PLC	-	-	144	144	-	144
Redemption of Reserve Capital Instruments	-	(487)	-	(487)	-	(487)
Other reserve movements	-	(62)	(182)	(244)	(32)	(276)
Balance at 31 December 2010	14,494	3,230	41,450	59,174	3,467	62,641
Half Year Ended 30.06.10						
Balance at 1 January 2010	14,494	4,342	37,089	55,925	2,774	58,699
Profit after tax	-	-	2,732	2,732	189	2,921
Other comprehensive income net of tax:						
Currency translation movements	-	935	-	935	113	1,048
Available for sale investments	-	(2,073)	-	(2,073)	3	(2,070)
Cash flow hedges	-	506	-	506	27	533
Other	-	23	4	27	-	27
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(609)	2,736	2,127	332	2,459
Equity settled share schemes	-	-	405	405	-	405
Vesting of Barclays PLC shares under share-based schemes	-	-	(334)	(334)	-	(334)
Dividends paid	-	-	(414)	(414)	(82)	(496)
Capital injection from Barclays PLC	-	-	1,070	1,070	-	1,070
Other reserve movements	-	14	(89)	(75)	(8)	(83)
Balance at 30 June 2010	14,494	3,747	40,463	58,704	3,016	61,720

1 Details of share capital are shown on page 9.

Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (Unaudited)

	Half Year Ended	Half Year Ended	Half Year Ended
	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10
	£m	£m	£m
Continuing Operations			
Profit before tax	2,653	2,132	3,947
Adjustment for non-cash items	2,547	1,271	(1,282)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	27,054	(8,992)	22,076
Corporate income tax paid	(890)	(730)	(700)

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Net cash from operating activities	31,364	(6,319)	24,041
Net cash from investing activities	(15,465)	(8,850)	3,223
Net cash from financing activities	(2,300)	1,629	(506)
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	(1,583)	1,095	2,747
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	12,016	(12,445)	29,505
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	131,400	143,845	114,340
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	143,416	131,400	143,845

Notes

1. Non-controlling Interests

	Profit Attributable to Non-controlling Interest			Equity Attributable to Non-controlling Interest		
	Half Year Ended 30.06.11 £m	Half Year Ended 31.12.10 £m	Half Year Ended 30.06.10 £m	Half Year Ended 30.06.11 £m	Half Year Ended 31.12.10 £m	Half Year Ended 30.06.10 £m
Absa Group Limited	197	184	178	3,110	3,208	2,779
Other non-controlling interests	22	18	11	244	259	237
Total	219	202	189	3,354	3,467	3,016

The £98m decrease in Absa Group Limited equity non-controlling interest to £3,110m (31 December 2010: £3,208m) is principally due to £176m downward foreign exchange and £40m cash flow hedging reserve movements, offset by the retained profit attributable to non-controlling interest of £124m.

2. Dividends

	Half Year Ended 30.06.11 £m	Half Year Ended 31.12.10 £m	Half Year Ended 30.06.10 £m
Dividends Paid During the Period			
Ordinary shares	401	111	124
Preference shares	216	250	235
Other equity instruments	52	105	55
Total	669	466	414

Ordinary dividends were paid to enable Barclays PLC to fund its dividend to shareholders.

3. Available for Sale Financial Investments

Available for sale assets includes £482m (31 December 2010: £330m) Barclays PLC shares held by employee share option schemes, which in the financial statements of Barclays PLC are accounted for as treasury shares and deducted from equity.

4. Share Capital

Ordinary Shares

At 30 June 2011 the issued ordinary share capital of Barclays Bank PLC, comprised 2,342 million ordinary shares of £1 each (2010: 2,342 million).

Preference Shares

At 30 June 2011 the issued preference share capital of Barclays Bank PLC, comprised 1,000 Sterling Preference Shares of £1 each (2010: 1,000); 240,000 Euro Preference Shares of €100 each (2010: 240,000); 75,000 Sterling Preference Shares of £100 each (2010: 75,000); 100,000 US Dollar Preference Shares of US\$ 100 each (2010: 100,000); and 237 million US Dollar Preference Shares of US\$0.25 each (2010: 237 million).

Barclays PLC Interim Results Announcement

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BARCLAYS PLC, 1 CHURCHILL PLACE, LONDON, E14 5HP, UNITED KINGDOM. TELEPHONE: +44 (0) 20 7116 1000. COMPANY NO. 48839

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Adjusted profit before tax and adjusted performance metrics have been presented to provide a more consistent basis for comparing business performance between periods. These measures exclude: the impact of own credit; the provision for PPI redress; and gains and losses on acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates, joint ventures and strategic investments.

Relevant terms that are used in this document but are not defined under applicable regulatory guidance or International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) are explained in the glossary on pages 109 to 116.

In accordance with Barclays policy to provide meaningful disclosures that help investors and other stakeholders understand the financial position, performance and changes in the financial position of the Group for the year, and having regard to the BBA Disclosure Code, the information provided in this report goes beyond minimum requirements. Barclays continues to develop its financial reporting considering best practice and welcomes feedback from investors, regulators and other stakeholders on the disclosures that investors would find most useful.

The information in this announcement, which was approved by the Board of Directors on 1 August 2011, does not comprise statutory accounts within the meaning of Section 434 of the Companies Act 2006. Statutory accounts for the year ended 31 December 2010, which included certain information required for the Joint Annual Report on Form 20-F of Barclays PLC and Barclays Bank PLC to the US Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and which contained an unqualified audit report under Section 495 of the Companies Act 2006 and which did not make any statements under Section 498 of the Companies Act 2006, have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies in accordance with Section 441 of the Companies Act 2006.

Forward-looking Statements

This document contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the US Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 27A of the US Securities Act of 1933, as amended, with respect to certain of the Group's plans and its current goals and expectations relating to its future financial condition and performance. Barclays cautions readers that no forward-looking statement is a guarantee of future performance and that actual results could differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements. These

forward-looking statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate only to historical or current facts. Forward-looking statements sometimes use words such as “may”, “will”, “seek”, “continue”, “aim”, “anticipate”, “target”, “estimate”, “intend”, “plan”, “goal”, “believe” or other words of similar meaning. Examples of forward-looking statements include, among others, statements regarding the Group’s future financial position, income growth, assets, impairment charges, business strategy, capital ratios, leverage, payment of dividends, projected levels of growth in the banking and financial markets, projected costs, estimates of capital expenditures, and plans and objectives for future operations and other statements that are not historical fact. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to future events and circumstances, including, but not limited to, UK domestic and global economic and business conditions, the effects of continued volatility in credit markets, market related risks such as changes in interest rates and exchange rates, effects of changes in valuation of credit market exposures, changes in valuation of issued notes, the policies and actions of governmental and regulatory authorities, including requirements regarding capital and Group structures, changes in legislation, the further development of standards and interpretations under IFRS applicable to past, current and future periods, evolving practices with regard to the interpretation and application of standards under IFRS, the outcome of pending and future litigation, the success of future acquisitions and other strategic transactions and the impact of competition - a number of such factors being beyond the Group’s control. As a result, the Group’s actual future results may differ materially from the plans, goals, and expectations set forth in the Group’s forward-looking statements.

Any forward-looking statements made herein speak only as of the date they are made. Except as required by the UK Financial Services Authority (FSA), the London Stock Exchange or applicable law, Barclays expressly disclaims any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statements contained in this announcement to reflect any change in Barclays expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based. The reader should, however, consult any additional disclosures that Barclays has made or may make in documents it has filed or may file with the SEC.

Performance Highlights

Group Unaudited Results	30.06.11	30.06.10	%
	£m	£m	Change
Total income net of insurance claims excluding own credit	15,241	15,730	(3)
Own credit gain	89	851	nm
Total income net of insurance claims	15,330	16,581	(8)
Impairment charges and other credit provisions	(1,828)	(3,080)	(41)
Net operating income	13,502	13,501	0
Operating expenses excluding provision for payment protection insurance (PPI) redress	(9,829)	(9,720)	1
Provision for PPI redress ¹	(1,000)	-	nm
Profit before tax	2,644	3,947	(33)
Own credit gain	(89)	(851)	nm
Provision for PPI redress ¹	1,000	-	nm
Losses/(gains) on acquisitions and disposals ²	123	(133)	nm
Adjusted profit before tax	3,678	2,963	24
Profit after tax	1,983	2,921	(32)
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent	1,498	2,431	(38)
Basic earnings per share	12.5p	20.9p	(40)
Dividend per share	2.0p	2.0p	0

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Capital and Balance Sheet	30.06.11	31.12.10	
Core Tier 1 ratio	11.0%	10.8%	nm
Risk weighted assets	£395bn	£398bn	(1)
Adjusted gross leverage	20x	20x	nm
Group liquidity pool	£145bn	£154bn	(6)
Net asset value per share	423p	417p	1
Net tangible asset value per share	353p	346p	2
Group loan: deposit ratio	118%	124%	nm

	Adjusted ³		Statutory	
Performance Measures	30.06.11	30.06.10	30.06.11	30.06.10
Return on average shareholders' equity	9.1%	6.9%	5.9%	9.8%
Return on average tangible shareholders' equity	10.9%	8.4%	7.1%	12.0%
Return on average risk weighted assets	1.4%	1.1%	1.0%	1.5%
Cost: income ratio	64%	62%	71%	59%
Cost: net operating income ratio	73%	77%	80%	72%

	Adjusted ³		Statutory	
Profit Before Tax by Business				
Retail and Business Banking	1,446	1,086	446	1,219
Corporate and Investment Banking	2,327	2,172	2,352	3,023
Wealth and Investment Management	139	126	81	126
Head Office Functions and Other Operations	(234)	(421)	(235)	(421)
Profit before tax	3,678	2,963	2,644	3,947

	30.06.11		30.06.10	
Income by Geographic Segment ⁴	£m	%	£m	%
UK	6,279	41	6,491	39
Europe	2,226	15	2,818	17
Americas	3,687	24	4,104	25
Africa and the Middle East	2,501	16	2,392	14
Asia	637	4	776	5

1 Provision for the settlement of PPI claims following the conclusion of the Judicial Review proceedings. Refer to note 17 for further details.

2 2011 includes a £58m loss on disposal of a portion of the Group's strategic investment in BlackRock, Inc. recycled through investment income, and a £64m provision relating to the sale of Barclays Bank Russia.

3 Adjusted performance metrics reflect the adjusting items to profit before tax disclosed above.

4 Total income net of insurance claims based on counterparty location.

Performance Highlights

"I am pleased with the progress made across Barclays in the first half. We have performed well on our journey to a targeted 13% return on equity by 2013 and have made specific progress against our execution priorities of capital strength, returns on equity, income growth and citizenship.

We have delivered underlying profit before tax up 24% to £3,678m¹, and our underlying return on average shareholders' equity improved to 9.1%, despite a lacklustre economic environment in many of our major markets which impacted income generation. Our operating expenses have been tightly controlled while we have continued to invest in selected growth initiatives in a number of our businesses.

Our capital, liquidity and funding position is rock solid. We look forward to the finalisation of new banking regulations over the coming months. This will help us balance requirements to hold more capital and liquidity on the one hand, with the desire of shareholders for us to distribute higher dividends and with business demand for us to help support economic growth, on the other. In the meantime we are meeting our Project Merlin commitments and have extended £20bn of new lending to businesses in the UK in the first half. We are on track to lend at least £40bn for the year.”

Bob Diamond, Chief Executive

- Adjusted Group profit before tax of £3,678m up 24% (2010: £2,963m). Profit before tax of £2,644m down 33% (2010: £3,947m), reflecting the £1,000m PPI provision, loss on acquisitions and disposals, and reduced gain on own credit
- Impairment charge of £1,828m down 41% (2010: £3,080m) with a year-to-date annualised loan loss rate of 74bps (2010: 118bps)
 - Net operating income up 6% to £13,413m (2010: £12,650m) excluding own credit
 - Operating expenses excluding PPI provision of £9,829m up 1% (2010: £9,720m)
- Adjusted return on average shareholders' equity improved to 9.1% (2010: 6.9%) and adjusted return on average tangible shareholders' equity improved to 10.9% (2010: 8.4%)
- Core Tier 1 ratio strengthened to 11.0% (31 December 2010: 10.8%), adjusted gross leverage was 20x (31 December 2010: 20x) and liquidity was strong with a liquidity pool of £145bn (31 December 2010: £154bn)
- Increased gross new UK lending to businesses of £20bn, including £7bn to SMEs, exceeding Project Merlin targets
 - Second interim dividend of 1.0p per share, making 2.0p for the half year

¹ Underlying or adjusted results reverse out the financial impact of the provision for PPI redress, movements in own credit and acquisitions and disposals over the period because we view these items as one-off and want to demonstrate the trends in our operating performance. We have not adjusted for restructuring costs.

Chief Executive's Review

H1 2011 Performance Summary

Barclays delivered an encouraging performance in the first half of 2011. Our universal banking model provides diversification by business line, product, geography and funding source, and has again been a source of strength in volatile financial markets. Adjusted Group profit before tax increased 24% to £3,678m (2010: £2,963m). Net operating income, excluding own credit, increased 6% to £13,413m (2010: £12,650m) as the continued improvement in impairment more than offset a 3% fall in total income, excluding own credit, to £15,241m.

We set out at our recent Investor Seminar our plans to deliver 13% return on equity by 2013. The results we are reporting today demonstrate the steady progress we are making on delivering against that goal, despite economic and regulatory uncertainties, by focusing on our core execution priorities of Capital, Returns, Income Growth and Citizenship.

Capital

We continue to strengthen our capital position and our net asset value. Our Core Tier 1 ratio stood at 11.0% at the end of June, up from 10.8% at the year end. Net asset value per share also increased 6p to 423p since the year end and has increased by 9p over the second quarter.

Our Core Tier 1 ratio has now doubled from 5.6% since the end of 2008 and a significant proportion of this increase has been as a result of the sustained profitability of Barclays over this period. We will continue to generate internally any additional capital that we will be required to hold to meet regulatory change over the coming years.

We have also maintained strong liquidity, with a surplus liquidity pool, of £145bn, which protects us from funding stress, a Basel III Liquidity Coverage Ratio up to 86% from 80% at the year end and a Basel III Net Stable Funding Ratio of 96%, up from 94% at the year end. We have pre-financed all our wholesale term funding which matures in 2011. Our adjusted gross leverage is consistent at 20x.

In July we passed the European Banking Authority's (EBA) Stress Test. Our EBA-defined CT1 ratio was 7.3%, significantly above the 5% minimum level set by the EBA. We achieved this result without the benefit of our shareholding in BlackRock, which is a further source of capital strength at a time of stress. We have provided further information in this Interim Results Announcement on our Eurozone exposures, the majority of which relate to our retail and corporate banking businesses in Spain, Italy and Portugal, in order to increase market understanding of our positions which we believe are appropriately marked and many of which are secured.

Our financial strength presents a rock solid foundation for our business in times of economic uncertainty.

Returns

Our commitment is to deliver a 13% return on equity by 2013. We reaffirmed this at our recent Investor Seminar and provided further detail then on a business by business basis of how we propose to achieve this. So what progress have we made over the first half? In aggregate our adjusted return on average shareholders' equity improved to 9.1% (2010:

6.9%) and our adjusted return on average tangible shareholders' equity improved to 10.9% (2010: 8.4%).

Retail and Business Banking - We are focused on creating happy customers and positive operating jaws, in other words income growing faster than costs, in order to deliver returns on equity of 13-15% by 2013. We have set aside £1bn as a provision to enable us to resolve outstanding Payment Protection Insurance (PPI) complaints and are moving quickly to clear this issue in a transparent and efficient manner. In UK Retail and Business Banking, we are executing end-to-end customer process simplification with the goal of reducing complaints by between 20% and 50% per process by 2013. Our customer satisfaction shows encouraging trends. We closed our branch-based financial planning business as we could not see a path to adequate returns for this business in the UK. In Spain, we substantially strengthened our management team and reached agreement with labour unions and the Government to restructure our network and cost base which will see a 20% reduction in the branch network and a 16% reduction in headcount. In Europe RBB, we broke even in June before restructuring. Our European business has a way to go before reaching our target return thresholds but we are taking the tough decisions that will put this on track. In Barclaycard we acquired the Egg consumer card assets and MBNA corporate card portfolio in the UK. And in Africa RBB we are integrating the operational management of Absa and Barclays activities in the rest of the African continent to position ourselves better to take advantage of the economic growth opportunities which we expect in Africa in the years to come.

Chief Executive's Review

Corporate and Investment Banking - The development of Barclays Capital into a full service and truly global investment bank is almost complete and in the first half we were able to reduce operating expenses. We are targeting 15% return on average equity in 2013 on Basel 3 basis. Euromoney magazine named Barclays Capital its Global Investment Bank of the Year for 2011 for the first time as clients and commentators recognise the success of this transformation. While the overall business environment for investment banking services is not as strong as we would like, Barclays Capital is on track to compete as a global top 3 player in each of the major categories in which it operates and is adapting well to regulatory change. The reduction of legacy assets by £6.0bn over the half, with assets sold at or above marks in most cases, is encouraging. At Barclays Corporate, where we are targeting an 11% return on average equity in aggregate and 14% in the UK by 2013, we have turned the corner in our international businesses. The sale of Barclays Bank Russia is well advanced and we have taken a charge in the first half in anticipation of this completing shortly. Impairment in Spain is reducing as a result of the decisive and early action we took in 2010 to address the weakness of the economy and we continue to manage our risks in Spain and Portugal very carefully given current economic weakness. Our UK business has been resilient even in the face of lack of business confidence. We are on track to break even in Barclays Corporate for the full year, with substantial improvements expected thereafter.

Wealth and Investment Management - We set out in detail our ongoing plans for Barclays Wealth at our recent Investor Seminar. Over the half we continued to invest in the Gamma plan as we build out our banking staff and technology platforms. We continue to grow client assets and are on track to deliver our target returns on equity of 17-18% by 2013. We remain happy with our investment in BlackRock.

Income Growth

Our ability to generate income growth is dependent on the strength of our franchises. There are three businesses within the Barclays portfolio that are world class and operate in the top tier of their respective industries, namely UK Retail and Business Banking, Barclaycard and Barclays Capital. Each of these businesses has proven scale, leading technology and deep relationships with their customers and clients. These businesses are generating good returns in a tough economic environment that clearly demonstrates the value of these franchises.

We also have two businesses that stand on the threshold of the top tier. Barclays Wealth and Barclays Africa have great opportunities to build on their current positions. In Africa we are integrating the operational management of Absa and Barclays Africa to take full advantage of the people, technology and product expertise that exist in these businesses and our African franchises as a whole delivered income growth of 8% in the first half of 2011. In Barclays Wealth we continue to invest to build a leading reputation for performance and client service, and increase our scale. Income growth in the first half was 12% here following growth of 18% for 2010. Over the next two to three years we think these businesses will assume global top tier positions.

We have more work to do in Barclays Corporate outside the UK and in our Europe Retail and Business Bank. We believe that in both cases we have the foundations of good businesses with strong client and customer franchises. We have taken decisive action in order to improve performance which I have already referred to. These results demonstrate that our efforts are starting to pay off, but we acknowledge there is still more hard work required.

Before turning to our Citizenship performance, I want to address the overall economic and regulatory environment which will influence our revenue and impairment performance going forward.

Macroeconomic Environment

Market uncertainty about the outlook for sovereign debt in some Eurozone countries and in the US will only be allayed by decisive leadership. We have said consistently that we support efforts to deleverage the public sector in the UK and elsewhere and believe that the private sector must take up the mantle of supporting growth.

To play their full role as a catalyst for growth, banks need a clear regulatory framework within which to operate.

Together, resolution of the developed world sovereign debt crisis and a speedy conclusion of the bank regulatory reform agenda will give businesses the confidence that many currently lack to invest and grow. We note the actions of our clients: for example, the current account balances of our UK small business customers have grown 41% since the start of the year as many retain cash rather than invest.

We support efforts to reduce public sector deficits and to produce a stronger regulatory framework for banks. We continue to work with our clients, governments and regulators to support economic growth and job creation, and to deliver a safer financial system, despite the current uncertainty. The strength of corporate balance sheets and the cash that companies currently hold bodes well for economic activity and jobs once certainty is achieved, and confidence is restored. I believe that economic growth can be delivered in developed markets even as governments cut spending.

Chief Executive's Review

Regulation

Obtaining regulatory certainty is critically important in order for us to make long term investment and risk decisions in each of our businesses. During the first half of the year the Independent Commission on Banking (ICB) issued its Interim Report, including preliminary recommendations for the ring fencing of UK retail banking activities. We continue to engage proactively and constructively with the ICB, regulators and UK Government to ensure a rational and carefully evaluated set of reforms emerge that help to improve the safety of the banking system so that taxpayers are never again called upon to rescue banks, without imposing unnecessary costs or leaving the UK financial sector disadvantaged competitively relative to banks based elsewhere.

Since the end of the first half, the Financial Stability Board (FSB) has produced guidelines for globally systemically important financial institutions (GSIFIs) and recommendations for bail-in regimes and the EU has published draft regulations and directives that will introduce the Basel III framework into EU law. We continue to engage constructively with international regulators as policy proposals are developed ahead of the scheduled G20 meeting in November.

We are also engaged in the Dodd-Frank Act rule writing process in the US and expect to see continued progress over the second half of the year.

A final regulatory outcome will provide a clearer backdrop against which we can judge how much we continue to invest in our business and in the broader promotion of economic growth, versus how much we retain in higher levels of capital, or distribute to shareholders by way of a dividend. Our current dividend policy in the meantime must remain conservative though we are mindful of the importance of progressive, and affordable, increases.

Citizenship

As the Chief Executive of Barclays I have, on a number of occasions, explained the importance of citizenship and why I believe it is at the very heart of how we make decisions and manage the organisation in the interests of all stakeholders.

During the first half we supported almost 52,000 business start ups in the UK. Consistent with the objectives of Project Merlin, we remain open for business. In extending £20bn of new lending to UK businesses in the first six months of 2011 we have met the commitments we made to the UK Government regarding the extension of credit to the UK economy. We remain determined to continue to do so going forward.

You saw us take definitive action on behalf of customers relating to PPI redress in the UK. We have now drawn a line under this issue. Above all, we will continue to put customers first in all our businesses.

Barclays employs over 145,000 people globally including more than 55,000 in the UK. During the first half of this year we helped 1,300 young people experience the working world for the first time through paid internships and industrial placements.

Over 45,000 Barclays colleagues participated in Community Investment Programmes in the first half of the year, up by more than a third for the same period last year. Their combined efforts resulted in over 150,000 hours of volunteering and £9m in fundraising.

Conclusion

We are working hard to deliver against our 2013 return targets and our execution priorities. We have made good progress in the first half in delivering against these in a difficult operating environment and we remain completely focused on maintaining this momentum. I would like to pay tribute to my colleagues around the world and thank them for their unrelenting focus in helping us to deliver against our goals.

Bob Diamond, Chief Executive

Group Finance Director's Review

Group Performance

Barclays delivered adjusted profit before tax of £3,678m in the first half of 2011, an increase of 24% on 2010, after excluding movements on own credit, loss on acquisitions and disposals, and provision for Payment Protection Insurance (PPI) redress. Including these items, profit before tax was £2,644m (2010: £3,947m).

We have published our results on a statutory and adjusted basis because we viewed a number of items as one-off and want to demonstrate the trends in our operating performance.

Income excluding own credit, decreased 3% to £15,241m (2010: £15,730m). Retail and Business Banking (RBB) income increased by 3% to £6,697m, despite slow economic growth in RBB's major markets. Barclays Capital reported an 11% decrease in total income excluding own credit to £6,263m (2010: £7,061m). This decrease reflected lower contributions from the Fixed Income and Commodities businesses, partially offset by improved performance in Currencies, Equities and Prime Services, and Investment Banking.

Impairment charges across the Group against loans and advances, available for sale assets and reverse repurchase agreements improved 41% to £1,828m (2010: £3,080m). Impairment charges as a proportion of Group loans and advances as at 30 June 2011 improved to 74bps, compared to 118bps for the full year 2010.

Net operating income was flat at £13,502m (2010: £13,501m) with particularly strong increases for RBB (up 14% to £5,390m), Barclays Corporate (up 90% to £857m) and Barclays Wealth (up 14% to £829m) offset by Barclays Capital (down 15% to £6,463m).

Operating expenses, excluding the £1,000m provision for PPI redress, increased 1% to £9,829m (2010: £9,720m) reflecting an increase in restructuring costs to £216m (2010: £93m). Operating expenses in Barclays Capital decreased

3% to £4,073m. Operating expenses in RBB, excluding provision for PPI redress, increased 9% to £3,973m, principally reflecting restructuring, goodwill impairment and non-recurrence of a 2010 pension credit. Operating expenses in Barclays Corporate were broadly flat at £839m, while the 17% increase in Barclays Wealth to £740m reflected investment spend, including Project Gamma.

As a result, the Group's adjusted cost: net operating income ratio decreased to 73% (2010: 77%). At Barclays Capital the cost: net operating income (excluding own credit) ratio was 64% (2010: 62%), within our 60-65% planning range, and the compensation: income (excluding own credit) ratio was 45% (2010: 42%).

Adjusted return on average shareholders' equity improved to 9.1% (2010: 6.9%) and adjusted return on average tangible shareholders' equity improved to 10.9% (2010: 8.4%). Statutory return on average shareholders' equity was 5.9% (2010: 9.8%) and statutory return on average tangible shareholders' equity was 7.1% (2010: 12.0%).

Business Performance - Retail and Business Banking

Adjusted profit before tax for RBB rose 33% to £1,446m (2010: £1,086m) and rose 26% relative to the second half of 2010 £1,149m. Statutory profit before tax decreased 63% to £446m (2010: £1,219m).

The performance of the businesses within RBB is summarised below:

Retail and Business Banking	Half Year Ended	Half Year Ended	% Change
	30.06.11	30.06.10	
	£m	£m	
UK RBB1	704	404	74
Europe RBB	(161)	(19)	nm
Africa RBB	379	384	(1)
Barclaycard2	524	317	65
Adjusted profit before tax	1,446	1,086	33
Provision for PPI redress	(1,000)	-	nm
Gains on acquisitions and disposals	-	133	nm
Profit before tax	446	1,219	(63)

Income increased 3% to £6,697m (2010: £6,513m) driven by solid business growth in UK, Africa and Barclaycard in the UK, offset by continued customer repayments in Barclaycard US and broadly flat income in Europe. The net interest income margin across RBB remained broadly stable.

- 1 UK RBB statutory profit before tax declined to £304m (2010: £504m), including the £400m provision for PPI redress,
- 2 Barclaycard statutory profit before tax declined to a loss of £76m (2010: £317m), including the £600m provision for PPI redress.

There was exceptionally strong reduction in impairment in both UK and Barclaycard driven by focused credit risk management and card balance repayments in the US, and also strong reductions in Europe and Africa, leading to an overall reduction in impairment of 27% to £1,307m (2010: £1,800m). This in turn drove a very strong improvement in the risk adjusted net interest income margin.

Operating expenses in RBB increased 36% due to the provision of £1,000m for PPI redress. Excluding this provision, restructuring charges in Europe of £129m, goodwill impairment in Barclaycard of £47m and one-off pension credits of £200m in 2010, operating expenses were slightly down and operating jaws were positive.

RBB made good progress toward its overall 13% return on equity commitment with both UK and Barclaycard adjusted returns on equity (excluding the effects of the PPI provision) already exceeding the hurdle rate of 13%. Returns on equity for Africa and Europe remain on track to achieve the 13% threshold by 2013 and 2015 respectively. The adjusted return on average equity for RBB as a whole was 10% (2010: 9%).

Business Performance - Corporate and Investment Banking

Adjusted profit before tax for Corporate and Investment Banking rose 7% to £2,327m (2010: £2,172m) and rose 47% relative to the second half of 2010 (£1,586m). Statutory profit before tax decreased 22% to £2,352m (2010: £3,023m).

Corporate and Investment Banking	Half Year Ended	Half Year Ended	%
	30.06.11	30.06.10	
	£m	£m	Change
Barclays Capital	2,310	2,549	(9)
Barclays Corporate	17	(377)	nm
Adjusted profit before tax	2,327	2,172	7
Own credit gain	89	851	(90)
Losses on acquisitions and disposals	(64)	-	nm
Profit before tax	2,352	3,023	(22)

Barclays Capital adjusted profit before tax reduced 9% to £2,310m (2010: £2,549m). Including an own credit gain of £89m (2010: gain of £851m), profit before tax was £2,399m (2010: £3,400m). Total income excluding own credit was £6,263m, down 11% (2010: £7,061m). Fixed Income, Currency and Commodities (FICC) income of £3,916m declined 20%, reflecting lower contributions from the Fixed Income and Commodities businesses, partially offset by improved performance in Currencies. Equities and Prime Services income of £1,108m increased 5%, with growth in derivatives and equity financing. Investment Banking income of £1,132m increased 11%, driven by equity underwriting.

There was a net impairment release of £111m (2010: charge of £309m), including a £223m impairment release relating to Protium, prior to consolidation, offset by charges primarily relating to leveraged finance. Operating expenses decreased 3%. Excluding the impact of own credit, cost to net operating income was 64% and compensation to income was 45%. Adjusted return on average equity was 15% (2010: 14%).

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Total income excluding own credit in the second quarter of 2011 was £2,897m, down 14% on the first quarter of 2011, reflecting lower activity levels. FICC income declined 22% and Investment Banking decreased 15% following a very strong first quarter in equity and debt underwriting. Equities and Prime Services income increased 3%.

Barclays Corporate adjusted profit before tax was £17m (2010: loss of £377m), excluding a provision for the expected loss on disposal of Barclays Bank Russia of £64m. Including this provision the loss before tax was £47m. Profits increased in the UK and losses were reduced significantly in both Europe and Rest of the World. Income increased 5%, reflecting improvement in net interest income and a reduction in writedowns of venture capital investments. Impairment charges improved 35% to £614m (2010: £949m), driven by improvements in Spain where the charge decreased to £299m (2010: £553m). In the UK and Rest of the World operations, impairment charges also improved. Operating expenses grew 1% to £839m (2010: £829m). Adjusted return on average equity was 0%, an improvement on the negative return of 11% for the first half of 2010.

Group Finance Director's Review

Business Performance - Wealth and Investment Management

Adjusted profit before tax for Wealth and Investment Management, excluding losses on disposal of shares in BlackRock, Inc., rose 10% to £139m (2010: £126m) and rose 34% relative to the second half of 2010 (£104m). Statutory profit before tax decreased 36% to £81m (2010: £126m).

Wealth and Investment Management	Half Year Ended	Half Year Ended	%
	30.06.11	30.06.10	
	£m	£m	Change
Barclays Wealth	88	95	(7)
Investment Management	51	31	65
Adjusted profit before tax	139	126	10
Losses on acquisitions and disposals	(58)	-	nm
Profit before tax	81	126	(36)

Barclays Wealth profit before tax decreased 7% to £88m (2010: £95m), reflecting strong income growth offset by increased investment in the growth of the business. Income increased 12% to £848m (2010: £757m) from strong growth in both net interest income, and fee and commission income. Operating expenses increased 17%, reflecting investment spend and related restructuring to support the Wealth investment programme including Project Gamma expenditure of £44m (2010: £33m). Total client assets increased 3% to £169.5bn (31 December 2010: £163.9bn). Return on average equity was 10% (2010: 10%).

Investment Management reported an adjusted profit before tax of £51m (2010: £31m), excluding £58m loss (2010: £nil) on disposal of shares in BlackRock, Inc. to maintain the Group's strategic holding below 20%. This result principally reflected dividend income from the Group's available for sale holding in BlackRock, Inc. which now stands at 19.7%. The loss before tax for the period was £7m (2010: profit of £31m).

The value of the holding as at 30 June 2011 was £0.8bn below the value at acquisition (31 December 2010: £0.9bn). This reduction has been reflected in the available for sale reserve and the Group's Core Tier 1 ratio. Further assessment will be undertaken in the second half to consider whether any continued shortfall compared with the value at acquisition should, subject to any significant mitigating factors, be recognised in the income statement for 2011.

Business Performance - Head Office Functions and Other Operations

Head Office Functions and Other Operations loss before tax was £235m (2010: loss £421m). Operating expenses decreased by £192m to £198m (2010: £390m), reflecting non-recurrence of a provision of £194m in relation to US economic sanctions. Income was flat at £37m loss (2010: loss £36m).

The impact of the UK bank levy, for which legislation was enacted in July 2011, has not been reflected in these results in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The total cost for 2011 is expected to be in the range of £350m-£400m.

Balance Sheet and Capital Management

Shareholders' Equity

Shareholders' equity, including non-controlling interests, at 30 June 2011 was £62.0bn (31 December 2010: £62.3bn). Excluding non-controlling interests, shareholders' equity was £51.6bn (2010: £50.9bn). Profit after tax of £2.0bn and positive available for sale movements were broadly balanced by negative currency translation, dividends paid and the redemption of Reserve Capital Instruments. Net asset value per share increased to 423p (31 December 2010: 417p). Net tangible asset value per share increased to 353p (31 December 2010: 346p).

Balance Sheet

Total assets were flat at £1,493bn (31 December 2010: £1,490bn), reflecting fluctuations in normal trading. This included reductions in gross interest rate derivative assets, reverse repurchase agreements and other similar secured lending, and a decrease in cash at central banks offset by increases in loans and advances (primarily in relation to settlement balances), available for sale investments and trading portfolio assets. The consolidation of Protium resulted in a reduction of loans and advances with the underlying assets now classified in trading portfolio assets and financial assets designated at fair value. Assets contributing to adjusted gross leverage increased 1% to £1,061bn (2010: £1,053bn).

Group Finance Director's Review

Capital Management

At 30 June 2011, the Group's Core Tier 1 ratio on a Basel II basis was 11.0% (31 December 2010: 10.8%). Retained profit excluding the impact of PPI redress contributed to a 44bps increase in Core Tier 1 ratio, more than sufficient to absorb the impact of the PPI provision and other movements. Risk weighted assets decreased to £395bn (31 December 2010: £398bn), largely as a result of foreign exchange movements. Excluding the impact of foreign exchange, risk weighted asset reductions from the sell down of legacy assets in Barclays Capital were off-set by increases as a result of the Egg acquisition and regulatory methodology changes implemented through the period.

The Group's Core Tier 1 ratio at the end of 2011 is expected to be impacted by an estimated £40bn increase of risk weighted assets as a result of the introduction of Basel 2.5 market risk RWA calculations.

Liquidity and Funding

The Group liquidity and funding position remains strong.

Basel III guidelines propose two new liquidity metrics: the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR), which measures short term liquidity stress, and the Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR), which measures the stability of long term structural funding. As at 30 June 2011, the LCR was estimated at 86% (31 December 2010: 80%) and the NSFR was estimated at 96% (31 December 2010: 94%).

Barclays raised £19bn wholesale term debt in the first half of the year across a variety of products and geographies. Term funding raised over the past 18 months has re-financed all wholesale term debt maturities for 2010 and 2011, funded strategic balance sheet growth and further extended the duration of our liabilities.

The liquidity pool held by the Group decreased slightly to £145bn at 30 June 2011, of which £132bn was invested in FSA-eligible assets. This reduction was the result of managing down short term deposits, with no effect on liquidity strength as reflected in the higher LCR. The cost of the liquidity pool decreased to approximately £300m for the first six months of 2011 compared to approximately £900m for the twelve months of 2010. Barclays will continue to optimise the liquidity pool within the parameters of the Group's Liquidity Risk Framework and in anticipation of the final Basel III standards.

Dividends

It is our policy to declare and pay dividends on a quarterly basis. We will pay an interim cash dividend for the second quarter of 2011 of 1p per share on 9 September 2011 giving a declared dividend for the first half of 2011 of 2p per share.

Outlook

While the performance of our capital markets business in July has been impacted by current market conditions, our other businesses have performed in aggregate ahead of their run rate for the first 6 months of the year.

We will continue to maintain the Group's strong capital, leverage and liquidity positions in anticipation of the new regulatory requirements for the banking industry.

Chris Lucas, Group Finance Director

Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidated Income Statement (Unaudited)

Continuing Operations	Notes ¹	Half Year Ended	Half Year Ended	Half Year Ended
		30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10
		£m	£m	£m
Net interest income	1	6,189	6,554	5,969
Net fee and commission income	2	4,419	4,677	4,194
Net trading income	3	3,896	2,445	5,633
Net investment income	4	594	948	529
Net premiums from insurance contracts		569	555	582
Other income		60	29	89
Total income		15,727	15,208	16,996
Net claims and benefits incurred on insurance contracts		(397)	(349)	(415)
Total income net of insurance claims		15,330	14,859	16,581
Impairment charges and other credit provisions		(1,828)	(2,592)	(3,080)
Net operating income		13,502	12,267	13,501
Staff costs	5	(6,110)	(6,104)	(5,812)
Administration and general expenses	5	(3,124)	(3,309)	(3,276)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		(351)	(382)	(408)
Amortisation of intangible assets		(197)	(213)	(224)
Goodwill impairment	5	(47)	(243)	-
Operating expenses excluding provision for PPI redress		(9,829)	(10,251)	(9,720)
Provision for PPI redress ²	17	(1,000)	-	-
Operating expenses		(10,829)	(10,251)	(9,720)
Share of post-tax results of associates and joint ventures		36	25	33
(Loss)/profit on disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	6	(65)	77	4
Gains on acquisitions	7	-	-	129
Profit before tax		2,644	2,118	3,947
Tax	8	(661)	(490)	(1,026)
Profit after tax		1,983	1,628	2,921
Attributable to:				
Equity holders of the parent		1,498	1,133	2,431
Non-controlling interests	9	485	495	490
Profit after tax		1,983	1,628	2,921
Earnings per Share from Continuing Operations				
Basic earnings per ordinary share	10	12.5p	9.5p	20.9p
Diluted earnings per ordinary share	10	11.9p	8.8p	19.7p

1 For notes see pages 87 to 106.

2 Provision for the settlement of PPI claims following the conclusion of the Judicial Review proceedings.

Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

		Half Year Ended 30.06.11	Half Year Ended 31.12.10	Half Year Ended 30.06.10
	Notes ¹	£m	£m	£m
Profit after tax		1,983	1,628	2,921
Other Comprehensive Income				
Continuing operations				
Currency translation differences	20	(790)	130	1,054
Available for sale financial assets	20	315	757	(1,993)
Cash flow hedges	20	(88)	(577)	533
Other		23	32	27
Other comprehensive income for the year		(540)	342	(379)
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,443	1,970	2,542
Attributable to:				
Equity holders of the parent		1,174	1,095	1,880
Non-controlling interests		269	875	662
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,443	1,970	2,542

1 For notes, see pages 87 to 106.

Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet (Unaudited)

Assets	Notes ¹	As at 30.06.11 £m	As at 31.12.10 £m	As at 30.06.10 £m
Cash and balances at central banks		86,916	97,630	103,928
Items in the course of collection from other banks		1,317	1,384	961
Trading portfolio assets		181,799	168,867	167,029
Financial assets designated at fair value		39,122	41,485	42,764
Derivative financial instruments	12	379,854	420,319	505,210
Loans and advances to banks		58,751	37,799	45,924
Loans and advances to customers		441,983	427,942	448,266
Reverse repurchase agreements and other similar secured lending		196,867	205,772	197,050
Available for sale financial investments		81,837	65,110	52,674
Current and deferred tax assets	8	3,007	2,713	2,187
Prepayments, accrued income and other assets		6,156	5,269	6,185
Investments in associates and joint ventures		576	518	406
Goodwill and intangible assets	15	8,541	8,697	8,824
Property, plant and equipment		6,196	6,140	5,738
Total assets		1,492,922	1,489,645	1,587,146
Liabilities				
Deposits from banks		84,188	77,975	94,304
Items in the course of collection due to other banks		1,324	1,321	1,500
Customer accounts		373,374	345,788	360,980
Repurchase agreements and other similar secured borrowing		247,635	225,534	227,706
Trading portfolio liabilities		77,208	72,693	71,752
Financial liabilities designated at fair value		92,473	97,729	89,015
Derivative financial instruments	12	366,536	405,516	486,261
Debt securities in issue		144,871	156,623	151,728
Accruals, deferred income and other liabilities		12,952	13,233	13,812
Current and deferred tax liabilities	8	1,100	1,160	1,491
Subordinated liabilities	16	26,786	28,499	25,929
Provisions	17	2,074	947	807
Retirement benefit liabilities	18	412	365	788
Total liabilities		1,430,933	1,427,383	1,526,073
Shareholders' Equity				

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Shareholders' equity excluding non-controlling interests		51,572	50,858	49,591
Non-controlling interests	9	10,417	11,404	11,482
Total shareholders' equity		61,989	62,262	61,073
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		1,492,922	1,489,645	1,587,146

1 For notes, see pages 87 to 106.

Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (Unaudited)

Half Year Ended 30.06.11	Called up Share Capital and Share Premium ¹ £m	Other Reserves ² £m	Retained Earnings £m	Non-controlling Total Interests £m	Total Equity £m
Balance at 1 January 2011	12,339	1,754	36,765	50,858	62,262
Profit after tax	-	-	1,498	1,498	1,983
Other comprehensive income net of tax:					
Currency translation movements	-	(608)	-	(608)	(790)
Available for sale investments	-	323	-	323	315
Cash flow hedges	-	(48)	-	(48)	(88)
Other	-	-	9	9	23
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(333)	1,507	1,174	1,443
Issue of shares under employee share schemes	22	-	361	383	383
Increase in treasury shares	-	(553)	-	(553)	(553)
Vesting of treasury shares	-	423	(423)	-	-
Dividends paid	-	-	(419)	(419)	(782)
	-	-	-	-	(887)

Redemption of Reserve Capital Instruments						
Other reserve movements	-	-	129	129	(6)	123
Balance at 30 June 2011	12,361	1,291	37,920	51,572	10,417	61,989
Half Year Ended 31.12.10						
Balance at 1 July 2010	12,064	1,474	36,053	49,591	11,482	61,073
Profit after tax	-	-	1,133	1,133	495	1,628
Other comprehensive income net of tax:						
Currency translation movements	-	(193)	-	(193)	323	130
Available for sale investments	-	751	-	751	6	757
Cash flow hedges	-	(606)	-	(606)	29	(577)
Other	-	-	10	10	22	32
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(48)	1,143	1,095	875	1,970
Issue of new ordinary shares	260	-	-	260	-	260
Issue of shares under employee share schemes	15	-	425	440	-	440
Increase in treasury shares	-	(57)	-	(57)	-	(57)
Vesting of treasury shares	-	384	(384)	-	-	-
Dividends paid	-	-	(237)	(237)	(431)	(668)
Redemption of Reserve Capital Instruments	-	-	-	-	(487)	(487)
Other reserve movements	-	1	(235)	(234)	(35)	(269)
Balance at 31 December 2010	12,339	1,754	36,765	50,858	11,404	62,262

- 1 Details of share capital are shown on page 98.
- 2 Details of other reserves for the year are shown on page 98.

Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (Unaudited)

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Half Year Ended 30.06.10	Called up	Other Retained	Earnings	Total	Non-controlling	Total
	Share					
	Premium1	Reserves2				
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Balance at 1 January 2010	10,804	2,628	33,845	47,277	11,201	58,478
Profit after tax	-	-	2,431	2,431	490	2,921
Other comprehensive income net of tax:						
Currency translation movements	-	935	-	935	119	1,054
Available for sale investments	-	(1,996)	-	(1,996)	3	(1,993)
Cash flow hedges	-	506	-	506	27	533
Other	-	-	4	4	23	27
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(555)	2,435	1,880	662	2,542
Issue of new ordinary shares	1,240	-	-	1,240	-	1,240
Issue of shares under employee share schemes	20	-	405	425	-	425
Increase in treasury shares	-	(932)	-	(932)	-	(932)
Vesting of treasury shares	-	334	(334)	-	-	-
Dividends paid	-	-	(294)	(294)	(372)	(666)
Other reserve movements	-	(1)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(14)
Balance at 30 June 2010	12,064	1,474	36,053	49,591	11,482	61,073

Condensed Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (Unaudited)

	Half Year Ended	Half Year Ended	Half Year Ended
	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10
	£m	£m	£m
Continuing Operations			
Profit before tax	2,644	2,118	3,947
Adjustment for non-cash items	3,104	1,931	(960)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	27,055	(8,988)	22,096
Corporate income tax paid	(890)	(730)	(728)
Net cash from operating activities	31,913	(5,669)	24,355
Net cash from investing activities	(15,465)	(9,448)	3,821
Net cash from financing activities	(2,849)	1,577	(1,418)
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	(1,583)	1,095	2,747
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	12,016	(12,445)	29,505
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	131,400	143,845	114,340
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	143,416	131,400	143,845

- 1 Details of share capital are shown on page 98.
- 2 Details of other reserves comprehensive income for the year are shown on page 98.

Group Results Summary

Group Results	Q211 £m	Q111 £m	Q410 £m	Q310 £m	Q210 £m	Q110 £m
Total income net of insurance claims (excluding own credit)	7,491	7,750	8,081	7,238	7,563	8,167
Own credit gain/(charge)	440	(351)	487	(947)	953	(102)
Total income net of insurance claims	7,931	7,399	8,568	6,291	8,516	8,065
Impairment charges and other credit provisions	(907)	(921)	(1,374)	(1,218)	(1,572)	(1,508)
Net operating income	7,024	6,478	7,194	5,073	6,944	6,557
Operating expenses (excluding provision for PPI redress)	(4,987)	(4,842)	(5,495)	(4,756)	(4,868)	(4,852)
Provision for PPI redress ¹	(1,000)	-	-	-	-	-
Total operating expenses	(5,987)	(4,842)	(5,495)	(4,756)	(4,868)	(4,852)
Share of post tax results of associates & JVs	19	17	16	9	18	15
(Losses)/gains on acquisitions and disposals	(67)	2	76	1	33	100
Profit before tax	989	1,655	1,791	327	2,127	1,820
Adjusted profit before tax ²	1,674	2,004	1,228	1,273	1,141	1,822
Basic earnings per share	4.0p	8.5p	9.1p	0.4p	11.6p	9.3p
Cost: income ratio	75%	65%	64%	76%	57%	60%
Cost: net operating income ratio	85%	75%	76%	94%	70%	74%
Adjusted cost: income ratio ²	66%	62%	68%	66%	64%	59%
Adjusted cost: net operating income ratio ²	75%	71%	82%	79%	81%	73%
Barclays Capital Results						
Fixed Income, Currency and Commodities	1,715	2,201	2,031	1,773	2,138	2,745
Equities and Prime Services	563	545	625	359	563	493
Investment Banking	520	612	725	501	461	556
Principal Investments	99	8	115	19	4	101
Total income (excluding own credit)	2,897	3,366	3,496	2,652	3,166	3,895
Own credit gain/(charge)	440	(351)	487	(947)	953	(102)

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Total income	3,337	3,015	3,983	1,705	4,119	3,793
Impairment charges and other credit provisions	80	31	(222)	(12)	(41)	(268)
Net operating income	3,417	3,046	3,761	1,693	4,078	3,525
Operating expenses	(2,006)	(2,067)	(2,201)	(1,881)	(2,154)	(2,059)
Share of post tax results of associates and JVs	6	3	2	6	7	3
Profit/(loss) before tax	1,417	982	1,562	(182)	1,931	1,469
Adjusted profit before tax ²	977	1,333	1,075	765	978	1,571
Cost: income ratio	60%	69%	55%	110%	52%	54%
Cost: net operating income ratio	59%	68%	59%	111%	53%	58%
Adjusted cost: income ratio ²	69%	61%	63%	71%	68%	53%
Adjusted cost: net operating income ratio ²	67%	61%	67%	71%	69%	57%

1 Provision for the settlement of PPI claims following the conclusion of the Judicial Review proceedings.

2 Adjusted profit before tax and adjusted performance metrics include: the impact of own credit gain/(charge); the provision for PPI redress; (losses)/gains on acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures; and losses on disposal of strategic investments.

Results by Business

UK Retail and Business Banking

Income Statement Information	Half Year Ended 30.06.11 £m	Half Year Ended 31.12.10 £m	Half Year Ended 30.06.10 £m
Net interest income	1,625	1,672	1,493
Net fee and commission income	591	631	624
Net trading loss	-	(2)	-
Net premiums from insurance contracts	49	57	73
Other (loss)/income	(2)	1	-
Total income	2,263	2,359	2,190
Net claims and benefits incurred under insurance contracts	(9)	(12)	(19)
Total income net of insurance claims	2,254 (275)	2,347 (372)	2,171 (447)

Impairment charges and other credit provisions						
Net operating income		1,979		1,975		1,724
Operating expenses (excluding provision for PPI redress)		(1,275)		(1,487)		(1,322)
Provision for PPI redress ¹		(400)		-		-
Operating expenses		(1,675)		(1,487)		(1,322)
Share of post-tax results of associates and joint ventures		-		(3)		2
Gains on acquisition		-		-		100
Profit before tax		304		485		504
Adjusted profit before tax ²		704		485		404
Balance Sheet Information						
Loans and advances to customers at amortised cost		£117.9bn		£115.6bn		£113.9bn
Customer deposits		£108.3bn		£108.4bn		£106.3bn
Total assets		£123.7bn		£121.6bn		£119.3bn
Risk weighted assets		£34.2bn		£35.3bn		£35.6bn
Performance Measures						
		Adjusted ²			Statutory	
		30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10	30.06.11	31.12.10
Return on average equity ³		15%	12%	8%	6%	12%
Return on average tangible equity ³		29%	22%	15%	12%	22%
Return on average risk weighted assets		3.0%	2.3%	1.5%	1.3%	2.3%
Loan loss rate (bps)		46	63	77	46	63
90 day arrears rates - UK personal loans		2.1%	2.6%	2.8%	2.1%	2.6%
Cost: income ratio		57%	63%	61%	74%	63%
Cost: net operating income ratio		64%	75%	77%	85%	75%
Key Facts						
		30.06.11		31.12.10		30.06.10
Number of UK current accounts		11.7m		11.6m		11.4m
Number of UK savings accounts		15.0m		14.4m		14.1m
Number of UK mortgage accounts		925,000		916,000		913,000
Number of Barclays Business customers		779,000		760,000		760,000
LTV of mortgage portfolio		43%		43%		42%
LTV of new mortgage lending		53%		52%		51%
Number of branches		1,634		1,658		1,674
Number of ATMs		3,361		3,345		3,343

1 Provision for the settlement of PPI claims following the conclusion of the Judicial Review proceedings.

2 Adjusted profit before tax and adjusted performance measures exclude the impact of the provision for PPI redress of £400m (2010: £nil) and gains on acquisitions of £nil (2010: £100m).

3 Return on average equity and return on average tangible equity comparatives have been revised to use 10% of average risk weighted assets (previously 9%) in the calculation of average equity and average tangible equity.

Results by Business

UK Retail and Business Banking

- Adjusted profit before tax up 74% to £704m (2010: £404m)
- Profit before tax down 40% to £304m (2010: £504m) after £400m provision for PPI redress and £100m gain on acquisition of Standard Life Bank in 2010
 - Income up 4% to £2,254m (2010: £2,171m)
 - Net interest income up 9% to £1,625m (2010: £1,493m) driven by improved margins
- Net interest margin up to 146bps (2010: 139bps) and risk adjusted net interest margin up to 122bps (2010: 98bps)
 - Average assets increased 4% to £117.0bn (30 June 2010: £112.5bn)
 - Asset margin up to 121bps (2010: 117bps)
 - Average liabilities increased 3% to £107.0bn (30 June 2010: £103.5bn)
 - Liability margin up to 168bps (2010: 161bps)
- Average mortgage balances up 6%, with strong positive net lending. Mortgage balances of £103.9bn at 30 June 2011 (31 December 2010: £101.2bn) with share by value of 9% (31 December 2010: 8%). Gross new mortgage lending of £7.6bn (30 June 2010: £8.5bn), with share by value of 12% (30 June 2010: 14%). Mortgage redemptions down to £4.9bn (30 June 2010: £5.2bn), with net new mortgage lending of £2.7bn (30 June 2010: £3.3bn)
- Average loan to value ratio on the mortgage portfolio (including buy to let) on a current valuation basis of 43% (2010: 43%). Average loan to value of new mortgage lending of 53% (2010: 52%)
- Net fee and commission income down 5% to £591m (2010: £624m) following closure of branch-based element of financial planning business
- Impairment charges down 38% to £275m (2010: £447m) with annualised loan loss rate of 46bps (2010: 77bps)
- Consumer lending impairment down 47% to £117m (2010: £221m), business lending impairment down 29% to £91m (2010: £129m), and current account impairment down 47% to £43m (2010: £81m)
 - Mortgage impairment charge of £23m (2010: £16m)
- 90 day arrears rates for the UK personal loans improved to 2.1% (31 December 2010: 2.6%)
-

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Operating expenses down 11% to £1,275m (2010: £1,440m), excluding £400m provision for PPI redress in 2011 and £118m one-off pension credit in 2010. Including these items, operating expenses up 27% to £1,675m (2010: £1,322m)

- Total loans and advances to customers up 2% to £117.9bn (31 December 2010: £115.6bn) driven by growth in mortgage balances
 - Total customer deposits flat at £108.3bn (31 December 2010: £108.4bn)
- Adjusted return on average equity up to 15% (2010: 8%) and adjusted return on average tangible equity up to 29% (2010: 15%)

1 Share by value refers to the UK RBB share of total mortgage lending across the UK as sourced from the Bank of England.

Results by Business

Europe Retail and Business Banking

Income Statement Information	Half Year Ended 30.06.11 £m	Half Year Ended 31.12.10 £m	Half Year Ended 30.06.10 £m
Net interest income	358	344	335
Net fee and commission income	219	207	214
Net trading income	5	13	7
Net investment income	33	31	36
Net premiums from insurance contracts	254	217	262
Other income/(loss)	7	(15)	24
Total income	876	797	878
Net claims and benefits incurred under insurance contracts	(272)	(235)	(276)
Total income net of insurance claims	604	562	602
Impairment charges and other credit provisions	(116)	(181)	(133)
Net operating income	488	381	469
Operating expenses	(657)	(538)	(495)
Share of post-tax results of associates and joint ventures	8	8	7
Gains on acquisition	-	-	29
(Loss)/profit before tax	(161)	(149)	10
Adjusted loss before tax ¹	(161)	(149)	(19)

Balance Sheet Information

Loans and advances to customers at amortised cost	£46.0bn			£43.4bn		£39.9bn
Customer deposits	£19.1bn			£18.9bn		£17.1bn
Total assets	£56.7bn			£53.6bn		£49.0bn
Risk weighted assets	£17.9bn			£17.3bn		£15.9bn

Performance Measures	Adjusted ¹			Statutory		
	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10
Return on average equity ^{2, 3}	(9%)	(10%)	8%	(9%)	(10%)	10%
Return on average tangible equity ^{2, 3}	(13%)	(13%)	11%	(13%)	(13%)	13%
Return on average risk weighted assets ³	(1.4%)	(1.5%)	1.2%	(1.4%)	(1.5%)	1.5%
30 day arrears rates	1.9%	1.8%	1.9%	1.9%	1.8%	1.9%
Loan loss rate (bps)	50	81	65	50	81	65
Cost: income ratio	109%	96%	82%	109%	96%	82%
Cost: net operating income ratio	135%	141%	106%	135%	141%	106%

Key Facts	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10
Number of customers	2.7m	2.7m	2.7m
Number of branches	1,120	1,120	1,111
Number of sales centres	247	243	211
Number of distribution points	1,367	1,363	1,322

1 Adjusted profit before tax and adjusted performance measures excludes the impact of gains on acquisitions of £nil (H2 2010: £nil; H1 2010: £29m).

2 Return on average equity and return on average tangible equity comparatives have been revised to use 10% of average risk weighted assets (previously 9%) in the calculation of average equity and average tangible equity.

3 Return on average equity, return on average tangible equity and return on average risk weighted assets reflect a deferred tax benefit of £nil (H2 2010: £93m; H1 2010 £112m).

Results by Business

Europe Retail and Business Banking

— Loss of £161m (2010: profit of £10m) reflecting repositioning of the business

– Restructuring charges of £129m in 2011

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- Gain of £29m on the acquisition of Italian cards business of Citigroup in 2010
 - Income flat at £604m (2010: £602m)
- Net interest income up 7% to £358m (2010: £335m) reflecting higher asset and liability volumes accompanied by higher margins
 - Net interest margin up to 118bps (2010: 115bps)
 - Average assets increased 6% to £43.4bn (30 June 2010: £40.8bn)
 - Asset margin down to 94bps (2010: 127bps) due to increased funding costs more than offsetting repricing of new business
 - Average liabilities increased 2% to £18.0bn (30 June 2010: £17.7bn)
 - Liability margin up to 96bps (2010: 49bps) due to improved pricing
 - Net fee and commission income flat at £219m (2010: £214m)
- Net premiums from insurance contracts down slightly at £254m (2010: £262m), with net claims and benefits down slightly to £272m (2010: £276m)
- Impairment charges down 13% to £116m (2010: £133m) due to focused risk management with 30 day arrears rate stable at 1.9% (31 December 2010: 1.8%)
 - Operating expenses up 33% to £657m (2010: £495m)
- Restructuring charges of £129m, largely in Spain where an agreement has been signed with unions to close 20% of branch network and reduce headcount by 16% by the end of 2011
- Excluding restructuring, cost growth of 7% reflecting Italian and Portuguese branch expansion during 2010 and the acquisition of Citigroup's credit card business in Italy in March 2010
 - Risk weighted assets up 3% to £17.9bn (31 December 2010: £17.3bn)
- Loans and advances to customers up 6% at £46.0bn (31 December 2010: £43.4bn) primarily due to foreign exchange
 - Customer deposits up slightly to £19.1bn (31 December 2010: £18.9bn)
 - Customer numbers up 1% to 2.73 million (31 December 2010: 2.70 million)
- Adjusted return on average equity of negative 9% (2010: positive 8%) although we broke even in June before restructuring
 - Target return on average equity of 4% to 5% by 2013 and 13% by 2015

Results by Business

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Africa Retail and Business Banking¹

	Half Year Ended		Half Year Ended		Half Year Ended	
Income Statement Information	30.06.11		31.12.10		30.06.10	
	£m		£m		£m	
Net interest income	1,016		1,026		1,007	
Net fee and commission income	650		685		633	
Net trading income/(loss)	43		(8)		61	
Net investment income/(loss)	30		75		(17)	
Net premiums from insurance contracts	216		212		187	
Other income	25		30		24	
Total income	1,980		2,020		1,895	
Net claims and benefits incurred under insurance contracts	(113)		(102)		(113)	
Total income net of insurance claims	1,867		1,918		1,782	
Impairment charges and other credit provisions	(268)		(232)		(330)	
Net operating income	1,599		1,686		1,452	
Operating expenses	(1,223)		(1,349)		(1,069)	
Share of post-tax results of associates and joint ventures	3		2		1	
Profit on disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	-		77		4	
Profit before tax	379		416		388	
Adjusted profit before tax ²	379		339		384	
Balance Sheet Information						
Loans and advances to customers at amortised cost	£41.7bn		£45.4bn		£41.2bn	
Customer deposits	£31.8bn		£31.3bn		£27.5bn	
Total assets	£57.1bn		£60.3bn		£54.9bn	
Risk weighted assets	£35.4bn		£38.4bn		£30.9bn	
Performance Measures						
	Adjusted ²		Statutory			
	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10
Return on average equity ³	8%	8%	10%	8%	13%	10%
Return on average tangible equity ³	15%	14%	18%	15%	18%	18%
Return on average risk weighted assets	1.5%	1.5%	1.8%	1.5%	1.9%	1.8%
Loan loss rate (bps)	124	98	153	124	98	153
Cost: income ratio	66%	70%	60%	66%	70%	60%
Cost: net operating income ratio	76%	80%	74%	76%	80%	74%
Key Facts						
	30.06.11		31.12.10		30.06.10	
Number of customers	14.5m		14.4m		14.0m	
Number of ATMs	9,816		9,530		9,450	
Number of branches	1,317		1,321		1,339	
Number of sales centres	189		222		249	

Number of distribution points	1,506	1,543	1,588
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- 1 Further analysis of the individual results for Barclays Africa and Absa are set out on page 106.
- 2 Adjusted profit before tax and adjusted performance measures excludes the impact of profit on disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures of £nil (H2 2010: £77m; H1 2010: £4m).
- 3 Return on average equity and return on average tangible equity comparatives have been revised to use 10% of average risk weighted assets (previously 9%) in the calculation of average equity and average tangible equity.

Results by Business

Africa Retail and Business Banking

- Segmental reporting for Barclays Africa and Absa now combined to reflect revised management structure
 - Profit before tax down 2% to £379m (2010: £388m)
- Business growth in Absa and a 3% average appreciation of the Rand against Sterling, more than offset by a 2010 one-off pension credit in Absa of £54m, political unrest in Egypt and adverse exchange rates in the majority of the businesses outside South Africa
 - Income up 5% to £1,867m (2010: £1,782m)
 - 10% improvement in Absa partially offset by 14% decline in non-Absa businesses
 - Net interest income up slightly at £1,016m (2010: £1,007m)
- Net interest income in Absa up 8% to £796m (2010: £737m) due to effective hedging, improved margins and appreciation in average value of Rand
- Net interest income in the non-Absa businesses down 19% to £220m (2010: £270m) due to Sterling appreciation against relevant currencies and the impact of margin compression in both retail and corporate portfolios
 - Average customer assets were stable at £40.8bn (2010: £40.6bn)
 - Driven by the appreciation of the Rand, offset by depreciation in non-Rand currencies and lower volumes
- Asset margin for Africa stable at 312bps (2010: 313bps) due to continued pricing improvements across product range in Absa and a decline in cost of funding for the rest of Africa offset by an increase in interest suspended on delinquent accounts in Absa and a decline in customer pricing for the rest of Africa

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- Average customer liabilities overall increased 11% to £30.1bn (2010: £27.1bn)
- Principally in Absa due to growth in retail deposits and the appreciation of the Rand
- Liability margin broadly stable at 242bps (2010: 247bps) driven in Absa by growth in high margin products offset by pressures on commercial margins
- Net fee and commission income up 3% to £650m (2010: £633m) reflecting impact of volume growth and selected pricing increases in Absa
- Net investment income increased to £30m (2010: loss of £17m) reflecting fair value gains on commercial property portfolios and fair value losses recognised in 2010 on Visa shares
 - Impairment charges down 19% to £268m (2010: £330m)
- Improving economy in South Africa and improving performance across non-Absa commercial portfolios, especially in Mauritius, and retail portfolio in Botswana
- Deteriorating 30-day arrears rates in non-Absa retail with increase to 2.6% (31 December 2010: 2.2%) mainly due to retail portfolios in Egypt and Botswana
 - Operating expenses up 14% to £1,223m (2010: £1,069m)
- Primarily driven by one-off pension credit in 2010, inflationary pressures in South Africa and appreciation of the Rand against Sterling
 - Adjusted return on average equity of 8% (2010: 10%)

Results by Business

Barclaycard

Income Statement Information	Half Year Ended 30.06.11 £m	Half Year Ended 31.12.10 £m	Half Year Ended 30.06.10 £m
Net interest income	1,370	1,445	1,369
Net fee and commission income	571	567	569
Net trading loss	(3)	(4)	(4)
Net investment income	-	29	10
Net premiums from insurance contracts	21	31	19
Other income/(loss)	15	(1)	2
Total income	1,974	2,067	1,965
Net claims and benefits incurred under insurance contracts	(2)	(1)	(7)
Total income net of insurance claims	1,972	2,066	1,958
Impairment charges and other credit provisions	(648)	(798)	(890)
Net operating income	1,324	1,268	1,068
Operating expenses (excluding provision for PPI redress)	(818)	(806)	(764)

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Provision for PPI redress ¹	(600)	-	-
Operating expenses	(1,418)	(806)	(764)
Share of post-tax results of associates and joint ventures	18	12	13
(Loss)/profit before tax	(76)	474	317
Adjusted profit before tax ²	524	474	317

Balance Sheet Information

Loans and advances to customers at amortised cost	£28.3bn	£26.6bn	£26.3bn
Total assets	£32.5bn	£30.3bn	£31.1bn
Risk weighted assets	£34.0bn	£31.9bn	£32.2bn

Performance Measures	Adjusted ²			Statutory		
	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10
Return on average equity ³	16%	16%	9%	(4%)	16%	9%
Return on average tangible equity ³	21%	21%	12%	(5%)	21%	12%
Return on average risk weighted assets	2.4%	2.3%	1.4%	(0.3%)	2.3%	1.4%
Loan loss rate (bps)	420	539	596	420	539	596
30 day arrears rates - UK cards	3.0%	3.4%	3.9%	3.0%	3.4%	3.9%
30 day arrears rates - US cards	3.2%	4.6%	5.3%	3.2%	4.6%	5.3%
30 day arrears rates - South Africa cards	5.4%	6.6%	9.2%	5.4%	6.6%	9.2%
Cost: income ratio	41%	39%	39%	72%	39%	39%
Cost: net operating income ratio	62%	64%	72%	107%	64%	72%

Key Facts	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10
Number of customers - UK	12.0m	11.2m	11.1m
Number of customers - International	10.2m	10.5m	10.5m
Total number of Barclaycard customers	22.2m	21.7m	21.6m
Average outstanding balances - UK cards	£12.0bn	£11.4bn	£11.0bn
Average outstanding balances - International cards	£9.2bn	£9.6bn	£9.8bn
Total average outstanding balances - Cards	£21.2bn	£21.0bn	£20.8bn
Average extended credit balances - UK cards	£10.4bn	£9.0bn	£8.6bn
Average extended credit balances - International cards	£7.8bn	£8.3bn	£7.8bn
Total average extended credit balances - Cards	£18.2bn	£17.3bn	£16.4bn
Average outstanding balances - Loans	£5.0bn	£5.4bn	£5.6bn
Number of retailer relationships	90,000	87,000	85,000

1 Provision for the settlement of PPI claims following the conclusion of the Judicial Review proceedings.

2 Adjusted profit before tax and adjusted performance measures excludes the impact of the provision for PPI redress of £600m (2010: £nil).

3 Return on average equity and return on average tangible equity comparatives have been revised to use 10% of average risk weighted assets (previously 9%) in the calculation of average equity and average tangible equity.

Results by Business

Barclaycard

- Adjusted profit before tax up 65% to £524m (2010: £317m)
- Loss before tax of £76m (2010: profit of £317m) after £600m provision for PPI redress, with related £47m goodwill write-off in FirstPlus secured lending portfolio
 - International profit up driven by significant improvements in the US and Absa Card
- Egg consumer card assets and MBNA corporate card portfolio acquired during first half delivered immediate profit contributions
- Income up slightly at £1,972m (2010: £1,958m), with growth in balances driven by UK Cards offset by higher customer balance repayments in the US and appreciation of Sterling against the US Dollar
- UK income of £1,249m (2010: £1,174m) including contribution from Egg and MBNA, partially offset by continued run-off of FirstPlus
- International income down 8% to £723m (2010: £784m) due to customer balance repayments in the US and appreciation of Sterling against the US Dollar
 - Over 20% of income generated from products other than consumer credit cards
 - Net interest income flat at £1,370m (2010: £1,369m)
 - Average assets increased 2% to £29.4bn (30 June 2010: £28.7bn)
- UK Cards average extended card balances up to £10.4bn (30 June 2010: £8.6bn) due to Egg and balance transfers, partially offset by higher customer balance repayments in the US and continued run-off of FirstPlus
 - Asset margin stable at 901bps (2010: 906bps), with net interest margin down to 939bps (2010: 962bps)
 - Net fee and commission income flat at £571m (2010: £569m)
 - Impairment charges down 27% to £648m (2010: £890m)
- Focused risk management and customer balance repayments drove loan loss rate down to 420bps (2010: 596bps)
- 30 day arrears rates for consumer cards in UK down to 3.0% (31 December 2010: 3.4%), in the US down to 3.2% (31 December 2010: 4.6%) and in South Africa down to 5.4% (31 December 2010: 6.6%)
- Operating expenses in line with prior year at £771m (2010: £764m), excluding £600m provision for PPI redress and £47m goodwill write-off in FirstPlus
 - Including these items and acquisition of Egg and MBNA operating expenses up to £1,418m (2010: £764m)

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— Total assets up 7% to £32.5bn (31 December 2010: £30.3bn)

– Acquired Egg assets and MBNA portfolio, partially offset by lower balances in the US and continued run-off of FirstPlus

– Risk weighted assets up 7% to £34.0bn (31 December 2010: £31.9bn)

— Adjusted return on average equity of 16% (2010: 9%) and adjusted return on average tangible equity of 21% (2010: 12%), reflecting increased attributable profit

Results by Business

Barclays Capital

	Half Year Ended	Half Year Ended	Half Year Ended
Income Statement Information	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10
	£m	£m	£m
Net interest income	511	764	357
Net fee and commission income	1,543	1,831	1,516
Net trading income (excluding own credit)	3,720	3,277	4,709
Net investment income	491	273	479
Other (loss)/income	(2)	3	-
Total income (excluding own credit)	6,263	6,148	7,061
Own credit gain/(charge)	89	(460)	851
Total income	6,352	5,688	7,912
Impairment charges and other credit provisions	111	(234)	(309)
Net operating income	6,463	5,454	7,603
Operating expenses	(4,073)	(4,082)	(4,213)
Share of post-tax results of associates and joint ventures	9	8	10
Profit before tax	2,399	1,380	3,400
Adjusted profit before tax ¹	2,310	1,840	2,549
Balance Sheet Information			
Loans and advances to banks and customers at amortised cost	£180.7bn	£149.7bn	£188.1bn
Total assets	£1,076.0bn	£1,094.8bn	£1,212.4bn
Assets contributing to adjusted gross leverage ²	£653.6bn	£668.1bn	£697.6bn
Risk weighted assets	£190.0bn	£191.3bn	£194.3bn
Liquidity pool	£145bn	£154bn	£160bn
Average DVaR (95%)	£48m	£49m	£57m

Adjusted¹

Statutory

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Performance Measures	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10
Return on average equity ³	15%	13%	14%	16%	10%	19%
Return on average tangible equity ³	16%	14%	14%	16%	11%	20%
Return on average risk weighted assets	1.8%	1.5%	1.5%	1.8%	1.2%	2.2%
Loan loss rate (bps)	(6)	42	34	(6)	42	34
Cost: income ratio	65%	66%	60%	64%	72%	53%
Cost: net operating income ratio	64%	69%	62%	63%	75%	55%
Compensation: income ratio	45%	44%	42%	45%	48%	37%
Average income per employee (000s)	£255	£242	£290	£259	£224	£325

1 Adjusted profit before tax and adjusted performance measures exclude the impact of own credit gains of £89m (H2 2010: charge of £460m; H1 2010: gain of £851m).

2 30 June 2011 and 31 December 2010 uses a revised definition. Applying this to 30 June 2010 would give £675.3bn.

3 Return on average equity and return on average tangible equity comparatives have been revised to use 10% of average risk weighted assets (previously 9%) in the calculation of average equity and average tangible equity.

Results by Business

Barclays Capital

— Adjusted profit before tax down 9% to £2,310m (2010: £2,549m)

– Including an own credit gain of £89m (2010: gain of £851m), profit before tax of £2,399m (2010: £3,400m)

— Total income excluding own credit down 11% to £6,263m (2010: £7,061m)

	Half Year Ended 30.06.11	Half Year Ended 31.12.10	Half Year Ended 30.06.10
	£m	£m	£m
Analysis of Total Income			
Fixed Income, Currency and Commodities	3,916	3,804	4,883
Equities and Prime Services	1,108	984	1,056
Investment Banking	1,132	1,226	1,017
Principal Investments	107	134	105

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Total income (excluding own credit)	6,263	6,148	7,061
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- Fixed Income, Currency and Commodities down 20% to £3,916m (2010: £4,883m), reflecting lower contributions from Fixed Income Rates and Credit, and from Commodities in a challenging trading environment, particularly in the second quarter. Currency up 12% on 2010, benefiting from strong client volumes
- Equities and Prime Services up 5% to £1,108m (2010: £1,056m), benefiting from improved client flow in derivatives and equity financing
 - Investment Banking, up 11% to £1,132m (2010: £1,017m) driven by growth in equity and debt underwriting
 - Principal Investments up 2% to £107m (2010: £105m) mainly from one large disposal in the UK
- Total income (excluding own credit) in the second quarter of £2,897m, down 14% on the first quarter of 2011 reflecting lower activity levels. FICC income down 22%; Investment Banking down 15%, following a strong first quarter in equity and debt underwriting; Equities and Prime Services income up 3%
- Net interest income up 43% to £511m (2010: £357m) due to lower funding costs. Fee and commission income up 2% to £1,543m (2010: £1,516m) driven by increases in Investment Banking impacted by a reduction in fees paid by Head Office. Net trading income (excluding own credit) down 21% to £3,720m (2010: £4,709m) primarily driven by lower contributions from FICC
- Net impairment releases of £111m in the first half (2010: charge of £309m) reflecting a £223m release of the impairment allowance relating to the Protium loan prior to consolidation, partially offset by charges primarily relating to leveraged finance
- Operating expenses down 3% to £4,073m (2010: £4,213m). Excluding the impact of own credit, cost to net operating income of 64% (2010: 62%) and compensation to income of 45% (2010: 42%)
- Total assets down 2% to £1,076bn (31 December 2010: £1,095bn), reflecting decreases in gross derivative assets largely offset by increase in settlement balances. Assets contributing to adjusted gross leverage down 2% to £654bn (31 December 2010: £668bn) reflecting reduction in liquidity pool to £145bn (31 December 2010: £154bn) and fluctuations as a result of normal trading activities
 - Credit market exposures down £6.0bn to £17.9bn, including a reduction of £3.7bn in relation to Protium
- Risk weighted assets in line at £190bn (31 December 2010: £191bn), with benefits from a reduction in credit market exposures offset by the impact of regulatory methodology changes
- Adjusted return on average equity of 15% (2010: 14%), and adjusted return on average risk weighted assets up to 1.8% (2010: 1.5%) reflecting reduced average risk weighted assets
- Average DVaR down to £48m (2010: £57m), due to lower client activity. Spot DVaR at 30 June 2011 up to £50m (31 December 2010: £48m)

Results by Business

Barclays Corporate

Half Year Ended

Half Year Ended

Half Year Ended

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Income Statement Information	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10
	£m	£m	£m
Net interest income	955	1,065	939
Net fee and commission income	470	446	464
Net trading income	29	53	27
Net investment income/(loss)	8	1	(33)
Other income	9	8	4
Total income	1,471	1,573	1,401
Impairment charges and other credit provisions	(614)	(747)	(949)
Net operating income	857	826	452
Operating expenses ¹	(839)	(1,078)	(829)
Share of post-tax results of associates and joint ventures	(1)	(2)	-
Loss on disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	(64)	-	-
Loss before tax	(47)	(254)	(377)
Adjusted profit/(loss) before tax ²	17	(254)	(377)
Balance Sheet Information			
Loans and advances to customers at amortised cost	£64.4bn	£65.7bn	£66.8bn
Loans and advances to customers at fair value	£14.4bn	£14.4bn	£14.4bn
Customer deposits	£77.0bn	£71.0bn	£68.4bn
Total assets	£85.1bn	£85.7bn	£86.9bn
Risk weighted assets	£69.3bn	£70.8bn	£72.7bn

Performance Measures	Adjusted ²			Statutory		
	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10
Return on average equity ³	0%	(3%)	(11%)	(2%)	(3%)	(11%)
Return on average tangible equity ³	0%	(3%)	(12%)	(2%)	(3%)	(12%)
Return on average risk weighted assets	0.0%	(0.4%)	(1.2%)	(0.2%)	(0.4%)	(1.2%)
Loan loss rate (bps)	177	208	240	177	208	240
Cost: income ratio	57%	69%	59%	57%	69%	59%
Cost: net operating income ratio	98%	131%	183%	98%	131%	183%

1 Operating expenses includes £243m in relation to goodwill write-down for the half year ended 31 December 2010.

2 Adjusted profit before tax and adjusted performance measures exclude the impact of expected loss on disposal of £64m (2010: £nil).

3 Return on average equity and return on average tangible equity comparatives have been revised to use 10% of average risk weighted assets (previously 9%) in the calculation of average equity and average tangible equity.

Results by Business

Barclays Corporate

Half Year Ended 30 June 2011

Income Statement Information	UK £m	Europe £m	Rest of World £m	Total £m
Income	1,135	200	136	1,471
Impairment charges and other credit provisions	(163)	(428)	(23)	(614)
Operating expenses	(558)	(131)	(150)	(839)
Share of post-tax results of associates and joint ventures	(1)	-	-	(1)
Loss on disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	-	-	(64)	(64)
Profit/(loss) before tax	413	(359)	(101)	(47)

Balance Sheet Information

Loans and advances to customers at amortised cost	£48.9bn	£12.5bn	£3.0bn	£64.4bn
Loans and advances to customers at fair value	£14.4bn	-	-	£14.4bn
Customer deposits	£67.5bn	£7.2bn	£2.3bn	£77.0bn
Total assets	£65.8bn	£15.0bn	£4.3bn	£85.1bn
Risk weighted assets	£47.1bn	£17.2bn	£5.0bn	£69.3bn

Half Year Ended 31 December 2010

Income Statement Information

Income	1,214	224	135	1,573
Impairment charges and other credit provisions	(209)	(456)	(82)	(747)
Operating expenses	(541)	(104)	(433)	(1,078)
Share of post-tax results of associates and joint ventures	(2)	-	-	(2)
Profit/(loss) before tax	462	(336)	(380)	(254)

Balance Sheet Information

Loans and advances to customers at amortised cost	£49.6bn	£12.7bn	£3.4bn	£65.7bn
Loans and advances to customers at fair value	£14.4bn	-	-	£14.4bn
Customer deposits	£63.1bn	£5.5bn	£2.4bn	£71.0bn
Total assets	£66.1bn	£15.2bn	£4.4bn	£85.7bn
Risk weighted assets	£48.9bn	£16.5bn	£5.4bn	£70.8bn

Half Year Ended 30 June 2010

Income Statement Information

Income	1,065	204	132	1,401
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Impairment charges and other credit provisions	(250)	(616)	(83)	(949)
Operating expenses	(443)	(105)	(281)	(829)
Profit/(loss) before tax	372	(517)	(232)	(377)

Balance Sheet Information

Loans and advances to customers at amortised cost	£50.3bn	£12.9bn	£3.6bn	£66.8bn
Loans and advances to customers at fair value	£14.4bn	-	-	£14.4bn
Customer deposits	£60.8bn	£5.2bn	£2.4bn	£68.4bn
Total assets	£66.9bn	£15.1bn	£4.9bn	£86.9bn
Risk weighted assets	£50.5bn	£16.6bn	£5.6bn	£72.7bn

1 UK & Ireland, Continental Europe and New Markets are now known as UK, Europe and Rest of World respectively. Ireland profit before tax of

£17m (H2 2010: £1m; H1 2010: £16m) and Iveco loss before tax of £9m (H2 2010: £nil; H1 2010: loss of £9m), previously included within UK and Ireland, is now included under Europe.

Results by Business

Barclays Corporate

— Adjusted profit before tax of £17m (2010: loss of £377m), excluding provision for expected loss of £64m on disposal of Barclays Bank Russia (BBR)

– Including expected loss on disposal, loss before tax of £47m (2010: loss of £377m)

– Improved profitability across all three geographic regions - UK, Europe and Rest of World

– UK profit before tax up 11% to £413m (2010: £372m) reflecting resilient income and falling impairment partially offset by an increase in costs mainly from a non-recurrence of a prior year pension credit and an increase in restructuring charges

– Europe loss before tax down 31% to a loss of £359m (2010: loss of £517m), driven mainly by lower impairment charges in Spain of £299m, well below the charge of £553m reported for the same period last year

– Rest of World loss before tax down 56% to a loss before tax £101m (2010: loss of £232m), principally due to the non-recurrence of 2010 restructuring charges, subsequent cost reduction and improvement in loan loss rates, partially offset by the loss on disposal of BBR

— Total income up 5% to £1,471m (2010: £1,401m)

— Net interest income up 2% to £955m (2010: £939m) reflecting resilient UK net interest income

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- Average assets down 4% to £68.1bn (30 June 2010: £70.9bn)
- Average liabilities up 13% to £67.5bn (30 June 2010: £59.8bn)
- Barclays Corporate net interest margin down to 142bps (2010: 145bps)
 - Non interest related income up 12% to £516m (2010: £462m)
 - Net fee and commission income up 1% to £470m (2010: £464m)
- Net investment income up to £8m (2010: loss of £33m) reflecting reduced writedowns of venture capital investments
- Impairment charges down 35% to £614m (2010: £949m), primarily due to Spain where charges remained well below H1 2010, despite depressed market conditions affecting some significant single name cases
 - UK charges down, benefiting from the balanced nature of portfolios
- Rest of World impairment down by £60m, primarily as a result of management action to reduce risk profile of portfolios
 - Overall loan loss rates down to 177bps (2010: 240bps)
- Operating expenses up 1% to £839m (2010: £829m), with the non-recurrence of a prior year pension credit broadly offset by a decrease in restructuring charges
 - Continued investment in global product platform to deliver improved product and client service capabilities
- Total assets down to £85.1bn (31 December 2010: £85.7bn) mostly driven by lower balances in the UK. Risk weighted assets down 2% to £69.3bn (31 December 2010: £70.8bn)
- Loans and advances to customers at amortised cost down 2% to £64.4bn (31 December 2010: £65.7bn), with loans and advances to customers at fair value flat at £14.4bn
 - Strong growth in customer deposits to £77.0bn (31 December 2010: £71.0bn)
- Adjusted return on average equity of 0% (2010: negative 11%) principally reflecting reduced losses in Europe and Rest of World

Results by Business

Barclays Wealth

Income Statement Information	Half Year Ended 30.06.11 £m	Half Year Ended 31.12.10 £m	Half Year Ended 30.06.10 £m
Net interest income	369	370	308
Net fee and commission income	470	425	444
Net trading income	9	9	2

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Net investment (loss)/income	-	(1)	3
Total income	848	803	757
Impairment charges and other credit provisions	(19)	(21)	(27)
Net operating income	829	782	730
Operating expenses	(740)	(714)	(635)
Share of post-tax results of associates and joint ventures	(1)	-	-
Profit before tax	88	68	95
Adjusted profit before tax	88	68	95
Balance Sheet Information			
Loans and advances to customers at amortised cost	£17.6bn	£16.1bn	£14.3bn
Customer deposits	£44.4bn	£44.8bn	£41.8bn
Total assets	£19.8bn	£17.8bn	£16.4bn
Risk weighted assets	£12.7bn	£12.4bn	£11.6bn
Total client assets	£169.5bn	£163.9bn	£153.5bn

Performance Measures	Adjusted			Statutory		
	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10
Return on average equity ¹	10%	8%	10%	10%	8%	10%
Return on average tangible equity ¹	13%	11%	14%	13%	11%	14%
Return on average risk weighted assets	1.3%	1.1%	1.4%	1.3%	1.1%	1.4%
Loan loss rate (bps)	21	26	37	21	26	37
Cost: income ratio	87%	89%	84%	87%	89%	84%

¹ Return on average equity and return on average tangible equity comparatives have been revised to use 10% of average risk weighted assets (previously 9%) in the calculation of average equity and average tangible equity.

Results by Business

Barclays Wealth

— Profit before tax down 7% to £88m (2010: £95m), reflecting strong income growth offset by increased investment in the growth of the business

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- Income up 12% to £848m (2010: £757m) and net operating income up 14% to £829m (2010: £730m)
 - Net interest income up 20% to £369m (2010: £308m)
- Average customer deposits up £4.1bn to £44.0bn (30 June 2010: £39.9bn)
 - Average loans up £3.0bn to £16.8bn (30 June 2010: £13.8bn)
 - Net interest margin up to 122bps from 116bps
- Net fees and commissions income up 6% to £470m (2010: £444m) driven by higher transactional activity with High Net Worth clients
 - Operating expenses up 17% to £740m (2010: £635m)
- Increase of £41m in investment spend and related restructuring costs to support the investment programme. This includes Project Gamma investment of £44m (2010: £33m)
 - Staff and infrastructure costs from growth in High Net Worth businesses
- Risk weighted assets up 2% to £12.7bn (31 December 2010: £12.4bn)
 - Return on risk weighted assets down to 1.3% (2010: 1.4%)
- Total client assets (customer deposits and client investments) up 3% to £169.5bn (31 December 2010: £163.9bn) with underlying net new assets of £4bn
 - Return on average equity of 10% (2010: 10%)

Results by Business

Investment Management

Income Statement Information	Half Year Ended 30.06.11	Half Year Ended 31.12.10	Half Year Ended 30.06.10
	£m	£m	£m
Net interest expense	(2)	(3)	(3)
Net fee and commission income	1	1	3
Net trading loss	(4)	(2)	(17)
Net investment income	5	49	51
Other loss	(1)	(1)	-
Total income	(1)	44	34
Operating expenses	(6)	(8)	(3)
(Loss)/profit before tax	(7)	36	31
Adjusted profit before tax ¹	51	36	31

Balance Sheet Information

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Total assets	£4.2bn	£4.6bn	£3.6bn
Risk weighted assets	£0.1bn	£0.1bn	£0.1bn

— Loss before tax of £7m (2010: profit before tax of £31m) principally reflecting

– Dividend income of £62m (2010: £51m)

- Loss of £58m on disposal of 2.357 million BlackRock, Inc. shares in May 2011 to maintain the Group's strategic holding below 20%
- Total assets of £4.2bn (31 December 2010: £4.6bn), reflecting the fair value of the Group's investment in 35.210 million (2010: 37.567 million) BlackRock shares representing a 19.7% interest, accounted for as an available for sale equity investment
- The value of the holding as at 30 June 2011 was £0.8bn below the value at acquisition (31 December 2010: £0.9bn). This reduction has been reflected in the available for sale reserve and the Group's Core Tier 1 ratio
- Investment assessed for impairment as at 30 June 2011. 15.5% reduction in fair value from original acquisition cost not considered significant or prolonged, and no impairment recognised at 30 June 2011
- Further assessment will be undertaken in the second half to consider whether any continued shortfall compared with the value at acquisition should, subject to any significant mitigating factors, be recognised in the income statement for 2011

1 Adjusted profit before tax excludes the £58m (2010: £nil) loss on disposal of a portion of the Group's strategic investment in BlackRock, Inc. recycled through investment income.

Results by Business

Head Office Functions and Other Operations

Income Statement Information	Half Year Ended 30.06.11 £m	Half Year Ended 31.12.10 £m	Half Year Ended 30.06.10 £m
Net interest (expense)/income	(13)	(129)	164
Net fee and commission expense	(96)	(116)	(273)
Net trading income/(loss)	8	(431)	(3)
Net investment income	27	491	-
Net premiums from insurance contracts	29	38	41
Other income	9	4	35
Total income	(36)	(143)	(36)
Net claims and benefits incurred under insurance contracts	(1)	1	-
Total income net of insurance claims	(37)	(142)	(36)
	1	(7)	5

Impairment charges and other credit provisions			
Net operating loss	(36)	(149)	(31)
Operating expenses	(198)	(189)	(390)
Profit on disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	(1)	-	-
Loss before tax	(235)	(338)	(421)
Adjusted loss before tax	(234)	(338)	(421)
Balance Sheet Information			
Total assets	£37.7bn	£20.9bn	£13.7bn
Risk weighted assets	£1.6bn	£0.6bn	£1.8bn

— Loss before tax down to £235m (2010: loss of £421m) due to lower operating expenses and flat income

— Total income flat at a loss of £37m (2010: loss of £36m)

- Net interest (expense)/income decreased to a net expense of £13m (2010: net income of £164m) driven by consolidation adjustments, mainly on hedging derivatives with corresponding income recorded in net trading income
- Net fee and commission expense down to £96m (2010: £273m) driven by decrease in fees for structured capital market activities to £10m (2010: £191m)
- Net trading income/(loss) increased to an income of £8m (2010: loss of £3m) reflecting 2010 reclassification of £221m profit from currency translation reserve to income statement relating to repatriation of capital from overseas operation, offset by consolidation adjustments on hedging derivatives with corresponding expense recorded in net interest expense
- Operating expenses down to £198m (2010: £390m) due to non recurrence of 2010 provision of £194m in relation to resolution of investigation into Barclays compliance with US economic sanctions
- Total assets increased 80% to £37.7bn (31 December 2010: £20.9bn) due to purchases of government bonds to support the Group's hedging and liquidity management activities

Risk Management

Overview

Barclays has clear risk management objectives, a well-established strategy to deliver these objectives, and a robust framework for managing risk. The approach to identifying, assessing, controlling, managing and reporting risks is formalised in the Principal Risks Framework.

The Group's Principal Risks, together with references to where areas of significant risk affecting the 2011 results, are as follows:

Principal Risks	Analysis Relating to Key Risks	Page
Retail and Wholesale Credit Risk		50
	— Analysis of total assets by valuation basis and underlying asset class	52
		54
		58
	— Analysis of loans and advances to customers and banks	60
		65
		69
	— Impairment, potential credit risk loans and coverage ratios	76
	— Wholesale credit risk	
	— Retail credit risk	
	— Debt securities and other bills	
	— Exposures to selected Eurozone countries	
	— Barclays Capital Credit Market Exposures	
Market Risk		66
	— Analysis of market risk and, in particular, Barclays Capital's DVaR	
Liquidity Risk		67
	— Key measures of liquidity risk, including the Group's liquidity pool, term financing and funding structure	
Legal Risk		100
	— Significant litigation matters	100
	— Significant investigations	
Regulatory Risk		101
	— Significant regulatory matters, including structural changes to the UK and global regulatory environment	
Capital Risk		78
	— Analysis of the current capital base, risk weighted assets, adjusted gross leverage and anticipated significant regulatory changes	

The other Principal Risks that form part of the Group's Principal Risks Framework but are not covered in this Interim Announcement are: People Risk, Operations Risk, Taxation Risk, Technology Risk, Financial Reporting Risk and Fraud Risk.

The risk management framework and policies remain broadly unchanged from those described in Barclays PLC Annual Report 2010. The Principal Risks Framework is currently under review with a view to implementing any changes in the second half of 2011.

Risk Management

Analysis of Total Assets by Valuation Basis and Underlying Asset Class

Assets as at 30.06.11	Total Assets £m	Accounting Basis	
		Cost Based Measure £m	Fair Value £m
Cash and balances at central banks	86,916	86,916	-
Items in the course of collection from other banks	1,317	1,317	-
Debt securities & other bills	147,785	-	147,785
Equity securities	29,118	-	29,118
Traded loans	1,693	-	1,693
Commodities ⁷	3,203	-	3,203
Trading portfolio assets	181,799	-	181,799
Loans and advances	22,086	-	22,086
Debt securities	1,643	-	1,643
Equity securities	5,451	-	5,451
Other financial assets ⁸	8,418	-	8,418
Held in respect of linked liabilities to customers under investment contracts ⁹	1,524	-	1,524
Financial assets designated at fair value	39,122	-	39,122
Derivative financial instruments	379,854	-	379,854
Loans and advances to banks	58,751	58,751	-
Loans and advances to customers	441,983	441,983	-
Debt securities & other bills	76,711	-	76,711
Equity securities	5,126	-	5,126
Available for sale financial instruments	81,837	-	81,837
Reverse repurchase agreements and other similar secured lending	196,867	196,867	-

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Other assets	24,476	22,677	1,799
Total assets as at 30.06.11	1,492,922	808,511	684,411
Total assets as at 31.12.10	1,489,645	792,294	697,351

1 Further analysis of loans and advances is on pages 52 to 54.

2 Further analysis of derivatives is on pages 94.

3 Further analysis of debt securities and other bills is on page 65.

4 Reverse repurchase agreements comprise primarily short-term cash lending with assets pledged by counterparties securing the loan.

5 Equity securities comprise primarily equity securities determined by available quoted prices in active markets.

Risk Management

		Analysis of Total Assets				Sub Analysis	
		Debt		Equity		Credit Market	
Loans and Advances ¹	Derivatives ²	Securities & Other Bills ³	Reverse Repurchase Agreements ⁴	Equity Securities ⁵	Other	Exposures ⁶	
£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
-	-	-	-	-	86,916	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	1,317	-	-
-	-	147,785	-	-	-	2,657	-
-	-	-	-	29,118	-	-	-
1,693	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	3,203	-	-
1,693	-	147,785	-	29,118	3,203	2,657	-
22,086	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,428
-	-	1,643	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	5,451	-	718	-
-	-	-	6,721	-	1,697	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	1,524	-	-
22,086	-	1,643	6,721	5,451	3,221	5,146	-
-	379,854	-	-	-	-	-	1,367

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58,751	-	-	-	-	-	-
441,983	-	-	-	-	-	6,206
-	-	76,711	-	-	-	287
-	-	-	-	5,126	-	-
-	-	76,711	-	5,126	-	287
-	-	-	196,867	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	24,476	1,966
524,513	379,854	226,139	203,588	39,695	119,133	17,629
490,263	420,319	200,787	213,331	36,779	128,166	23,625

6 See page 76 for further analysis of Barclays Capital Credit Market Exposures which includes undrawn commitments of £241m (31 December 2010: £264m) that are off-balance sheet and therefore not included in the table above.

7 Commodities primarily consist of physical inventory positions.

8 These instruments consist primarily of reverse repurchase agreements designated at fair value.

9 Financial assets designated at fair value in respect of linked liabilities to customers under investment contracts have not been further analysed as the Group is not exposed to the risks inherent in these assets.

Risk Management

Credit Risk

Analysis of Loans and Advances to Customers and Banks

	Gross L&A	Impairment Allowance	L&A Net of Impairment	Credit Risk Loans1	CRLs % of Gross L&A1	% Impairment Charges2	Loan Loss Rates3
	£m	£m	£m	£m	%	£m	bps
Wholesale - customers	212,523	5,132	207,391	11,451	5.4	621	59
Wholesale - banks	58,799	48	58,751	36	0.1	(4)	(1)
Total Wholesale	271,322	5,180	266,142	11,487	4.2	617	46

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Total Retail	241,033	6,441	234,592	12,067	5.0	1,257	105
Loans and Advances at Amortised Cost	512,355	11,621	500,734	23,554	4.6	1,874	74
Loans and Advances Held at Fair Value	23,779	na	23,779				
Total Loans and Advances	536,134	11,621	524,513				
As at 31.12.10							
Wholesale - customers	204,991	5,501	199,490	11,716	5.7	2,347	114
Wholesale - banks	37,847	48	37,799	35	0.1	(18)	(5)
Total Wholesale	242,838	5,549	237,289	11,751	4.8	2,329	96
Total Retail	235,335	6,883	228,452	12,571	5.3	3,296	140
Loans and Advances at Amortised Cost	478,173	12,432	465,741	24,322	5.1	5,625	118
Loans and Advances Held at Fair Value	24,522	na	24,522				
Total Loans and Advances	502,695	12,432	490,263				

Gross loans and advances to customers and banks at amortised cost increased 7% to £512,355m (31 December 2010: £478,173m) principally driven by increased balances in the wholesale portfolios.

Wholesale loans and advances at amortised cost increased 12% to £271,322m (31 December 2010: £242,838m) driven by increased settlement balances and cash collateral partially offset by the reduction in loans resulting from the consolidation of Protium, a reduction in borrowing by customers and net depreciation in the value of other currencies relative to Sterling.

Retail loans and advances at amortised cost increased 2% to £241,033m (31 December 2010: £235,335m) reflecting steady growth in UK Home Loans, the acquisition of Egg consumer card assets, growth in Italian Home Loans and growth in High Net Worth lending in Barclays Wealth; partially offset by a decrease in Africa RBB as a result of the depreciation of the Rand against Sterling since the year end.

Further detail can be found in the Wholesale Credit Risk and the Retail Credit Risk sections on pages 58 to 64.

1 31.12.10 excludes from credit risk loans (CRLs) the loan to Protium of £7,560m against which an impairment of £532m was held. See page 77 for further information.

2 Impairment charges and other credit provisions, comprising impairment on loans and advances and charges in respect of undrawn facilities and guarantees, see page 55.

3 The loan loss rates for 30.06.11 have been calculated on an annualised basis. The loan loss rates for 31.12.10 have been calculated on the twelve months ended 31.12.10.

Risk Management

Loans and Advances at Amortised Cost Net of Impairment Allowances, by Industry Sector and Geography¹

	United Kingdom £m	Europe £m	Americas £m	Africa and Middle East £m	Asia £m	Total £m
As at 30.06.11						
Financial institutions	35,687	36,924	55,101	4,569	18,014	150,295
Manufacturing	6,417	3,586	1,125	1,203	775	13,106
Construction	3,663	1,070	47	1,038	82	5,900
Property	14,411	3,730	947	4,572	210	23,870
Government	607	2,631	1,699	5,238	3,106	13,281
Energy and water	1,728	2,354	1,370	647	342	6,441
Wholesale and retail distribution and leisure	11,064	2,767	436	2,284	109	16,660
Business and other services	15,503	4,948	1,873	3,332	231	25,887
Home loans	107,488	40,476	434	23,455	290	172,143
Cards, unsecured loans and other personal lending	27,074	8,009	7,486	5,844	975	49,388
Other	8,435	5,490	1,517	7,724	597	23,763
Net loans and advances to customers and banks	232,077	111,985	72,035	59,906	24,731	500,734
As at 31.12.10						
Financial institutions	24,639	26,984	60,514	4,539	7,335	124,011
Manufacturing	6,660	4,793	904	1,543	866	14,766
Construction	3,607	1,259	34	909	54	5,863
Property	13,746	3,024	797	4,822	418	22,807
Government	534	1,219	354	3,648	546	6,301
Energy and water	2,183	3,617	2,426	520	485	9,231
Wholesale and retail distribution and leisure	11,594	2,859	644	1,888	372	17,357
Business and other services	15,171	6,142	1,198	3,394	323	26,228
Home loans	104,934	37,347	214	25,241	319	168,055
Cards, unsecured loans and other personal lending	25,950	7,768	7,340	4,297	1,313	46,668

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Other	8,034	4,843	1,398	9,103	1,076	24,454
Net loans and advances to customers and banks	217,052	99,855	75,823	59,904	13,107	465,741

1 The analysis of loans and advances and impairment by geography has been aligned to the geographic regions used for reporting income presented on page 14.

Risk Management

Loans and Advances Held at Fair Value by Industry Sector and Geography¹

As at 30.06.11	United Kingdom £m	Europe £m	Americas £m	Africa and Middle East £m	Asia £m	Total £m
Financial institutions ²	285	733	1,020	512	49	2,599
Manufacturing	69	86	187	-	20	362
Construction	149	2	-	45	2	198
Property	7,142	2,725	1,088	21	155	11,131
Government	4,755	-	191	86	9	5,041
Energy and water	34	198	63	97	-	392
Wholesale and retail distribution and leisure	86	37	264	59	5	451
Business and other services	2,669	153	331	81	2	3,236
Other	78	72	83	134	2	369
Total	15,267	4,006	3,227	1,035	244	23,779
As at 31.12.10						
Financial institutions	139	996	444	445	101	2,125
Manufacturing	39	67	187	49	5	347
Construction	199	-	-	45	5	249
Property	7,003	2,793	1,858	43	237	11,934
Government	4,848	-	-	189	51	5,088
Energy and water	14	259	57	34	6	370
Wholesale and retail distribution and leisure	70	14	705	11	-	800
Business and other services	2,650	69	442	80	5	3,246
Other	103	114	76	69	1	363
Total	15,065	4,312	3,769	965	411	24,522

Impairment, Potential Credit Risk Loans and Coverage Ratios

	Half Year Ended 30.06.11	Half Year Ended 31.12.10	Half Year Ended 30.06.10
	£m	£m	£m
Impairment Allowance			
At beginning of period	12,432	11,747	10,796
Acquisitions and disposals	(19)	8	70
Exchange and other adjustments	(79)	196	135
Unwind of discount	(125)	(125)	(88)
Amounts written off	(2,563)	(2,094)	(2,216)
Recoveries	100	121	80
Amounts charged against profit	1,875	2,579	2,970
At end of period	11,621	12,432	11,747
Geographical analysis ¹			
United Kingdom	4,425	4,429	4,425
Europe	3,158	2,793	2,307
Americas	2,194	2,958	2,847
Africa and Middle East	1,737	1,857	1,776
Asia	107	395	392
At end of period	11,621	12,432	11,747

¹The analysis of loans and advances and impairment by geography has been aligned to the geographic regions used for reporting income presented on page 14.

²Included within financial institutions (Americas) are £720m (31 December 2010: £nil) of loans backed by retail mortgage collateral.

Risk Management

Impairment Charges and other Credit Provisions by Business

Half Year Ended 30.06.2011	Loans and Advances £m	Charges in Respect of Undrawn Facilities and Guarantees £m	Available for Sale Assets £m	Reverse Repurchase Agreements £m	Total £m
UK RBB	275	-	-	-	275
Europe RBB	115	1	-	-	116
Africa RBB	268	-	-	-	268
Barclaycard	645	3	-	-	648
Barclays Capital	(47)	(4)	(14)	(46)	(111)
Barclays Corporate	601	(1)	14	-	614

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Barclays Wealth	19	-	-	-	19
Head Office Functions and Other Operations	(1)	-	-	-	(1)
Total impairment charges and other credit provisions	1,875	(1)	-	(46)	1,828
Half Year Ended 31.12.2010					
UK RBB	372	-	-	-	372
Europe RBB	179	2	-	-	181
Africa RBB	232	-	-	-	232
Barclaycard	799	(1)	-	-	798
Barclays Capital	316	4	(80)	(6)	234
Barclays Corporate	653	61	33	-	747
Barclays Wealth	21	-	-	-	21
Head Office Functions and Other Operations	7	(1)	1	-	7
Total impairment charges and other credit provisions	2,579	65	(46)	(6)	2,592
Half Year Ended 30.06.2010					
UK RBB	447	-	-	-	447
Europe RBB	133	-	-	-	133
Africa RBB	330	-	-	-	330
Barclaycard	890	-	-	-	890
Barclays Capital	320	2	(15)	2	309
Barclays Corporate	828	9	112	-	949
Barclays Wealth	27	-	-	-	27
Head Office Functions and Other Operations	(5)	-	-	-	(5)
Total impairment charges and other credit provisions	2,970	11	97	2	3,080

Impairment charges on loans and advances fell 37% to £1,875m (2010: £2,970m), reflecting some improvement in credit conditions in the main sectors and geographies in which Barclays lends, which led to lower charges across the majority of retail and wholesale businesses. In Barclays Capital there was an impairment release of £223m relating to the loan to Protium, partially offset by charges primarily relating to leveraged finance. Impairment charges were lower in Barclays Corporate, notably in Spain and UK, although charges were higher in Portugal where credit conditions remained weak. Impairment charges were lower across all businesses in Retail and Business Banking, most notably in Barclaycard due to lower levels of delinquencies, the low interest rate environment and sound credit risk management.

As a result of this fall in impairment and the 7% rise in loans and advances, the loan loss rate decreased to 74bps (2010: 118bps). The impairment release against available for sale assets and reverse repurchase agreements was £46m (2010: charge of £99m), principally driven by lower impairment against credit market exposures.

1 Credit market related impairment charges within Barclays Capital comprised a release of £76m (2010: charge of £311m) against loans and advances, and a release of £37m (2010: £nil) against available for sale assets.

Risk Management

Potential Credit Risk Loans and Coverage Ratios

	CRLs		PPLs		PCRLs	
	As at 30.06.11	As at 31.12.10	As at 30.06.11	As at 31.12.10	As at 30.06.11	As at 31.12.10
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Home loans	4,339	4,294	222	260	4,561	4,554
Cards, unsecured and other retail lending	7,728	8,277	400	465	8,128	8,742
Retail	12,067	12,571	622	725	12,689	13,296
Wholesale (excluding loan to Protium)	11,487	11,751	1,763	1,970	13,250	13,721
Loan to Protium1	-	7,560	-	-	-	7,560
Wholesale	11,487	19,311	1,763	1,970	13,250	21,281
Group (excluding loan to Protium)	23,554	24,322	2,385	2,695	25,939	27,017
Group	23,554	31,882	2,385	2,695	25,939	34,577
	Impairment Allowance		CRL Coverage		PCRL Coverage	
	As at 30.06.11	As at 31.12.10	As at 30.06.11	As at 31.12.10	As at 30.06.11	As at 31.12.10
	£m	£m	%	%	%	%
Home loans	896	854	20.6	19.9	19.6	18.8
Cards, unsecured and other retail lending	5,545	6,029	71.8	72.8	68.2	69.0
Retail	6,441	6,883	53.4	54.8	50.8	51.8
Wholesale (excluding loan to Protium)	5,180	5,017	45.1	42.7	39.1	36.6
Loan to Protium1	-	532	-	7.0	-	7.0
Wholesale	5,180	5,549	45.1	28.7	39.1	26.1
Group (excluding loan to Protium)	11,621	11,900	49.3	48.9	44.8	44.0
Group	11,621	12,432	49.3	39.0	44.8	36.0

Protium

As at 31 December 2010, wholesale gross loans and advances included a £7,560m loan to Protium, against which an impairment of £532m was recognised. In April 2011, Barclays entered into several agreements to acquire all third party interests in Protium in order to help facilitate the Group's early exit from the underlying exposures. As a result, Protium is now consolidated by the Group and the loan is eliminated from the Group balance sheet.

In light of the effect of the Protium loan and related impairment allowance on CRLs and coverage ratios, the following commentary excludes the impact of the Protium loan to allow for a more meaningful analysis of other exposures and to facilitate comparison between periods.

1 Refer to page 77 for further information on Protium.

Risk Management

Credit Risk Loans

Credit Risk Loans fell 3% to £23,554m (2010: £24,322m).

- Wholesale portfolios decreased 2% to £11,487m (2010: £11,751m). This was primarily due to falls in Barclays Corporate - UK, mainly driven by the high level of write-offs and balance reductions, and in Barclays Capital principally due to improving default grades and loan repayments. These factors were partially offset by higher balances in Barclays Corporate - Europe reflecting weak credit conditions in Portugal and Spain
- Retail portfolios decreased 4% to £12,067m (2010: £12,571m), reflecting lower balances in most businesses resulting from improving credit conditions, focused risk management and customer repayments. The notable exception was Europe RBB reflecting higher delinquency rates in Portugal

Potential Problem Loans

PPL balances fell 12% to £2,385m (2010: £2,695m).

- Wholesale portfolios decreased 11% to £1,763m (2010: £1,970m), primarily due to improved credit grading of a number of Barclays Capital customers. These were partially offset by higher balances in Barclays Corporate, most notably Europe and, in particular, Portugal, reflecting weak credit conditions, and Africa RBB, reflecting deteriorating credit grades
- Retail portfolios decreased 14% to £622m (2010: £725m) reflecting lower balances in early delinquency cycles across the majority of businesses

Coverage Ratios

The CRL and PCRL coverage ratios remained broadly unchanged at 49.3% (2010: 48.9%) and 44.8% (2010: 44.0%) respectively reflecting a modest increase in the ratio for wholesale and a modest decline in the ratio across the retail portfolios.

Risk Management

Wholesale Credit Risk

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Wholesale Loans and Advances at Amortised Cost1

As at 30.06.11	Gross Impairment L&A Net of		Credit Risk Loans	CRLs % of Impairment		Loan Loss	
	L&A	Allowance		Impairment	Gross L&A	Charges	Rates
	£m	£m	£m	£m	%	£m	bps
UK RBB	3,789	67	3,722	307	8.1	19	101
Africa RBB	13,218	338	12,880	1,046	7.9	48	73
Barclaycard2	520	7	513	7	1.3	13	504
Barclays Capital3,4	183,168	2,420	180,748	5,245	2.9	(51)	(6)
Barclays Corporate	66,715	2,285	64,430	4,549	6.8	578	175
Barclays Wealth	2,535	45	2,490	286	11.3	11	88
Head Office	1,377	18	1,359	47	3.4	(1)	(15)
Total	271,322	5,180	266,142	11,487	4.2	617	46
As at 31.12.10							
UK RBB	3,889	77	3,812	345	8.9	80	206
Africa RBB	14,644	362	14,282	1,154	7.9	123	84
Barclaycard2	338	5	333	7	2.1	20	592
Barclays Capital3,4	152,711	3,036	149,675	5,370	3.5	642	42
Barclays Corporate	66,961	1,986	64,975	4,591	6.9	1,436	214
Barclays Wealth	2,884	66	2,818	218	7.6	27	94
Head Office	1,411	17	1,394	66	4.7	1	7
Total	242,838	5,549	237,289	11,751	4.8	2,329	96

Loans and advances to customers and banks in the wholesale portfolios increased 12% to £271,322m (31 December 2010: £242,838m), including a rise of 20% in Barclays Capital to £183,168m (31 December 2010: £152,711m). For more detail see analysis of Barclays Capital wholesale loans and advances on page 59.

The 10% decrease in balances to £13,218m (31 December 2010: £14,644m) in Africa RBB was primarily due to the depreciation in the value of the Rand against Sterling.

In the wholesale portfolios, the impairment charge against loans and advances fell 49% to £617m (30 June 2010: £1,208m) reflecting lower charges against credit market exposures in Barclays Capital including a £223m impairment release against the loan to Protium prior to consolidation partially offset by charges relating to leveraged finance. Impairment charges also fell significantly in Barclays Corporate primarily in Spain despite depressed market conditions affecting some single name cases.

The significant improvement to the impairment charge against loans and advances in the first half of 2011 resulted in a fall in the annualised loan loss rate across the Group's wholesale portfolios for 2011 to 46bps (31 December 2010: 96bps).

The principal uncertainties relating to the performance of the wholesale portfolios in 2011 include the:

- Extent and sustainability of economic recovery particularly in the UK, US, Spain, Portugal and South Africa
 - Potential for large single name losses and deterioration in specific sectors and geographies
- Impact of potentially deteriorating sovereign credit quality, particularly debt services and refinancing capability, across a number of Eurozone countries
 - Potential impact of increasing inflation on economic growth and corporate profitability
- Possible deterioration in remaining credit market exposures, including commercial real estate and leveraged finance

1 Loans and advances to business customers in Europe RBB are included in the Retail Loans and Advances to customers at amortised cost table on page 60.

2 Barclaycard wholesale loans and advances represent corporate credit and charge cards.

3 Barclays Capital gross loans and advances includes cash collateral and settlement balances of £97,654m as at 30.06.11 and £56,486m as at 31.12.10. Excluding these balances CRLs as a proportion of gross loans and advances were 6.1% and 5.6% respectively. Barclays Capital credit risk loans as at 31.12.10 exclude the loan to Protium of £7,560m.

4 Barclays Capital credit risk loans exclude the loan to Protium held as at 31.12.10. Barclays Capital CRLs and CRLs % of Gross L&A as at 31.12.10 including the loan to Protium were £12,930m and 8.5% respectively.

Risk Management

Analysis of Barclays Capital Wholesale Loans and Advances at Amortised Cost

As at 30.06.11	Gross L&A £m	Impairment Allowance £m	L&A Net of Impairment £m	Credit Risk Loans1 £m	CRLs % of		
					Gross L&A1 %	Impairment Charges £m	Loan Loss Rates bps
Loans and Advances to Banks							
Cash collateral and settlement balances	33,977	-	33,977	-	0.0	-	-
Interbank lending	21,723	48	21,675	36	0.2	(4)	(4)
Loans and Advances to Customers							
Cash collateral and settlement balances	63,677	-	63,677	-	0.0	-	-
Corporate lending	37,951	740	37,211	1,658	4.4	162	86
Government lending	2,889	-	2,889	-	0.0	-	-
ABS CDO Super Senior	3,339	1,500	1,839	3,339	100.0	9	54
Other wholesale lending	19,612	132	19,480	212	1.1	(218)	(224)
Total	183,168	2,420	180,748	5,245	2.9	(51)	(6)
As at 31.12.10							
Loans and Advances to Banks							
Cash collateral and settlement balances	14,058	-	14,058	-	0.0	-	-
Interbank lending	21,547	48	21,499	35	0.2	(18)	(8)
Loans and Advances to Customers							
Cash collateral and settlement balances	42,428	-	42,428	-	0.0	-	-
Corporate Lending	41,891	798	41,093	1,483	3.5	285	68
Government Lending	2,940	-	2,940	-	0.0	-	-
ABS CDO Super Senior	3,537	1,545	1,992	3,537	100.0	(137)	(387)
Other wholesale lending	26,310	645	25,665	315	1.2	512	195
Total	152,711	3,036	149,675	5,370	3.5	642	42

Barclays Capital wholesale loans and advances increased 20% to £183,168m (31 December 2010: £152,711m). This was driven by an increase in settlement balances and cash collateral, offset by the consolidation of Protium, a reduction in corporate lending and the net depreciation in the value of other currencies relative to Sterling.

Included within corporate lending and other wholesale lending portfolios were £3,378m (31 December 2010: £3,787m) of loans backed by retail mortgage collateral classified within financial institutions.

Analysis of Barclays Corporate Wholesale Loans and Advances at Amortised Cost

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As at 30.06.11	Gross Impairment L&A Allowance £m	Impairment £m	L&A Net of Impairment £m	Credit Risk Loans £m	CRLs % of Gross L&A %	Impairment Charges £m	Loan Loss Rates bps
Loans and Advances to Customers and Banks							
United Kingdom	50,553	510	50,043	1,306	2.6	159	63
Europe	14,257	1,683	12,574	3,118	21.9	419	593
Rest of the World	1,905	92	1,813	125	6.6	-	-
Total	66,715	2,285	64,430	4,549	6.8	578	175

As at 31.12.10

Loans and Advances to Customers and Banks

United Kingdom	50,599	539	50,060	1,503	3.0	447	88
Europe	14,094	1,333	12,761	2,935	20.8	940	667
Rest of the World	2,268	114	2,154	153	6.7	49	216
Total	66,961	1,986	64,975	4,591	6.9	1,436	214

Barclays Corporate wholesale loans and advances net of impairment decreased 1% to £64,430m (31 December 2010: £64,975m). This represents a decrease in Rest of the World reflecting the reclassification of loans and advances in Barclays Bank Russia (now held for sale), alongside an increase in impairment allowances in Europe, principally Spain.

1 Barclays Capital Credit Risk Loans as at 31.12.10 exclude the loan to Protium - other wholesale lending CRLs and CRLs % of Gross L&A including the loan to Protium were £7,875m and 29.9% respectively.

Risk Management

Retail Credit Risk

Retail Loans and Advances at Amortised Cost

As at 30.06.11	Gross L&A £m	Impairment Allowance £m	L&A Net of Impairment £m	Credit Risk Loans £m	CRLs % of Gross L&A %	Impairment Charges £m	Loan Loss Rates ¹ bps
UK RBB	116,060	1,640	114,420	3,170	2.7	256	44
Europe RBB2	46,969	792	46,177	1,842	3.9	116	50
Africa RBB	30,460	925	29,535	3,200	10.5	220	146
Barclaycard	30,626	2,805	27,821	3,295	10.8	635	418
Barclays Corporate ³	1,562	205	1,357	214	13.7	22	284
Barclays Wealth	15,356	74	15,282	346	2.3	8	11
Total	241,033	6,441	234,592	12,067	5.0	1,257	105

As at 31.12.10

UK RBB	113,800	1,737	112,063	3,166	2.8	739	65
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Europe RBB2	44,500	833	43,667	1,729	3.9	314	71
Africa RBB	32,499	1,002	31,497	3,367	10.4	439	135
Barclaycard	29,281	2,981	26,300	3,678	12.6	1,668	570
Barclays Corporate3	1,671	255	1,416	301	18.0	115	688
Barclays Wealth	13,584	75	13,509	330	2.4	21	15
Total	235,335	6,883	228,452	12,571	5.3	3,296	140

Gross loans and advances to customers in the retail portfolios increased 2% to £241,033m (31 December 2010: £235,335m).

- In UK RBB the increase of 2% to £116,060m (31 December 2010: £113,800m) primarily reflected steady growth in the UK Home Loans portfolio partially offset by UK overdrafts and unsecured loans which decreased by 6%
- Barclaycard loans and advances increased 5% to £30,626m (31 December 2010: £29,281m) primarily due to the acquisition of the Egg card assets in April 2011, partially offset by customer balance repayments in Barclaycard US
- Europe RBB loans and advances to customers increased 6% to £46,969m (31 December 2010: £44,500m) primarily due to growth in Italian Home Loans and the appreciation in the value of the Euro against Sterling, moderated by a slower rate of growth in Spain and Portugal reflecting the weak economic environment and tightening of credit criteria
- Africa RBB balances decreased 6% to £30,460m (31 December 2010: £32,499m) primarily due to the depreciation in the value of the Rand against Sterling
- In Barclays Wealth loans and advances increased 13% to £15,356m (31 December 2010: £13,584m) primarily due to growth in collateralised lending to High Net Worth individuals

The impairment charge against loans and advances fell 29% to £1,257m (30 June 2010: £1,773m) as a result of lower charges across all businesses. This reflected marginally better economic conditions in the first half of 2011, the continued low interest rate environment and sound credit management including an improved collections performance.

Impairment in UK RBB decreased 37% to £256m (30 June 2010: £405m) principally due to lower charges-offs and flows into collections in unsecured loans. The decrease of 28% to £635m (30 June 2010: £880m) in Barclaycard reflected positive underlying arrears and charge-off trends in the UK, US and South Africa card portfolios. Impairment in Africa RBB decreased 16% to £220m (30 June 2010: £263m) mainly due to improvement in South Africa Home Loans and Vehicle and Asset Finance.

Lower impairment charges coupled with higher loan balances resulted in a fall in the loan loss rate across the Group's Retail portfolios to 105bps (31 December 2010: 140bps).

1 The loan loss rates for 30.06.11 have been calculated on an annualised basis. The loan loss rates for 31.12.10 have been calculated on the twelve months ended 31.12.10.

2 Europe Retail and Business Banking includes loans and advances to business customers at amortised cost.

3 Barclays Corporate primarily includes retail portfolios in India, UAE and Russia. For 2011 retail portfolios in Russia have been classified as held for sale and so are not included in these balances.

Risk Management

The principal uncertainties relating to the performance of the Group's retail portfolios in 2011 include:

- The increase in unemployment due to fiscal tightening and other measures
- Sustainability of economic recovery particularly in the UK, US and South Africa
- Extent of austerity measures and the impact on the European economy
- Impact of rising inflation and the speed and extent of interest rate rises on affordability
- The possibility of any further falls in residential property prices in the UK, South Africa and Western Europe

In response to these uncertainties Barclays has taken a number of actions, including the tightening of credit criteria across a broad range of portfolios, to maintain a broadly stable risk profile.

Analysis of Retail Gross Loans & Advances to Customers

As at 30.06.11	Secured Home	Credit Cards, Overdrafts and Unsecured	Other Secured	Business	Total Retail
	Loans	Loans	Retail	Lending	
	£m	£m	Lending	£m	£m
UK RBB	103,930	7,881	-	4,249	116,060
Europe RBB	39,138	5,507	-	2,324	46,969
Africa RBB	23,057	3,156	3,717	530	30,460
Barclaycard	-	27,079	3,547	-	30,626
Barclays Corporate	403	833	299	27	1,562
Barclays Wealth	6,523	1,809	7,024	-	15,356
Total	173,051	46,265	14,587	7,130	241,033

As at 31.12.10	Secured Home	Credit Cards, Overdrafts and Unsecured	Other Secured	Business	Total Retail
	Loans	Loans	Retail	Lending	
	£m	£m	Lending	£m	£m
UK RBB	101,281	8,375	-	4,144	113,800

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Europe RBB	36,509	5,670	-	2,321	44,500
Africa RBB	24,743	3,058	4,186	512	32,499
Barclaycard	-	25,472	3,809	-	29,281
Barclays Corporate	398	1,016	225	32	1,671
Barclays Wealth	5,915	2,108	5,561	-	13,584
Total	168,846	45,699	13,781	7,009	235,335

Risk Management

Home Loans

Total Home Loans to retail customers rose 2% to £173,051m (31 December 2010: £168,846m). Home Loans as a proportion of retail gross loans and advances remained unchanged at 72%.

The principal Home Loan portfolios listed below account for 93% of total Home Loans in the Group's retail portfolios.

Home Loans Principal Portfolios¹

As at	Gross Loans and Advances £m	90 Day Arrears %	Gross Charge-off Rates %	Recoveries Proportion of Outstanding Balances %	Recoveries Impairment Coverage Ratio %
As at 30.06.11					
UK	103,930	0.3	0.4	0.7	5.2
South Africa	21,012	3.5	3.9	7.0	32.4
Spain	16,773	0.5	0.6	1.6	36.3
Italy	15,652	0.9	0.5	1.3	28.2
Portugal	4,070	0.6	1.1	1.8	13.6
As at 31.12.10					
UK	101,281	0.3	0.5	0.7	8.6
South Africa	22,575	3.9	3.5	6.7	31.7
Spain	16,264	0.4	0.7	1.6	32.0
Italy	13,809	0.8	0.6	1.2	29.0
Portugal	3,713	0.4	0.7	1.5	12.6

Arrears rates were stable in the UK as balance growth and customer affordability continued to be supported by the low base rate environment.

Arrears rates for South Africa Home Loans were lower but gross charge-off rates increased as contracts in debt counselling were terminated and legal actions were commenced which resulted in an increase in the recoveries book.

Arrears rates in Europe remained broadly stable except for Portugal which was impacted by the continued weakness in the economy.

Loan to Value

	Average LTV on New Mortgages %	New Mortgages Proportion Above 85% LTV %	Portfolio Marked to Market LTV2 %	Portfolio Proportion Above 85% LTV2 %
As at 30.06.11				
UK	53.1	0.4	43.0	9.1
South Africa	60.9	29.4	45.3	25.1
Spain ³	61.6	1.2	58.4	13.3
Italy	59.3	-	46.1	2.0
Portugal	67.0	6.5	62.5	20.4
As at 31.12.10				
UK	51.6	0.5	42.6	9.9
South Africa	61.0	29.8	45.0	27.4
Spain ³	61.1	0.7	57.5	12.2
Italy	59.0	-	45.3	2.3
Portugal	65.0	12.2	63.9	24.7

- 1 Excluded from the above analysis are: Wealth Home Loans, which are managed on a more individual customer exposure basis, and other small Home Loans portfolios.
- 2 Portfolio marked to market based on the most current valuation and includes recoveries balances.
- 3 Spain marked to market methodology based on balance weighted approach as per Bank of Spain requirements.

Risk Management

A conservative risk profile continued to be maintained on the principal home loan portfolios, reflected in the moderate average LTV of the existing portfolio and the range of LTVs of new mortgage lending. The period end marked to market LTVs remained broadly unchanged compared to December 2010.

The increase in average LTV for new mortgage business in the UK was driven by an increase in risk profile which allowed for additional business to be written at higher LTVs; and Spain was driven by an increased proportion of new mortgages for house purchase rather than remortgage as the latter sector contracted. The increases remain within Group approved Mandate and Scale limits. In South Africa, the new mortgage proportion above 85% LTV remained steady and lending is primarily to customers with an existing banking relationship.

In the UK, buy to let mortgages comprised 6% of the total stock (31 December 2010: 6%).

Credit Cards, Overdrafts and Unsecured Loans

Total Credit Cards, Overdraft and Unsecured Loans rose 1% to £46,265m (31 December 2010: £45,699m). The growth was primarily due to increased lending in UK Cards and the acquisition of Egg consumer card assets in April 2011.

The principal portfolios listed below account for 79% of total Credit Cards, Overdraft and Unsecured Loans in the Group's retail portfolios.

Principal Portfolios As at 30.06.11	Gross Loans and Advances £m	30 Day Arrears %	90 Day Arrears %	Recoveries Proportion of Recoveries Gross Charge-off Outstanding of Impairment Rates Balances Coverage % % %		
UK cards ¹	12,947	3.0	1.4	6.5	9.3	86.6
US cards	6,724	3.2	1.6	9.0	7.1	90.9
UK personal loans	6,223	4.1	2.1	7.0	18.6	81.8
Barclays Partner Finance	2,113	2.4	1.1	4.9	8.3	88.6
South Africa cards	2,064	5.4	3.0	5.8	8.3	77.6
Europe RBB cards	1,859	6.7	3.0	10.6	17.5	89.2
Italy salary advance loans ²	1,722	2.6	1.2	5.9	5.6	9.4
South Africa personal loans	1,431	6.3	3.7	8.6	6.3	73.9
UK overdrafts	1,392	5.9	4.1	10.0	16.9	92.6
As at 31.12.10						
UK cards	12,297	3.4	1.5	8.4	9.1	83.9
US cards	7,453	4.6	2.5	12.2	8.1	93.8
UK personal loans	6,496	4.7	2.6	7.9	18.5	82.5
Barclays Partner Finance	2,143	2.8	1.3	6.8	8.3	94.1
South Africa cards	2,113	6.6	4.1	7.2	8.7	80.4
Europe RBB cards	1,814	6.8	3.2	13.1	18.2	91.4
Italy salary advance loans ²	1,609	2.9	1.0	7.3	5.0	7.5
South Africa personal loans	1,435	6.6	4.5	8.4	5.3	79.0
UK overdrafts	1,430	7.2	4.9	10.9	18.2	92.9

Arrears rates improved in the first half of 2011 for all the principal portfolios. 90 day arrears improved in UK Cards to 1.4% (31 December 2010: 1.5%) and US Cards to 1.6% (31 December 2010: 2.5%), reflecting better, although subdued economic conditions during the first half of 2011, the impact of customer loan repayments, particularly in US Cards; and strong risk discipline in Barclaycard.

1 UK Cards excludes Egg consumer card assets acquired in April 2011.

2 The recoveries impairment coverage ratio for Italy Salary Advance Loans is lower than other unsecured portfolios as these loans are extended to customers where the repayment is made via a salary deduction at source by qualifying employers and Barclays is insured in the event of termination of employment or death. Recoveries represent balances where insurance claims are pending that we believe are largely recoverable, hence the lower coverage.

Risk Management

Other Secured Retail Lending

Total Other Secured Retail Lending rose 6% to £14,587m (31 December 2010: £13,781m). The increase was mainly due to growth in High Net Worth lending in Barclays Wealth.

The principal portfolios in Other Secured Retail Lending include investment leverage and liquidity financing in Barclays Wealth, UK Secured Lending (FirstPlus) in Barclaycard and South Africa Vehicle and Asset Finance. These account for 95% of total Other Secured Retail Lending in the Group's retail portfolios.

30 day arrears rates for UK Secured Lending (FirstPlus) rose to 6.3% (31 December 2010: 6.1%) as a result of balances amortising as this portfolio has been closed to new business since second half of 2008.

Arrears rates for South Africa Vehicle and Asset Finance improved partly due to the termination of debt counselling contracts into the recoveries book.

Business Lending

Business Lending primarily comprises the Local Business portfolio in UK RBB and the Small and Medium Enterprise portfolio in Europe RBB. Arrears rates in the first half of 2011 for Business Lending remained stable.

Retail Forbearance Programmes

Forbearance programmes assist personal customers in financial difficulty through agreements to accept less than contractual amounts due where financial distress would otherwise prevent satisfactory repayment within the original terms and conditions of the contract. These agreements were initiated by the customer, the bank or a third party and also included approved debt counselling plans, minimum due reductions, interest rate concessions and switches from capital and interest repayments to interest-only payments.

When Barclays agrees to a forbearance programme with a customer, impairment is raised that recognises the agreement to receive less than the original contractual payment. The Group Retail Impairment Policy prescribes the

methodology for impairment of forbearance assets, which is measured using a future discounted cash flow approach comparing the debt outstanding to the expected repayment on the debt. This results in higher impairment being held than for fully performing assets.

During the first half of 2011, Barclays continued to assist customers in financial difficulty through the use of forbearance programmes.

Forbearance Programmes on Principal Credit Cards, Overdrafts and Unsecured Loan Portfolios

	As at 30.06.11		As at 31.12.10	
	Gross L&A in Forbearance Programmes £m	Impairment Coverage on Gross L&A in Forbearance Programmes %	Gross L&A in Forbearance Programmes £m	Impairment Coverage on Gross L&A in Forbearance Programmes %
UK cards	867	40.1	875	35.1
UK personal loans	213	30.1	215	31.7
US cards	125	24.0	150	18.4

Loans in forbearance in the principal Credit Cards, Overdrafts and Unsecured Loans portfolios reduced 3% to £1,205m (31 December 2010: £1,240m). Impairment allowances against UK Cards forbearance increased to reflect the revised expectation on debt repayment. As a result, the impairment coverage ratio improved during 2011.

Home Loans subject to forbearance in UK, South Africa, Spain and Italy represented less than 1% of the total Home Loans balance. Due to the value of the security held against Home Loans in forbearance, the impairment allowance held against the principal home loan portfolio is significantly lower than those held against Credit Cards, Overdrafts and Unsecured Loans

Risk Management

Debt Securities and Other Bills

The following table presents an analysis of the credit quality of debt and similar securities, other than loans held within the Group. Securities rated as investment grade amounted to 91.5% of the portfolio (31 December 2010: 93.0%).

	As at 30.06.11		As at 31.12.10	
	£m	%	£m	%
AAA to BBB- (investment grade)	206,870	91.5	186,793	93.0
BB+ to B	12,811	5.7	9,329	4.7

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B- or lower	6,458	2.8	4,665	2.3
Total	226,139	100.0	200,787	100.0

Of Which Issued by:

- governments and other public bodies	132,404	58.6	107,922	53.7
- US agency	24,865	11.0	30,048	15.0
- mortgage and asset-backed securities	17,850	7.9	13,993	7.0
- corporate and other issuers	49,845	22.0	47,321	23.6
- bank and building society certificates of deposit	1,175	0.5	1,503	0.7
Total	226,139	100.0	200,787	100.0

Of Which Classified as:

- trading portfolio assets	147,785	65.4	139,240	69.3
- financial instruments designated at fair value	1,643	0.7	1,918	1.0
- available for sale securities	76,711	33.9	59,629	29.7
Total	226,139	100.0	200,787	100.0

Risk Management

Market Risk

Analysis of Barclays Capital's Market Risk Exposure

Barclays Capital's DVaR model is CAD II approved by the FSA to calculate regulatory capital for the trading book portfolio. The FSA categorises a DVaR model as green, amber or red depending on the number of days when a loss (as defined by the FSA) exceeds the corresponding DVaR estimate, measured at the 99% confidence level. A green model is consistent with a good working model. A green model status was maintained for Barclays Capital's trading book throughout the first half of 2011. Internally, DVaR is calculated for the trading book and certain banking books.

Market volatility was elevated at points during the first half of 2011 due to concerns over future economic growth and the sovereign debt crisis, although well below the extreme levels observed in 2008. In this environment, Barclays Capital's market risk exposure, as measured by average total DVaR, was £48m in the first half of 2011. This was slightly lower (2%) than the second half of 2010 and 16% lower than the first half of 2010, as a result of more cautious positioning reflecting the uncertain market conditions. The extreme observations from 2008 have fully rolled out of the two year DVaR historical data. Total DVaR as at 30 June 2011 was £50m (31 December 2010: £48m, 30 June 2010: £43m).

The three main risk factors affecting DVaR were credit spread, interest rate and equity. Relative to the second half of 2010, average DVaR for credit spread and interest rate decreased by £13m (28%) and £11m (33%) respectively, while DVaR for equity increased by £6m (40%).

As we enter the second half of 2011, the principal uncertainties which may impact Barclays market risk relate to volatility in interest rates, commodities, credit spreads, equity prices and foreign exchange rates. Price instability and higher volatility may arise as government policy targets renewed economic growth against a background of fiscal pressures, exogenous economic events and less accommodating monetary policy.

DVaR (95%)	Half Year Ended 30.06.11			Half Year Ended 31.12.10			Half Year Ended 30.06.10		
	Daily Avg	High1	Low1	Daily Avg	High1	Low1	Daily Avg	High1	Low1
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Interest rate risk	22	47	11	33	50	22	32	49	21
Credit spread risk	33	49	25	46	61	30	50	62	40
Commodity risk	14	18	9	16	22	10	16	25	9
Equity risk	21	34	11	15	29	8	13	24	6
Foreign exchange risk	4	7	2	5	9	2	7	15	3
Diversification effect	(46)	na	na	(66)	na	na	(61)	na	na
Total DVaR	48	71	33	49	73	36	57	75	38

Expected shortfall ²	60	97	43	67	100	47	89	147	52
3W3	104	176	67	119	176	72	170	311	90

Analysis of Trading Revenue⁴

The average daily trading revenue in the first half of 2011 was £50m. This is £3m (6%) more than recorded for the second half of 2010 (£47m), and £6m (11%) lower than for the first half of 2010 (£56m). There were 110 positive days, 12 negative days and one flat day in the first half of 2011 (second half of 2010: 115 positive, 12 negative, 2 flat. First half of 2010: 121 positive, 3 negative, zero flat).

¹The high and low DVaR figures reported for each category did not necessarily occur on the same day as the high and low DVaR reported as a whole. Consequently a diversification effect amount for the high and low DVaR figures would not be meaningful and is therefore omitted from the above table.

² The average of all one day hypothetical losses beyond the 95% confidence level DVaR.

³ The average of the three largest one day estimated losses.

⁴ Defined on page 115.

Risk Management

Liquidity Risk

Barclays has a comprehensive Liquidity Risk Management Framework (the Liquidity Framework) for managing the Group's liquidity risk. Stress tests applied under the Liquidity Framework consider a range of possible wholesale and retail factors leading to loss of financing (as described in the Annual Report).

These stressed scenarios are used to assess the appropriate level for the Group's liquidity pool, which comprises unencumbered assets and central bank deposits. Barclays regularly uses these assets to access secured funding markets, thereby testing the liquidity assumptions underlying pool composition. The Group does not presume the availability of central bank borrowing facilities to monetise the liquidity pool in any of the stress scenarios under the Liquidity Framework.

Liquidity Pool

The Group liquidity pool as at 30 June 2011 was £145bn gross (31 December 2010: £154bn). It comprised the following cash and unencumbered assets, of which £132bn are FSA eligible (31 December 2010: £140bn).

	Cash and Deposits with Central Banks £bn	Government Guaranteed Bonds £bn	Governments and Supranational Bonds £bn	Other Available Liquidity £bn	Total £bn
As at 30.06.11	85	1	48	11	145
As at 31.12.10	96	1	46	11	154

The Group maintains additional liquid assets to support ongoing business requirements such as payment services. The cost of the Group liquidity pool for the first half of 2011 was approximately £300m, which was lower than the run rate for the full year 2010 for which the total cost was approximately £900m. This cost has been allocated to clusters on the basis of projected stress outflows arising in each relevant business.

Liquidity Regulation

Since June 2010, the Group has reported its liquidity position against backstop Individual Liquidity Guidance (ILG) provided by the FSA. Calibration of the Group's Liquidity Framework anticipated final FSA rules and is therefore broadly consistent with current FSA standards.

The Group monitors compliance against anticipated Basel III metrics; the FSA is expected to bring its ILG metrics into line with the Basel Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) over time.

Applying the expected Basel III metrics to the Group's liquidity position as at 30 June 2011, the relevant ratios were estimated at 86% of the LCR requirement and 96% of the Net Stable Funding Ratio requirement. The Group can reach 100% compliance with each of these metrics without the need to raise additional wholesale term funding.

Term Financing

The Group continues to attract deposits in unsecured money markets and to raise additional secured and unsecured term funding in a variety of markets. During H1 2011, the Group issued approximately £19bn of term funding, comprising:

- £3.8bn equivalent of public benchmark senior unsecured medium term notes
 - £3.7bn equivalent of public covered bonds/ABS
 - £0.9bn equivalent of public subordinated debt
 - £7.2bn equivalent of senior unsecured structured notes
- £2.9bn equivalent of privately placed senior unsecured medium term notes

The Group has £17bn of term debt (across the categories outlined above) maturing in the second half of 2011 and £23bn in 2012.

Term funding raised over the past 18 months has re-financed all wholesale term debt maturities for 2010 and 2011, funded strategic balance sheet growth (e.g. acquisition of Egg credit card assets) and further strengthened the Group's term liquidity position (the liquidity pool is sufficient to cover more than one year of wholesale maturities). The Group can therefore be selective in accessing public term funding markets through the remainder of 2011.

Risk Management

Funding Structure

Retail and Business Banking (excluding Absa), Barclays Corporate, Barclays Wealth and Head Office Functions are structured to be self-funded through customer deposits, Barclays equity and other long term funding. Barclays Capital and the Absa Group are primarily funded through the wholesale secured and unsecured funding markets.

The loan to deposit and long term funding ratio improved to 76% at 30 June 2011 (31 December 2010: 77%). The loan to deposit ratio also improved to 118% at 30 June 2011 (31 December 2010: 124%).

Retail and Business Banking, Barclays Corporate, Barclays Wealth and Head Office Functions

The retail, wealth and corporate businesses, together with Head Office functions, do not rely on short term wholesale funding. Rather, these businesses are funded through a combination of customer deposits and long term debt and equity.

In order to assess the funding requirement for these businesses, the balance sheet is modelled to reflect behavioural experience in both assets and liabilities. The maturity profile resulting from this behavioural modelling (excluding Absa) is set out below. As at 30 June 2011, behavioural modelling showed that expected repayments on assets are larger than the roll off of liabilities resulting in cash inflows for each of the first five years. Maturities of net liabilities are, therefore, behaviourally expected to occur after 5 years.

Behavioural Maturity Profile of Assets and Liabilities	Funding Surplus £bn	Cash Inflow/(Outflow)					
		Over 1yr Not More Than 1yr £bn	Over 1yr but Not More Than 2yrs £bn	Over 2yrs but Not More Than 3yrs £bn	Over 3yrs but Not More Than 4yrs £bn	Over 4yrs but Not More Than 5yrs £bn	Over 5 yrs £bn
As at 30.06.11	75.8	21.1	25.1	32.1	12.8	2.7	(169.6)

As at 31.12.10	89.9	4.7	17.7	30.1	10.4	2.2	(155.0)
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Included within the “Not More Than 1 yr” time bucket in the above analysis are £38bn of Group liquidity pool assets. These assets have a contractual maturity of greater than 1 year. However, they could be used to generate short-term cash flows, either through sale or secured funding and so the balance has been classified as generating cash inflows within 1 year.

Barclays Capital

Barclays Capital manages its liquidity to be primarily funded through wholesale markets, generating sufficient liquidity to ensure that potential cash outflows in a stressed environment are covered. Much of the short term funding is invested in highly liquid assets and central bank cash and therefore contributes towards the Group liquidity pool.

Barclays Capital undertakes secured funding in the repo markets based on liquidity characteristics. 78% (31 December 2010: 66%) of the inventory is funded on a secured basis. Limits are in place for each security asset class reflecting liquidity in the cash and financing markets for these assets. The percentage of secured funding using each asset class as collateral is set out below:

Secured Funding by Asset Class	Govt	Agency	MBS	ABSCorporate	Equity	Other
	%	%	%	%	%	%
As at 30.06.11	60	8	10	3	9	8
As at 31.12.10	64	7	9	3	7	3

Unsecured wholesale funding for the Group (excluding Absa) is managed by Barclays Capital within specific term limits. Excluding short term deposits that are placed within the Group liquidity pool, the term of unsecured liabilities reduced marginally from at least 30 months at 31 December 2010 to at least 29 months at 30 June 2011.

Absa Group

Absa Group operates in a market with structural dependence on wholesale funding sources. This dependence is a function of the savings sector in South Africa, which has a higher concentration of cash in investment funds than in bank savings. This structural shortfall in the bank savings sector is transparent and carefully monitored.

Risk Management

Group Exposures to Selected Eurozone Countries

On 15 July 2011 the European Banking Authority (EBA) published the results of its assessment of the resilience of 90 European banks to a range of hypothetical external shocks. Barclays EBA-defined stressed Core Tier 1 capital (CT1) ratio was 7.3%, well above the 5% minimum level set by the EBA and Barclays remained profitable throughout the modelled stress period. The EBA methodology disallowed the capital value of Barclays holding in BlackRock; if allowed, Barclays stressed CT1 ratio would have been close to 8%. Barclays regularly conducts stress tests for internal purposes and for the UK FSA. The results consistently demonstrate that Barclays has capital in excess of all

regulatory requirements.

As part of the EBA announcement, detailed disclosure was provided on sovereign and other exposure at default (EAD) as at 31 December 2010, based on a common EBA methodology and template. We set out below more detailed information on our balance sheet positions as at 30 June 2011 in Spain, Italy, Portugal, Ireland and Greece. This is broadly aligned to that set out in the EBA announcement but, for financial reporting purposes, is calculated by reference to accounting values at 30 June 2011, rather than the EAD methodology applied as at 31 December 2010 as per the EBA stress test.

The Group's exposure to the selected Eurozone countries reflects three categories:

- Trading and derivatives balances relating to our investment banking activities, principally as market maker for government bond positions, where our exposure varies depending on client activity and the liquidity available in the market. These positions are held at fair value, with movements being taken through the profit and loss on a daily basis.
- Investments in government bonds and other debt securities. These are principally investments that mature in less than two years and which are held for the purposes of interest rate hedging and liquidity requirements for our local banking businesses. The exposures are being managed down as instruments mature, with sovereign bonds held for interest rate hedging purposes being replaced with interest rate swaps. We monitor these bond positions closely and, if our risk view changes, then the positions can be sold down in the bond markets. They are reported on a fair value basis, with changes in fair value going through equity.
- Loans and advances held at amortised cost¹, principally reflecting our corporate and retail lending portfolios:
 - Retail lending portfolios predominantly reflect mortgages secured on residential property. Loans in these portfolios are, on average, between 45% and 65% of the current marked to market value of the underlying security, thereby allowing for potential declines in the housing sector in those countries before giving rise to a material recovery risk in the event of default.
 - Corporate lending portfolios largely reflect Barclays established corporate banking businesses in Spain, Italy and Portugal and investment banking services provided to multinational and large national corporate clients in the region. Well-established lending policies and credit management procedures are in place which have ensured that appropriate impairment allowances have been recorded as at 30 June 2011, reflecting the conditions relevant to each economy and for each corporate client.

In addition to the sovereign and other exposures noted above, there are further indirect risks arising from potential sovereign default, including potential losses suffered by banks and other financial institutions based outside of these countries. The Group has risk limits in place for individual counterparties, as it does for sovereign and country risk, and monitors changes in the risk profile for those counterparties on a regular basis to ensure that its exposures are appropriately managed and stay within the Group's risk appetite.

Basis of Preparation

The selected countries comprise those in the Eurozone that have a credit rating of AA or below, as reported by Standard & Poor's, and where the Group has an exposure of over £0.5bn. We have also provided disclosure on Greece

as it is an area of particular market focus, where the Group's exposure is less than £0.5bn.

Sovereign exposures reflect exposures to central and local government². Financial institution and corporate exposures reflect the country of operations of the immediate counterparty (including foreign subsidiaries and without reference to cross-border guarantees). Retail exposures reflect the country of residence of retail customers.

There have been no reclassifications of financial instruments to amortised cost during the period.

¹The Group also enters into reverse repurchase agreements and other similar secured lending, which are fully collateralised.

²In addition the Group held cash with central banks in these countries totalling £0.6bn as at 30 June 2011. Other, immaterial balances with central banks are classified within loans to financial institutions.

Risk Management

We set out below more detailed information on our sovereign and other exposures by country. The tables present the maximum balance sheet exposure to credit risk by country, with the totals reflecting allowance for impairment, netting and cash collateral held where appropriate. Off balance sheet exposures comprise undrawn credit facilities that the Group provides to its corporate and retail customers, which are disclosed below under contingent liabilities and commitments. In addition, the Group enters into credit mitigation arrangements for risk management purposes (principally credit default swaps and total return swaps) for which the reference asset is government debt and which have the net effect of reducing the Group's sovereign exposure to these countries.

Spain

Fair Value through Profit and Loss

As at	Trading Portfolio			Derivatives			Designated as Fair Value		Total
	Trading Portfolio	Trading Portfolio	Net Trading Portfolio	Gross Assets	Gross Liabilities	Cash Collateral	Net Derivatives	Through P&L	
30.06.11	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Sovereign	2,731	(2,683)	48	89	(89)	-	-	-	48
Financial institutions	660	(318)	342	6,694	(6,483)	(211)	-	1	343
Corporate	221	(221)	-	657	(403)	-	254	86	340

Fair Value through Equity

As at 30.06.11	Cost	Available for Sale AFS Reserve	Total
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	£m	£m	£m
Sovereign	4,866	(153)	4,713
Financial institutions	597	(39)	558
Residential mortgages	-	-	-
Corporate	26	(1)	25
Other retail lending	-	-	-

Held at Amortised Cost	Loans and Advances		
	Gross	Impairment Allowances	Total
As at 30.06.11	£m	£m	£m
Sovereign	39	-	39
Financial institutions	374	(4)	370
Residential mortgages	16,593	(90)	16,503
Corporate	6,607	(1,326)	5,281
Other retail lending	3,350	(180)	3,170

As at 30 June 2011, the Group's exposures to Spain included:

— Sovereign

– Largely AFS holdings in government bonds with the majority due to mature by December 2012

– No impairment and £153m cumulative loss held in the AFS reserve

— Financial institutions

– £901m held at fair value, predominantly debt securities held by Barclays Capital to support trading and market making activities

– £558m AFS assets with £39m cumulative loss held in the AFS reserve

— Residential mortgages

– Fully secured on residential property with average marked to market LTV of 58%, which is reflected in the CRL coverage of 26%

– 90 day arrears rates are stable and the annualised loan loss rate is below 2010 levels

Risk Management

— Corporate

– Lending to property and construction sectors of £2,510m which is largely secured on real estate collateral, with impairment allowance of £968m. CRL coverage of 47%

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£2,179m lending to corporates banked by Barclays Corporate, with £335m impairment providing 83% coverage on £404m CRLs

- Balances on early warning lists peaked in late 2010 and have remained stable during 2011. Portfolio kept under close review and impairment incurred as appropriate
- Corporate impairment in Spain was at its highest level in H1 2010 when commercial property declines were reflected earlier in the cycle. The impairment charge has declined in each subsequent half year

- £518m Barclays Capital lending to multinational and large national corporates, which continues to perform

— Other retail lending

- £1,677m credit cards and unsecured loans. Early and late cycle arrear rates in credit cards and unsecured loans were stable and charge-off rates down as a result of improved collection processes

- £1,493m lending to small and medium enterprises (SME), largely secured against commercial property

- Contingent liabilities and commitments of £3,177m to corporate customers and £1,547m principally to undrawn facilities to SME and undrawn credit card lines

Italy

Fair Value through Profit and Loss

As at	Trading portfolio			Derivatives			Designated as Fair Value		
	Trading Portfolio	Trading Portfolio	Net Trading Portfolio	Gross Assets	Gross Liabilities	Cash Collateral	Net Derivatives	Through P&L	Total
30.06.11	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Sovereign	7,726	(5,461)	2,265	804	(271)	(41)	492	-	2,757
Financial institutions	653	(42)	611	5,733	(5,131)	(540)	62	-	673
Corporate	223	(125)	98	523	(396)	(115)	12	2	112

Fair Value through Equity

As at 30.06.11	Available for Sale Assets		Total
	Cost	AFS Reserve	
	£m	£m	£m
Sovereign	2,733	(47)	2,686
Financial institutions	156	(3)	153
Residential mortgages	-	-	-
Corporate	16	1	17
Other retail lending	-	-	-

Held at Amortised Cost

As at 30.06.11	Loans and Advances		Total
	Gross	Impairment Allowances	

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	£m	£m	£m
Sovereign	-	-	-
Financial institutions	23	(9)	14
Residential mortgages	15,567	(81)	15,486
Corporate	2,841	(127)	2,714
Other retail lending	2,654	(181)	2,473

1 The Group also held non-cash collateral held against derivative exposures to financial institutions in Italy of £62m.

Risk Management

As at 30 June 2011, the Group's exposures to Italy included:

— Sovereign

- Largely holdings in government bonds held at fair value

- £2,265m trading portfolio and £2,686m AFS assets with £47m cumulative loss held in the AFS reserve

— Financial institutions

- Predominantly investments in debt securities, including £611m trading portfolio and £153m AFS assets, held by Barclays Capital to support trading and market making activities

- Exposures focused on major domestic banks including debt securities and derivatives

— Residential mortgages

- Fully secured on residential property with average marked to market LTVs of 46%

- 90 day arrears rates and recoveries as a proportion of outstandings were stable in H1 2011

- The CRL coverage of 23% reflects the above

— Corporate

- Focused on large corporate clients with very limited exposure to property sector

- Balances on early warning lists broadly unchanged from December 2010

- Majority of exposures categorised as Strong or Satisfactory¹

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– CRL coverage of 69%, reflecting £184m CRLs and an impairment allowance of £127m

— Other retail lending

– £1,712m Italian salary advance loans (repayment deducted at source by qualifying employers and Barclays is insured in the event of termination of employment or death). Improved arrears and charge-off rates on salary loans reflecting improved collections and claims performance

– £628m credit cards and other unsecured loans. Arrears and charge-off rates improving within the cards portfolio

— Contingent liabilities and commitments of £2,281m to corporate customers and £1,155m principally undrawn credit card lines

Portugal

Fair Value through Profit and Loss

As at 30.06.11	Trading portfolio			Derivatives			Designated as Fair Value Through P&L		Total £m
	Trading Portfolio Assets £m	Trading Portfolio Liabilities £m	Net Trading Portfolio £m	Gross Assets £m	Gross Liabilities £m	Cash Collateral £m	Net Derivatives £m	£m	
Sovereign	298	(275)	23	378	(249)	-	129	-	152
Financial institutions	45	(15)	30	451	(386)	(65)	-	-	30
Corporate	39	(25)	14	166	(70)	-	96	-	110

1 On Barclays credit grading scale, loans categorised as Strong have a probability of default (PD) of 0% to 0.6% and loans categorised as Satisfactory have a PD of 0.6% to 11.35%.

Risk Management

Fair Value through Equity

As at 30.06.11	Available for Sale Assets		Total £m
	Cost £m	AFS reserve £m	
Sovereign	958	(166)	792
Financial institutions	3	-	3
Residential mortgages	-	-	-
Corporate	1,042	(9)	1,033
Other retail lending	-	-	-

Held at Amortised Cost As at 30.06.11	Loans and Advances		Total £m
	Gross £m	Impairment Allowances £m	
Sovereign	26	-	26
Financial institutions	45	-	45
Residential mortgages	3,840	(12)	3,828
Corporate	2,887	(166)	2,721
Other retail lending	2,360	(217)	2,143

As at 30 June 2011, the Group's exposures to Portugal included:

— Sovereign

- Largely AFS government bonds with the majority due to mature by December 2012
 - No impairment and £166m cumulative loss held in the AFS reserve

— Residential mortgages

- Fully secured on residential property with average marked to market LTVs of 63%
 - CRL coverage of 12%

— Corporate

- Loans and advances of £2,721m, which includes exposures to the property and construction sectors of £651m secured, in part, on real estate collateral
- Commercial paper of £1,033m maturing in less than 90 days issued by corporate customers reflecting local business practice usage in place of overdraft facilities. Held as AFS assets at fair value with no identified impairment
- Majority of loan exposures categorised as Strong or Satisfactory, the majority due to mature by December 2012
 - CRL coverage of 42%, reflecting a total of £392m CRLs and an impairment allowance of £166m

— Other retail lending

- £1,277m credit cards and unsecured loans. Arrears rates in cards portfolio remained stable and recent vintage performance in personal loans portfolio steady or improving
 - £756m of lending to small and medium enterprises, largely secured against commercial property

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– CRL coverage of 86% and reflects the level of exposure to credit cards and unsecured loans

— Contingent liabilities and commitments of £1,409m to corporate customers and £1,492m principally undrawn facilities to SME and undrawn credit card lines

Risk Management

Ireland

Fair Value through Profit and Loss

As at 30.06.11	Trading Portfolio			Derivatives				Designated as Fair Value Risk		Total £m
	Trading Portfolio Assets £m	Trading Portfolio Liabilities £m	Net Trading Portfolio £m	Gross Assets £m	Gross Liabilities £m	Cash Collateral £m	Net Derivatives £m	Management Through P&L £m		
Sovereign	209	(61)	148	300	(130)	(170)	-	-	148	
Financial institutions	1,703	(161)	1,542	3,128	(2,746)	(382)	-	49	1,591	
Corporate	89	(18)	71	252	(89)	-	163	9	243	

Fair Value through Equity

As at 30.06.11	Available for Sale Assets		Total £m
	Cost £m	AFS Reserve £m	
Sovereign	231	(48)	183
Financial institutions	280	(27)	253
Residential mortgages	-	-	-
Corporate	13	2	15
Other retail lending	-	-	-

Held at Amortised Cost

As at 30.06.11	Loans and Advances		Total £m
	Gross £m	Impairment Allowances £m	
Sovereign	-	-	-
Financial institutions	2,769	(147)	2,622
Residential mortgages	96	(9)	87
Corporate	1,075	(19)	1,056
Other retail lending	300	(4)	296

As at 30 June 2011, the Group's exposures to Ireland included:

— Sovereign

– All assets held at fair value

– £183m AFS with £48m cumulative loss held in the AFS reserve

— Financial institutions

– Exposure focused on financial institutions with investment grade credit ratings

– Exposure to Irish banks amounted to £221m

– £1.2bn of trading assets and £1.1bn of loans relate to issuers domiciled in Ireland whose principal business and exposures are outside of Ireland

— Corporate

– £1,056m loans and advances, including a significant portion to other multinational entities domiciled in Ireland whose principal businesses and exposures are outside of Ireland

– The portfolio continues to perform and has not been impacted materially by the decline in the property sector

— Other lending of £383m, including £87m secured on residential property

— Contingent liabilities and commitments of £1,587m to corporate customers

Risk Management

Greece

Fair Value through Profit and Loss

As at 30.06.11	Trading Portfolio			Derivatives			Designated as Fair Value Through P&L		Total £m
	Trading Portfolio Assets £m	Trading Portfolio Liabilities £m	Net Trading Portfolio £m	Gross Assets £m	Gross Liabilities £m	Cash Collateral £m	Net Derivatives £m	£m	
Sovereign	120	(65)	55	3	(3)	-	-	-	55
Financial institutions	4	-	4	426	(140)	(197)	89	-	93
Corporate	7	-	7	1	-	-	1	10	18

Available for Sale Assets

Fair Value through Equity

As at 30.06.11	Cost	AFS Reserve	Total
----------------	------	-------------	-------

	£m	£m	£m
Sovereign	14	-	14
Financial institutions	-	-	-
Residential mortgages	-	-	-
Corporate	-	-	-
Other retail lending	-	-	-

Held at Amortised Cost	Loans and Advances		
As at 30.06.11	Gross	Impairment Allowances	Total
	£m	£m	£m
Sovereign	-	-	-
Financial institutions	-	-	-
Residential mortgages	6	-	6
Corporate	139	-	139
Other retail lending	33	(11)	22

As at 30 June 2011, the Group's exposures to Greece included:

— Sovereign

- All assets held at fair value representing principally short term government securities held on behalf of clients
- £14m AFS with no cumulative loss held in the AFS reserve. These assets are held in connection with a customer insurance product
- No impairment required as a result of recent events, including the Private Sector Initiative to support Greece announced on 21 July 2011

— Corporate

- Lending of £139m is performing

— Other Retail Lending

- Retail lending predominately credit card balances
- Contingent liabilities and commitments of less than £50m

1 The Group also held non-cash collateral held against derivative exposures to financial institutions in Greece of £89m.

Risk Management

Barclays Capital Credit Market Exposures

Barclays Capital's credit market exposures primarily relate to commercial real estate, leveraged finance, and collateral previously underlying the loan to Protium. These exposures arose before the market dislocation in mid-2007. These include positions subject to fair value movements in the income statement and positions that are classified as loans and advances and as available for sale.

The balances, fair value and impairment movements to 30 June 2011 are set out by asset class below. Further analysis of Protium by asset class is disclosed on page 77.

Credit Market Exposures¹

					Half Year Ended 30.06.11		
	As at 30.06.11	As at 31.12.10	As at 30.06.11	As at 31.12.10	Fair Value (Losses)/ Gains	Impairment (Charge)/ Release	Total (Losses)/ Gains
	\$m	\$m	£m	£m	and Net Funding £m	£m	£m
Protium							
Collateral assets ²	5,411	10,884	3,374	7,028	(78)	223	145
US Residential Mortgages							
ABS CDO Super Senior	2,949	3,085	1,839	1,992	(22)	(9)	(31)
US sub-prime and Alt-A	775	1,025	483	662	(4)	37	33
Commercial Mortgages							
Commercial real estate loans and properties	10,390	11,006	6,479	7,106	253	-	253
Commercial Mortgaged Backed Securities	96	184	60	119	-	-	-
Monoline protection on CMBS	10	18	6	12	33	-	33
Other Credit Market							
Leveraged Finance ³	7,019	7,636	4,377	4,930	26	(138)	(112)
SIVs, SIV -Lites and CDPCs	8	618	5	399	(2)	-	(2)
Monoline protection on CLO and other	2,000	2,541	1,247	1,641	3	-	3
Total	28,658	36,997	17,870	23,889	209	113	322

During the period ended 30 June 2011, credit market exposures decreased by £6,019m to £17,870m (31 December 2010: £23,889m). The decrease reflected net sales and paydowns and other movements of £5,948m and foreign exchange rate movements of £393m primarily relating to the depreciation of the US Dollar against Sterling, partially

offset by fair value gains and impairment releases of £322m.

Net sales, paydowns and other movements of £5,948m included:

- £3,497m (\$5,710m) relating to Protium, comprising £1,738m (\$2,837m) sales, £959m (\$1,565m) loan and interest repayments and £800m (\$1,308m) paydowns and other movements. Of these proceeds £459m (\$750m) was invested in Helix a fund managed by C12, an independent asset management firm
- £854m of commercial real estate loans and properties sales, including £318m (\$529m) to Crexus Investment Corp
 - £557m reduction in leveraged loans
 - £366m reduction in SIV and SIV-Lites
- £339m reduction in US sub-prime, Alt-A and CMBS positions in addition to the Protium sales
 - £335m reduction in the value of monoline protection on collateralised loan obligations

1 As the majority of exposure is held in US Dollars, the exposures above are shown in both US Dollars and Sterling.

2 Prior to 27 April 2011 when Protium was consolidated by the Group the exposure was a loan. This was carried at the amount equivalent to the fair value of the underlying collateral from 31 December 2010.

3 Includes undrawn commitments of £241m (31 December 2010: £264m).

Risk Management

Protium

On 16 September 2009, Barclays Capital sold assets of \$12,285m, including \$8,384m in credit market assets, to Protium Finance LP (Protium), a newly established fund. As part of the transaction, Barclays extended a \$12,641m 10 year loan to Protium.

In April 2011, Barclays entered into several agreements to acquire all third party interests in Protium in order to help facilitate the Group's early exit from the underlying exposures. As a result, Protium is now consolidated by the Group with the loan to Protium being replaced by the underlying collateral assets in the Group's consolidated Balance Sheet.

The table below shows the movement of the Protium collateral assets since the inception of the loan.

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	Acquisition Date				Acquisition Date			
	As at 30.06.11 \$m	As at 27.04.11 \$m	As at 31.12.10 \$m	As at 16.09.09 \$m	As at 30.06.11 £m	As at 27.04.11 £m	As at 31.12.10 £m	As at 16.09.09 £m
US sub-prime and Alt-A Commercial mortgage-backed securities	2,142	4,406	4,402	4,477	1,335	2,665	2,710	2,716
Monoline protection	-	-	225	4,562	-	-	145	2,768
CLO and other assets	869	1,952	1,636	1,349	542	1,181	1,189	818
Total collateral	5,411	9,450	9,520	12,285	3,374	5,716	6,147	7,453
Cash and cash equivalents	-	231	1,364	250	-	140	881	152
Total assets	5,411	9,681	10,884	12,535	3,374	5,856	7,028	7,605
Loan to Protium	-	-	10,884	12,641	-	-	7,028	7,669

As part of this transaction, \$750m was invested in Helix, an existing fund managed by C12. The investment represents 86% of the Helix fund, which has been consolidated by the Group. The fund's investments primarily comprise government and agency securities and, as such, Helix does not represent a credit market exposure. As at 30 June 2011, the fair value of Barclays investment in the fund was \$749m.

Capital and Performance Management

Capital Resources	As at 30.06.11 £m	As at 31.12.10 £m	As at 30.06.10 £m
Ordinary shareholders' funds	51,572	50,858	49,591
Regulatory adjustments to reserves:			
- Available for sale reserve - debt	171	340	(131)
- Cash flow hedging reserve	(104)	(152)	(757)
- Defined benefit pension scheme	139	99	406
- Adjustments for scope of regulatory consolidation	5	99	213
- Foreign exchange on RCIs and upper Tier 2 loan stock	162	209	(64)
- Adjustment for own credit	(690)	(621)	(953)
- Other adjustments	8	(40)	107
Equity non-controlling interests	2,875	2,923	2,540
Less: Intangible assets	(8,223)	(8,326)	(8,437)
Less: Net excess of expected loss over impairment at 50%	(419)	(168)	-
Less: Securitisation positions at 50%	(1,959)	(2,360)	(2,922)
Core Tier 1 capital	43,537	42,861	39,593
Preference shares	6,294	6,317	6,270
Reserve Capital Instruments	5,206	6,098	6,903
Tier 1 Notes1	1,017	1,046	1,069
Tax on the net excess of expected loss over impairment	(41)	(100)	-
Less: Material holdings in financial companies at 50%	(2,480)	(2,676)	(1,859)
Total qualifying Tier 1 capital	53,533	53,546	51,976
Revaluation reserves	29	29	25
Collectively assessed impairment allowances	2,517	2,409	2,491
Tier 2 non-controlling interests	552	572	592
Qualifying subordinated liabilities:			
- Undated loan capital	1,637	1,648	1,588
- Dated loan capital	15,646	16,565	14,326
Less: Net excess of expected loss over impairment at 50%	(419)	(168)	-
Less: Securitisation positions at 50%	(1,959)	(2,360)	(2,922)
Less: Material holdings in financial companies at 50%	(2,480)	(2,676)	(1,859)
Total qualifying Tier 2 capital	15,523	16,019	14,241
Less: Other regulatory deductions	(2,320)	(2,250)	(1,007)
Total net capital resources	66,736	67,315	65,210
Risk weighted assets	395,150	398,031	395,025
Capital Ratios			
Core Tier 1 ratio	11.0%	10.8%	10.0%
Tier 1 ratio	13.5%	13.5%	13.2%
Risk asset ratio	16.9%	16.9%	16.5%

Core Tier 1 capital increased by £0.7bn. Retained profit excluding the impact of PPI redress contributed to a 44bps increase in the Core Tier 1 ratio, more than sufficient to absorb the impact of the PPI provision and other movements.

Total qualifying Tier 1 capital remained broadly flat, as the redemption of £0.8bn of Reserve Capital Instruments was largely off-set by the increase in Core Tier 1.

Total net capital resources decreased by £0.6bn during the first half of 2011, reflecting the redemption and amortisation of £2.6bn of subordinated debt capital instruments (including the Reserve Capital Instruments), largely off-set by the increase in Core Tier 1 and £0.9bn of Tier 2 issuance.

1 Included in subordinated liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet.

Capital and Performance Management

Total Assets and Risk Weighted Assets by Business

	Total Assets by Business			Risk Weighted Assets by Business		
	As at 30.06.11 £m	As at 31.12.10 £m	As at 30.06.10 £m	As at 30.06.11 £m	As at 31.12.10 £m	As at 30.06.10 £m
UK RBB	123,745	121,590	119,251	34,216	35,274	35,586
Europe RBB	56,699	53,609	48,976	17,916	17,269	15,865
Africa RBB	57,123	60,264	54,846	35,424	38,401	30,879
Barclaycard	32,513	30,324	31,062	33,983	31,913	32,215
Barclays Capital	1,076,018	1,094,799	1,212,413	189,952	191,275	194,283
Barclays Corporate	85,073	85,735	86,906	69,291	70,796	72,724
Barclays Wealth	19,814	17,849	16,376	12,664	12,398	11,638
Investment Management	4,213	4,612	3,604	93	74	74
Head Office Functions and Other Operations	37,724	20,863	13,712	1,611	631	1,761
Total	1,492,922	1,489,645	1,587,146	395,150	398,031	395,025

Risk Weighted Assets by Risk

	As at 30.06.11 £m	As at 31.12.10 £m	As at 30.06.10 £m
Credit risk	247,101	260,998	256,117
Counterparty risk:			
- Internal model method	27,072	29,466	28,401
- Non-model method	14,009	14,397	17,001
Market risk:			
- Modelled - VaR	10,692	9,209	14,085
- Modelled - IDRC and Non-VaR1	7,784	3,769	7,206

- Standardised	52,561	48,073	41,259
Operational risk	35,931	32,119	30,956
Total risk weighted assets	395,150	398,031	395,025

Risk weighted assets decreased to £395bn (31 December 2010: £398bn), largely as a result of foreign exchange movements. Excluding the effect of foreign exchange, risk weighted asset reductions from the sell down of legacy assets in Barclays Capital were offset by increases as a result of the Egg acquisition and regulatory methodology changes implemented through the period.

1 IDRC - Incremental Default Risk Charge

Capital and Performance Management

Balance Sheet Leverage

	As at 30.06.11	As at 31.12.10	As at 30.06.10
	£m	£m	£m
Total assets	1,492,922	1,489,645	1,587,146
Counterparty netting	(304,097)	(340,467)	(420,107)
Collateral on derivatives	(33,394)	(37,289)	(41,033)
Net settlement balances and cash collateral ¹	(84,158)	(48,108)	(52,764)
Goodwill and intangible assets	(8,541)	(8,697)	(8,824)
Financial assets designated at fair value and associated cash balances - held in respect of linked liabilities to customers under investment contracts	(1,524)	(1,947)	(1,786)
Adjusted total tangible assets	1,061,208	1,053,137	1,062,632
Total qualifying Tier 1 capital	53,533	53,546	51,976
Adjusted gross leverage ¹	20	20	20
Ratio of total assets to shareholders' equity	24	24	26

Barclays continues to operate within limits and targets for balance sheet usage as part of its balance sheet management activities.

The adjusted gross leverage was 20x as at 30 June 2011 (31 December 2010: 20x). Total qualifying Tier 1 Capital has remained stable at £53.5bn (31 December 2010: £53.5bn) and adjusted total tangible assets has marginally increased by 1% £8.1bn. At month ends during 2011 the ratio moved in a range from 20x to 22x, with fluctuations arising as a result of normal trading activities, primarily due to changes in reverse repurchase trading and holdings of trading portfolio assets.

Adjusted total tangible assets include cash and balances at central banks of £86.9bn (31 December 2010: £97.6bn). Excluding these balances, the balance sheet leverage would be 18x (31 December 2010: 18x).

The ratio of total assets to total shareholders' equity was 24x as at 30 June 2011 (31 December 2010: 24x). The ratio moved within a month end range of 24x to 26x, driven by trading activity fluctuations noted above, as well as changes in gross interest rate derivatives and settlement balances.

The Basel Committee of Banking Supervisors (BCBS) issued final guidelines for "Basel III: a global regulatory framework for more resilient banks and banking systems" in December 2010. The guidelines include a proposed leverage metric, to be implemented by national supervisors in parallel run from 1 January 2013 (migrating to a Pillar 1 measure by 2018). Based on our interpretation of the current BCBS proposals the Group's Basel III leverage ratio as at 30 June 2011 would be within the proposed limit of 33x.

1 As at 31 December 2010 the Group amended the calculation of balance sheet leverage to reflect the deduction of cash collateral on derivative liability contracts. Applying this approach to 30 June 2010 would not affect the balance sheet leverage of 20x.

Capital and Performance Management

Returns and Equity by Business

Returns on average equity and average tangible equity by business are calculated using profit after tax and non-controlling interests for the period, divided by average allocated equity or tangible equity as appropriate. Average allocated equity has been calculated as 10% of average risk weighted assets for each business, adjusted for capital deductions, including goodwill and intangible assets. Average allocated tangible equity is calculated using the same method but excludes goodwill and intangible assets. Comparatives throughout this document have been revised to use 10% of average risk weighted assets (previously 9%) in the calculation of average equity and average tangible equity.

	Adjusted ¹			Statutory		
	Half Year Ended 30.06.11	Half Year Ended 31.12.10	Half Year Ended 30.06.10	Half Year Ended 30.06.11	Half Year Ended 31.12.10	Half Year Ended 30.06.10
Return on Average Equity	%	%	%	%	%	%
UK RBB	15	12	8	6	12	11
Europe RBB	(9)	(10)	8	(9)	(10)	10
Africa RBB	8	8	10	8	13	10
Barclaycard	16	16	9	(4)	16	9
Barclays Capital	15	13	14	16	10	19
Barclays Corporate	0	(3)	(11)	(2)	(3)	(11)

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Barclays Wealth	10	8	10	10	8	10
Investment Management	26	8	5	(3)	8	5
Head Office Functions and Other Operations	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm
Group	9.1	5.6	6.9	5.9	4.5	9.8

	Adjusted ¹			Statutory		
Return on Average Tangible Equity	%	%	%	%	%	%
UK RBB	29	22	15	12	22	20
Europe RBB	(13)	(13)	11	(13)	(13)	13
Africa RBB ²	15	14	18	15	18	18
Barclaycard	21	21	12	(5)	21	12
Barclays Capital	16	14	14	16	11	20
Barclays Corporate	0	(3)	(12)	(2)	(3)	(12)
Barclays Wealth	13	11	14	13	11	14
Investment Management	26	8	5	(3)	8	5
Head Office Functions and Other Operations	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm
Group	10.9	6.8	8.4	7.1	5.5	12.0

	Average Equity			Average Tangible Equity		
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
UK RBB	6,847	6,909	7,010	3,588	3,653	3,742
Europe RBB	2,683	2,526	2,490	1,997	1,870	1,819
Africa RBB	2,902	2,852	2,673	1,029	983	820
Barclaycard	4,594	4,272	4,236	3,459	3,160	3,147
Barclays Capital	21,396	22,195	22,220	20,613	21,312	21,219
Barclays Corporate	7,227	7,846	8,233	6,949	7,311	7,658
Barclays Wealth	1,695	1,641	1,653	1,233	1,180	1,179
Investment Management	389	538	618	389	538	618
Head Office Functions and Other Operations ³	2,791	1,292	243	2,791	1,292	243
Group	50,524	50,071	49,376	42,048	41,299	40,445

1 Adjusted performance metrics exclude from profit after tax: the impact of own credit gain/(charge); the provision for PPI redress; (losses)/gains on acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures; and losses on disposal of strategic investments.

2 The return on Average tangible equity for Africa RBB has been calculated based on average tangible equity including amounts relating to Absa's non-controlling interests.

3 Includes risk weighted assets and capital deductions in Head Office Functions and Other Operations, plus the residual balance to average shareholders' equity and tangible equity.

Capital and Performance Management

Margins and Balances

	Half Year Ended	Half Year Ended	Half Year Ended
	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10
	£m	£m	£m
Analysis of Net Interest Income			
Net interest income pre product structural hedge	4,730	4,696	4,342
Net interest income from product structural hedge ¹	711	615	788
Share of benefit of interest income on Group equity (including equity structural hedge)	252	611	321
Total Retail and Business Banking, Corporate and Wealth ²	5,693	5,922	5,451
Barclays Capital net interest income ³	511	764	357
Other net interest income/(expense)	(15)	(132)	161
Group net interest income from continuing operations	6,189	6,554	5,969

The current low interest rate environment substantially reduces the margin generated on retail and corporate banking assets, liabilities and the Group's equity. This impact is mitigated, to an extent, by the Group's economic, rather than accounting, structural interest rate hedges, which are designed to minimise net interest margin volatility. Product structural hedges generated a gain of £711m (2010: £788m) converting short term interest margin volatility on product balances (such as non-interest bearing current accounts and managed rate deposits) into a more stable medium term rate. Hedges are built on a monthly basis to achieve a targeted maturity profile, referencing term rates, which protect against margin compression where short term interest rates are lower than historical averages.

During the first half of 2011, Barclays continued to extend the maturity profile of its liability product structural hedges. This increased expected revenue contribution for the year and reduced future earnings volatility. Based on the market curve as at the end of June 2011 and the on-going hedging strategy, fixed rate returns on liability structural hedges will continue to make a significant revenue contribution over the next 2 years. Therefore, to the extent that the current low floating rates persist, the net contribution from these hedges will remain significant. Any increases in short term interest rates will reduce the benefit from the hedges, but also provide capacity for enhanced product margins to offset this. The net contribution from these hedges is included in the net interest income of individual businesses.

Additionally, equity structural hedges are in place to manage the volatility in earnings on the Group's equity with the impact allocated to the businesses as part of the share of the interest income benefit on Group equity through net interest income. Equity structural hedges generated a gain of £599m in 2011 (2010: £626m). The Group also continued to extend the duration of these hedges through the first half of 2011.

Within the analysis of net interest income above, the amount described as Other relates to the cost of subordinated debt and net funding on non-customer assets and liabilities, together with the residual benefit of interest income on Group equity, held within Head Office Functions and Other Operations.

Net Interest Margin

The net interest margin for Retail and Business Banking, Corporate and Wealth of 1.97% (2010: 1.98%) set out below is the net interest income expressed as a percentage of the sum of average customer assets and liabilities. In this way the net interest margin incorporates the impact of the margin earned on customer liabilities and therefore the reduced spread generated on retail and corporate banking liabilities in recent periods.

Total Retail and Business Banking, Corporate and Wealth net interest income divided by their total average assets only results in an aggregate margin of 3.64% (2010: 3.58%).

1 Includes £429m (2010: £439m) allocated to UK RBB and £114m (2010: £134m) allocated to Barclays Corporate.

2 Total RBB net interest income was £4,369m (2010: £4,204m) and the RBB net interest margin was 2.28% (2010: 2.28%).

3 Including share of the interest income on Group equity which includes the equity structural hedge benefit.

Capital and Performance Management

	Half Year Ended 30.06.11 %	Half Year Ended 31.12.10 %	Half Year Ended 30.06.10 %
Net Interest Margin			
UK RBB	1.46	1.50	1.39
Europe RBB	1.18	1.16	1.15
Africa RBB	2.89	2.89	3.00
Barclaycard	9.39	9.91	9.62
Barclays Corporate	1.42	1.63	1.45
Barclays Wealth	1.22	1.29	1.16
Retail and Business Banking, Corporate and Wealth	1.97	2.08	1.98

Net interest income is derived from the interest rate earned on average assets or paid on average liabilities relative to 1 month Libor plus the liquidity premium (the internal funding rate), local equivalents for international businesses or the rate managed by the bank using derivatives.

The following asset and liability margins for Retail and Business Banking, Barclays Corporate and Barclays Wealth are provided as additional information on the underlying drivers of movements in interest margins.

Asset and Liability Margins and Customer Balances

	Margins			Average Customer Balances		
	Half Year Ended 30.06.11 %	Half Year Ended 31.12.10 %	Half Year Ended 30.06.10 %	Half Year Ended 30.06.11 £m	Half Year Ended 31.12.10 £m	Half Year Ended 30.06.10 £m
UK RBB assets	1.21	1.25	1.17	116,977	114,901	112,505
UK RBB liabilities	1.68	1.53	1.61	107,007	105,485	103,516
Europe RBB assets	0.94	0.77	1.27	43,360	42,192	40,814
Europe RBB liabilities	0.96	1.07	0.49	18,029	16,794	17,740

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Africa RBB assets	3.12	3.11	3.13	40,822	42,016	40,630
Africa RBB liabilities	2.42	2.44	2.47	30,077	28,322	27,131
Barclaycard assets	9.01	9.05	9.06	29,408	28,935	28,687
Barclays Corporate assets	1.43	1.48	1.41	68,081	67,484	70,948
Barclays Corporate liabilities	1.27	1.23	1.15	67,467	62,292	59,773
Barclays Wealth assets	0.77	0.85	0.78	16,849	15,114	13,790
Barclays Wealth liabilities	1.31	1.29	1.30	43,994	41,926	39,892
Total RBB, Corporate and Wealth assets	2.17	2.19	2.22	315,497	310,642	307,374
Total RBB, Corporate and Wealth liabilities	1.55	1.49	1.46	266,574	254,819	248,052

The Group's internal funds pricing mechanism prices intra-group funding and liquidity to appropriately give credit to businesses with net surplus liquidity and to charge those businesses in need of wholesale funding at Barclays internal funding rate, which is driven by prevailing market rates and includes a term premium. The objective is to price internal funding for assets and liabilities in line with the cost of alternative sources of funding, which ensures there is consistency between retail and wholesale sources.

Margins are also affected by hedging activity, which is executed to minimise the net interest margin volatility. As such, the hedges provide a more constant revenue stream on liabilities and a more constant cost of funding for fixed rate assets.

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors confirm to the best of their knowledge that the condensed consolidated interim financial statements set out on pages 24 to 28 and 87 to 106 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting, as adopted by the European Union, and that the interim management report herein includes a fair review of the information required by Disclosure and Transparency Rules 4.2.7 and 4.2.8 namely:

- An indication of important events that have occurred during the six months ended 30 June 2011 and their impact on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, and a description of the principal risks and uncertainties for the remaining six months of the financial year
- Material related party transactions in the six months ended 30 June 2011 and any material changes in the related party transactions described in the last Annual Report

On behalf of the Board

Bob Diamond

Chris Lucas

Chief Executive

Group Finance Director

Independent Auditors' Review Report to Barclays PLC

Introduction

We have been engaged by Barclays PLC to review the condensed consolidated interim financial statements in the interim results announcement for the six months ended 30 June 2011, which comprises the condensed consolidated income statement on page 24, condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 25, condensed consolidated balance sheet on page 26, condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 27 to 28, condensed consolidated cash flow statement on page 28 and related notes on pages 87 to 106. We have read the other information contained in the interim results announcement and considered whether it contains any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the information in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Directors' Responsibilities

The interim results announcement is the responsibility of, and has been approved by, the Directors. The Directors are responsible for preparing the interim results announcement in accordance with the Disclosure and Transparency Rules of the United Kingdom's Financial Services Authority.

As disclosed in the 'Accounting Policies' section, the annual financial statements of the Group are prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements included in this interim results announcement have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting", as adopted by the European Union.

Our Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express to the company a conclusion on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements in the interim results announcement based on our review. This report, including the conclusion, has been prepared for and only for the company for the purpose of the Disclosure and Transparency Rules of the Financial Services Authority and for no other purpose. We do not, in producing this report, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements (UK and Ireland) 2410, 'Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity' issued by the Auditing Practices Board for use in the United Kingdom. A review of interim financial information consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit

opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the condensed consolidated interim financial statements in the interim results announcement for the six months ended 30 June 2011 are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 as adopted by the European Union and the Disclosure and Transparency Rules of the United Kingdom's Financial Services Authority.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants London,
United Kingdom
1 August 2011

1 The maintenance and integrity of the Barclays website is the responsibility of the Directors; the work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the website.

2 Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Financial Statement Notes

Going Concern

The Group's business activities and financial position, the factors likely to affect its future development and performance, and its objectives and policies in managing the financial risks to which it is exposed and its capital are discussed in the Results by Business, Risk Management and Capital and Performance Management sections.

The Directors have assessed, in the light of current and anticipated economic conditions, the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Directors confirm they are satisfied that the Group has adequate resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis for preparing accounts.

Basis of Preparation

The Interim Results announcement does not comprise the Group's statutory accounts. The Group's statutory accounts, for the year ended 31 December 2010, on which the auditors issued an unmodified audit opinion, have been filed with the Registrar of Companies.

The Results Announcement has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting, using the same accounting policies and methods of computation as those used in the 2010 Annual Report.

There have been no accounting developments since those disclosed in the 2010 Annual Report that we would expect to have a material impact on the Group's 2011 results.

Financial Statement Notes

1. Net Interest Income

	Half Year Ended 30.06.11	Half Year Ended 31.12.10	Half Year Ended 30.06.10
	£m	£m	£m
Cash and balances with central banks	186	117	154
Available for sale investments	1,108	733	750
Loans and advances to banks	158	243	197
Loans and advances to customers	8,590	8,992	8,685
Other	154	122	42
Interest income	10,196	10,207	9,828
Deposits from banks	(145)	(123)	(247)
Customer accounts	(1,032)	(704)	(706)
Debt securities in issue	(1,813)	(1,780)	(1,852)
Subordinated liabilities	(903)	(909)	(869)
Other	(114)	(137)	(185)
Interest expense	(4,007)	(3,653)	(3,859)
Net interest income	6,189	6,554	5,969

2. Net Fee and Commission Income

	Half Year Ended 30.06.11	Half Year Ended 31.12.10	Half Year Ended 30.06.10
	£m	£m	£m
Fee and commission income	5,167	5,230	5,138
Fee and commission expense	(748)	(553)	(944)
Net fee and commission income	4,419	4,677	4,194

3. Net Trading Income

	Half Year Ended 30.06.11	Half Year Ended 31.12.10	Half Year Ended 30.06.10
	£m	£m	£m
Trading income	3,447	2,632	4,385

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Gain on foreign exchange dealings	360	273	397
Own credit gain/(charge)	89	(460)	851
Net trading income	3,896	2,445	5,633

4. Net Investment Income

	Half Year Ended 30.06.11	Half Year Ended 31.12.10	Half Year Ended 30.06.10
	£m	£m	£m
Net gain from disposal of available for sale assets	265	725	302
Dividend income	55	58	58
Net gain from financial instruments designated at fair value	131	177	97
Other net investment income/(loss)	143	(12)	72
Net investment income	594	948	529

Financial Statement Notes

5. Operating Expenses

	Half Year Ended 30.06.11	Half Year Ended 31.12.10	Half Year Ended 30.06.10
	£m	£m	£m
Staff costs	6,110	6,104	5,812
Administration and general expenses	3,124	3,309	3,276
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	351	382	408
Amortisation of intangible assets	197	213	224
Goodwill impairment	47	243	-
Operating expenses excluding provision for PPI redress	9,829	10,251	9,720
Provision for PPI redress	1,000	-	-
Operating expenses	10,829	10,251	9,720

Operating expenses, excluding the provision for PPI redress, increased 1% to £9,829m (2010: £9,720m), reflecting increased defined benefit post retirement charges and restructuring charges within staff costs and goodwill impairment, offset by a decline in administration and general expenses. Further information on the PPI provision is included on page 97.

	Half Year Ended 30.06.11	Half Year Ended 31.12.10	Half Year Ended 30.06.10
	£m	£m	£m
Staff Costs			
Salaries	3,164	3,173	2,979
Variable cash awards	1,326	1,127	1,530
Share based payments	389	449	411
Social security costs	400	344	375
Bank payroll tax	38	45	51
Post retirement benefits	347	399	129
- defined contribution plans	154	149	148

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- defined benefit plans	186	240	(27)
- other post retirement benefits	7	10	8
Other	446	567	337
Staff costs	6,110	6,104	5,812

Of which:

Charge relating to deferred incentive awards and long term incentive plans	607	505	680
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Performance awards continue to be recognised in staff costs on an accruals basis over the period in which the employees provide the related services. The payment of awards under deferred incentive awards and long term incentive plans is dependent on employees meeting certain service and performance conditions and, in the case of certain schemes, the performance of the Group. The charge for such awards is recognised over the period from the date of award up to the date an employee becomes unconditionally entitled to the award.

Amounts awarded under deferred incentive awards and long term incentive plans that will be expensed if the relevant conditions are met, typically over a three year period, amounted to £1,610m as at 30 June 2011 (31 December 2010: £917m). The increase from 31 December 2010 reflects the annual compensation awards communicated to employees in the first quarter of 2011, offset by the recognition of charges for the first half of 2011.

The defined benefit post retirement charge increased by £213m reflecting the non-recurrence of a £241m credit resulting from amendments to the treatment of minimum defined benefits and a £54m credit relating to the Group's recognition of a surplus in Absa recognised in 2010.

Other staff costs increased by £109m which primarily related to Retail and Business Banking restructuring activities.

Financial Statement Notes

5. Operating Expenses (continued)

	Half Year Ended	Half Year Ended	Half Year Ended
	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10
Number of Employees (Full Time Equivalent) ¹			
UK RBB	34,200	34,700	33,200
Europe RBB	9,300	9,400	9,300
Africa RBB	47,100	47,600	47,700
Barclaycard	10,400	9,900	10,400
Barclays Capital	24,100	24,800	25,500
Barclays Corporate	11,600	11,900	11,900
Barclays Wealth	7,900	7,700	7,400
Head Office Functions and Other Operations	1,500	1,500	1,400
Total Group permanent and fixed term contract staff worldwide	146,100	147,500	146,800
Of which:			
UK	56,900	58,100	56,800
International	89,200	89,400	90,000
	146,100	147,500	146,800

Staff numbers in Retail and Business Banking have decreased by 600 to 101,000 (31 December 2010: 101,600) largely due to restructuring activities in UK, Europe and Africa, offset by increases in Barclaycard of 500 mostly relating to acquisitions during the period. Barclays Capital and Barclays Corporate reduced by 700 and 300 FTEs respectively since 31 December 2010 primarily due to restructuring activities. Barclays Wealth FTEs increased 200 to 7,900 reflecting strategic investment.

	Half Year Ended 30.06.11	Half Year Ended 31.12.10	Half Year Ended 30.06.10
	£m	£m	£m
Administration and General Expenses			
Property and equipment	907	913	900
Outsourcing and professional services	898	895	810
Operating lease rentals	324	321	316
Marketing, advertising and sponsorship	262	371	260
Subscriptions, publications, stationery and communications	376	376	374
Travel and accommodation	160	198	160
Other administration and general expenses	191	193	373
Impairment of property, equipment and intangible assets	6	42	83
Administration and general expenses	3,124	3,309	3,276

Administration and general expenses decreased 5% to £3,124m (2010: £3,276m). The increase in outsourcing and professional services costs reflect acquisition costs in Barclaycard, restructuring charges in RBB Europe and increased regulatory costs. These cost increases have been more than offset by reduced costs within Barclays Corporate and Barclays Capital reflecting the benefits of restructuring during 2010 and the non-recurrence of the one-off settlement in resolution of the investigation into Barclays compliance with US Economic Sanctions that also occurred in 2010.

UK legislation was enacted in July 2011 to introduce an annual bank levy, which will apply to elements of the Group's consolidated liabilities and equity held as at the year end. In accordance with IFRS, the levy is not recognised in the 2011 interim results. Further detail is provided in Note 8.

Goodwill Impairment

The impairment of goodwill in 2011 reflects the write-off of the residual FirstPlus goodwill, totalling £47m due to continued run-off of the loan portfolio and the impact of PPI redress. The goodwill relating to Barclays Bank Russia of £243m was impaired in the period ended December 2010 as our activities there were refocused.

1 Excludes 1,700 employees (31 December 2010: 2,400; 30 June 2010: 2,400), of consolidated entities engaged in activities that are not closely related to our principal businesses.

6. (Loss)/Profit on Disposal of Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures

On 15 February 2011, Barclays announced its intention to sell Barclays Bank Russia (BBR) as part of refocusing its Russian activities and commenced plans to dispose of the business. As at 30 June 2011, BBR has been classified as held for sale. A loss of £64m has been recognised in the income statement under loss on disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, which has been estimated based on the range of offers received from potential buyers. On completion of the disposal, it is anticipated that accumulated foreign exchange losses of approximately £23m, previously recognised directly in equity, will be recycled through income.

7. Acquisitions

In April 2011, Barclays acquired the third party investments in Protium for their carrying value of £163m (\$270m) and restructured the related management arrangements. This resulted in the general partner interest being acquired by Barclays for a nominal consideration and the remaining interest in Protium held by C12, Protium's investment manager, redeemed for consideration of £50m (\$83m) (in accordance with the performance fees that would have been due under the original agreement, based on investment performance to date). Barclays is now the sole owner and controlling party of Protium, which is consolidated by the Group. There was no gain or loss and no goodwill arising as the impairment on the loan was already calculated by reference to Protium's net asset value of £5,856m (\$9,681m).

As part of this transaction, \$750m of proceeds from a partial redemption of the loan to Protium was invested into Helix, an existing fund managed by C12. This represents a majority interest in the fund, which has also been consolidated by the Group.

In June 2011, ABSA acquired an interest in, ABSA Property Equity Fund for a total consideration of £19m.

	Fair Value
Assets	£m
Trading portfolio assets	4,757
Financial assets designated at fair value	1,004
Derivative financial instruments	5
Loans and advances to banks	472
Reverse repurchase agreements	29
Other assets	46
Total assets	6,313
Liabilities	
Deposits from banks	1
Trading portfolio liabilities	93
Financial liabilities designated at fair value	76
Derivative financial instruments	23
Repurchase agreements	24
Other liabilities	51
Total liabilities	268
Net assets acquired	6,045
Group share of assets acquired	6,038

Consideration:

- cash	182
- loan	5,856
Total	6,038

The pre-acquisition carrying amount of the acquired assets and liabilities, stated in accordance with the Group's accounting policies, was equal to their fair value on acquisition. There was no gain or loss and no goodwill arising on acquisition.

The Group's exposure to Protium prior to acquisition represented a loan. Subsequent to acquisition the underlying assets held by Protium were consolidated by the Group and have been integrated into the corresponding business lines.

Financial Statement Notes

7. Acquisitions (continued)

The impact of Protium and related underlying assets on the Group's results for the first half of 2011 reflected a loss of £79m (comprising interest on the loan prior to acquisition and subsequent fair value movements in the underlying assets less funding costs) and an impairment release on the loan recognised prior to acquisition of £223m resulting in contribution to Group profit before tax of £144m.

Since the date of acquisition, Protium assets have contributed a net loss of £115m to income and profit before tax.

The Group's results would not have been materially different had the acquisitions occurred on 1 January 2011.

During the first half of 2011, Barclays acquired Egg's UK credit card assets, comprising approximately £2.3bn of gross receivables, and MBNA Europe Bank Limited's Small Business cards portfolio in the UK, comprising approximately £130m of outstanding balances. These acquisitions were asset purchases and therefore, have not been included in the table above.

8. Tax

The tax charge for the first half of 2011 was £661m (2010: £1,026m) representing a tax rate of 25.0% (2010: 26.0%). The effective tax rate for both periods differs from the UK tax rate of 26.5% (2010: 28.0%) because of non taxable gains and income, different rates that are applied to profits outside of the UK, disallowable expenditure, and in 2011, the impact of recognising deferred tax assets that were previously unrecognised.

Current and Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities	Assets			Liabilities		
	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Current tax	265	196	307	(487)	(646)	(1,039)
Deferred tax	2,742	2,517	1,880	(613)	(514)	(452)
Total	3,007	2,713	2,187	(1,100)	(1,160)	(1,491)

UK legislation was enacted in July 2011 to introduce an annual bank levy, which will apply to elements of the Group's consolidated liabilities and equity held as at the year end. In accordance with IFRS, the levy is not recognised in the 2011 interim results, as it relates to a charge on the year end balance sheet. The IFRS Interpretations Committee is considering the timing of the recognition of the levy going forward. It is estimated that the levy will result in a charge to the annual income statement of £350m - £400m, depending on the year end balance sheet position. The presentation of the levy within the income statement will be reviewed during the second half of the year.

9. Non-controlling Interests

	Profit Attributable to Non-controlling Interest			Equity Attributable to Non-controlling Interest		
	Half Year	Half Year	Half Year	Half Year	Half Year	Half Year
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Barclays Bank PLC Issued:						
- Preference shares	231	236	242	5,948	5,933	5,945
- Reserve Capital Instruments	34	55	58	529	1,418	1,935
- Upper Tier 2 instruments	1	2	1	586	586	586
Absa Group Limited	197	184	178	3,110	3,208	2,779
Other non-controlling interests	22	18	11	244	259	237
	485	495	490	10,417	11,404	11,482

The £98m decrease in Absa Group Limited equity non-controlling interest to £3,110m (31 December 2010: £3,208m) is principally due to £176m downward foreign exchange and £40m cash flow hedging reserve movements, offset by retained profits of £124m.

The £889m reduction in Reserve Capital Instruments equity to £529m (31 December 2010: £1,418m) is due to the redemption, at the Group's option, of instruments with a nominal value of \$1.25bn during June 2011.

Financial Statement Notes

10. Earnings Per Share

	Half Year	Half Year	Half Year
	Ended	Ended	Ended
	30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10
	£m	£m	£m
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent	1,498	1,133	2,431
Dilutive impact of convertible options	(2)	(8)	(2)
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent including dilutive impact of convertible options	1,496	1,125	2,429
Basic weighted average number of shares in issue	11,938m	11,926m	11,625m
Number of potential ordinary shares	651m	858m	715m
Diluted weighted average number of shares	12,589m	12,784m	12,340m

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Basic earnings per ordinary share	12.5p	9.5p	20.9p
Diluted earnings per ordinary share	11.9p	8.8p	19.7p

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to equity holders of the parent and the number of basic weighted average number of shares (excluding own shares held in employee benefit trusts or for trading).

When calculating the diluted earnings per share, the weighted average number of shares in issue is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares held in respect of Barclays PLC, totalling 651m (2010: 715m) shares. The decrease in the number of potential ordinary shares is primarily driven by the exercise of warrants in 2010 partially offset by the net impact of new employee share awards less those that have vested.

11. Dividends on Ordinary Shares

As previously announced, it is the Group's policy to declare and pay dividends on a quarterly basis. An interim cash dividend for the first quarter of 2011 of 1p per share was paid on 10 June 2011. The Board has decided to pay on 9 September 2011, the second quarterly dividend for the year ending 31 December 2011 of 1p per ordinary share for shares registered in the books of the Company at the close of business on 12 August 2011, making a total for the first half of 2011 of 2p (2010: 2p).

Dividends Paid During the period	Half Year Ended 30.06.11		Half Year Ended 31.12.10		Half Year Ended 30.06.10	
	Per Share Pence	Total £m	Per Share Pence	Total £m	Per Share Pence	Total £m
Final dividend paid during period	2.5	298	-	-	1.5	176
Interim dividends paid during period	1.0	121	2.0	237	1.0	118

For qualifying US and Canadian resident ADR holders, the second quarterly dividend of 1p per ordinary share becomes 4p per ADS (representing four shares). The ADR depository will post the interim dividend on 9 September 2011 to ADR holders on the record at close of business on 12 August 2011.

Financial Statement Notes

12. Derivative Financial Instruments

As at 30.06.11	Contract Notional Amount £m	Fair Value	
		Assets £m	Liabilities £m
Foreign exchange derivatives	3,965,712	54,186	(57,176)
Interest rate derivatives	37,739,893	238,645	(220,854)

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Credit derivatives	2,085,191	45,883	(44,169)
Equity and stock index and commodity derivatives	1,268,250	39,090	(41,907)
Derivative assets/(liabilities) held for trading	45,059,046	377,804	(364,106)
Derivatives in Hedge Accounting Relationships			
Derivatives designated as cash flow hedges	164,846	891	(848)
Derivatives designated as fair value hedges	98,245	1,077	(1,116)
Derivatives designated as hedges of net investments	15,405	82	(466)
Derivative assets/(liabilities) designated in hedge accounting relationships	278,496	2,050	(2,430)
Total recognised derivative assets/(liabilities)	45,337,542	379,854	(366,536)
As at 31.12.10			
Foreign exchange derivatives	3,513,911	60,420	(62,141)
Interest rate derivatives	41,764,637	270,730	(251,941)
Credit derivatives	1,952,475	47,017	(45,044)
Equity and stock index and commodity derivatives	1,286,181	40,419	(44,037)
Derivative assets/(liabilities) held for trading	48,517,204	418,586	(403,163)
Derivatives in Hedge Accounting Relationships			
Derivatives designated as cash flow hedges	149,763	760	(925)
Derivatives designated as fair value hedges	83,968	924	(1,012)
Derivatives designated as hedges of net investments	6,622	49	(416)
Derivative assets/(liabilities) designated in hedge accounting relationships	240,353	1,733	(2,353)
Total recognised derivative assets/(liabilities)	48,757,557	420,319	(405,516)
As at 30.06.10			
Foreign exchange derivatives	3,612,023	65,646	(69,623)
Interest rate derivatives	35,880,532	332,080	(310,963)
Credit derivatives	1,987,271	58,179	(54,883)
Equity and stock index and commodity derivatives	1,233,593	47,724	(49,160)
Derivative assets/(liabilities) held for trading	42,713,419	503,629	(484,629)
Derivatives in Hedge Accounting Relationships			
Derivatives designated as cash flow hedges	129,183	746	(594)
Derivatives designated as fair value hedges	56,144	755	(662)
Derivatives designated as hedges of net investments	5,632	80	(376)
Derivative assets/(liabilities) designated in hedge accounting relationships	190,959	1,581	(1,632)
Total recognised derivative assets/(liabilities)	42,904,378	505,210	(486,261)

Gross derivative assets decreased by 10% to £379.9bn (31 December 2010: £420.3bn) reflecting increases in the major forward curves, the net depreciation in the value of other currencies relative to Sterling and optimisation initiatives.

Derivative asset exposures would be £337.5bn (31 December 2010: £377.8bn) lower than reported under IFRS if netting were permitted for assets and liabilities with the same counterparty or for which we hold cash collateral. Derivative liabilities would be £323.4bn (31 December 2010: £361.5bn) lower reflecting counterparty netting and collateral placed.

Financial Statement Notes

13. Financial Instruments Held at Fair Value

The table below shows the financial assets and liabilities that are recognised and measured at fair value analysed by level within the fair value hierarchy.

	Valuations Based on			Total £m
	Quoted Market Prices (Level 1) £m	Observable Inputs (Level 2) £m	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) £m	
30.06.11				
Trading portfolio assets	53,259	117,703	10,837	181,799
Financial assets designated at fair value	5,875	22,304	10,943	39,122
Derivative financial assets	3,001	368,690	8,163	379,854
Available for sale assets	44,945	34,139	2,753	81,837
Total Assets	107,080	542,836	32,696	682,612
Trading portfolio liabilities	(36,919)	(40,282)	(7)	(77,208)
Financial liabilities designated at fair value	(100)	(88,862)	(3,511)	(92,473)
Derivative financial liabilities	(2,424)	(358,930)	(5,182)	(366,536)
Total Liabilities	(39,443)	(488,074)	(8,700)	(536,217)
31.12.10				
Trading portfolio assets	48,466	114,660	5,741	168,867
Financial assets designated at fair value	5,406	25,175	10,904	41,485
Derivative financial assets	3,023	408,214	9,082	420,319
Available for sale assets	25,619	36,201	3,290	65,110
Total Assets	82,514	584,250	29,017	695,781
Trading portfolio liabilities	(30,247)	(42,345)	(101)	(72,693)
Financial liabilities designated at fair value	(4)	(94,088)	(3,637)	(97,729)
Derivative financial liabilities	(2,567)	(396,695)	(6,254)	(405,516)
Total Liabilities	(32,818)	(533,128)	(9,992)	(575,938)
30.06.10				
Trading portfolio assets	51,815	108,779	6,435	167,029
Financial assets designated at fair value	5,419	26,787	10,558	42,764
Derivative financial assets	4,146	489,965	11,099	505,210
Available for sale assets	21,453	27,869	3,352	52,674
Total Assets	82,833	653,400	31,444	767,677

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Trading portfolio liabilities	(32,463)	(39,264)	(25)	(71,752)
Financial liabilities designated at fair value	(644)	(84,217)	(4,154)	(89,015)
Derivative financial liabilities	(3,351)	(474,916)	(7,994)	(486,261)
Total Liabilities	(36,458)	(598,397)	(12,173)	(647,028)

Transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 primarily comprised government bonds that had less observable market prices.

The significant movements in the level 3 positions during the period ended 30 June 2011 were:

- Purchases of £7.5bn primarily comprising £5.1bn of assets relating to the acquisition of Protium, £1.3bn of other non-asset backed debt instruments, £0.3bn of asset backed products and £0.1bn of equity derivative products
- Sales of £5.1bn, including the sale of £1.7bn Protium assets post consolidation, the sale of £1.4bn of non-asset backed debt instruments, £0.9bn of asset backed products and £0.8bn of legacy commercial real estate loans
- Net Transfers in to Level 3 of £3.5bn primarily comprising transfers in of £1.8bn inflation linked bond positions, £1.3bn of other non-asset backed debt instruments and £0.6bn of derivative positions that have become less observable, offset £0.4bn of Available for sale positions due to factors making them more observable

Financial Statement Notes

13. Financial Instruments Held at Fair Value (continued)

Level 3 movements affecting the Income Statement and Reserves were as follows:

- Net losses recognised in income of £0.3bn representing losses in derivative financial instruments partially offset by gains in financial liabilities at fair value
- Net gains recognised in other comprehensive income of £27m as a result of fair value movements in available for sale positions

Unrecognised gains as a result of the use of valuation models using unobservable inputs

The amount that has yet to be recognised in income that relates to the difference between the transaction price (the fair value at initial recognition) and the amount that would have arisen had valuation models using unobservable inputs been used on initial recognition, less amounts subsequently recognised, was as follows:

Half Year Ended	Half Year Ended	Half Year Ended
30.06.11	31.12.10	30.06.10
£m	£m	£m

Opening balance

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